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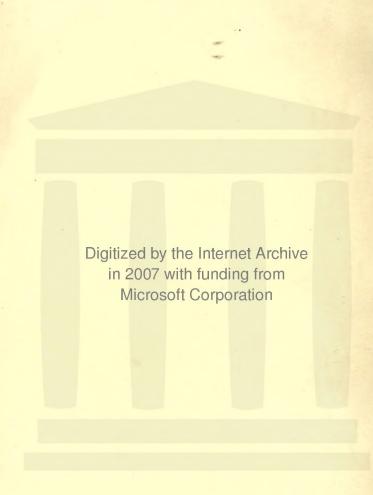
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# A

LATIN-ANGLO-SAXON GLOSSARY

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#### LATE EIGHTH-CENTURY

# LATIN-ANGLO-SAXON GLOSSARY

PRESERVED IN THE LIBRARY OF THE LEIDEN UNIVERSITY

(MS. VOSS. Qo LAT. No. 69)

EDITED BY

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#### INTRODUCTION.

- § 1. In the preface to my edition of the Corpus Glossary, published in 1890\* by the Syndics of the Cambridge University Press, I stated, on pp. xL, xLIV etc., that already in 1885 I had made a transcript of the kindred Glossary preserved in a MS. of the Leiden University Library (Voss. Q°. Lat. No. 69), with the view of publishing it as a companion volume to the Corpus Glossary. But the editing of the latter had caused me such difficulties and labour that I shrunk from immediately taking the Leiden Glossary in hand, especially as work of another nature left me little time for a task which would not be easy and would require the editor's undivided attention.
- § 2. Meantime much valuable material on glosses continued to be published in the Archiv für Latein. Lexicographie, in the great works of Steinmeyer and Sievers (Althochdeutsche Glossen), Goetz (Corpus Glossariorum Latinorum) &c. So that, when Prof. Henry Jackson, who takes a keen interest in studies of this kind, expressed to me, in June 1902, his wish to see the Leiden Glossary published, and the Syndics of the University Press, after carefully considering my suggestions for the edition, consented to bear the expense involved in the publication of a book of this abstruse nature, which is not likely to be remunerative, I felt sufficiently encouraged to undertake the editing. On my application, Dr S. de Vries, the Leiden University Librarian, kindly sent the MS. again to Cambridge to enable me to collate it with my transcript, which I had been unable to do in 1885, because the MS. had unexpectedly to be returned, after Dr du Rieu, the late Librarian, had left it with me for a long time.

### Plan of the present edition.

- § 3. The present edition is an exact reproduction, as far as type could make it, of the Latin-Anglo-Saxon Glossary preserved on the pages 20—36 (see below § 6) of the above-mentioned Leiden MS., the notes at the foot of the pages recording nothing but the graphic peculiarities and scribal alterations and emendations noticed in the MS.
- \* An Eighth-Century Latin-Anglo-Saxon Glossary, preserved in the Library of Corpus Christi College, Cambridge (MS. No. 144), edited by J. H. Hessels. Cambridge, at the University Press, 1890. 8°.

After this text follows (on p. 51) the First Index (Latin), which is, in reality, a complete repetition of every one of the Glosses in alphabetical order, and embodies all editorial emendations, corrections, elucidations of, or suggestions for emending, the Glosses. The system adopted for the compilation of this Index, may be seen from the first three or four articles: (a) under a are given the words in which a represents some other letter, or combination of letters, or from which a is omitted. So also under b, c and all the other letters of the alphabet. In this way I have endeavoured to compile for this Glossary tables similar to those printed on pp. XXI to xxxix (\$\ 39-60) of my Introduction to the Corpus Glossary\*. (β) the second a, or preposition, records all the places where it may be found in the text. (y) the lemmata are printed in Clarendon or black type, ex. gr. aabita (3rd article of the Index); the figures after this lemma and the Glossator's interpretation or gloss on the lemma, refer to the text (see p. 5a; Chapter II, gloss 87); then follows, between ( ), the source from whence the lemma has been extracted, with a short quotation † from this source showing the lemma in its context. After this follow editorial observations wherever necessary.

The Second Index (p. 217) records the Latin Numerals expressed by the Glossator in Roman signs; the Third Index (p. 218) registers the Greek words quoted or referred to in the I, or Latin Index. These Greek words are printed exactly as they are quoted. The Fourth Index (p. 221) registers the Hebrew words also quoted or referred to in the I. or Latin Index; while the Fifth Index (p. 222) is a register of all the Anglo-Saxon or other Germanic words which either occur in the Glossary (and then printed in Clarendon or black type) itself, or have been quoted from other Glossaries or other works in the I. or Latin Index by way of explanation or elucidation.

§ 3a. The affinity, which, in many instances, suggests identity of sources, between certain parts of the Leiden Glossary, and the *Corpus*, *Epinal*, and (First) *Erfurt* Glossaries has been pointed out in the I. (*Latin*) Index under the various glosses; the *identity* of Glosses being indicated

<sup>\*</sup> Here and there I have, no doubt, suggested spellings or emendations, which would not agree with the spellings of the post-classical MSS. with which our Glossary must be classed. For instance, under e I print (li. 34) manichei (manicheei), which means, not that the latter spelling is to be substituted for the former, but that the classical form has ae; see also under h (harena) &c. Again, under f I give a collection of words which have f for ph (=  $\phi$ ), not as a novelty, but as a help for studies of this kind.

<sup>+</sup> Without these quotations it would not always be easy to realise the meaning of certain expressions or the grammatical forms of words. Ex. gr. in Ch. xv. 40 oraculum is explained by two accusatives; the quotation in the Lat. Index (p. 159b) from Ezech. shows that this is done because oraculum is used there in the accus. On the other hand the Glossator turned the gen. electri of Ezech. 1. 4 into electrum.

by the symbol=\*. When there is merely similarity the word conf. (cf.) is used. These references will show the importance of the present Glossary for the gloss-literature, especially for the study of the Corp., Ep. and Erf. Glossaries.

#### Description of the MS.; its contents &c.

- § 4. The Leiden Manuscript, in its present condition, consists of 52 small folio vellum leaves, besides 2 blank paper leaves (numbered 50 and 51, and bound between the vellum leaves 49 and 52), all consecutively numbered 1 to 54, by a modern hand, and divided into 8 quires or gatherings  $a^{8bcdefg}h^{a}$ ; which would have made 62 leaves, if the last three leaves of quire c, the last four of quire c, and the first of quire c had not been cut away.
- § 5. These 52 leaves are bound in a simple, comparatively modern, red paper binding, measuring, including the margins of the binding,  $10\frac{1}{4}$  inches or 261 mm. in height, and (slightly more than)  $6\frac{1}{2}$  inches or 168 mm. in breadth. Without reckoning the binding, the vellum leaves measure  $9\frac{\pi}{8}$  inches or 250 mm. in height (except the first 6 leaves which are a little shorter, and measure  $9\frac{\pi}{8}$  inches or 246 mm.), and  $6\frac{\pi}{16}$  inches or 161 mm. in breadth.
- § 6. Contents † of the MS.: Fol. 1<sup>a</sup>—4<sup>a</sup> line 3 (the Sibylline prophecies) Incipit ‡ prefatio in libro Sibille; Fol. 4<sup>a</sup> li. 4—4<sup>a</sup> li. 27 (a prayer) [T]ibi igitur xpiste cum patre spirituque sancto gloria; Fol. 4<sup>a</sup> li. 28—4<sup>b</sup> li. 29 (a sermon) [A]udite itaque karissimi fratres et filii; Fol. 4<sup>b</sup> li. 30—6<sup>a</sup> li. 1 hvcvsq. Athanasivs (on an image: hycona of Christ) [E]A Tempestate apud eandem ciuitatem; 6<sup>a</sup> li. 2—li. 17 (another fragment of
- \* That the affinity or similarity does not, in all cases, amount to identity, is, perhaps, owing to alterations or modifications on the part of one or more of the Glossators or copyists. Even the Leiden MS. does, perhaps, not always represent that original Glossary from which also parts of the Corpus, Epinal and Erfurt are derived, though, for its greatest part, it stands on an earlier stage than the latter three. We meet, here and there, with lemmata in the present Glossary, the corruption of which makes it clear that the Corp., Ep. and Erf. Glossaries could not have been copied from it, though they all point to the same source. For instance, the corrupt amopaga of Leiden xxxv. 130 appears correctly as ariopagita in Ep. and Ef., and partly corrupt as aripagita in Cp. Again, Leiden xxxv. 93 has moluerunt for inoleuerant, whereas Cp. and Ef. have ioluerunt, and Ep. ioluerunt, corrected from ioloerunt.
- † See also Catal. Bibliothecae Univers. Lugd.-Batavae (A° 1716, p. 382); Steinmeyer (Althochd. Glossen, IV. 481 sqq.; Paul V. Winterfeld in Neues Archiv der Gesellsch. f. ält. d. Geschichtsk. XXV. 379 sqq.). A facsimile of its Fol. 45° (which is unconnected with our Glossary) is given in Vol. 1. p. 256 of Sitzungsber. der philos.-philol. und hist. Cl. der k. bayr. Akad. der Wissensch. zu München, 1898, as appendix to a treatise by Karl Rück, Die Naturalis Historia des Plinius im Mittelalter.
  - # All the headings of the Chapters are in rustic capitals.

a sermon) [C]ETERA que secuntur; 6a li. 17-6b li. 30 (Fragment of the story of the linen cloth sent by Christ to King Abgar; also the letter of King Abgar to Christ, and the letter of Christ to King Abgar) INCIPIT TRACTATVS EX LIBRO SIRORVM TRANSLATVS IN LATINVM A DOMNO SMIRA ARCHIATRALI DE QVODAM LINTEO DIVINITVS TRANSFORMATO; QVI IN HAC SOLLEMPNITATE OPTIME CONGRVIT. [R]EDEMPTOR igitur et saluator noster; 7ª blank; 7ba [here the pages begin to be divided into 2 columns, and the headings of the Chapters written in rustic capitals, mixed, here and there, with uncials]-7bb li. 25 Incipit opvs Fyrtynati in lavdem Sanctae Mariae (cf. Mon. Germ. Auct. antiq. IV. 371); 7bb li. 26-8ba li. 16 HAEC EST PRAEFATIO DE IHESV XPISTO DOMINO INTER VESPASIANVM ET TITVM QVOMODO VINDICAVERUNT XPISTUM; 8ba li. 17-9ab li. 9 (Poems) VERSUS DE ASIA ET DE VNIVERSI MVNDI ROTA (cf. Pertz in Abhandl. der Berl. Akad., 1845, 253 sqq.); 9ab li. 9—9ba li. 26 DE SEX ETATIBVS MVNDI (cf. E. Dümmler, in Zeitschr. für deutsch. Alt. XXII. 423); 9ba li. 27-35, and 9bb li. 1-25 blank; 9bb li. 26-10ab li. 16 INCIPIT UERSVS DE ADUENTV DOMINI (cf. Duméril, Poésies inédites, 280); 10ab li. 17—10ba li. 13 ITEM VERSUS DE IHESU DOMINO XPISTO; 10ba li. 14-35, and 10bb li. 1-12 blank; 10bb li. 13-12ba li. 25 Item uersys de Ihesu Christo domino (Mon. Germ., Poetae Lat. II. 252); 12ha DE BONE (sic) SACERDOTE (Mon. Germ., Poetae Lat. I. 79); 13ab De\* malo sacerdote (ibid. I. 81); 13ba De diuite et paupero Lazaro (E. Dümmler, in Zeitschr. f. d. Alt. XXIII. 271; P. v. Winterfeld, l.c. p. 392 sqq.); 13bb Incipit ymnus ad gallicantum and other hymns of Prudentius till Hymnus in honore Quirini, ending 17bb; 18a Versus Damasi episcopi Vrbis Romae (De S. Paulo ap.; see Migne, P.L. XIII. 379); 18ha (no heading) Continet hec ara reliquis beati gregorii pape; Ephitafium sancti Gregorii Pape urbis Romae; 18bb Item eiusdem sancti Gregorii Pape; In icona Sancti Petri hii duo sunt uersi; In Basilica sancti Pauli apostoli Romae; In uelo quodam Chintilane rege Rome dictum est (Riese, 494); Ephitafium papae Damasi quod sibi edidit ipse (Migne XIII. 408); 194a Ephitafium beatae Monnice genetricis Sancti Agustini (Riese, 670); 19ab Uersus in avla ecclesie in aqvis palatio (Mon. G., Poetae Lat. 1. 432); 19ba Oratio Eugenii Tolletane sedis episcopi; Rex deus inmensi quo constat machina mundi &c. (Migne, P. L. LXXXVII. 359).

Foll.  $20^{aa}$ — $36^{aa}$  the present Glossary (see further below, §§ 11, 12 &c.). Foll.  $36^{ab}$ — $46^{ab}$ † Extracts from various authors and treatises (for which see Steinmeyer, l.c., p. 482 sq.); Fol.  $46^{ba}$ — $47^{bb}$  (in a hand of the end of the 9th cent.) Letter to Alcuin on Quadragesima (Dilectissimo

<sup>\*</sup> The headings of the Chapters are still all in rustic capitals, though no longer printed here in capitals.

<sup>+</sup> Foll. 39b, second col. to 46a second col., contain the excerpts from Pliny's Nat. Hist., published by Karl Rück in Sitzungsberichte mentioned above, p. ix, note +.

magistro nobisque cum amore nominando Albino abbati &c.; cf. Jaffé, Bibl. vi. 403); Fol. 48a-48b (in a hand of the xith cent.) fragment (leaf 1 of quire h has been cut away) of a poem on the martyrdom of S. Fides (Dümmler, in Neues Arch. für ältere d. Geschichtsk., x. 336 sq.; Winterfeld, ibid. XXIII. 741 sq.); Fol. 49a-49b (in a hand of the XIth cent.) interpretations of Latin words; Foll. 50 and 51 blank paper leaves; Fol. 52a Fragment of a vellum leaf, on the recto of which is written a Charter of the Monastery of St. Gallen of A.D. 1262\*; Fol. 53a to end of Fol. 53b (in a hand of the XII. or XIII. cent.) The seven wonders of the world; Fol. 54a, by a first hand, a Catalogue of the Abbats of St. Gallen till Vdalricus (A.D. 1277), and continued, by another hand, till "Franciscus superstes" Anno MDXXIº (see S. Galler Mitteil, XI, 135 sq.; Holder-Egger in Mon. Germ., SS. XIII. 326 sqq.); Fol. 54b, in a hand of the 16th cent., five lines recording: Censuales monasterij S. Galli in Turgoew, Madach &c.

- § 7. Age, handwriting and place of origin of the MS. The accompanying facsimile (which represents the verso of Fol. 26† in natural size, and exhibits the two hands that wrote the Glossary; see below § 13) shows that it was written (from Fol. 7 to the end of Fol. 46 recto) at a time when the Roman cursive, the Lombardic and the Merovingian minuscules, after having done duty, side by side, for a long period, were all merging, or had already merged into one kind of writing which is now called insular (West-Frankish).
- § 7a. This insular writing, chiefly formed by natives (Scottish or Irish monks) of the British Isles, who flocked to the monasteries of West-Frankland (Salzburg, Fulda, Würzburg, St. Gallen, Lorsch &c.), shows, besides the chief characteristics; of the three minuscules which it supplanted, also some tracess of the Hiberno-Saxon handwritings of the
- \* On the verso, a hand of the 16th cent. has written "An. Christi 343," and another hand of the same cent. "Von der geburt Christi biss vff S. Othmarij ist 720 Jar. Von Sant Othmarii biss vff Abt Francisci todt ist 809 Jar. So man die zwo zalen zu samen thut bringt sij 1529 Jar vnd ist recht."

+ The photographer having, in the course of his work, accidentally taken also a portion of the first column of Fol. 27, though reduced in size, it was not obliterated from the plate, since it will, no doubt, be found as helpful in judging of the writing of

the MS. as the full-sized page.

To point out these characteristics would require a number of special types, which it was not considered advisable to procure for this work. They may be seen, still in their unmixed condition, in The Palaeographical Society, Ser. 11. pl. 51-53 (Roman cursive, 7th cent.), pl. 32 (Rom. cursive, late 7th cent.), 59 (Rom. curs., 7th or 8th cent.), 11 (Merovingian, 7th cent.), 8 and 9 (Lombardic, 8th cent.). Plate 4 of Chroust's 5th part gives a more or less stately Merovingian bookhand of the beginning of the 8th cent., and the capital As seen on this plate closely resemble those of our MS.

§ These traces especially enable us to distinguish this writing from a similar hand

employed, about the same time, in Upper Italy (Bobbio).

8th cent., especially in its contractions (see below § 14) and punctuation (see below § 21). After a comparatively brief career, however, it was, towards the latter end of the 8th, and the early years of the 9th cent., superseded, in its turn, by the Caroline minuscule \*, which, however, preserved several of the peculiarities of the writing which it replaced.

- § 7b. On examining the handwritings of the first 25 years of the 9th cent., figured in The Palaeographical Society, Ser. I. pl. 185 (a modified and rounded Lombardic minuscule of c. A.D. 800), pl. 45 (c. A.D. 804—820), pl. 122 (A.D. 821), pl. 123 (A.D. 823); and in Chroust's Monumenta Palaeogr., Pt. v pl. 5 (A.D. 800), pl. 6 (c. A.D. 800—825), Pt. vII pl. 4 (c. A.D. 802—804), Pt. I pl. 1 and 2 (A.D. 818), pl. 3 (c. A.D. 822), Pt. II pl. 1 (after A.D. 823), it will be found that all these writings, though still showing many peculiarities of the writing of the Leiden Glossary, exhibit the Caroline minuscule either fully developed, or very nearly so. And as this development may be observed, even in its best form, as early as A.D. 781 (cf. Steffens, Latein. Paläogr., pl. 35, and pl. 43 representing a Carol. min. of the beginning of the 9th cent.), it follows that we must go back to a period before A.D. 800 to fix the approximate date of the present Glossary.
- § 7°. Plate 35 of The Palaeogr. Society, Ser. II, exhibits a late 8th century hand, in the transitional style between Merovingian and Caroline, but it has already more of the latter than of the former. Decisive, however, for fixing the approximate date of the Glossary, are pl. 31 of Steffens' Latein. Paläogr., which exhibits an attestation of Gundohinus, written, A.D. 754, in half cursive minuscules; pl. 32 a St. Gallen charter dated A.D. 757; pl. 33 showing (a) a document of Winithar of St. Gallen circa A.D. 761; (b) the Lord's Prayer in German, end of the 8th cent.; (c) a St. Gallen Charter of A.D. 782; pl. 40 a St Gallen Charter of A.D. 798 (792);—pl. 184 of The Palaeogr. Soc., Ser. 1, giving a page of a Lex Salica MS. written at St Gallen, in A.D. 794, in Lombardic minuscules mixed with several of the characteristics of the writing of the present Glossary; -- three facsimiles in Vol. II of the Scriptt. Rerum Merov. (Monum. Germ. Hist., 4° coll.), taken from Cod. Lugd. Voss. quarto, No. 5, and Cod. Vatic. bibl. Christ. reg. No. 713, both ascribed to VIII/Ixth cent., showing the very same hand as the Glossary; -Chroust's Pt. xi pl. 5 A.D. 795, 796, in the Monastery of Lorsch; ibid. pl. 6 and 7 the Rado Bible, ca. A.D. 790-808 in North. France; Pt. vii, pl. 3c Alcuin Letters, A.D. 798 or soon after, by a scribe who accompanied Bishop Arns of Salzburg on his travels to Rome.
- § 7<sup>d</sup>. Among all these writings, dating from A.D. 754 to 800, especially among those executed at St. Gallen, the Leiden Glossary takes a natural

<sup>\*</sup> Except in legal documents.

place, whereas among the handwritings of the beginning of the 9th century, it looks a comparative stranger. Hence we have, as far as I can see, no choice but to ascribe the Glossary to the latter end, say the last decade, of the 8th century, and regard St. Gallen as the place where it was written. It is difficult to say whether the writer was an Irishman or a South German; several glosses are interpreted by O.H.G. words, but the scribe may have found them in the MS. which he copied\*.

- § 7°. Other circumstances point to St. Gallen as the birthplace of the MS., and to its being, moreover, a copy from some earlier Glossary, which, in its turn, may be supposed to have been preserved, if not actually written or compiled, in the Monastery there. First of all, several of the Leiden glosses occur likewise in glossaries still preserved at St. Gallen, with occasionally slight modifications only. For instance, Hattemer (Denkmahle des Mittelalters, 1. 237) records from a St. Gallen MS. (1395, 9th cent.) "murenula (De prologo Job), piscis similis anguille marinae sed grossior, i.e. lantprida," which reads in Leiden: "murenula, piscis similis anguile marinus sed grossior." On the same page Hattemer quotes from the same MS. (from Job) "Clarea, lapides modici, i.e. chisilinga"; the Leiden MS. has "Glarea, lapides modici." The same St. Gallen MS. has (De libro Tobiae) "Branciæ, cheuun"; the Leiden MS. Brantie, chyun.
- § 7f. The similarity of the Leiden Glosses to those of the St. Gallen MS. 299 (Hattemer, l.c. p. 238 sqq.) is still more pronounced. From Hester the latter has (on p. 241) tenta, giteid; aeri, hasye; iacinthinis, idest suidur haye; lectuli aurei, berianbed gildi bilegid i.e. tragabetti mit goldo bilegit; purpura, uilucbæsu; coccus, uurumbæsu cornvurma; rubeum, yretebæsu; the Leiden MS.: tenda, trabus gezelt; aeri, haue; iacyntini, syitor heuuin; lecti aurei, berian beed deauratum; purpura, uuylocbaso; coccus, uuyrmbaso; rubeum, uuretbaso.
- § 7<sup>g</sup>. These similarities and identities † suggest that there was, or had been, at St. Gallen, a Glossary or several Glossaries (perhaps all Latin-Latin), still in the first stage of their existence, that is, arranged under
- \* The above remarks regarding the age &c. of the MS., refer exclusively to the handwriting of the leaves 7 to 46 which include the Glossary (see above § 6). But the writing of the first 6 leaves, which form a quire by themselves (see above §§ 4 and 6), differs entirely from that of the rest of the MS. volume, though it points to the same time and the same locality. As neither the contents (described above §§ 6) nor the writing of these leaves come within the scope of this work, I need not say more than that the writing is also insular West-Frankish, similar to that figured on Chroust's pl.  $3^{\text{b}}$  Pt. vii (Alcuin Letters, A.D. 798), except that it has not the open a, though it shows the uncial N at the commencement of a word in the body of a sentence.

† Many more of the same kind could be quoted from MSS. preserved in other Swiss Libraries (Basel, Bern, Einsiedeln, Engelberg, and at Carlsruhe, Erfurt, Munich &c.), all described and published by Steinmeyer and Sievers.

the titles of the books from which, in an unalphabetical order, the difficult and out-of-the-way words with their interpretations had been excerpted, and that from this Glossary, or these Glossaries, various other Glossaries were compiled, perhaps by different persons of different nationalities; some of the compilers omitting all such lemmata with their interpretations which they considered unsuitable to their purpose, others substituting vernacular (O.H.G., A.S., or other dialects) interpretations for the Latin ones\*.

- § 7<sup>h</sup>. At the end of the MS., moreover, there are three documents relating to the St. Gallen monastery, although these documents, being of a much later date than the other portions of the MS., may have been added to it at any time during or after the 13th century.
- § 7i. Further it seems probable that the Leiden MS., before it came into the possession of Isaac Vossius, was in the Library of St. Gallen, and that there it became known to Melch. Goldast, who had worked in that Library, and resided for a long time in Switzerland. In his Paraeneticorum Veterum Pars I, published in 1604 (Insulae, 40), he refers to various glosses occurring in the Leiden Glossary, as, p. 81 Glossae anonymae: Sarabaite &c. (II. 161); p. 88 Interpretatio sermonum de Regulis: suggectionem (sic!) &c. (II. 167); p. 93 Gloss. vet.: Carus, nomen hominis auari (!) &c. (XLIII. 19); p. 100 Glossae in Histor. Eccles.: exitiali &c. (IV. 29); p. 100 in Cassianum: letheo &c. (XXXIV. 2); p. 114 Gloss. vett.: gravitas &c. (II. 83); p. 118 Gloss. in Histor. Eccles.: affecit &c. (IV. 118); p. 123 Glossae vett. in Esdram: cratera &c. (XXIII. 7); p. 123 in Clementem: climacteras &c. (XXXVIII. 25); p. 126 Gloss, vett. in Esdram: memores salis &c. (XXIII. 12); p. 131 Gloss. vet.: Kyrieleison &c. (II. 98); p. 136 Gloss, vett. in Lib. Rotarum: faria &c. (xxvII. 2); p. 235 Interpretatio sermonum de Regul.: regula &c. (II. 146); p. 241 id.: acidiosus &c. (II. 9); p. 423 Gloss. vett.: talpa &c. (XLVII. 79); p. 430 Glossae in Dialogorum Gregorii: fledomum &c. (XXXIX. 6); and three others which cannot be traced, as p. 39: Gloss. vett.: nocentia, culpa, reatus; Eædem: nocia, sententia, noca (see II, 117); p. 85: alternandis, alternis vicibus (see XL. 5 alternandis, inuicem).
- \* In this way we may, perhaps, explain why, for instance, some glossaries have glosses to all, or nearly all, the parts of the Bible, whereas others (ex. gr. the Cambridge MS. Kk. 4. 6, wholly Latin-Latin; the Leiden MS. Voss. 69, partly Latin-Latin, partly Latin-A. Sax.) begin at Paralipomenon; or, why in some of these kindred glossaries, the lemmata extracted from some books of the Bible, are all, or nearly all, the same in the various MSS., but have Latin interpretations in some cases, and Germanic (in different dialects) interpretations in others. A MS., which seems to have been copied from a source similar to that of Leiden, but has none of the A. S. Glosses, is in the Ambrosian Library at Milan (Cod. Ambrosian. M 79 sup. Saec. xii. fol. 124——); a specimen of it is published by Goetz, Corp. Glossar. Lat. v. pp. 425—431. Another is mentioned by Glogger as being in the Bern Town Library (2° 258).

The whereabouts of, and other details connected with, the MS. after leaving St. Gallen.

- § 8. Isaac Vossius is known to have gone in 1641 on a tour through France, Italy, Switzerland &c., and to have returned to Leiden, after an absence of about five years, with great treasures of MSS., and it is possible that among them was the MS. now known as Voss. Lat. 69, which contains the present Glossary.
- § 8a. In 1649, on the invitation of Queen Christina, Vossius went to Stockholm to teach her Greek, and to collect a royal library, for which purpose he sold her his father's library for twenty thousand florins, reserving to himself its superintendence. He withdrew from Sweden in 1652, and Catteau-Calleville (*Histoire de Christine*, 1815, I. 330), without adducing any evidence, accuses him of having carried off "rich but scandalous spoils" from the royal library.
- § 8<sup>b</sup>. In 1655, when Vossius may be supposed to have been in possession of the Leiden MS., Franc. Junius, jun., published at Amsterdam his Observationes in Willerami Abbatis Francicam Paraphrasin Cantici Canticorum (8°). In this work he often alludes to Glossaria A, B, C, D, without, apparently, making any mention of Vossius or of a Glossarium E, or any other Glossaria marked with letters of the alphabet.

But ten years later he published (Dordrecht, 1665, 4°) his Quaturo D. N. Jesu Christi Euangeliorum Versiones perantiquae duae..., and in the Gothicum Glossarium, which he added to this work, makes references to, or extracts from 13 Glossaria marked A to N, which he says, on fol. 12° (\*\*\*4) of his preface, were all copied from, or forming part of, the Library "propinqui mei Vossii"\*.

§ 8°. In 1670 Vossius came to reside in England, was presented by King Charles II to a vacant prebend in the royal Chapel of Windsor in 1673, and died 21 February 1689 in London.

He bequeathed his Library to the two children (Gerard Jan, Councillor of Flanders, at Middelburg, and his sister Aafje) of his brother Matthæus, who first negociated twith the Oxford University, but declined the latter's offer, and, by the intervention of Van Beverningh, one of the Curators of the Leiden University, offered the library to this Institution for the same price (33,000 Guilders = £3000) that Oxford had offered.

The Leiden Academy effected the purchase, and 34 boxes (five of

<sup>\*</sup> In the text he mentions more Glossaries, ex. gr. Gloss. R (pp. 80, 102, 190).

<sup>†</sup> See R. Bentleii et doct, vir. Epistolae, ed. F. T. Friedeman (1825), p. 152 sqq.

which contained the manuscripts) were delivered to Van Citters, the Dutch Ambassador at London, from whence they were taken by a Dutch man-of-war to Texel, and thence to Leiden, where the whole arrived in October 1690\*.

- § 9. The copies or apographa made by Junius (see above § 8<sup>b</sup>), were all in the Bodleian Library † in 1694 ‡ when Frid. Rostgaard made a copy of them, which in Erasm. Nyerup's time was preserved in the Royal Library at Copenhagen (see pp. xxv, xxvi of his Symbolae ad Literaturam Teut. ant. ex Codd. manu exaratis, qui Hauniæ asservantur, Hauniæ, 1787, 4°). In 1697 they are described as Juniana 116, 117 on p. 255 of the Catal. Mstorum Angliae et Hiberniae (Oxon. fol.), and again in 1705 on p. 324 of Humphr. Wanleii Librorum Vett. Septentrionalium qui in Angliae Bibliothecis extant...Catal. (Oxon., fol°, = Vol. II. of Geo. Hickesii Linguarum Vett. Septentrionalium Thesaurus).
- § 9a. From Frid. Rostgaard's transcript an (inexperienced) amanuensis made again a copy which came into the possession of Barth. Chr. Sandvig, and with the help of this and Rostgaard's copy, Erasm. Nyerup published, in 1787, on coll. 360–382 of his above-quoted Symbolae, a large number of glosses contained in the Leiden Glossary, but not always in the same order, omitting many, and sometimes substituting other words for those of the Leiden MS. For instance, of the present edition he prints of Chapter 1 the nos. 13, 17, 20, 22, 30, 65, 81, 92, 101, 127, 128, 90; of Ch. II, nos. 6, 14, 12, 7, 13, 33, 43, 151, 119, 152, 5, 58, 69, 72, 100, 101, 98, 99, 110, 113, 156, 97, 95, 129, 149, 175; of Ch. III, nos. 6, 7, 8; then again II. 15, 80, 161; III. 11, 12, 17, 34, 41, 19, 35, 40, 48, 37, 38, 44, 52, 53, 54 in the order given here.
- § 10. L. Bethmann appears to have been the first who published, in 1845, extracts from Voss. Lat. 69 itself, in Moriz Haupt's Zeitschr. für deutsches Alterthum, Bd. v, pp. 194—198, confining himself to the Germanic glosses. In 1869, in Bd. xiv, p. 191 of the same Zeitschr., Ernst Martin

<sup>\*</sup> For the above details and further particulars of the purchase of Vossius' library, see P. C. Molhuysen, Geschied. der Universiteits-Bibliotheek te Leiden (Leiden, 1905), p. 28 sq.; Tydeman in Mnemosyne, 1825, pt. 15, pp. 259—290. Also Van der Aa, Biograph. Woordenb.; Diction. of National Biography; Reliq. Hearn. 1. 205, 206 (ed. 1857); Evelyn, Diary, III. 306, 308.

<sup>†</sup> Junius died 19 Nov. 1677, and bequeathed his MSS. to the Bodleian Library.

<sup>‡</sup> One of them, marked E, of which Junius said in 1665 "itidem descripsimus ex membranis ejusdem Vossii," is an extract from the present Glossary (Voss. Lat. 69), as appears from the extracts which Junius published in his "Glossarium Gothicum" (see above § 8b).

corrected a few of Bethmann's readings, and published some glosses omitted by the latter.

§ 10°. Of later editors of extracts El. Steinmeyer and Ed. Sievers should be mentioned, who, in their monumental work *Die althochdeutschen Glossen* (Berlin, 1879 &c.), beginning on p. 460 of Vol. 1, give all the Germanic glosses under the specific titles of the books of the Bible under which they appear in the Leiden Glossary and numerous other kindred Glossaries. In their second volume they continue the same plan with respect to all the Ecclesiastical and other authors whose works have been glossed by Germanic interpretations in the Leiden and other Glossaries; cf. their Vol. 1, pp. 460, 470, 475, 481, 488, 496, 525, 549, 561, 589, 640, 656, 666, 676, 678, 708, 738; 11, pp. 41, 154, 244, 334, 341, 356, 596, 597, 746. See also Steinmeyer in *Zeitschr. f. d. Alterth.* Vol. XXXIII, p. 248.

§ 10<sup>b</sup>. Geo. Goetz published copious extracts from the present Glossary in the 5th Vol. (pp. 410—425) of his great *Corpus Glossariorum Latinorum* (8<sup>o</sup>, Lipsiae, 1894).

A complete edition of the Leiden Glossary was published in 1901 at Augsburg by P. Placidus Glogger, O.S.B., under the title: Das Leidener Glossar Cod. Voss. lat. 4° 69. 1. Teil: Text der Handschrift. Programm des kgl. human. Gymnasiums St. Stephan in Augsburg zum Schlusse des Schuljahres 1900/01\*.

\* I only became aware of this publication after a good part of my own text was in type, and nearly all my preparations for it had been completed. In April 1903 I accidentally found Glogger's name and edition mentioned in a list of Scholars who had used the MS., pasted in the MS. by the authorities of the Leiden Library. As I saw no notice of it in any of the German bibliographical Catalogues accessible to me, I wrote to Dr Glogger himself, and it then came out that he had forwarded a copy to me on 17 Oct. 1902, but addressed to 'Corpus Christi College,' where I do not reside, and the Librarian of that College, to whom it had been delivered, had, inadvertently, not sent it on to me.

Glogger generously offered to destroy his own edition rather than do anything which seemed to interfere with mine. But, though regretting that he had not informed me of his plan in the first instance, I requested him to go on with his work, as, in my opinion, there could be no harm in publishing two separate editions, in two different countries, of this interesting and difficult Glossary.

As Glogger sent me, in September 1903, the second part of his work, containing his explanations of the text, I have been able to use it with great advantage to my own. Under the circumstances I am naturally prevented from criticising his edition, but I have no hesitation in saying that it is excellent in every respect: and it is to be hoped that, in the proposed third part of his work, he will deal with all the material still to be found in a number of kindred Glossaries and other sources, but not touched by me or my predecessors, and yet so necessary for the further elucidation of the present most important Glossary.

Further description of the MS.; number of leaves; ruling and number of lines; its scribes; contractions.

- § 11. The Glossary, as stated above (§ 6), is written on the leaves 20\*—36, beginning on the recto of leaf 20, and ending at the end of the first column of the recto of leaf 36;—and each page being divided into two columns, the Glossary occupies 16 leaves and one column of a 17th, or 32 pages and one column of the 33rd page, or 65 columns in all.
- § 12. Ruling and number of lines. The division of the pages into two columns has been effected by the drawing of three pairs of perpendicular blind lines on one side (either on the recto, or on the verso) of each vellum leaf with a hard point, namely one pair of lines (a space of about 5 or 6 mm. between them) on the left-hand side, another pair in the centre, and a third pair on the right-hand side of the leaf. The impression made by the drawing of these lines on one side (recto or verso) of the vellum leaves, served to mark off the other side (verso or recto) in a similar manner.
- § 12a. Within the columns formed by these 3 pairs of perpendicular lines, are drawn, in a similar way, horizontal blind lines for the writing, namely 35 on the leaves 20—27 (recto and verso), and the verso† of leaf 30, and 36‡ to the columns of leaves 28 and 29 (recto and verso), the
- \* If, in the numbering of the leaves, account had been taken of the three leaves cut away after quire c, the leaf on which the Glossary begins would have been numbered 23. In other words, the Glossary begins on the first leaf of quire d, and ends on the first leaf of quire f.

† This page is ruled for 36 lines as on the recto of the leaf.

‡ Apart from the usual 35 and 36 lines to each column, the scribe wrote occasionally one or more words, which he was unable to bring within, at the foot of, the column, as: one word below col. 21<sup>bb</sup>; six words below col. 22<sup>aa</sup>; four syllables below col. 23<sup>ba</sup> (preceded by L, see below § 22); one word below col. 25<sup>ab</sup> (preceded by L); two (a gloss) below col. 26<sup>ab</sup>; four glosses (a whole line) below the two columns of leaf 26 verso; one word below col. 31<sup>bb</sup>; two below col. 34<sup>aa</sup> (preceded by L); two below col. 35<sup>ab</sup>; one line above col. 35<sup>ba</sup>, and two words above col. 25<sup>bb</sup> (preceded by \(\Gamma\), see below § 22).

On the other hand, in several places lines are left blank, but quite irregularly. From the first Chapter, where the glosses are arranged alphabetically according to the first letter of each gloss, it would seem that the original plan was to leave a vacant space between each letter of the alphabet. But the plan was not strictly carried out, as there is no blank left between the A and B, nor between the C and D, and after O it was abandoned altogether. Hence we only find the following blank lines: on Fol. 20<sup>aa</sup>, the lines 19—21 (between the B and C Glosses); Fol. 20<sup>ba</sup> bit he lines 23 (between the E and F), and 28 and 29 (between the F and G); Fol. 20<sup>ba</sup> li. 6, 18 and 23 (between the I and L, N and O and O and P); 21<sup>aa</sup> one li. between Chapter I and II; 23<sup>ab</sup> the lines 27—35 between Ch. IV and V; 23<sup>bb</sup> lines 11—15 between Ch. VII and VIII; 24<sup>ab</sup> lines

recto of leaf 30, the leaves 31 to 35 (recto and verso), and the last column\* (leaf 36aa).

As a space of about 20 mm, is left between each of the three pairs of bounding lines, and the two margins on each page take up about 27 mm. of the width of the page, a width of about 60 mm, is left for each column. The length of each column, as set off by the horizontal blind lines, is about 196 mm, giving a space of about  $5\frac{1}{2}$  mm, between each horizontal line. Hence the *writing* occupies about 196 mm, of the length, and about 120 mm, of the width of a page.

At the commencement the scribe appears to have made, here and there, attempts to separate the interpretation from the lemma by a more or less well-regulated space, and to subdivide, in this way, each column into two, so as to bring four columns on a page. But after fol. 23 verso these attempts cease.

§ 13. Two scribes appear to have been at work: one who began the Glossary on Fol. 20aa, continued it till the end of Fol. 23ba (vi. 31 inequiperabilis†) in one universal style of writing and size of letters, and with the same colour of ink. The next column (Fol. 23bb) is evidently written by another (second) scribe. But the first hand begins again on Fol. 24aa in his usual style, and with the same colour of ink, though occasionally writing somewhat finer letters, and continued till Fol. 26aa li. 5, when (beginning with Ch. xvi) he proceeds, with slightly blacker ink and heavier writing, till Fol. 26ba li. 15, when he stopped at the word "Oriona," and the second hand again begins with the word "ebirdhring," and continues till li. 28 of the same column (26ba), when the first hand resumes till the end of Fol. 26bb. On Fol. 27aa the second hand resumes and continues till Fol. 27ba li. 21 (porcis). At the word "Symphonia" in the same line 21, the first hand commences again and continues till Fol. 28ba li. 27 (repetitur), when the second hand resumes and continues till 28bb li. 6 (explicatur). At li. 7 of Fol. 28bb the first hand resumes and continues till Fol. 33bb li. 14 (auctorale); then the second hand begins again at li. 15 (Item incipiunt verba) till 34a li. 26 (Neutricis nouis).

23—26 between Ch. x and xi; 24<sup>bb</sup>, 26<sup>aa</sup>, 27<sup>bb</sup>, 28<sup>bb</sup>, 32<sup>ba</sup>, 34<sup>ab</sup>, 35<sup>bb</sup> one line each between the Ch. xii and xiii, xv and xvi, xxvii and xxviii, xxviii and xxix, xxxv and xxxvi, xlii and xliii, xlvii and xlviii respectively; 25<sup>ab</sup> three li. between Ch. xiii and xiv; 25<sup>ba</sup> four lines between Ch. xiv and xv; 26<sup>ab</sup> two li. between Ch. xvi and xvii; 32<sup>ba</sup> two li. at end of col. between Ch. xxxvii and xxxvii; 34<sup>ba</sup> one li. between the headline and the first gloss of Ch. xliv; 36<sup>aa</sup> at end of col. before the scribe's final line 'Sient inneni &c.'

<sup>\*</sup> Here one line is left blank between the last line of the text, and the scribe's explanation of his work (Sicut inueni &c.).

<sup>+</sup> The references refer to the present edition,

The first hand resumes at li. 27 (sutrinator), and continues till the end of Fol. 36<sup>aa</sup>, where the Glossary ends.

§ 13a. If this analysis of the scribal work is correct, it may be tabulated as follows:

#### First hand:

20<sup>aa</sup> (Commencement of Glossary) till end of 23<sup>ba</sup> (vi. 31 inequiperabilis).

24<sup>aa</sup> (VIII. 14 Blena) till 26<sup>aa</sup> li. 5 (xv. 48 leuem facere).

26aa li. 6 (xvi Incipit) till 26ba li. 15 (xix. 17 Oriona\*).

26<sup>ha</sup> li. 29 (xix. 31 Rinocerus\*) till end of Fol. 26<sup>hb</sup> xxi. 5 (eorum\*).

27<sup>ba</sup> li. 21 (xxv. 7 Symphonia) till 28<sup>ba</sup> li. 27 (xxvIII. 72 repetitur).

28<sup>bb</sup> li. 7 (xxxIII. 79 Epexergasia) till 33<sup>bb</sup> li. 14 (xxxIX. 73 auctorale).

34<sup>aa</sup> li. 27 (XLII. 6 Sutrinator) till end of Fol. 36<sup>aa</sup> (end of Glossary).

#### Second hand:

23bb li. 1 (VII De Paral.) till end of 23bb (VIII. 13 incedit).

26ba li. 15 (xix. 17 ebirdhring\*) till 26ba li. 28 (xix. 30 sterelis\*).

27aa li. 1 (xxi. 5 significantes) till 27ha li. 21 (xxv. 6 porcis).

28ba li. 28 (xxvIII. 72 quando) till 28bb li. 6 (xxvIII. 78 explicatur).

33bb li. 15 (XL tit. Item) till 34aa li. 26 (XLII. 5 nouis) †.

- § 14. Contractions; (i.e. the omission of one or more letters from a word or syllable) are indicated in the MS. by
  - (A) a horizontal (sometimes waved) stroke.
  - \* See Facsimile.
- † Some parts of the writing ascribed above to the *first* hand, might be attributed to a third, some even to a fourth hand, as, here and there, we observe words or whole lines in much finer and thinner writing than that which the first hand usually produces. And with the heading of Ch. xxix., the ink begins to be blacker till the end of gloss N°. 35. But it is impossible to speak with certainty on these points. This much is certain that the writing of the second scribe, though not differing, in its chief characteristics, from that of the first, is yet finer and more angular; the up-strokes of his b, d, l are taller and often reach the line above them; the down-strokes of his f, p &c. longer, and his f (long s) is usually taller than that of the first hand, and has occasionally no tack on its left side. His work may further and chiefly be distinguished from that of the first scribe by its having no other mark of punctuation than a mere point (.) between words and at the end of glosses or lines, whereas the first scribe has a more elaborate system of punctuation (see below § 21).
- ‡ This general term includes all suspensions, abbreviations or other curtailments of words or syllables. Horizontal or perpendicular strokes often represent one or two letters omitted in, or at the end of a syllable or word; in many cases only the beginning

#### (a) above vowels.

- above a the stroke = (1) m: I. 2 (quodam) &c. (2) ne: xxv tit. (Johanne).

  (3) ostr: xxvIII. 51 (nostra). (4) ine: I. 19, 22, II. 107 (latine).

  (5) an and t: xvI. 23, xxI. 18 (saneta).
  - ,, e = (1) m: 1. 12 (eiusdem), 95 (exempli) &c. (2) st: 1. 111 (est; potest) &c. (3) ss: 11. 188 (esse; above final e). (4) s: XLIII. 30 (festiuitates, not -tatem, the lemma being plural).
  - i = (1) m: II. 189, XII. 42 &c. (enim); XXVIII. 4 (extimplo) &c.
    (2) citur: XXX. 20 (dicitur). (3) iscop: XLI. 2 (chorepiscopi).
    (4) an and t: IV. 86 (sanctificatus). (5) e: XXX. 20 (dei; but perhaps here for dicendi), 29; XXXV. 17, 147 (dei).
  - ,, o = (1) m: i. 25 (commess-), 94 (omnia), ii. 33 (commune), 39 (commissum, commendatum) &c.\* (2) and: xxxvi. 1 (quando). (3) niam: xxxviii. 57 (quoniam). (4) men: xliii. 29 (nomen). (5) ae: iv. 27 (sinagogae). (6) iscop: xl. 1 (episcopos). (7) u: xxxii. 3 (duo†).
  - ", u = (1) m: I. 2 (ludum) &c. (2) er: I. 90 (diuersa); xxvIII. 24, 25, 30, 37 (uerba; uerborum) &c. (3) tem: xvI. 27; xxxI. 2, 3; xxxIII. 8; xLIV. 1 (autem). (4) it: I. 125 (iudicauit). (5) itas: xxx. 266 (ciuitas).

#### (b) above consonants.

- B = (1) A : XL. tit. UERBA. (2) = RIS : XLII. tit (LIBRIS).
- ,, c = (1) on: I. 19 (consilium), 25 (conuiuia) &c. (2) = it: XIII. 57 (crescit); XXXIII. 8 (facit) &c. (3) = ut: XII. 9; XIII. 59 (sicut). (4) = itur: XV. 22 (dicitur). (5) = undum: XLIV. 11 (secundum).
- ,, uncial  $\delta = E$ , UN and U: XXXIII. tit. (SECUNDUM).
- ,, g = rece: I. 31 (grece). Sometimes the stroke is over an r

of a word is given, a stroke over the last letter, or the last two or three letters, representing the omitted remainder.

All the contractions are expanded by italics in the present edition. It should be pointed out that the present paragraphs 14—16 cannot adequately express the palaeographic features of the MS. But what has been said above (p. xi, note ‡) about the special types required for palaeographic discussions, the reader will indulgently bear in mind with regard to the types necessary for showing the contractions, peculiar forms of the letters, ligatures &c. mentioned here. A good many of them, however, can be seen in the photographic plate added to this work.

\* For com- perhaps con- was intended, as the scribe wrote commanipularius in 1. 30, and an original comparatio is actually corrected into comparatio (see note to Ch. xxvIII. 48).

† Here do may be the sign for a weight.

following the g = (1) ece: i. 6, 19, 22 &c. (grece). (2) ecos: xliv. 18 (grecos)\*.

above g = o : xxx. tit. (prologo).

- ", m = (1) en: 1. 111 (nomen; tamen; frumentorum) &c. (2) nes: xxix. 66; xxxix. 52 (omnes). (3) ni: xxi. 12 (hominibus). (4) inis: xxxv. 164 (hominis). (5) ensis: xxii. 13 (mensis). (6) ore: xxvii. 33 (temporo), (7) gram and aton: xxxv. 147 (tetragrammaton). (8) an and tu: iv. 14; x. 1 (sanctum). (9) uncertain: xxiv. 11 (om), 29 (dnms).
- ,, n = (1) on: VIII. 19; XXXIV. 19 &c. (non). (2) em: XV. 38 (orationem). (3) omi and u: XXI. 17 (dominus). (4) i and icat: X. 11 (significat). (5) ant: XLIV. 11 (designant). (6) icu: XXXIII. 13, 16 (dicunt). (7) ame: XXXVII. 12 (tamen). (8) a: XLIII. 4 (pana).
- ,, nn = ome: iv. 93 (nomen).
- p = (1) re: 1. 44 (preterita), 52 (presto); XXVIII. 21 (predicentia†).

  (2) it: XV. tit.; XIX. tit. &c. (incipit). (3) ni and otens: XXI.

  17 (omnipotens). (4) iritu: 11. 7 (spiritus). (5) ores: XXVII. 27 (scriptores). (6) iunt: XL. tit. (incipiunt). (7) er: XXXVIII. 13 (properter‡).
- q = (1) uas: xxxi. 19, 29, 30 (siliquas). (2) ue: xxxiv. 44 (questio). (3) uae: xxxiii. 27, 30 (siliquae).
- ,, r = (1) es: I. 22 (auditores), 104 (presbiterorum). (2) as: VII. 3 (ligaturas; conposituras). (3) unt: XIII. 43 (uiderunt; manserunt) &c. (4) int: VIII. 2 (coacuerint). (5) tius: XXII. 13 (martius). (6) icitu: II. 161; III. 61; VIII. 12 (dicitur). (7) citu: II. 118; XIII. 25 (dicitur).
- s = unt: VIII. 2; x. 8, 14, 18 (sunt); xxxvIII. 42 (presunt).
- """, t = (1) er: I. 4 (interdum), 51 (uiolenter) &c. (2) em: xv. 36; xlii. tit.; xliv tit. (item). (3) est: xix. 28 (potest). (4) as: xiii. 26; xlii. 3 (ciuitas). (5) es: xxii. 9 (sequentes) &c. (6) is: xiii. 13 (uestis). (7) ae: iv. 98 (collectae§). (8) u and em: xxxiii. 13 (autem). (9) uose: ii. 172 (presumptuose). (10) a and ine: i. 31, 80, 114 &c. (latine). (11) un: xxxiii. 5 (sunt). (12) ici: xxxi. 22 (dicit). (13) at: xlvii. 89 (habitat).
  - , x = it: x. 1 (porrexit); xII. 4 (seduxit) &c.
- \* This expansion, not gracce &c., is suggested by greco (II. 188), grecos (II. 189) &c. written in full in the MS.
- + Here is a dot above the stroke as a mark for insertion, the p being added above the line.
- ‡ The scribe, in this case, misread the pp with stroke above (for proprium) of his example (see below,  $A^c$  pp, and ppt).
  - § The mark of contraction above the t is more like an open cursive a,

#### (c) over two or more letters.

accip (ip\*) = accipit, xxxvII. 9.—accipit (it) = accipiunt, xvI. 27.—acust(ust) = agustIni, xxxvII. tit.—apost (post) = apostolos, x. 11.

baln (ln) = balneum, xxxix. 14.—baptsm (apts) = baptismate, x. 3.

cal (ca) = callidus, xlvi. 23.—ciuit (it) = ciuitatis, xxxv. 256.—ciuit (uit) = ciuitas, xiii. 26; xxiii. 17; = ciuitates, xi. 7; = ciuitatis, xliii. 17.

diac (ac) = diaconus, xxxIX. 22.—dicr (cr) = dicitur, xxXIX. 28.—dicunt (nt) = dicuntur, xIII. 6.—dicut (ut) = dicuntur, xI. 5.—dimin (in) = diminitiuum, xIX. 60; xxxv. 56.—dimini (mini) = diminitiuum, xVII. 10.—dint (in) = dicunt, xxVIII. 55.—dne (ne) = domine, II. 98.—dni (ni) = domini, xXI. 18.—dns (ns) = dominus, xXI. 17.—drag (ag) = dragmas, xXXII. 8, 11; = dragma, xXXIII. 4; = dragmis, xXXIII. 6.—dragm (gm) = dragmas, xXXII. 7, 9.

ee = esse II. 67 (prodesse).—en (en) = ens, xLI. 9 (lucens).—episc (isc) = episcopi, xxxIx. 56.

facit (it) = faciunt, xxxv. 42.—femin (in) = feminino, xxxv. 144.—forn (rn) = fornicationis, rv. 72.

gen (en) = genus, xxxvii. 4.—grec (ec) = grecum, xliv. 11.

homib (mi) = hominibus, xxi. 12.—homin (in) = homines, xLIII. 6.

inep (ep) = incipit, vi. tit.; xiv. tit.—istor (tor) = istoriae, iv. tit.

lat (at) = latine, I. 19, 22; II. 107; XXXVIII. 16; = latino, II. 161.

nauigat (at) = nauigatione, xxxvIII. 44.

ordinat (at) = ordinationem, xxxix. 22.

plur (ur) = plurale, xliii. 17.—pote (te) = potest, xxxv. 192.—pp (pp) = propter, xxi. 16; = proprium, xxxviii. 11, 12, 14; xxxix. 10, 26.—ppt (pp and t), xxxix. 9 (propter or propriumter).—prbri (rbr) = presbiteri, xxxix, 22.—prolog (og) = prologo, xxx. tit.

qs (qs) = quasi, xxxix. 48.—qund (nd) = quando, xxvii. 28.—quo (uo) = quando, xxvii. 4; xxviii. 32; = quoniam, xxviii. 47.

sacer (er) = sacerdos, xlvi. 8.—sci (ci) = sancti, xxxvii. tit.—scribs (ibs) = scribsit, xliii. 25, 27.—script (pt) = scriptores, xxvii. 27.—serm (serm) = sermonum, ii. tit.—signs (gn) = significans, xxviii. 39.—siliq (iliq, through the t) = siliquas, xxxiii. 8.—siliq (iq) = siliquas, xxxiii. 29.—sinagog (og) = sinagogae, iv. 27.—sold (through the ld) = solidorum, xxxii. 6; = solidi, xxxiii, 21.—superumeral (ral) = superumerale, v. 9.

temp (mp) = tempore, xxvII. 33.

uerb (erb) = uerborum, 1. tit.—ungent (gent) = ungentorum, x. 3.—unt (nt) = untias, xxxvII. 9; xxxIX. 36.

xpiana (pi) = xpistiana = Christ-, IV. 84†; xpistianorum (= Christ-), xxx. 35.—xpianiam (pi) = xpistianiam (wrongly for Christianam), x. 5.—xpo (xpo) = xpisto, x. 5.—xps (ps) = xpistus, x. 1.

<sup>\*</sup> The letters over which the stroke is written are here printed between ( ).

<sup>†</sup> The same word occurs again, xxxv. 293, but without the sign for contraction.

- (d) drawn through the up-strokes of the tall letters b, d, l.
- through b = (1) is: II. 98 (nobis); XIX. 28 (uerbis) &c.—(2) er: I. 36 (gubernationibus); xxII. 14 (december).—(3) rem: xXII. 11 (muliebrem).—(4) itum: XVII. 7 (ambitum, or ambulationem?). -(5) es and itero: 1. 104 (presbiterorum).-(6) es, i and er: II. 130 (presbiter).—(7) es and iter: XLI. 1 (Presbiteri).—(8) et: XXIII. 20; XXXIII. 1, 4 (habet).—(9) ent: XXXIX. 7 (habent).

bb = atem : II. 161 (abbatem).23

d = (1) ius : II. 86 (med ius). - (2) us : I. 67 (intollerand us). -(3) is: IV. 78 (turgidis); XXII. 7 (uiridis).—(4) est: VIII. 13, 16, 19 &c.; xv. 13; xxvIII. 58, 61 (idest).—(5) (with: following) = est: I. 36; xv. 45; xvII. 20 (idest).—(6) (with . following) = est: v. 11; xi. 5; xiii. 25; xxviii. 21; xxxix. 42; XLII. 25 (idest).—(7) e: XXVIII. 18 (inde).—(8) uo: 1. 76, 101, 109, 111; II. 146 &c. (quod).—(9) ica: xxIII. 17 (modica). -(10) entes: xxII. 16 (descendentes).-(11) es: xIX. 50 (laudes); XXXIX. 7 (pedes).—(12) otes: XXVII. 7 (sacerdotes).—(13) os: xxxi, 5, 7; xxxii, 5, 28 (solidos).—(14) un and u: xxxix, 68 (secundum).—(15) e, un, and u: XIII. 25 (secundum).—(16) itu: XXIII. 1 (incenditur).—(17) st: XXVIII. 44 (idest).—(18) unt: XXXIX. 7 (mandunt).—(19) ae: XXXIX. 34 (calidae); XLIII. 17 (kalendae).—(20) era: xxxIII. 1 (pondera).

dd = dauid : x. 24 ; xxIII. 17.9.9

 $l = (1) \ ue : 1.4, 19, 27, 28 \&c. (uel)*.-(2) e : 1.4, 28, 30 \&c.$ (uel); XXII. 5 (gezelt); v. 9 (superumerale); XXXVII. 5 (simile). —(3) is: 11. 128 (disperabilis; inreuocabilis) &c.—(4) o: x. 2 (apostoli).—(5) em: xxIII. 17 (hierusalem).—(6) ogi: 1. 5 (analogio).—(7) a and ine: 1. 80, 114 &c. (latine).—(8) esi: IV. 37 (ecclesie).—(9) es: XIII. 15 (diurnales).—(10) ia: XV. 36 (alia).—(11) i and ua: xxxIII. 26 (siliqua).—(12) (uncertain): xl. 6 (crinicul-funicul).

## (e) drawn through the down-stroke of

p = er: 1. 49 (super), 73 (yperberetheus), 84 (peruadere), 94 and 109 (per). p (curving round in front of) = ro: 1. 61 (procacitas), 85 (proscribantur) &c. q = (1) ui: xix. 23 (qui; loquitur) &c.—(2) ua: xxviii. 67 (quando). ", (waving stroke) = (1) uae: I. 112 (quae, nom. plur. neut.); XLIII. 51 (quae, nom. plur. fem.).—(2) ui: xvII. 19 (quia).—(3) uo: xLIV. 16, 26 (quod).

,, (slanting stroke) = (1) ui: II. 104 and XIV. 36 (quibus); IV. 99 (quidem); XIII. 43 (aliqui) &c.—(2) uam: XIV. 9 (quamuis).

<sup>\*</sup> In two cases (1. 22; 11. 151) the l has, besides the stroke, two dots (:) on its left and one on its right.

# (f) a horizontal (waved) stroke attached to the right-hand side of:

- q (1) with a dot underneath the stroke = uae: I. 49 (quae, nom. plur. neut.).—(2) with a dot above the stroke = uae: xi. 16 (nom. sing. fem.).
- , two strokes attached in the same way (written like <) = uia: x. 21 (quia).
  - (B) a perpendicular somewhat curved, or twisted stroke.

#### (a) above a letter.

above c = an and tu : 11.7; xxvII. 19; xxxv. 50 (sanctus).—i = citu: 11. 35, 188 (dicitur).—n = (1) omi : xxvIII. 33; xxIX. 63 (domine).—(2) omi and u : 11.7 (dominum).—p = (1) iritu : 11.7 (spiritus).—(2) is: xxxv. 293 (xpistiana).—r = icitu : 111.62; xxII. 4; xxvIII. 62: xxxv. 144 (dicitur).

#### (b) above the line

- between do = e: 1. 109; xxx. 29 (deo).—between ds = eu: 1. 39; xxviii. 52, 53 (deus).
- (c) above an i lengthened below the line after e = us: VIII. 8 (eius).
  - (d) drawn through a horizontal stroke attached to the final stroke of

 $m_{+} = us$ : 1. 36 (domus), 38 (protulimus) &c.; in XXVIII. 40 (congregamus) it is like the contraction for us in col. 1, li. 22 of the facsimile.

n<sub>+</sub> = us: 1.72 (Machomenus); 11.89 (inportunus); 111.18 (munuscula); in xix. 24 (asinus) the contraction is -8, as may be seen in col. 1, li. 22 of the facsimile.

- (e) drawn through the lengthened right, sloping stroke of  $r_+ = um$ : 1. 23 (catafrigarum), 49 (columnarum) &c.
- (C) by a mark resembling a comma above, or on the right side of,

e=us: xxxix. 48 (eius).—i=us: xxii. 4; xxiii. 1; xxxi. 24 (eius).—m=(1) u: i. 109 (religamur); (2) us: xxiii. 13 (primus).—n=us: xxxviii. 28 (cacodemonus), xiiv. 13 (Isemerinus), 14 (Exemerinus).—p=(1) ost: i. 39, xiiii. 43 (post); (2) ri: xxviii. 33\* (propria; propri).—t=(1) ur: i. 39 (habetur), 47 (experiuntur), 49 (ponuntur), 59 (informatur), 70 (mancipantur, capiantur); iii. 19 (cluditur)†; xix.

<sup>\*</sup> Here the mark may be for i, for which see below under G.

 $<sup>\</sup>dagger$  The mark is on the left side of the stroke for t when this forms a ligature with a preceding n; otherwise it is above the t.

23 (loquitur); xxII. 16 (daturque; perficiantur).—(2) us: xxII. 1 (exercitus).

(D) by a mark resembling a semicolon (;) on the right side of

b = us: 1.25 (meretribus), 36 (gubernationibus), &c.\* It occurs also after B = (Us): 1. tit. (CANONIBUS). This mark is occasionally more like a colon (:), as XI. 15 (foribus). Sometimes it has the form 3: II. 104 (quibuscumque).

p = us: xIII. 43, xxxix. 33 (corpus); xxxv. 7 (topus); xxxix. 19

(tempus).

q = ue: 1.106 (querellam); 11.104 (quibuscumque), 134 (atque); 111.41 (laquearia); xix. 53 (aque).

## (E) by dots.

- : (1) after d with horizontal stroke through its up-stroke = est: 1. 36 (idest); (2) after i = dest: XII. 3 (idest).
  - . after i = dest: xi. 15; xii. 24, 41, 42 &c. (idest)†.
- . on both sides of i = dest: xxi. 20; xxii. 7, 9, 12, 13; xxxi. 17, 23, 24 (idest).

 $\div = est: xxxiii. 11.$ 

 $\mathfrak{F} = Grece, xxxi. 32, 33, 34 \ddagger.$ 

- (F) by c (a small arc of a small circle).
- (1) above i (which is drawn out below e) = us: XXI. 5 (eius); (2) above p (p) = er: XXVII. 7 (Luperci), 9 (Lupercalia), 11 (Lupercal).
  - (G) by a small letter written above another letter.
- i (like a perpendicular stroke) (1) above p = ri: xxvIII. 43 (propriores); xxIX. 39, and xxx. 26 (proprium); (2) above q = u: I. 39; II. 149; xvI. 26 &c. (qui); xv. 9 (quibus).
- o (1) above q = u: xxvIII. 33 (quo), 44 (quoties); (2) in one and the same word above q = u, and above m = do: xxxIII. 5 (quomodo); (3) above u = and: xxvII. 4 (quando).

## Special contractions.

(curved perpendicular stroke over the loop of the h) IV. 98 (usually for autem; but here it is uncertain, and may mean hoc est).

o (this sign, which resembles c turned round upside down does not appear

\* In one case this contraction has been expanded by er; see xxxv. 72.

 $\dagger$  Occasionally the i seems to have been written between two dots, but the dot on the left was, perhaps, meant as a mark of punctuation.

# The dot on the left may be meant as a mark of punctuation.

before Ch. xxvIII; in the previous Chapters con is always expressed by  $\bar{c}$ ) = con: xxvIII. 20 (continuatio), 31 (congeminat), 45 (coniunctio; concluduntur), 67 (conuerso); xxIX. 21 (consilium), 60 (concup-), 64 (contempl-), 68 (conpos-); xxxx. 9 (contextum), 13 (contempl-), 18 (conflictus), 26 (conflictus; in this case there is a dot above the sign), 31 (consintagmata; here con stands wrongly for eius &c.).

ę = æ, i. 2, 68 &c.

s (following q, perhaps meant for s) = ui, xxxv. 195 (quisquilea).

++ (= enim). It may be that we have this contraction in xxxv. 1; see the note ibid.

#### § 15. Different forms of some of the letters.

a, three varieties: (1) open at the top, resembling (in a few cases u, but mostly) two  $c^s$ ; (2) the form a; (3) formed somewhat like c, and written above the line, usually on a perpendicular stroke which connects it with a following m, n (see facs. li. 21), r, (long) s or t.

c (1) our present ordinary form; (2) having the form of two  $c^s$ , one written on the top of the other, linking on with its top-bow to a following t.

d, always our ordinary form; in one case (VIII. 7 domus) it has the uncial form δ, and might be read as capital, though it is smaller than the initial of Domatis, which is also uncial.

e (1) our present ordinary form, occasionally linked on, with its tongue, to a following f, n or r; (2) formed like an epsilon, and mostly, though not always, appearing in ligature with a following c, m, n, p, r, s, t, x.

g. Besides the ordinary form which may be seen in the facsimile, g has occasionally an extra curl to its base, as i. 133 (angor); xxviii. 63

(congregatio).

- i (1) the present ordinary form, but without a dot on its top; it is often linked on to f or l, more especially to the cross-bar of a preceding or following t, or to the l form of t; see facs. li. 10, 11.—(2) lengthened and drawn out below the line (like J), and linked on to a preceding c, f (the two having nearly the form of B), l, r, t; (3) resembling a comma, and linked on, below the line, to the final stroke of m, n or t; occasionally to the bow of h or to the tongue of e, or below the bow of b, as in XXVIII. 28 (inridebit).
- o (1) the ordinary form; (2) resembling the delta, and appearing, mostly, in ligature with the right-hand bar of a preceding r, though it is also found separate, after d, m or t. It twice commences a word (xxxv. 66, oma; xxxix. 57 oroccerum).

p, always the now usual form, except in VII. 7 (carpenta, written by the second hand), where it is in ligature with a preceding r, and has the

peculiar form in which it often occurs in ligature in the Roman cursive writing, as early as the 6th century, for which see pl. 2, A.D. 572, of The Palaeographical Society, Series I, li. 6 (e pollicetur), 15 (interposita); pl. 68, li. 10 (perpetuis); also li. 1 (recipisti), 3 (manepolos; reponendi), 4 (apponet), 7 (aperi). The same form occurs again xxxv. 166 (turpes), in ligature with the preceding r, and again xxxv. 293, after, and linked on, by its top, with x. Another, slightly different form of Roman cursive p appears in the last line of the Glossary (the advertisement of the scribe ne rep-); this resembles the p of "sponsione" in li. 15 of pl. 2 of The Palaeogr. Society, First Ser.

r (1) the now ordinary form. In two instances (XIII. 7 discernuntur, and XIII. 15 diurnales) the r reminds us of earlier A.S. writing, and might be misread as n, though in both cases it differs sufficiently from the following n to guide a careful reader. In XXVIII. 88 (forme), however, we have an n corrected into r, and XXXV. 295 has cathanos for catharos; (2) somewhat like the numeral 2, always after o, also after the capital O, and then written larger, as in IV. 51; (3) the right-hand stroke lengthened and slightly bent, to link on with a following a, e (e or e), i, m, n, o, (long)  $f^*$ ; (4) left-hand stroke lengthened below the line, and the top bending down to combine with a following t or e, and so resembling a long f (an r of this kind appears XIV. 22, in fatores, but so misshapen that it seems more i corrected into r).

s, long f, which is nearly always f, except occasionally in the handwriting of the second scribe. It is frequently linked on, by a rounded top, to a following t.

t, (1) with a flat top, is found in three varieties: (a) its cross-bar is curled round  $\dagger$  (like c), or (b) ends in a mere down-stroke (like i) on its left-hand side; (c) when final, the right-hand end of its cross-bar is curled upward towards the left.—(2) having the shape of an epsilon, and linked on to a following lengthened i, or to r, or forming with following ri, one ligature (tri).—(3) resembling a slightly twisted l, and combining with a following r or l. This l is mostly written on the final stroke of l drawn out towards the right l. Its form is smaller when combined with a preceding epsilon-shaped l.

v is never found in the text, except by way of correction: ex. gr. II. 62, where it is written above the line to be inserted in place of an omitted u; III. 27, where it is written above an e, which it is to replace. For other

<sup>\*</sup> The same appears also 1. 19 (grece) as final r. For a somewhat similar r, lending itself to receive the contraction for um, see above § 14 B°.

 $<sup>\</sup>dagger$  This curl and stroke are occasionally disconnected from the cross-bar, and might be read as a separate c or i, as 1. 8 (allectat), 50 (mittent); 11. 187 (ueterem); 111. 1 (ueternorum).

<sup>‡</sup> See Facsim. li. 8, 11. In r. 117 (contra) its shape is 2.

instances, see IV. 5; XV. 33; XXVIII. 53, 54; XXX. 73; XXXIV. 10; XXXV. 179; XXXVIII. 27. For a sign resembling this v see below § 23 d.

w; Anglo-Saxon w is written as uu. Its old form  $\mathcal{F}$  appears misread as p in uuld-paexhsue (for uuld-w-).

y has nearly always a dot on its top, as in facs. col. 1 li. 18, col. 2 li. 11.

z may be seen in facs. col. 1 li. 17.

§ 16. Ligatures or combinations of two or more letters are numerous; ex. gr.

æ (=ae), appears in this form only three times: xLIII. 41 (suæ ald), xLVII. 90 (snægl), and cælo\* in the title of Ch. xLIV. In one place (xxx. 37) the ligature consists of the left-hand stroke of an open a, and an ordinary e. Otherwise the diphthong ae is represented often by e, see I. 24 (sepulture), 120 (subnixe &c.); II. 88 (materie), but mostly by e; I. 2 (tabule), 68 (que) &c.; so also AE by E (title to Ch. IV). Combined appear mostly: ci; cr; ct; cti; &c; ect; em; en; ent; enti; ep; er; eri; es; est; esti; et; ex; fe; fi; fit; i; j; ici; it; li; lj; Lx (Roman numerals); mi; ni; nt; nti; or; ra; rei; ret; rg; ri; rm; rn; ro; rs; rt; st (two forms); str; tj (three forms); tri; tro.

§ 17. Capitals. The titles of the Chapters are all written in rustic capitals, indiscriminately mixed with uncials.

Every lemma has either a capital or an uncial as initial. In the few instances where this is not the case (ex. gr. Ch. II. 139, 144; III. 13-16), we may suppose the scribe to have been unaware of beginning a new gloss,

The capital initial of the first lemma of the Chapters I—IV, XXIII, XXVI, XXXI, XXXVII—XXXIX, XLIV†—XLVII, is somewhat larger than the initials used for the other lemmata, and more or less ornamental, in the style of the Capitals in the St. Gallen MS. of the Lex Salica (A.D. 794), figured on pl. 184 of *The Palaeogr. Society*, 1st Series.

In the first two Chapters (which are arranged alphabetically according to the first letter of the lemmata) some attempts have been made to commence each new letter of the alphabet with a larger or more distinctive initial. Ex. gr. the initial of the first lemma of the D glosses (I. 35 Dogma) is a capital (D), but the initials following are uncials (δ).

§ 18. Greek letters. There are a good many Greek words in the Glossary, but all written in Latin characters. Greek letters, however,

+ In Ch. xliv. the glosses 24 and 28 have also ornamental capitals.

<sup>\*</sup> This ligature is really minuscule, but written larger than usual; it is here printed as capital.

appear in IV. 101 ( $\pi$ o, in porsutas), and a whole Greek word XVIII. 1 (СҮМХРОМОМ). And as such we must also describe the xp in "Christus" and its derivatives, see above § 14  $\Lambda$  c.

§ 19. Illustration. See Signs, below § 23 g.

§ 20. Numerals (for which see below, Index of Latin numerals, p. 217) are usually placed between two dots.

§ 21. The *Punctuation* of the MS. has everywhere been strictly adhered to. It has been pointed out above (§ 13<sup>a</sup>, note †) that the *second* hand employed no other mark of punctuation than a point (.).

The first scribe, however, used a more elaborate system of punctuation. There are first the three ordinary marks (.; :) to divide words from each other or to indicate the end of lines &c.

The point (.) is sometimes written level with the line; sometimes raised to the centre of the word preceding it.

The semicolon (;) and colon (:) can, in many cases, hardly be distinguished from each other, as the , of ; is often so small that it looks almost like a point (.), while the lower point of the colon is very often more like a comma (,).

Besides these three marks of punctuation we occasionally find .: (see I. 13), or : (I. 87), or : (I. 125), or :; (II. 131), or ;: (II. 132), apparently without any special meaning.

§ 22. Signs of reference. When there was, as frequently happened, no room for the whole gloss on the line where it had been commenced, the scribe wrote the remaining words or syllables either on the line above or below the proper line, prefixing  $\Gamma$  to the words or syllables written above,  $\Gamma$  to those written below the line. In one case (xx. 12) the  $\Gamma$  is followed by a colon (:). In XII. 9, there being no further room in the line after "habens", the scribe wrote  $\Gamma$  after it, added "aliquando de ere" two lines higher up in the space left vacant after gloss 7, prefixing  $\Gamma$  to these words, and wrote the remainder of the gloss (mento sicut et olla) on the next line after gloss 8, dividing these additions to the lines of glosses 7 and 8 and the mark ( $\Gamma$ ) of reference by the hook  $\Gamma$ .

In I. 91, 92, the reading of the MS., in strict accordance with these signs, leads to two wrong glosses; see the note to these glosses on p. 2.

For a further use of these signs see above, p. xviii, note ‡.

§ 23. A few more features of the MS. have to be dealt with, most of which have already been pointed out in the foot-notes to the text. They will, however, give a better idea of the MS. when classified under such headings as *corrections* (§ 23a), division of words, syllables and glosses

(§  $23^{\rm b}$ ), insertions (§  $23^{\rm c}$ ), marking words (§  $23^{\rm d}$ ), omissions (§  $23^{\rm e}$ ), signatures (§  $23^{\rm f}$ ), signs (§  $23^{\rm g}$ ), spots (§  $23^{\rm h}$ ), strokes (§  $23^{\rm h}$ ), transposition (§  $23^{\rm k}$ ), uncertain words (§  $23^{\rm l}$ ), underlining (§  $23^{\rm m}$ ), &c.

§ 23a. Corrections seem all to have been made by the scribes themselves, and not afterwards by some corrector. They are indicated or effected by (A) writing the letter to be substituted above the one to be replaced; see I. 103; II. 9, 155, 164; III. 27; IV. 6, 106; VIII. 18 &c.— (B) altering one letter into another, which was sometimes done distinctly, as II. 71; IV. 2, 52, 65; sometimes indistinctly, as I. 115; II. 29; III. 43.— (C) erasing one or more letters and leaving a blank space instead, as II. 134. In some cases the erased letter or letters or parts of them may still be discerned, I. 39; II. 36, 112; VI. 7; in other cases the original letter or letters are entirely effaced, II. 45; III. 63; IV. 89 .- (D) erasing one or more letters, and writing the required letter or sign on the erasure, II. 39; XIII. 41; XIV. 11 &c. Occasionally the wrong letters have been erased without the correct letters being substituted, II. 10; XVI. 6.— (E) marking a letter or stroke to be erased by (a) a dot: xxxII. 8, 11 (both these cases are doubtful); (stroke to be erased) II. 176; XXXI. 27; XLIV. 8.—(b) two dots (one above and one below, or one on each side of the letter, or both underneath the letter): xvi. 22; xxviii. 48; xxx. 33; xxxi. 8; xxxii. 4; xxxiv. 10\*; xxxv. 179; xxxviii. 24; xxxix. 1, 5; xLiv. 11; xLviii. 47.—(c) three dots: iv. 55; vi. 7; xiv. 3; xvi. 29; xxvIII, 49; xLVII, 22.—(d) four dots: xxVIII, 20; xxx, 35; xLIII, 13.— (e) five or six dots, xxx. 73.—(F) marking a letter to be erased by (a) one dot, and writing the letter to be substituted above the line, xxvIII. 69; XXXV. 14; XXXVII. 6; XLVII. 82; (with the correct letter below the line) XLVIII. 35.—(b) two dots: XXXV. 27.—(c) three dots: XLVII. 22.—(d):, as in xxvi. 5.—(e) ÷ above a wrong word, referring to a similar sign above the correct word written in the margin within lines forming a square, **XXVIII.** 77.—(f) a dot underneath the letter to be erased, and another dot on the right-hand side of the letter to be substituted written above the line, xxxvIII. 37.

§ 23<sup>b</sup>. The *division* between words, syllables and glosses is often very defective, in spite, or perhaps on account of the rather elaborate system of punctuation described above in § 21. For instance, in I. 15 the MS. has 'ame mo ria' for 'a memoria'; I. 36 it has 'par ro chiis,' and so on. It was not considered necessary to follow the MS. in this respect, except in a few cases where the gloss is obscure.

As regards the individual glosses, at the outset the scribe seems to have intended to reserve one line to each lemma and its gloss, however

<sup>\*</sup> In this case the correcting letter is written above the line between two dots, but the wrong letter (a) is not marked for erasure.

short these might be, and to write, wherever practicable, words or syllables which could not be brought into their proper line, either above or below it, as I. 12 &c. Somewhat lengthy glosses, as I. 36, 90, 95, 100, 115, 127 occupy two lines, the second line slightly indented. But the scribe seems soon to have realised that, in this way, he would leave a good deal of vacant space, and so, at and after III. 42, 43 he commenced a second gloss wherever there was any vacant space left in the line after the first, adhering to his former plan of writing any words or syllables that could not be brought into the line either above or below it\*.

§ 23°. Insertion is indicated by writing (1) the omitted and to be inserted letter, or letters, above the line over or between the letter or letters where the insertion is to be made, II. 19, 56, 62, 173, 180; III. 34, 43, 48; IV. 1, 77, 93 &c.—(2) the letter to be inserted above the line with a dot underneath, or on its left-hand side, II. 29.—(3) the letter to be inserted above the line with a dot on its left, and another dot after the letter where the insertion is to be made, II. 71.—(4) the letter, or letters to be inserted, above the line between two dots, IV. 91; XLIV. 1.—(5) a word to be inserted above the line between three dots, II. 182. In xxx. 52, 95, 96 some Latin words are written over Greek words to explain or translate the latter.—(6) an omitted syllable ( $\bar{p} = pre$ ) above the line, with a dot above the stroke, XXVIII. 21.—(7) the letter to be inserted below the line (attached to h), xxx. 46.—(8) a word to be inserted above the line with a mark of reference (+) before it, and a similar mark after the word after which it is to be inserted, XXII. 12.— (9) a word to be inserted on the left of the lemma within lines forming a square, with a mark of reference (+) above the word, referring to a similar mark written above the place where the insertion is to come, xxx. 7.

§ 23d. Marking words or glosses. With a few exceptions† all the

<sup>\*</sup> To prevent confusion the individual glosses have here been numbered. The first instances of two glosses being written in one line are 11. 138, 139 and 143, 144, but they seem attributable to inadvertence or ignorance on the part of the scribe, as in both cases the second gloss does not begin with a capital, which seems to show that the scribe was not aware of having begun a second gloss. At 11. 112 we meet with two lemmata in one line, without a gloss; but the scribe left some space between the two words, probably intending to write the glosses afterwards. 111. 13—16 are three glosses written together, but perhaps by mistake, as the scribe does not seem to have understood them.

<sup>+</sup> The exceptions are: III. 34 (briudid), 38 (haeslin), 44 (su), 48 (uastrung), 53 (floda), 57 (pox); IV. 66 (borgenti), 71 (gaesuopę), 77 (tunderi), 83 (mixin); V. 2 (lomum), 5 (poccas); VII. 4 (dunnę); XIX. 16 (hreod), 17 (ebirdhring), 19 (fezra), 26 (haubit loh), 36 (haefuc), 38 (chelor), 41 (osifelti), 54 (ýmaeti gold), 59 (uuldpaexhsue); XX. 3 (chyun), XXII. 5 (gezelt), &c. None of these words are marked.

Germanic\* glosses are marked in our MS. either by a horizontal (sometimes waving) stroke above them, or by an insulated v, also written above one or more letters of such glosses.

As it was found impracticable to print either the strokes or the v above the words, their presence in the MS. has been pointed out in the footnotes. But it is necessary here to discuss the possible meaning of the latter mark.

The strokes occur III. 11, 15 (here wrongly over a Latin word), 35, 37, 63-66; IV. 24, 74-76, 99 (here wrongly over a Latin word); V. 11, 15, 19, 22, 30; (VIII. 15); XVI. 28; XIX. 29, 35, 59, 63; XXIX. 11; XLVII. 31; XLVIII. 28, 54, 61, and are obviously intended to draw special attention to the words over which they are written.

The v occurs first of all XII. 18, and thenceforward (excepting the few cases just mentioned, where strokes are employed) regularly above Germanic words: XIII. 24, 34, 35, 40, 50; xv. 4; xvII. 11; xvIII. 2; XIX. 35 (see photogr., 1st col. li. 32), 43 (ib., li. at foot), 60 (ib., 2nd col. li. 15), 61 (ib., li. 16); XXI. 20 (ib., add. col., li. 17); XXII. 3 (ib., li. 22); XXIV. 3; XXVII. 25; XXXIV. 3; XXXV. 3, 6, 35, 54, 55, 59, 66, 69, 73–75, 122, 157, 158, 165, 175, 176, 203, 288; XXXVI. 7, 10, 14; XXXVII. 7; XXXIX. 6, 12, 20, 27, 30, 37; XIII. 6, 27; XIVI. 18 (here a stroke above the a was corrected into v); XLVII. 36 (v written sideways with top towards the left).

In none of these cases does the v differ from the v described above (§ 15), which latter is never used in the *text* of the Glossary, but only above the line, by way of correction, whenever u had been omitted; hence it was clearly intended for v (= u). There seems, therefore, no reason against accepting the v above the Germanic words likewise as v (= u).

It is true, in four instances (XIII. 41; XLII. 2; XLIII. 38; XLVII. 19), the mark looks more like y; in one case (XXII. 8; see photogr., add. col., li. 26) we could hardly read anything but y; in two cases (XLVII. 33, 65) it may be said to resemble x; in one case (XIX. 43; see photogr., last word of li. added at foot) it is v; in another (XXVI. 6) y; and in two instances (XLII. 4 and XLVI. 42) it is more y with a dot above it. But these deviations seem to be nothing but the result of the scribe having accidentally drawn down the right-hand stroke of the v a little more than was strictly necessary†.

<sup>\*</sup> There are, apparently, no Germanic glosses in the first two Chapters; toscia (π. 101), which has been regarded as such, is most likely a late Latin word, for which see the Index.

<sup>†</sup> In most cases the real y has a dot above it, as: Kyrieleison (II. 98); Typo (II. 179); Myrtus (XIII. 48); Synicias (xv. 2); and (by second hand) uuylocbaso (XXII. 16); uuyrmbaso (XXII. 18). Occasionally it has no dot, as: hymnum (II. 85); crypta (XVI. 3). But wherever we examine it, it was clearly formed by first writing the v, and then adding the down-stroke to it. The scribe, therefore, knew when he had to write y not v.

It is impossible to say whether the scribe added the v above the line immediately after having written the word to be marked, or whether in all cases it was added afterwards either by the scribe himself or by a corrector. In most cases the v looks, in duction and colour of ink, exactly like the letters over which it stands, but here and there it looks finer than most of the other v<sup>s</sup>, and also finer than the word over which it stands, whence we may infer that, in these cases, some corrector added the v.

As this marking of the Germanic glosses commenced with the horizontal stroke, and the v was adopted afterwards, it seems not unreasonable to say that it originated with our scribe, and that he did not merely follow the MS. from which he copied. If so, the v must have been intended to be v (= u), and only became, in a few instances, more like y or x by accident.

If the MS. which our scribe followed had, say f (for saxonice), above the Germanic glosses, he might have misread this for y; but then we should find the latter character more frequently, or perhaps some other mark for the misunderstood f in our MS. The corruption might even go back to an earlier MS. than that copied by our scribe. None of these guesses, however, will sufficiently explain the regularity and uniformity of the v in our MS.

Hence it seems more reasonable to assume that the mark v really means v and is the initial of the word "vernacule," which would be most appropriate to our case.

In one instance (xxxi. 4), indeed, the v is found above a Latin word (uncias\*); in another (xxx. 6) over the word sax. The former may be due to inadvertence of the scribe, or to some other unexplained cause; and as to sax its meaning is supposed to be saxonice, and if this be the case, it would not be inappropriately marked by our scribe with v (= vernacule).

§ 23°. Omissions may be noticed occasionally as: (1) of interpretations, I. 14, 18, 23, 26, 42, 43, 72, 75, 79, 83, 99 &c. It is possible that in such cases the original Glossator had excerpted the lemmata from his sources with the intention of adding the interpretations later on.—(2) of one or more letters, I. 25 meretribus (for meretricibus); II. 100 (uestmenta for uestimenta).

§ 23<sup>f</sup>. Signatures to the quires do not appear in the MS., though it is possible that they have been cut away by the binder.

§ 23<sup>g</sup>. Two Signs for weights occur in Ch. XXXII. 2, see Latin Index (C. apud latinus &c.); another in XXXII. 4 (see ibid. Obolus) and another XXXII. 5 (see ibid. uncia); a sign for a shepherd's crook occurs in Ch. XLV.

<sup>\*</sup> Glogger suggests that this may refer to an original A.S. ynce, or to O.H.G. unza.

18 (see ibid. pedum). Other signs, the meaning of which is not certain, are (1) three dots above i, III. 18; (2) two dots above an open a, IV. 77 (as the a is much like two cc, the scribe, perhaps, indicated that the dotted tops had to be erased); (3) † in the margin (to indicate something wrong), XII. 13, also by the side of a line left blank, XIII. 53; (4) + above the line, as mark of division (?), XIV. 9 (see also above § 23 b).

§ 23h. Spot, in the vellum, and hence a blank left by the scribe, II. 91.—Accidental (ink) spot, IV. 75.

§ 23<sup>i</sup>. Strokes. Besides the strokes employed to indicate contractions (see above § 14), we find

A. Perpendicular strokes, (1) meaningless (?), or perhaps the top of a wrongly commenced b, d, l or other letter, i. 126 and xxx. 87 (above u); ii. 11 and 167; xxxv. 33 (above p); x. 22 and xxviii. 38; xxxv. 44 (above r); xiii. 36 (above o); xxxv. 227 (above t).—(2) as mark of transposition, xv. 14 (perhaps here = i?).—(3) to separate two glosses (?), ii. 144. B. Horizontal strokes. (1) to mark A.S. (or supposed A.S.) words (see above § 23 d).—(2) to mark a Greek word, xviii. 1.

§ 23<sup>k</sup>. Transposition is indicated by writing above the words to be transposed (1) three dots (:·), iv. 105; xxviii. 68; xxxvi. 3.—(2) the mark ÷, xxxv. 195; xl. 17.

§ 23<sup>1</sup>. Uncertain words, letters or signs, or expansion of contractions, x11. 27; x111. 42; xxx. 85, 95; xxx11. 5, 7; xxx111. 5; xxxv. 1, 236, 297.

§ 23<sup>m</sup>. Underlining both lemma and interpretation (meaningless?), XLVII. 57, 82.

§ 23<sup>n</sup>. Vacant spaces left, 11. 112; xix. 13, 17, 18.

§ 23°. Wrong letters, III. 36.

It is hoped that the text of the Glossary is free from serious blemishes, especially as I was able to compare my readings of the MS. with Dr Glogger's carefully prepared edition (see above p. xvii, note).

That my critical Indexes will be free from errors and shortcomings is more than I can expect. But those who use the work will, I trust, pardon them on account of the hundreds of difficult, obscure and intricate points that had to be ascertained, examined and solved. There remain certain obscure points, ex. gr. amatorie, ars *philophie* (?). What is meant by the latter word?—antesignato, signatore *suspectum*. What word or what meaning is hidden in *suspectum*?—arcticos, here the sentence after *antarticus* does not seem to be quite correct.

In view of all that has been published during the last fifty years on Glosses, I felt that a mere reproduction of the text and a mere Index

to the Latin and Germanic words, which seemed to be the only feasible plan for the Corpus Glossary, would not be of much use with respect to the present one, especially as it indicates the sources of a great many of the Glosses, and affords, therefore, a firmer basis for editorial researches and emendations. The Syndics of the University Press readily agreed with my views, and it is hoped that the result may be considered fairly satisfactory.

In tracing the glosses to their sources I have derived much help from the eminent labours of Goetz, Steinmeyer, Glogger, Schlutter (various articles in the Archiv für Lat. Lexic.; Anglia; Journ. of Engl. Philol. &c. &c.). But I may be excused for saying that, in spite of this advantage, I had to read most of the sources myself again, in the endeavour to find, if possible, those words which they had been unable to trace. I read Rufinus five or six times, as the Glossary contains six collections of words excerpted from him (see next page). The Canones, the Regula S. Benedicti, St Jerome's Liber de Viris illustribus and other sources I read three or four times, because the glosses from these sources either appear alphabetically, and, therefore, no longer in the order of their source, or have become misplaced by the scribes. Cassiodorus' Comment. on the Psalms I read two or three times, apart from the time I spent in tracing the words of Ch. xxvIII to him, as the Glossary does not ascribe them to him, but to the Liber Antonii, though only seventeen of them are excerpted from this last source.

To discover, if possible, the source of the words glossed in Ch. vi I spared no efforts, and as several of them had a poetical look about them, I read Dracontius, Prudentius and other Latin poets, but in vain. They have now been traced to Gildas (see below p. xxxviii).

Space does not allow me to point out either the importance of various glosses for lexicographical and other purposes, or the special features of this Glossary in connection with other Glossaries. Such further remarks I reserve for another work which I am preparing for the London Philological Society, and which will deal with the Corpus, Epinal and Erfurt Glossaries in combination with the present Glossary.

To conclude, I discharge a pleasant duty in thanking the Syndics of the University Press for bearing the expenses involved in the publication of this edition; the Reader of the same Press for his unremitting attention to the correctness of the work; Prof. John E. B. Mayor and Mr Alex. Souter (of Mansfield College, Oxford), for reading the proofsheets and helping me with corrections and observations; Mr Israel Abrahams, Mr H. T. Francis, Prof. Henry Jackson, Mr F. J. H. Jenkinson, Mr H. L. Pass, Dr W. Aldis Wright, the Rev. the Master of St. John's College, for help in various ways; and the Council of Trinity College for the loan of one of their copies of the Augsburg edition of

c. 1470 of St Jerome's Liber de Viris illustribus (see below p. xlix). Prof. W. W. Skeat has not only read all the proof-sheets, but assisted me in the A.S. portion of the work by copious notes, observations and corrections with the utmost readiness and generosity. His notes, corrections &c. appear with respect to some words in the I. (Latin) Index, with respect to others in the V. (Germanic) Index in a more or less abridged form, for which I alone am responsible.

## BIBLIOGRAPHY OF THE GLOSSARY.

- A. Table of Contents, that is: **Headings** or **Titles** of the Chapters in the Glossary.
- B. **Sources** from whence the *lemmata* (and some of the interpretations) are excerpted.—*Books* and *MSS*. used and consulted in tracing the lemmata to their sources.—*Abbreviations* employed in the references, quotations &c. (chiefly in the Latin Index).
- A. The Glossary is divided into 48 Chapters with the following Headings or Titles:
- I. Glosae Verborum de Canonibus . . . . . . . p. 1—3<sup>b</sup> For further information on the chapters see below (B) Sources, art. Can. Canon., &c. &c.
- II. Interpretatio Sermonum de Regulis (see below Bened.) p. 3<sup>b</sup>—7<sup>a</sup>
  It is uncertain whether this plural form means that other Regulae besides that
  of S. Benedict have been excerpted.
- III. Verba de Sancti Martyni Storia (see below Sulpicius Severus), glosses 1 to 52. . . . . . . . . p. 7<sup>a</sup>—8<sup>a</sup> [Vita S. Antonii, auctore S. Athanasio, Evagrio interprete (see below
- Vita S. Antonii, auctore S. Athanasio, Evagrio interprete (see below Vita S. Antonii), glosses 52—66] . . . . . . . . . p. 8

This Source is not indicated in the Glossary in any way, unless, perhaps, by the word Antoni (Gloss 52), see I. Index (Latin), sub v. Antoni.

- IV. Liber Ecclesiasticae istoriae (120 glosses) . . p. 8<sup>a</sup>—10<sup>a</sup>
  V. De Ecclesiastica Storia (32 glosses) . . . p. 10<sup>a</sup>—10<sup>b</sup>
- XXXV. De Eusebio (306 glosses) . . . . p. 33<sup>a</sup>—38<sup>b</sup>

These three chapters consist of five or six collections of glosses to the nine Books of Rufinus' Latin translation of Eusebius' Ecclesiastical History and to the Books x and xx which Rufinus added of his own to Eusebius. The Chapters IV and v are evidently two independent collections, the one being the first 111 glosses of Chapter IV, for the most part arranged (unalphabetically) in the order in which the lemmata occur in Rufinus' text. The second (ulphabetically arranged, and, therefore, no longer following the order of Rufinus' text) extends (as far as the A and B glosses) from gloss 112 to the end (gloss 120) of Chapter IV, and (for the C to T glosses) till the end of the fifth Chapter. This arrangement, therefore,

shows that the heading to Ch. v (De Ecclesiastica Storia) is out of place, and

should have come before the 112th gloss of Ch. IV.

In Ch. xxxv. we have three (perhaps four) independent collections, in which the lemmata are arranged, not alphabetically, but, with a few exceptions, in the order in which they occur in Rufinus' text. The first, which deals with his eleven Books, extends from gloss 1 to 73. The second (which likewise deals with the eleven Books) extends from gloss 88 to gloss 247. The third seems to have been split up (perhaps in the process of copying) into two portions, one (glosses 300 to 306) dealing with Rufinus' Books I to IV, the other (glosses 248 to 299) with his Books V to XI.

A fourth collection may be traced in the glosses 74 to 87, the lemmata of which

are extracted from Rufinus' Books I, III, IV, VII, VIII, X, XI, IX.

It is to be remarked that in the first, second, and fourth collections of Ch. xxxv the glosses to Rufinus' ninth Book follow, not after those to the eighth, but after those to the tenth and eleventh Book.

VI. Incipit breuis exsolutio (= Gildas, De Excidio Britanniae Lib.) p. 10<sup>b</sup>

All efforts to identify the glosses of this chapter had hitherto been unsuccessful, till Glogger recognised them by Schlutter's reference (see *The Journal of English and Germanic Philology*, Vol. v, p. 466) to a line in Gildas. As he kindly pointed this out to me on 1 Jan., 1906 (after my text and Latin Index had been printed), the references of all the words identified are given in the *Addenda*. Only three or four remain to be traced.

The heading, breuis exsolutio, is, apparently, not derived from Gildas' work

The heading, breus exsolutio, is, apparently, not derived from and is, perhaps, to be attributed to the Glossator.	Gildas' work,
VII. De Paralipomenon (1 and 11 = Chronicc. 1 and 11).	he lemmata
of Chapters VII to XXV are (with few exceptions, speci	
out) excerpted from the Vulgate	101 11-
VIII. De Salamone (= Liber Proverbiorum)	p. 11a—11b
IX. De Eclesiasten (= Ecclesiastes)	р. 11 <sup>b</sup>
X. In Cantico Canticorum (= Canticum Canticor.)	p. 11 <sup>b</sup> —12 <sup>a</sup>
	р. 12 <sup>b</sup>
XII. De Ecclesiastico (= Ecclesiasticus)	p. 12 <sup>b</sup> —13 <sup>b</sup>
XIII. In Libro Isaie prophete (Isaias)	
XIV. Incipit in Hieremia (Glosses 1-31, 34-36 = Jerem	
32 and 33 = Threni, id est Lamentationes)	p. 15 <sup>a</sup> —16 <sup>a</sup>
XV. Incipit in Hiezechiel (Glosses 1-31 and 37-48 = Ezech	itiel; Glosses
$32-36 = Osee^1$ , though quoted in the Glossary as from E	
the heading 'Item Alia,' found after No. 36 may have be	
title to these five Glosses)	
XVI. Incipit in Danielem	p. 17 <sup>a</sup> —17 <sup>b</sup>
XVII. De Johel uel de Prophetis minoribus (lemmata ext	p. 17 <sup>a</sup> —17 <sup>b</sup> cracted from
XVII. De Johel uel de Prophetis minoribus (lemmata ext Joel, Amos, Jonas, Michaeas, Nahum, Habacuc, Sophonias	p. 17 <sup>a</sup> —17 <sup>b</sup> cracted from s, Zacharias,
XVII. De Johel uel de Prophetis minoribus (lemmata ext Joel, Amos, Jonas, Michaeas, Nahum, Habacuc, Sophonias Malachias)	p. 17 <sup>a</sup> —17 <sup>b</sup> cracted from s, Zacharias, p. 17 <sup>b</sup> —18 <sup>a</sup>
XVII. De Johel uel de Prophetis minoribus (lemmata ext Joel, Amos, Jonas, Michaeas, Nahum, Habacuc, Sophonias Malachias)	p. 17 <sup>a</sup> —17 <sup>b</sup> tracted from s, Zacharias, p. 17 <sup>b</sup> —18 <sup>a</sup> cept No. 35
XVII. De Johel uel de Prophetis minoribus (lemmata ext Joel, Amos, Jonas, Michaeas, Nahum, Habacuc, Sophonias Malachias)	p. 17 <sup>a</sup> —17 <sup>b</sup> cracted from s, Zacharias, p. 17 <sup>b</sup> —18 <sup>a</sup> cept No. 35 p. 18 <sup>a</sup>
XVII. De Johel uel de Prophetis minoribus (lemmata ext Joel, Amos, Jonas, Michaeas, Nahum, Habacuc, Sophonias Malachias)	p. 17 <sup>a</sup> —17 <sup>b</sup> bracted from s, Zacharias, p. 17 <sup>b</sup> —18 <sup>a</sup> cept No. 35 p. 18 <sup>a</sup> p. 18 <sup>a</sup> —19 <sup>b</sup>

<sup>1</sup> See also Ch. xvIII.

XXII. De Ester p. 20a—20 <sup>h</sup>
XXIII. Incipit in Esdra (= 1 Esdras; 2 Esdras or Liber Nehemiae)
p. 21 <sup>a</sup>
XXIV. Incipit in Matheum p. 21 <sup>a</sup> —21 <sup>b</sup>
XXV. De Marco et Luca et Johanne p. 21 <sup>b</sup>
XXVI. In Libro Officiorum (= S. Isidori De Ecclesiasticis Officiis Libri
duo) p. 22a
XXVII. In Libro Rotarum (= S. Isidori Liber de Natura Rerum; see below, Ch. XLIV)
XXVIII. In Libro Antonii (the first part, i.e. Glosses 1—17 and 22 and
23 = Vita Beati Antonii Abbatis; the second part, i.e. Glosses 18—21,
24—88 = Magni Aurelii <i>Cassiodori</i> in Psalterium Expositio). p. 22 <sup>b</sup> —25 <sup>b</sup>
N.B. It is to be observed that the second portion of this chapter consists
mostly of extracts (lemmata as well as interpretations) from Cassiodorus. For inst. xxvIII. 20 (diapsalma &c.) occurs, word for word, in Cassiodore. The differences between the Glossary and Cassiodore's text have been pointed out in the
Latin Index.
XXIX. Incipit Uerborum interpretatio (= S. Eus. <i>Hieronymi</i> Commentt. in Evangelium Matthaei) p. 25 <sup>b</sup> —27 <sup>a</sup>
N.B. Gloss No. 71 (p. 27a) is from the Catalogus S. Hieron., and should have
come in Chapt. xxx.
XXX. De Ca[ta]logo Hieronimi (= S. Eus. <i>Hieronymi</i> Liber, or Catalogus, de Viris illustribus) p. 27 <sup>a</sup> —29 <sup>a</sup>
XXXI. De Ponderibus incipit p. 29a—30a
(XXXII. De Ponderibus p. 30 <sup>b</sup> —31 <sup>a</sup>
For these two chapters no text on Weights &c. could be found entirely agreeing with the extracts and explanations of the Glossary. Hence no suggestions as regards the Glosses have been made. For instance xxxx, 3 the nom. libra must be wrong, but whether the Glossator meant libras or some other form cannot be determined.
XXXIII, De Ponderibus secundum Eucherium p. 31 <sup>a</sup> —32 <sup>a</sup>
See below, Eucherius. (The Glosses 17, 18, and 21 to 31 do not seem to occur in the editions of Eucherius now known to us.)
XXXIV. De Cassiano (= Johannes Cassianus) . p. 32 <sup>a</sup> —33 <sup>a</sup>
See also below, Chapter xLVIII.
XXXV. De Eusebio (see above under Chapters IV and V) p. 33a—38b
XXXVI. De Orosio (= Pauli <i>Orosii</i> Historiae adversum paganos) p. 38 <sup>b</sup> —39 <sup>a</sup>
XXXVII. De Sancti Agustini (= either De libris Sermonum S. Augustini, which is the title given by two MSS., or = De Sermonibus Sancti Augustini)
S. Augustine have been given.
XXXVIII. De Clemente (= 1 S. Clementis Romani Recognitiones, Rufino Aquileiensi Presb. interprete; 2 Epistola prima Clementis ad Jacobum fratrem Domini) p. 39 <sup>b</sup> —40 <sup>b</sup>

XXXIX. De Dialogorum. [The Glosses 1—44, 46, 47, 48 (?), 54 (?), 72 (?) = S. Gregorii Magni Dialogorum libri quatuor; Glosses 45, 49—52 = S. Gregorii Magni Liber Regulae pastoralis, partes IV.;
Glosses 53, 54 (?), 55-71, 72 (?), 73 are excerpted from the Canones,
see above, Chapter I, and below, Ch. XLI] p. 40 <sup>b</sup> —42 <sup>b</sup>
XL. Item incipiunt Uerba p. 42 <sup>b</sup> —43 <sup>a</sup>
Nearly all the lemmata in this chapter have also been traced to Gildas (see above the note to Ch. vi), and the references will be found in the Addenda.
XLI. Item de nominibus diuersis p. 43 <sup>a</sup> —43 <sup>b</sup>
The Glosses 1—6 are excerpted from the Canones, in continuation to Nos. 53—73 of Ch. xxxix (see also above Ch. 1). The Glosses 7—16 are ten names of precious stones, excerpted, it seems, from Apoc. xxi. 19, 20, as the lemmata all follow there in the same order as in the present Glossary. They are also mentioned, though in a different order, in Exod. xxviii. 17—20 and xxix. 10—13, and Ezek. xxviii. 13. They all occur in the Cp., Ep. and Ef.¹ Glossaries (except that Nos. 7 and 8 are wanting in Cp., and 8 also in Ep. and Ef.¹), and in Ep. and Ef.¹ (which have, in spite of their later date, in certain parts, a more primitive alphabetical arrangement than Corpus), in the same order under their respective initial letters, as here.
Certain parts of the explanations of the names of these stones appear in the present Glossary under different stones than in the Cp., Ep. and Ef. Glossaries, as is indicated in the I. Index ( <i>Latin</i> ).  The Glosses 17—21 are probably all from Sulpicius Severus' <i>Dialogi</i> (where No. 17 occurs) or <i>Vita S. Martini</i> (where No. 19 is found); but Nos. 18, 20 and 21 have not yet been traced.
XLII. Incipit ex diuersis libris p. 43 <sup>b</sup> —44 <sup>a</sup> The Glosses 1, 3, 5, 10, 12, 15—19 occur in the <i>Dialogi</i> of Sulp. Severus. No. 4 is found in the same author's <i>Vita S. Martini</i> .  Glosses 2, 6—9, 11, 13, 14, 20, 22 have not yet been traced; 21, 23—27 occur in the <i>Vita S. Eugeniae Virginis et Martyris</i> (Migne's Patr. Lat. Vol. LXXIII, col. 605 sqq., and id. Vol. XXI, col. 1105 sqq.).
XLIII. Item de diuersis nominibus (On divers nouns) = Donati Ars
Grammatica (Henr. Keil, Grammatici Latini, Vol. IV, Lipsiae, 1864, p. 367 sqq.)
Some of the lemmata do not occur in the text of <i>Donatus</i> as known to us, but have been excerpted from other grammatical works specially referred to in the I. ( <i>Latin</i> ) Index.
XLIV. Item alia; de Caelo = S. Isidori de natura Rerum (see also above Ch. xxvII) in Vol. vII of Areval's ed. of Isidore's Opera, Romae, 1803. Reprinted in Vol. LXXXIII of Migne's Patr. Lat.; to this last ed. most of the references are made p. 45 <sup>a</sup> —46 <sup>b</sup>
XLV. Uerba de multis (= Ars <i>Phocae</i> de nomine et verbo, in Henr. Keil's <i>Grammatici Latini</i> , Vol. v, Lipsiae, 1868, pp. 405 sqq.) p. 46 <sup>b</sup> —47 <sup>a</sup>
XLVI. Item alia [Glosses 1—39 = Ars Phocae, like Ch. xLv. For the Glosses 40—43, see the I. (Latin) Index] p. 47a—47b
XLVII. Item alia p. 47b-49b
None of the 103 Glosses comprised in this Ch. have as yet been traced to any source with certainty. But perhaps the following are excerpted from Aldhelm:

Nº 6 (cirris=A. p. 66, 8), 13 (perna=A. p. 251), 15 (tappula, tip-=A. p. 254), 56 (ciconia=A. p. 257), 87 (castorius; see A. p. 264), 93 (scrufa=A. p. 266). If this be right, possibly other lemmata might be traced to him. It will be seen from the I. (Latin) Index that they all occur in the Cp. and Ef. Glossaries, and most of them also in the Ep. Glossary.

XLVIII. Item de Cassiano (see above, Chapter xxxiv) p. 49<sup>b</sup>—50<sup>b</sup>

B. Sources from whence the *lemmata* (and some of the *interpretations*) are excerpted.—*Books* and *MSS*. used and consulted in tracing the lemmata to their sources.—*Abbreviations* employed in the references, quotations, &c. (chiefly in the Latin Index).

Acta SS. = Acta Sanctorum. Fol. Antv., Paris., Brux. 1643-...

Aelfr. = Alfric (q.v.).

Afric. = Africani; see Can.

Agustini; see Augustinus.

Alfr. Vocab. = Archb. Alfric's Vocabulary in Wright-Wülcker's Anglo-Saxon and Old Engl. Vocabularies, col. 104 sqq.

Aldh. = Aldhelmus (S. Aldhelmi Opera, ed. J. A. Giles. 8° Oxon. 1844).

Alia (heading of Chapter XLVI) = Ars Phocae (q.v.).

Alia (heading of Chapter XLVII), refers to various unknown sources; and is, therefore, always followed by (=?) in the Latin Index.

Alia: de Caelo (heading of Chapter XLIV) = Liber Rotarum (q.v.) = Isidori (q.v.) Liber de natura rerum.

Amos (one of the Minor Prophets, for which see Chapter XVII).

Ancyr. = Ancyrani; see Can.

Anglia. Zeitschr. für Englische Philologie, 8°. Halle. 1878—.

Antioch. = Antiocheni; see Can.

Anton.; Antoni Vita; or Lib. Anton.; or Antoni Storia = S. Antonii Vita.

- A. Vita b. Antonii Abbatis, auctore Sancto Athanasio, episcopo Alexandrino, interprete Evagrio presbytero Antiocheno [Migne's Patrologia Lat., vol. LXXIII (Vitae Patrum), col. 126 sqq.].
- B [Fol. 159a of] D. Athanasii Archiep. Alexandrini...opera omnia. Fol. Coloniæ. 1548.
- C [p. 77<sup>a</sup> of Append. to] Liber de Passione D. N. Jesu Christi, &c., ed. Wolfg. Lazius; Basil. 1552.
  - D. Athanasii Opp., Paris. 1572
  - E. [p. 35 sq.] Herib. Rosweydi Vitae Patrum, fol. Antw. 1615.
  - F. [tom. 11. Jan., p. 126b] Acta Sanctorum (1643).
- G. Athanasii Opp., ed. Monach. Ord. S. Ben. e Congr. S. Mauri, Paris, 1698.
- H. Cambridge Univ. Library MS. (pressmark Mm. 4. 28), fol. 3<sup>a</sup> to 21<sup>b</sup>.

Apoc. = Apocalypse.

Apostt, = Apostolorum; see Can.

Arch. f. L. L.; or Arch. f. Lat. Lex.; or Archiv=Archiv für Latein.

Lexicographie und Grammatik, herausgeg. von Eduard Wölfflin.

8° Leipz. 1884—.

Ars Phocae in *Grammatici Latini* ex recens. Henr. Keilii, 8° Lips. 1868, vol. v, p. 405 sqq.

A.S. = Anglo-Saxon.

Athanasius (S.), Episc. Alex., Vita B. Antonii; see Anton.

Aug. = Augustinus (q.v.).

Augsburg edition (C) of the Catalogus S. Hieronymi (q.v.).

Augustinus (S.), Sermones, in Migne's *Patrol. Latina*, vols. XXXVIII and XXXIX (S. Augustini *Opera*, tom. v, ptes 1 & 2).—For some of the words special references to other works of S. Augustine have been given (see *sationis*).

B = text B = Utrecht edition of the Catalogus S. Hieronymi (q.v.).

Bened. reg. = S. Benedicti Regula.

- (A) Benedicti Regula Monachorum. Rec. Ed. Woelfflin. 8° Lipsiae (Teubner), 1895. All references are to the chapters and lines of this edition, with the corresponding chapters and lines of the Cassino edition (B) between [ ]. Wherever reference is made to C, D &c. these works are specially mentioned by their titles.
- (B) Regulae S. Benedicti Traditio Codicum MSS. Casinensium... cura et studio Monachorum in archicoenobio Casinensi degentium. Fol. Montiscasini, 1900.
- (C) Regula S. Patris Benedicti...rec. a P. Edmundo Schmidt. 8º Ratisbonae, 1880 [Lib. 11 of Vita et Regula SS. P. Benedicti una cum (Lib. 111) expositione Regulae a Hildemaro tradita, 8º Ratisbonae. 1880].
- (D) Migne's Patrologia Lat. tom. LXVI: S. Benedicti opera omnia [col. 205 sqq. S. Benedicti Regula, cum Comm.].
- (E) Regula S. P. Benedicti...rec. a P. Edm. Schmidt, 8° Ratisb. 1892.
- (F) Die Benediktinerregel (MS. 916), herausgeg. von Paul Piper (Bd 162 of Jos. Kürschner's *Deutsche National-Litteratur*, 1898).
- (G) Textgeschichte der Regula S. Benedicti, von Ludwig Traube [Band xxi, Abth. III of Abhandlungen der hist. Classe der Kön. Bayer. Akademie der Wissenschaften, 4° Munchen. 1898]. Cf. also Keronis Monachi S. Galli Interpretatio Vocabulorum Barbaricorum in Regula S. Benedicti [in Tom. II fol. 69 of M. H. Goldasti Rerum Alamannicarum Scriptores, Fol. Francof. 1661]; Arn. Schröer, Die Winteneyversion der Regula S. Benedicti, Latein. u. Englisch, 8° Halle a. S. 1888. H. Logeman, The Rule of S. Benet, Lat. & A.S. interlin. version, 8° Lond. (E.E.T.S.), 1888, &c., &c.
- Blume = Blume (F.), K. Lachmann und A. Rudorff, *Die Schriften der Römischen Feldmesser*, herausg. und erläutert. 2 Bde, 8°, Berlin, 1848 (Also quoted under the title *Gromatici veteres*).

Bonif. = (Pope) Bonifacius, see below Can., Canon.

Bosw. T.; or Bosworth T. = Bosworth (Jos.) and T. Northcote Toller, An Anglo-Saxon Dictionary; IV parts, 4°, Oxford, 1882—1892.

Breu. exsol. = Breuis exsolutio (heading of Chapter VI), which Glogger, guided by a quotation made by Schlutter (in vol. v of Journ. of Engl. and Germ. Philol.), discovered to be a collection of words extracted from Gildas' De excidio Britanniae (for which see the Addenda, at the end of this volume).

Brit. Mus. MS. (pressmark 28. h. 7; Cotton, Vesp. B. vi fol. 106<sup>b</sup>); see *Eucherius*.

Brüll (Ad.), Trachten der Jüden im nachbiblischen Alterthume. 8° Frankf. o. M. 1873.

Bülbring (Karl D.), Altengl. Elementarbuch. 8º Heidelb. 1902.

C = text C = Augsburg edition of the Catalogus S. Hieronymi (q.v.).

Cacciari (Petr. Thom.), Eccles. Hist. Eusebii Pamph. libri novem Ruffino interpr.; see below, Rufinus (edition C).

Calch. = Calchedonensis; see Can.

Cambr. MS.; or Cambridge MS.; or Cambridge Un. Libr. MS. (= one of the xiith cent., Pressmark Kk. 4. 6) contains (1) on foll. 41—44, a wholly Latin-Latin (without any Germanic interpretations) Glossary to the Old Testament, from Genes. to Job. It is akin to our Leiden Glossary, as is evident from the Glosses from Paralip. (Chapt. vii) to Job (Ch. xix, gloss 38), which occur on fol. 43b to 44b, and to which references are made in the I. or Latin Index. (2) on ff. 166b—176b Sancti Hieronymi (q.v.) Catalogus virorum illustrium. This latter work is also found in another Cambridge MS. referred to, which belongs to the xvth cent., and bears the Pressmark Dd. 7. 2. It is, however, imperfect, and the Greek words are not written in. Another Cambridge Univ. Library MS. of the xiith cent. (Pressmark Mm. 4. 28) contains, on foll. 3a to 21b, Vita S. Antonii...ab Athanasio...transl. ab Evagrio.

Can.; Canon. = Canones.—Can. Apostt. (= Canones Apostolorum); Can. Conc. Afric. (= Canones Concilii Africani); Can. Conc. Ancyr. (= C. C. Ancyrani); Can. Conc. Antioch. (= C. C. Antiocheni); Can. Conc. Calch. or Chalc. (= C. C. Calchedonensis); Can. Conc. Carth. or Carthag. (= C. C. Carthaginensis); Can. Conc. Constant. (= C. C. Constantinopolitani); Can. Conc. Gangr. (= C. C. Gangrensis); Can. Conc. Laod. (= C. C. Laodiceni); Can. Conc. Neocaes. (= C. C. Neocaesariensis); Can. Conc. Nic., or Nicaen. (= C. C. Nicaeni); Can. Conc. Sard. or Sardic. (= C. C. Sardicensis).

(A) The Canons and Decrees of the Popes, transl. into Latin, and collected by Dionysius Exiguus (circa A.D. 514—523), published in (pp. 97—274) Bibliotheca Juris Canonici Veteris... Ex antiquis Codd. MSS. Bibliotheca Christ. Iustelli..., cum versionibus Latinis..., opera et studio Gul. Voelli...et Henr. Iustelli...Fol. Lut. Paris. 1661.

The (first vol. of this) work contains (on pp. 1-96):

1. Codex Canonum Ecclesiæ Universæ a Concilio Calchedonensi, et Justiniano Imp. confirmatus, Græce et Latine, cum notis Chr. Iustelli: (a) A.D. 314 Concilii Ancyrani Canones xxv; (b) A.D. 314 Conc. Neocæsariensis Can. xiv; (c) A.D. 325 Conc. Nicæni oecumenici i Can. xx; (d) A.D. 325 Conc. Gangrensis Can. xx; (e) A.D. 341 Conc. Antiocheni Can. xxv; (f) A.D. 364 Conc. Laodiceni Can. Lix; (g) A.D. 381 Conc. Constantinopolitani oecumenici ii Can. vii; (h) A.D. 431 Conc. Ephesini oecumenici iii Can. viii; (i) A.D. 451 Conc. Calchedonensis oecumenici iv Can. xxix.

2. Codex Canonum Ecclesiasticorum Dionysii Exigui, sive Codex Canonum Vetus Ecclesiae Romanae, ab Hadriano Papa I Carolo Magno Romae quondam oblatus...Cui accesserunt antiquiora Pontificum Romanorum decreta, ab eodem Dionysio collecta, pp. 97—274.

This Collection was used by our Glossator, and contains, besides Dionysius' second redaction of his Latin interpretation of the above Canons [excluding h] pertaining to the Greek Church, also (a) Dionysius' Preface; tituli Canonum &c. (pp. 97-111); (b) sine dat., Regulæ (50) Eccles. SS. Apostolorum, prolatæ per Clementem Ecclesiæ Romanæ Pont., pp. 112-116; (c) A.D. 343 Canones Synodi Sardicensis XXI, pp. 137-141; (d) A.D. 419 Synodus apud Carthaginem Africanorum, quæ constituit canones CXXXVIII (Praef.; Professio fidei Niceni Concilij, and Cann. I-CXXXVIII), pp. 141-174. (e) Epistola Synodica S. Cyrilli et Concilii Alexandrini contra Nestorium (a Dionysio Exiguo in Latinum sermonem translata), pp. 175-180.—(f) Collectio Decretorum Pontificum Romanorum, authore Dionysio Exiguo, pp. 181-248. [This Collection contains Decrees of the Pontiffs: (1) Siricius, A.D. 385, pp. 190—194; (2) Innocentius, A.D. 404, pp. 194-211; (3) Zozimus, A.D. 417, pp. 211-212; (4) Bonifacius, A.D. 419, pp. 213-215; (5) Celestinus, A.D. 429, pp. 215—222; (6) Leo I., A.D. 444, pp. 222—239; (7) Gelasius, A.D. 492, pp. 239-245; (8) Anastasius, A.D. 498, pp. 245-248].-(g) Collectio II. Decretum Pontificum Romanorum ab Hilario ad Gregorium II., pp. 249-274. This (second) Collection contains Decrees of: (1) Hilarius, A.D. 461, pp. 249-253; (2) Simplicius, A.D. 467, p. 254; (3) Felix, A.D. 483, pp. 255—257; (4) Symmachus, A.D. 497, pp. 257—267; (5) Hormisda, A.D. 514, pp. 267—272; (6) Gregorius jun., A.D. 715, pp. 272—274.

The whole Collection has been reprinted in Migne's Patr. Lat. Tom. LXVII.

- (B) Collectio Canonum S. Isidoro Hispal. ascripta (contain. (a) Excerpta Canonum; (b) Graecorum Concilia; (c) Africæ Concilia; (d) Galliæ Concilia; (e) Concilia Hispaniæ; (f) Epistolae Decretales), in S. Isidori Hispalensis episcopi Opera Omnia, tom. VIII [Migne's Patrologia Latina, vol. LXXXIV].
- (C) Maassen (Dr Friedr.), Geschichte der Quellen und der Literatur des canonischen Rechts im Abendlande bis zum Ausgange des Mit-

telalters. Erster Band, 8° Gratz, 1870. [As Appendix, pp. 903 sqq.: (1) Caecilian's Version der Canonen von Nicaea; (2) Die gallischspanische Version der Canonen von Nicaea; (3) Die gallische Version der Canonen von Nicaea; (4) Das Fragment der freisinger Handschrift, der nicaenischen Canonen, c. 15—19; (5) Unknown version of the 13th and 20th Canon of Nicenum in a MS. of Saint Germain; (6) Die isidorische Version der Canonen von Nicaea, Ancyra, Neocaesarea, Gangra in ihrer ältesten Gestalt; (7) Canonen von Ancyra, Neocaesarea, Gangra und Antiochien in der gallischen Version; (8) A Canon not found among the known Canons of Antiochia (in a MS. of Saint Germain); (9) Die Canonen von Constantinopel in eigenthümlicher Version; (10) Die Canonen von Chalcedon in eigenthümlicher Version; (11) Die Canonen von Ephesus in eigenthümlicher Version, &c. &c.].

- (D) Sacrorum Conciliorum Nova, et amplissima Collectio, in qua praeter ea quae Phil. Labbeus, et Gabr. Cossartius, et Nicolaus Coleti in lucem edidere ea omnia insuper suis in locis optime disposita exhibentur quae Joannes Dominicus Mansi...evulgavit. Editio novissima ab eodem Patre Mansi...curata. Fol. Florentiae, 1759.
- (E) El. Steinmeyer u. Ed. Sievers, Althochd. Glossen, Berlin, 1882, 8°, 11, pp. 82—152.
- (F) Turner (C. Hamilton), Ecclesiae Occidentalis Monumenta Juris antiquissima, Fasciculi 1 pars prior (Canones Apostolorum, &c.), pars 2<sup>a</sup> (Nicaeni Concilii Praefat, Capitula Symbolum Canones). 4°, Oxon. 1899, 1904.

Cant. = Canticum Canticorum, in the Vulg.

Carth.; or Carthag. = Carthaginensis; see Can.

Cass.; or Cassian.; or De Cass.; or De Cass. Inst. = De Cassiano (heading of Chapters xxxiv and xlviii) = Johannes Cassianus, Institutionum libri xii, ex recens. Michael. Petschenig (vol. xvii of the Vienna Corpus Scriptt. Eccles. Latin., Vindob. 1888).—Nest. = Joh. Cassianus, De Incarnatione Domini Contra Nestorium, libri vii, ex recens. Mich. Petschenig (ibid.).—Conl. = Joh. Cassianus, Conlationes, ed. Mich. Petschenig (vol. xiii, pars 2, ibid.).

Cass. Psalm.; or Cass. in Psalm. = Magni Aurelii Cassiodori in Psalterium Expositio (vol. LXX of Migne's Patr. Lat.).—Cassiod. Hist. Eccl. = M. Aur. Cassiodori Historia Eccles. vocata tripartita (ibid. vol. LXIX).

Cat.; Catal.; Cat. Hier.; Cat. Hieron. = Catalogus Hieronymi = S. *Hieronymi* (q.v.) *Catalogus* or Liber de Viris illustribus.

Cent. Dict. = The Century Dictionary...of the English Language, ed. Will. Dwight Whitney, 6 vols., New York, 1889—91, fol.

Chalc. = Chalchedonensis, see Can.

Chron. I & II (also ent. Paralipomenon), in the Vulg.

Clem.; or Clem. Recognitt.; or Clem. Rom. Recognitt. = De Clemente (heading of Chapter xxxvIII) = S. Clementis Romani Recognitiones, Rufino Aquileiensi Presb. interprete, ed. E. G. Gersdorf, 8° Lips. 1838

(reprinted Migne, Patr. Gr. 1, col. 1201 sqq.).—Epistola prima Clementis ad Jacobum Fratrem Domini, in Migne's Patr. Lat. cxxx col. 19 sqq.

Conc. = Concilii; see Can.

Conl. = (Cassiani) Conlationes; see Cass.

Constant. = Constantinopolitani; see Can.

Cormac's Glossary, in W. Stokes' (q.v.) Three Irish Glossaries.

Corpus Glossary; see Hessels.

Cotgrave (Randle), A Dictionarie of the French and English tongues. Fol. Lond. 1611.

Cp. ; or Cp. Gloss.; or Cp. Glossary; or Corp. Gl.; or Corpus; or Corpus Gl. = Corpus Glossary, ed. J. H. Hessels (q.v.).

Cp. Int. = The Interpraetatio or First Part of the Corpus Glossary; see Hessels.

Cyprianus De op. et eleem. (in the Vienna Corp. Scriptt. Eccl. Latin. III, 1). D. = Dutch or Deutsches.

Dan. = Daniel (heading of Chapter xvi); see (besides the edd. of the Vulgate) Migne's Patr. Lat. vol. xxviii.

Decr.; or Decret. = Decretum or Decreta (Decr. Bonif.—Decret. Caelest.—Decret. Gelas.—Decr. Hil. (Hilar.)—Decr. Horm.—Decret. Innoc.—Decret. Leon.—Decr. Siricii—Decret. Symm.—Decret. Zosimi); see above Can., Canon.

Def. fid. Chalc. (Calch.) = Definitio fidei Chalcedonensis, ap. Mans. (q.v.) v11,  $752^a$ .

Def. fidei Conc. Nic. = Definitio fidei Concilii Nicaeni (for which see Chapter cxxxvII of the Can. Conc. Carth.); see above Can.; Canon. Defin. = Definitio; see Vetus Defin.

Defin. = Definitio; see Vetus Defini

De Vit, Gloss. = Glossarium (in Aeg. Forcellini Totius Latinitatis Lexicon, ed. Vinc. De-Vit, vol. vi, p. 461).

Dial. = Sulpicii Severi *Dialogi*; see *Mart*. (= S. Martini Storia). See also *Greg. Dial*.

Dief. = Diefenbach (Laur.), Glossarium Latino-German. mediae et infimae aetatis. 4° Francof. 1857.

Diez (Friedr.), Etym. Wörterb. der Romanischen Sprachen. 5° Ausg. 8° Bonn, 1887.

Dion. praef., or Dionys. Praef. = The Preface of Dionysius Exiguus, to his Latin translation of the Canones; see above Can.; Canon.

div. = diversis; see Ex diversis libris.

Don. Ars = Donati Ars Grammatica (in Grammatici Latini, ex recens. Henr. Keilii, vol. 1v, p. 353 sqq.).

Draconti. = Dracontii Carmina omnia (in Migne's Patr. Lat. vol. Lx, col. 595 sqq.).

Du. = Dutch.

Du C.; or Du Cange = Glossarium mediae et infimae Latinitatis conditum a Car. Dufresne Dom. Du Cange, ed. G. A. L. Henschel, 7 vols., 4° Paris, 1840—1850 (Edit. nova, a Leop. Favre, 10 vols., 4° Niort, 1883—1887).

E = English.

E = text E = Cambridge University Library MS. (pressmark Kk. 4. 6) containing the *Catalogus* S. Hieronymi (q.v.).

Eccl. Ist.; or Eccl. Istor.; or Eccles. Istor. = Ecclesiastica Istoria (heading of Chapter IV).—Eccl. Stor. = Ecclesiastica Storia (heading of Chapter V); see Eusebius.

Eccles. = Ecclesiasticus (Vulgate ed.).

Eclesiast. = Ecclesiastes (Vulgate ed.).

Ef.¹ (= Glossary Erfurt¹); Ef.² (= Glossary Erfurt²); both published by Georg. Goetz (Corpus Glossariorum Latinorum, vol. 5), the first (as Glossarium Amplonianum primum) on pp. 337—401; the second (as Glossarium Amplonianum secundum) on pp. 259—337. See Goetz' Preface (ibid.), p. xxvi.

Egilsson (Šveinbjörn), Lexicon Poëticum antiquae Linguae Septentrionalis. 8º Hafniae, 1860.

Engl. Dial. Dict. = The English Dialect Dictionary, ed. Jos. Wright, 6 vols., Lond. 1898—1905, 4°.

Ennius. Ennianae Poesis Reliquiae, recens. Joan. Vahlen. 8º Lips. 1854.

Ep. = The Epinal Glossary, Lat. and Old Eng., Fol. Lond. 1883 (Philol., and Early Engl. Text Societies).—Ep. —, means that the word is wanting in the Epin. Glossary.

Ep. S. Cyr. Alex. = Epistola Synodica S. Cyrilli; see above Can.; Canon. Esdr.; or Esdra = Esdras (in Vulgate ed.).

Esther (in Vulgate ed.).

Etym. Magnum = Etymologicon Magnum, ed. Thom. Gaisford. Fol. Oxon. 1848.

Euch. de Pond. = (A) in Chapters De Ponderibus et De Mensuris,
p. 158 sqq. S. Eucherii Lugdun. Instructionum libri duo, ed. Carol.
Wotke (vol. xxxı of the Vienna Corpus Scriptt. Eccles. Lat., 1891);
(B) MS. Brit. Mus. 28. h. 7; Cotton, Vesp. B. vi, fol. 106b.

Eucher. Instructt.; or Eucherii Instructt.; or Eucherius = S. Eucherii Instructt. (as above).

Eugeniae (Vita S.), quoted as Ex diversis libris (heading to Ch. XLII); published in Migne's Patr. Lat. vol. LXXIII, col. 605 sqq.

Eus.; or Euseb. = Eusebius Pamphili (Eccles, Historia) = Rufinus (q.v.).

Evagrius, Presbyt. Antioch.; see Anton.

Ex div. libris (heading of Ch. XLII), partly = Sulp. Sev. Dialogi; partly = Sulp. Sev. Vita S. Martini; partly = Vita S. Eugeniae Virg.

Exod. = Exodus, in the Vulg.

Exsol. = Exsolutio; see Breu. Exsolutio.

- Ezech.; or Ezek. = Ezechiel = Hiezechiel (heading of Ch. xv), in Vulgate ed.
- Facundi Def. = Facundi Hermian. Ep. Pro defensione trium Capitulorum Concilii Chalcedonensis libri XII (in Migne's Patr. Lat. LXVII, col. 527 sqq.).
- Fann. [Prisc.] = Q. Rhemnii Fannii Palaemonis De ponderibus et mensuris carmina (ad calc. Lucae Paeti de mensuris et ponderibus Romanis et Graecis...libri quinque, 4º Venet. 1573).
- Florio (John), A worlde of wordes, or...dictionarie in Italian and English, 4º London, 1598.
- Forcell.; or Forcellini; or Forcellini-De-Vit Lex. = Aeg. Forcellini
  Totius Latinitatis Lexicon, ed. Vinc. De-Vit, 6 vols. fol. Prati,
  1875—. Id., Onomasticon, ed. Vinc. De-Vit, 4 vols. (A—O), fol.
  Prati, 1859—.
- Franck; or Franck, Woordenb. = Franck (Joh.), Etymologisch Woordenboek der Nederlandsche Taal. 8° 'sGravenhage, 1892.

G. = German.

Gaisford (Thom.), see Etym. Magnum.

Gallée (Johan Hendr.), Old Saxon texts (with facsimiles). 8° Leiden, 1894.

Gangr. = Gangrensis; see Can.

Gebhardt (Oscar von), editor of Sophronius' Greek translation of St Jerome's Catal. de viris illustribus; see *Hier*.

Gen.; or Genes. = Genesis.

Georg.; or Georges' Wörterb.; or Georges Wrtb. = Georges (Karl Ernst), Latein.-Deutsches Handwörterbuch, 7th ed., 2 vols. 8° Leipz. 1879.

Germania. Vierteljahrsschrift für deutsche Alterthumskunde. Herausg. von Fr. Pfeiffer, K. Bartsch, Otto Behaghel. Jahrg. 1—xxxvII, 8° Stuttg., Wien, 1856—1892.

Gesenius (Will.), Hebrew and Chaldee Lexicon, transl. by Sam. P. Tregelles. 4º Lond. 1853.

Gildas Sapiens, De Excidio Britanniae, recens. Jos. Stevenson, Londin. 1838, 8°. Also in Migne's Patr. Lat. (1848), vol. LXIX, col. 327 sqq., and (ed. Th. Mommsen) in Monum. Germ. (Chron. Min. vol. III).

Glogger (P. Plac.), O.S.B., Das Leidener Glossar (Cod. Voss. lat. 4° 69). 2 parts. 8° Augsb. 1901—3.

Gloss. Werth. = Werden Fragments of Glossaries, published by J. H. Gallée (q.v.), p. 330 sqq.

Goetz; or Goetz' Corp. Gl. Lat. = Corpus Glossariorum Latinorum a
 Gust. Loewe incohatum...ed. Georg. Goetz, 7 vols. (2—7 published).
 8º Lips. 1888—1901. The 6th and 7th vols. contain elaborate indices to the Corpus.

Graff (E. G.), Althochdeutscher Sprachschatz, 6 vols. 4° Berl. 1834—1842.

Greg. Dial. = S. Gregorii Magni *Dialogorum* libri quatuor (in Migne's *Patr. Lat.* LXXVII, col. 149 sqq.).

- Greg. Reg. Past. = S. Gregorii Magni Liber regulae pastoralis, partes iv (in Migne's Patr. Lat. LXXVII, col. 14 sqq.).
- Grimm (Jacob & Wilh.), Deutsches Wörterbuch, vols. I— , 8° Leipz. 1854—.
- (Jacob), Gesch. der deutschen Sprache, 3° Aufl., 2 vols. 8° Leipz. 1868.
- Deutsche Mythologie, 4te Ausg. Besorgt von E. H. Meyer, 3 Bde. 8° Berlin, 1875.
- Habac. = Habacuc (in Vulg. ed.).
- Hagen (Herm.), Ars Anonyma Bernensis (pp. 62—142, Supplementum contin. Anecdota Helvetica, ex recens. H. Hageni in Grammatici Latini, ex recens. Henr. Keilii).—Id Commentum Einsidlense in Donati Artem minorem (ibid. pp. 202—274).
- Hattemer (Heinr.), Denkmahle des Mittelalters. 3 vols. 8° St Gallen, 1844—49.
- Helmreich (G.); Heraeus (Wilh.), contributors to the Archiv f. Lat. Lex.
  Hessels (John Henry), An Eighth-Century Latin-Anglo-Saxon Glossary (Corpus Christi College, Cambridge, MS. No. 144). 8° Cambridge (Univ. Press), 1890.
- Heyse (Theod.), Biblia Sacra Latina Vet. Testamenti Hieronymo interprete. 8º Lips. 1873.
- Hier.; or Hierem. = Hieremia (heading of Chapter XIV), or Jeremia, in Vulg. ed.—Hier. Threni (in Vulg. ed.).
- Hier.; or Hieron. = S. Eus. Hieronymus.

# I. Hieronymi Catalogus or Liber de Viris illustribus.

A. For general references and quotations regarding this work, Migne's edition has been used (*Patrol. Lat.* XXIII = S. Hieronymi *Opera*, vol. II, p. 602 sqq.).

#### Further references are made to

B = Liber de Viris illustribus [Utrecht, Ketelaer & De Leempt, c. 1473, 26 leaves, small fol. Copy in the Cambridge University Library, AB. 9. 38]. Without Gennadius.

- C = Liber de Viris illustribus, Augsburg, G. Zainer, c. 1470, with Gennadius 38 leaves (1—38), fol. [The vol. contains various other tracts. The Library of Trinity College, Cambridge, possesses two copies of this edition.]
- D. Hieronymus Liber de Viris illustribus..., herausg. von Ernest Cushing Richardson [Bd. xiv, Heft 1 of Texte und Untersuch. zur Geschichte der Altchristlichen Literatur, herausgeg. von Oscar v. Gebhardt und Adolf Harnack. The Latin text.—Bd. xiv, Heft 1b Hieronymus de Viris illustribus in Griechischer Uebersetzung (der sogenannte Sophronius) herausg. von Oscar von Gebhardt.—Bd. xiii, Heft 3 Die Griechische Uebersetzung der Viri Inlustres des Hieronymus, von Geo. Wentzel].

E. A manuscript of the 12th century, in the Cambridge University Library (pressmark Kk. 4. 6), containing among other works (for which see the Cat. of MSS. preserved in that Library) also the Catalogus of St Jerome. This MS. is mentioned by E. C. Richardson, but not, it would seem, used for his edition.

F. Another MS. of the xvth cent., likewise in the Cambridge Univ. Libr. (pressmark Dd. 7. 2).

#### II.

For references to the other works of St Jerome the vols. of Migne's ed. (Patr. Lat. XXII—XXX) have been used. It is to be noted that Hier. Comm. in Matth. (= Uerborum Interpretatio, heading of Ch. XXIX of Glossary) = S. Eus. Hieronymi Commentt. in Evangelium Matthaei (vol. XXVI of Migne's Patr. Lat.).—Hieron. Exposit. Interlin. libri Iob (vol. XXIII ibid.).—Hieron. Comm. in lib. Iob (vol. XXVI ibid.).—Id. translation of Bk. of Iob (vol. XXVIII ibid.).—Hieron. Praef. = his Praefationes to the various books of the Bible (in the Vulgate, q.v.).—Cf. Goelzer (Henri) Étude de la Latinité de St. Jérome, 8° Paris, 1884.—Paucker (C.) de Latinitate B. Hieronymi Observatt. 8° Berol. 1880.

Hiezech. = Hiezechiel; see Ezech.

Hil. = Hilarius; see above Can.

Hildebrand (Geo. Friedr.), Glossarium Latinum biblioth. Paris. antiq. saec. 1x. 8° Goett. 1854.

Holder (Alfr.), Alt-Celtischer Sprachschatz, 2 vols. 8° Leipz. 1896—1904.

Holthausen (Ferd.), on Glosses (in Anglia, &c.).

Horm. = Hormisda; see Can.

Innoc. = Innocentius (Decret. Innoc.); see Can., Canon.

Inst. = Institutiones; see Cass. = Cassianus.

Int. = Interpraetatio; see Cp.

Isai. = Isaiah (in the Vulgate).

Isid. = S. Isidorus.—Isid. Diff.; or de diff. Verbb. = S. Isid. Liber de differentiis Verborum (in Isidore's Opera, ed. Faust. Arevalo, tom. v, pp. 1—76; Migne, Patr. Lat. LxxxIII, coll. 9—70).—Isid. de natura rerum, or Liber de nat. rer. (Arev., tom. vII, pp. 1—62; Migne's Patr. Lat. LxxxIII, col. 957 sqq.). In the Glossary this treatise is entitled Liber Rotarum, on which see Areval I. 659.—Isid. Offic.; or de Offic. Eccles. = S. Isid. de Ecclesiasticis Officiis libri duo (Arev. tom. vI, pp. 363—471; Migne, LxxxIII, coll. 737—826).—Isid. Etym. = S. Isidori Etymologiae, libri xx (Arev. tomm. III & IV; Migne, LxxII).—Isid. Lib. Gloss. = Liber Glossarum, ex variis Glossariis, quae sub Isidori nomine circumferuntur, collectus (Arev. tom. vII, p. 443 sqq.; Migne, LxxxIII, col. 1331 sqq.).—Isid. contra Judaeos (in Napier's Old English Glosses, p. 205).—Isid. Epp. (Arev. vI, p. 557 sqq.; Migne, LxxxIII, col. 893 sqq.).

Ist.; or Istor. = Istoria; see Eccl. Ist.

Jer. = Jeremia = Hieremia (q.v.).

Jerome; Jerome's Catalogus; see Hieronymus.

Joann. = Joannes = Johannes, q.v.

Job (heading of Ch. XIX), in Vulg.

Joel (heading of Ch. xvII), in Vulg.

Joh. (= Johannes, heading of Ch. xxv), in Vulg.

Jon. = Jonas (heading of Ch. xvII), in Vulg.

Journal of Germanic Philology, ed. by Gust. E. Karsten, &c., vols. 1—5. 8° Bloomington, 1897—. (Vol. v. ent. The Journ. of English and Germanic Philol., ed. by Albert S. Cook and Gust. E. Karsten.)

Jud. = Judith (heading of Ch. xxi), in Vulg.

Keil (Henr.), Grammatici Latini ex recens. Henr. Keilii, 7 vols. (cum Supplem., ed. Herm. Hagen). 8º Lips. 1857—1880.

Kern (Hendr.), Notes on the Salic Law (in *Lex Salica*, ed. J. H. Hessels, 4° Lond. 1880).

Kluge (or Kluge, Wrtb.; or Et. Wört.; or Dict.) = Kluge (Friedr.), Etymologisches Wörterbuch der deutschen Sprache, 6° Aufl. 8° Strassburg, 1899.—Kluge, Leseb. (or A. S. Leseb.; Ang. Les.) = Angelsächsisches Lesebuch, 3° Aufl. 8° Halle, 1902.—Kluge (Friedr.), Vorgeschichte der altgerman. Dialekte (in vol. 1 of Herm. Paul's Grundriss der German. Philol., 8° Strassb. 1901).—Kluge (Friedr.) & F. Lutz, English Etymology. 8° Strassb. 1898.

Körting (Gustav), Latein.-romanisches Wörterbuch, 2e Ausg. 8º Paderb. 1901.

Landgraf (Gust.), contributor to the Archiv f. Lat. Lexic. (vol. IX). Laod. = Laodiceni; see Can.

Lazius (Wolfg.); see Vita S. Anton.

Lchdm = Leechdom (quoted by Bosw. T.) = Leechdoms, Wortcunning...of Early England, ed. by Cockayne (Master of the Rolls' series, 3 vols.).

Leo (Pope), see Can.

Leutsch (Ernst Ludw. von), see Paroemiogr.

Lew. and Sh.; or Lewis & Sh. = Lewis (Charlt. T.) and (Charles) Short, Latin Dict. 8° Oxf. 1879.

Lib. Anton. (Liber Antonii) = S. Antonii Vita; see Anton.

Liber de illustribus viris, see Hieronymus.

Lib. Rot. = Liber Rotarum (heading of Chapter xxvII) = S. Isidori (q.v.)

Liber de natura rerum.

Liddell & Sc. = Liddell (Henry Geo.) and (Rob.) Scott, Greek-Engl. Lexicon, 7<sup>th</sup> ed. 4° Oxf, 1883.

Löfstedt (Einar), on Glosses, in Archiv für Lat. Lexicogr. (vol. XIV).

Loewe (Gust.), Prodromus corporis glossariorum Latinorum. 8° Lips. 1876.

Lomm. = Lommatzsch; see Rufinus (Origen.).

Luc. = Lucas, in the Vulg.

Lutz (F.), see Kluge.

Maassen (Friedr.), Geschichte der Quellen...des Canonischen Rechts... Bd. 1. 8° Gratz, 1871.

Mai (Angelo, Card.), Spicilegium Romanum, 10 vols. 8º Romae, 1839
—44.

Malach. (heading of Ch. xvII) = Malachias, in the Vulg.

Man.; or Mans. = Mansi (Joann. Domin.) Sacrorum Conciliorum...collectio. Fol. Florent. 1759—

Ms. Sangerm. (Saint-Germain MS. quoted by Sabatier, q.v.).

Marc. = the Gospel of Mark, in the Vulg.

Mart. = S. Martinus = S. Martini (Martyni) Storia.

A. Sulpicii Severi Libri qui supersunt, recensuit et commentario critico instruxit Carolus Halm. 8º Vindob. 1866 [In vol. 1 of Corpus Scriptorum Ecclesiasticorum Latinorum. Editum consilio et impensis Academiae Litterarum Caesareae Vindobonensis, 8º Vindob. 1866.

—(a) Vita Sancti Martini episcopi et confessoris, pp. 107—137.—
(b) Epistulae III., pp. 138—151.—(c) Dialogi III., pp. 152—216].

B. Vita B. Martini Sabariensis, episcopi Turonensis, a Sulpitio Seuero Rhetore Latine conscripta [pp. 1—48 of vol. II of Liber de Passione D. N. Jesu Christi, carmine hexametro, incerto autore ad Donatum Episcopum scriptus. Abdiae Babyl. episcopi...de historia certaminis apostolici, libri x &c., ed. Wolfgangus Lazius. Fol. Basil. 1552].

C. Steinmeyer & Sievers, Althochd. Glossen, II, pp. 746—760.—Cf. Ueber die Weltchronik des sogenannten Severus Sulpitius und Südgallische Annalen des fünften Jahrhunderts, von Dr Oswald Holder-Egger. 8° Göttingen, 1875.

Math.; Matth. = Matheum (heading of Ch. xxiv) = the Gospel of Matthew, in the Vulg. See also *Hier. in Matth*.

Mich. = Michaeas (one of the Minor Prophets, quoted, without name, in Ch. xvII), in the Vulg.

Migne = Migne's Patr. Graec., or Migne's Patr. Lat.

Münst. Gloss. see Gallée (J. H.), Old Saxon texts p. 332 sqq.

Mus. M. = Museum Manuscript = British Museum Manuscript; see Brit. Mus. MS.

Nahum (one of the Minor Prophets, quoted, without name, in Ch. xvII), in the Vulg.

Napier, Gl.; or Napier, OEG. = Napier (Arth. S.), Old English Glosses. Oxford (Anecdota Oxoniensia) 1900. 4°.

Nennius; Nennius Vindicatus...von Heinr. Zimmer. 8° Berlin, 1893. Neocaes. = Neocaesariensis; see Can.

Nest. = Contra Nestorium (see Cassianus).

Nic. or Nicaen. = Nicaeni; see Can.

Nomin. = nominibus = De diversis nominibus = Donati Ars Gramm. (q.v.).

Non. = Nonius Marcellus, De compendiosa doctrina libros xx,...ed. W. M. Lindsay (Bibl. Teub.). 8º Lips. 1903— .

Num. = the Book of Numbers, in the Vulg.

Nyerup (Erasmus), Symbolae ad literaturam Teutonicam antiquiorem. 4º Hauniae, 1787.

OHG. = Old High German.

Origen. = Origenes; see Rufinus (Origen.).

Oros. = Pauli Orosii Historiarum adversum paganos libri VII, ed. Car. Zangemeister, Vindobonae, 1882, 8º [vol. v of Corpus Scriptt. Eccles. Lat., Acad. Vindobonensis].

Ose; or Osee (heading of Ch. XVIII), see, besides the Praef. Hier. in XII Proph. in the editions of the Vulg., also Migne's vol. XXVIII col. 1016<sup>A</sup>.

Oxf. D., or Dict. = A New Engl. Dict. on histor. principles, ed. James A. H. Murray, Henry Bradley &c. Fol. Oxf. 1889.

Paral. = Paralipomenon (also entit. Chron. I & II), in the Vulg.

Paroemiographi Gotting. = Paroemiographi Graeci, edd. Leutsch & Schneidewin, 2 vols. 8° Gött. 1839.

Patr. Lat. = (Migne's) Patrologia Latina.

Paul (Herm.), Grundriss; see Kluge.

Phocas = Ars Phocae; see Ars.

Piper (Paul), Nachträge zur älteren deutschen Litteratur. 8° Stuttg. 1893.

P.L. = (Migne's) Patrol. Lat.

Pond.; Ponder.; ponder. = Ponderibus (in the headings of the Chapters xxxI and xxxII, the sources of which are not known). Some references are made to Blume (q.v.); cf. also Lucae Paeti de mensuris et ponderibus Romanis et Graecis...libri quinque, 4° Venet. 1573 (ad calc. Q. Rhemnii Fannii Palaemonis de ponderibus et mensuris carmina, which is identical with Carmina de ponderibus et mensuris, published by Steph. Ladisl. Endlicher, as Prisciani Gramm. de laude Imperatoris Anastasii et de Ponderibus et Mensuris, 8° Vindob. 1828). —De Ponderibus, Nummis et Mensuris libri v, Auct. Jac. Capello, 2 pts., 4° Francof. 1606, 7.—De pond. Euch. = De ponderibus secundum Eucherium; see Eucherius.

Postgate (John P.), Corpus poetarum Latinorum. 8º Lond. 1893- .

Praef. Hieron. = Praefatio Hieronymi (besides his prefaces to the various books of the Bible, in the Vulg., see also Migne's Patr. Lat. XXIX).

Praef. in Ps. = Praefatio Cassiodori (q.v.) in Psalterium.

Probi Catholica (vol. IV p. 1 sqq. of Grammatici Latini, ed. Henr. Keilius). procem. = procemium, see Ruf.

Prompt. Parv.; Promptorium Parvulorum sive clericorum, ed. Alb. Way, 3 vols. 4º Lond. 1843—65.

Ps. = Psalterium = Cassiodori (q.v.) Comment. in Psalterium.

Reg. = I & II Regum, in the Vulg.

Reg.; or Regula; see Benedicti regula.

Rhenanus' edd. of Rufinus (q.v.).

Rhys (John), Celtic Britain (First ed.), 8° Lond. 1882; (Third ed.) 8° Lond. 1904.

Rich.; or Richardson = Richardson (Ern. Cushing) his text of the Catalogus S. *Hieronymi* (q.v.).

Rosweydus (Herib.); see Vita S. Antonii.

Rot.; see Lib. Rot.

Rufin. (Origen.) = Origenis Opera omnia, ed. Car. Henr. Edu. Lommatzsch, 25 vols. Berol. 1831 &c.

Ruf. = Rufinus, presbyt. Aquil. (his translation into Latin of Eusebius' Ecclesiastica Historia, in 1x Books, with a xth and xth of his own added). Ruf. prooem. (= prooemium, or his general preface)—Ruf. II prooem. (= preface to his 2nd chapter).—Ruf. Ep. ad Chrom. (= his preface to Chromatius, prefixed to the editions of the Eccles. Hist.).

A. D. Eusebii Pamphili Caesareae Palestinae Episcopi *Ecclesiasticae historiae* libri IX [Rufino presbyt. Aquil. interprete]...Ruffini ...*Ecclesiasticae historiae* libri II, ed. Beatus Rhenanus. Antverpiae, 1548, small 8°.

B. Eusebii Pamphili Caes, libri nouem, Ruffino interprete. Ruffini ...libri duo, ed. Beatus Rhenanus [pp. 1 to 260 of: Autores historiae Ecclesiasticae, Basileae, 1535, fol.].

C. Ecclesiasticae Historiae Eusebii Pamphili libri novem Ruffino... interprete, ac duo ipsius Ruffini libri, studio F. Petri Thomae Cacciari, 2 ptes; acced. Dissertat. de vita, fide, ac Eusebiana ipsa Ruffini Translatione. 4º Romae, 1740, 41.

D. Steinmeyer & Sievers, Althochd. Glossen, II, pp. 596-607.

E. Eusebius Werke, Zweiter Band. Die Kirchengeschichte, bearbeitet...von Ed. Schwartz. Die Lateinische Uebersetzung des Rufinus, bearbeitet...von Theod. Mommsen; erste Hülfte = Band IX. 1 of Die Griechischen Christlichen Schriftsteller der ersten drei Jahrhunderte. 8° Leipzig, 1903.

The references in the Lat. Index are all to the edition A; the editions B and C are specially named, where reference is made to them. Cacciari's edition (C) would have been used as the primary one, if it had been accessible to me at the outset. Only after I had read edition A four or five times, and made all my references to it, did I learn that a copy of this apparently rare work (which is neither in the Cambridge University Library, nor in the British Museum) was in the possession of the Rev. Prof. John E. B. Mayor, who kindly lent it to me for further reference.

It was, for various reasons, not practicable to use Mommsen's edition, or to verify the references to the Rhenanus ed. of 1548 with his text. Firstly, Mommsen's edition as yet does not go further than Rufinus'

fifth Book, so that, in any case, the work of verification would have remained incomplete. Secondly, the arrangement and pagination of edition A differ so widely from that of Mommsen's that a verification of all the references would have been too great a labour. Those who use the present work are, therefore, requested to make these verifications themselves if they require them. The differences between Mommsen's text and that of the earlier edition do not seem to be very material.

Sab.; or Sabat. = Bibliorum Sacrorum Latinae versiones antiquae, seu Vetus Italica...Op. Petri Sabatier, 3 tomm. fol. Remis, 1743.

Salam. = De Salamone (heading of Ch. VIII) = Liber Proverbiorum, in the Vulg.

S. Aug. (see Sanctus Augustinus); S. Hier. (see S. Hieronymus); S. Isidorus (see S. Isidorus); St Jerome; St Jerome's Catalogus (see Hieronymus).

S. Mart. Stor.; or S. Martyni Storia; see Mart.

Sangerm.; see Ms. Sangerm.

Sap. = Sapientia (heading of Ch. XI), in the Vulg.

Sard.; or Sardic. = Sardicensis; see Can.

Schade = Schade (Oskar), Altdeutsches Wörterbuch, 2<sup>e</sup> Aufl. 8<sup>o</sup> Halle, 1872—82.

Schlutter (Otto B.), Articles on Glosses in Journal (q.v.) of German Philol.; Anglia (q.v.); Arch. (q.v.) f. Latein. Lexicogr.

Schmeller (Joh. Andr.), Bayerisches Wörterbuch, 4 vols. 8° Stuttg. 1827—37.

Schmidt (Edm.), Regula S. Benedicti; see Bened. reg.

Schneidewin (Friedr. Wilh.), see Paroemiogr.

Sept. = Septuagint.

Serm. = Sermones, see Augustinus (S.).

Sermones de Regulis (heading of Ch. 11); see Bened. reg.

Servius Comm. in artem Donati (vol. IV p. 403 sqq. of Grammatici Latini, ed. Henr. Keilius).

Sev. = Severus (Sulpicius); see Mart.

Siev.; or Sievers; or Sievers, Gr.; or Sievers, A. S. Gramm. = Sievers (Ed.), An Old English Grammar, transl. and edited by Alb. S. Cook, 3rd ed. 8° Boston and London, 1903.

Skeat (Rev. Prof. W. W.). An etymol. dictionary of the Engl. language, 3rd ed., 4° Oxf. 1898.—A concise etymol. dictionary of the English language, new ed. 8° Oxf. 1901.—The Vision of William concerning Piers the Plowman, 2 vols. 8° Oxf. 1886.—The Complete Works of Geoffrey Chaucer, 8 vols. 8° Oxf. 1894—97.—Principles of Engl. Etymol., 2nd ed., Ser. I. 8° Oxf. 1892.

Sonny (Adolf), contributor to Archiv f. Lat. Lexicogr.

Sophon. = Sophonias, one of the minor prophets excerpted by the Glossator (under Chapter xvII), in the Vulg.

Sophron. = Sophronius, translator of St Jerome's Cat. de Viris illustribus into Greek; see *Hier*.

Souter (Alex.), A Study of Ambrosiaster. 8º Cambr. 1905.—De codicibus manuscriptis Augustini in Sitzungsber. der philos. hist. Klasse der Wiener Akad., Bd. 149 (p. 1 sqq.), Wien, 1905.

SS. = Sanctorum, see Acta Sanctorum.

Steinm.; or Steinm. A.H.G.; or Steinm. Ahd. Gl. = Steinmeyer (Elias) und Eduard Sievers, Die althochdeutschen Glossen, gesammelt und bearbeitet. 4 vols. 8° Berlin, 1879—98.

Stephanus (Henr.), Thesaurus Graecae Linguae, edd. C. B. Hase, &c. 8 vols. fol. Paris, 1831—65.

Stokes (Whitley), Three Irish Glossaries. 8º London, 1862.

Stor. = Storia; see Eccl. Stor.

Suidae Lexicon, Cambridge (Lud. Kuster, 1705) and Oxford (Thom. Gaisford, 1834) editt, of.—Reprint of the Oxf. ed. by God. Bernhardy, Halis, 1843—53.

Sulp. Sev. = Sulpicius Severus (Dial.; or Vit. or Vit. S. Mart.; or Epist.); see Mart.

Symm. = (Pope) Symmachus, see above Can., Canon.

Thalhofer (Valent.), Erklär. der Psalmen, 7<sup>e</sup> Aufl. 8<sup>o</sup> Regensb. 1904.

Thes. L. Lat.; or Thes. Ling. Lat.; or Thesaur. L. Lat. = Thesaurus Linguae Latinae, edit. auctoritate... A cademiarum... Berolin., Gotting. &c. 4º Lips. 1900—

Thesaurus Graecae Linguae; see Henr. Stephanus.

Thren. = Threni; see Hieremia.

Tobias, in the Vulg.

Tommaseo (Nicc.), Dizionario della lingua italiana. 4º Torino, 1861.

Traube (Ludw.), Textgeschichte der Reg. Benedicti, 1898 (see *Benedicti* regula).

Utrecht ed. (B) of the Catalogus Hieronymi (q.v.).

Vahlen (Johann); see Ennius.

Uerba (heading of Chapter XL; the sources of which have not yet been ascertained).

Uerba de multis (heading of Ch. XLV) = Ars (q.v.) Phocae.

Uerba de S. Martyni Storia; see Sulp. Sev.

Uerb. Int.; Uerb. Interpr. = Uerborum Interpretatio (heading of Ch. xxix) = Hieronymi (q.v.) Comm. in Matth. [In certain cases this heading refers to St Jerome's Cat. or Liber de Vir. illustr.]

Verdam (J.), Middelnederl. Woordenboek. 8° 'sGravenhage. 1882— .

Verg.; Vergilius, see Virgilius.

Vers. ant. Sab., see Sabatier.

Vet. Defin. fid. Chalc. or Vetus Defin. fidei Conc. Chalc. (in Mansi's Sacrorum Conciliorum Collectio).

Vienna Corpus Scriptt. Eccles. Latinorum. 8º Vindobonae, 1866-

Virg. Ecl.; Virg. Geo.; Virg. Aen. = P. Vergili Maronis Eclog., Georg., and Aen., ed. John Conington, 3 vols. 8° London, 1881—1884.

Vit. S. Ant.; Vit. S. Anton.; Vita S. Anton.; Vita S. Antonii; Antoni Vita; Antoni Storia; or Liber Antonii; see Anton.

Vit.; or Vita S. Eugen.; see Euchen.

Vita S. Martini; see Mart.

Vulg. = Vulgata, or Vulgate = Biblia Sacra Vulgatae editionis, 4º Antwerp (Joan. Bapt. Verdussen, 1715).

Wace (Henry), The Apocrypha, 2 vols. (Speaker's Commentary). 8° Lond. 1888.

Werd. or Werden Gloss.; or Werden fragm.; or Gloss. Werth.; see Gallée (J. H.), Old Saxon texts.

Windisch (Ernst), Irische Texte mit Wörterbuch. 8º Leipz. 1880-- .

Wölfflin, or Woelfflin (Eduard), Editor of, and contributor to Archiv f. Lat. Levicogr.

Wordsw. and White = Wordsworth (John) & (Henry Jul.) White, Novum Testamentum...Latine secundum editionem S. Hieronymi. 4º Oxon. 1898.

Wotke (Karl), Editor of Eucherius in the Vienna Corpus.

Wright W. = Wright-Wülcker - Wright (Thom.) & Rich. Paul Wülcker, Anglo-Saxon and Old Engl. Vocabularies, 2 vols. 8° Lond. 1884.

Wrt. Voc.; see Wright-Wülcker.

Wrtb. = Wörterbuch.

Wuelcker, Vocab.; see Wright (Thom.) & (R. P.) Wülcker.

W. W. = Wright-Wülcker (q.v.).

Zachar. = Zacharias, in the Vulg.

Zeitschr. f. d. (D.) A. (or Alt. or Alterth.) = Zeitschrift für deutsches Alterthum, herausg. von Moriz Haupt. 8º Leipz. 1841— .

Zimmer (Heinr.); see Nennius.

Zycha (Joseph.), Editor of vol. xxvIII (Augustinus) of the Vienna Corpus Scriptt. Eccl. Latin.



#### Fol. 20aa

### [I] GLO SAE\* UERBORUM DE CANONIBUS;

- Aleator . ludor cupiditatis.
- 2 Alea, ludum tabule a quodam mago.
- 3 Anathema . abhominatio.
- 4 Alias . alibi . uel interdum uel nonnumquam.
- 5 Ambone analogio
- 6 Absidam . grece . sedem episcopalem.
- 7 Alligare insinuare . mittere.
- 8 Allectat : expectat :
- 9 Adeptus: consecutus. indeptus:
- 10 Admittere : exequere :
- 11 Adnisus : conatus :
- Aemulum: eiusdem rei studiosum quasi imitatorem
- 13 Autenticum: auctorale.:
- 14 Arcimandritis†:
- 15 Aboleri: a memoria tolli:
- 16 Barbari: feroces. inmites. atroces:
- 17 Byrrus : cuculla breuis :
- 17ª NOTES
- 18 Barbarus§
- 19 Concilium: grece . latine: consilium: conuentus: uel concentus. coetus:
- 20 Catezizatur : inbuitur :
- 21 Conpetentes: appetentes:
- 22 Caticumini : grece : latine : instructi : uel auditores :
- 23 Catafrigarum:
- 24 Cymiteria: sepulture:

- 25 Commessationes : luxosa . conuiuia cum meretribus
- 26 Conductores:
- 27 Conibentes : consentientes : uel conspirantes ;
- 28 Coetus : conuentus : uel congrecacio : uel socius :
- 29 Concinnant: consonant:
- 30 Collega : conmanipularius : uel conscius :
- 31 Catholicus : grece . latine . uniuersalis : Fol. 20<sup>ab</sup>
- 32 Coniuratio: consensio: conuentio
- 33 Conspiratio: consensio
- 34 Carperetur : consumeretur
- 35 Dogma: doctrina: uel difinitio:
- 36 Diocesis : parrochiis : idest adiaciens domus uel : gubernationibus :
- 37 Delirantes . mente . deficientes :
- 38 Depromsimus: protulimus
- 39 Diuus : imperator¶ . qui post mortem ut deus habetur
- 40 Defensores : custodes : presides :
- 41 Diaconico: ministerio:
- 42 Decisio:
- 43 Deuocari
- 44 Dissimulat . conticiscit : preterita neglegit
- 45 Emergit : surgit . uel . exuperat :
- 46 Essentia. substantia.
- 47 Experiuntur . explicantur . uel cognoscant.
- \* MS. leaves space for one letter between O and S.
- † The second r is blurred, and not clear.
- § The words numbered 17° and 18 are written (Note or Nolk? in capitals; Barbarus, in somewhat larger characters than the other glosses) in a vacant space left between the B and C glosses, in faint ink, but apparently by the same hand as the rest of the Glossary.
  - ¶ Between the m and p a letter (apparently p, for pro) has been erased.

48 Extorris : ui . expulsus . quasi exterris :

49 Epistilia : grece . quae super capitella columnarum ponuntur

50 Emancipent: manum mittent. 51 Exempta: uiolenter sublata:

52 Exhibere : accersire : adesse : uel presto esse.

53 Funestis: mortiferis. uel scelestis:

54 Foenus usura . uel lucrum

55 Fauor : plausus

56 Foro : otio :

57 Genuinum decus : naturale uel intimum :

58 Gesta municipalia: uel publica:

59 Inoleuit: increuit informatur

60 Immolatio: mactatio:

61 Inprobitas; procacitas:

62 Idonea : apta utilis habilis ; Fol. 20ba

63 Inhibere : detineri : morare :

64 Insigne : nobile : clare.

65 In pulpito: in gradu. ubi lectores legunt;

66 Intimare: suggerere:

67 Insolens: inportunus; inpotens: intollerandus

68 Liberalitas : donatio que a diuite . fit :

69 Lasciuientes : feruentes :

70 Mancipantur\*; manu.capiantur

71 Modeste: moderate: uel recte:

72 Machomenus

73 Mensis . yperberetheus

74 Massa diocesium:

75 Matricis:

76 Manumissio : eo quod manu , mitterentur

77 Negotia ecclesiastica . actum rei alicuius :

78 Nauiter : ualde :

79 Obtentu

80 Omousion : grece . latine . una substantia patris . et filii :

81 Orarium: mappam. uel linteamen

82 Operam dare : benigne facere : uel . conciliare :

. 83 Parrochia:

84 Peruadere : alienam rem . manifeste presumere. :

85 Proscribantur : porro . uel palam scribantur :

86 Prorsus . plane : procul dubio : uere :

87 Presul: iudex: uel. presidens. uel defensor:

88 Paruipendens : pro nihilo habens : uel ducens :

89 Prosequantur: comitantur:

Philacteria : scriptura diuersa : que propter infirmos habentur . uel carmina ;

91 Ptochiis in dispensationibus pauperum: uel negotia†

92 Pragmatica forma : principalia imperia : †

93 Primatem: dioceseos; Fol. 20bb

Passim; promiscue : publice . uulgo : uel . per omnia

95 Portentuose : monstruose : exempli . causa . cum sex digitis nati ;

96 Promulgantes: proponentes:

97 Preces dictare:

98 Predia: possessiones:

99 Papa:

Proconsolaris: in uice consulis: quia suffecti erunt consulibus:

\* Goetz, Corpus v. 411, 13 has manicipantur; but MS. as above.

† Goetz, Corpus v. 411, 34, 35 prints the glosses 91 and 92 thus: (34) Ptochiis indispensationibus pauperum uel negotia imperia; (35) Pragmatica forma principalia. And Nyerup has negotia after principalia. But the MS. has distinctly:

(91) P. in d. pauperum }

(92) Pragmatica forma : principalia | negotia

(93) Primatem : dioceseos : | imperia

and hence we must here read as above; see, however, below, Ch. xxxix. 58, 63.

Procuratores: quod uice curatoris fungantur:

102 Prosequor : deducor :

103 Primicirius :\*

ro4 Presbiteras . uxores : presbiterorum quas antea

105 Pubertas:

106 Querimoniam: querellam grauem:

107 Ruris : uille :

108 Redigerit : reuocauit :

Religio: quod per eam uni deo religamur:

 $\mathbf{Resipiscant}:\mathbf{amiss}$  amissam. recipiant

sapientiam

extra uinum inebriare potest.

cuius licet nomen hebreum sit=
tamen latinum sonat. pro eo
quod ex suco frumentorum. et
pomorum: conficitur:

112 Stipendiist quae militibus dantur:

113 Sacrilego: profano:

114 Synodus : grece : latine comitatus : uel coetus

semi.tripla uel sedecim pro uno:

116 Seditio: rixa. tumultus

Secus . contra . difinita . aliter . prope.

num . uel . cognitio :

peratores : dissensatores : se-

120 Subnixe . subposite : subjecte :

Secta . heresis : insecutio : Fol. 21<sup>aa</sup>

Sanctiones : iudicationes : uel difiniciones :

123 Scolasticus:

124 Stipulatio: testatio:

Sanxit : iussit : tribuit . iudi-

126 Spectacula: ubi omnia publicis¶ uisibus prebetur inspectio

5127 Striones : qui muebri indumento gestus inpudicarum feminarum exprimebant

Secretalem . penetrabiliorem : occultiorem .

Suspicio: coniectura: uel . argumentum:

130 Sexus: natura:

131 Sinceritas: integritas:

132 Satagimus : delibamus . uel cogitamus :

133 Scrupulum: axietas: angor: molestia:

# [II] INTERPRETATIO SERMONUM: DE REGULIS:

Adtonitis: intentis:

2 Anachorita : grece . heremita :

3 Angarizanti : cogenti : uel conpellenti :

4 Abba: syrum. pater: genitor:

5 Antiphona: uox . reciproca:

6 Analogium : lectorium ligneum . in quo leguntur libri;

7 Alleluia : laudate dominum : siue pater : filius : spiritus sanctus.

8 Apostatare; retrorsum ire;

9 Acidiosus || : ociosus : instabilis . tristis : uagus ;

To Ad missas . ad nitas ::

Absurdum: inconveniens; turpem\*\*: indignum;

12 Anxius : angustiosus :

<sup>13</sup> Biblioteca : reconditorium librorum.

14 Bracile : zona

Biberes : potiones :

16 Aptet : congruet ; implet :

17 Angariati : portati ;

† A letter (e) erased between the ii of stipendiis.

§ MS. apparently sescopla; but perhaps o was badly altered into u.

¶ MS. has a perpendicular stroke over the u.

MS. Acediosus, with i above the e. 

Two letters erased between ad and nitas.

\*\* MS. has perpendicular stroke over the p.

<sup>\*</sup> MS. Primicerius, with i above the e.

18 Aditum : introitum ;

19 Adhibenda\*; prestanda;

20 Alimentis : cibis ; Fol. 21ab

21 Adsignato: tradito: uel deputato:

22 Accommodentur; prestantur:

23 Adolatur : plandus ; adsentatur :

24 Causetur, murmuretur:

25 Contuentes : conspicientes ; con :

26 Contempto: pertinax: durus; superbus

27 Crapula: ingluuies: uel uomitum;

28 Continuanda: iugiter. semper. perpetuo:

20 Conlationes: conlocutiones † : con-

ferentes§:

30 Condatur: reponatur

31 Congruus aptus.

32 Contentus; patiens; sufficiens;

33 Cenobita : grece : in commune : uiuens

34 Catholicus: uniuersalis;

35 Candela: a candendo: dicitur

36 Contuma ¶ contradictor;

37 Canonicas: regulares horas;

38 Coculam:

39 Commissum: commendatum:

40 Deificum lumen . diuinum : lumen :

41 Desidiosus : ignauus : pigrus :

42 Degradauerit : deposuerit ;

43 Diocesim; gubernationem; 44 Discretio; seperatio. diuisa;

45 Desidia † ignauia;

46 Desidens : negligens ; uel otium cupiens:

47 Digessimus : congrecauimus; or-

dinauimus

48 Dirum: asperum: durum:

49 Dissimulat : preterita neglegit :

50 Discussio: examinatio;

51 Digesti : dispositi : excocti : 52 Deuteronomii : secunda : lex :

53 Decani: a decim nominantur:

54 Demum; postea:

-55 Deliberatio:

Fol. 21ba

56 Exhibita \*\* : adtributa : prestita :

57 Excesserit : oblitus fuerit : culpauerit;

58 Eulogias . salutationes;

59 Expedit: prodest: commodum est:

60 Excessus : extulit se ;

61 Excedere . abire . effugire ;

62 Examine . ivdicio † † . discussione.

63 Efficaciter . uelotiter \$\simes :

64 Edacem: commedentem;

65 Excussum : obliuionem : uel derelictum:

66 Explicantur.

67 Expedire: prodesse: uel commodare:

68 Expenso : expleto :

69 Eptaticum; septem . librorum: uel septenarium.

70 Exigerit : poposcerit : uel peti-

71 Extollit abstrahit ¶¶:

72 Experimento: probamento:

73 Emulatione : zeli :

74 Feria:

75 Fomenta: nutrimenta:

76 Fortuitu : subito :

77 Facile: citius: uelotiter;

\* h added above the line, between the d and i.

† The letter following the l seems to be u altered to o.

§ MS. conferentes, but above the e is a small slanting perpendicular stroke (=i), with a dot, as mark for insertion, underneath; hence leg. conferenties; the word required is, apparently, conferentiae or conferentias.

 $\P$  One or two letters erased after the a; traces of x are still visible.

The first : on an erasure. # Several letters erased between the lemma and the interpret. \*\* The h added above the line, between x and i.

++v added above the line between i and d.

§§ The i lengthened by a stroke below the line.

¶¶ The h added above the second a with . on its left side, and . after the second a. The r is a correction of c.

- 78 Fungi . administrare ; 79 Feruentissimo ; ardentissimo :
- 80 Girouagum; circum uacantium; 81 Gradu suo: honore priuato:

82 Gestantes: portantes.

83 Grauitas : modestia : 84 Heremita : remota.

85 Hymnum; laudem;

86 Himina: medius sextarius: cỳatos. III.

87 Aabita\* : dicta : constituta :

88 Instrumenta : peritie : utensilia : uel materie :

89 Inprobus; ingratus procax . inportunus

<sup>90</sup> Indigeries: ingluuies; Fol. 21<sup>bb</sup>

91 Inconpententibus† : non aptis . incongruis.

92 Inbicilles: infirmi. flebiles:

93 Inlecebris: inlicitis sollitationibus:

94 Inrogatis.

95 In§ scamnis . in subselliis§:

96 Inprobitas : procacitas : inportunitas :

97 Kalende: uocationes:

98 Kýrieleison : domine . miserere . nobis;

59 Laetania; rogatio: postulatio 100 Lectisternia: uestmenta¶ lecti: uel, ordo lectorum.

101 Lena: toscia:

102 Literis commendatitiis,

103 Licet : quamuis :

104 Libet : quibuscumque :

105 Loquacitate . uerbositate :

106 Leguminum : omne genus fauorum :

107 Monachus : grece . singularis latine;

108 Merito: iuste:

109 Modulatis: suauiter || cantatis:

110 Missas; amissas. uel finite:

Morbida : languida.
Matta‡ . Mappula.

113 Morosa . diuturna : uel longa :

114 Maturitas.

Munuscula : parua : dona

116 Materia : origo : uel initio :

Noxa: culpa. crimen:

non manifestare non publicare .

Nonnos : patres : 120 Norma ; regula :

121 Non prodicus; non superfluus.

122 Nimius . superfluus.

Non expedit: non conuenit.

124 Moderate: temperate:

maiore opere Fol. 22aa

126 Officina:

Obiurgetur; increpetur : culpetur :

128 Obstinatus; disperabilis . uel . inreuocabilis.

129 Ortodoxis: recte gloriosis;

130 Presbiter

131 Pentecosten:;

132 Plane: sane: certe;:

133 Procaciter: superbe:

\* The initial capital is distinctly A; but the place where the word appears suggests Habita.

+ Owing to some spot in the vellum the scribe left a blank for about four or five letters between In and con-.

§ These four words are written in one line in the MS., and in subselliis may be an interpretation to in seamnis. But it is also possible that we have here two lemmata, to which interpretations are wanting, as in scamnis appears in 1x. 10, and in subselliis in x1. 6 of the Regula.

¶ So in MS.

|| Goetz, Corpus v. 413, 69, prints succuit, and suggests suauiter in his Index. But the MS. has distinctly suauiter, not succuit.

# MS. leaves a vacant space for about seven letters between Matta and Mappula.

Passim: huc\* atque\* illuc: uel: leuiter:

135 Psalmus: cantus:

136 Priuatis; alienatis . seperatis:

137 Prodicus: dissipator: substantie

138 Penso; censo†; 139 prelatus . prepositus†.

Provide : conto : inc

141 Prouide : caute : iuste :

142 Quantitas . mensura :

Quippiam . modis : 144 remota§ . ablata

145 Reculicet . reculcet; reu

146 Regula dicta . eo quod recte ducit;

147 Ratiociniis . unde ratio conprobetur;

148 Recreare:

Responsoria : qui ab uno incipitur et ab aliis responditur

150 Rubor; uerecundia:

orum: uel. collectio coadunatio

152 Senpectas : sapientes : uel seniores pectore.

153 Scrupolositas : dubietas : uel . anxietas . uel animi molestia :

154 Scapulare:

155 Suspendatur : separetur¶ :

[Here follow the words Sarabaita: rennuita, but crossed through.]

156 Stirpator: desertator:

157 sin alias . sin aliter :

158 Si quo minus : alioquin ;

<sup>159</sup> Subrogetur; submittitur: uel. ministretur: 160 Sagatitas . inuestigatio : uelocitas :

161 Sarabaite; lingua egyptiaca; in latino dicitur rennuite; qui refutant. abbatem habere; Fol. 22ab

162 Subiectione : subditione : 163 Spernendo : despiciendo :

164 Suaderi||; censeri : hortari :

165 Sane; certe:

166 Sincera: integra;

indicationem: suffragationem:

168 Uilicationis; prepositure:

169 Ubi et ubi; ubicumque:
170 Uerbotenus: sicut dico;

171 Uerbigratione: sermotinatione:

Temere; sine consilio : uel presumptuose :

Tirannidem \*\*; crudelem : siue duriter.

174 Temperiem: moderatione:

175 Teterrimum; nigerrimum:
176 Temperius††; temperamento

177 Taxauimus; designauimus:

<sup>178</sup> Tirannides; iniquas potestates; <sup>179</sup> Typo: inflatio cordis: uel:

superbia:
180 Tueri protegere . uel custodire ::

181 Uiolentia: fortia:

182 Uerbi gratia : ut si forte . uel uerbi¶¶ causa,

183 Uicibus; unum post unum:

184 Uti : quemadmodum sicuti :

¶¶ Added above the line between three dots.

185 Uerbera; flagella: 186 Utatur; fruatur:

187 Uetustam: ueterem:

\* An erasure between these two words.

† Here and in a great many following cases the MS. makes one entry of two glosses.

§ There is a stroke over the rem, and Goetz prints remmota. But the stroke differs from the usual sign for contraction. The scribe probably meant to separate the two glosses.

 $\P$  MS. seperetur, with a above the second e.

 $\parallel$  MS. suadere, with i above the second e.

 $\ddagger$  A perpendicular stroke above the first p.

§§ The i is added above the line.

\*\* MS. Tirandem, with ni above the line between the n and d.

†† MS has—over the u with a dot above the stroke to mark it for erasure.

- 188 Coenobium . ex greco et latino conpositum esse dicitur : est enim habitaculum plurimorum :
- 189 Monasterium : unius monachi est habitatio mono enim apud grecos solum est :
- 190 Parcitate: abstinentie:
- 191 Prodiderit; manifestauerit:
- 192 Pusillanimes : inbicilles ;
- 193 Precipuis; maximis; Fol. 22ba

#### [III] UERBA DE SANCTI MARTYNI STORIA

- 1 Ueternorum: ueterum:
- 2 Ambiensium: prouintie,
- 3 Quartane : XIIII lune :
- 4 Inficiabor; contradico;
- 5 Amiculo : amicto ;
- 6 Toronicum :: genus ligni;
- <sup>7</sup> Byrrum : cocula breuis.

  8 Lacernam; prolixor cocula;
- 9 Turnodo;
- 10 Hispida : deforma nodis :
- 11 Anfibula; oberlagu\*:
- 12 Bigiricum; breuem;
- 13 Uulnusculum†; 14 per aggerem :
  Pro exercitu 15 appulli : huuitabar§ 16 reda : nomen uehiculi
- 77 Nitidulam: 18 senium
  - Munuscula: 19 h¶ ereticum|| Pessuli: quo cluditur cornu:

- 20 Merocem; nomen piscis;
- 21 Ad seduforum: pro similitudinem fori:
- 22 Bornacula; genus ignis;
- 23 Non obsecundare: non obedire:
- 24 Sacro tegmini : domini martini :
- 25 Agellum; agrum;
- 26 Bacula: uacca:
- 27 Fvribundus; feruens;
- 28 Nutabundus; agitatus;
- <sup>29</sup> Cladem; inferens.
- 30 Appulli; inuitabant;
- 31 In pago; in uico: conpetis
- 32 Patera: uas regia;
- 33 In sirtim; mare arenosa;
- 34 Fatescit\*\*: briudid:
- 35 Promontorium; hog † :
- 36 Uitaha§§; uiscera; Fol. 22bb
- 37 Abenis; halsledir¶¶
- 38 Toracina; haeslin;
- 39 Carricibus; genus ligni;
- 40 Conclauia : porticos ;
- 41 Laquearia; celum ex lignis;
- 42 Flagris : flagellis ; 43 Mautigia | | ; genus flagellis ‡‡
- 44 Soeue : su ; 45 Fretus . confidens ,
- 46 Apparabilis; ministratio;
- 47 Indecentius: inaptius.
- 48 Murmur: uastrung\*\*\*. 49 Lugoria: exuberat
- 50 Neotricis; noua fide : 51 Stigmata; signa :
- \* MS. has over this word a horizontal waving stroke, which crosses through the top of the b and l; and from this stroke a perpendicular stroke comes down, which may be the top of a b or l, or some such letter, erroneously commenced by the scribe.
- † The glosses 13—16 are written as two entries in the MS. But uulnusculum is a lemma without interpretation; likewise per agg-; Pro ex- belongs, apparently, to reda; but app- and huuitabar, for (h)inuitabar, go together (cf. below no. 30).
  - § MS. has waving stroke over uuit.
  - ¶ MS. has a stroke through this separately written h, which belongs to ereticum.
  - | MS. has three dots over the i.
  - # MS. Ferebundus with v above the first, and i above the second, e.
  - \*\* The s written above the line between the e and c. + MS. has stroke over the og.
  - §§ So in MS. for uitalia. ¶¶ MS. has a waving stroke over lsle.
- IIII The first letter is apparently N; but an alteration has been made at the first stroke to make M; Mastigia is the word required.
  - ‡‡ The e is written above the g. \*\*\* The n has been added above the line.

52 Antoni; 53 lacuna: floda:

54 Enrusa; dapulas; 55 Inuitiat; contradicat

56 Ependiten; tonica; uel cocula; uel : omnis uestis : desuper aliis uestibus pendens :

57 Lurida: pox; 58 Memoria: sepulcrum:

59 Explosa : elisa : uel experta :

60 Sofismatum; questionum;

61 Explosa; mortua; 62 Uiridarium; a uirido: dicitur.

63 Labefacare : agleddego :\*
64 Ultro ; citro : hidirandidir†

65 Arguta: ordancas§: 66 Exenia: madmas¶

#### [IV] INCIPIT IN LIBRUM ECCLESI-ASTICE ISTORIAE

Pannigericis : in laudibus :

2 Coagmentare; congregare ::

3 Ilix nomen ligni : 4 Mambre : homo : uel . ciuitas :

5 Fates: propheta: 6 Editus: ostiarivs\*\*:

Editum; templum; 7 Curia: conuentus:

s Commentatus; tractatus . 9 fastibus: libris:

 $_{10}$  Ogdoade . nouum testamentum :

Tragoedia; luctus; ac cladis;
Uncus: lepra:

12 Uncus : lepra : 13 Fascibus : onoribus : 14 Asitum ;

sanctum: 15 Plexus: truncatus.
16 Asilium; diuinum; 17 Fadus.
aliud nomen erodis:

<sup>18</sup> Urban*us* : sapiens; <sup>19</sup> Sicarii : gladiatores;

20 Pungios : pullus; gladius; 21 Fas : diuinum :

Fol. 23aa

<sup>22</sup> Ius: humanum; <sup>23</sup> Apollogeticus; excusans;

<sup>24</sup> Callas; uarras††; <sup>25</sup> In edito; in excelso;

26 Adstipulatione; adiutorio;

27 Ariopagitis: princeps: sinagogae;

28 Mulcatus; percussus; 29 Exitiali; mortali;

30 Dispicatis; diuisis; 31 Prestatios; custodia;

Dependisset; sustinuisset; 33 Inuastum. inuisum;

34 Petulum; lumina aurea;

35 Antelucanum: ante calli cantus; 36 Meandrum. nomen montis.

37 Trallis; nomen ecclesię; 38 Facessat; lacessat;

39 Incessere: accusare; 40 duellis; bellum;

41 Pessimos darent; circumdarent;

42 Quatere: mouere: 43 Gnostici: scientes;

44 Amatorie; ars. philophie:

<sup>45</sup> Parethris; ministeriis; <sup>46</sup> Procacia: adrogantia;

47 Stadium: ubi iocus agitur; 48 Munerarius: munera accipiens:

49 Furtunatam; prosperitatem;

50 Camerum; tectum; 51 Oratorie: eloquentie;

52 Monarchia : regiminis culmen uel pugne¶¶.

\* MS. has stroke over  $gledd_{\mathcal{C}}$ , crossing through the tops of the l and dd; also stroke over the final o. Some letters have been erased after the o.

† MS. has stroke over *idir*, crossing through the top of d, and another stroke over *ndidi*, crossing through the dd.

 $\S$  MS. has stroke over *rdanc*, crossing through the top of d.

¶ MS. has stroke over adm, crossing through the top of d.

|| The c added above the line. 

\$\\$\\$\$ MS. congregitre, but it altered into a.

\*\* MS. ostiarias, with v above the second a. †+ MS. has stroke over the rr.

§§ MS. has P, with contraction for re above it, therefore Prestatio; but Rufinus has per stationes.

¶¶ MS. punne, with the lower part of g added under the first n so as to form one letter.

53 Psaltes; castus : 54 Metalla; uincula;

55 auspiciis\*; auxiliis : 56 Encratiani; continentes;

57 Thesteas: indiscretas concubitas;

58 Oedipia : obscene ; Dapes : carnium infantium ;

59 Puncto: pede: 60 Neruum: uinculum: 61 Munerum 62 nundinas:

63 Pompa; fallatia; 64 Fiscum: tributum:

65 Liciniosa†; questiosa; 66 Terebrantes; borgenti;

67 Meticulosi : pauidi; 68 Elogis; uerbis :

69 Piaculum : pollutio; 70 Fibras; intestinas;

71 Peripsima, gaesuopę; 72 Prostipulum; locus fornicationis.

73 Litat; immolat; 74 Trogleis§; hledre¶

75 Latriuncula; herst||; 76 Pusti; brandas;

77 Cäutere \*\*; tunderi ††; 78 Suppuratis; turgidis:

79 De triuio : de tribus uiis ; 80 Spurca : inmunda ;

31 Calones : saltantium turba; 82 Codicibus liminibus :

83 Ruder: mixin; 84 uoti compos; xpistiana; Fol. 23<sup>ab</sup>

85 Thecis: custodiis; 86 Iniciatus, sanctificatus;

87 Infensus; inoffensus; 88 purulenta; fetida;

89 Morbo re o

\$\\$\\$; leprositas : 90 Calles; lapides,

91 Cementa: gluttina¶¶; 92 Pastoforia: gazofilatia;

93 Angiportos | | ; nomen porti : 94 Coniculum; a conando;

95 Fautoribus: consentientibus:

Stomatum : opus uariatum; <sub>97</sub> Thoraces; capud et pectus,

93 Comellas h uniuscuiusque interpretis translatio in unum collectae : et e regione posite;

99 Quadraplas die; hoc est III hore‡‡ que concrescunt in quarto anno quando fit quidem bissextus:

Bustus, tumulum: uel ab ustum;
101 HOrsutas motatores;

102 Catacesseos: doctrinarum

103 Sinisascas : sociatrices : 104 Manius : demones,

Propositus\*\*\* uestis regie : propositura\*\*\*;

106 Candentes†††:ardentes: 107 Scriptionem; calcum;

108 Excessum : cauatum; 109 Defecatior; purior;

rum; extersum;

112 Adigent; surgentes; 113 Apulisse; pulsasse;

114 A theologia; a diuina generatione;

\* MS. Aauspiciis, but the A marked by three dots for erasure.

+ The c is a correction from t.

§ The l seems a correction from some other letter.

¶ MS. has stroke over this word, which crosses through the tops of hld.

MS. has stroke over this word, and an inkspot above the e.

# MS. has stroke over rand. \*\* MS. has two dots over the a.

++ MS. tundri, with e above the line between the d and r.

§§ One or two letters are erased between the e and o; read: Morbo regio.

The first t is added above the line, between two dots.

The n has been added above the line. ## MS. has a stroke over ore.

\*\*\* MS. has three dots (marks of transposition) over the first o of Propositus; over the e of uestis; over the first e of regie, and over the t of propositura.

+++ MS. condentes with a above the o.

115 Auspiciis . adiutoriis :

116 Acoluthos . accensores : 117 Ad coemetoria ad ecclesia

118 Afficit : ditauit; 119 Antesignato; signatore suspectum;

120 Bibennem: securis binam aciem habens.

Fol. 23ba

#### [V] ITEM DE ECCLESIASTICA STORIA:

· Cyati; mensum minutum; 2 Colomellas\*; lomum

3 Conolas : que contia uocant ;

4 Canto: uectis; 5 Carbunculi: poccas;

6 De octoade : De octana die.

7 Dorium : indiculum : 8 Auo'i utj eza . septemplici :

9 Ephod: superumerale; 10 Exedre; parue domus

Labrum . ambonem . idest haet †; 12 Labris: uentis nomen

13 Operiunt : conspiciunt :

14 Oedippa : de odippo : 15 Pruriginem : bleci§

16 Podagra: tumor pedum: 17 Paredum; prestigium

18 Parchredis: prestrigiis: 19 Publite: hamme¶

20 Quorsum; quocumque; 21 Editiones. thestisuir

22 Fibrarum; darmana ; 23 Suppeditans: proficiens,

24 Subrigeris : eleuaris ; 25 Solaria :

26 Subsaltare; sonare: 27 Siniscas; uel seniscatas:

consiliis conpactis; 28 Simbulis: 29 Simbulion: pactum;

30 Sescuplum: dridehalpf::

31 Sugillato: stranguillato; 32 Thoraces \*\*, Imagines:

# [VI] INCIPIT BREUIS. EXSOLUTIO:

Ne : uel : 2 Uiscide; uiscerade; 3 Eatenus; actenus

4 Uersus : contra; 5 Boriali : aquiloni:

6 Meliorata; ornata;

7 Ambrones † : deuoratores \$ ; 8 Ast; statim:

9 Thiticum; marinam; 10 Crusticis; bucellis ¶¶;

11 Catastam; lupam; 12 Albri; uas apium;

13 For: euentus;, 14 Dum nomine: ciuitatis.

15 Perigamini : Membrano : 16 Leonine : de leone ;

17 Lanio; lacetur; 18 Nemphe, ministri nequam:

19 Modoli; lateria; 20 Molosi; canes, 21 Conueniens; appellans; 22 Pla-

coris: uolun: tatis

23 Raucos . crispantes, 24 Intentos; extensos;

25 Defetimur; renitimur. 26 Perossus; abhominatus;

27 Panguitur; pinguitur; 28 Clustello; claustro;

29 Ollita: de ollitim; 30 Quoadquo; adusque; 31 inequiperabilis: Fol. 23bb

# [VII] DE PARALIPOMENON.

In nablis . In cimbalis que per pedes ponuntur.

2 Pro octaua. In nouissimo die azimorum

3 Commissuras . ligaturas : uel conposituras

- \* e corrected from o.
- § MS. has stroke over leci.
- † MS. has waving stroke over act.
- ¶ MS. has stroke over amm.
- MS. has stroke over darma, crossing through the top of the d.
- # MS. has stroke over dridehal, crossing through the tops of the dd and h.
- \*\* MS. Toraces, with h added above the o.
- †† MS. Aambrone, but a marked by three dots for erasure, and s added above e.
- §§ An a has been erased over the t. ¶¶ MS. bulellis, but the first l corrected into c.

- 4 Lapides onichinos . dunne .
- 5 Creacras . fuscinulas .
- 6 In mausilio. In monumento.
- 7 Carpenta . carra .8 Obtigit contigit
- o In fastu In dignitate .

# [VIII] DE SALAMONE.

- Panarethos . sapientia .
- 2 Coacuerint. uersę sunt in acaetum
- 3 Ne innataris . ne incumberis . ne considas .
- 4 Aucupes . aucellatores .
- 5 Uersipellis . peruersus .
- 6 Fornicem signum uictorię
- 7 Domatis . domus sine tecto . uel spinarum
- In aceruo mercurii . consuetudinem habebant ambulantes in uia ubi sepultus est mercurius lapidem iactare in aceruum ipsius unusquisque pro honore eius .
- 9 Lamuhel . agnomen salamonis . sicut ecclesiastes ab actione .
- 10 Conflatorium . ubi ferrum uel argentum conflatur .
- " Cinamum . cortix dulcis .
- 12 Uaena . dicitur per quam aqua currit
- 13 In sublime . idest anticristus . qui quasi feliciter incedit . (Fol. 24<sup>aa</sup>)
- it Blena dicitur : per quam aqua currit .
- 15 Flauescit : color olei : glitinot\*:
- Mala aurea in lectis argenteis; mila: idest poma de auro in circuitu lectorum pro ornamento;
- 17 Nitrum; in terra inuenitur: instar atramenti pro sapone habetur: si in acetum mittitur ad nihilum soluitur qui atrumque amarescit.

- 18 Ptisanas†; de ordeo fiunt grana . que decorticantur in pilo uel uase lapideo;
- si usque ad lacum fuerit. idest si stagnum faciat de sanguine non satiabitur;
- 20 Offer . adduc qui non satiantur; 21 Commandit; manducat

# [IX] DE ECLESIASTEN;

- Lustrans; circumiens et inluminans;
- <sup>2</sup> Cassa; uacua; <sup>3</sup> Contegnatio; tectio domus;
- 4 Amictalum . arbor nucum :
- 5 Capparis . erba bona ad commessationem nascitur in montibus
- 6 Anacefaleos; recapitulatio:

# [X] IN CANTICO CANTICORUM

- Osculetur me; ista oscula que execlesie porrexit xpistus quam baptismi nitore mundatam et ornatam per spiritum sanctum odoris sui;
  - Gratia inuitat ut sponsam; 2 Ubera; apostoli;
- 3 Odor ungentorum, donum quod in baptismate accipimus.
- 4 Uina; prophete; 5 Nomen tuum : xpistianiam a xpisto et chrismam
- 6 Unguentum; exinanitum.
- Chrisme uocabulum dedictum est quod non ante dicitur chrisma quam super hominem fuerit fusum;
- 7 Aduliscentule; ecclesie . uel anime de numero gentium
- 8 Redimicula; sunt ornamenta ceruicis;
- 9 Nardum spica unde faciunt unguenta;
- \* MS. has stroke through the bar of the second t, which looks like a hook ( $\Gamma$ ) that remained after some word, written by the side of *glitinot*, had been erased.
  - + MS. Ptisinas, with a above the second i.
- § u corrected from o.

Cyprus: arbor est similis salice habens flores miri odoris et butros. sicut erba pratearum.
 Tigna tecta cedri natura arborum cedri inputribili uigore consistunt

Fol. 24ab

quarum sucus uermibus est obuius; significat apostolos;

- 12 Ficus protulit grossos suos flore ipsius antequam aperiantur\* sic dicuntur
- Ferculum lectum est quod portari potest;
- <sup>14</sup> Amana : et liban*us* . sanir et hermon montes s*unt*
- Emissiones tuę : munera delectabilia;
- 16 Crocus herbe flos est modice mire odoris.
- Fistola : arbor est boni odoris non boni saporis ;

18 Murra et aloe . herbe sunt;

- 19 Gutta . de arbore currit; idest balsamum;
- 20 Cassia . erba est similis coste ;
- 21 Elate palmarum; folia palmarum que eleuentur sursum quia non pendent deorsum sicut aliarum arborum;
- 22 Areola † dicitur ubi aqua diriuatur in ortum et stat in modico stagnello ipse dicitur ereola propter inrigationem ubi crescunt aromata; 23 Aminab : proprium nomen uiri :
- Salamitis concubina dauid que ministrabat ei in senectute,
- Uinum candidum : piperatum . uel mellatum ;
- <sup>26</sup> Mustum facitur de malis granatis . id *est* malis punicis ;

#### [XI] DE SAPIENTIA:

- Fascinatio: laudatio stulta;
- 2 Subtatio§ : quod subito fit;
- 3 Lanugo: et aluginatio. pene idem est;
  - Squalor lanugo in carne;
    - 4 Torax . lurica manicas non habens et tunica sine manicis sic dicitur;
- 5 Uitulamina . idest . filii a uitulis dicuntur, qui de adulterio nati ; 6 Supremum : extremum :

7 Pentapolim; u. ciuitates que arserunt:

Fol. 24ba

- 8 Eletrix : electrix : 9 Abene; corrigia frenorum :
- no Signum . habentes; serpentem aeneum:
- In aqua ualebat ignis : fulgura in pluuia ad impios missa ;
- Malagma: multe herbe contrite in una massam uulnerum;
- 13 In carcere sine ferro . in mare rubro;
- Poderis: uestis est sacerdotum a pedibus usque ad umbilicum pertingens. et ibi stringebatur cingulo in cuius subteriore parte habebantur ¶ tintinnabula et mala punica; 15 In foribus iusti: idest loth;
- <sup>16</sup> Bonam escam . manna . quae soluebatur a sole non ab igne .

# [XII] DE ECCLESIASTICO:

- Euergetis : boni operis ; uel factoris ;
- 2 Scandaligeris: scandalizaueris:

<sup>\*</sup> The n is added above the line.

 $<sup>\</sup>dagger$  MS. has a perpendicular stroke over the  $\tau$ , which is, perhaps, the top of a wrongly commenced b, d or other letter.

<sup>§</sup> MS. has almost subttotio; the word required is subitatio.

 $<sup>\</sup>P$  The n has been added above the line.

3 Obductionis . dilectiones . idest mortis;

4 Inplanauit : seduxit inmisit :

5 Magnato; magno : 6 Acide; triste:

7 Placorem: placationem;

8 Rusticatio; cultura terre;

9 Cacabus; de testa est duas manubrias habens . aliquando de eremento sicut et olla .

10 Ceruicatus; superbus; 11 Inpen-

diis; rebus;

<sup>12</sup> Calculus; minutissima petra arene;

13 Alacriter\*; sine gratia . amariter; 14 Loramentum; ligamentum; 15 Ce-

menta; petre molliores

16 Infrunite; infrenate;

17 Platanus; arbor est boni odoris;

18 Aspaltum; spaldur † : 19 Calbanus; pigmentum album

20 Aromatizans; redolens;

21 Ungula et gutta : pigmentum de arboribus;

22 Storax . incensum; 23 Non trices; non tardes;

24 Dorix . idest proprium nomen fluminis;

25 In ormentum; in ornamentum;

26 Aporia; abominatio; subitanias;

27 Tortura; torquemina¶; 28 Solide; fortiter

Fol. 24bb

<sup>29</sup> Lingua tertia ; discordians lingua uel rixosa

30 Colera; nausia; 31 Auocare, occupare;

Frugis; parcus; 33 De traiectione de datione : idest malum

34 Infrunita sine freno: uel moderatione:

35 Equus emissarius : qui mittitur ad iumenta :

36 Similaginem; genus tritici . 37 lor funis;

38 Sophistice : conclusione uel reprehensione :

39 Plestia: abundantia uel indegeries;

40 Cyneris nablis . idest citharis longiores quam psalterium . nam psalterium triangulum fit . theodorus . dixit;

41 Lino crudo; idest uiride non

cocto ueste;

42 Uasa castrorum: arma exercitum. idest milicie celi; dicitur enim quod bella futura possent preuidere. in sole et luna; 43 Agoniare; certare;

44 Inpingaris: inpelleris;

45 Caupo; qui uinum permiscet ad perdendum;

46 Accommorante; conhabitantes;

47 Offusio; effusio; 48 Pululent; crescunt|| in miraculis

# [XIII] IN LIBRO ISAIE PROPHETE;

- Cucumerarium: hortus in quo cucumerus crescit. bona erba ad manducandum siue ad medicinam; 2 Tugurium; domuncula;
- 3 Uermiculus; a similitudine uermis;

4 Fissura; scissura; diuisura; 5 Commolitus. exterminatus;

6 Lunulas; quas mulieres in collo habent de auro uel argento : a similitudine lune diminitiue dicuntur; 7 Discriminalia; unde discernuntur crines de auro . uel . argento uel aere;

8 Periscelidas; armillas de tibiis;

- 9 Olfactoriola; turibula modica. de auro. uel argento mulieres habent pro odore:
- \* MS. has here † in the margin, to indicate, no doubt, that there is something amiss; the word should be acriter. After the i of sine one letter has been erased.

† MS. has  $\mathbf{v}$  above the a. § MS. subitanea, with i above the e.

¶ MS. has torquem, with stroke over the m, to which is attached an i written below the line.

|| The s has been added above the line.

# Third o corrected from a.

Fol. 25<sup>aa</sup>

11 Mutatoria : uestimenta; alia meliora et mundiora

12 Teristra: subtilissima curtina;

73 Fascia pectoralis , uestis circa pectus uoluitur;

14 Lambruscas; malas uuas;

peres . uel . diurnales .

Tabehel; proprium nomen uiri:

<sup>18</sup> Sarculum; ferrum fossorium . duos dentes habens .

<sup>19</sup> Sarientur; fodientur: <sup>20</sup> Inniti. confisi. confidentes;

<sup>21</sup> Carcamis : nomen loci , uel , ciuitatis ;

<sup>22</sup> Calanan; similiter; <sup>23</sup> Ganniret: quasi cum ira inrideret,

Pilosi: incubi . monstri; idest menae\*;

25 De radice colubri . nascitur regulus : qui manducat aucellas; idest basiliscus : secundum historiam dicitur de colubri nasci; 26 Gabaa : ciuitas saulis,

27 Flaccentia; contracta; 28 Sirene. mulieres marine

29 Mede : nomen loci : 30 In triuiis : in tribus uiis ;

31 Papiri; unde faciunt cartas;

Riui . aggerum †; congregatio aquarum ;

33 Bige . equitum : duorum exercitum;

34 Telam orditus: inuuerpan uuep§

Just 35 Uiciam; pisas agrestes; idest . fugles beane.

36 In serris; serra dicitur lignum habens multas dentes quod || boues trahent;

Malus nauis: caput in arbore nauis a similitudine milui;

38 Artum; angustum;

39 Migma: et mixtum: idem est;

40 Perpendiculum; modica petra de plumbo qua licant in filo quando edificant parietes; pundar;

41 Paliurus; erba que crescit\*\* in tectis†† domorum grossa folia habens fullae\(\sigma\); 42 Epocentaurus; equo;

Onocentaurus asino mixtum; moster¶¶.

43 Lamia : dea silue dicitur habens pedes similes caballi caput et manus totum corpus pulcre mulieris : et uiderunt multi aliqui manserunt cum ea;

Four : cubat calefaciendo; Fol. 25ab

45 Apotecas |||| : cellaria . 46 Cataplasmarent : contritos inponerent ;

47 Plaustrum; in similitudinem arce rotas habens intus: et ipse dentes habent quasi rostra dicitur in quibus frangent spicas;

48 Myrtus . modicus arbor boni odoris, semper uiride .

49 Plastes; figulus;

50 Runtina; pidugio: uitubil ##;

51 Calamum; pigmentum ex arbore;

52 Lima; qua limatur ferrum; fiil\*\*\*
53 Circino; ferrum duplex unde pic-

\* MS. has  $\mathbf{v}$  above the m.  $\dagger$  First g added above the line.

§ MS. has v above the second u of unerpan, and above the second u of unep.

¶ MS. has v above the s.

 $\parallel$  MS. has perpendicular stroke above the o, perhaps for i, or the stroke of a wrongly commenced d?

\*\* cr written on an erasure.

†† tec written on an erasure. §§ MS. has v (almost looking like y) above the a.

¶¶ MS. has most, with a somewhat lengthened bar through the t, and a stroke above it; therefore moster, or mostum; perhaps for monstrum.

A stroke over the t has been erased.  $\Rightarrow$  MS. has  $\forall$  above the second i.

\*\*\* There is, apparently, a perpendicular stroke over the second i of fiil, but it is the , belonging to the ; after arbore.

tores faciunt circulos; idest gaborind\*;

54 Del et hnabot

55 Adcola † . et acola idem sunt; 56 Uellentibus . tollentibus pilos de genis :

57 Saliuncula : erba medicinalis habens spinas miri odoris, crescit

in montibus:

58 In lecticis: a similitudine lecti dicuntur.

59 Feretri; in quibus portantur filie nobilium super .IIII. equis coopertis desuper cortina sicut currus;

60 Dromedarie; castrati cameli : dromedarius unus; 61 Murem;

soricem;

#### [XIV] INCIPIT IN HIEREMIA

1 Construpauerunt; contaminauerunt§

2 Nitrum; in terra inuenitur;

3 Uorith: erba est. de ipsa panes ¶ faciunt quos erbaticas appellant et siccant illos: habentque pro sapore.

4 Pedica; tenticula; 5 Placentas; dulces || faciunt de simila. et oleo; uel adipe et melle; 6 resina de arbore est sicut et pix. 7 lignum in pane: crucem. in carne; 8 Lumbare; bragas modicas. 9 In unge<sup>‡</sup> adamantino . quamuis modicum sit sicut ungula tamen insolubile sicut adamans petra durissima;

Fol. 25ba

no Mirice : arbor est : latine : tramaritius dicitur;

Perdix: auis in deserto. alter. perdit \*\* aliter fouit oua

12 Domatibus porticibus uel atriis que non tegent;

Sinopide : petra rubea unde pingent ;

14 Calati . canistri de uirgis fiunt angusti in prodis lati in ore;

15 Caeleuma; exortatio in naue;

<sup>16</sup> Inclusor; qui gemmas inclusit auro;

17 Arreptitium; demoniosum; 18 Arua: terra††

Arugo; color sicut pedes accipitris,

Scalpellum : ferrum est . quod habent scriptores unde incidunt cartas et pennas . acuent ex altera parte latum sicut graphium;

21 Torta panis; incisus panis;

<sup>22</sup> In fatores: nomen loci; <sup>23</sup> Rata; placita;

24 Stipulationis; promissionis;

Polite; mundate; 26 Lidii; gens.

<sup>27</sup> Stratores; conpositores, <sup>28</sup> Sternentem: allidentem

29 Ficarius : qui ficos collegit

30 Pedalis \$\sigma\$: mensura in tela quando uolunt incidere

- \* After this word one line is left blank, with † in the right-hand margin.
- † The la corrected from some other letter (n?).
- § After this word, and after inuenitur of the next line, some words have been erased which had evidently been *added* in the first instance, as the  $\Gamma$ , usually prefixed to such additions, is still visible after contam-.

¶ The s is surrounded by three dots.  $\parallel$  The l is added above the line.

‡ MS. Inunge, with horizontal stroke between two dots above the line between the first n and u. As the text has in ungue, this stroke above the line seems to be meant as a mark of division.

\*\* The d is written on an erasure.

+† The two words of N° 18 are written in the MS. as one word, so that the second stroke of the open a is connected with the back part of the bar of the t, but : was inserted to mark the division.

§§ MS. Pedales, with i above the second e.

31 Tyrones\*; noui milites.

32 Croceis: erba bona ad medicinam.

33 Lacinias : extremas partes uestium.

 $^{34}$  Uitulam consternantem . lasciuiantem aut aeste pro uermibus .

35 Thimiamateria; turibula;

36 Urceos: uasa erea in quibus aquam portant;

# [XV] INCIPIT IN HIEZECHIEL+;

Atramentarium: uas atramenti;

2 Sýnicias : uituperans : 3 Uas transmigrationis aut carrum aut uas alterum paruum ;

4 Litura; inpensa: lim§ uel clam¶;

Fol. 25bb

 $_5$  Paxillus ; fusticellus qui in stantem mittitur . negil $\parallel$ 

6 Struices; congregationes;

7 Non conpluta; sine pluuia, 8 Conplosi; plausum feci:

<sup>9</sup> Transtra; tabula . que iacent in transuersu nauis in quibus sedent remigantes,

To Ebor: arbor inputribilis nigro colore

ri Preteriola : domuncula micina in naue unius cubiti . in quibus abscondunt cibos suos ;

Bibli : artifices qui faciunt trapezitas : uel proprium nomen gentis ;

<sup>13</sup> Pigmei : homines cubitales . idest unius cubiti

Hebenenos‡ : uel eberenos‡ : de arbore hebore ;

15 Dan: proprium nomen gentis.

Mozel : mauritani : 17 Nundinis ; mercatis .

Inuoluere; quando inuoluitur uestimentum in corio, uel in sago;

19 Gazarum; diuitiarum; 20 Sabuli: arene;

21 Foramina; ubi mittunt gemmas:

Speties eris . de eramento dicitur;

23 Syeres; proprium nomen loci; 24 Pollinctores; qui sepeliunt homines pro pecunia;

25 Hecthetas . 26 peribolus 27 arihellio:

28 Fornacula;

<sup>29</sup> Thalamus; altior locus ubi sedet sponsa;

30 Cata mane; iuxta mane

31 Salinas; loca ubi sal inuenitur;

32 Sinchronon; unius temporis:

Januaria; quod \*\* remanet in uuis . qvando †† premuntur

34 Foedi: foederamni; 35 Teraphin; idolum sic nominatur; 36 Lappa; clite; ITEM ALIA;

37 Electrum; de auro: et argento§§

et ęrę

38 Conectura; auguria: 39 Exertum; sollicitum;

40 Oraculum; orationem; uel locutionem;

41 Lebes; caldarius . 42 Culine : fornacula :

Fol. 26aa

43 Puluillos: plumatios micinos duos coniunctos habent in sella; 44 Prophana; deforma.

45 Iacincto: idest de pelle iacinctino; 46 Pusilluminus: paulominus; 47

Limati; mundati;

\* y corrected from i.

† MS. NIE-, but N corrected into H.

§ MS. has v above the m, and  $\lim$  uel as one word  $\lim$  ut.

¶ MS. has v above the a. || MS. gil, with ne written above the line.

 $\ddagger$  MS. has a perpendicular stroke over the third e of Hebenenos, and over the third e of eberenos, probably as marks of transposition, as the text has (xxvII. 15) dentes eburneos et hebeninos.

\*\* Written on an erasure.

++ MS. qando, with v above the line between the q and a.

§§ The r is a corrected letter.

48 Ad leuicandum; leuem facere;

# [XVI] INCIPIT IN DANIELEM:

Pistrinum: ubi panes: coquuntur;

2 Offa; morsus; 3 Crypta; spelunca peruia;

4 Ilicus; arbor est: folia modica habens\* fructusque sicut glandi modici;

5 Lentiscus; arbor folia modica habens et fructus sine grana . idest muras rubras; ursi:

6 Discofor m†: discum portantem.

7 Aruspices; qui aras inspiciunt; 8 Satrapa: princeps§ persarum:

9 Malleolis; quodcumque tunguitur ad excitandum ignem

10 Nappa : genus fomitis

Saraballa: crura hominum uocant. apud caldeos:

12 Regina; uxor . nabuchodonosor pro reuerentia

13 Efferatus . est . a ferocitate dicitur :

r4 Ex latere regni : de adulterio regine ;

Ab exitu sermonis : ab exordio sermonis :

16 Ditione : potestate ;

<sup>17</sup> Castrum : modica ciuitas ; altioribus muris

<sup>18</sup> Trieres: idest naues a tribus sessionibus,

Apethno . proprium nomen loci;

<sup>21</sup> Aggerem : congregationem de lignis ; uel lapidibus

<sup>22</sup> Trinte artabe; xi¶ modios faciunt;

23 Agiografa : sancta scriptura :

<sup>24</sup> Iuge sacrificium; legale officium.

25 Arioli; qui in || ara coniecturam faciunt;

<sup>26</sup> Magi: qui magicam artem faciunt siue philosophiam

27 Malefici; qui sanguine et uictimis

Fol. 26<sup>ab</sup>

et sepe contingunt corpora mortuorum consuetudo autem et sermo communis : magos pro meficiis accipiunt Magi uero apud chaldeos; philosophi habentur

28 Cubitum; elin \*\*;

29 Chaldei†† sunt quos uulgus mathematicos uocat§§

30 Aruspices; qui exta inspiciunt et ex his futura predicant;

31 Incantatores sunt : qui rem . uerbis peragunt ;

32 Auspices; qui aues inspiciunt;

#### [XVII] DE IOHEL . UEL DE PRO-PHETIS¶¶ MINORIBUS,

Area sitiens; siccans in tritura;

2 Ligones : ferrum fusorium : idest tyrfahga ;

3 Occumbere; cadere . uel mori;

4 Torris|||| : arrura que de igne rapitur :

\* A letter or something else has been wiped away after habens.

† The r is a corrected letter. A letter (perhaps o) erased, the scribe, or corrector, omitting to write the required letter instead.

§ cep written on an erasure.

¶ MS. xIII, but the last two numerals are each marked for erasure, by a dot above and underneath.

| in added above the line.

# The h is added above the line.

\*\* MS. has a waving stroke over in.

++ Chald is written on an erasure; above the a the stroke of b or d, or some such letter, is still visible, and the upper parts of the strokes of the present l and d are the remains of a former l or d.

§§ MS. uocant, but the n marked by three dots for erasure.

¶¶ After this word one letter has been erased. |||| MS. Terris, but e altered to o.

5 Trulla: ferrum latum unde parietes liment;

6 Sacelli: sedes diminitiui;

7 Niniue . trium dierum iter inde ubi in terram proiectus est unam diem per ambitum;

8 Naum . helcesei pater ipsius

- 9 Asolatis\*; plane factis, 10 Geniculorum genuum: diminitiuum
- Hederam: ibaei†; 12 Fulgorantes; aste quando fulgurant contra solem;
- r<sub>3</sub> Concidisti : occidisti : r<sub>4</sub> Subigens : confice macera
- 15 Pile: proprium nomen ciuitatis.
- 16 Infusuria; olearia uasa unde infundunt lucernas
- <sup>17</sup> Succidi: interfici; <sup>18</sup> Tene laterem: fac laterem.
- <sup>19</sup> Herba fullonum; borit quia inde faciunt saporem
- 20 Myrteta, ubi multe sunt mirte idest: arbores fructuosae;
- crucifigent; crucifigent, [XVIII]
  DE OSE; spetialiter;
- ¹ CŶNXPONON§; unius temporis : ² lappa; clate¶
- Uinatia; que remansit in uuis quando premuntur;

4 Foedi; foederaui;

Fol. 26ba

[XIX] INCIPIT IN IOB;

1 Obelis; uirgis; 2 Asteriscis; stellis;

- 3 Obligus; obscurus; 4 Tinnulus; sonans;
- 5 Eschematismenos; idest: dum aliud loquitur aliud agit

6 Comma; breuis pars:

7 IDioma; proprietas; 8 Murenula: piscis. similis anguile marinus sed grossior;

- 9 Untialibus; longis.

- 10 Ridhmus; dulcis sermo sine pedibus
- In exaplois: ui . editiones congregate;

12 Theman: idest prouintie:

- 13 Lumbire;\*\* 14 prosa : proemio : uel prefacione
- 15 Tigris; genus leonis uario colore et uelocissimus
- 16 Carectum; hreod † †;
- 17 Oriona : ebirdhring
- 18 Inquilini §§ ministri .
  19 Pedica . fezra . ligamen .
- <sup>20</sup> Týmpanum . in quattuor lignis extensa pellis

21 Glarea . lapides modici .

- 22 Coquiton . fluuius infernorum
- 23 Susurrat . qui in aurem murans loquitur .
- Onager . asinus siluaticus .
- 25 Saba . prouintia .
- 26 Capitio . haubit loh,
- 27 Conpingebantur . pinguiscebant, 28 Iubilo . letitia que non potest
  - uerbis exponi .
- 29 Hibicum . firgingata ¶¶
- 30 Terra salsuginis . terra sterelis .
- \* There is some mark (perhaps -) over the last s.
- + MS. has v above the a.
- § MS. has a stroke over cynxpono.
- ¶ MS. has v above the a.
- This gloss has been added at the foot of the column.
- # The last e is a correction from o.
- \*\* Here space is left for about five or six letters, probably for the interpretation.
- + The h added above the line.
- §§ The third i of Inquilini is written over an erasure, and between Inq- and ministri space for about 6 or 8 letters is left, just as between Oriona and eb- in the preceding line.
  - ¶¶ MS. has stroke over gin and another over ta. It divides firgin gata.

31 Rinocerus\*; naricornu . in nari namque cornu habet

32 Monocerus†; unicornis;

- 33 Arcturum; septentrio; 34 Adluuio; lauatio;
- 35 Herodion : ualchefuc§ : 36 Accipitres; haefuc;

37 Ueemoth; bestia ignota;

38 Gurgustium; chelor;

- 39 Leopardus; ex leone et pardo generatus;
- 40 olla¶. de terra et de eramento fit; 41 Incus: osifelti. 42 Torax: pectus: 43 Armilla; ermboeg||; Fol. 26bb

44 Tede; facule: de ligno pini. de quo picem faciunt;

45 Adtonitos : adtentos ; 46 Cassia ; pigmenta ;

47 Aruina; pinguitudo;

48 Necromantia : diuinatio de mortis infantibus

49 Lacertos; pars brachii;

- 50 Carmina in nocte; laudes in tribulatione;
- 51 Fabula; poetarum est . gigantes terram sustentare sub aquis;

52 Obsetricante; ministrante,

53 Gurgitum; modica congregatio; aque a pluuie:

54 Obrizum : ýmaeti gold :

55 Concentum; cantum; 56 Molas: intimi dentes;

- <sup>57</sup> Plumescit: mutat; <sup>58</sup> Iuniper: arbor:
- 59 Cartillago : uuldpaexhsue . uel grost\*\*;
- 6. Lagunculas † † . ex lagina diminitiuum : croog §§ ;
- 61 Salices; salhas¶¶, 62 Uiri cordati || || ; bono corde;
- 63 Ancillis: animalibus: figl ‡‡;
- 64 Apostata; discessus a fide;
- 65 Sternutatio : nor; [XX] INCI-PIT : IN TOBIA :
- Manciparunt : tradiderunt ;
- 2 Nason: mons: 3 Brantie: chyun:
- Accito; uocato; 5 Extricat\*\*\*; exterminat: foras mittit:
- 6 Extentera; inicium excoriandi † † :

7 Nutaret; dubitaret:

8 Taerme; aque calide . et balnea lapidea : sic nominantur;

9 De cassidie . pera pastoralis ;

10 Infula : ornamenta :

nagisteriale. 12 Didascalium : magisteriale.

# [XXI] INCIPIT IN IUDITH;

- In expeditione : in preparatione exercitus :
- <sup>2</sup> Lucubraciuncula : unius noctis uigilantia .
- 3 Subal; nomen uiri unde oriatur
- \* no over an erasure which reaches to the next line.
- $\dagger$  The top of first o is written on the lower part of the erasure begun on the preceding line.
- § The first c and left-hand part of the h are written on an erasure. MS, has  $\mathbf{v}$  above the word, between the l and c.
  - The words olla to ermboeg are added in one line at the foot of the page.
  - MS. has  $\mathbf{v}$  above the o.  $\ddagger$  The r seems an alteration from t.
  - \*\* MS. has stroke over the right-hand part of the bar through the t.
  - ++ The g is a correction from n.
  - §§ MS. has v above the line between the r and o.
  - ¶¶ MS. has v over the first a.
  - |||| c corrected from o, and or written on an erasure.
  - ## MS. has a stroke over the g.
  - \*\*\* c is an alteration from i.
  - +++ a is a correction from d,

illa gens: 4 Arge: nomen montium:

5 Cum coronis; circulis aureis. in capitibus eorum.

Fol. 27 aa

significantes uictoriam eius uel in choris cantantes.

6 Abra . ancilla . 7 Femur uirginis . idest dine

8 Discriminauit . diuisit . 9 In contis . in lancis .

10 Sandalia . calciamenta que non habent desuper corium . 11 Restis . funis ex herbis .

72 Filii titan . filii solis qui sunt fortiores hominibus

13 Ascopa . similis utri . 14 Cincinnos . crines .

Polenta, farina subtilissima.

16 Conopeum . in similitudine retis contextum propter muscas et culices . nam culix conix hebraice dicitur .

17 Adonai . dominus exercituum uel

omnipotens.

ss Sancta domini . primitias uel decimas de oleo et uino . 19 In anathema . in obliuione .

In separatione: idest a se uel

in dona ad templum.

20 Labastes . in similitudine sculdre\* de ligno duas tales faciunt interponentes ficos ne citius putrescant .

# [XXII] DE ESTER

Themate. conpositione uel ordine.

2 Tentoria. Tectura. 3 Aeri, hauet.

4 Eburneis . de ossibus elefantis . ebur . os eius dicitur

5 Tenda . trabus gezelt§

6 Iacyntini . syitor heuuin . 7 Carbasini . color gemme . idest uiridis . 8 Lecti aurei . berian¶ beed . deauratum

9 Pedisequas . pedes sequentes . idest obsequentes .

Diadema . corona aurea .

- Mundum muliebrem . multo tempore debuerunt unguere uariis pigmentis et indui uestibus regalibus illud dicitur mundum muliebrem
- 12 Urna idest uas aureum rotundum longum aliquid subtilis in duobus finibus∥ clusum undique exceptis foraminibus modicis in lateribus habens intus xII ciatos modicos plumbeos haben-Fol. 27ab

tes XII menses scribtos in eis unde sortiuntur quicumque primo exiit per foramen uertente uase sicut ante condixerunt. 13 Nisan. primus mensis idest martius

<sup>14</sup> Tebetht idest december . <sup>15</sup> Scita idest monita .

festinanter in equis currunt non descendentes de equis antequam liberant responsa sua habent pennas in capite ut inde intellegatur festinatio itineris. daturque eis semper equus paratus non manducant nisi super equos antequam perficiantur. 17 Purpura. uuýlochaso ‡.

18 Coccus. uuyrmbaso: 19 Rubeum.

uuretbaso.

<sup>\*</sup> MS. has v above the r.

<sup>+</sup> MS. has v above the line between the a and u.

<sup>§</sup> MS. has gezlt, with stroke through the l=el, as in uel.

<sup>¶</sup> MS. has (not v, but more) Y above the a.

 $<sup>\</sup>parallel$  finibus is written above the line, with marks ( $\cdot \mid \cdot$ ) of reference both after duobus and before finibus.

<sup>‡</sup> The y is a correction from v by the addition of a stroke below the line.

#### [XXIII] INCIPIT IN ESDRA

- Exedra . serpens est . si occiditur surgent de capite eius plures serpentes nisi cicius incenditur
- Filii faros. duo milia generationis numerat qui in captiuitate nati sunt.
- 3 Latomi . qui maiores lapides incidunt .
- 4 Cymentarii . qui minores dolant .
- 5 Lapide inpolito . ungebat . nestane . non exciso .
- 6 Stabur\* nazannai . nomen fluminis .
- 7 Cratera . patena siue calix .
- 8 Recenserunt . legerunt . 9 Porta stercoris . ubi stercora pro
- Ualuas . modicus murus ante portam .
- Pagi. prouintie. 12 Memores salis. pro cibo posuit sal. uel doctrinam. 13 Nemias. alio nomine atersatha.
- 14 In domate suo . in solario suo .
- Senatores . iudices . 16
- 17 Ciuitas dauid . archis in hierusalem modica ciuitas altior .
- <sup>18</sup> Contionem . contentionem tumultuosam .
- 19 Mulsum. dulce. 20 Frondes dicitur quando folia habet †

#### [XXIV] INCIPIT IN MATHEUMS.

- Fiole . in similitudinem calicis . 2 Perna . fossa .
- 3 Umecta . gebýraec . ¶
- Dimitte eam . absolue eam . Fol. 27<sup>ba</sup>
- 5 Mocum . quasi fabe albo colore

- inueniuntur in conca. 6 Publicani. qui publicam rem faciunt. non a peccando.
- 7 Stater . III . solidos . 8 Tributum . quod semper fit .
- 9 Censum . quod repente indicitur .
- Altilia . saginata de auibus tantum dicitur .
- <sup>17</sup> Nomisma . solidus . <sup>12</sup> Exolantes . mundantes a colendo d*icitur* . <sup>13</sup> Alabastrum . proprium nomen lapidis et uas sic nominatur de illo lapide factum . <sup>14</sup> Tÿrus . insula .
- <sup>15</sup> Sidon . ciuitas . <sup>16</sup> Caminus . a caumando d*icitu*r
- 17 Clibanus . desuper apertus . 18 Pretorium . domus iudicaturia .

# [XXV] DE MARCO ET LUCA ET IOHAN $NE\parallel$

- <sup>1</sup> Catinum . discum modicum ligneum uel lapideum
- <sup>2</sup> Murratum . amarum . <sub>3</sub> Sirofenissa . de siriis qui in cananea sunt .
- 4 Loculum. portatorium de tabulis.
- 5 Scorpiones . in similitudine cancri . cauda longa . 6 De siliquis . fructus arboris . colligitur porcis . 7 Sýmphonia de tibiis et cornu ; 8 Byssus : in arbore nascitur ad uestimentum :
- 9 Decurio : princeps super x homines :
- no Salim : ciuitas : 11 Enchenia . dedicationes ;
- 12 Institis: suithelon: 13 In peluem:
  uas rotundum ligneum; : 14
  Lithostrotus; conpositio lapidum\*\*:
- 15 Hýsopo : in similitudinem absinthi :
- \* b corrected from l. † MS. babet, but first b corrected to h.
- § MS. has a long downstroke (like long i) added to the U, as if correcting U to Y.
- ¶ MS. has  $\mathbf{v}$  over the a.  $\parallel H$  is a correction from some other letter (A?).
- $\ddagger g$  corrected from n. \*\* M
- \*\* MS. lapadum, but second a corrected to i.

[XXVI] IN LIBRO OFFICIORUM;

- r Commolita : molata : 2 Casulas ; domunculas :
- 3 Communitorium: munitionem;
- 4 Delibutus; unctus; 5 Folligantes\*: uestis grossior;
- 6 Pronuba :: herdusuepe§.
- 7 Simila : smetuma¶; 8 Mitras : haetas|| :
- 9 Decrepita; fracta; uel uetorosa; Fol. 27<sup>bb</sup>
- 10 Melodia; modulatio
- 11 Auguria; auspicia;
- 12 Follicantes; uestis grossior;
- 13 Uaruassi : de uana ; dictum ;

[XXVII] IN LIBRO : ROTARUM;

- 3 Frugali : larga : uel lata ;
- 4 Suprima; quando sol ad occasum subprimitur:
- 5 Scina ++: imitatio uel: grina;
- 6 Explosi; extincti : 7 Luperci : sacerdotes lupercales :
- 8 Bruma : breuitas ; 9 Lupercalia : ipsa sacra ;
- Zoziacum; sideralem; 11 Lupercal; templum panos;

- <sup>12</sup> Uaporat; exurit; <sup>13</sup> Lustrum: inluminatio;
- 14 Anomala : dissimilia ; 15 Mappanus apollo ;
- 16 Hyadas: a tauri similitudine;
- 17 Genthliatici : gentiles ;
- 18 Secunda: prosperass. DEODEM
  Libro;
- Feriatus; sanctus uel requies:
  20 Menstruum: quando luna
  distruitur. uel instruitur;
- 21 Eclipsis: defectio: 22 Fatescit: soluit contriuit.
- <sup>23</sup> Phoebe: sol: . <sup>24</sup> Hiebernis: hiemalibus;
- <sup>25</sup> Orion: eburdnung¶¶; <sup>26</sup> Atris: nigris. tetris.
- <sup>27</sup> Genthliatici: gentiles. uel naturalium scriptores
- 28 In georgicis; ubi de cultura agri cecinit:

Uia secta: iringesuuec;

- <sup>29</sup> Titania; solaria; <sup>30</sup> Moloncolia. humor. fellis;
- 31 Tethis; aquis; 32 Opago tempore: denso. uel estiuo: 33 artofilax: custos aquilonis||||.

[XXVIII] IN LIBRO ANTONII;

- Deficiet; fatiget; 2 In agillo; in agro;
- \* MS. has Folligantos, with one letter or : erased after the i; and e with :, (as marks of correction) written above the o.
  - + First o written on an erasure.
- § MS. has  $\mathbf{v}$ : (or rather)  $\mathbf{y}$ : above the r.
- ¶ MS. has v above the et.
- | MS. has v above the et.

  \*\* logu written on an erasure.
- toro written on an erasure.
- ++ The Sc and a alone are distinct, but between these letters something has been erased, and after the c now follows a small thick stroke which appears to be meant for i; after this stroke follows what resembles a dot or a blot large enough to be taken as i; then, after a vacant space (sufficient for one letter), follows (next to the a) a letter which may be read as n, though it is blurred, and might also be read as n. It is, therefore, possible to read sciiria, or scuria, or scina.
  - §§ sp on an erasure.
- ¶¶ MS. has  $\mathbf{v}$  above the first u, and a horizontal stroke turned upwards to the left above the final ng.
  - III One letter (I, h or b) has been erased between the o and n.

- 3 Infestionibus; iniuriis; 4 Extimplo; statim;
- 5 Infitiandi; negandi; 6 Frugali; larga uel lata;
- 7 Tifon ; filius : saturni :
- 8 Sputacum; sputum; Fol. 28aa
- 9 Saturnus; rex grecorum; 10 Luridam; luto sordidam
- Diana; filia\* iouis; 12 Stipantur; conplentur;
- 13 Ionan; filia uulcani : 14 Explosi : extincti;
- Laodes; nomen regine; 16 Argula; acuta:
- 17 Inpolastis; inpugnastis†: uel inpinguastis:
- 18 § Apo tu pt: saum: a tangendo est inde quidam psalmum uolunt dici cognosce uero quod isti tantum pro excellentia sui dicantur psalmi;
- Sympsalma: uocum adunata¶ copulatio;
- 20 Diapsalma || uero : sermonum rupta continuatio;
- 21 Prolezomena : idest . predicentia : :
- 22 Sophismatum; questionum; 23 Iouis: filius saturni nouissimus:
- 24 Ýpozeuxis; quando diuersa\*\* uerba singulis apta clausulis apponuntur;
  - \* li are added above the line.
  - + The g is a correction from n.
- § The Glosses following till No. 88 are excerpted, not from the Vita S. Antonii, but from Cassiodori Comment. in Psalterium (except Nos. 22 and 23, which are taken from the Vita S. Antonii). As, however, the MS. makes no mention of this fact, and combines the two collections in one Chapter, it was considered advisable to number the glosses consecutively till the end of the Chapter.
  - ¶ Something has been erased above the first a.
  - | MS. Diaspsalma, but first s marked for erasure by four dots.
  - $\ddagger$  pre  $(\bar{p})$  is added above the line, with a dot above the stroke.
  - \*\* MS. duiersa, corrected to diuersa, by lengthening the first stroke of u to i.
- ++ The .. after inridebit are written above the line, on the right-hand side of the t, and above it some letters (eos? see Ps.  $\pi$ . 4) have been erased.
  - §§ The s has been added above the line and before gradibus something has been erased.
  - II The second o added above the line.
  - III There is a perpendicular stroke above the r,

- 25 Scema est . figura dictionis in ordine uerborum cum decore conposita;
- 26 Paradigma; narratio per exempla ortans aliquem aut deterrens;
- 27 Erotema; interrogatio; 28 Metonymia. transnominatio ut est qui habitat in celis inridebit††...
- <sup>29</sup> Exallege: permotatio; <sup>30</sup> Epembabis; iteratio enumerationis studio. uerba repetens,
- 31 Ausesis que addenda quedam nomina per membra singula rerum aucmenta congeminat;
- 32 Climax gradatio quando quibusdam gradibus semper accrescitss;
- 33 Tropus est dictio ab eo loco in quo propria est translata in eum locum in quo propri non est ut est exsurge domine
- 34 Figura metopoea ¶¶ que personis semper cognoscit certissime applicari:
- Nenias; mendatium: 36 Peusis; percunctatio ubi et interrogatio fit et responsio;
- Metabole: idest iteratio unius rei sub uarietate uerborum. 38 Per figuram: yperbolen||||. per quam solent aliqua in magnitudinem exaggerationis extendi.

Fol. 28ab

39 Allegoria\* . idest inversio aliud dicens aliud significans † .

40 Silemsis; quoties casus discrepantes in unam significationem congregamus;

41 Sinecdochen: a toto partem;

42 Idea : cum speciem rei future uelut oculis efferente motum animi concitamus :

43 Caracterismos quando aliquis. aut per formam discribitur. aut per actus propriores indicatur;

44 Hypallage : idest . permutatio quoties in alium intellectum uerba que dicta sunt transferuntur:

45 Zeuma: idest. coniunctio quando multa pendentia aut uno uerbo aut una sententia concluduntur.

46 Aetilogia : idest cause redditio quoties promisse § rei ratio decora subiungitur;

47 Parenthesin: idest. interpositionem: quoniam in sensu medio recipit uerba quedam quedam ordinem¶ sententie uideantur posse diuidere

48 Parabole : conparatio

49 Periscema icon‡ : que latini dicitur imaginatio :

50 Catepenon: latini per laudem;

57 Hyperthesis: idest superlatio cum aliquam rem opinione omnium nota sententia nostra\*\* exsuperare contendimus:

52 Epizeusis: que latine coniunctio

dicitur ut est dies diei . et deus deus meus :

Paraprosdocia latine inopinatus exitus cum aliud proponitur aliud explicatur ut est deus deus mevs †† inpolluta uia eius .

54 Aposiopesis § : idest dictio cu-

ivs¶¶ finis reticetur .

- 55 Metaforan latini per translationem dicunt cum rem aliquam sub breui preconio que sit ostendimus.
- 56 Auxesis: augmentum paulatim enim ad superiora concrescit: 57 Figura est sicut nomine ipso datur. intellegi quedam conformatio dictionis a communione remota quam ostentationem et habitum possumus nuncupare: Fol. 28ba

58 Apostropei : idest conuersio quoties ad diuersas personas crebro uerba conuertimus

59 Sýncrisis : conparatio||||; 60 Enthimema : interpretatur . mentis conceptio;

61 Amphibolia : idest dictio ambigua . dubium faciens pendere sententiam :

62 Tapynosin . que latine humiliatio dicitur quoties magnitudo mirabilis rebus humilissimus conparatur;

63 Sinatrismos congregatio . quoties multa in unum colliguntur :

Epitrocasmos; idest dicti rotatio cum succincte ea que sunt effusius dicenda perstringit;

\* The first l added above the line.

§ m corrected from n.

+ g corrected from n.

¶ d corrected from i.

MS. comparatio, but the final stroke of m marked by two dots for erasure.

 $^{\ddagger}$  MS. Periscemagicon, but the g marked by three dots for erasure. \*\* MS. has  $n\bar{n}$ , therefore properly nam, but the text has nostra.

 $\dagger\dagger$  MS. meus, but the u is indistinct and may be some other letter, v, however, is written over it; above the e there is a stroke like that over the preceding two ds ds.

§§ The final s is a correction from some other letter (n?).

¶¶ The v has been added above the line.

III The r is a correction from some other letter (i?).

- 65 Epiphonima : idest adelamatio que post narratas rebus breuiter cum exclamatione prorumpit:
- 66 Exactasmos: idest exquesitio.
- 67 Anastrophe . idest peruersio quando promimus ordine. converso sententiam
- 68 Anadiplosis\*: congeminatio dictionis sermonem geminat ad decorem †;
- 69 Emphasis: idest exaggeratio quod gradatim crescit§
- 70 Sinchrisis est . cum causam suam quis aduersariis nititur efficere meliorem:
- 71 Ephichirema . exsecutiones uel approbationes uocare maluerunt;
- 72 Anaphora . reuelatio quoties unum uerbum per comatum principia repetitur; quando res secuture pro preteritis secuntur. 73 Epimone . repetitio .

74 Ironia . idest inrisio quoties aliquid quod sub laude dicitur intellectum uituperationis habere monstratur.

75 Prolemsis . preoccupatio crebra sermonis que multa colligit unius uerbi iteratione decursa.

76 Metafora . idest translatio cum Fol. 28bb.

> mutatur nomen aut uerbum ex eo loco in quo proprium est.

77 Sinastrismus . que uno tractu atque circuitu cremina ¶ multa concludit .

- 78 Hyperbaton . cum suspensus ordo uerborum inferius explicatur.
- 79 Epexergasia : quoties uni cause duas probationes adponimus;
- 80 Diaforesis : per quam fit differentia | personarum;
- 81 Per energiam : que actum rei incorpore imaginatione representat:
- 82 Efexegresis : idest explanatio dicti superioris,
- 83 Ennoematice; notio hec unamquamque rem‡ per id quod agit non per id quod est conatur ostendere;
- 84 HYpotheticus \*\*; idest contionalis sillogismus
- 85 Figura sardismos : que linguarum semper permixtione formatur;
- 86 Epithalamium; laus thalamitt interpretatur:
- 87 Yperbaton : idest transcensio;
- 88 Diatiposis latini expresio dicitur ubi rebus personisue subiectis et formess ipse et habitus exprimuntur;

#### [XXIX] INCIPIT UERBORUM IN-TERPRETATIO;

- Allegoria figuralis dictio:
- 2 Anagogen : superior sensus :
- 3 Asse . nummus : 4 autenticum; auctoris;
- 5 Augustissimo : famosissimo,
- 6 Proemium; prefatio
- \* The p is a correction from some other letter, and is partly written on an erasure.
- + MS. has sermonem ad decorem geminat, with three dots over the first e of decorem, and over the i of geminat, indicating that the words should be transposed.
  - § MS. grescit, but the g marked by a dot for erasure, and c written above it.
- ¶ MS. nomina, with  $\div$  above the first n of nomina, which refers to a similar mark and the word cremina inserted in the left-hand margin between lines forming
  - || Second f seems to have been corrected from i (j).
  - The e has a tag underneath, and above the e is a stroke (for m) with above it.
  - \*\* The H has been added in the margin. + The h added above the line.
  - §§ r corrected from n.

- 7 Nenias : mendatium; 8 Elucubratum; euigilantem
- 9 Quadrans; genus nummi est habens duo minuta
- 10 Uiola . herba \* : iacinctina ;
- Mauria . de auro facta in tonica idest† . gespan§;
- comicus : cantator uel artifex secularium canticorum .
  - Fol. 29aa
- 13 Frixi ciceris : faue siccate in sole ;
- Lanternis; uasa lampadis perlucentia;
- <sup>15</sup> Batroperite¶ qui portant cibos in utris :
- 16 Friuolis : frugalis :
- 17 Emulumentum; mercis laborum:
- 18 Flacidium; seruum : 19 Fratruelis; filius fratris
- 20 Quisquilia: inmundicia erbarum:
- 21 Curia: ubi ordo consilium iniit;
- 22 Meatus: uaene modice:
- 23 Decipulam; tenticulam qua aues capiuntur.
- 24 Inlecti: incitati: 25 Exuuia: spolia:
- 26 Protoplastrum: prima: plamatio:
- 27 Ideonati: consuetudini:
- 28 Strofa : frans : 29 Tecnam : artem :
- 30 Pitatiola: membranula;
- 31 Decapolim: x ciuitates in una prouintia;
- 32 Nummismum : solidum :
- 33 Deuteres : renouationes :
- 34 Nardum : arbor :
- 35 Pisticum : herba rubicunda | .
  - \* The h added above the line.
  - † The d is a correction from n. § MS. has horizontal stroke above the e.
- ¶ MS. has a hook (f) above the tr, which is meant, perhaps, for a c which should come after the a. The MS. divides Batro perite.
  - | The i written above the line.
  - \*\* The str are written on an erasure.
  - + The e is blurred, and is now merely a blot.
  - §§ The first l has been added above the line.
  - II The top of the i has faded away.
  - One or two letters have been erased between pal and lidus.
  - tt otia written on an erasure.
- n pal and lidus.

  \*\*\* thu written on an erasure.

- uel nardum pisticum . idest spicatum uel fidelis :
- 36 Siloam : stagnum‡ : 37 Duellionis : belli :
- 38 Hyinę : nocturnum monstrum\*\* similis cani :
- 39 Prorusu lembo : prorusu insula proprium lembo †† a quo ibi faciunt illa suestimenta ¶¶;
- 40 Ferrugineas : pallidus ||||; uel . rubicundus :
- 41 Caumate; ardenter;
- 42 Trapezeta: et nummularius. et colobista. idem sunt qui nummis fenerantur et uilis negotiis.
- 43 Perpera : causa . uel prauitas ;
- 44 Xenodoxiorum; collectionum;
- 45 Pragmaticam : negotialis † † : 46
  Arue : terram ;
- 47 Lagonam; uas lapideum ollo . idest crog;
- 48 Cauliculi; ramunculi:
- 49 Eynum : beneuolus ;
- 50 Prathus\*\*\* et prapatheian : passio et probatio Fol. 29ab
- 51 Epýuision; perision; Exiareton: precipuum;
- 52 Ecacusen; aut in aut in adflixit illam;
- 53 Epiasis: supersanus;
- 54 Grammateos; grammatius
- 55 Emurusem: fluxus sanguinis.
- 56 Metempschosis; motatio anime alie in alterum hominem:
- 57 Agora . foras : 58 Lutugisprum; rationabile .

t The g is a correction from n.

- 59 Tu thimisiun : plenum ire :
- 60 Tu epitimitisun; concupiscibili;
- 61 Puruys, uenę; 62 De citiuis : de insanis;
- 63 Ileusun cyrię; propitius esto domine;
- 64 Theoritisen . et practicen : contemplatiuum et actiuum; 65 Cuimarsus : princeps uille;
- 66 Oma corpus 67 sumenumerus quod pro uno omnes et pro multis unus:
- 68 Cataantis: contrarius:
- 69 Sinthema spica conpositio
- 7º Spodasten; amatorem; 7º Diatribas: dissensiones: uel disputationes;
- 72 Nuymeyses consiliarius;
- 73 Qui dixerit fratri suo racha; reus erit concilio idest reconciliatione;

#### [XXX] DE CALOGO HIERONIMI IN PROLOGO

- Peripatthiens: ambulator;
- 2 Canitius : qui a canitia prouintia in grecia uocatur
- 3 Ypotheseon . dispositionum \*;
- 4 Anarchius : ubi nullius potestas ;
- 5 Monarchia: ubi unius
- 6 Polarchia: ubi multorum;
- 7 Bibliotheca†: nomen loci ubi libri ponuntur;
- 8 Praxeon : actionum ;
  - \* First o corrected from u.
- + h added above the line. Above the : (colon) after Bibliotheea the MS. has  $\div$ , which refers to  $\div$  nomen loci, which is written on the left of the lemma between lines forming a square.
  - § The second stroke of the first a is written on an erasure.
  - ¶ MS. has id  $\bar{e}$ , therefore idest est. || The second h is added above the line.
  - $\ddagger$  The h is added above the line, between the P and r.
- \*\* Of No. 31 the lemma is sintagmata; sub nominem con is a misread sub nomine eius, which St Jerome wrote; see his Catal. Ch. xxxII. It is, therefore, neither a lemma, nor an interpretation, and should have had no place in the Glossary.
  - ++ ntag written on an erasure; the  $\dot{y}$  is a correction from i or v.
- §§ The b corrected from p, and the down-stroke of the latter marked by two dots for erasure.

- 9 Peridion : contextum idest unius sensus :
- 10 Pýlominos; amator;
- 11 Diaphonian § : dissonantiam . 12 iereticos sacerdotale;
- Peri tes zoes; theoricas: idest¶: de hac uit contemplatiua;
- Ho platon: hic plato; Fol. 29ba
- 15 Ton philona; hunc philonem;
- 16 Acoloythei : sequitur h ton platona aut hunc platonem
- 17 O philon . hec philo ; 18 Archeretoys . conflictus ;
- 19 Pantocranto; omnium:
- Paturia theo : de potentia dei : continentia eo dicitur :
- 21 Amphitheatrum || ; circum spectaculum ;
- 22 Deuterosin : secunda lex ;
- 23 Apologieticum: excusabile:
- 24 Philuluguis: uerbi amatoris;
- 25 Elegos; castigatio;
- 26 Diatripas . conflictus proprium nomen loci ubi discunt dispuli :
- 27 De piasma : fractura uel ars :
- 28 De philoxenia: de amore ospicium;
- 29 Capun periens instructio;
  - Matuýtu : de deo corpore induco : uel de peritia dei :
- 30 Phraysi‡; sensus 31 sub\*\* nominem consintagmata documenta: 32 syntagma†† documentum;
- Pseudoephigrapha; falso superscribtass:

- 34 Catacesseun: doctrinarum 35 uarietas\* stromactis desternatione ubi paganorum et xpistianorum† colleguntur quasi ex lectulo uarietatis; 36 Prosefanesen; ostendit§;
- 37 Cronographias; temporalis scribturæ¶
- 38 Archutoman; antiquitatem: uel principatum;

39 Tesseroes : quadris :

40 Extasei excessu : idest mentis ;

- 41 Ascesi : intellectui : 42 Chri || fiscus ; fans :
- 43 De monogamia; de singularibus nuptiis;
- 44 Catha manthan : secundum matheum;
- 45 Dialectica: dualis dictio:
- 46 Arethimetica ‡ : numeralis :

47 Musica : modo labiis ;

- 48 Geometrica : terre mensura :
- 49 Grammatica: literali;
- 50 Rethorica; eloquentia;
- 51 Astronomia; siderum\*\* lex; Fol. 29bb
- 52 Exca (VI) : cai (et) †† : decerida : sedecenalem :
- 53 Enneafe : decerida decem noualem :
- 54 Et procomian : narrationum :

- 55 Erladiocten: operis conpulsorem:
- 56 Aethimologia : proprietate : 57 diafonia : dissonantia
- 58 Genealogia: generatione;
- 59 Panagericon § : laudabilem;
  60 Eucharistias : gratiarum actiones;
- 61 Metafrasin: interpretationem;
- 52 Eortatica; solemnes : 63 Para-
- scheue: preparatione
  64 Catheron: mundorum
- 65 Epitomen: memoria: uel bre-
- uiarium¶¶;
- 66 Exenteseon: questionum;
- 67 Catacesseos: doctrine. 68 Ptocheus: inopie.
- 69 Sintagmaton: documentorum

70 Monaptolmon: luscus || ||;

71 Sinphosin: iterarium. uel uiarum;

72 Otheporicon; itenerarium:

- 73 Epimehne ‡‡ : memoria uel preuiarivm\*\*\*
- 74 Aceuan : oratio :
- 75 Eyaggences; apodoxios . euangelice††† predicaciones :
- 76 Euaggences . parasueues : euangelice preparationis
- 77 Cronicon canuon temporalium regularum:
- 78 Tropicon : maralium :
- 79 Apologus; excusationes
- 80 Et simcosion: similitudinem;
- \* Of No. 35 the lemma is [stromactis=]  $\sigma \tau \rho \omega \mu \alpha \tau \epsilon \hat{\imath} s$ , and uarietas the interpretation.
- $\dagger$  MS. has ecpianorum, with horizontal stroke over the p and i; the e is marked, by four dots, for erasure, and the c corrected into x.
  - § The o is a correction from some other letter.
  - ¶ The  $\alpha$  is a combination of the left-hand stroke of an open a and an e.
  - MS. should have a stroke over Chri, for Christi? but see Cp. C 888.
  - # The first i is added below the line, attached to the h.
- \*\* The s has been lengthened by the addition, to its base, of a stroke, the lower part of which has been erased.
  - †† vi is written in the MS. above ca, and et above cai, but without ( ).
  - §§ MS. Pannagericon, but the first n marked for erasure.
  - ¶¶ MS. preuiarium, but p corrected into b.
  - || The first u seems a correction from o.
  - $\pm \pm$  The h, which is a correction from some other letter (n?), may also be read as b.
- \*\*\* MS. preuiariarium, but above the second a is written v with a stroke over it (=vn), and the remainder of the word has been marked, by five or six dots, for erasure.
  - +++ The c has been added above the line.

- 82 De entoetromito : deflicto diuersarum dispositionum
- 83 Elegos : castigatio ; 84 Monon : unius ;
- 85 Cinticta onitaltaon\*; ratio populorum
- 86 Temoys . libros;
- 87 Otheporicon † : iterarium . uel § uiarum ;
- 88 Catastrofon; conuersationem;
- 89 Ominas; locutiones ¶:
- 90 Ascetron : intellectum ;
- 91 Peri pthocheas; de paupertate; Fol. 30<sup>aa</sup>
- 92 Cataracteras : stilo uel figura ;
- 93 Ypophesion: instructionum:
- 94 Ortodoxon : gloriosi uel perfecti;
- 95 Ypo (sub) . tyos (hoc)|| . prino;
- 96 Ypo (sub) tos (hoc). scino (scinu)\*\*. scineoose †† scindat te;

# [XXXI] DE PONDERIBUS INCIPIT:

- Gomor maior in ose xu modios :
- 2 Modicus autem gomor . XXII sextarios;
- 3 Sextarius autem duo libra et dimedium:
- 4 Libra . XII uncias \$\\$; 5 Uncia : UI . solidos;

- 6 Solidos tres trýmisas : sax¶¶.
- 7 Libra LXXII solidos greci LXXXIIII solidos pendica:

29

- s Emina et cotile|||| medius sextarius;
- Ocomor minor septem sextarios . et . U . pars sextarii cotile dimedium ;
- 10 Aquila dixit . sextarium III modios :
- Ephi tres sextarios : Iterum ephi in 11 sextarii et paruum
- 12 Sata quinquaginta sextarios in liquidis in aridis uero xxvii sata:
- Sarre UII ‡‡ sextarios et . u . partem .
- Hin maior . XUIII sextarios .
  Minor UIII:
- <sup>15</sup> Siclus LXXII siliquas : <sup>16</sup> Regalis XXXII . siliqua
- 17 Grece idest cercetea; Cercetea IIII grana ordei:
- 18 Obolus . XUIIII siliquas; 19 Obolus medicinalis III siliquas; 20 Taletum : centum XXU libras :
- 21 Cathos : sexta pars sextarii ;
- <sup>22</sup> Epiphanius d*ici*t dragma xxuIII siliquas;
- 23 Siliquas argeos idest pendicum;
- 24 Choros XXX . modios gressus et uestigia eius : idest pes . inter duos . idest duos cubitos ;
- \* The second a is not quite clear; it may be read as ic or cc.
- + The n is not clear, and appears broken at the top.
- $\S$  There is a short perpendicular stroke above the u, perhaps the beginning of a wrongly commenced letter.
  - ¶ The u may also be read as a.
  - | sub is written in the MS. above Ypo, and hoc above tyos, but without ( ).
- ‡ After prino the MS. has some character which may be described as a c turned upside down, like the mark of contraction for con, except that here there is a dot above it. It is evidently a misread Gr. v belonging to the word prino. A MS. in the Cambridge Univ. Library (Kk. 4. 6), containing Jerome's Catalogus, has here HPINOI.
- \*\* sub is written in the MS. above  $\dot{Y}po$ ; hoc above tos and seinu above scino, but without ( ).
  - + The second o is added above the line.
  - §§ MS. has v above the a.

- ¶¶ MS. has  $\mathbf{v}$  above the x.
- $\|$  MS. contile, but n marked, by a dot above and underneath, for erasure.
- ## Something above the u has been erased.

- Pes uocatur quando una uice . calcat passus idest fetim . IIII cubitorum :
- 26 Conurbicus . XXVI uncias :
- 27 Libra et pondera idem sunt\*.
- Tres argenteos solidum faciunt.
- 29 Solidus XXIIII† siliquas: 30 Scripulus sex siliquas pensatur; Fol. 30<sup>nb</sup>
- 31 Sextarius : IIII libras pensat ; 32 Sextarius Grece duas libras et dimidium pensat§;
- 33 Mina Grece mina sex uncias :
- 34 Statera Grece LXXII siliquas;
- 35 Cimina romana dimedius sextarius:
- 36 Sata unum et dimedium modium¶ habens .
- 37 Hieronim*us dicit* statera d*icitu*r qui duo didragma habet||;
- 38 Denarius . per x nummis deputatur;
- 39 Chatos‡ . tres . modios . habet :
- 40 Amphora . III . modios . 41 bathos . III . modios .

- [XXXII] DE PONDERIBUS:
- r Dragma pondus est denarii argentei quod pensat siliquas xuiii a grecis fit sic :
- 2 C apud latinus fit sic \* . ab aliis fit sic \*
- 3 Scripulus pensat siliquas sex ab aliquibus fit duo
  - 4 Obolus pensat siliquas. III. siliquas. tres fit f \*\*. 5 uncia fit sic: \(\chi\) que uncia pensat siliquas cxliii+†. hoc est solidos ui. 6 Ciatos habens pensum solidorum. vi. 7 Acitabulus habens dragmas xu. idest \(\sigma\) scrupulus xlii \(\Psi\) quod uncia una semis et scrupulos. UIII. 2 Cotule habet dragmas lxxii idest scrupulos \(\precedit)\). "CCC XUI‡‡ quod facit UIIII;
  - 9 Mina habetstateras. xxii\*\*\*. idest dragmas. C. scrupulos ccc quod facit libram unam et semiunciam; 10 Talentum habet pondera Lx+++. quod facit libras LXXIISSS: 11 Libra habet scu-
- \* Over the s there is a horizontal stroke with dot above it, to mark the stroke for erasure.
  - + After XXIIII a long letter or stroke has been erased.
  - § The t is a correction from n or o.
  - ¶ The first stroke of the final m is a correction from an original s.
- $\parallel$  didragma ha, and the up-stroke of the b are written on an erasure. Under the a of ha, a comma, which apparently belonged to the erased word, is still visible.
  - # The h has been added above the line.
- \*\* Through this sign, which has the form of a long thick s, runs the lengthened top stroke of the t of fit, with a dot above and underneath, which mark this part of the stroke for erasure.
- ++ It is possible to read here cxvIII, as the L and first I resemble the capital U elsewhere in the MS.
- $\S$  Above the back of the d is the stroke of some wrongly commenced letter still visible.
  - II It is possible to read here xvi (see above note ++).
  - The c is a correction from r.
  - ## The dots, which are written within the cc, mark them, perhaps, for erasure.
  - \*\*\* May be read as xxv.
  - +++ Lx is formed by an L, with a stroke through its bottom-stroke.
  - §§§ The L and first x are here again combined as above (note ++).

pulos c.c. LXXVIII\*, quod facit dragmas. xc.vi+.

#### [XXXIII] DE PONDERIBVS SECUN-DUM. EUCHERIUM§;

- Talentum . habet pondera LXII
  quod faciunt LXXX libre attice ;
  2 Mina est libra una et semiuncia
  3 talentum habet LX [minas]
  mina grece latine mine dicitur
- 4 Dragma habet scrupulos . III
  5 dedragma due T Dragmae
  sunt . unde . miror . quomodo
  in libro hebraicarum questionum semeuncias scribitur .
- 6 Stater nummus est habens ut quidam adfirmant unciam unam . idest aureos . VI . ut alii

Fol. 30ba

putant. III : in euangelio enim pro the duobus dragmis stater datur; 7 Sicel qui latine lingue corrupte siclos dicitur. in questionibus. supra scriptis. uncia \*\* pondus habet ut alibi scriptum repperi††. scrupula. x. quod ipse. arbitror: Nam siclus ipse uel sicel de propinquitate ponderis quasi siclus sonat;

- s Obulus est scrupule dimedium quod facit siliquas III §§ . In hiezechielo . siclus autem [xx] obolus habet;
- o Chorus est modii . XXX . 10 batus est;
  Amphora una . idest modii . III;
  11 Chatus grece amphora est
  habens urnas . III; 12 Ephi .
  siue ofa ¶¶ . III . modii; Ephi idem mensure habet in aridis
  et in liquidis; Batus 13 metreta .
  mensura . una ut quidam
  dicunt habent sextarios 'C'
  mensura . autem grece metrum
  dicitur. unde et metreta dicitur:
  Notandum uero quod mensura
  hebraicum|||| nomen est; 14 Artabe in asaie egyptiorum mensure que . III . faciunt modios . X .
- <sup>15</sup> Sata idem sunt quod et ephi . idest modii . III;
- 16 Gomor mensura est attica . habens ut quidam oppinantur . conices III . idest sextarios XII :
  - Alii gomor dicunt sextarios. v. quod etia[m] ipse sequor eo quod decima pars sit ephi:
- 17 Hin ‡‡ . sextarios . II . 18 abattidis . v . 19 Nebel . quidam putant modios III . in sextariis est liquide speciei : 20 Cola-
- \* The dots within the cc mark the latter, perhaps, for erasure. The L and first x are again combined as before.
  - † The dot within the c marks the latter, perhaps, for erasure.
- § See the Vienna Corpus Scriptt. Ecclesiasticorum Latinorum, Vol. xxxi, (S. Eucherii Lugdun. Instructt. Libri 11, p. 158).
- ¶ Here follows in the MS. s, which seems to have no meaning, and was, perhaps, written by the scribe in place of the usual;
- After alii two or three letters have been erased, and one or two other letters, on the right and left of the erasure, seem to have been wiped away.
- ‡ The p seems a correction from o; the mark for ro attached to its down-stroke is written on the place of an erased letter of which traces are still visible.
  - \*\* For unciae. †† The second p added above the line.
- §§ The third I has been lengthened by a kind of undulating perpendicular stroke below the line.
  - ¶¶ The f is a correction from some other letter (c?).
  - III Here the word est followed, but it has been erased.
  - The Nos. 17 and 18 do not appear in the printed texts of Eucherius.

mina\* est ; in hiezechielo decim inquid cotile . gomor† 21 uncia una solidi ui .

<sup>22</sup> Semiuncia . III . pensat . <sup>23</sup> libra et pondus idem sunt .

Urbicus et sextarius equali mensura 25 siliqua una . IIII grana ordei pensat 26 sextarius libras IIII 27 siliquae sex scripulum unum; 28 libra LXXII solidos pensat

Obolus . III . siliquas . solidos . xxIIII . 30 siliquae . Tres argenteos solidum faciunt . 31 siliquas sex . scripulum unum pen-

sant§; finit.

Fol. 30bb

[XXXIV] DE CASSIANO; 1 Malis : ex maxillis;

2 Letheo; mortali; 3 Spiathio; mattae¶:

4 Enticam : sublectilem ;

5 Xerofagia : herbe que comeduntur incocte

6 Omofagis : que non nisi cocte;

7 Ason . integritas || ; 8 Utpute; utest;

9 Causticis; asperis . firmioribus;

o Auxesin: aucmentvm‡: 11 Proemiis: prefacionibus;

12 Cenodoxia: inanis gloria.

centor; suscitator; 14 In-

- \* Cotyla hemina in the printed texts.
- + Here the printed texts of Eucherius end.
- § There is an erasure above the t in the MS.
- ¶ MS, has  $\mathbf{v}$  above the first t.
- | ta corrected from ti.
- ‡ MS. aucmenta, but above the final a (which is not marked for erasure) there is a  $\mathbf{v}$  with stroke above it  $(=\mathbf{v}m)$  and a dot on both sides. After the final a something has been erased.
  - \*\* The a is a correction from some other letter (u?).
  - ++ MS. Preregatiua, with o above the second e.
  - §§ The first u is a correction from a.
  - ¶¶ MS. meuit-, but the first stroke of m corrected into i.
  - III After the a some letter has been wiped away; only a yellow spot is now visible.

15 Scopulosus; petra; 16 Secunda; prospera:

<sup>17</sup> Cautes; lapides; <sup>18</sup> Lentiscere. molliscere::

<sup>19</sup> Non officit: non resistit; <sup>20</sup> Catalogum; series nominum:

Atauus: IIII: pater: 22 Confectos: maculatos:

Z3 Lautiores; pulcriores; 24 Cicona; cecitas;

<sup>25</sup> Pinsit; densitudo; <sup>26</sup> Inlecta; suscitata;

<sup>27</sup> Oppleta; inpleta; <sup>28</sup> Exaggerare; comulare.

29 Theorice: supernus intellectus.

30 Inconditos; indisciplinatos; 31 Tabo \*\*: morbus;

Repagulis; stabulis : 33 Conserto; conposito;

34 Comminus: prope; 35 Abdicans; contradicans;

36 Gastrimargia; appetitus uentris; 37 Týrsamus; predator; 38 Diruit

obruit;
39 Statione; uigilatione;;

40 Prerogatiua ††; priuilegium;

<sup>41</sup> Nutabundus§§ : mobilis; <sup>42</sup> Indeptum : adquisitum;

43 Rangor : nequitia; 44 Sillogismus; questio ineuitabilis¶¶

45 Dialecticis . fecundia .; 46 Conicere; intellegere;

47 Sugillationem; iniuriam;

48 Scatentibus|||| . credenti; 49 Dumtaxat, maxime 50 Expers: ignarus: 51 Caracteries: scripturis\*;

52 Degesti sunt : congregati sunt ;

53 Deflorare; euellare; 54 Condere: abscondere:

55 Eneruatus; inualidus:

Fol. 31aa

[XXXV] <sup>1</sup> Tragoedia . bellica cantica . DE EUSEBIO; . uel fabulatio . uel hircania†: trago Hircus§;

2 Coli; dolores uentris : 3 Prorigo : urido cutis . idest gyccae ¶

4 Luridus; pallidus:

5 Hydropicus; aquaticus:

6 Tentigo: tenacitas uentris. idest ebind||:

7 Toparcha : loci princeps : Topus; ; locus;

8 Age; uelociter; 9 Constipatio; circumstantia;

10 Apparitorium; auditorium;

11 Adstipulatio; confirmatio; 12 Cýati: calices;

13 Consultoribus. consiliariis;

14 Diriguere : pro stupore pallescere\*\*: 15 Quadriga : a IIII equis dicitur :

16 Stromatum; lectorum: 17 A theologia: a dei genilogia:

Opperiunt: inueniunt. repperiunt:

<sup>19</sup> Miherculi; mifortis††; <sup>20</sup> Magni sabbati . id*est* paschę 21 Subregeris; subieceris:

22 Curione; qui curam gerit; 23 Editionis; puplicationis propositure;

<sup>24</sup> Auspiciis; qui aues inspiciunt; uel . homines obuiantes

25 Thiesteas: commessationes:

26 Oethepia; coitum matris et sororis; sicut manichei in occultis: idest in occulta loca idolorum;

27 Punctoss; foramine in quo pedes uinctorum ¶¶ in ligno tenentur cubitali spatio interiecto inter uinctos;

28 Munerum; diebus remunerationis militum;

<sup>29</sup> Harene; theatrii : 30 Genefrix : de frigia : ciuitate

31 Legio; sex milia;

32 Ceteriorem : ulteriorem :

Bachantes . turpiter || || ludentes :

34 Solaria . sedes . uel loca alta; 35 Tesseras; tesulas‡‡; 36 Metafra-

sin: interpretatio;
37 Oraria; mappas. uel linteamina;

38 Sinefactas; pudicas . uel abstinentes:

Jungulam; ferrum curuum . ut digiti;

Troclei \*\*\*; rotis modicis .

Fol. 31ab

41 In aculeis; in ferris ligno in terra posito infixis et curuis;

42 Stibiis : coloribus stibia erba de quo faciunt .
 + The first i added above the line.

\* The c is a correction from s.

§ The sign or letter before ircus differs not materially from the ordinary capital h found in some of the headings of the chapters, and has, therefore, been read here as such. It may also be taken as the ligature for enim; but the point cannot be tested, as this ligature does not occur elsewhere in the MS.

¶ MS. has v above the û.

 $\parallel$  MS. has  $\mathbf{v}$  above the n.

‡ p corrected from b.

\*\* MS. palliscere, but the i marked by a dot for erasure, and e written above it.

+ MS. mifortes, but the e marked for erasure, and i written above it.

§§ MS. Pungto, but g marked by two dots for erasure, and c written above it.

¶¶ The n added above the line. |||| MS. has a perpendicular stroke above the p.  $\ddagger$  MS. has  $\mathbf{v}$  above the e. \*\*\* The e is a correction from i.

43 Inextricabiles: inexterminabiles;

44 Adortus; inchoans\* exortari†;

45 Suppuratis; insania fluentis uel purulentis: 46 Thia§; matertera;

47 Metropolis; mater ciuitatum ¶;

48 Compos; particeps; 49 Loculo : uase ligneo;

50 Asillum : locus refugii sanctus;

51 Gesta; scripta; 52 Conibentia: consensus:

53 Ludus literarum; scola paruulorum legentium;

54 Pedissequis : conuiator gegenta | ;

55 Lacerta; adexa‡: 56 Nouellam; nouam diminitiuum;

57 Cunabulum: uas in quo iacent infantes;

58 Uix: statim; 59 Fornice. scelb\*\*: uel drep†;

60 Bibennem: securem bis acutam:

61 Exedre; scabelli ad §§ cibos . uel subselli;

62 Pastoforie; modice domus;

63 Fucum; colorem¶¶; 64 Martyrium; modicum oratorium

65 Caementaria; ecclesie;

66 Ignis acer; oma||||; 67 Cissura; sectura;

68 Concidere; incidere;

69 Uixilla et labrum . idem sunt . idest segin ‡‡:

70 Calonum; nomen gentis . cum francis;

71 Calonum; militum uel seruorum

72 Lanionibus qui\*\*\* berbices\*\*\*
uel porcos incidunt membratim
et uendunt;

73 Codicibus: lignis in quibus incidunt codex: stofun††; 74 petigo; tetrafa \$\frac{\text{SS}}{2}\$;

75 Jugeres; gycer ¶¶¶ : unius diei opus : aratoris;

76 Fessat : desonat : 77 Subnixis; subiunctis | | | | | | |

78 Parethis; ministris; 79 Claua; fuste,

80 Madidum; contusum, uel contritum;

81 Uaeri : uirge ferree ;

82 Sub axe pontico; sub illa parte ubi pontus ; ; est; Fol. 31<sup>ba</sup>

83 Amplam; latam . 84 Parum; paruum; 85 Adtracto; breui;

86 Busta\*\*\*\*; incisa arbor ramis trungatis††††.

87 Afficit; amauit: uel onorauit;

88 Panagericis : laudabilibus ; 89 Preditis : ornatis

\* The h is a correction from some other letter (i?).

† Above the second r there is a perpendicular stroke hardly larger than a dot.

§ The T and left-hand stroke of the h written on an erasure.

¶ The second i is either blurred or a correction from some other letter.

MS. has v above the first e.

‡ MS. has v above the ad.

\*\* MS. has  $\mathbf{v}$  above the e.  $\dagger$  MS. has  $\mathbf{v}$  above the re. §§ The first stroke of the open a is a correction from i.

¶¶ There is a dot, or the beginning of an unfinished letter, above the r.

||| MS. has  $\mathbf{v}$  above the m.  $\ddagger$  MS. has  $\mathbf{v}$  above the g.

\*\*\* MS. has quibus bices, +++ MS. has v above the o.

§§§ MS. has v above the r; the final a may be read as ic.

¶¶¶ MS, has  $\mathbf{v}$  above the y.

The n is a correction from some other letter, or from two other letters.

 $\ddagger$  The *n* has been added above the line.

\*\*\*\* The a is a correction from o or u. Between the a and ; one or two letters have been erased.

++++ The ti are corrections from d(?).

90 Ad ilicem\*; genus rubri; 91 Mambre†; nomen loci;

92 Processores; excelsi: 93 Moluerunt: manserunt: uel senuerunt,

94 Theomachie; deorum pugnes;

95 Gigantemachie; gigantum pugne;

96 Fas erat; ius erat, uel iustum erat;
97 Uatis; propheta; 98 Prosapia;

progenies;

99 Aeditui : ostiarii ; 100 Commenta ; excogitata ;

101 Rata; iusta; 102 Fastibus¶ : libris;

103 Fascibus : dignitatibus : 104 Gladibus . uindictis || ;

105 Arcet ‡; depulit; 106 Stephanus : coronatus;

107 Ulcus : lepra\*\* uel uulnus :

108 Profusius; habundantius;

Perorans; adloquens; 110 Ínsimularet : accusaret uel insultaret;

Coniciebant; cogitabant; constipatio; circumstatio,

Concionaretur; loqueretur ††;

114 Uecors: malo corde: 115 Amminicula; adiutoria;

116 In prostibulo; in domo fornicaria;

Territoria; loca modica terre,

cant; pascant; 119 Coales-

Per hironiam; per mendatium;
Manum; turbam,

122 Callos; tensam cutem : idest
uarras\(\mathbb{S}\);

<sup>123</sup> Incusans; accusans; <sup>124</sup> Inconsulto; non interrogato,

Probra; obprobria¶¶; 126 Tropia; signa;

127 Aduentantes; aduenientes;

128 Molitio; meditatio mali||||;

Amopaga; archisinagogus; † est

131 Multata; percussa; 132 Fefellit: fraudulenter\*\*\* mentitur

133 Metrum : modium; 134 Dispicatis; disruptis :

135 Eripisissent; inruissent;

r<sub>36</sub> Efflabant†††; mortui sunt; Fol. 31<sup>bb</sup>

137 Sumptu puplico : adiutorium regali ;

138 Tabo; putrido: 139 Infaustiorem; infeliciorem;

140 Portarum indumenta; idest coria quibus porte indute sunt;

Lar Excidium; casum . uel discensum §§§;

142 Proceritas; celsitudo;

143 Per metalla : per diuersas artes ferri . uel alias

agno dicitur feminino

\* The first i is attached to the d of Ad below the line.

+ MS. has stroke above the a; hence the reading of the MS. is Mammbre.

§ The g is a correction from n.

¶ The i written on an erasure; the b is a correction from o or from ci.

The i and first stroke of the n are corrections from the first two strokes of an m.

The r is a correction from i.

\*\* There is an erasure above the epr.

† The r is a correction from i.

\*\* There is an erasure above the epr.

†† The re have been added above the line.

§§ MS. has  $\mathbf{v}$  above the first r.

¶¶ The i, which is combined with the r, is written over a c.

||| The a is written over an erasure. \tag{\text{\tike}}}}} \existing \text{\tikitet{\text{\text{\text{\text{\text{\text{\text{\text{\text{\tikitet{\text{\text{\text{\text{\text{\text{\text{\text{\text{\te}\tikitet{\texi}\text{\text{\text{\text{\texi{\texi}\text{\text{\texi}\text{\texic}\text{\text{\texi}}}}}}}}}}} \exitinminity}}}} } } } } } } }

which has been erased.

+++ After Ef two or three letters have been erased, and a vacant space is left for

two more letters. §§§ After the n two or three letters (dis?) have been erased. The s before the u may be read as f.

¶¶¶ MS. ex, but marked for omission, and ab written above it.

145 Numinis : uirtutis ;

146 Luxus; luxoria: uel lasciuia:

147 Petalum; in quo scriptum est nomen dei . uel tetragrammaton\*

148 Insolentia : inquietudine . uel lasciuia :

749 Consulari delectus; dignitati adductus;

150 Facessat; desinat : 151 Expiscabar; capiebam;

152 Sceptrum; uirga regalis;

Apologiticum . excusabilem ; 154 Incessere† . incedere§

155 Arcebatur; inpelebatur;

r56 Ad stadium; ad locum certaminis;

Furtunam: fatum; geuiif¶; 158
Rogus: beel||: uel aad‡:

159 Confectorem: interfectorem;

760 Idiotae, stulti; 161 Psaltes; cythara;

<sup>162</sup> In comminus; propius; <sup>163</sup> Luculentissime; splendissime

764 De figmento : de plasmatione hominis;

165 Fatum; uyrd\*\*; 166 Scenas turpes. incesta coinquinata

167 Eliceretur; extorqueretur; 168 Ergastulo; carcere;

169 In myrthece; in domo unguentorum

170 Nutatione; dubitatione.

171 Harene . locus . uel pauimentum theatri;

172 Nundinas; negotiationes;

Ouans; gaudens, 174 Tripudiaret; uinceret;

175 Graticulis†† ferreis factis. herst \$\square\$

176 Baratrum : loh¶¶; uel dal||||,
177 Uesani : insani ;

178 Ea tempestate; eo tempore;

179 Horas diurnas . nocturnaque conputantes . idest pro xL‡‡ diebus . xx statuvnt\*\*\*;

180 Fisco publico; dominio cesaris;

181 Regio morbus corpus afficit colore sicut pedes accipitris, Fol. 32<sup>aa</sup>

182 Simultantem; contentionem;

183 Laciniosa : slitende :

184 Liberales litera. quas seculares †††
homines legunt;

185 Expolitum . ornatum;

186 Infestus, inimicus : uel grauis;

187 Terebrantes perforantes;

188 Flagris; flagellis; 189 Infestes \$\square\squar

190 Fibras; uenas; 191 Affatibus : dictis,

Basis; omne quod fundamentum poni sub potest

193 Contribulibus: simul contribulatis;

194 Expolierit . onauerit, uel declarauerit;

\* MS. has tetram, with stroke over the m; the ra written over an erasure.

+ After Incessere two or three letters have been wiped away.

 $\S$  incedere is added above the line, preceded by the usual  $\lceil$ . The n is written over an erased  $\lceil$ , which shows that the scribe first wrote  $\lceil$  cedere above the line, which was afterwards corrected to  $\lceil$  incedere.

¶ MS. has v over the first i.

|| MS. has v above the first e.

\*\* MS. has v above the y.

‡ MS. has v above the second a.

+ After Graticulis something (;?) has been erased.

§§ MS. has v above the e.

¶¶ MS. has v above the o.

III MS. has v above the a.

## There is a stroke through the upper part of L, but marked by two dots for erasure.

\*\*\* The v has been added above the line.

+++ The final s has been added above the line. \$\$\$ The I is a correction from i.

195 Peripsima; purgamentum \* : uel quisquilea;

196 Cataceeos : doctrine : 197 Subsaltare : intrepetan :

Abiurari; ab iure aecclesie abicere,

799 Garrientium per ludum dicentium;

200 Reusti: iterum usti. 201 Cautere: ferrum melius tindre.

202 Exta; intestina; 203 Extale, snedil† daerm;

Puplites . hommę; 205 In metallo : in carcere;

206 Salariis : pecuniis debitis ;

207 Proscribendo; damnando; 200 Fluitans, fluens:

209 Galerius propter nomen;

semiduplum puto;

Cuniculum; foramen uel canalis; Fautoribus; adiutoribus; 213 In-

fenso; irato;

214 Obuncans; obiurgans; 215 Fragor: uox uel sonitus,

216 Obices; resistentes: 217 Perpera: sine causa;

218 Anulum; fidei libertatem; 219 Commenta, petra

220 Globus; rotunditas; 221 Munificentia; largitas.

222 Controuersie; aduersitates;

223 Ex pretore; de pretorio§; 224
Delubra; templa deorum:

Scuriosa; sordida: 226 In chaos; in profundum: uel in aera;

227 Aduta, occulta¶ . 228 Labris; labris,

Dispicatis; incisis; 230 Exesum; subtilis;

<sup>231</sup> Patulis; apertis; <sup>232</sup> Numinis; diuinitatis

233 Lineolis : dredum; 234 Suggillato||: inclinato;

235 Busta; ubi homines conburuntur. Fol. 32ab

<sup>236</sup> Funestare ‡ : cruentare ; <sup>237</sup> Coementeria \*\* ; sepulture ;

238 De triuio; de tribus uiis;

<sup>239</sup> Prefocatus; strangulatus

Angiportus; angustus locus;

Extorres; exules de patria;

Ponte moluio ††; propter pontis iuxta roma;

Fomite; materia .

245 Conpaginatum; coniunctum.

<sup>246</sup> Spurca: inmunda; <sup>247</sup> Auditorio, scole legentium;

<sup>248</sup> Pirgos: § turris; <sup>249</sup> Pompam: risionem;

250 In exameron; sex dierum computum

otii; quieti; 252 Meandrum; locum uel stagnum ¶¶;

253 Solaria; munera;

De octoade : de nouo testamento||||;

255 Conpendiosis; brewissimis;

256 Actio: p[ro]pter nomen ciuitatis; 257 Columellas: diuersis linimentis

\* MS. has Purgamentum: Peripsima; but the two words are each marked for transposition by the marks ÷ above them.

+ MS, has v above the e.

§ There is an erasure over the et.

 $\P$  There is a small perpendicular stroke above the t.

The first q has been added above the line.

‡ To the top-stroke of F, on the right-hand side, is added <sup>9</sup>, without, apparently, any meaning.

\*\* The a is a correction from some other letter. †† The MS. divides Pontem oluio. \$\\$ The s: written on an erasure. ¶¶ The g is a correction from n.

The st are written on an erasure.

<sup>258</sup> Lenonibus\*; conciliatoribus mulierum†;

259 Gestire; desiderare,

260 Lacessit . prouocat . u[e]l frequenter lacerat .

261 Incessit; incurrit; 262 Illo: usque illuc:

263 Infestus. inruens molestus;

<sup>264</sup> Incessere, inpugnare; <sup>265</sup> Concinnant; congregant:

266 Antinoitas; ciuitas in egypto;

<sup>267</sup> Factionibus sub dolibus; <sup>268</sup> Agellis; terre partes

269 Plasma, forma: 270 Elogiis; uerbis;

271 Cudat; fabricat;

272 Patricius: senator consiliarius;

<sup>273</sup> Delibratum : cogitatum ; <sup>274</sup> Axe ; polus .

275 Editore; excelsiore§;

276 Reditus; facultates; 277 Iugum montium; uerticem montium

278 Litat, sacrificat;

<sup>279</sup> Oratoriam; sapientiam seculariam¶;

280 Infecti : uiciati; 281 Operiremur; expectaremur;

282 Ducennarium ; presidem ||

283 Sinisactas; sociatrices::
284 Consulere: prouidere; 285 Coibatur. exitur;

Fol. 32ba 286 Sodalibus; socibus; 287 Adseueratur. adnuntiatur;

288 Nancisci; inueniri; 289 Inuisum; luad‡

<sup>290</sup> Effetas; euacuatas; <sup>291</sup> Stipis; esca modica;

292 Ruderibus; mixinnum;

293 Uoti copos xp[is]tiana \*\*\*; 294 Thecis†† custodiis; fabricam \$\ de argento

295 Cathanos; mundos; 296 Perspi-

cem; ingenium;

297 Exin : ¶¶ deinde; 298 Spiridon; nomen hominis;

299 Cyprius; prouintia; 300 Rata; confirmata;

301 Fruga; modestia;

302 Seminon; honestorum conuenticulum;

303 Mulcata: uincta; 304 Pugionibus. mucronibus;

305 Pessum; interitum : 306 Fuco;
pigmento;

[XXXVI] DE OROSIO; I lani porte; idest porte templi iane dei paganorum que ante patebant unaqueque ad gentem suam quando contraria fuit romanis nomine gentis ipsius scribta super porta;

<sup>2</sup> Armenias pilas : nom*en* montium uel gentis . uel silue : uel clau-

sure:

3 Promontorium; ubi terra |||| intrat |||| in mare; 4 Sinum; ubi mare intrat in terram;

5 Fares: turres custodum;

† The li are added above the line. § The s is a correction from i.

¶ The second a is a correction from some other letter (u?).

After the first e the MS. has a partly effaced c with a little stroke underneath.

# MS. has v above the ua.

\*\* The sign of contraction for is is wanting.

++ After the s something has been erased.

§§ Perhaps the stroke over the second a is to be expanded by tis.

¶¶ After Exin follows a mark (of punctuation?) which resembles a comma, having another comma, turned upside down, on the top of it.

III MS. intrat terra, but the two words have each been marked by three dots for transposition.

<sup>\*</sup> MS. Lenonobus, with i above the second o.

- 6 Eurus; dexter; 7 Choncis; hebernum\*:
- 8 Scabros; pisces sunt; 9 Peruicax : continuum;
- utiginem; bleci†; 11 Musca canina; que in cane§ habitat¶
- Foetontis: idest sol;
- 13 Astu; astucia; 14 Uitricum; steuffeder ||;
- 15 Amazones; semiuste,
- 16 Pellexerat; uocauerat;
- <sup>17</sup> In lati; in italia; <sup>18</sup> Conmanipulares; idest sodales;
- 19 Stiuam; manubrium;
- 20 Atticarum : athinensium :
- Laser; pigmentum; 22 Uiteleos; iuuenes; Fol. 32bb

# [XXXVII] DE SANCTI AGUSTINI;

- Dosoriorum; negotiationum;
- 2 · C · uolles; c · nummos;
- 3 Fidelia; farris uas tritici:
- 4 Fidelia; uas . far . genus tritici;
- 5 Capsaces; lenticula . idest uas uitreum simile flasconi;
- 6 Caligam;; calciamentum\*\* subtalare,
- 7 Odonis uitam; mihes + + nostlun;
- 8 Odon; lineum est in pede.
- 9 Tabulas legat . idest tabulas matronales; quia omnia scribuntur in curia etsubstantias disponunt in XIISS uncias quamuis magnas . uel modicas; et ad maritum pertinent : UIII : ad mulierem IIII; Unde in dialogo

- gregorii . vi untias idest medium precium accipit . puella :
- 10 Mutilabo; dubitabo:
- 11 Ambieres; munieres;
  - a camera to: multum clamantem a camera tamen dicitur; 13 Passim; per omnia:
  - 14 Sationis; seminis; 15 Uindicatur;
    defenditur;
- 16 Taxatio; deputatio;
- 17 Addicitur; damnatur; 18 Pallebat, timebat
- 19 Laurus; arbor est unde milites coronas sibi faciunt in uictoria; 20 Toga: dignitas;

### [XXXVIII] DE CLEMENTE,

- Examussim; inquisitiue;
- 2 Dumosis : spinosis ; 3 Elocare ; collocare ;
- 4 Gattas; muriceps;
- 5 Chantari; uermes qui cantant nocte sicut locuste;
- 6 Stragula; curtina pulcra . uarietate depicta¶¶
- 7 Columnas uitreas . idest in simili uitis scalpantur
- 8 Genesim; natura:
- 9 Epicurius; uoluptarius corporis
- Phitagoras: uoluptarius mentis; Fol. 33aa
- <sup>11</sup> Calistratus; proprium uiri; <sup>12</sup> Idasteles; proprium uiri.
- Diodorus; properter uiri; 14 Adepiades; proprium uiri;
- 15 Hyge; quas beluas uocant . idest bestie;

+ MS. has v above the e.

¶ The h is a correction from n.

- \* MS. has v above the er.
- § The e seems to be a correction from a.
- | MS. has v above the u.
- $\ddagger$  MS. Calicam, but c marked by a dot underneath for erasure, and g written above it.
  - \*\* The first stroke of the second a is a correction from i.
  - + MS. has v above the line, between the m and i.
  - §§ A later hand has inserted : after xII.
  - II The de are added above the line.

zó Ochimo; herba est que latine catagoga,

17 Cratera; patena;

18 Creta comam . diptamini mittit;

<sup>19</sup> Tholus; tectum de petris sine ligno;

20 Fidiae\* opera; opera dei;

- 21 Anacefaleosin; recapitulatio;
- Deucalionem : nomen regis sub diluuium factum est non generare,

23 Scrupeas : dubitationes ;

24 Pyriflegitonta; ignis ebulliens†;

25 Climacteras; partes celi;

- 26 Mathesis; doctrina astrologiae:
- 27 Tetragono; quattuor§ angvlos¶.
- 28 Cacodemonus; malus demon;
- <sup>29</sup> Trapezita; qui in mensa nummorum per mutationes uictum querit;

30 Palestris; luctatio;

- 3r Decanorum ||; qui per ‡ x nummos auguriantur
- 32 Thema; doctrina; 33 Scema; figura

34 Paenilopis: uxor; achilis;

35 Ex diametro e regione; medietas

36 Sindetus; ligaturas:

37 Coribantas\*\*: idest qui fecerunt sonitum

38 Satirum : incubum ;

<sup>39</sup> Aides : pluto diuitię : <sup>40</sup> Peleum; pater achelis

41 Totegis; procella;

- 42 Hierufontis†† uel prophetis qui auditis presunt.
- Nastologis; mercedes que dantur nautis; propter regimen nauis;
- 44 Epibatis qui peruenient et dant nabulum pro nauigatione;
- 45 Sitatum : malleum duratum ;

Fol. 33ab

[XXXIX] DE DIALOGORUM;

A primeuo flore \$\\$; a primo flore barbe;

2 Colonus; a colendo;

3 Censura; iuditium; 4 Balneum ciceronis; a cicerone romano prefecto qui fecit illud;

5 Mansionarius; hostiarius qui custodit¶¶ edem||||; 6 Fledomum;

blodsaex !!;

- 7 Eruce; modici uermes qui mandunt folia multos pedes habent
- 8 In gremio; in medio domus 9 Interorina; propter nomen loci;
- Ausaret; proprium nomen fluminis;
- Uini fusor; pincerna; 12 Uangas; spaedun\*\*\*
- 13 Aurelia; terra est; uel prouincia.
- 14 Sabanum; linteum ad††† balneum
- Ferula; baculus arundineus de maiore genere. si feris de ipso ardet et non est libidum
- \* The second i has been added above the line between the d and a.
- + MS. epulliens, but the down-stroke of p marked by two dots for erasure, and a stroke (for b) added to its top.
  - § MS. has quattuos. ¶ MS. angolos, but the first o corrected into v.
- - †† Here is a hole in the vellum round which this and the next gloss have been written.
  - §§ MS. frore, but first r marked by two dots for erasure, and l written above it.
- ¶¶ MS. custodiunt, but the second u, and the n marked each by a dot above and underneath for erasure.
  - ill edem, and the next two words are added in finer writing.
  - ## MS. has v above the o.

- \*\*\* MS. has v above the a.
- +++ Before ad a letter has been erased.

16 Modernos; nouos;

17 Sabura; in romana urbe;

18 Paritores: ministros:

<sup>19</sup> Freniticus\*; insanus ob dolorem capitis: ad tempus qui multum uigilat†

20 In mare adriatico; ab adriano . imperatore . qui pensabat hoc§ mare cum catenis in profundum 21 rimis . bord¶ remum

Presbitera; uxor || presbiteri quam
 habuit ante ordinationem ;;

23 Diaconissa; quam diaconus habuit;
24 Aduocatus . dicitur qui uocatur in adiutorium alicuius causa . uel per pecuniam idest dingere;

25 Uulgari; huni;

26 Emorphium; proprium

27 Exactio: monung \*\* gaebles ††;

Qui in numero optio fuit numerus dicitur quando milites fiunt;

Optio; dispensator qui dispensat stipendia militum : prepositus \$\sqrt{s} eorum :

Fol. 33ba

<sup>29</sup> Cassari; euacuare; <sup>30</sup> Decrepitam; dobend ¶¶.

31 Carabum; modica nauis . minor

quam scafa;

Dalmatica; tonica lata habens manicas|||| misalis;

Porta laurenti; quia per ipsam corpus eius portatum ‡‡ est;

34 Angulinis\*\*\*; propert termę calidae

35 Iuuenior : idest senior in iuuentute.

36 Sex untias. mediam partem unius uille, consuetudo est romanorum totam substantiam XII: untias dicere siue magna sit siue modica; 37 Arbor; maest †††;

38 Claui . perditi : 39 Rimis : cinum .

40 Paralisiu : desolutio SSS omnium membrorum

41 Crepido; a crepando dicitur;

42 Altare : dicitur . quod alta res : idest diuina in eo agitur

43 Duas coronas III panes pertussos similes corone

44 Glebum: ascensum singularis uia;

45 Palestrarum . luctantium ;

46 Camisa; lineum;

47 Sincopin: defectio stomachi;

48 Calculum dicitur : infirmitas eius qui non potest mingere . quasi lapis obdurat ¶¶¶ uirilia ;

49 Colirium dicitur . multa medicamina in unum collecta ;

50 Sentina dicitur . ubi multe aque fiunt collecte in naui

51 Byssus . in terra affricana crescit

\* The t seems a correction from ct.

 $\dagger$  Above the t the MS. has an inkspot, perhaps the top of a wrongly commenced t or b, or some such letter.

§ The c added above the line.

¶ MS. has v above the o.

| The x seems to have been corrected from i.

 $\ddagger$  The d is a correction from i.

\*\* MS. has v above the second n.

# MS. has v above the line, between the a and e.

§§ The down-stroke of the first p has the usual curled stroke for ro, therefore pro, without any mark of correction; but above the p is the ordinary stroke for re. Hence we may read pro- or pre-.

¶¶ MS. has v above the e.

The first stroke of the first open a is a correction from i.

## MS. postatum, but the combined s and t corrected into rt.

\*\*\* After the first i an f or s has been erased.

+++ MS. has v above the a.

§§§ The t is a correction from i.

III The d is a correction from t.

in arbustis lana alba sicut nix:

52 Omnes dies septimanę sabbata dicebantur;

53 In pulpito; in gradu. ubi lectores legunt;

54 In diocesi : in parrochia;

55 Scinici : scinnenas\* :

56 Ante absida. ante sedem episcopi;

57 Histrionibus†; oroccerum§

58 Pitoicis; dispensatio pauperum;

59 Xenodochiorum¶ : susceptio peregrinorum :

Fol. 33bb

60 Alae : genus|| . ludi ; 61 Municipii ; tribvtarii ‡

62 Filacteria; scriptura diuersa que propert infirmos habentur;

63 Per pragmatiam\*\* formam; per principalia imperia uel negotia;

64 Didascalum : doctorale;

65 Infvlas††; dignitates; 66 Elicitum; incitatum

67 Conpotis; inpletis;

68 Catalocum: secundum numerum;

69 Scedule; carte:

70 Adstipulatione; congregatione;

71 Typum : inflationem ;

72 Olografia § : totum scriptio ;

73 Autenticum; auctorale;

# [XL] ITEM INCIPIUNT UERBA

uiscide . Ineluctabile . idest maius luctu .

Fatere . laudare . 3 Deuotatum .
male dicturio :. inconparari .
4 Pangebantur ¶¶ : iungebtur

5 Alternandis . inuicem .

6 Palantibus . pendentibus 7 Crinicul . funicul || || .

s Ad infirmationem . ad stibulationem . suscitationem . 9 Inperagrata . intransita .

10 Cicima . geometrica . 11 Malua .

olus .

Fulmentatur . initiatur . 13 Bachal . multi idole foede .

Reis. inmundis. 15 Momentaneas. cotidianas.

16 Ollitani . senes . 17 Insigniri ‡ . inuri ‡ ‡ .

<sup>18</sup> Thiarati . diuini . <sup>19</sup> Conpage . porrectione

20 Pallantibus; apparentibus

21 Liniamentis \*\*\* . signis,

+ The second i and the o are written on an erasure.

§ Before this word a letter (c?) has been partly erased and partly effaced. The first o resembles the Greek  $\delta$ , and might therefore be read as d; but this form for o is not uncommon in the MS.; in the present case the top-curl looks fainter than the circle forming the o; it has, however, this faintness in common with some other letters in the lines above and below this word.

¶ The h has been added above the line between the c and i.

|| The g is a correction from n.  $\ddagger$  MS. tribatarii, but the first a corrected into v.

\*\* The p is a correction from some other letter (0?).

+ The v is a correction from i.

§§ The i appears to have been added later and crosses the lower part of the first stroke of the second open a.

¶¶ MS. plangebantur, but the l marked by three dots for erasure.

 $\|\|$  As the source of this gloss has not been found, the contractions cannot here be expanded.

## MS. has ÷ above the I of Insigniri, and above the in of inuri, as marks of transposition.

\*\*\* After this word is again the hole mentioned above, p. 40 note ††.

<sup>\*</sup> MS. has v above the e.

22 Rigentia uigentia.

obicientes omne presagio uel signo .

#### [XLI] ITEM DE NOMINIBUS DI-UERSIS.

Presbiteri qui sunt in agris . epistolas dare non possunt Ad solos tantum uicinos episcopos litteras distinabunt . 2 Chorepiscopi\* qui sunt inreprehensibiles dare possunt pacificas. idest gene

Fol. 34aa

rales epistulas . 3 Sidonicis . hospicia pauperum. 4 Orthodoxam . recte gloriantium .

Diocesis, adiacens domus.

6 Cinico . canino . 7 Iaspis . nigrum et uiridem colorem habet

8 Saphirus . mari similem et quasi aureas stellas habens . o Calcidon . ut ignis lucens†

so Smaragdus . uiridem colorem habet hoc est prasinum. 11 Sardonix . habet colorem sanguinis qui est onichinus.

22 Sardius . colorem purum sanguinis .

13 Crisolitus . auri colorem et stellas luculentas habet.

14 Byrillus tamen ut aqua resplendit.

Topation . ut aurum micat .

16 Cypressus . uiridem habet colorem ut est porrus et stellas aureas habet.

17 Mastigia . lora cum uncis ferreis .

18 Initiatum . ordinatum .

Pagus . possessio magna .

Lance . mensura . 21 Obfirmantes .

#### [XLII] INCIPIT EX DIUERSIS LIBRIS

Excipiuntur . separantur .

2 Tapetibus . rihum §

- 3 Memphitica . regina¶ egypti uel
- 4 Elleus . ualuyrt | . 5 Neutricis . nouis.

6 Sutrinator; scoehere :

- Priuigna; nift; 8 Paranimphi; dryctguma;
- 9 Ceruerus; canis qui hostiarius inferni dicitur;
- 10 Seuit; glimith, 11 Pone: post;

Fornaculum; herth;

13 Hermofroditus; androginus homo utriusque sexus;

14 Ruscus; eneholen; 15 Scithis: speciosas;

16 Falleras; falsitates; 17 Sirte; harena:

18 Amphibalum; coculus . 19 Egre; difficile \*\*;

20 In uiridario domus; in atrio pro uiriditate herbarum Fol. 34ab

21 Basterna, similis curro de coreo tota; et portatur semper ab asinis . uel hominibus nullam rotam habet;

22 Typo; signo; 23 Quartane . que quarta die uenit

24 Uectandi : gratia exercendi ;

25 Platonis † † ideas : idest species ; 26 Furcifer furci; idest cruci dignus;

\* The e is a correction from some other letter.

+ The n is more like the ordinary r.

§ MS. divides ri hum, and has v (looking more like y) above the u.

¶ Before this word a letter has been wiped away, and part of the r is written in its

MS. divides ualu yrt, and has v (or perhaps y) with a dot above it, over the second u.

\*\* The ci have been added above the line. # MS. has v above the o.

†† After this word something (a sign of punctuation?) has been erased.

27 In pennias; ober\* scoeiddo;

#### [XLIII] ITEM DE DIUERSIS NOMINIBUS

- Themisto : insula ; 2 Calipso ; insula ;
- 3 Pan deus; arcadie . uel pastor-
- 4 Arcades . gens dicitur que colebat pana;
- 5 Polideuces; pollux . ulixes . homines fortissimi;†
- 6 Notha . adultera eo quod incerti generis;
- 7 Nepus : filius filii : 8 Nepus : adulter;
- Nepus : consumptor substantie,
- 10 Omonima; uaria nomina;
- 11 Polionima: multiuoca;
- 12 Cethetica§; possessiua;
- 13 Agrippa; qui in pedes nascitur eius natura;
- <sup>14</sup> Comedo; edax; <sup>15</sup> Panpo genus piscis;
- 16 Micene : nomen ciuitatis . et plurale sicut Kalendae
- 17 Nereus; deus maris;
- rs Carus; nomen hominis¶ qui transportare dicitur . in infernum||; 19 Cruda; ualens;
- 20 Eunuchus; consul romanus
- 21 Centaurus; nauis unus de nauibus enie;

- <sup>22</sup> Forinnadas: interior pars nauis; 'IIII' GENERA POETARUM.
- 23 Comicus: qui comedia scripsit;
- 24 Traicus : qui traica scribsit
- 25 Liricus . qui per liram cantat;
- 26 Saturicus : qui per saturicam scribsit
- 27 Frora; mater dearum;
- Bachus liber: pater dionisius nomen unius hominis est;
  Fol. 34<sup>ba</sup>
- Floralia: bachunalia; saturnalia liberalia: ulcanalia: festiuitates uel sacra paganorum est; 30 Emblema; fodor; ;
- 31 Manes: anime mortuorum;
- Mactus: magis auctus; 33 Silla; consul;
- Horno; hoc anno . 35 hac in hac parte;
- 36 Illac . in illa parte; 37 Cuiatis : huidirryne\*\*
- 38 Nostratis; hidirrine ††; 39 Quotus; hu ald §§;
- 40 Totus; suæ ald¶¶; 41 Perende; ofer tua nest||||
- Posttridie; post III dies : 43
  Quidni; quare . non;
- 44 Epul . castor; Per pullux; per castor;
- 45 Pytisso; sputum deicio;
- 46 Piraondes . domus in similitudinem; ignis : nam ignis . pirus est;
- \* MS. has  $\mathbf{v}$  above the e. MS. divides ober seo eiddo, and pennias may be read as pennieis.
  - † Above the imi; something has been erased.
  - § MS. Cetheetica, but the third e is marked by four dots for erasure.
  - ¶ Underneath hominis there is an erasure extending from the h till the q of qui.
  - || The in have been added above the line.
  - # MS. has v above the first o.
- \*\* The d is a correction from r. The MS. divides huidir ryng, and it has  $\mathbf{v}$  (which in this case looks more like  $\mathbf{y}$ ) above the line between these two words.
  - ++ MS. divides hidir rine, and it has v above the second r.
  - §§ MS. has hu ald as one word.
  - ¶¶ MS. has sum ald as one word, and v above the æ.
- $\|\cdot\|$  ofer tua nest is one word in the MS., and there is  $\mathbf{v}$ , with a dot on its right side, above the a.

- 47 Animalus; fifaldae\*; 48 Cedo; dic. uel perdono;
- 49 Parcet : quae minime parcant;
- 50 Lucus quod minime luceat;
- 51 Piscina; que pisces non habet;
  52 Facesso: facere cesso: uel sene
- 52 Facesso; facere cesso; uel sepe facio;
- 53 Eumenides : filię noctis; idest hegitissę;
- 54 Cestus; arma pictarum; 55 sis nuis§
- 56 Aptotum; inflexibile . uel incasale;

## [XLIV] ITEM ALIA; DE CÆLO;;

- r Partes . autem¶ . eius; cous . axis . clima . cardines . conuexa . poli . hiemisperia∥ .
- 2 Cous est quo celum contenetur unde enias uix solum conplere coum terroribus caeli;
- 3 Axis: linea recta que per mediam pilam spere tendit;
- 4 Clima cardo uel pars celi . ut clima † orientalis uel meridiana.
- 5 Cardines . extreme partes axis sunt;
- 6 Conuexa extrema celi;
- $_{7}$  Poli ex celestibus ciclis cacumina . Fol.  $34^{\mathrm{bb}}$

quo maxime spera nititur alter

- ad aquilonem expectans boreus alter terre obpositus austronothus dictus est
- 8 Hiemisperia duo sunt quorum alterum est super terram alterum sub terra\*\*;
- 9 Celum, ab oriente, ad occidentem semel in die et nocte uerti sapientes †† aestimant;
- cardines quoque axis ipsius sunt
  extremess . partes sunt quos
  insertos orbi discribunt sperico
  ut ipsis celum inuoluatur inuisis : et ita polum philosophi
  ui propria semper in suo axe
  torqueri arbitrantur . a quibus
  ignoratur opifex qui mundum
  in suum orbem absque ullo axis
  moderamine eregit;
- Clima aliquando . pro cardine accipitur si sepius ¶¶ pro qualicumque celi parte et maxime pro oriente et meridie climas aliqui designant . nos ||| : secundum grecum om celi ad superna conuexas . ita undique uocamus
- 12 Arcticos; septentrionalis ; ab arcto adiectum \*\*\*
- 13 Terinos; idest bestialis,
- 14 Isemerinus; idest meridianus;
- Exemerinus; ac si ex meridie remotior
- \* MS. has  $\mathbf{v}$  above the second a. † The r has been added above the line.
- § sis nuis have been written in finer writing, and are probably a later addition.
- ¶ autem (aū) has been added above the line between two dots.
- $\parallel$  MS. himesperia, with e added above the line between the first i and the m, and the first e altered to i.
  - # The i is a correction from some other letter.
- \*\* Above the a the MS. has a stroke, which is marked, by a dot above it, for erasure.
  - + MS. has a comma after this word, which has partly been wiped away.
  - §§ The x is a correction from t.
- The i written on an erasure.
- The s has been added above the line.
- $\pm$  The second e had  $\dot{-}$  above it, but it has been erased.
- \*\*\* MS. has a stroke above the u, and the final stroke of the m is marked for erasure by a dot above and below; the correction suggests the apparently required word adjectiuum.

horum primus qui est erga arcturum a polo poreo . IIII murorum spatiis distat a quo secundus . u ab eo . III . ui : Item ab eo . IIII . ui . muris distat ; Item . u : circulus : u . spatiis ab eo . ad polum australem . IIII . idest ad uerticem . IIII sunt moera spatiis . ut figunt astrogi;

17 Cous . dicitur eo quod sibi inuicem in mundo . IIII . coeunt

elementa;

rs Poli summa , celor*um* cacumina ; Fol. 35<sup>aa</sup>

- Hiemisperium aput grecos dicitur quod nos uerticem uocamus
- 20 Anomala : inequalia ;

21 Conuexa; ardua;

<sup>22</sup> Pliade; uii sunt stelle in cauda tauri;

23 Zodiacus; sideralis;

24 Alcianus; arbores frangit;

Dextera: mutatur quando sibi uertix in circium declinans ad eum subregit austronothum;

26 A tergo . dicitur errare dum austronotho in sublimi erecto uertix se in summum poli

demergit;

27 Leua deinde cum se subleuans in boreum uertix austronothum precipitans obiecit† et sursum atque deorsum dicimus quod celum sicut in ortu surgens : eregitur ita et in occasu demergitur:

Hii sunt . UII motus celi qui solem et lunam dum polo sunt

tardiores in diuersis oriri§ et occidere cogunt orbibus.

28 Extremi quoque duo septentrionales. 29 Axem celi ipsius dnms:
bina hiemisperia per medium
orbem terre sed nullus corporalis
intellegitur axis quod uirtus
diuina celi globum rotaus per
axem incorporeum in orbem
speri contorqueat comminisque.
nioliri:

## [XLV] UERBA DE MULTIS;

- Gymnasium; locus exercitationis ubi diuerse arte discantur;
- 2 Eruere; discere; 3 Las . ignis;
  4 Fors; uyrd;

5 Fax . falcis; 6 Glis; egle; 7 Lanx; unde lancis.

- 8 Prex unde : precis; 9 Far; frumentum;
- nuta bona in panes mittere;
- 11 Ops||; aput antiquos terra dicitur unde inops inhumatus; 12 Coa; insula.
- 13 Massica : mons; 14 Genium; natura; Fol. 35ab
- 15 Ador: genus frumenti; 16 Antes. dicitur. ordo uinearum.

17 Toraca; lurica;

<sup>18</sup> Pedum . fustis . quem pastores habent in modum A.

19 Lanistra; macellarius in macello carnes diuidit : 20 Damma; elha. 21 adsecla minister;

<sup>22</sup> Pedissequa; ministra; <sup>23</sup> Úerna; mancipium.

24 Aleo; teblheri: 25 Alea\*\*; tebl;

- \* The i is a correction from some other letter (a badly formed i?).
- + The e is a correction from some other letter.
- § The rir are written on an erasure.
- ¶ The y is a correction from i.
- MS. has a horizontal stroke over the p.
- ‡ Above the ra there is a spot, probably caused by effacing something written over the two letters.
  - \*\* A letter has been erased before the A.

- 26 Histrio; scurres . lees\*; 27 Gurgullio; drohbolla;
- 28 Actio; disputatio; 29 Uligo; terrę naturalis;
- 30 Mango; comitator equorum;
- Popa; tabernarii qui in domo tabernarii sunt
- [XLVI] ITEM ALIA; "Ueru; snaas†;
  "Pugil; milis; "Tanaquil; uirga regalis;
- 4 Cos. ueostun; 5 Rien§; lumbis;
- 6 Lien; milte¶; 7 Tybicen; qui tibia cantat;
- 8 Flamen; sacerdos iouis : 9 Fidicen;
  harperi||;
- Liricen : qui lira cantat ;
- Lucar: uectical; 12 Lucunar; camera;
- Tuber: in dorso cameli:
- 14 Suber; genus ligni ex hoc cortix in calcimenta ponitur
- 15 Laser; genus herbę; 16 Liser; genus ligni minuti;
- Semiuir, eunuchus; 18 Fidis :
- Prepes; auis; 20 Seres, otiosus :
  21 Pollis; grot\*\*
- 22 Scropis : groop ††; 23 Astus : astutus; Uel; callidus;
- 24 Situs; lana que crescit in loco

- que caret sole . uel positio; 25 Cliutex : cortix . uel lapis;
- 26 Carex . seic §§ ; 27 Uarix : ompre ¶¶ in cruribus hominum
- 28 Matrix . radix . uel uterus ;
- 29 Pernix; uelox; 30 Celox . nauis;
- 31 Epitorta; adbreniatio;
- 32 Libertabus : friulactum || ||
- 33 Cune; ciltrog . unde cunabula;
  34 Inferie; hostie mortuorum . 35
- Exubię; exuendo.

  36 Manubiꇇ; a manu dictę facul-
- 36 Manubieți; a manu dicte facultates;
- 37 Magalia . byrae; 38 Glisco; cresco; 39 Simplex; aenli\*\*\*;
- 40 Bilex; tili††† : 41 Triplex .
  drili\$\$\\$\; 42 Paturum . fctor¶¶¶ :
- 43 Abctape; tysse || || .

## Fol. 35ba

[XLVII] ITEM ALIA;

- Abellana : hel‡‡‡ : 2 Usquequaque . multum :
- 3 Rigor . frigor inflexibilis;
- 4 Ancones; untinos; 5 Corimbis: nauibus;
- 6 Cirris; crinibus; 7 Calomaucus: het\*\*\*\*:
- 8 Muscus; bestia; et sanguis eius boni odoris est;
- \* MS. has v above the first e.
- + MS. has v above the first a.
- § The i is written over an erasure.
- ¶ MS, has v above the t.
- MS. has over the ar a waving stroke, corrected into v.
- # MS. has v, with a dot above it, over the ne. \*\* MS. has v above the ro.
- + MS. has v above the first o.

§§ MS. has v above the i.

¶¶ MS. has v above the p.

- III MS. has v above the a.
- $\ddagger$  The first stroke of the open a is a correction from i.
- \*\*\* MS. has v above the en.
- +++ MS. has v above the first i.
- §§§ MS. has v above the ri.
- TTT MS. has v, with a dot above it, over the o.
- IIII This gloss has been added at the foot of the column.
- ttt MS. has v above the e.

\*\*\*\* MS. has v above the e.

9 Platissu : folc; 10 Balera : hron\*: 34 Manticum: hondful baeues; 11 Uiuarium; piscina; 12 Caefa-35 Maulistis; scyhend: 36 Berruca; lus † : haerdhera; uaerte||||| 13 Perna; flicci§; 14 Umbrellas : 37 Argella laam !!!; 38 Accearium; stel \*\*\*\*; stalo to fuglam: 39 Scarpmat; scribid: 40 Byrseus; Tappula; uermis qui currit super ledir uyrcta † † † ; aquas; 16 Uertigo; edualle¶; 17 Buculus; Tubolo fala; 42 andeda brondnordbaeg||, 18 Truffulus; felospric; 19 Famfelv-43 Uaricat; strited: 44 Battat. gicas ! : laesungae\*\*; nat SSSS; 20 Inuolucrus; uuluc††; 45 Lurdus, lemphald: 46 Terebellus; 21 Mordatius : clox : 22 Erpica; nebugaar egida§§; 47 Dolabella; bradacus; 23 Alga: uuac; 24 Osma: odor: 48 Scalpellum; biriis; 49 Ciscillus; haerdhaeu; 25 pessul . leer ¶¶; 50 Auriculum; dros : 51 Garallus, 26 Opilauit; gigisdae; 27 Colostrum: hroc¶¶¶¶: beust; 28 Saburica III . dicitur 52 Parula: masae; 53 Sturnus; ster: quando mittuntur in nauem quando 54 Noctua; necthtrefn || || || ; 55 Turdella tttt; drostlae \*\*\*\*\*; 56 alia non habent; 29 Isica; tyndri; 30 Sicunia; gi-Ciconia; storhc: brecitt; 57 Arpa; arngeus † † † † . 58 Scorelus; 31 Reuma; streum \*\*\*: 32 Mustacra: emaer SSSSS; 59 Acega; holthona; 60 Cucuzata; gronae † † † . 33 Uicias: fuglues §§§ . benae ¶¶¶; laepiuince; \* MS. has v above the ro. † A letter has been erased between the second a and the l. ¶ MS. has v above the u. § MS. has v above the first c. MS. has v above the a. ! The v is a correction from u, or two ii. \*\* MS. has (more y than) v above the first e. †† MS. has v above the third u. §§ MS. egldae, with v above the a. But the l and final e are marked, each by three dots, for erasure, and an i has been added above the g. ¶¶ MS. has v above the first e. III The ri added above the line. II MS. has v above the re. \*\*\* MS. has stroke over the m. +++ MS. has v above the n. §§§ MS. has v above the second u. ¶¶¶ MS. has  $\mathbf{v}$  above the n. IIII To the upper stroke of the r, whereby it is joined to the t, is apparently added a v written sideways, with its top towards the left.  $\bot$  The second a has been added above the line, and a v above the first a. \*\*\*\* There is a stroke through the l. ++++ MS. has v above the v. §§§§ MS. has v above the n. ¶¶¶¶ MS. has v above the o. | | | | | MS. has  $\mathbf{v}$  above the second t.

The r is a correction from l, and the d seems a correction from n or c.

++++ Arpa and arngeus are underlined in the MS. with faint ink.

\*\*\*\*\* MS. has v above the a.

§§§§§ MS. has v above the ma.

```
61 Tilaris; laurice; 62 Ruscinia;
                                         89 Bulinus; uermis . lacerte similis
     nectigalae;
                                              in chomacho hominis habitat;
  Fol. 35bb
                                         90 Maruca; snægl**** : 91 Maialis :
63 Turdus : scruc; 64 Perdvlum*;
     hragra †;
                                         92 Porcastrum; foor; 93 Scrufa † † † ;
65 Sticulus; gaeno§; 66 Picus :
                                              sugu SSSS;
                                         94 Berrus : baar ¶¶¶¶; 95 Philocain :
     higre¶:
67 Marsopicus : uinu ; 68 Ficetula :
                                              grece | | | | | . scopon #### .
                                         of Acrifolium; holera ::
                                         97 Acerafulus; mapaldurt****:
69 Fringella: uinc 1; 70 Cardella.
     distyltige **
                                         98 Inuoluco; uudubindlae; 99 Al-
                                              nusttttt; alaer;
71 Tinet slii : 72 lupus breuis; 73
     Porco piscis; stýra††:
                                         100 Tilio : lind SSSS : 101 almenta .
74 Sardinus; heringas §§; 75 Ginis-
                                              alerholt ¶¶¶¶¶
     culas¶¶ . idem :
                                         102 Putat; snędit; 103 Ruscus; cre-
76 Furunculas; maerth;
                                              holegn; finit || || || .
77 Netila : herma|||;
                           78 Musi-
     ranus; scraeua !!;
79 Talpa: uoond: 80 Striga haeg-
                                         [XLVIII] ITEM DE CASSIANO: 1 E-
     tis:
                                              regantur #### : loquantur
s. Incuba; maerae *** . uel saturus;
                                          2 Adscitus; inuitatus;
                                          3 Inextricabiles . anatreten ******:
82 Tabanus † † † ; brimisa SSS ; 83 Ca-
     comicanus; logdor;
                                          4 Uacillantem; fugantem . 5 Ques-
84 Lendina; hnitu; 85 Aquilius:
                                              tus; substantia
                                          6 Flagitiorum; adulteriorum;
    onga:
36 Auricula : eruigga ¶¶¶;
                                        Ja Biothanti : laquei * 8 Inpegit :
87 Castorius : bebor ; 88 Scira;
                                              trudit;
    acurna † ‡ ‡ ;
                                          o Dirimit : diuidit ;
  * The v is a correction from some other letter (0?).
  + MS. has v above the first r.
                                      § MS. has \nabla (which resembles x) above the e.
  ¶ MS. has v above the r.
                                                | MS. has v above the i.
   # MS. has v above the i.
                                              ** MS. has v above the second i.
  ++ The \dot{y} is a correction from i.
                                        §§ The h has been added above the line.
  The G is an ordinary small g written largely to make a capital. On its top
there is a perpendicular stroke, suggesting an attempt to write first an h.
  || MS. has \mathbf{v} above the r.
                                              # MS. has v above the first a.
   *** MS, has v above the first e.
                                       \dagger The second a is a correction from u.
   §§§ MS. priusa; but p corrected into b. The u is marked for erasure by a small, fine
dot underneath, and above it is written mi, in small fine writing, and hence brimisa.
The lemma and its interpretation are underlined in faint ink.
   ¶¶¶ MS. has v above the i.
                                                   III MS. has v above the e.
   The r is a correction from some other letter (i?). **** MS. has v above the \alpha,
   ++++ The c is an alteration from i.
                                                   §§§§ MS. has v above the ug.
  ITTT MS. has v above the aa.
                                    |||||||| The lower part of g written on an erasure.
                                               ***** MS. has v above the u.
  **** MS. has v above the op.
  +++++ The right-hand stroke of the n is an alteration from c.
  SSSS MS. has v above the n.
                                               TTTT MS. has v above the e.
```

This word is written in faint ink, or perhaps an attempt was made to efface it.

 $\pm \pm \pm \pm \pm \pm$  Between the E and r a g has been erased or wiped away.

\*\*\*\*\* MS. has a stroke over treten.

20 Corpulentioribus: crassioribus.

Gestiunt : uolunt ; 12 Frugalitas ; penuria

13 Cassuae\*; ruinae;

Fastus . inflatio . uel timor ; Fol. 36<sup>aa</sup>

<sup>15</sup> Iubar : lumen : uel splendor; <sup>16</sup> Manus; turba,

<sup>17</sup> Conpellare; fraudare; <sup>18</sup> Inhibere; prohibere;

19 Prerogatiua; excellentia;

20 Abdicare; abicere : 21 Leporem; decorem;

22 Inmunitatis; castitatis;

23 Expolita; famata; 24 Indolem; ingenium iuuentutis; 25 Acron; ciuitas;

<sup>26</sup> Effeborum; studiorum; <sup>27</sup> Tesbites; castella;

28 Insolescit; unstillit§; 29 Delecto eius. legationes; eius

elus . legationes; elus 30 Adfecit; distauit; 31 Pernities:

uelocitas;
32 Conciderat; acciderat; 33 Perpeti; ueloces;

34 Adfectanda, adficienda;

35 Expertim¶: ignorari||; 36 Faus- 171 Apologis; tus; superbia; Coalesce

<sup>37</sup> Postere : portę : <sup>38</sup> Contiguis : iugis . *ue*l conpetentes

39 Libet; inuidet:

40 Excellentiores : gipparre ; ;

Synaxeos; cura; 42 Scita: documenta;

43 Scandere, ascendere; 44 Distabui; tabefactus;

Reditus; substantia; 46 Fautorem; laudatorem;

47 Distrauntur; uendentur;

48 Commectarum . tractatores; 49 Uersum contra;

50 Suffusione, circumfusione; 51 Sanguessuges; lexas;

52 Inmunes: mundi; 53 Aborsum; abiectio infantis;

54 Citra; bihina \*\*; 55 Surieus: brooc; 56 Extores; extraneos

57 Classica; tuba: 58 Opere precium; necessarium

Telopagere: bibere; 60 Reddibitiones; retributiones † †;

61 Multhra; celdre \( \\$ ; 62 \) Nanctus;
nuens \( \Psi \);

63 Aspeleo; bethlem | | 64 sarculum; 65 Infestante; iniuriam faciente † † :

66 Scalpeum boor\*\*\*

67 Ocilis; uelotius; 68 Sinaxeos : V celebrationes; 69 Ceno; luto; 70 Enthetam : sub-V

pellectilem;
Apologis; excusationibus;
Coalescere; adolescere;

73 Adulti; maturi: 74 Emolumenta; lucra;

Sicut Inueni scripsi : ne reputes scriptori

- \* The second a is unlike the other open a of the MS., and might be read as cc or ic; the text has here "casus ac ruinas."
  - † The first r has been added above the line.
  - § MS. has stroke over nstil. The final t has been added above the line.

 $\P$  A stroke (for er) through the foot of the p is still visible though an attempt has been made to efface it.

 $\parallel$  MS. ignorare, but the e is marked by a point on its top for erasure, and underneath it is a stroke to make i.

 $\ddagger$  The second n has a dot above and underneath for erasure (?).

\*\* MS. has a waving stroke over ina. 

† After the u a letter (m?) has been erased.

§§ MS. has a waving stroke over this word which goes right through the upper strokes of the l and d.

¶¶ The upper parts of the ns are written on an erasure.

III The hle are written on an erasure.

 $\pm \pm$  After the final e the MS. has a stroke which may be read as i.

\*\*\* MS. has a waving stroke over the oo.

## INDEX (Latin).

A List of the abbreviations of proper names, titles of quoted books &c. will be found at the end of the Preface.

a for ae (tabula for tabulae).—for au (arugo for aurugo).—for e (caementaria for coemeteria; panagerius and panagericon for panegyricis &c.).—for h (aabita for habita).—for i (innataris for innitaris).—for o (callas for callos; canto for conto; infrunita for infrunito; maralium for moralium).—for u (bacula for bucula; coalescant for -cunt; Salamitis for Sul-).—a omitted (labrum for labarum).

a, prep. 1. 2, 15, 68; II. 35, 53; III. 62; IV. 94, 114 (bis); x. 5; xI. 5, 14, 16; xIII. 3, 6, 37, 58; xVI. 13, 18; xIX. 53, 64; xXI. 19; xXII. 16; xXIV. 6, 12, 16; xXVII. 16; xXVII. 18, 41, 57; xXIX. 39; xXX. 2; xXXII. 1; xXXV. 15, 17 (bis); xXXVII. 12; xXXIX. 1 (bis), 2, 4, 41; XIIV. 10, 16 (bis), 26; xIVI. 36.—See also abene (for a bene); aspeleo (for a speleo).

aabita, dicta constituta, 11. 87 (Bened. reg. 58, 24 habita [41 habita, abita] secum

deliberatione).

ab, II. 149 (bis); VIII. 9; XI. 16; XVI. 15 (bis); XXVIII. 33; XXXII. 2, 3; XXXV. 144, 198; XXXIX. 20; XLII. 21; XLIV. 9, 12, 16 (ter).—ab ustum, IV. 100 for ambustum?

abattidis v. [add sextarios?], xxxIII. 18 (Euch. De Pond.?). This word does not appear in the printed texts of Eucherius; nor is it in the Brit, Mus. MS.

abba, syrum pater genitor, II. 4 (Bened. reg. 2, 7 [8]). See Cp. Int. 33; Ef.<sup>2</sup> 259, 4.

abbatem, 11. 161, see sarabaite.

abctape, tysse, xlv1. 43 (Alia=Ars Phocae?). Kluge (A. S. Leseb. p. 11) suggests tapetia for abctape; but Schlutter (Journ. Germ. Phil. 1. 63 and Anglia, xxv1, 301) amphitape, and it seems=Aldh. p. 290 amphitapete genus vestimenti utrinque villosum et hirsutum; see also Non. 540; (cf. Cp. A544 amphitare [Ep. 2A12 and Ef. 339, 56 amphitape], genus uestimenti utrimque uillosum). Cf. Isid. Etym. xix. 26, 5. Schlutter (Anglia, l.c.) thinks that tysse answers to the O.H.G. zussa, which explains lodix in Steinm. 11. 375, 32.

abdicans, contradicans, xxxiv. 35 (De Cass.?). According to the order in which this gloss occurs in the Glossary, abdicans is to be looked for between Ch. x. 3 and xii. 3 of Cass. Inst., and Glogger refers to x. 12 non gladio carnali eos addicens, sed...uitae eis interdicens substantiam; a St. Gallen MS. reads addicans, contradicens.—See further abdicare.

abdicare, abicere, xlviii. 20 (De Cass., Inst. v. 11, 2 non ualuit abdicare; vii. 30 quae...abdicare deuouimus; iv. 36, 1 abdicasti; v. 32, 2 abdicauit; vii. 12 abdi-

carat).

abellana, hel, xLVII. 1 (Alia=?) = auellanus, [hael, and s added above the line=] haesl, Cp. A895; a-, aesil, Ep. 2A31; a-, haesl, Ef.¹ 340, 18. Cf. abelena, haeselhnutu, Cp. A2; abilina, hrutu, Ep. 1A26; a-, hnutu, Ef.¹ 338, 48.

abene, corrigia frenorum, xi. 9 (Sap. v. 22 tamquam a bene curvato arcu nubium exterminabuntur). The glossator read (h)abene; and the Cambridge MS. KK. 4. 6 has actually: habene corrigie frenorum. Cf. Steinm. AHG. 1. p. 554. 13, 556. 34, 559. 20, 560. 26; vv. p. 277. 10.

abenis, halsledir, III. 37 (De S. Mart. Stor. = Sulp. Sev. Dial. I. 18, 4 totis habenis). Cf. habenis gepaldle Srum, Cp. H37.

ab exitu sermonis, ab exordio sermonis, xvi. 15 (Dan. ix. 25 ab exitu sermonis). abhominatio, i. 3, see anathema. Cf. abom.

abhominatus, vi. 26, see perossus.

abicere, xxxv. 198, see abiurari; xLvIII. 20, see abdicare.

abiectio, xLVIII. 53, see aborsum.

abire, n. 61, see excedere.

abita, see aabita.

abiurari, ab iure aecclesie [ecclesiae] abicere, xxxv. 198 (Ruf. vii. 26 fol. 129 b necessarium est...hunc...abijci et abiurari).

ablata, II. 144, see remota.

aboleri, a memoria tolli, 1. 15 (De

Canon.; Decret. Innoc. LH p.  $208^{\rm b}$  aboleri; Cf. ibid. XHI p. 197 aboletur). See Cp. A85, 90, 91; Ef.  $^2$  259, 10, 11, 34.

abominatio, xII. 26, see aporia; abhomi-

natio.

aborsum, abiectio infantis, XLVIII. 53 (De Cass.?). The word does not seem to occur in Cassianus' works. Cf. Rufin. (Origen.) in Num. vn. 3; in Cant. III p. 53 (Lomm., Vol. 15); in Exod. hom. x. 2; Aug. Serm. 97 § 3; Thesaur. L. Lat. (abortus) &c.

abra, ancilla, xxi. 6 (Judith viii. 32 ego exeam cum abra mea; x. 10 abra ejus; x. 2 and xvi. 28 abram suam &c.) = abra ancella, Cp. A10; Ep. 2C21; abra, ancilla,

Ef.1 340, 47.

abscondere, xxxiv. 54, see condere. abscondunt, xv. 11, see preteriola. absida, xxxix. 56, see absidam.

absidam, grece sedem episcopalem, I. 6 (De Canon.); ante absida, ante sedem episcopi, xxxix. 56 (not Greg. Dial. but = Can. Conc. Afric. xliii p. 150 ante absidem manus ei imponatur).

absidem, see absidam.

absinthi [for absinthii], xxv. 15, see hysopo.

absinthii, see hysopo.

absilini, see *nysopo*. absolue, xxiv. 4, see *dimitte eam*. absque, xxiv. 10, see *cardines*. abstinentes, xxxv. 38, see *sinefactas*. abstinentie, II. 190, see *parcitate*. abstrahit, II. 71, see *extollit*.

absurdum, inconueniens turpem indignum, n. 11 (Bened. reg. 65, 9 [16] Quod quam sit absurdum). Cf. absorduum, indignum, Cp. A95; absurdus, rusticus indignus, ibid. A76 and Ef. 259, 17.

abtet, see aptet.

abundantia, xII. 39, see plestia.

ac, iv. 11; xliv. 15.

acaetum [acet-], vIII. 2, see coacuerint. acbochnrotan, see cinticta.

Accaron, see Acron.

accearium, stel, XLVII. 38 (Alia=?)=
a-, steli, Cp. A127 and Ef. 340, 17;
a-, steeli, Ep. 2A30. For (accearium=)
aciarium, see Körting, Wörterb. 125. For
stel [or stele, or steli, as the MS. has
stroke through I] see Bosw. T. (stēle, stile,
steel; O.H.G. stahal, stāl, &c.).

accega, accëia, see acega.
accensores, iv. 116, see acoluthos.
accersire, i. 52, see exhibere.
acciderat, xiviii. 32, see eonciderat.
accidiosus, see acidiosus.
accipiens, iv. 48, see munerarius.
accipiens, x. 3, see odor ungentorum.
accipit, xxxvii. 9, see tabulus legat.
accipitres, haefue, xix. 36 (Job xxxix.

13 Penna struthionis similis est pennis... accipitris). haefuc, a hawk, Bosw. T. (hafoc); Skeat; Oxf. D. (hawk).

accipitris, xiv. 19, see arugo; xxxv. 181,

see regio morbus; see also accipitres. accipitur, xiiv. 11, see clima. accipiunt, xvi. 27, see malefici.

accito, uocato, xx. 4 (Tobias; Praef. Hieron. p. xiii.<sup>b</sup> and Migne, Patr. L. xxix col. 26<sup>h</sup>, accito notario).

acclamatione, see epiphonima.

accola, see adcola.

accommodantes, see accommorante.
accommodentur, prestantur [praest-], II.

22 (Bened. reg. LIII. 36 ut...solacia accomodentur eis [62] adcommodentur, accomm-).
accommorante, conhabitantes, xii. 46 (Eccles. xxxviii. 39 accommodantes ani-

(Eccles. XXXVIII. 39 accommodantes animam suam). The gloss (conhab-) agrees with accommodantes of the Glossary, not with accommodantes of the text.

accommodentur, see accommodentur.

accrescit, xxvIII. 32, see climax. accusans, xxxv. 123, see incusans.

accusare, IV. 39, see incessere. accusaret, xxxv. 110, see insimularet.

acdocroaton, see cinticta. acediosus, see acidiosus.

acega, holthona, xivii. 59 (Alia=?) = a-, h-, Cp. Al25; a-, holthana, Ep. 2A22; accega, holtana, Ef. 340, 9. For acega (a snipe; also written acegia, sec Cp. Al38 Acegia, snite, and Bosw. T. in voce snite) see Körting, No. 84 (accēia); for holt-hana, holt-hona &c. (holt, a holt, wood + hana, a cock), a wood-cock, see Bosw. T. (holt-hana). Cf. cardiolus, uudusnite, Cp. C258.

acegia, see acega.

acephalo, see epimehne.

acer, xxxv. 66, see ignis acer; see also acerafulus.

acerabulus, see acerafulus.

acerafulus, mapaldurt, xLvII. 97 (Alia =?) = aerabulus, mapuldur, Cp. Al20; acerabulus, mapuldur, Ep. 2A14; accerabulus, maefuldur, Ef. 340, 1. The readings of the Cp., Ep. and Ef. Glossaries suggest acerabulus (prob. a dim. of acer, the maple-tree, Germ. Ahorn-baum), see Körting, 113. For mapaldurt, mapuldur &c. see Bosw. T. (mapulder), and Kluge, Wrtb. (ahorn; maszholder).

aceruo, aceruum, viii. 8, see in aceruo

Mercurii.

acetum, see acetum; coacuerint. acetum [acet-], vIII. 17, see nitrum.

aceuan, oratio, xxx. 74 (Cat. Hier.?) = Cp. A 156 aceuon, oratio. According to the order in which this gloss occurs in the Glossary, the lemma should occur in Ch.

LXXX or LXXXI, but there is nothing in Migne's or Richardson's texts corresponding to it; unless it be ἀκεφάλω (ἀκέφαλον, Migne) in Ch. LXXX, for which the Glossator perhaps read ἀκοήν οτ εὐχήν.

aceuon, see aceuan.

achalantis, see ruscinia. achediosus, see acidiosus.

Achelis [for Achillis], XXXVIII. 40, see Peleum.

Achilis [for Ulixis], XXXVIII. 34, see Paenilopis.

Achillis, see Peleum.

aciarium, see accearium.

acide, triste, xII. 6 (Eccles. IV. 9 non

acide feras in anima tua).

acidiosus [altered from aced-], ociosus [ot-] instabilis tristis uagus, m. 9 (Bened. reg. 48, 33 frater acediosus; [58] f. achediosus, accidiosus, acediosus).

aciem, IV. 120, see bibennem. acisculus, see ciscillus.

acitabulus habens dragmas xu idest scrupulus xlii quod uncia una semis et scrupulos uliii, xxxii. 7 (De ponder.?). Cf. Blume, 1. 375, 3; 374, 28.

ackesoy, see ascesi.

acola, xiii. 55, see adcola.

acoloythei, xxx. 16, see ho platon. acoluthos, accensores, vv. 116 (Ruf. vi. 33 fol. 115a videbat...acolythos). For accensor see Thes. L. Lat.; Georges,

acolythos, see acoluthos.

acrifolium, holera, XLVII. 96 (Alia=?) = acrifolus, holegn, Cp. A123; Ep. 2A15; Ef.¹ 340, 2. In Lewis and Short's Dict. acrifolium (acer+folium) is said to be an unknown tree of ill omen. The reading holegn of the Cp., Ep. and Ef.¹ Glossaries is the same word as holen (holly), which is seen in (cne)holegn of the present Glossary (for which see ruscus) and (cnio)holen of the Cp. Gloss.; see Bosw. T. (holen); the Oxf. D. (hollin, hollen). The above holera suggests the plur. of holus (see Steinm. in Zeitschr. f. d. Alt. XXXIII p. 249 note), cabbage, colewort.

acrifolus, see acrifolium. acriter, see alacriter.

Acron, ciuitas, XLVIII. 25 (De Cass., Inst. 1, 2 Beelzebub deum Accaron consulere destinasset).

actenus, vi. 3, see eatenus. acterabulus, see acerafulus.

Actiaco, see Actio.

actio, disputatio, xLv. 28 (Uerba de multis = Ars Phocae, p. 413, 12 actio).

Actio, propter [proprium] nomen ciuitatis, xxxv. 256 (Ruf. vi. 13 fol. 103b in Actiaco littore).

actione, viii. 9, see Lamuhel.
actiones, xxx. 60, see eucharistias.
actionum, xxx. 8, see praxeon.
actium, xxix. 64 (theoritisen).
actum, i. 77, see negotia; xxviii. 81,

see per energiam.
actus, xxviii. 43, see caracterismos.

actuum, see praxeon.

acuent [for acuunt], xiv. 20, see scalpellum.

aculeis, xxxv. 41 [either a different reading for, or a corruption from, eculeis], see in aculeis.

aculeus, see aquilius.

acuta, xxviii. 16, see argula. acutam, xxxv. 60, see bibennem.

acuunt, see scalpellum.

ad, II. 10 (bis); III. 21; IV. 117 (bis); VIII. 17, 19; IX. 5; XI. 11, 14; XII. 35, 45; XII. 1 (bis); XIV. 32; XV. 48; XVI. 9; XXI. 19; XXV. 8; XXVII. 4; XXVIII. 56, 58, 68; XXXV. 61, 156 (bis); XXXVI. 1; XXXVII. 9 (bis); XXXIX. 14, 19; XL. 8 (bis); XLI. 1; XLIV. 7, 9, 11, 16 (bis), 25.

ad aestum, see uitulam consternantem. adamans; adamantino, xiv. 9, see in

unge adamantino.

adbreuiatio, xlvi. 31, see epitorta. adelamatio, xxviii. 65, see epiphonima. ad coemetoria, ad ecclesia [!], iv. 117, see comenteria.

adcola et acola idem sunt, XIII. 55 (Isai. LIV. 15 accola veniet).

adcommodentur, see accommodentur. addenda [-do], xxviii. 31, see ausesis. addicans, addicens, see abdicans.

addictur, damnatur, xxxvII. 17 (S. Aug.?). See Thes. Ling. Lat. I. 575, 46-9. adduc, vIII. 20, see offer.

adductus, xxxv. 149, see consulari delectus,

Adepiades [for Asclepiades?], proprium [nomen] uiri, xxxviii. 14 (Clem.), see Calistratus.

adeptus, consecutus indeptus, 1. 9 (De Canon.; Can. Conc. Carth. LIII dominatu adepto). Cf. adeptus, adsecutus, Cp. A197; adeptus, consecutus, Ef. 2 261, 8.

adesse, 1. 52, see exhibere.

adfecit, distauit, XLVIII. 30 (De Cass., contra Nest. v. 1 sacrilegii iniuria deum afficit). distauit for ditauit? see also afficit.

adfectanda, adficienda, XLVIII. 34 (De Cass., Inst. I. 10 illa...a nobis quoque adfectanda censemus). See ibid. adfectatis, I. 2, 1; adfectatur, IV. 14; adfectare, VII. 12; adfectanda, id. Conl. I. 8. 1.

adficienda, xLvIII. 34, see adfectanda. adfirmant, xxxIII. 6, see stater.

adfirmatio, xxxv. 129, see adstipulatio; see also (xL, 8) ad infirmationem.

adflictio, xx. 11, see angor.

adflixit, xxix. 52, see ecacusen.

adhibenda, prestanda [praest-], 11. 19 (Bened. reg. 36, 2 cura...adhibenda est). adiacens, xLI. 5, see diocesis.

adiacentia, see diocesis. adiaciens, 1. 36, see diocesis.

adiectum [for adiectiuum?], xLIV. 12, see clima.

adigent, surgentes, iv. 112 (Ruf. iii. 6 fol. 36b praeacutas sudes per...verenda adigentes). Therefore leg. adigentes, urgentes; cf. id. v. 16, fol. 86a daemone... adigente.

adigentes, see adigent.

ad ilicem, genus rubri [rubi], xxxv. 90,

see ilix (for ilex).

ad infirmationem, ad stibulationem suscitationem, xL. 8 (Uerba?). Perhaps leg.: adfirmationem, adstipulationem, sustentationem. See adstipulatio; adstipulatione sub voce stipulatio.

adipe, xiv. 5, see placentas.

aditum, introitum, II. 18 (Bened. reg. 29, 8[12] reuersionis aditum denegari).

adiutoria, xxxv. 115, see amminicula. adiutoribus, xxxv. 212, see fautoribus. adiutoriis, rv. 115, see auspiciis. adiutorio, IV. 26, see adstipulatione, adiutorium, xxxv. 137, see sumptu

puplico; xxxix. 24, see aduocatus.

ad leuicandum, leuem facere, xv. 48 (Ezech. xxi. 11 dedi eum ad leuigandum). adloquens, xxxv. 109, see perorans.

adluuio, lauatio, xix. 34 (Job xiv. 19 alluvione...terra consumitur).

adminicula, see amminicula. administrare, n. 78, see fungi.

ad missas, adffilnitas, n. 10, missas.

admittere, exequere [=exequi, Georges, Wörterb.], 1. 10 (De Canon.; Decret. Innoc. 11 Nos...nouerit vestra

dilectio, haec penitus non admittere). adnisus, conatus, 1. 11 (De Canon.; Can. Conc. Calch. XII qui hoc adnisus fuerit); see nisus, conatus, Cp. N104.

adnuntiatur, xxxv. 287, see adseueratur.

adolantur, adolator, see adolatur.

adolatur, plandus [for blandus?] adsentatur, n. 23 (Bened. reg. 65, 17 hi...dum adolantur [32 adulantur] partibus). the Glossator meant adulatur, plandus may be read as blanditur, or, perhaps, plaudit; if adulator, adsentatur should be adsentator. Cf. adsentator, adolator, blanditor, Cp. A258; ads-, ad-, blanditur, Ep. 4A29; adserator, adolator blanditur, Ef. 1 344, 13; adsentatur, adolatur, blanditur, Ef.2 261, 38.

adolescentulae, see aduliscentule. adolescere, xLVIII. 72, see coalescere.

Adonai, dominus exercituum uel omnipotens, xxi. 17 (Judith xvi. 16 Adonai Domine). Cf. Adonai, adoneus dominus, Cp. Int. 1.

ador, genus frumenti, xLv. 15 (Uerba de multis = Ars Phocae, p. 416, 9 hoc ador) = a-, genus farao frumenti, Cp. A243; a-, g. uarris uel frumenti, Ep. 5C20; a-, g. farris uel f-, Ef. 346, 45. Cf. Non. 53 ador frumenti genus.

adortus, inchoans exortari, xxxv. 44 (Ruf. viii. 17 fol. 145 virgines...adortus; cf. id. vII. 25 fol. 126b: adortusque eum).

adpetitus, see gastrimargia.

adponimus, xxviii. 79, see epexergasia. adquisitum, xxxiv. 42, see indeptum.

Adriano; Adriatico, xxxix. 20, see in mare adriatico.

adrogantia, IV. 46, see procacia.

adscitus, inuitatus, xLVIII. 2 (De Cass., Inst. xII. 21, 1 Ioas...adscitus in regnum).

adsecla, minister, xLv. 21 (Uerba de multis = Ars Phocae, p. 412, 21 hic assecla). Cf. adsaeclum, þegn, minister turpitudinis, Cp. A209; adsaeculam, thegn, Ep. 2E29; adsexulam, degn, Ef.1 341, 33.

adsecutus, see adeptus.

ad seduforum, pro similitudinem fori, III. 21 (S. Mart. Stor. = Sulp. Sev. Dial. III. 14, 1 ad pseudoforum; pseudothyrum in note).

adsentator, see adolatur.

adsentatur [for adsentator?], II. 23, see adolatur.

adserator, see adolatur.

adseueratur, adnuntiatur, xxxv. 287 (Ruf. ix. 3 fol. 148<sup>a</sup> asseueratur...deus... dedisse responsa).

adsignato, tradito uel deputato, n. 21 (Bened. reg. 42, 15 [24] in adsignato sibi commisso).

ad stadium, ad locum certaminis, xxxv. 156 (de Eus.), see stadium.

ad stibulationem, xr. 8 [for adstipulationem?], see ad infirmationem (for adfirmationem?). See stipulatio.

adstipulatio, confirmatio, xxxv. 11 (De Eus.); adstipulatio, adfirmatio, xxxv. 129 (De Eus.); adstipulatione, adiutorio, IV. 26 (Eccl. Hist.); adstipulatione, congregatione, xxxix. 70 (not Greg. Dial., but Can. Conc. Carth.), see stipulatio. adtentos, xix. 45, see adtonitos.

adtonitis, intentis, II. 1 (Bened. reg., Prol. 20 [28] adtonitis auribus).-adtonitos, adtentos, xix. 45 (Job xv. 12 attonitos Cf. adtonitus, hlysnende, habes oculos).

Cp. A228; attoniti, hlysnende, afyrhte, id. 876; attonitus, intentus, Ef. 269. 13.

adtonitos, adtentos, xix. 45; see adtonitis.

adtracto, breui, xxxv. 85 (Ruf. xi. 26 fol. 190° attracto collo).

adtributa, II. 56, see exhibita.

adueniantes, xxxv. 127, see aduentantes. aduentantes, aduenientes, xxxv. 127 (Ruf. II. 25 fol. 33<sup>b</sup>: ambo...simul aduentantes).

aduersariis, xxviii. 70, see sinchrisis. aduersitates, xxxv. 222, see controuersię.

adulantur, see adolatur.

adulator, see adolatur.

aduliscentule, ecclesie uel anime de numero gentium, x. 7 (Cant. 1. 2 adolescentulae dilexerunt te).

adulter, XLIII. 8, see nepus. adultera, XLIII. 6, see notha.

adulterio, xi. 5, see uitulamina; xvi. 14, see ex latere regni.

adulteriorum, xLvIII. 6, see flagitiorum.

adulti, maturi, XLVIII. 73 (De Cass., Inst. vi. 13 adulti...ualidiores insurgent). Cf. adulti, inmaturi, Cp. A191; Ep. 2A4; Ef. 339, 48; adultus, maturus, Cp. A192; Ep. —, Ef. —.

adunata, xxvIII. 19, see sympsalma.

aduocatus, dicitur qui uocatur in adiutorium alicuius causa uel per pecuniam idest dingere, xxxix. 24 (Greg. Dial. rv. 26 col. 360<sup>A</sup> quidam advocatus qui...defunctus est).=aduocatus, þingere, Cp. A283; cf. Napier 2587. For dingere, þingere (an advocate, intercessor), see Bosw. T. in voce þingere; cf. Steinm. II. 244, 13. adusque, vr. 30, see quoad.

aduta, occulta, xxxv. 227 (Ruf. xi. 24 fol. 188<sup>b</sup> in illis, quę dicebant ἄδυτα).

adytis, see editus; hierufontis.

ae for diphth., used xxx. 37, otherwise usually e or e;—for e: acaetum (for acetum); aecclesie (for eccl-); aethimologia (etym-); caeleuma (cel-); uaena (uena); uaene (uenae);—for e (for i): laetania (letania=lit-);—for oe: caementaria (coemeteria).

aecclesie [ecclesiae], xxxv. 198, see

abiurari.

aedem, see mansionarius.

aedificant, see perpendiculum. aeditionis, for editionis (q.v.).

aediti regis, see editus.

aeditui, ostiarii, xxxv. 99 (Ruf. 1. 4 fol. 9a filius, templi Apollinis aeditui; 1. 6 fol. 11a cuiusdam aeditui filium). = aeditui, hostiarii, Cp. A325; Ep. 3C18; Ef. 342, 41; editui, hostiarii, Cp. E42; Ep. —; Ef. 359, 3. See also editus.

aegre, see egre.

Aegypti, Aegyptiaca, -ptiorum, -pto, see Egypti &c.

aemulationes, see emulatione.

aemulum, eiusdem rei studiosum quasi intatorem, 1. 12 (De Canon.; Vetus Defin. fidei Conc. Chalc., ap. Mans. vn. 750° hunc...adversus æmulum nobis concessit principem). Cf. Isid. Etym. x. 7 (aemulus, eiusdem rei studiosus quasi imitator); aemulus, imitator, Cp. A293 and Ef. 262, 30.

Aeneae, see centaurus.

aeneum, xi. 10, see signum. aeoytyerosen, see deuterosin.

aephi, see cphi.

aequali, see equali.

aera, xxxv. 226, see in chaos.

aerabulus, see acerafulus.

aeramento, see cacabus; olla; speties eris.

aere, XIII. 7, see discriminalia; see also electrum.

aerea, see urceos.

aeri, haue, xxII. 3 (Esther I. 6 pendebant ex omni parte tentoria aerij coloris) = Cp. A356 (aeri, iacintini; with which cf. below iacyntini). For haue (blue, azure) see Bosw. T. (hawen); Oxf. Dict. (haw, a.); Steinm. I. 488, 7; and the present Glossary xXII. 6 (iacyntini, syitor heuuin).

aerii, see aeri.

aerii uirgae, see pusti.

aeris, see speties eris.

aeste [for aestuantem?], xIV. 34, see uitulam....

aestimant [text existimant], xLIV. 9, see celum.

aestiuo, see opago tempore.

aestuantem (?); aestum, see uitulam consternantem.

aethimologia, proprietate, xxx. 56 (Cat. Hier. LXIII col. 675<sup>A</sup> Hebraica etymologia; B: hebraica ethimologia; C: hebraica [blank]) = ethimologia, proprietas, Cp. E318; Ep. —; ethomologia, proprietas, Ef. 358, 29.

aetilogia, idest cause redditio quoties promisse rei ratio decora subiungitur, xxvin. 46 (Cass. Psalm. xv. 10 figura... atiologia, id est causæ r.q. præmissæ rei r.d.s.).

aetiologia, see aetilogia.

affatibus, dietis, xxxv. 191 (Ruf. vii. 11 fol. 120a...dignis remuneratur affatibus).

affer, see offer.

afficit, ditauit, rv. 118 (Eccl. Istor.); afficit, amauit uel onorauit [hon-], xxxv. 87 (De Euseb.) = (Ruf. Ix. 4 fol. 148<sup>a</sup> multisque eos...muneribus praeficit). Cacciari,

p. 512 muneribus afficit, adding, in not., "Vulgati praeficit." Cf. Ruf. 1x. 10 fol. 156a paribus suppliciis afficit; afficit, amauit honorat, Cp. A370. See also above affecit, distauit (for ditauit?). For afficit (xxxv. 181), see also regio morbus.

Affricana [Afr-], xxxix. 51, see byssus.

Affrice, see sinphosin.

age, uelociter, xxxv. 8 (Ruf. II. procem., fol. 18<sup>a</sup> Age iam nunc). = Cp. A404. See

also auo.

agellis, terre [-rae] partes, xxxv. 268 (Ruf. vi. 7 fol. 100a in...agellis secretioribus); agellum, agrum, iii. 25 (S. Mart. Stor.—Sulp. Sev. Dial. ii. 12, 2 praete agellum...praeteriret); in agillo, in agro, xxviii. 2 (Lib. Anton. iii col. 128a erat... in agello vicino senex).

agello, xxvIII. 2, see agellis.

agellum, agrum, III. 25 (S. Mart. Stor.),

see agellis.

aggerem, congregationem de lignis uel lapidibus, xvi. 21 (Dan. xi. 15 comportabit aggerem).—per aggerem [sine interpret. ?], III. 14 (De S. Mart. Stor.—Sulp. Sev. Dial. 2, 3, 2 interim per aggerem publicum plena militantibus uiris fiscalis raeda ueniebat).—riui aggerum, congregatio aquarum, xiii. 32 (Isai. xix. 6 siccabuntur rivi aggerum).

aggerum, xIII. 32, see riui aggerum, sub

v. aggerem.

agillo [for agello], xxvIII. 2, see in

agillo sub v. agellis.

agiografa, sancta scriptura, xvi. 23 (Dan., Praef. Hieron. p. xvi. qui hagiographa conscripserunt..., et in hagiographa; Migne xxviii col. 1294<sup>A</sup> 'Αγιόγραφα).=agiographae, sancta scriptura, Cp. A381; Ep. 2C19; agograffa, s.s., Εf.¹ 340, 45. The Cambr. MS.: agiographa, idest sancta scriptura.

agit, xIX. 5, see eschematismenos; XXVIII.

83, see ennoematice.

agitatus, III. 28, see nutabundus.

agitur, iv. 47, see stadium; xxxix. 42,

see altare.

agno, xxxv. 144, see enixa est. agnomen, viii. 9, see Lamuhel.

agnum, xxxv. 144, see enixa est.

agon, see diatripas.

agoniare, certare, xII. 43 (Eccles. IV. 33 Vulg.: pro iustitia agonizare pro anima tua). Sab., in note, agoniare from MS. S. Germ. 15.

agonizare, see agoniare.

agora, foras, XXIX. 57 (Uerb. Interpr.=Hier. in Matth. XI. 16 col. 73<sup>B</sup> sederunt in foro, sive  $\dot{\epsilon}\nu$   $\dot{\alpha}\gamma\rho\rho\hat{a}$ ).

agrestes, XIII. 35, see uiciam. agri, XXVII. 28, see in georgicis.

Agrippa, qui in pedes nascitur eius natura, xliil. 13 (De div. nominibus = Donati Ars gramm., p. 376, 11 Agrippa) = Agrippa (Agrippago, Ef. 263, 29) q.i.p.n. Cp. A392; Ep. 4C19; Ef. 344, 44.—eius natura for contra naturam? see Non. 556 Agrippae, qui cum labore matris eduntur, hoc est per pedes contra naturam &c.; cf. Loewe, Prodr. 396.

agris, xli. 1, see presbiteri.

agro, xxvIII. 2, see in agillo sub v. agellis. agrum, III. 25, see agellum sub v. agellis. Agustini [Aug-], xxxvII tit.

aiatkibas, see diatripas.

aides, pluto diuitie, xxxvIII. 39 (Clem. Rom. Recognitt. x. 32 quia invisibilis facta est, Aides appellata est, qui et Orcus vel Pluto nominatur; x. 18 filius quem Aiden appellarunt). See Goetz, vi. 510 (Hades).

alabastrum, proprium nomen lapidis et uas sic nominatur de illo lapide factum, xxvv. 13 (Math. xxvv. 7 mulier habens alabastrum unguenti) = alabastrum, uas de gemma propri nomen lapidis et uas nominat de illo lapide factum, Cp. A442; a-, uas de gemma, Ep. 2C27; Ef. 340, 53.

alacriter [for acriter], sine gratia, amariter, xII. 13 (Eccles. xVIII. 18 stultus acriter improperabit). The Cambridge MS.: echariter sine gratia idest amariter.

alae, genus ludi, xxxix. 60 (not Greg. Dial., but Can. Apostt. xLII); see alea.

alauda, see tilaris.

alba, xxxix. 51, see byssus. albo, xxiv. 5, see mocum.

albri, uas apium, vr. 12 (Breu. exsol.?).

album, xII. 19, see calbanus.

alcianus, arbores frangit, xliv. 24 (Alia; de cælo=Isid. de nat. rerum xxxvii. 5 col. 1008 duo...spiritus magis quam venti, aura et altanus). See alcanus (for alt-), boden, Cp. A482. For poden, see Bosw. T. in v.

alea, ludum tabulę a quodam mago, I. 2 (De Canon.); alae, genus ludi, xxxix. 60 (not Greg. Dial., but)=(Can. Apostt. xlii Episcopus...aleae...deseruiens; ib. xliii tit. si permanserint in alea).—alea, tebl, xiv. 25 (Uerba de multis). This latter gloss (which=alea, tebl, Cp. A414; a., teblae, Ep. 1A36; a., tefil, Ef.¹338, 19; Ef.³273, 18) seems to be merely a further explanation of aleo (q. v.) in Ars Phocae, p. 413, 5.—For tebl (from Lat. tabula, a board for the playing of a game, and a game played on such a board), see Bosw. T. (tæfl).—See alea, prodigus, Cp. A465; Ep. 4C29; Ef.¹344, 54; Ef.²264, 3 (adding origine); Ef.³269, 12.—Cf. Landgraf,

in Arch. f. L. L. IX. 362, 363.

aleae, see alea.

aleator, ludor cupiditatis, 1. 1 (Can. Apostt. XLII tit. Quod Episcopus...aleator...esse non debeat) = a-, lusor c., Cp. A466; Ep. 4C30; Ef.<sup>2</sup> 264, 5; a-, lussor c., Ef. 344, 55. See also aleo.

alectat, for allectat, q.v. aleo, teblheri, xLv. 24 (Uerba de multis=Ars Phocae, p. 413, 5 hie ganeo aleo labeo). teblheri = tæflere, a gamester, dicer, see Bosw. T. Glogger suspects the h to have arisen from a long f (for Saxonice?) above the line. See aleator, teblere, Cp. A416; Ep. 1A37; Ef. 338, 20. aleator.

alga, uuac, xLVII. 23 (Alia=?)=alga, paar, Cp. A434; a-, [paar, corr. to] uaar, Ep. 2A28; a-, uar, Ef. 340, 15. For (uuac, wrongly for) uuar = war (sea-weed, waur, wore), see Bosw. T. (wār); Oxf. Dict. (ore<sup>5</sup>); Napier, 23, 13. alia, XIII. 11; xv. 36; xLIV tit.; XLVI

tit.; XLVII tit., 28.

(aliae), xxix. 56. aliarum, x. 21.

alias, alibi uel interdum uel nonnumquam, I. 4 (De Canon.; Can. Conc. Nicaen. 1 inueniuntur...alias dignissimi; ib. II per necessitatem aut alias cogentibus hominibus). See also (II. 157) sin alias; (xxxv. 143) per metalla.

alibi, 1. 4; xxxIII. 7.

alicuius, 1. 77, see negotia; xxxix. 24, see aduocatus.

alie [-ae], xxix. 56.

alienam, 1. 84, see peruadere. alienatis, II. 136, see priuatis.

alii, xxxIII. 6, 16.

aliis, 11. 149; 111. 56; xxx11. 2.

alimentis, cibis, II. 20 (Bened. reg. 37, 6 [8] in alimentis).

alio, xxIII. 13, see nemias.

alioquin, n. 158, see si quo minus. aliqua, xxvIII. 38.

aliquam, xxvmi. 51, 55.

aliquando, xII. 9, see cacabus; xLIV. 11, see clima.

aliquem, xxvIII. 26.

aliqui, xIII. 43; XLIV. 11.

aliquibus, xxxII. 3.

aliquid, xxII. 12; xxVIII. 74.

aliquis, xxvIII. 43.

aliter, I. 117; II. 157. For alter? see (xIV. 11) perdix.

aliud, IV. 17; XIX. 5 (bis); XXVIII. 39 (bis), 53 (bis).

alium, xxviii. 44.

allectat, expectat, I. 8 (De Canon.; cf. Can. Conc. Calched. III quidam, qui in clero videntur allecti). = alectat, spectat, Cp. A470; Ep. 4C34; Ef. 344, 59; all-, Ef.2 264, 17; see Steinm. AHG. II. 101. 1 (allecti, electi).

allecti, see allectat.

allegare, allegaremus, allegarentur. allegatum, allegauerunt, allegat, alligare.

allegoria, idest inuersio aliud dicens aliud significans, xxvIII. 39 (Cass. Psalm., praef. vii schema...allegoria, i.i.a.d.a.s.; see also xxxx. 13). allegoria, figuralis dictio, xxix. 1 (Verb. Int. = Hier. Comm. in Matth. xi. 16 col. 73<sup>A</sup> allegoriæ interpretatio). = allegoria, figuralis dictio aliud dicere et aliud intelligere, Cp. A413.

allegoriae, see allegoria.

alleluia, laudate dominum siue pater filius spiritus sanctus, 11. 7 (Bened. reg. 9, 20 cum Atteluia [32 all-]; id. 11, 15 [23]). Cf. A., laudate dominum, Cp. Int. 19; Eucher. Instructt. 145, 12.

allidentem, xIV. 28, see sternentem

sub v. stratores.

alligare [allegare], insinuare mittere, 1.7 (De Canon.; cf. Can. Concil. Afric., Praef. p. 142a proferatur commonitorium quod fratres...in actis...allegauerunt; xLVII allegaremus scripta; xcvi cum...legationes diuersarum prouinciarum allegarentur; cvi alleget; cxxxiv p. 171<sup>b</sup> allegatum). Cf. allegat, insinuat, mittit, Cp. A473; Ep. 4C37; Ef. 345, 3; Ef. 2264, 22; allegare, uerba imperatoris ad iudicem ciuitatis mittere, Cp. A457; Ep. 3C34, 35 (alligare); Ef. 1 342, 57 (alligare).

alluvione, see adluuio.

almenta, alerholt, xLVII. 101 (Alia=?) = alneta, alerholt, Cp. A433; almeta, alter holt, Ep. 2A27; almeta, alerholt, Ef.1 340, 14. (Almenta, for) alneta (alnus, an alder), a place full of alders, an alderwood = aler-holt, for which see Bosw. T. (aler-, alor-holt); Kluge, Wrtb. (crle).

almeta, alneta, see almenta.

alnus, alaer, xLvvii. 99 (Alia=?) = a-, aler, Cp. A428; Ef.¹ 340, 3; a-, alaer, Ep. 2A16. For alaer, aler, the alder, see Bosw. T. (aler, alor); Kluge, Wrtb. (erle).

aloe, x. 18, see murra. alta, xxxv. 34; xxxix. 42,

altanus, see alcianus.

altare, dicitur quod alta res idest diuina in eo agitur, xxxix. 42 (Greg. Dial. III. 17 col. 264B ab altaris crepidine; ib. III. 3 col. 224B ab altari exiens).

altari, altaris, see altare,

alter, xiv. 11, see perdix; xiiv. 7 (bis), see poli.

altera, xiv. 20, see scalpellum.

alternandis, inuicem, xL. 5 (Uerba?). alterum, xv. 3; xxix. 56; xLiv. 8 (bis).

altilia, saginata de auibus tantum dicitur, xxiv. 10 (Math. xxii. 4 altilia occisa sunt). Cf. altilia, foedils, Cp. A467; a., uolatilia, Ef.<sup>2</sup> 264, 61, and Goetz vi. 55 (altilis).

altior, xv. 29; xxIII. 17.

altioribus, xvi. 17, see castrum.

alueum, see uertigo. alueus, see suricus.

aluginatio, x1. 3, see lanugo.

Amana et libanus sanir et hermon montes sunt, x. 14 (Cant. IV. 8 Vulg.: veni de Libano...veni coronaberis de capite Amana de vertice Sanir et Hermon).

amarescit, viii. 17, see nitrum. amariter, xn. 13, see alacriter. amarum, xxv. 2, see murratum. amator, xxx. 10, see pylominos. amatorem, xxix. 70, see spodasten. amatores, see philuluguis.

amatorie, ars philophie [philophiliae?], IV. 44 (Ruf. IV. 8 fol. 56b perorabat de

amatoriis).

amatoriis, see amatorie.

amatoris [for amatores], xxx. 24, see philuluguis.

amauit, xxxv. 87, see afficit.

amazones, semiuste[-tae], xxxvi. 15 (Oros. I. 15, 3 feminas...nutriunt inustis... dexterioribus mammillis...unde Amazones dictae; I. 2, 50 regio... Amazonum; I, 21, 2 Amazonum gentis incursus).

Ambianensium, see Ambiensium.

Ambiensium, provintie [-ciae], III. 2 (De S. Mart. Stor. = Sulp. Sev. Vit. S. Mart. 3, 1 in porta Ambianensium ciuitatis).

ambieres, munieres, xxxvII. 11 (S.

Aug. ?).

ambigua, xxvIII. 61, see amphibolia.

ambitum, perh. for (per)ambulabat, xvii. 7, see Niniue.

ambone, analogio, 1. 5 (De Canon.; Can. Conc. Laod. cxvIII tit. in ambone, id est in pulpito).

ambonem, v. 11, see labrum.

ambrones, denoratores, vi. 7 (Breu. exsol.?) = ambrones, deuoratores, Ep. 2A6 & 4E17; Ef. 339, 50 & 345, 21; Ef. 265, 9; cf. ambrones, gredge, Cp. A519. Much has been said on the meaning and derivation of the lemma; see DuC., in voce ambro; Forcellini, in his Lex. and Onomast. Sonny (Arch. f. Lat. Lex. x. 366) sees in ambrones the Gr. "Abrow (from  $\dot{\alpha}\beta\rho\delta s$ ) of the Gr. proverb "Abrowos blos (Suid. s. v.; Paroemiogr. Gotting. 1. pp. 2, 180). Cf. Heinr. Zimmer, Nennius Vindicatus, p. 104, and for interpretations of the word in A. S. see A. S. Napier, O. E. Glosses (index) .- It may be observed that

the Cambridge (1705) and Oxford (1834) editions of Suidas print "Aβρωνος with the smooth breathing. Liddell & Scott print it in the same way; so also God. Bernhardy in his reprint of the Oxf. edition, but he says in a note leg. "Αβρωνος (with rough breathing). See also Henr. Stephanus' Thesaurus Gr. Linguae, and Etymol. Magnum, ed. Gaisford 765, 2. The editors (Leutsch & Schneidewin) of the Paroemiogr. Graeci (Gött. 1839) print (pp. 2, 180) the word with the rough breathing in their texts, relegating the reading with the smooth breathing to their notes.

ambulantes, viii. 8, see in aceruo m-: ambulator, xxx. 1, see peripatthiens.

ambustum, see bustus. amfibalo, see anfibula.

amictalum, arbor nucum, IX. 4 (Eclesiast. xII. 5 florebit amygdalus; Heyse migdalum, amigdalum in note). Cf. amigdalinas, quidam arbor, Cp. A531.

amicto [-tu], III. 5, see amiculo.

amictu, see amiculo.

amiculo, amicto [-tu], III. 5 (De S. Mart. Stor. = Sulp. Sev. Dial. 1. 15, 7 Cf. amiculo, amiculo circumtectus). hręgli, Cp. A546; a., hraecli, Ep. 2E8; a., hraegl, Ef.1 341, 13, but this more likely from Oros. v. 9, 2 (detracto amiculo): see Schlutter in Arch. f. Lat. Lexic. x. 366. For hregli &c., a garment, robe, rail, see Bosw. T. (hrægel); Skeat (rail<sup>4</sup>).

amigdalum, see amictalum.

Aminab, proprium nomen uiri, x. 23 (Cant. vi. 11 Aminadab).

Aminadab, see Aminab.

amissam, 1. 110, see resipiscant.

amissas, 11. 110, see missas.

amminicula, adiutoria, xxxv. 115 (Ruf. 11. 13 fol. 24<sup>a</sup> adminicula...maiora suppeditans). Cf. amminiculum, adiutorium, Cp. A511; Ef.2 265, 22.

amopaga, archisinagogus [archisyn-] est, xxxv. 130; see ariopagitis.

amore, xxx. 28, see de philoxenia; see

also peri pthocheas. amphibalo, amphibalum, see amphiba-

lum.

amphibalum, coculus, xLII. 18 (Ex div. libris); anfibula, oberlagu, 111. (De S. Mart. Storia = Sulp. Sev. Dial. n. 1, 5 p. 181, 8 intra amphibalum sibi tunicam latenter eduxit; indutum amphibalo, ib. II. 1, 7; amfibalum, amphimalum, amfibalo, in note). coculus = cocula (q.v.) = cuculla (q.v.), a mantle. Cf. amphibalus, hircus bellosus, Cp. A551; Ep. 3E10; Ef. 343,

amphibolia, idest dictio ambigua dubium faciens pendere sententiam, xxvIII. 6 (Cass. Psalm.xx.12 schema...amphibologia, id est d. a. dubiam f.p.s.).

amphibologia, see amphibolia.

amphimalum, see amphibalum. amphitape, see abctape.

amphitheatro, see amphitheatrum.

amphitheatrum, circumspectaculum, xxx. 21 (Cat. Hier. xvII in amphitheatro). amphora, III modios, xxxII. 40 (De ponder.?). Cf. Blume, I. 376, 9. For amphora see also (xxXIII. 10) batus;

(XXXIII. 11) chatus. amplam, latam, XXXV. 83 (Ruf. x. 12 fol. 167<sup>b</sup> amplam temporis...occasionem).

amurca, see auriculum.

amussim, see examussim. amygdalus, see amictalum.

anacefaleos, recapitulatio, IX. 6 (Eclesiast.? Cf. Cassiod. in Psalm. CXIII. 22 quae figura dicitur anacephaleosis idest recapitulatio; S. Hier. in Ez. VII. 36, in Migne's Patr. Lat. XXV col. 222°: facta anacephaleosi).—anacefaleosin, recapitulatio, XXXVIII. 21 (Clem. Recognitt. VIII. 39 anacephaleosin facere corum quae dicta sunt). Cf. anacephaleosin, repetitionem uel recapitulatio, Cp. A628; an-, rep-, Ep. 4E28 & Ef. 345, 31 & Ef. 265, 47.

anacephalaeosin, -sis, see anacefaleos.

anachoreta, see anachorita.

anachorita [-reta], graece heremita [er-], II. 2 (Bened. reg. 1, 4 [5] genus...anachoritarum).

anachoritarum, see anachorita.

anadiplosis, congeminatio dictionis sermonem geminat ad decorem, xxvIII. 68 (Cass. Psalm. xxIII. 11 anadiplosis...cong. d.; xxIV. 2 per figuram anadiplosin, quae Latine dicitur congeminatio d. s. g. a. d.).

anagogen, superior sensus, xxix. 2 (Uerb. interpr.=Hier. Comm. in Matth. x. 9, 10 col. 63<sup>B</sup> secundum anagogen) = anagogen, superior sensus, Cp. A634.

analogio, 1. 5, see ambone.—analogium, lectorium ligneum in quo leguntur libri, 11. 6 (Bened. reg. 9, 11 [15] super ana-

logium).

anaphora, reuelatio quoties unum uerbum per comatum principia repetitur, quando res secuture pro preteritis securur, xxvIII. 72 (Cass. Psalm. xxvI. 5 figura...anaphora, quoties u. v. per commatum p. r.; xIIII. 15 per figuram anaphoram, quae Latine relatio dicitur, verbum ipsum iteratum; III. 2 anaphora, id est relatio, quoties u. v. frequenti iteratione repetitur).—quando res sec. &c. belongs to (xxvIII. 75) prolemsis q. v.

anapxias, anarchias, see anarchius. anarchius, ubi nullius potestas, xxx. 4 (Cat. Hier. 11 col. 611<sup>Δ</sup> occasione ἀναρχίαs concilium congregauit; B: occ. anarchias, idest principatus conc. cong.; C: occ. anapxias conc. cong.; Ε: αναρκιας, idest sine principatu; - monarchia, ubi unius, xxx. 5. This latter gloss is, it seems, a further explanation of the preceding anarchias; so also polarchia, ubi multorum, xxx. 6. This latter is not in the Catalogus at all, but monarchia occurs in Chapt. xxIII col. 641 (monarchia Dei) and in Ch. xxxv col. 640 (de monarchia). The whole = Anarchias sine principatu uel ubi nullius potestas; monarchia ubi unius; polarchia ubi multorum, Cp. A591; anarchias sine principatu, Ep. 3C4 and Ef.1 342, 26; cf. monarchia, anwald, Cp. M253; Ep. 14C25; E<sup>1</sup>, 371, 4,

anastrophe, idest peruersio quando promimus ordine conuerso sententiam, xxvIII. 67 (Cass. Psalm. xXIII. 6 a., id est p.

&c.).

anathema, abhominatio, i. 3 (De Canon.; Can. Conc. Gangr. Lix, ix &c. anathema sit; Conc. Laod. cxxxii anathema sint a Christo) = anathem, abhominatio, Cp. A658; cf. anathema, abhominabilis deiectus, Cp. A583.—In anathema, in obliuione in separatione idest a se uel in dona ad templum, xxi. 19 (Judith xvi. 23 Judith universa vasa bellica Holofernis...et conopaeum quod ipsa sustulerat de cubili ipsius obtulit in anathema oblivionis).

ancilla, xxi. 6, see abra.

ancillis, animalibus figl, xix. 63 (Job xL, 24 Numquid illudes ei quasi avi, aut ligabis eum ancillis tuis). On this quotation Jerome says (Exposit. Interlin. libri Job, Migne Patr. L. XXIII col. 1465c): "In tantum Deo humiliabitur draconis istius fortitudo, ut omnino pro nihilo erit, et ab animabus sanctis deludetur, quae sunt ancillae Christi," and (Comm. in lib. Job, Migne, P.L. xxvi col. 788p): "Sic itaque alligatur atque illuditur a sanctis animabus Dei, quae sunt ancillae Christi." These quotations would suggest animabus for animalibus and figuraliter for figl (over which the MS. has a stroke) in the Leiden Glossary .- Steinm. (Zeitschr. f. d. Alterth. xxxIII. 249) referring to the same gloss, quotes (Germania vIII. 389) from a Paris MS. (2685, olim Colbert 4951) ancellis, annalibus figuli, and regards figuli as Latin. But then the gloss would remain unintelligible.-Jerome's translation of the book of Job (Migne, Patr. Lat. xxviii col. 1120c) has: "Numquid illudes ei quasi avi [h. passeri] aut ligabis cum [Al. eum] aucillis [h. puellis] tuis." Migne's aucillis (which would = aucellis) is printed ancillis in

Vallarsius' ed. of 1738 col. 1150. If aucillis (little birds) is not a misprint, but actually found in Migne's MS. or MSS., it would agree with the Glossary if we altered ancillis into aucillis, and regard figl (adding some letter or letters to represent the stroke over the g) as a form (nom. or oblique?) of the ordinary A.S. jugel, fugol, fugul (a bird).—It is to be noted that the Hebrew has

ותקשׁרֶכּוּ לְנַעְרֵוֹתֵיךְ, but the Septuagint η δήσεις αὐτὸν ώσπερ στρουθίον (sparrow) παιδίω for aut ligabis eum ancillis tuis of the Vulg., and Jerome knew this reading of the Sept. as, in his Comm., he says (Migne xxvi col. 7894): "Alii dixerunt Alligabis eum sieut passerem infantulo, quod est, ab infantulo teneatur praecepto imperii mei, et velut ligatus in potestatem Hic est ille infans, de quo tradetur. Isaias ait: Infans ab ubere in foramine aspidum manum mittet &c." See also Migne, Patr. Lat. LXXIII col. 177, note 41. It seems, therefore, clear that there was a Latin text in Jerome's time agreeing with the Sept., and, perhaps, the Glossary refers to this text in the present instance. All the MSS. of the Vulg. at Cambridge, and in the Brit. Mus., which I have examined have ancillis.

ancones, untinos [uncinos], xLvII. 4 (Alia = ?) = anconos, urcenos, Cp. A575; a-, uncenos, Ep. 2A32 & Ef. 340, 19.

andeda, brondra, xLVII. 42 (Alia=?) =a-, brandrod, Cp. A562; a-, brandrad, Ep. 1A21; a-, brondrad, Ef. 388, 3. For (andeda, for) andena, a gridiron, see Du C., and Goetz, vi. 68; for brondrad, brandrad, brandrod (=0. N. brand-reis, a grate, from brand-r, brand, burning + rei8, carriage, vehicle), see Oxf. D. brandreth. andena, see andeda.

androginus [-gynus], xLII. 13, see hermofroditus.

anfibula, oberlagu, III. 11, see amphibalum.

angariati, portati, 11. 17; angarizanti, cogenti uel conpellenti, II. 3 (Bened. reg. 7, 97 angarizati [in note, and 157 angariati] milliario vadunt et duo). For angarizanti see Edm. Schmidt, Regula, p. 20, note k.

angarizanti, cogenti uel conpellenti, n. 3, see angariati.

angarizati, see angariati.

Ange, see arge.

angiportos, nomen porti, IV. 93; angiportus, angustus locus, xxxv. 240 (Ruf. IX. 8 fol. 151a per plateas omnes et angiportus) = angiportus, angustus locus, Cp. A615; Ep. 2C22. On the Gen. Sing. porti, see Lewis & Sh.

angiportus, see angiportos.

angor, adflictio, xx. 11 (Tobias? not in the Vulg.?). For angor see also (r. 133) scrupulum.

anguile [for anguillae], xix. 8, see murenula.

anguillae, see murenula.

Angulanis, see Angulinis.

Angulinis, propert [for proprium no-men?] terme calidae, xxxix. 34 (Greg. Dial. IV. 40 col. 397 in Angulanis thermis lavari debuisset) = Angulinis, proprium nomen, Cp. A629.

angulos, xxxviii. 27, see tetragono. angusti, xiv. 14, see calati. angustiosus, II. 12, see anxius. angustum, xIII. 38, see artum. angustus, xxxv. 240, see angiportus. animae, see manes; psichiexodo. animalibus, xix. 63, see ancillis.

anime [-mae], xxix. 56, see metempschosis; xxx. 81, see psichiexodo; xLTII. 31, see manes.

animę, x. 7, see aduliscentulę.

animalus, fifaldae, xLIII. 47 (De div. nominibus?). This gloss appears in the Glossary among a number of words oc-curring in Donati Ars gramm., but the lemma is not found in the printed texts of this work. Glogger suggests that animalus may be a corruption for animulus (= ψυχάριον, dim. of ψυχή, a butterfly, Goetz, vi. 71) meant as an interpretation of an omitted lemma papilio (Don. Ars p. 376, 18). Cf. Cp. P168; Ep. 21A28; Ef. 384, 44; Steinm. IV. 181, 17. For fifaldae (butterfly) see Bosw. T. (fiffealde, fiffalde); Kluge, Etym. Wrtb. D. Spr. (Falter).

animi, II. 153, see scrupolositas; xxvIII.

42, see idea.

animo, II. 125, see magnopere. animulus, see animalus.

anni, xxxvIII. 35, see ex diametro.

anno, iv. 99, see quadraplas; xliii. 34, see horno.

anomala, dissimilia, xxvII. 14 (Lib. Rot.); anomala, inequalia, xliv. 20 (Alia, de cælo) = (Isid., Lib. de nat. rer. xxII. 3 Sidera, aut anomala fiunt, aut retrograda; xxIII. 3 anomala efficientur) = a-, dissimilia, Cp. A623 & Ef.1 342, 37; anomalo, d-, Ep. 3C15.

antarticus [-arcticus], xLIV. 16, see

ante, iv. 35; x. 6; xxii. 12; xxiii. 10; xxxvi. 1; xxxix. 22, 56 (bis).

antea, 1. 104.

ante absida, ante sedem episcopi, xxxix. 56; see absidam.

antefana, antefanas, antefanis, see antiphona.

antefrasin, see cataantis,

antelucanos, see antelucanum.

antelucanum, ante calli [galli] cantus, iv. 35 (Ruf. III. 32 fol. 50<sup>b</sup> antelucanos hymnos & vi. 2 fol. 95<sup>a</sup> cum...eum...antelucanum prorumpere...praesensisset).

antequam, x. 12; xxII. 16 (bis).

antes, dicitur ordo uinearum, xLv. 16 (Uerba de multis=Ars Phocae, p. 428, 6 hi antes).=a-, extremi ordines uiniarum, Cp. A626 & Ef. 346, 46; a-, extrime ordines uinearum, Ep. 5C21.

antesignano, see antesignato.

antesignato, signatore suspectum, iv. 119 (Ruf. xi. 22 fol. 187ª deligunt Olympum quendam... quo antesignano arcem defenderent). On the gloss cf. Goetz, vi. 75 antesignanus, propugnator signorum &c.

antichristus, see anticristus.

anticristus [antichr-], viii. 13, see in sublime.

antifrasin, see cataantis.

Antinoitas, ciuitas in egypto [aeg-], xxxv. 266 (Ruf. vi. 9 fol. 100b epistolis...ad

Antinoitas scriptis).

antiphona, uox reciproca, H. 5 (Bened. reg. 9, 7 cum antefana [8 antiphona]); cf. 9, 9 [11] cum antefanis [cum antiphonas]; xI. 11 [16] cum antefanas [cum antiphonas]; xII. 4 & XIII. 5 sine antefana [antiphona] &c.

antiphonas, see antiphona.

antiquitatem, xxx. 38, see archutomam.

antiquos, xLv. 11, see ops.

Antoni [sine interpret.], III. 52 (De S. Mart. Stor.=Sulp. Sev. Dial. I. 17, 1 duo beati Antoni [Antonii, in 3 MSS.] monasteria adii). The Glossary has this word and 14 other glosses under the heading Uerba de Sancti Martyni Storia. But, though Antoni actually occurs in Sulp. Sev. as above, the word seems to be nothing but the remains of some such heading as "Antoni Vita" or "Antoni Storia" as 11 or 12 of the other glosses following the word Antoni are excerpted from this Vita (see Antonii).

Antonii (In Libro), xxviii tit. (=Vita B. Antonii Abb., auctore S. Athanasio, interpr. Evagrio; Migne, P. L. LXXIII.).

anulum fidei, libertatem, xxxv. 218 (Ruf. x. 28 fol. 174<sup>a</sup> anulum fidei recipit) = anulum fidei, libertatem fidei, Cp. A616; Ep. 2C23; Ef. 340, 49.

anxietas, II. 153, see scrupolositas; see

also axietas, in v. scrupulum.

anxius, angustiosus, n. 12 (Bened. reg. 64, 30 [54] non sit...anxius). Cf. anxius,

sorgendi, Cp. A617; Ep. 2E3; Ef. 341, 8, and Bosw. T. (sorgian).

aote3030y, see psichiexodo.

Apadno, Apedno, see Apethno. aperiantur, x. 12, see ficus protulit.

apertis, xxxv. 231, see patulis.

apertus, xxiv. 17, see clibanus.

Apethno, proprium nomen loci, xvi. 19 (Dan. xi. 45 figet tabernaculum... Apadno). Heyse; Sabat., in notes; Migne, xxviii col. 1318°, and the Cambr. MS. Apedno.

apium, vi. 12, see albri.

aplestia, see plestia.

apo tu ptsaum, a tangendo est inde quidam psalmum uolunt dici cognosce uero quod isti tantum pro excellentia sui dicantur psalmi, xxvIII. 18 (Cass. Psalm., Praef. Iv col. 15<sup>D</sup> ἀπὸ τοῦ ψαύευ, hoc est a tangendo; for cognosce—psalmi, see id. Praef. Iv col. 15<sup>c</sup>).

apodoxios, xxx. 75, see eyaggences a-apolizeon, see eyaggences apod-.

Apollo, xxvII. 15, see Mappanus.

apollogeticus, excusans, iv. 23 (Ruf. II. 18 fol. 29<sup>a</sup> apologeticus liber).—apologieticum, excusabile, xxx. 23 (Cat. Hier. xx col. 639<sup>a</sup> volumen...apologeticum pro Christianis; B: Apologeticon idest excusabilem p. cristianis; C: apologeticum pro cristianis). Cf. ib. Lxxv col. 685<sup>a</sup>: Scripsit...Apologeticum pro Origene; B: apologeticon, id est excusabilem pro origine; C: apologeticum pro origene.—apologiticum, excusabilem, xxxv. 153 (Ruf. IV. 3 fol. 54<sup>b</sup> Apologeticum librum obtulit) = apologiticum, excussabilem, Cp. A691; Ep. 3C7; Ef. 342, 29.

apologeticon, see apologieticum. apologeticum, see apologieticum, -giti-

cum.

apologeticus, see apollogeticus.

apologieticum, excusabile, xxx. 23 (De Cat. Hier.), see apollogeticus.

apologiis, see apologis. apologim, see apologus.

apologis [-giis], excusationibus, xLVIII. 71 (De Cass.?).—apologus, excusationes, xxx. 79 (Cat. Hier. IXXXII col. 689<sup>B</sup> ἀπολογίας pro Origene libris sex; B: apologim pro origine libros sex; C: [blank] pro origene li. VI.)=apologias, excusationes, Cp. A693; a, excusationes, Ep. 3C14 & Ef. 342, 36; apototyas, excusationes, Cp. A697; apothias, excusationes, Ef. 346, 48.

apologiticum, excusabilem, xxxv. 153

(De Eus.), see apollogeticus.

apologus, excusationes, xxx. 79 (Cat.

Hier.), see apologis.

aporia, abominatio subitania [-nea], xII. 26 (Eccles. xxVII. 5 aporia hominis in cogitatu illius).

aposiopesis, idest dictio cuius finis reticetur, xxvIII. 54 (Cass. Psalm. xvII. 46).

apostata, discessus a fide, xix. 64 (Job xxxiv. 18 qui dicit regi, apostata) = Cp. A692; Ep. 3C13; Ef. 342, 35.

apostatare, retrorsum ire, II. 8 (Bened. reg. 40, 14 [24] uinum apostatare facit... sapientes).

apostoli, x. 2, see ubera. apostolos, x. 11, see tigna.

apostropei, idest conversio quoties ad diuersas personas crebro uerba conuertimus, xxvIII.58 (Cass. Psalm. xix. 6 figura... apostrophe i.c.q. &c.).

apostrophe, see apostropei.

apotecas, cellaria, xIII. 45 (Isai. xxxIX. 2 ostendit...apothecas supellectilis suae). apothecas, see apotecas.

apotu  $[= \dot{a}\pi\dot{a} \tau o\hat{v}]$ , see ypo (sub) tyos

(hoc) &c.

apparabilis, ministratio, III. 46 (S. Mart. Stor. = Sulp. Sev. Dial. II. 6, 5 conponitur castus reginae manibus apparatus).

apparatus, see apparabilis.

apparentibus, xL. 20, see pallantibus.

apparitores, see paritores.

apparitorium, auditorium [for auditorum or adiutorum?], xxxv. 10 (Ruf. II. 13 fol. 25ª ex apparitorum suorum numero) = apparitorium, adiutorium, Cp. A664; Ep. 1A18; apparatorium, adiutorium, Ef.1 337, 18.

apparitorum, see apparitorium.

appellans, vi. 21, see conveniens.

appellant, xiv. 3, see uorith. appetentes, 1. 21, see conpetentes.

appetitus, xxxiv. 36, see gastrimargia. applicari, xxvIII. 34, see figura m-.

apponuntur, xxvIII. 24, see ypozeuxis. approbationes, xxvIII. 71, see ephichirema.

appuli, see appulli. appulisse, see apulisse.

appulli, huuitabar [for hinuitabar, for inuitabar?], 111. 15; appulli, inuitabant [for inuitabar?], 111. 30 (De S. Mart. Stor. = Sulp. Sev. Vita S. Mart., Prol. 1, 5 cum primum animum ad scribendum appuli). Cf. Steinmeyer, in Zeitschr. f. D. Alt. xxxIII. 249; see also below apulisse.

a primeuo flore, a primo flore barbe, XXXIX. 1 (Greg. Dial. I Prol. col. 1498 mihi a primævo juventutis flore...obstrictus).

apta, 1. 62, see idonea; xxvIII. 24, see

ypozeuxis.

aptet, congruet implet, II. 16 (Bened. reg. 2, 71 [107] Ita se omnibus conformet et aptet ut...). Cf. abtet uos, impleat uos Cp. A64; Ep. 3E30; Ef. 343, 33; Ef. 2 259, 2; aptet uos, impleat uos, Cp. A698.

aptis, II. 91, see inconpententibus.

aptoton, see aptotum.

aptotum, inflexibile uel incasale, xLIII. 56 (De div. nominibus = Donati Ars grammat. p. 376, 16 aut trium generum est aptoton, ut frugi nihili; in note aptotum). Incasale for incasuale; cf. Hagen Ars Anon. Bern. p. 109 unum nomen aptoton, hoc est incasuale; see casualis (Lewis & Sh.).

aptus, II. 31, see congruus.

apud, 11. 189; xvi. 11, 27; xxxii. 2; see also aput.

apulisse, pulsasse, IV. 113 (Ruf. III. 24 fol. 46a appulisse animum traduntur); see above appulli.

aput, xliv. 19; xlv. 11; see also apud. aqua, viii. 12, see uaena, 14, see blena; x. 22, see areola; xi. 11, see in aqua ualebat; xli. 14, see byrillus.

aquae, see gurgitum; sentina; taermę.

aquam, xiv. 36, see urceos.

aquarum, xIII. 32, see riui aggerum. aquas, xlvii. 15, see tappula.

aquaticus, xxxv. 5, see hydropicus. aque [aquae], xix. 53, see gurgitum; xx. 8, see taermę.

aque [aquae], xxxix. 50, see sentina. aquila, see arpa.

Aquila dixit sextarium III modios, xxxi. 10, see sextarius.

aquilium, see aquilius.

aquilius, onga, xLVII. 85 (Alia=?)= aquilium, onga, Cp. A715; a-, anga, Ep. 2A24 and Ef. 340, 11. Goetz (vi. 20) identifies the lemma with aculeus, a sting. For anga, onga (O.H.G. ango), a sting, see Bosw. T. (onga).

aquilonem, xLIV. 7, see poli. aquiloni, vi. 5, see boriali.

aquilonis, xxvII. 33, see artofilax. aquis, xix. 51, see fabula; xxvii. 31,

see tethis. ara, xvi. 25, see arioli.

arachaisitetos, see archeretoys. araneus (mus), see musiranus.

aras, xvi. 7, see aruspices. aratoris, xxxv. 75, see iugeres.

arbitrantur, xLIV. 10, see cardines.

arbitror, xxxIII. 7, see sicel.

arbor, IX. 3, see amictalum; X. 10, see cyprus, 17, see fistola; xII. 17, see platanus; xIII. 48, see myrtus; xIV. 10, see mirice; xv. 10, see ebor; xvi. 4, see ilicus, 5, see lentiscus; xIX. 58, see iuniper; XXIX. 34, see nardum; xxxv. 86, see busta; xxxvii. 19, laurus. See also tigna.

arbor, maest, xxxix. 37 (*Greg. Dial.* III. 36 col. 304c ex navi clavi perditi, arbor abscissa est). For maest (a pole,

mast) see Bosw. T. (mæst).

arbore, x. 19, see gutta; xiii. 37, see malus nauis, 51, see calamum; xiv. 6, see resina; xv. 14, see hebenenos; xxv. 8, see byssus.

arbores, xvII. 20, see myrteta; xLIV. 24,

see alcianus.

arboribus, xII. 21, see ungula.

arboris, xxv. 6, see de siliquis.

arborum, x. 11, see tigna, 21, see elate palmarum.

arbustis, xxxix. 51, see byssus.

arcades, gens dicitur que colebat pana, xLIII. 4, see Themisto.

arcadie [-diae], xLIII. 3, see Pan.

arcae, arce [arcae], xIII. 47, see plaustrum.

arcebatur, inpelebatur [inpell-], xxxv. 155 (Ruf. iv. 6 fol. 55<sup>b</sup> ab omni regione... arcebatur). Cf. arcebat, repellebat, Cp. A733.—arcet, depulit, xxxv. 105 (Ruf. i. 12 fol. 14<sup>b</sup> hune arcet officio). =arcet, depulit, Ep. 2C24; Ef. 340, 50; cf. arcet, uetat depulit prohibet, Cp. A767.

archeretoys, conflictus, xxx. 18 (Cat. Hier. xnt col. 629° scripsit...libros...duos 'Αρχαιότητοs adversum Appionem; B: ser...l...d. arachaistietos idest conflictus adv. app.; C: ser...li...duos [blank] adv. app.; E: αρχηωρηθος). As the Gr. word signifies antiquity, the notion of the gloss "conflictus" refers, perhaps, to the word "adversum."—By this passage we have the key to Cp. A725 archioritas conflictus (= Cp. A812 and Ep. 3C20 arcoretos conflictus), and Ef. 342, 43 arcoretos conflictos, and Cp. A779 and Ef. 346, 47 archioretis libros duo=Ep. 5C22 archioretys libros duo

archikronan, see archutomam.

archimandritis, see arcimandritis.

archis [for arx Sion?], xxIII. 17, see ciuitas dauid.

archisinagogus [archisyn-], xxxv. 130,

see amopaga sub v. ariopagitis.

archisynagogus, see amopaga sub v.

ariopagitis.

archutomam, antiquitatem uel principatum, xxx. 38 (Cat. Hier. xxxvIII col. 653<sup>B</sup> qui in similitudinem Josephi ἀρχαιογονίαν Moysi et Judaicae gentis asseverant; B: qui i. s. iosephi archikronan idest principio temporum moysi et iudaice gentis asseruerint; C: qui i. s. iosephi [blank] m. et i. g. asseuerant)=arxhotanian, a. uel p., Cp. A811; arxhotoniam, a. u. p., Ep. 3C8, and arcsotonian, antiquitatum, 3C21; arcxotonian, a. u. p., Ef. 342, 30 and arcsotoniam, antiquitatum, Ef. 342, 44. For principatum we have to read, it seems, principia temporum, which is found in text B (principio t.),

and in F (principia t.).

arcimandritis [sine interpretat.], I. 14 (De Canon.=Decret. Horm. IV tit., fol. 271b Hormisda presbyteris...archimandritis); cf. archimandrita, princeps ouilium, Ef. 267, 25.

arcticos, septentrionalis ab arcto adiectum [adiectiuum?], xLIV. 12; Terinos, idest bestialis, xliv. 13; isemerinus, idest meridianus, xliv. 14; Exemerinus, ac si ex meridie [-die] remotior, xLIV. 15; antarticus, artico [arct-] contrarius horum primus qui est erga arcturum a polo poreo [boreo] IIII murorum [moerorum] spatiis distat a quo secundus u ab eo m ui Item ab eo IIII ui muris [moeris] distat Item u circulus u spatiis ab eo ad polum australem IIII idest ad uerticem IIII sunt moera spatiis ut figunt astrogi [astrologi], xLIV. 16 (Alia; de cælo=Isid. de nat. rerum x. 1, col. 978 circulus Arcticus... circulus Therinus ... circulus Isemerinus ... circulus Chimerinus ... circulus Antarcticus...; 2 Horum primus septentrionalis est). Cf. also Isid. Etym. XIII 6, 2-6.

arcticus, see arcticos. arcto, xliv. 12, see clima.

arctophylax, see artofilax.

arctum, see artum.

arcturum, septentrio, xix. 33 (Job ix. 9 Qui facit Arcturum; cf. ibid. xxxvii. 9 Arcturo; xxxviii. 31 Arcturi) = archturus, septem, Cp. A742. See also (xliv. 16) antarticus.

ardea, see perdulum.

ardenter [for ardore?], xxix. 41, see caumate.

ardentes, IV. 106, see candentes.

ardentissimo, 11. 79, see feruentissimo.

ardet, xxxix. 15, see ferula.

ardia, see perdulum.

ardore, see caumate.

ardua, xl.iv. 21, see conuexa.

area sitiens, siccans in tritura, xvii. 1

(Joel 1. 20 area sitiens).

arenae, see calculus; harene; sabuli. arene [-nae], xv. 20, see sabuli.

arene, xII. 12, see calculus.

arenosa, III. 33, see in sirtim.

areola, dicitur ubi aqua diriuatur [der-] in ortum [hort-] et stat in modico stagnello ipse [ipsa?] dicitur ereola [ar-] propter inrigationem ubi crescuntaromata, x. 22 (Cant. v. 13 genae illius sicut areolae aromatum; vi. 1 descendit...ad areolam). Cf. areoli, aromatum orti, Cp. A723; Ep. 1C6; Ef. 338, 29.

areolae, areolam, see areola.

areopagitam, see ariopagitis.

arepticium, arepticius, see arreptitium. arethimetica, numeralis, xxx. 46, see

dialectica. Cf. arthimetica, diuinitio uel numeralis, Cp. A719; arethimetica, definitio, Ep. 1A15 and Ef.<sup>1</sup> 337, 15; arithimetica, numeralis, Ep. 3C10 and Ef.<sup>1</sup> 342, 32.

Arge, nomen montium, xxi. 4 (Judith ii. 12 venit ad magnos montes Ange).

argella [=argilla, white clay], laam, XLVII. 37 (Alia=?)=a-, laam, Cp. A730; Ep. 2A29; a-, sram, Ef. 340, 16. See hoc argillum, lam (Napier, 28, 32), and Wright W. (index). For laam (O.H.G. leim, Germ. lehm), loam, see Bosw. T. (lām); Kluge, Etym. Wrtb. (lehm).

argenteis, viii. 16, see mala aurea...

argenteos, xxxi. 28, see tres argenteos;

XXXIII. 30, see siliquae tres.

argento, XIII. 6, see lunulas, 7, see discriminalia, 9, see olfactoriola; xv. 37, see electrum; xxxv. 294, see thecis; see also periscelidas.

argentum, viii. 10, see conflatorium.

argeos, xxxi. 23, see siliquas. argilla, argillum, see argella.

argula, acuta, xxvIII. 16 (*Lib. Anton.* xLvI col. 158<sup>p</sup> arguta sophismatum interrogatione). Cf. argute, acute, Cp. A737; Ep. 2C25; Ef. 340, 51. See also arguta.

argumenta, see arguta. argumentum, 1. 129, see suspicio.

arguta, ordaneas, III. 65 (not De S. Mart. Stor., but Vita S. Anton. xivi col. 158° niterentur arguta sophismatum interrogatione de divina cruce eum illudere). The lemma, if it refers to this quotation, would require orbance (abl. of the adj. orbanc, cunning, skilful) as interpretation, whereas ordancas (for orb-) is the plur of the subst. orbanc (wit, understanding, artifice, device). Steinmeyer (Alth. Gl. II. 746, 33) would read argumenta, which occurs Vit. S. Ant. xivii col. 160°, and actually glosses orbancas in other texts (see Bosw. T. orbanc). Glogger suggests argutia[e]. See argumento, mit orbance (Napier, Aldh. Gl. 1389, 3214; cf. ib. 3016, 3399), and also above arguta (for arguta).

ariculum, see auriculum.

aridis, xxxi. 12, see sata; xxxiii. 12, see enhi.

ariel, arihel, see arihellio.

arihellio [written as one word], xv. 27 (Ezech. XLIII. 15, 16 Ariel quatuor cubitorum: et ab Ariel usque ad sursum... et Ariel duodecim cubitorum). arihel=

""", hearth, altar of God. If lio is meant as an interpretation, it may be for leo, lion (which is the meaning of the

Hebr. אָרָי; see Gesenius), or, as Glogger suggests, for A.S. hlēo(w), protection, shelter.

arioli, qui in ara coniecturam faciunt, xvi. 25 (Dan. II. 2 ut convocarentur arioli; Dan. II. 27 and IV. 4 arioli; ariolos I. 20; ariolo II. 10; ariolorum IV. 6) = arioli, q.i.a.c.f., Cp. A823.

ariopagitis, princeps sinagogae [syn-], iv. 27 (Eccl. Istor.); amopaga, archisinagogus [archisyn-] est, xxxv. 130 (De Euseb.) = (Ruf. III. 4 fol. 35° Dionysium Areopagitam) = aripagita, archisynagogus, Cp. A750; ariopagita, archisinagogus, Ep. 1A20 and Ef. 338, 2.

arismeticam, arismetrica, arismetricam;

see dialectica.

Aristoteles, see Calistratus. arithmetica, see arethimetica. arithmeticam, see arethimetica.

arma, xII. 42, see uasa; xLIII. 54, see cestus.

Armenias pilas, nomen montium uel gentis uel silue [-uae] uel clausure [-rae], xxxvi. 2 (Oros. 1. 2, 40 ad Armenias pylas; in three MSS. pilas). Cf. Armenias pilas, nomen loci, Cp. A738.

armilla, ermboeg, xix. 43 (Job xi.. 21 armilla perforabis maxillam eius). For ermboeg (an arm-ring, bracelet) see Bosw. T. (earm-beah).

armillas, XIII. 8, see periscelidas.

aromata, x. 22, see areola.

aromatizans, redolens, xII. 20 (Eccles. xXIV. 20 sicut...balsamum aromatizans).

arpa, arngeus, xLVII. 57  $(Alia=?)=a_{-}$ , earngeot, Cp. A759; a-, earngeat, Ep. 2A21; a-, aerngeup, Ef. 340, 8. For arpa (= Gr. ἄρπη, a bird of prey, milvus ater, the Egyptian kite, Liddell & Sc.) see Du C. (arpa 1 & 2; harpa<sup>2</sup>, falcon). As to arngeus, earngeot, earngeat, aerngeup, ærengeat (Wright W. 117, 24), eargeat (ibid. 258, 4; 351, 14), all explaining arpa and earngeap glossing vultur (ib. 132, 19) and asapa (for arpa? Cp. A862), seem to be not compounds, but two different, alternative words, the first of which (arn, earn, aern, æren, ear) means an eagle (Oxf. D. erne), and as such is a gloss to aquila (Wright W. 131, 10; 258, 3; 284, 3; 317, 44; 351, 12). The second (geus, geup, geap, geot, geat) seems to be the Gr. γύψ Latinised as geus (instead of gūps) or γῦπα Latinised as geup (instead of gūp-). The form geop arose from eu being Anglicised as eo, and this gave rise to the corrupted geot, and finally geat .-Bosw. T. explains earngeāp as a vulture, species of falcon (earn, an eagle + the adj.

geāp, now usually written gēap, shrewd, cunning), and earn-geāt, as a goat-eagle, vulture. But A.S. ēa does not become E. oa, and in any case the compound would mean eagle-goat, not goat-eagle. Kluge (Ags. Leseb. p. 172) explains the simple earn as adler (eagle), but the compound earn-geat (-geup) as geier (vulture).—Egilsson (Lex poët.) gives o. N. gaupi, gauti, a sea-king, pirate, which may, for its sense, rest on γυπ-α, associated, by popular etymology, with o. N. gaupa, a lynx (cf. A. S. gēap) and o. N. gautr, A. S. Gēat, a Goth.

arreptitium, demoniosum [daem-], xiv. 17 (Hier. xxix. 26 super omnem virum arreptitium) = arepticium, dem-, Cp. A795; arepticius, furiosius, Ep. 1E29 and Ef. 339, 35; of. repticius, demoniosus, Ef. 1

386, 57.

arrura, xvII. 4, see torris.

ars, iv. 44, see amatorie; xxx. 27, see de piasma.

arserunt, xi. 7, see pentapolim.

artabe, in asaie egyptiorum mensure que III faciunt modios x, xxxIII. 14 (Euch. De Pond. p. 159, 8 Artabae in Esaia Aegyptiorum mensurae quae tres f. m. x.). Cf. artaba, modi iii, Cp. A813; Ep. 3C36; Ef. 343, 2. Euch. refers to Isai. v. 10; cf. Hier. in id. (ed. Vall. IV. 75). For artabe see also (xvI. 22) trinte.

arte [for artes], XLV. 1, see gymnasium. artem, XVI. 26, see magi; XXIX. 29, see

tecnam.

artes, xxxv. 143, see per metalla; see also gymnasium.

arthimetica, see arethimetica.

arthro, see cuimarsus.

artico [arctico], XLIV. 16, see antarticus. artifex, XXIX. 12, see comicus.

artifices, xv. 12, see bibli.

artofilax, custos aquilonis, xxvII. 33 (Lib. Rot. = Isid. Lib. de nat. rer. xxvI. 5 arctophylax).

artum, angustum, xin. 38 (Isai. xxx. 20 dabit...Dominus panem arctum).

arua, terra, xiv. 18 (Hierem. xxiii. 10 arefacta sunt arva deserti; xxv. 37: conticuerunt arva pacis).—arue, terram, xxix. 46 (Uerb. Interpr.=Hier. in Matth. v. 43 cum subjecta sibi arva riget).

arugo, color sicut pedes accipitris, xiv. 19 (*Hierem.* xxx. 6 conversae sunt universae facies in auruginem; Cambr. MS.

aurugo sicut p.a.).

aruina, pinguitudo, xix. 47 (Job xv. 27 de lateribus eius aruina dependet). Cf. aruina, risel (=rysel, D. reuzel), Cp. A796.

arundineus, xxxix. 15, see ferula. aruspices, qui aras inspiciunt, xvi. 7;

aruspices, qui exta inspiciunt et ex his futura predicant [praed-], xvi. 30 (Dan. II, 27 magi, arioli et aruspices nequeunt indicare; ef. aruspices Iv. 4; v. 7; principem aruspicum v. 11). Cf. Cp. A818, 821. The Cambr. MS. adds: Auruspices qui aues inspiciunt; see auspices.

arx, see civitas david. asaie [Esaia], xxxxx. 14, see artabę. asapa [for arpa?], see arpa.

ascecon, see ascetron.

ascendere, xLVIII. 43, see scandere. ascensum, xxxIX. 44, see glebum.

ascesi, intellectui, xxx. 41 (Cat. Hier. 657A epistolae auctoris col. άσκήσει et vitae congruentes; B: ep.a.s. ackesoy idest intelligentie et vite cong.; C: ep. auct. sui [blank] et vite cong.)= arcesi, intellectui, Cp. A775; archesi, intellectui, Ep. 3C9; ascesui, intellectui, Cp. A836; ascesu, intellectui, Ep. 1A32; ascessu, intellectui, Ef. 338, 15; arcessi, intellectui, Ef.1 342, 31.—ascetron, intellectum, xxx. 90 (Cat. Hier. cxvi col. 707c elaborauit...et ἀσκητικον; Β: el...et ascecon, idest intellectum; C: el. et a [blank]) = ascetron, intellectum, Cp. A848; Ep. 3C11; Ef.1 343, 33.

ascetron, intellectum, xxx. 90, see ascesi.

asciculus, see ciscillus.

Asclepiades, see Calistratus.

ascopa, similis utri, xxi. 13 (Judith x. 5 imposuit...abrae suae ascoperam vini; Heyse, in note; Migne, Patr. Lat. xxix col. 52 note b, and Sabat. ascopam). Cf. ascopa, kylle (=eyll=Lat. culleus, culeus, a leather bottle, flagon), Cp. A852; ascopa, in similitudinem utri, Ep. 3E3 & Ef. 1343, 6.

ascoperam, see ascopa.

asilium diuinum, iv. 16 (Ruf. II. 10 fol. 22<sup>b</sup> nisi diuinum affuisset auxilium). If this reference to II. 10, where the lemma should occur, according to the order in which the gloss appears in the MS., is correct, asilium diuinum seems to be a lemma without interpretation. But it is possible that the glossator having explained asylum by sanctum (see asitum, iv. 14 in v. asillum), interpreted auxilium by diuinum.

asillum, locus refugii sanctus, xxxv. 50 (De Euseb.); asitum, sanctum, rv. 14 (Eccl. Ist.) = (Ruf. ri. 6 fol. 21<sup>b</sup> templum...quod... perdurauerat asylum). Cf. asilum, templum refugii, Cp. A846; Ep. 2E37; Ef. 341, 41.

asilo, asilus, see tabanus. asinis, xlii. 21, see basterna. asino, xiii. 42, see epocentaurus. asinus, xix, 24, see onager.

asitum, sanctum, rv. 14, see asillum.

askeseon, see ptocheus.

asolatis, plane factis, xvII. 9 (Nahum I. 5 colles desolati sunt). From the gloss (plane factis) it seems clear that the final s of the lemma was regarded as belonging to it. There is, apparently, a stroke in the MS. over the s (therefore sunt), but a point above it marks it for erasure. Asolati (for assolati?) points to a reading different from the Vulgate.

ason, integritas, xxxiv. 7 (De Cass., Inst. vi. 4 in affectum integritatis uel incorruptionis transire, quod dicitur ἀγνὸν;

in note asNON; autNON).

aspaltum, spaldur, xII. 18 (Eccles. xxIV. 20 sicut cinnamomum et balsamum aromatizans odorem dedi). Sab. points out in note that the Gr. has ἀσπάλαθος ἀρωμάτων, and the MS. Sangerm. 15 aspaltum aromatizans. Aspaltum is also in Heyse's text (note). The Corp. Gl. A839 has aspaltum, spaldur; Ep. 2A36 asfaltum, spldr with a added above the line; Ef.1 340, 23 asfaltum, spaldur. It is, therefore, possible that spaldur is an A.S. spelling for asphaltum, but the Cambridge MS. Kk. 4. 6 has aspaltum, squalor; a Leiden MS. (Voss. Lat. fol. 24) asfaltum, spalor (Steinm., rv. 278, 1), and other MSS. sypaldor and spalor (Steinm. 1. 561, 1 and notes 1 & 2). The Gr. ἀσπάλαθος means a prickly shrub yielding a fragrant oil, but a confusion between this word and asphaltum is apparent.

aspeleo, bethlem, XLVIII. 63 (De Cass., Inst. IV. 31 non longe fuit a spelaeo, in quo dominus noster ex uirgine nasci dignatus est; in note speleo, spelunca). See speleum, saxum cauum, Cp. S485 and Ef. 1393, 46; sepelleum, saxum cauum,

Ep. 25C36.

asperis, xxxiv. 9, see causticis.

asperum, 11. 48, see dirum.

asse, nummus, xxix. 3 (*Uerb. Interpr.*= *Hier. Comm. in Matth.* x. 29 col. 66° Nonne duo passeres *asse* veneunt). Cf. *as* assis, genus nummi, Cp. A854; Ep. 3E12; Ef. <sup>1</sup> 343, 15.

assecla, see adsecla.

assolati, see asolatis.

ast, statim, vi. 8 (Breu. exsol.?). Cf. Ast hominem non terra parit..., Dracont. i. 333; ast nerum uel statim, Cp. A842; ast statim aut nerum, Ef. 268, 34.

aste [for hastae], xvII. 12, see fulgorantes.

-aster [termination], see porcastrum.

asteriscis, stellis, xix. 2 (Job; Praef. Hieron. p. xiva, and Migne, P.L. xxviii

col. 1079<sup>A</sup> volumina Origines obelis asteriscisque distinxerit) = asteriscus, stellis, Cp. A849; asteriscis, stellis, Ep. 2612; asteristis, stellis, Ef. 342, 34; asteriscus, stella, Ef. 268, 32. The Cambr. MS. asteriscus.

astrogi [astrologi], xLIV. 16, see antar-

ticus.

astrologi, see antarticus.

astrologiae, xxxvIII. 26, see mathesis. astronomia, siderum lex, xxx. 51 (Cat.

Hier. LIV; not in Migne's nor in Richardson's text, but in the Utrecht ed. [B]; see the quotation sub v. dialectica). Cf. astronomia, lex astrorum, Cp. A827; Ep.

1A16; Ef.1 337, 16.

astu, astucia [-tia], xxxvi. 13 (Oros. 1, 8, 7 and II. 7, 2 astu). Cf. astu, facni (Bosw. T. fácne, fácen) uel fraefeli (Bosw. T. fræfele), Cp. A844; astu, facni, Ep. 2E7; Ef.¹ 341, 12.—astus, astutus uel callidus, xivi. 23 (Alia=Ars Phocae, p. 420, 6 hic cultus luxus senatus astus rictus...). Cf. astus, calliditas, Cp. A855; Ep. 5C19; Ef.¹ 346, 44.

astucia [-tia], xxxvi. 13, see astu. astus, astutus uel callidus, xlvi. 23, see

astu.

astutia, see astu. astutus, xLvi. 23, see astus.

asylum, see asilium; asillum; asitum. asyndetus, see sindetus.

atauus, IIII pater, xxxiv. 21 (De Cass., Inst. xi. 11 regis atauus).

a tergo, xliv. 26, see dextera. atersatha, xxm. 13, see nemias. Atheniensium, see Atticarum.

a theologia, a diuina generatione, iv. 114 (Eccl. Istor.); a theologia, a dei genilogia [geneal-4], xxxv. 17 (De Euseb.) = (Ruf. III. 24 fol. 46<sup>h</sup> a theologia...sumit exordium) = theologia, dei genelogia, Cp. T137; Ep. 26335; Ef. 1395, 8.

Athersatha, see Nemias.

Athinensium [Atheniens-], xxxvi. 20, see Atticarum.

atque, II. 134; xxvIII. 77; xLIV. 27. atramentarium, uas atramenti, xv. 1 (Ezech. Ix. 2 atramentarium scriptoris;

also IX. 3 & 11). atramenti, VIII. 17, see nitrum; xv. 1,

see atramentarium.

atriis, xIV. 12, see domatibus.

atrio, XLII. 20, see in uiridario domus.

atris, nigris tetris, xxvII. 26 (Lib. Rot.=Isid. Lib. de nat. rer. 1. 4 atri dies sunt). Glogger suggests a connexion with Isid. Lib. de nat. rer. xxxIX. 2 vlceribus tetris, in which case signs of transposition must have been omitted in the MS. But as the Glossator, while

quoting (xxvn. 28 q.v.) in Georgicis from Isidore's Lib. de nat. rer. x. 1, excerpts (without Isidore quoting it) uia secta from Virg. Geo. 1. 238, it seems possible that the above atris is likewise quoted from Geo. 1. 236 (imbribus atris). Cf. also Goetz, vi. 109 (ater).

atroces, 1. 16, see barbari.

atrumque [for utr-?], vIII. 17, see nitrum.

Attica, xxxIII. 16, see gomor.

Atticarum, athinensium [atheniens-], xxxvi. 20 (Oros. II. 13, 2 legum Atticarum gratia).

Attice [-cae], xxxIII. 1, see talentum.

attracto, see adtracto.

au for a: auditis, for adytis; see above

aucellas, xIII. 25, see de radice.

aucellatores, vIII. 4, see aucupes.

aucmenta [augm-], 31, XXVIII. see ausesis. aucmentum [augm-], xxxiv. 10, see

auxesin. auctorale, r. 13 and xxxix. 73, see auten-

auctoris, xxix. 4, see autenticum.

auctoritas, see autenticum.

auctus, xLIII. 32, see mactus.

aucupes, aucellatores, viii. 4 (Salam. vi. 5 de manu aucupis).

aucupis, see aucupes.

auditis [for adytis], xxxvIII. 42, see hierufontis.

auditores, r. 22, see caticumini.

auditorio, scole [-lae] legentium, xxxv. 247 (Ruf. vi. 3 fol. 96° cum praeesset auditorio; xI. 9 fol. 182ª ambo de auditorio digressi). Cf. auditorium, locus legendi, Cp. A960.

auditorium [for auditorum?], xxxv. 10,

see apparitorium.

auditorum, see apparitorium.

anes, xvi. 32, see auspices; xxix. 23, see decipulam; xxxv. 24, see auspiciis. augmenta, see ausesis.

augmentum, xxviii. 56, see auxesis; see also auxesin.

auguria, auspicia, xxvi. 11 (Isid. Offic. 1. 41, 2 auguriis profanantur). auguria, see also (xv. 38) conectura.

auguriantur (!), xxxvIII. 31, see decanorum.

auguriis, see auguria.

Augustini, see De sancti Agustini.

augustissimo, famosissimo, xxIX. · (Uerb. Interpr.=Hier. in Matth. xx1. 12, 13 col. 150<sup>B</sup> augustissimo in toto orbe templo Domini) = Cp. A956.

auibus, xxiv. 10, see altilia.

auis, xiv. 11, see perdix; xivi. 19, see prepes.

auo, 1º utj eza, septemplici, v. 8 (Ruf.?). The MS. has Auo, but the place where it occurs in the alphabetically arranged Ch. v. would suggest Duo or Euo, and '1' usually stands for idest. Glogger thinks that auo may be a corrupt age (Ruf. II., procem. fol. 18a or III. 24 fol. 45b) interpreted by uti.—eza perhaps= $\dot{\epsilon}\xi\alpha\pi\lambda\hat{a}$  (Ruf. vi. 13 fol. 103b exemplaria ipsa nominauit έξαπλα, idest sexiplici ordine conscripta; Cacciari, p. 348: εξαπλα, idest sex simplici ordine conscripta), which the Glossator might have wished to explain by septemplici, and correctly so, as there are actually seven not six texts; see Cacciari's note e, p. 348, and Migne's P. Gr. xx col. 558

auocare, occupare, xII. 31 (Eccles. xxxx. 15 illic avocare et illic lude)

aurea, IV. 34, see petulum; VIII. 16, see mala aurea; xxII. 10, see diadema.

aureas, XLI. 8, see saphirus; XLI. 16, see cypressus.

aurei, xxII. 8, see lecti aurei.

aureis, xxi. 5, see cum coronis.

Aurelia, terra est uel prouincia, xxxix. 13 (Greg. Dial. m. 17 col. 261c & p in... Aureliae partibus ..; in Aurelia).

aurem, xix. 23, see susurrat.

aureos, xxxIII. 6, see stater.

aureum, xxII. 12, see urna.

auri, xli. 13, see crisolitus. aurichalcum, see auriculum.

auricula, ęruigga, xLvII. 86 (Alia=?)= auriculum, earpicga, Cp. A891; auriculum, earuuigga, Ep. 2A25; auriculum, aeruuica, Ef. 340, 12. The Oxf. D. (v. earwig) mentions an insect, forficula auricularia (auricularis, Bosw. T.), so called from the notion that it penetrates into the head through the ear, and it is possible that this adj. gave rise to the above lemma, though Cp., Ep. and Ef.1 all have auriculum. A Harl. MS. 1002, quoted in the Prompt. Parv., 143 note, has auriolus. -See also auriculum.

auricularia, auricularis, see auricula.

auriculum, dros, xLVII. 50 (Alia=?)=a-, dorsos, Cp. A889; a-, dros, Ep. 2A20; ariculum, dros, Ef. 340, 7. The Cp. Gloss, interprets auriculum not only by dorsos (A889), but also by earpicga (A891), and a Glossary of the 11th cent. (Wright W. 350, 36) has auriculum, earwicga, obbe dros, and again (353, 20) auriculum, dros. On the other hand, dros, drosna, drosne, (dross) interprets faex (grounds, dregs; see Wright W. 129, 7; 238, 25; 330, 34; 549, 4), also auricula and amurca (Bosw. T. dros, dross, drosna). The Promptor. Parv. (of c. 1440) explains ruscum, rus-

culum by drosse or fylthe. The Oxf. D. (Dross, sb.) understands dros, which interprets auriculum, to be the scum thrown off from metals in the process of melting, which would make auriculum = aurichalcum (for orichalcum; see the form ariculum in Ef.1).

auriculum (earwig), see auricula.

auriolus, see auricula.

auro, viii. 16, see mala aurea xiii. 6, see lunulas, 7, see discriminalia, 9, see olfactoriola; xIV. 16, see inclusor; xV. 37, see electrum; xxix. 11, see mauria.

auruginem, see arugo.

aurum, XLI. 15, see topation. auruspices, see aruspices.

Ausaret, proprium nomen fluminis, XXXIX. 10 (Greg. Dial. III. 9 col. 233c Auseris fluvius; some MSS. have Ausaris; cf. Migne's note h).

Ausaris, Auseris, see Ausaret.

ausesis, que addenda quedam nomina per membra singula rerum aucmenta congeminat, xxvIII. 31 (Cass. Psalm. III. 2 col. 44° schema quod Graece dicitur auxesis, quae addendo quaedam n.p.m. s.r. augmenta c.).—auxesin, aucmentvm [augm-], xxxiv. 10 (De Cass., Inst. x. 8, 1 increpationis auxesin facit). - auxesis, augmentum paulatim enim ad superiora concrescit, xxvIII. 56 (Cass. Psalm. xvIII. 13 schema...auxesis, Latine augmentum p.e. a. s. c.).

auspices, qui aues inspiciunt, xvi. 32 (Dan.?). It is not in the Vulg., and seems to be merely a further explanation of aruspices (q.v.) in xvi. 7 and 30. For auruspices qui aues inspiciunt of the Cambr. MS., see above aruspices.

auspicia, xxvi. 11, see auguria.

auspiciis, auxiliis, rv. 55 (Eccl. Istor.); auspiciis, adiutoriis, IV. 115 (Eccl. Istor.); auspiciis, qui aues inspiciunt uel homines obuiantes, xxxv. 24 (De Euseb.)=(Ruf. rv. 26 fol. 70<sup>b</sup> observantiae huius auspiciis eleuatum). Cf. aruspices, qui intendunt signa corporis uel obuiantes hominum &c., Cp. A821; Ep. 5A28; Ef. 346, 14.

australem, xliv. 16, see antarticus. austronotho, xLIV. 26, see a tergo.

austronothum, xliv. 25, see dextera, 27, see leua.

austronothus, xliv. 7, see poli. aut, xiv. 34; xv. 3 (bis); xxviii. 26,

43 (bis), 45 (bis), 76; xxx. 16.

aut in aut in [the first aut in for the Gr. αὐτήν; the second is dittography], xxix. 52, see ecacusen.

autem, xvi. 27; xxxi. 2, 3; xxxiii. 8, 13; XLIV. 1.

autenticum, auctorale, 1. 13 (De Canon.);

autenticum, auctorale, xxxix. 73 (not Greg. Dial. but) = (Can. Conc. Carth., praef. p. 142b authenticum concilium) = autenticum, auctorale, Cp. A910; Ep. 3A25; Ef.1 342, 9.—autenticum, auctoris, xxix. 4 (Uerb. Interpr.=Hier. in Matth. xII. 13 col. 784 in Evangelio...quod vocatur a plerisque Matthæi authenticum). See Ef.2 270, 6 auctenticum, auctoritas.

autexusio, see psichiexodo. authenticum, see autenticum.

auxesin, aucmentum, xxxiv. 10; auxesis, augmentum paulatim &c., xxvIII. 56, see ausesis.

auxiliis, IV. 55, see auspiciis.

auxilium, see asilium.

axe, polus, xxxv. 274 (Ruf. vii. 25 fol. 125b sub... Septentrionis axe). For axe see also (xxxv. 82) sub axe pontico; (xLIV. 10) cardines.—axem celi &c., xliv. 29, see extremi.—axis, linea recta que per mediam pilam spere tendit, xLIV. 3 (Alia; de cælo=Isid. de nat. rerum, xII. 3 col. 983 Axis, l.r. quæ p.m.p. sphæræ tendit). Cf. aether polum axis caelum, Cp. A340. For axis see also (xLIV. 1) partes; (xLIV. 5, 10) cardines; (XLIV. 29) axem.

axietas [anx-], 1. 133, see scrupulum. axis, linea recta &c., xLIV. 3, see axe. azimorum [azym-], vII. 2, see pro octava.

azymorum, see azimorum.

b for f: bornacula (for forn-);—for p: bibennem (bip-); publite for poplite; scribsit, scribta, scribtos, scribturae (scrip-); superscribta (-pta).—for u (v): berruca (uer-); conibentes (coniu-); conibentia (coniu-); glebum (for cliuum); libidum (liuidum).

bacchanalia, see bachus.

bacchantes, see bachantes. bacchus, see bachus.

bachal, multi idole foede, (Uerba?).

bachantes, turpiter ludentes, xxxv. 33 (Ruf. v. 16 fol. 85b contra fidem Christi bacchantes). Cf. bachans, ludens, Cp. B10; bachans, turpiter ludens uel discurrens, Ep. 6A11; Ef. 347, 22; bachantes, uuoedende (Bosw. T. wēdan), Cp. B48.

bachunalia [for bacchanalia], XLIII. 29;

see bachus.

Bachus [Bacchus], liber pater dionisius [Dionysus] nomen unius hominis est, XLIII. 28; floralia, bachunalia [bacchan-], saturnalia, liberalia, ulcanalia [uulc-], festiuitates uel sacra paganorum est, XLIII. 29 (De div. nominibus = Donati Ars grammat., p. 376, 32 Floralia Saturnalia; ib. p. 379, 11 Saturnalia Vulcanalia, Con-

Gloss No. 28 (with which cf. pitalia). bachum liberum patrem, Cp. B5) is, apparently, a further explanation to bacchanalia and liberalia of No. 29, which two terms do not seem to occur in the current texts of Donatus.

Bactroperitae, see batroperite.

bacula, uacca, III. 26 (De S. Mart. Stor. = Sulp. Sev. Dial. II. 9, 4 sensus in bucula) = bucula, uacca, Cp. B218.

baculus, xxxix. 15, see ferula.

badare, see battat.

baerrus, see berrus.

balaena, balena, see balera.

balera, hron, xLVII. 10 (Alia=?)=ballena, horn, Cp. B21; b-, hran, Ep. 6C3; b-, hron, Ef. 1347, 48. Cf. Napier (Index, balena). Balera (for balena, balaena), a whale; for hran, hron, a whale, see Bosw. T. (hran).

ballena, see balera.

balnea, xx. 8, see taermę.

balneum, xxxxx. 14, see Sabanum. balneum ciceronis, a cicerone romano prefecto qui fecit illud, xxxxx. 4 (Greg. Dial. 1. 4 col. 165<sup>B</sup> monasterii quod appellatur Balneum Ciceronis).

balsamum, x. 19, see gutta.

baptismate, x. 3, see odor ungentorum.

baptismi, x. 1, see osculetur me.

barathrum, see baratrum.

baratrum, loh uel dal, xxxv. 176 (Ruf. v. 15 fol. 85ª in...barathrum deducebant) = baratrum, dael, Cp. B49; cf. baratrum, sepulcrum, Cp. B39. For (O. H. G.) loh, = A. S. loc, an enclosure, fold, hole, abyss, pit, lock, see Bosw. T. (loc); Kluge, Et. Wrtb. (Loch); Skeat (lock); Oxf. D. (lock, sb2). For dal (A. S. dæl, G. thal, D. dal) a dale, vale, valley, pit, gulf, see Bosw. T. (dæl); Skeat (dale); Oxf. D. (dale1).

barba, xxxv. 189, see infestes.

barbari, feroces inmites atroces, 1. 16 (De Canon.; Can. Conc. Nic. 1 si quis ...a barbaris abscisus; cf. Can. Conc. LXXII multos...a barbaris redi-Carth. munt).

barbarus [sine interpretat.], 1. 18 (De

Canon.?), see barbari.

barbe [barbae], xxxix. 1, see a primeuo flore.

basiliscus, xIII. 25, see de radice.

basis, omne quod fundamentum poni sub [for subponi?] potest, xxxv. 192 (Ruf. vii. 14 fol. 121 basis quaedam). Cf. basis, syl, Cp. B50.

basterna, similis curro de coreo tota et portatur semper ab asinis uel hominibus nullam rotam habet, xLII. 21 (Ex div. libris = Vita S. Eug. 3; Migne LXXIII col. 6084 juxta basternam...et vacua pertranseunte basterna) = basterna, s.c. de corio t.e.p.s. a hominibus uel asinis nullam ratam (rotam) habens, Ep. 5E31; Ef.1 348, 5. Cf. basterna, beer, Cp. B9; Ep. 6A10; Ef. 347, 21; basterna, scrid, Cp.

batat, see battat.

bathos, III modios, xxxI. 41 (De ponder.?).--batus est amphora una idest modii III, XXXIII. 10 (Euch. de Pond. p. 159, 2 batus amphora una id est modi tres). Cf. Ezech. 45, 11, 14. For batus (E. bath) see also (xxxIII. 12) ephi. Cf. Blume, I. 376, 6 sq.

batroperite, qui portant cibos in utris. xxix. 15 (Uerb. Interpr. = Hier. in Matth. x. 9, 10 col. 634 arguit philosophos, qui

vulgo appellantur Bactroperitæ).

battat, ginat, xLVII. 44 (Alia=?)=b-, geonath, Cp. B24; batat, ginath, Ep. 6C6; battat, ginath, Ef.1 347, 50. For battat, batat (from obadare, to open the mouth, to yawn) see Körting, Wörterb. 1150; for geonath, ginat, ginath, yawneth, see Bosw. T. (geonian, ginian); Kluge, Et. Wörterb. (gähnen), Goetz, vi. 132.

batus est amphora &c., xxxIII. 10, see

bathos.

Behemoth, see Veemoth.

Bel, see del.

bella, xII. 42, see uasa.

belli, xxix. 37, see duellionis.

bellica, xxxv. 1, see tragoedia. bellum, IV. 40, see duellis.

beluas, xxxvIII. 15, see hyge.

bene, see abene (for a bene).

beneuolus, xxix. 49, see eynum.

benigne, 1. 82, see operam.

berbaticas, see uorith.

berbices, xxxv. 72, see lanionibus.

berillus, see byrillus.

berruca [for uerruca, a wart], uaerte, xLvII. 36 (Alia = ?) = b-, uearte, Cp. B71; b-, uueartae, Ep. 6C11; b-, uaertae, Ef. 348, 2. For uaerte &c. see Bosw. T. (wearte).

berrus = uerrus, see berrus.

berrus, baar, xLvII. 94 (Alia =?) = berrus, baar, Cp. B70; Ep. 6C8; Ef. 347, 53. Berrus (for bærrus), berrus = uerrus = class. verres, verris, a male swine, boar-pig; for baar (a boar) see Bosw. T.  $(b\bar{a}r)$  and below, porcastrum.

beryllus, see byrillus.

bestia, xix. 37, see ueemoth; xLvII. 8, see muscus.

bestiae, see hyge.

bestialis, xliv. 13, see Terinos.

bestie [bestiae], xxxvIII. 15, see hyge.

beth, see chatus.

bethlem, xLvIII. 63, see aspeleo.

bibennem, securis binam aciem habens, IV. 120 (Eccl. Ist.); bibennem securem bis acutam, xxxv. 60 (De Eus.) = (Ruf. xi. 23 fol. 188a correptam bipennem...inlidit) = bipennem, securem bis acuatem, Cp. B132.

bibere, xLvIII. 59, see telopagere.

biberes, potiones, II. 15 (Bened. reg. 35, 18 singulas biberes; [30] singulos biberes). Cf. Wölfflin in Archiv f. Lat. Lex., x. 550; Du C., sub v. biberis.

bibli, artifices qui faciunt trapezitas uel proprium nomen gentis, xv. 12 (Ezech. xxvII. 9 Vulg.: Senes Giblij; Heyse, in note: bibli; Sabat., vers. ant.: senes Biblii. The Cambr. MS.: Bibli, art. q.f. tapetas &c.). Conf. 3 Reg. 5. 18 Giblij praeparauerunt ligna et lapides. For trapezitas probably leg. trapetias, or any of the other forms [=tapeta] found in Du C. and Dief.

Biblii, see bibli.

biblioteca, reconditorium librorum, 11. 13 (Bened. reg. XLVIII. 28 de bibliotheca, [50] biblyotheca).—bibliotheca, nomen loci ubi libri ponuntur, xxx. 7 (Cat. Hier. III col. 613B in Caesariensi bibliotheca). bibliotheca, librorum reposi[ti]o, B101.

bibliotheca, biblyotheca, see biblioteca. bifarius, see uiuarium.

bigae, see bige equitum.

equitum, duorum exercitum, [Cambr. MS. exercituum], xIII. 33 (Isai. xxi. 9 ecce iste venit ascensor vir bigae equitum et respondit. On this passage cf. the various translations and commentaries).

bigerimam, bigerricam, bigerrigam, bi-

gerrimam, see bigiricum.

bigiricum, breuem, III. 12 (De S. Mart. Stor. = Sulp. Sev. Dial. 2, 1, 8 bigerricam [bigerimam, bigerrimam, bigerrigam, in

note] uestem ... rapit).

bilex, tili, xLvi. 40; triplex, drili, xLvi. 41 (Alia=Ars Phocae?). As bilex and triplex do not occur in the current texts of Phoca (bilex for duplex, p. 421, 3?), they are, perhaps, further explanations of (xLvi. 39) simplex (q.v.). Tili for twili (double, twill; Bosw. T.); drili=prili (triple, Bosw. T.). See Cp. Int. 322 trilex, drili; cf. Goetz, vi. (biplex, bilex, bilix); VII. (trilex).

bina, xliv. 29, see axem. binam, IV. 120, see bibennem. biothanati, see biothanti.

biothanti, laquei, XLVIII. 7 (De Cass., Inst. vii. 14, 2 Judas...uitam...biothanati morte conclusit). Cf. biothanatas, seolfbonan (a suicide), Cp. B118.

bipennem, see bibennem.

birrum, see byrrum. birrus, see byrrus. bis, xxxv. 60, see bibennem. bissextus, 1v. 99, see quadraplas.

bithalassa loca; bithalassum, see sitatum.

bl for u: blena (q.v.) for uena.

blanditur, see adolatur. blandus, see plandus.

blena, dicitur per quam aqua currit, vIII. 14, see uaena (for uena).

bona, ix. 5, see capparis; xiii. 1, see cucumerarium; xIV. 32, see croceis; XLV. 10, see gyt.

bonam escam, manna quae soluebatur a sole non ab igne, xr. 16 (Sap. xrx. 20 flammae...non...dissolvebant illam, quae facile dissolvebatur sicut glacies, bonam escam).

boni, x. 17, see fistola; xII. 1, see euergetis, 17, see platanus; xIII. 48, see myrtus; XLVII. 8, see muscus.

bono, xix. 62, see uiri cordati. boreo, see antarticus (sub v. arcticos).

boreum, xliv. 27, see leua. boreus, xliv. 7, see poli.

boriali, aquiloni, vi. 5 (Breu. exsol.?). borit [=borith, Hebr. ברית], xvII. 19,

see herba fullonum.

borith, see herba fullonum; worith. bornacula, genus ignis, 111. 22, see

fornacula. boues, xIII. 36, see in serris.

bracas, see lumbare.

brachii, xix. 49, see lacertos.

bracile, zona, II. 14 (Bened. reg. Lv. 30 [54] bracile).

bragas [bracas], xiv. 8, see lumbare.

branchiam, see brantie.

brantie, chyun, xx. 3 (Tobias vi. 4 Apprehende branchiam ejus) = braciae, cian, Cp. B189; branciae, cian, Ep. 6022; brancie, cian, Ef. 1 348, 13. See Steinm. i. 475. 3, 4 (cyan, chyun), 10 (kio); 476. 1 (cheuon), 4 (cheuun); 478. 43 sqq.; 480. 3; Kluge, Ang. Les. 166; id. Wörterb. d.d. Sprache (Kieme); Franck, Woord. Ned. T. (kieuw).

breuem, III. 12, see bigiricum.

breui, xxvIII. 55, see metaforan; xxxv. 85, see adtracto.

breuiarium, xxx. 65, see epitomen; see

also epimehne.

breuis, 1. 17, see byrrus, sub v. byrrum; III. 7, see byrrum; vi tit.; xix. 6, see comma.

breuis (error for A.S. brers = baers, a perch), xLvII. 72, see lupus.

breuissimis, xxxv. 255, see conpendiosis. breuitas, xxvII. 8, see bruma. breuiter, xxvIII. 65, see epiphonima.

bruma, breuitas, xxvII. 8 (Lib. Rot. = Isid. Lib. de nat. rer. vi. 2 Principium... anni alii a bruma putant) = bruma, breuitas, Cp. B180; Ep. 5E33; Ef. 347, 6.

buccula, see buculus.

bucellis, vi. 10, see crusticis.

bucula, see bacula.

buculus, nordbaeg, xLvII. 17 (Alia =?) = buculus, rondbaeg, Cp. B208; b-, randbeag, Ep. 6C11; baculus, rondbaeg, Ef.1 348, 1. Buculus = buccula, the boss of a shield; (nord for rond=) rand (a brink, edge, margin; shield); baeg = beag, beah (a ring, bracelet, collar); hence rand-beag, the boss of a shield, or a shield; see Bosw. T. (rand-beah).

Bulgar, see uulgari. bulimus, see bulinus.

bulinus [for bulimus, as in Cp., Ep., Ef.<sup>1</sup>], uermis lacerte [-tae] similis in chomacho [for stom-] hominis habitat, XLVII. 89 (Alia =?) = bulimus, u. sim. lacertae in stomacho h. habitans, Cp. B209;

Ep. 6C14; Ef. 348, 4.

busta, incisa arbor ramis trungatis [truncatis], xxxv. 86; busta, ubi homines conburuntur, xxxv. 235 (De Eus.); bustus, tumulum uel ab ustum, iv. 100 (Eccl. Stor.) = (Ruf. xi. 27 fol. 190° ueternosa busta deiecta sunt; xI. 28 fol. 1906 si... busta reperiri potuerunt). Qy bustus for bustum? and ab ustum for ambustum? The gloss xxxv. 86 = busta, incisa arbor ramis, Cp. B203.

bustus, tumulum uel ab ustum, rv. 100;

see busta.

butros, x. 10, see cyprus.

byrillus tamen ut aqua resplendit [-det], XLI. 14 (De nomin. div. = Apoc. XXI. 20 berillus; see also Exod. xxvIII. 20, xxxix. 13; Ezek. xxviii. 13 beryllus) = birillus ut aqua splendet, Cp. B97; bir-, tantum u. a. spl., Ep. 5E32; Ef. 347, 5.

byrrum, cocula [cuculla] breuis, III. 7 (De S. Mart. Stor. = Sulp. Sev. Dial. 1. 21, 4 ut byrrum rigentem...texat; birrum in note). byrrus, cuculla breuis, 1. 17 (De Canon.; Can. Conc. Gangr. Lxx qui...

birris...utuntur).

byrseus  $[=\beta\nu\rho\sigma\epsilon\delta$ s, a tanner], ledir uyrcta, xlvii. 40 (Alia=?)=b-, leđeruyrhta, Cp. B232; b-, lediruyrcta, Ep. 6C13; byrreus, lediruyrhta, Ef. 348, 3. For leder-wyrhta (leder, leather + wyrhta, a wright, workman) see Bosw. T.

bysso, see byssus.

byssus, in arbore nascitur ad uestimentum, xxv. 8 (Luc. xvi. 19 induebatur purpura et bysso) .- Cf. byssum, siricum retortum, Cp. B113; byssum, tuin, Cp. B230; byssum, tuum, Ep. 6A14; byssum,

tuigin, Ef.1 347, 25; byssum, tortum siricum, Cp. B233.-byssus, in terra affricana [afric-] crescit in arbustis lana alba sicut nix, xxxix. 51 (Greg. [not Dial., but] Reg. Past. H. 3 col. 294 superhumerale ex auro, hyacintho...et torta fieri bysso praecipitur; col. 30<sup>A</sup> torta byssus). Id. Dial. IV. 33 col. 373B (quoting Luc. xvi. 19) dives, qui induebatur purpura et bysso.

bythalasma, see sitatum.

c for cc: sacelli (for saccelli). - for ch: anticristus (antichr-); Caldeos (Ch-); caracteries (char-); caracterismos (char-); carcamis (ch-); caticumini (catechumini); choncis (conchis); colera (chol-); conca (concha); cronographias (chron-); moloncolia (melancholia); scema (schema); scismatici (schism-); scola, scolasticus (schol-); tecnam (technam); troclei (trochleis).—for ct: mulcata (mulctata).—for g: amictalum (for amygdalum); aucmentum (augm-); calbanus (galb-); catalocum (-logum); circumuacantium (-uagantium); congrecacio (-gatio); congrecauimus (congreg-); creacras (creagr-); leuicandum (leuig-); licant (lig-); octoade (ogd-); prodicus (prodig-). -for t: astucia; cicius; congregacio; difiniciones; induco (induto); iniciatus; inicium; inficiabor; inmundicia; lucubraciuncula; milicie; ociosus; ocii; ospicium; precium; prefacione; praefacionibus; predicaciones; uiciati.-for Gr. κ: paraprosdocia (-δοκια).—for Gr. π: simcosion (symposium) .- c omitted: artum (arctum, in text); bachantes (bacchantes); exolantes (excol-); dialeticam, dyal- (for dialecticam); pitatiola (pict- = pitt-).-c inserted: iacinctino, iacincto (hyacinthino, -cintho).

c apud latinus [-nos] fit sic \* ab aliis fit sic \*, xxxII. 2 (De ponder.?).

caballi, xIII. 43, see lamia.

cacabus, de testa est duas manubrias [!] habens aliquando de eremento [aeram-] sicut et olla, xII. 9 (Eccles. XIII. 3 Quid communicabit cacabus ad ollam). The Cambridge MS. omits de before testa. Cf. caccabum, cetil, Cp. C6; Ep. 6E29; Ef. 349, 31, and Bosw. T. (cetel).

cacastrofon, see catastrofon.

cacodaemon, -monem, see cacodemonus. cacodemonus, malus demon [daemon], XXXVIII. 28 (Clem. Recognitt. IX. 17 cacodaemon Venus; IX. 22 cacodaemonem Venerem...habuere).

cacomicanus [= Gr. κακομήχανος, mischief plotting, malicious], logdor, xLVII. 83 (Alia = ?) = c-, logdor, Cp. C123; Ep. —; c-, logdor, Ef. 1 353, 53. For logdor &c. (which also glosses marsius, Wright W. 443, 9) plotting mischief, crafty, see Bosw. T. (logđor).

cacosprobon, see catastrofon. cacumina, xLIV. 7, 18, see poli.

cadere, xvII. 3, see occumbere. cadus, see chatus, sub v. cathos.

caeca, caecitas, see cicona.

caefalus, haerdhera, xlvii. 12 (Alia=?) = cefalus, heardhara, Cp. C314; Ep. —; Ef.¹ 353, 55. Caefalus=Gr. κέφαλος, a large-headed sea-fish, perhaps a kind of mullet (Liddell & Sc.). Haerdhera, heardhara (= heardra, Bosw. T.), the name of a fish (mulus vel mugilis, Åelfr. Gl. in Wright W. 180. 31; mullus ibid. 319, 14; cf. mugil, heardhara, Cp. M339). Cf. Grimm, Wörtb. (Harder); Kluge (Etym. Wörtb. v. Harder) is of opinion that the A. S. forms indicate a compound hart-hase (= E. hard hare); cf. id. in v. hart and Asche²; Goetz, vi. 178 (capito).

caeleuma, exortatio [exhort-] in naue, xiv. 15 (Hier. xxv. 30 celeuma [Heyse caeleuma in note] quasi calcantium concinetur; xxvIII. 33, II. 14 celeuma).

caeli, xliv. 2, see cous; see also celi, celi; clima; climacteras; conuexa; uasa castrorum.

caelo, xLIV tit.

caelorum, see celorum.

caelum, see celum, celum; laquearia.

caementa, see cementa.

caementaria, ecclesię, xxxv. 65, see coementeria.

caementariis, see cymentarii. caemento, see commenta.

caeno, see ceno.

caeporicon, see otheporicon, sub v. sin-phosin.

Caesaris, see fisco. caestus, see cestus.

cai, xxx. 52, see ex ca.

calamaucus, see calomaucus.

calamum, pigmentum ex arbore, XIII. 51 (Isai, XLII. 3 calamum...non conteret; XLIII. 24 non emisti...calamum; XIX, 6

calamus; xxxv. 7 viror calami).

Calanan, XIII. 22, see carcamis. calanne, calano, see carcamis. calathi, calathus, see calati.

calati, canistri de uirgis fiunt angusti in prodis [Cambr. MS. profundis] lati in ore, xiv. 14 (Hier. xxiv. 1 duo calathi pleni ficis; xxiv. 2 calathus unus).

calbanus, pigmentum album, xn. 19 (Eccles. xxiv. 21 quasi storax, et galbanus. The Cambridge MS. galbanum).

calcat, xxxi. 25, see pes. calcauerit, see excesserit.

calce, calces, see calles.

calciamenta, xxi. 10, see sandalia; see also suber.

calciamentum, xxxvII. 6, see caligam.

calcidon, ut ignis lucens, xLI. 9 (De nomin. div. = Apoc. xxI. 19 calcidonius; cf. calcido, ut ignis lucet. hace est prasinum, Cp. C77; Ep. 8C11; Ef. 352, 21. For hoc est prasinum in the present Glossary see smaragdus).

calcimenta [calciam-], xLvI. 14, see

calculum (?), see scriptionem.

calculum, dicitur infirmitas eius qui non potest mingere quasi lapis obdurat uirilia, xxxix. 48 (Greg. Dial.?). Calculum does not seem to occur in Gregory's Dial. Glogger suggests that it may be a further explanation to (xxxix. 47) sincopin (q. v.). The Corpus Gl. (C127) and Ef. (353, 58) have calculum (-lus) infirmitas dicitur (quae) non potest migare (mitigari) quasi lapis obturat (obdurat) uirilia.—calculus, minutissima petra arene, xii. 12 (Eccles. xviii. 8 calculus arenae). The Cambridge MS.: calculus arene ipse minute petre.

calcum [= calculum?], Iv. 107, see scrip-

tionem.

caldarius, xv. 41, see lebes.

caldeos [Chaldaeos], xvi. 11, see sara-balla.

calefaciendo, xIII. 44, see fouit.

calices, xxxv. 12, see cyati.

calicis, xxiv. 1, see fiole.

calidae, xxxix. 34, see angulinis; see also taermę.

calide [-dae], xx. 8, see taermę.

caligam, calciamentum subtalare, xxxvII. 6 (S. Aug. Serm. 29, 5 Migne P.L. xxxvIII col. 187 quaeris...caligam; 72, 5 ibid. col. 469 velis habere...caligam; 339, 5 ibid. col. 1482 caligam non vis habere malam); see also Serm. 82, 14 caligae; 107, 6 caligam; cf. caligo, seoh (shoe), Cp. C141. caligine, see cicona.

Calipso [-ypso], insula, xLIII. 2, see Themisto.

Calistratus, proprium [add: nomen] uiri, xxxvIII. 11; Idasteles, proprium uiri, xxxvIII. 12; Diodorus, properter uiri, xxxvIII. 13; Adepiades, proprium uiri (Clem. Recognitt. vIII. 15 Callistratus... Alemaeon..., Anaximandrus..., Anaxagoras..., Diodorus..., Asclepias [Asclepiades in Migne's note]...Aristoteles).

calix, xxIII. 7, see cratera. callas, uarras, IV. 24, see callos.

calles, lapides, IV. 90 (Ruf. x. 37 fol. 176<sup>b</sup> calce cementoque, in editt. 1548 & 1535; Cacciari, p. 64: calces, cæmentaque); cf. (IV. 91) cementa.

calli (for galli), Iv. 35, see antelucanum.

callidus, XLVI. 23, see astus. Callistratus, see Calistratus.

callos, tensam cutem idest uarras, xxxv. 122 (De Euseb.); callas, uarras, rv. 24 (Eccl. Istor.)=(Ruf. II. 23 fol. 31\* orando callos faceret in genibus).=callos, peorras uel ill, Cp. C161; callus, paar, Cp. C255. For uarras, peorras see Bosw. T. (wearr, a piece of hard skin);=ill, in Cp., see Bosw. T. (ile=o. Fris. ill, D. eelt; see Franck, Woord. Ned. T.).

calomachus, calomacus, see calomau-

cus

calomaucus, het [a hat], xlvii. 7 (Alia =?) = calomachus, haet, Cp. C124; Ep.—; calomacus, haeth, Ef.¹ 353, 54.—Schlutter (Journ. Germ. Phil. i. 326), referring to the glosses galerum, pylleum (=pileum) pastorale deiunco factum (Goetz, v. 458, 24) and galeros, calamaucos (ib. v. 458, 25), thinks that calamaucus is connected with the late Gr. καλυμαύκιον, and (by metath.) καμηλαύκιον, shortened to καμηλαύκι in modern Greek (a monk's cap), and that the word may have developed from καλυμμάτιον. Gf. Du C. in v. camelaucum; Archiv, vi. 113; Goetz, vi. 165.

calones, saltantium turba, iv. 81 (Eccl. Istor.); calonum, nomen gentis cum francis, xxxv. 70; calonum, militum uel seruorum, xxxv. 71 (De Euseb.) = (Ruf. ix. 9 fol. 154\* turbis...calonum). As calonum occurs only once in Ruf., 70 is, perhaps, a further explanation of 71 by the Glossator, referring to Catalaunum (Châlonsur-Marne) or Cabillonum (Chalon-sur-Saône). Cf. calones, gabar militum, Cp. C190; Hildebrand, p. 42; Archiv f. Lat.

Lex. 1x. 368; x. 205.

Calypso, see Themisto.

cameli, XIII. 60, see dromedarię; XLVI. 13, see tuber.

camera, xxxvII. 12, see ore camerato; xLvI. 12, see lucunar.

camerae, see camerum.

camerato, xxxvii. 12, see ore camerato. camerum, tectum, iv. 50 (Ruf. iv. 15 fol. 63b in modum camerae).

caminus, a caumando dicitur, xxiv. 16 (Math. xiii. 42 in caminum ignis); caum-

ando for caumate?

camisa [for camisia?], lineum, xxxx. 46 (Greg. Dial.?). Glogger suggests Dial. 1. 9 col. 1974 sine linea...sine tunica revertebatur; so that lineum may have been meant as lemma. Cf. camisa, haam, Cp. C109; Ep. 8E31; camissa, haam, Ef. 353, 24.

camisia, see camisa.

canalis, xxxv. 211, see cuniculum. Cananea [-naea], xxv. 3, see sirofenissa. cancri, xxv. 5, see scorpiones. candela, a candendo dicitur, 11. 35

(Bened. reg. 22, 6 [9] candela...ardeat).

candendo, 11. 35, see candela.

candentes, ardentes, iv. 106 (Ruf. v. 1 fol. 75\* candentes laminas aeris et ferri... adhibebant). See also veri candentes (Ruf. viii. 13), sub voce pusti.

candidum, x. 25, see uinum candidum. cane, xxxvi. 11, see musca canina.

canes, vi. 20, see molosi.

cani, xxix. 38, see hying.

canina, xxxvi. 11, see musca canina.

caninas, see musca canina.

canino, xli. 6, see cinico.

canis, XLII. 9, see ceruerus.

canistri, xiv. 14, see calati. Canitia, xxx. 2, see Canitius.

Canitius, qui a canitia prouintia [-cia] in grecia uocatur, xxx. 2 (Cat. Hier., Prol. 603^ Antigonus Carystius; texts B & C Caristius).

CANONIBUS, I tit., see GLOSAE.

canonicas, regulares horas, 11.37 (Bened. reg. 37, 7 [9] praeveniant horas canonicas; 67, 6 [9] per omnes canonicas horas).

canonum, see cronicon.

cantant, xxxvIII. 5, see chantari.

cantantes, xxi. 5, see cum coronis.

cantat, XLIII. 25, see liricus; XLVI. 7, see tybicen, 10, see liricen.

cantatis, II. 109, see modulatis.

cantator, xxix. 12, see comicus.

Canthari, see Chantari.

contine yyy 1 see true

cantica, xxxv. 1, see tragoedia.

CANTICO, X tit.

canticorum, xxix. 12, see comicus; can-

canto, uectis, v. 4 (Ruf. xi. 33 fol. 192<sup>a</sup> proximos quosque conto, telis...sternit).

cantor, see psaltes.

cantum, xix. 55, see concentum.

cantus, II. 135, see psalmus; IV. 35, see antelucanum; see also psaltes.

canuon, xxx. 77, see cronicon canuon.

caotastrifon, caotostrifon, see catastrofon.

capiantur, 1. 70, see mancipantur. capiebam, xxxv. 151, see expiscabar.

capite, xxii. 16, see ueredarii; xxiii. 1,

see exedra.

capitella, 1. 49, see epistilia.

capitibus, xxI. 5, see cum coronis.

capitio, haubit loh, xix. 26 (Job xxx. 18 capitio tunicae succinxerunt me). Haubit loh is the O.H.G. houbitloh [see Schade], neut., opening for the head. The Cambr. MS. has: capitio summitas tunicę.

capitis, xxxix. 19, see freniticus. capiuntur, xxix. 23, see decipulam. capparis, erba [herba] bona ad commessationem nascitur in montibus, 1x. 5 (Eclesiast. xII. 5 dissipabitur capparis).

capsaces [= Gr. καψάκηs], lenticula idest uas uitreum simile flasconi, xxxvII. 5 (S. Aug.); see fidelia farris.

captiuitate, xxIII. 2, see filii f -. capud [caput], Iv. 97, see thoraces.

capun periens instructio Matuytu de deo corpore induco [-to] uel de peritia dei, xxx. 29 (Cat. Hier. xxiv col. 643<sup>B</sup> περὶ Ἐνσωμάτου Θεοῦ librum; a Vat. MS. ΚΑΙΤΟΙΤΕΡΙΕΝΟΩΜΑΤΟΥ; Β kaitonperien goo atoythyo librum; C [blank]). Hence leg. (as in Rich.): και τὸν περl ένσωμάτου θεοῦ [which reading is clearly traced in B], instructio de deo corpore induto uel de peritia dei; see Migne's note. caput, xIII. 37, see malus nauis, 43,

see lamia; see also thoraces.

carabum, modica nauis minor quam scafa [scapha], xxxix. 31 (Greg. Dial. iv. 57 col. 424<sup>B</sup> post nauem carabum regebat, ...cum eodem carabo).

caracteres, see caracteries.

caracteries, scripturis [-turas?], xxxiv. 51 (De Cass. Inst. XII. 29 characteres eius ...exprimamus; in note caracteres).-cataracteras, stilo uel figura, xxx. 92 (Cat. Hier. cxvii col. 709<sup>A</sup> Secutus est...Polemonem dicendi charactere; Richardson: Secutus est... Polemonium dicendi xapax: τῆρα; B: Secutus est...polemonium dicendi character; C: Sec. est...polemonium dicendi [blank]) = caracter, stilus uel figura, Cp. C68; Ep. 8A37; Ef. 352, 10.

caracterismos, quando aliquis aut per formam discribitur aut per actus propriores indicatur, xxvIII. 43 (Cass. Psalm. 1x. 25 characterismos, q.a.a.p.f. describitur, a.p.a. proprios i.). See also id. xx. 3;

xxxvi. 32.

carbasini, color gemme [-mae] idest uiridis, xxII. 7 (Esther I. 6 tentoria aërij

coloris et carbasini).

carbunculi, poceas, v. 5 (Ruf. ix. 8 fol. 150b humana corpora vlceribus...qui dicuntur carbunculi replerentur). For poccas (plur. of pocc, a pock, pustule, ulcer) see Bosw. T. (pocc).

Carcamis, nomen loci uel ciuitatis; Calanan, similiter, xIII. 21 & 22 (Isai. x. 9 Vulg. numquid non ut Charcamis, sic Calano). Heyse, note: carchamis sic chalam; Sab., vers. ant. Chalane; Cambr. MS. Calanne.

carcere, xxxv. 168, see ergastulo; 205, see in metallo; carcere, x1. 13, see in

Carchamis, see carcamis.

cardella, distyltige, xLvII. 70 (Alia=?) =c-, bisteltuige, Cp. C122; Ep. -; c-,

thistil, Ef. 1 353, 51. The lemma, perh. a dim. of cardus the thistle, seems another form of carduelis, the thistle-finch, goldfinch. For distyltige, bisteltuige (from bistel, a thistle, and twige, perh. from twiccian, to pluck, twitch, for which see Skeat, in vv. twitch, tweak) see Bosw. T. (bistel, bistel-twige); Steinm. m. 462, 11 (O.H.G. distilziu), 463, 46 (O.H.G. distilzuui).

cardine, xLIV. 11, see clima.

cardines, extreme partes axis sunt, XLIV. 5 (Alia; de cælo = Isid. de nat. rerum xII. 3 col. 983 cardines extremae axis partes sunt). A further explanation of the above is, perhaps, xLIV. 10: cardines quoque axis ipsius sunt extreme partes sunt quos insertos orbi discribunt sperico [descr-sphaerico] ut ipsis celum inuoluatur inuisis et ita polum philosophi ui propria semper in suo axe torqueri arbitrantur a quibus ignoratur opifex qui mundum in suum orbem absque ullo axis moderamine eregit [erigit]. See also (XLIV. 1) partes.

cardo, xliv. 4, see clima.

carduelis, cardus, see cardella.

carectum, hreod, xix. 16 (Job viii. 11 carectum) = carectum, hreod, Cp. C129; Ep. -; Ef. 1 354, 33. For hreod, a reed, see Bosw. T.

caret, XLVI. 24, see situs.

carex, seic, xLVI. 26 (Alia = Ars Phocae, o. 420, 31 haec carex) = carix, seeg, Cp. C110; Ep. -; carix, sech, Ef. 353, 34. Scic = A.S. secg (Bosw. T.), E. sedge.

caricis, see carricibus. Caristius, see Canisius.

carmina, 1. 90, see philacteria. - carmina in nocte, laudes in tribulatione, xix. 50 (Job xxxv. 10 qui dedit carmina in nocte). On the gloss see Hieron. Comm. in Job xxxv. 10 (Migne, Patr. Lat. xxvi col. 732c), and id. Expos. interl. in Job xxxv. 10 (Migne, P.L. xxIII col. 1456B) consolationem in tribulatione.

carne, xi. 3, see lanugo; xiv. 7, see lignum.

carnes, xLv. 19, see lanistra.

carnium, IV. 58, see oedipia, in voce

carpenta, carra, vii. 7 (1 Paral. xx. 3 fecit super eos...ferrata carpenta transire). Cf. carpentum, carrum, Cp. C182; Ep. -; Ef. 1 355, 21; Ef. 2 274, 23.

carperetur, consumeretur, 1. 34 (De Canon.; Can. Conc. Carth. LVI ut ex massa dioecesium nulla carperetur).

carra, vii. 7, see carpenta.

carricibus, genus ligni, III. 39 (De S. Mart. Stor. = Sulp. Sev. Dial. 1. 20, 4 hic ...sex...caricis sustentari).

carrum, xv. 3, see uas transmigrationis. cartas. xiii. 31, see papiri; xiv. 20, see scalpellum.

carte [-tae], xxxix. 69, see scedule.

cartilago, see cartillago.

cartillago, uuldpaexhsue uel grost, xix. 59 (Job xi. 13 cartilugo illius quasi laminæ ferreæ; Heyse, in note, cartillago). uuldpaexhsue, in another MS. yulpa exhsuey (for wuldwaexhsae=A.S. wealdweax?=O.H.G. waltowahso), nervus, a sinew, tendon, nerve; cf. Oxf. D. (paxwax); Steinm. I. 497; Graff I. 689; Schade 1085; Schmeller II. 838; Grimm (Gesch. der d. Spr. 666); Kluge (ang. Leseb. 216b wealdweax); Schlutter (Journ. Germ. Phil. I. 63); Holthausen (Anglia xxi. 239).—grost (=O.H.G. grostila, chrustula; see Steinm. I. 507, 19—25), in another MS. grist=A.S. grystle, gristle; cf. cartilago, naesgristle, Cp. C14; cartilaga (cartalago), naesgristle, Ep. 7A5 & Ef. 349, 45 (i.e. nose-gristle).

Carus, nomen hominis qui transportare dicitur in infernum, xLIII. 18; cruda, ualens, xLIII. 19 (De div. nominibus = Donati Ars grammat. [Hagen, Comm. Einsidl. in Don., p. 233, 27] ut Virgilius [Aen. vI. 304] de Charone: Iam senior [Keil's Vol. rv., p. 374, 32 ut iam senior &c.] sed cruda deo uiridisque senectus).

Carystius, see Canisius.

case, see magalia.

casia, see cassia.

cassa, uacua, 1x. 2 (Eclesiast. 11. 26 cassa solicitudo mentis).

cassae, see cassuae.

cassari, euacuare, xxxix. 29 (Greg. Dial. iv. 44 col. 404° ante illum judicis justi conspectum orationis suae meritum cassari

refugiunt).

cassia, erba [herba] est similis coste, x. 20 (Cant.?). Together with the glosses x. 18 & 19, we may perhaps refer to Psalm xliv. 9: myrrha [murra, vers. ant.] et gutta et casia [cassia, vers. ant.]; coste for costo, or, perhaps, for a dat. costae, fem. of costos.—cassia, pigmenta, xix. 46 (Job xlii. 14 nomen secundae Cassiam; Heyse, in note, Cassia; Migne, Patr. L. xxvi col. 800<sup>n</sup> Casia).

cassiam, see cassia.

CASSIANO, XXXIV tit.; XLVIII tit.

cassidie [for cassidile], cassidile, cassidili, see de cassidie.

cassu, see cassuae.

cassuae, ruinae, xlvIII. 13 (De Cass., Inst. vII. 13 qui innumeros diuersorum casus ac ruinas experti sunt). If the Glossary refers to this passage, the above words are two lemmata without any interpretation. A St Gallen MS. has cassae,

ruinae, with which cf. Cassian. Inst. vii. 22 fructus...cassae uoluntatis uitio perdi disse; ib. iv. 16 casu [al. cassu] aliquo.

castella, XLVIII. 27, see tesbites. castigatio, XXX. 25, 83, see elegos. castigationis, see elegos; eortatica.

castitatis, XLVIII. 22, see inmunitatis. castor, see castorius. castor, XLIII. 44

(bis), see epul.

castorius, bebor, XLVII. 87 (Alia=?) = c-, beber, Cp. C126; Ep. —; c-, bebir, Ef.¹ 353, 57. Castorius, a deriv. of castor, the castor, beaver (see Goetz, vi. 187). For bebor &c., the beaver, see Bosw. T. (beber, befer, beofer &c.), and Oxf. D. (beaver¹).

castrati, xIII. 60, see dromedarię.

castro, see castrum.

castrorum, XII. 42, see uasa castrorum. castrum, modica ciuitas altioribus muris, XVI. 17 (Dan. VIII. 2 cum essem in Susis castro).

castus [for cantus or cantor?], IV. 53, see

psaltes.

casu, see cassuae; fortuitu.

casulas, domunculas, xxvi. 2 (Isid. Offic. II. 16, 1 faciebant sibi casulas). casum, xxxv. 141, see excidium.

casus, xxvIII. 40, see silemsis; see also

cassuae.

cataantis, contrarius, xxix. 68 (Uerb. Interpr. = Hier. in Matth. xxvi. 50 Verbum, Amice, vel κατὰ ἀντίφρασω intelligendum). Cf. antifrasin (antefrasin), contraria locutio, Cp. A561; Ep. 1A14; Ef.¹ 337, 14. Glogger refers also to xvi. 22 Satanas interpretatur adversarius, sive contrarius; but satunas, a well-known word, would hardly be corrupted into cataantis.

cataceeos, doctrine [-nae], xxxv. 196 (De Eus.); catacesseos, doctrinarum, IV. 102 (Eccl. Istor.) = (Ruf. VI. 19 fol. 108b Heraclae...κατηχήσεως auditorium derelinquens; vi. 22 fol. 109a auditorium κατηχήσεως...tradidit). catacesseos, doctrine, xxx, 67 (Cat. Hier, CXII col. 707A Exstant ejus κατηχήσεις; Β: Extant eius catheseon idest doctrinarum opuscula; C: Extant eius [blank]. Cf. Cat. Hier. LXIX col. 677° scholam κατηχήσεων... tenuit; B: scolam doctrinarum...tenuit; C: scolam [blank] tenuit).—catacesseun, doctrinarum, xxx. 34 (Cat. Hier. xxxvIII col. 653<sup>A</sup> κατηχήσεων magister; B: catecheseon idest docte marum magister; C: [blank] magister) = cataceseis, doctrinae, Cp. C76; Ep. 8C8; catacesseis, doctrinae, Ef. 1352, 18; catacesion, doctrinarum, Cp. C62; cataceseon, doctrinarum, Ep. 8A31; catacesseon, doctrinarum, Ef. 352, 4.

catacesseos, doctrinarum, IV. 102; cata-

cesseos, doctrine, xxx. 67; catacesseun, doctrinarum, xxx. 34; see cataceeos.

catafrigarum [sine interpretat.], 1. 23 (De Canon.; Can. Conc. Laod. Cx1 convertuntur ab haeresi quae dicitur Cataphrygarum; ib. tit. ab haeresi Cataphrygarum). Cf. catafrigia, genus hereticorum in frigia, Cp. C25; Ep. 7A33; Ef. 350, 15; catafrigas, secundum frigas, Cp. C63; Ep. 8A32; Ef. 352, 5.

catagoga, xxxviii. 16, see ochimo.

catalocum, secundum numerum, xxxix. 68, see catalogo.

catalogum, series nominum, xxxiv. 20 (De Cass., Inst. xi. 10, 1 ut praeteream uirtutum...catalogum).—catalocum, secundum numerum, xxxix. 68 (not in Greg. Dial., but Can. Apostt. ix. p. 112 ex sacerdotali catalogo).

cata mane, iuxta mane, xv. 30 (Ezech.

xLvi, 14, 15).

cataplasmarent, contritos [add: ficos?] inponerent, xIII. 46 (Isai. XXXVIII. 21 jussit Isaias ut tollerent massam de ficis et cataplasmarent super vulnus).

cataracteras [for charactere], stilo uel

figura, xxx. 92, see caracteries. catas. prophon, see catastrofon.

catastam, lupam, vi. 11 (Breu. exsol.?). Cf. catasta, genus supplicii, Cp. C51; Ep. 8A4; Ef. 351, 36; catasta, geloed, Cp. C98; c-, gloed, Ep. 8E3; c-, geleod, Ef. 352, 49. For catasta see Napier, 4485; 2, 340; Goetz, vi. 189.

catastrofon, conuersationem, xxx. 88 (Cat. Hier. cxx col. 705<sup>β</sup> quod vocavit καταστροφήν, sive Πείραν; Β: quod vocavit καταστροφήν idest conuersationem siue peran idest peram; C: quod uocauit [blank] siue peram)=catastrofon, conuersationem, Cp. C69; Ep. 8C1; cacastrofon, c., Ef.¹ 352, 11. Cf. catasprophon, conprehensio uel pena, Cp. C146; cacos probon, conprehensio uel opera, Ef.¹ 354, 60, 61;—caotostrifon, uterem, Cp. C84; caotastrifon, uterem, Ep. 8C20; Ef.¹ 352, 30; -trofon, conuersationem, Cp. T256; Ep. 26C37; Ef.¹ 395, 48; see Schlutter, Journ. Germ. Phil. 1. 313.

catecheseon, see catacesseun.

catechizatur, see catezizatur. catechumeni, see caticumini.

catenis, xxxix. 20, see in mare adriatico. catenulas, xm. 10, see murenulas.

catepenon, latini per laudem, xxvIII. 50 (Cass. Psalm. xvII. 1 Hic duodecima species definitionis est, quae Graece dicitur κατ' ἔπαινον, Latine per l.).

catezizatur, inbuitur, 1. 20 (De Canon.; Can. Conc. Nic. 11 ei, qui catechizatur).

catha manthan, seeundum matheum, xxx. 44 (Cat. Hier. Liv col. 665 κατὰ Ματθαῖον; B: iuxta matheum; C: catha matheon) = catamasion, secundum matheum, Cp. C81; catamaqoon, secundum matheum, Ep. 8C16; Ef. 352, 26.

cathamatheon, see catha manthan.

cathanos, mundos, xxxv. 295 (Ruf. x. 6 fol. 162<sup>n</sup> Et Catharos; vr. 33 fol. 114<sup>b</sup> καθαροὺs, id est mundos).—catheron, mundorum, xxx. 64 (Cat. Hier. Lxx col. 681<sup>A</sup> Novatianorum, quod Graece dicitur Kαθαρῶν dogma; B: nouat. quod grece d. kathareo id est mundorum dogma; C: nouac. q. grece d. [blank] dogma) = Cataron, mundorum, Cp. C70; Ep. 8C4; Ef. 352, 14.

Cataphrygarum, see catafrigarum.

catharos, see cathanos.

catheseon, see catacesseos, sub v. cata-

catholica, catholicæ, catholicam, see catholicus.

catholicus, grece, latine uniuersalis, r. 31 (De Canon.; cf. Can. Conc. Nic. viii ad Ecclesiam Catholicam; Catholica... Ecclesia).—catholicus, uniuersalis, ir. 34 (Bened. reg. 9, 19 [28] a nominatis doctorum orthodoxis catholicis patribus; 73, 11 [16] liber sanctorum catholicorum patrum). Cf. catholica, uniuersalis, Cp. C78; Ep. 8C14; Ef. 352, 24.

cathos, sexta pars sextarii, xxxi. 21; chatos tres modios habet, xxxi. 39 (De ponder.?).—chatus grece amphora est habens urnas III, xxxIII. 11 (Euch. De Pond. p. 159, 3 cadus Graeca a.e. habet u. tres). The Brit. Mus. MS. adds: Beth in paralypemenonis tria sata capit. Satum uero mensura est xxvIII sextariorum quod facit modii III. Cf. also Wotke, in note to Euch. Cf. cados, ambras, Cp. C9; Ep. 6E35; Ef. 349, 37. See E. cade in Oxf. D. (sb).

caticumini, grece, latine instructi uel auditores, 1. 22 (De Canon.; Can. Conc. Ancyr. xxxI tit. cum essent catechumeni; cf. Can. Conc. Nic. xIV De catechumenis; Neocaes. XLIX De catechumenis, catechumenus; Laod. cxxII super catechumenos &c.). Cf. catecominus, deforis audiens, Cp. C73; Ep. 8C7; Ef. 352, 17; catecuminus, instructus, Cp. C74.

catino, see catinum.

catinum, discum modicum ligneum uel lapideum, xxv. 1 (Marc. xxv. 20 intingit... manum in catino; cf. Luc. xx. 39 catini) = catinus, discus modicus, Cp. C61; Ep. 8A29; castinus, d.m., Ef. 352, 2.

catinus, see catinum.

cattas, see gattas.

cauatum, rv. 108, see excessum.

cauda, xxv. 5, see scorpiones; xLIV. 22, see pliade.

caudex, see cliutex.

cauliculi, ramunculi, xxxx. 48 (Uerb. Interpr. = Hier. in Matth. xxiv. 32, 33 quando teneri fuerint in arbore ficus cauliculi. Cf. Migne's note, col. 179).

caumando [for caumate? heat], xxiv. 16,

see caminus.

caumate, ardenter, xxix. 41 (Uerb. Interpr. = Hier. in Matth. xxv. 8 exorto caumate, arefunt). Qy ardenter for ardore? see Napier 3244, 3779, chaumate, idest ardore. Cf. caumati, suole, Cp. C237; see Bosw. T. (swol); Franck, Woord. Ned. T. (zwoel). For caumate see also cami-

caupo, qui uinum permiscet ad perdendum, xII. 45 (Eccles. xxvi. 28). Cf. caupo, qui uinum cum aqua miscet, Cp. C20; Ep. 7A29; causo, q.u.c.a.m., Ef.1 350,

causa, I. 95, see portentuose; II. 182, see uerbi gratia; xxix. 43 and xxxv. 217, see perpera; xxxix. 24, see aduocatus.

causae, see aetilogia.

causam, xxviii. 70, see sinchrisis.

cause [-sae], xxvIII. 46, see aetilogia; cause [-sae], xxvIII. 79, see epexergasia.

causetur, murmuretur, 11. 24 (Bened. reg. 2. 78 [119] ne causetur de minore forte substantia).

causticis, asperis firmioribus, xxxiv. 9 (De Cassiano, Inst. x. 7, 6 causticis medicamentis sanare).

caute, II. 141, see provide.

căutere, tunderi, IV. 77 (Eccles. Istor.); cautere, ferrum melius tindre, xxxv. 201 (De Euseb.) = (Ruf. vIII. 13 fol. 142a poplite ... cauterio debilitato). Cf. cautere, aam, Cp. C16; cautere, ferrum id est haam, Ep. 7A8; cautere, ferrum fam, Ef.<sup>1</sup> 349, 48. For tunderi, tindre (perh. instr. of tunder, or = tundre, G. Zunder, D. ton-del, tinder, fuel), see Bosw. T. (tynder); Franck, Woord. Ned. T. (tondel). cauterio, see cautere.

cautes, lapides, xxxiv. 17 (De Cass., Inst. xi. 4 nos perniciosis...cautibus inli-

dendos).

cautibus, see cautes.

cecinit, xxvII. 28, see in georgicis. cecitas [caec-], xxxiv. 24, see cicona.

cedo, die uel perdono, xLIII. 48 (De div. nominibus = Donati Ars grammat. p. 385, 4 Sunt verba defectiva alia per modos, ut cedo; ibid. 383, 16 and 385, 7 cedo). Hagen, Comm. Einsidl. in Don. 255. 13 and 257, 31 cedo. id est dic.

cedri, x. 11 (bis), see tigna. cedrina, cedrus, see tigna.

cefalus, see caefalus.

celebrationes, XLVIII. 68, see sinaxeos; see also synaxeos cura.

celestibus [coel-], xliv. 7, see poli.

celeuma, see caeleuma.

celi [caeli], xliv. 4, 11, see clima. celi [caeli], xii. 42, see uasa; xxxviii. 25, see climacteras; xliv. 6, see conuexa, 11, see clima, 27, see dextera, 29 (bis), see arem.

celis [caelis], xxvIII. 28, see metonymia. cellaria, xIII. 45, see apotecas.

celorum [cael-], xLIV. 18, see poli.

celox, nauis, xLvi. 30 (Alia = Ars Phocae, p. 421, 22 haec celox quod scapham significat [nauis]). Cf. celox, ceol (E. keel), Cp. C293; Ep. 8E4; caelox, ceol, Ef.1 352, 50.

celsitudo, xxxv. 142, see proceritas.

celum [caelum, coelum], III. 41, see

laquearia.

celum, ab oriente ad occidentem semel in die et nocte uerti sapientes aestimant, xLIV. 9 (Alia; de cælo=Isid. de nat. rerum, XII. 4 col. 984 Coelum autem ab O. ad O. s.i. d.e.n.u.s. existimant). celum, see also (xLIV. 2) cous; (XLIV. 10) cardines; (xLIV. 27) leua.

cementa, gluttina, IV. 91 (Eccl. Istor.); commenta, petra, xxxv. 219 (De Euseb.) = (Ruf. x. 37 fol. 176b calce cementoque adhibitis, in editt. 1548 & 1535; Cacciari, p. 64: calces cæmentaque adhibita); cf. (iv. 91) calles.—cementa, petre molliores, XII. 15 (Eccles. XXII. 21 caementa sine impensa posita...non permanebunt). cementum, liim lapidum, Cp. C320; cementum, limlidum, Ef.1 354, 32.

cemento, see cementa.

cenas, see scenas turpes.

ceno, luto, xLVIII. 69 (De Cass., Inst. vi. 6 de terrae caeno; in note ceno)= caenum, lutum, Cp. C29; cf. caenum, pase, Cp. C128.

cenobita, graece in commune uiuens, n. 33 (Bened. reg. 1, 3 & 28 [38] genus...

coenobitarum [coenouitarum]).

cenodoxia, inanis gloria, xxxiv. 12 (De Cass. Inst. v. 1 septimum [uitium] cenodoxiae, quod sonat uana seu inanis gloria; xi. 1 contra spiritum κενοδοξίας quam nos uanam siue inanem gloriam possumus appellare).

censeri, II. 164, see suadere.

censo, II. 138, see penso.

censum, quod repente indicitur, xxiv. 9 (Math. xvii. 24 accipiunt...censum; xxii. 17 censum dare).

censura, iuditium [-cium], xxxix. 3

(Greg. Dial. 1. 1 col. 156° magistri intimi censura non desit).

centaurus, nauis unus de nauibus enie [Aeneae], xliii. 21, see eunuchus. centum, xxxi. 20, see taletum; see also

c. uolles.

cephalus, see caefalus.

cerberus, see ceruerus.
cercetea, xxxi. 17, see Grece idest

certaminis, xxxv. 156, see ad stadium.

certare, XII. 43, see agoniare. certe, II. 132, see plane, 165, see sane. certissime [-mis], XXVIII. 34, see

figura metopoea.

ceruerus [cerb-], canis qui hostiarius inferni dicitur, xlii. 9 (Ex div. libris?).

ceruicatus, superbus, xn. 10 (Eccles. xvi. 11 si unus fuisset cervicatus).

ceruicis, x. 8, see redimicula.

cesae, see magalia.

Cesaris, xxxv. 180, see fisco.

cespitem, see glebam.

cesso, XLIII. 52, see facesso.

cessura, see cissura.

cestus, arma pictarum [pyct-], XLIII. 54 (De div. nominibus; not in Donati Ars gramm., but Keil IV, Probi Cathol. 30, 12—14 [and note] hic cestus, tunica Veneris, huius cesti, hic caestus pugilum huius caestus: Vergilius [A. v. 410] "quid siquis caestus ipsius" et orthographia distant et declinatione). With this gloss Glogger would connect sis nuis of XLIII. 55, perhaps corrupted from A. S. sima, a cord, rope (Bosw. T. sima; Kluge, Etym. D. Saite). He suggests that the gloss originally may have been siima s(axonice); see note § on p. 45 of the present Glossary.

ceteriorem, ulteriorem, xxxv. 32 (Ruf. v. 10 fol. 83° ad Indiam citeriorem).

cethetica [for ctetica], possessiua, xLIII.

12; see omonima.

ch for c: chatos, chatus (for cadus); choncis (for conchis); enchenia (encaenia); ochimo (ocimo).—for h: parchredis (parhedris).—for st: chomacho (stom-).

chalam, chalane, see carcamis.

Chaldaei, see Chaldei.

Chaldaeos, see malefici; saraballa.

Chaldei sunt quos uulgus mathematicos uocat, xvr. 29 (Dan. n. 2 ut convocarentur ... Chaldaei). Also Chaldaei n. 4, 10; ni. 8; rv. 4.—Chaldaeorum, r. 4.—Chaldaeis, n. 5 &c.

Chaldeos [-daeos], xvi. 27, see malefici. chantari, uermes qui cantant nocte sieut locuste [-tae], xxxviii. 5 (Clem. Recogniti. vi. 10 quod etsi lex de his non admonuisset, nos ut canthari libenter volveremur in stercore?). For canthăris, ĭdis = κανθαρίς?

chaos, xxxv. 226, see in chaos.

character, charactere, see cataracteras. characteres, see caracteries.

characterismos, see caracterismos.

charcamis, see carcamis.

Charone, see Carus.

chatos tres modios habet, xxxi. 39; chatus, grece amphora est habens urnas III, xxxIII. 11, see cathos.

chaumate, see caumate.

chimerinus, see exemerinus.

chinou, chisau, see ypo (sub) tyos (hoc) &c.

cholera, see colera.

chomacho [for stom-], xLVII, 89, see bulinus.

choncis, hebernum, xxxvi. 7 (Oros. 1. 3, 4 lapidum, quos...conchis et ostreis scabros ...uisere solemus: in note conchis concis); hebernum, abl. plur., with crabs (literally with sea-houses, from heb=hæf, sea, and ern=ærn, an habitation, house), see Kluge, A. S. Les. p. 181 (hæf & hæfern); cf. concis, scellum, Cp. C758.

chorepiscopi, XLI. 2 (De nomin. div.);

see presbiteri.

choris, xxi. 5, see cum coronis.

choros xxx modios gressus et uestigia eius idest pes inter duos idest duos cubitos, xxxi. 24 (De ponder.); chorus est modii xxx, xxxiii. 9 (De pond. Euch., p. 159, 2 corus [al. chorus] est modii [al. modii] xxx)=chorus, xxx modios habet, Cp. C364; Ep. 8A19; Ef. 351, 51. Cf. Blume, r. 376, 12, 13.

chorus, see choros.

choum, see cous.

chous, see cous; partes.

Chri fiscus, fan [for fraus; see Cp. C888, F158], xxx. 42 (Cat. Hier. Liv col. 663<sup>B</sup> Rem familiarem ob confessionem Christi fiscus occupaverat; B: Rem f. ob cristi conf. fiscus occupaverat; C: R. f. ob conf. Cristi fiscus occ.). This reading of the text suggests Christi for Chri, by the omission of a stroke. But a comparison with Cp. C888 (cristonografon siriem fiscus fraus regalis) would also suggest that chri may be the remainder of some such gloss as χρονογραφεῖον [XPO = Christo], seriem temporum; see below cronographias.

chrisma, x. 6, see unguentum exinani-

chrismam, x. 5, see nomen tuum.

chrisme, x. 6, see unguentum exinanitum.

Christi, see chri fiscus.

Christiana, see uoti compos, and xpis-

Christiani, Christianiam, Christo, see nomen tuum.

chronicorum, see cronicon.

chrono, chronographias, see cronographias.

chrysolithus (-tus), see crisolitus.

ciatos habens pensum solidorum vi, xxxII. 6, see cyati; for ciatos see also (xxII. 12) urna.

cibis, 11. 20, see alimentis.

eibo, xxIII. 12, see memores salis.

cibos, xv. 11, see preteriola; xxix. 15, see batroperite; xxxv. 61, see exedre. ciceris, xxix. 13, see frixi ciceris.

Cicerone, xxxix. 4; Ciceronis, xxxix. 4, see balneum ciceronis.

cicima, geometria, xL. 10 (Uerba?). cicius [citius], xxIII. 1, see exedra; see also citius.

ciclis [for cyclis, or circulis], XLIV. 7, see

cicona, cecitas [caec-], xxxiv. 24 (De Cassiano?). According to the order in which cicona occurs in the Glossary, it should be looked for in Inst. x1. 13 to 15. But it is not found there. Could it refer to v. 34 oculi...a suffusione uel caligine caecitatis inmunes?; or to nocte caeca, Inst. xi. 9?

ciconia, storhe, xLVII. 56 (Alia=?)=c-, store, Cp. C405 and Ef. 353, 43; Ep. -For storhe, store, a stork, see Bosw. T. (storc); Schade (storhc).

cicuanus, see picus. cimbalis [cymb-], vir. 1, see in nablis. cimina romana, dimedius sextarius, xxxI.

35 (De ponder.?).

cinamum, cortix [-tex] dulcis, viii. 11 (Salam. vii. 17 aspersi cubile meum... Cf. cinnamomo). cinnamomum, cymin resina, Cp. C437.

cincinnos, crines, xxI. 14 (Judith xVI.

10 colligavit cincinnos suos mitra). cineris, see cyneris.

cingulo, xr. 14, see poderis.

cinico, canino, xli. 6 (De nomin. div. = Can. Conc. Constant. CLXV p. 133, De Maximo Cynico).

cinnamomo, see cinamum.

cinticta onitaltaon [or -talticon, or -taltecon], ratio populorum, xxx. 85 (Cat. Hier. xcviii col. 699 elaboravit in Ecclesiasten decem et septem volumina, et συμμίκτων ζητημάτων sex; B: elab. in eccl. xviij volumina et sinokte zetnyaton idest dogmata populorum sex; C: elab. in ecc. x et vij volumina et [blank] sex). ¶ In § 62 (p. xl) of my preface to the Cp. Glossary I connected the above gloss with ΛΑΩRHTON, ratio populorum, found in the Cp. Gloss. among the A words But at that time I had not (A 593). studied, and thought it unnecessary to

study, St Jerome's Catalogus. The above reading of Text B clearly points to συμμίκτων ζητημάτων, and the Leiden cinticta oni may be identified with συμ-But there is difficulty in connecting the Leiden taltaon (or talticon, or taltccon) with ζητημάτων; it rather seems to be the remains of μονόφθαλμον, of which the Glossator explained monon (q.v.) in the preceding gloss (xxx. 84). If this be so, there was, perhaps, another text of the Catalogus which had AAORHTON, ratio populorum of the Cp. Gloss. (= acbochnrotan, Ep. 3C26, and acdocroaton, Ef.1 342, 49).

cinyris, see cyneris.

circa, xIII. 13.

circino, ferrum duplex unde pictores faciunt circulos idest gaborind, xIII. 53 (Isai. XLIV. 13 in circino tornavit illud). = circinno, gabulrond, Cp. C416; c-, gabelrend, Ef. 354, 36. Gaborind, gabulrond &c. for the Irish gabolrind, see Cormac's Glossary in W. Stokes' Three Irish Glossaries: Cercenn...idest a circino, idest ogabulrind; cf. Windisch, Irische Texte, 1. 585 (gabul, G. Gabel), and Bosw. T. (geafel, gaftas; gabul-roid for gabul-rond, gafol-rand), a pair of compasses.

circium, xliv. 25, see dextera.

circuitu, vIII. 16, see mala aurea; xxvIII. 77, see sinastrismus.

circulis, xxi. 5, see cum coronis; see also poli.

circulos, xIII. 53, see circino.

circulus, xliv. 16, see antarticus.

circumdarent, iv. 41, see pessimos

circumfusione, xLVIII. 50, see suffusione. circumiens, rx. 1, see lustrans.

circumspectaculum, xxx. 21, see amphitheatrum.

circumstantia, xxxv. 9; circumstatio, xxxv. 112 [a surrounding crowd or troop, a circle], see constipatio.

circumuacantium [circumuag-], m. 80,

see girouagum. cirris, crinibus, xLvn. 6 (Alia=?) = Cp. C409; Ep. —; Ef. 1 353, 62.

ciscillus, haerdhaeu, xLvII. 49 (Alia =?) = cisculus, heard heau, Cp. C408; Ep. -; ciscillus, heardheui, Ef. 353, 47. ciscillus, cisculus (?=acisculus, perh. for asciculus, a little adze, chisel, see Lewis & Sh.), see Körting, Wrtb. 2216 (\*cisellus). Haerd-haeu, heard-heau, heard-heui (prop. a hardy, strong hewer), from heard, hardy, strong + heaw, heawa, a hewer, hoe; see Bosw. T. (heard-heawa & heawan); Oxf. D. (hard and hoe sb.2).

cisculus, cisellus, see ciscillus.

cispitem [cesp-], xxxv. 118, see glebam. cissura, sectura [for secutura?], xxxv. 67 (Ruf. 1x. 8 fol. 150b prospere cuncta cessura...promiserat). If sectura were correct, the Glossator must be supposed to have thought of scissura.

citeriorem, see ceteriorem.

cithara, see psaltes.

citiuis, xII. 40, see cyneris. citiuis, xXIX. 62, see de citiuis.

citius, II. 77, see facile; xxI. 20, see labastes; see also cicius; exedra.

citra, bihina, xlvIII. 54 (De Cass. Inst. v. 36, 2 citra Nili fluminis alueum). Cf. citra, ultra, Cp. C380; Ep. 7E15; Ef. 351, 10. Bihina = A.S. bi-heonan, be-heonan (O.H.G. hinana), on this side; see Bosw. T. (bi-heonan).

citro, III. 64, see ultro.

ciuitas, iv. 4, see mambre; xIII. 26, see Gabaa; xvi. 17, see castrum; xxIII. 17 (bis), see ciuitas david; xxiv. 15, see Sidon; xxv. 10, see Salim; xxxv. 266, see Antinoitas; xIII. 3, see memphitica; xLvIII. 25, see Acron.

ciuitas dauid, archis in hierusalem modica ciuitas altior, xxIII. 17 (2 Esdr. III. 15 usque ad gradus qui descendunt de Civitate David; ibid. XII. 36 in gradibus civitatis David.—Archis in hierusalem, for "arx Sion in Jerusalem"? See 2 Reg. v. 7; 3 Reg. vIII. 1; 1 Paral. XI. 5 &c.).

ciuitate, xxxv. 30, see genefrix; see also ciuitas dauid.

ciuitates, xi. 7, see pentapolim; xxix. 31, see decapolim.

ciuitatis, vr. 14, see Dum; xiii. 21, see Carcamis; xvii. 15, see Pile; xxxv. 256, see actio; xiiii. 16, see Micene. See also ciuitas.

ciuitatum, xxxv. 47, see metropolis.

cladem inferens, III. 29 (De S. Mart. Stor.?). Cladem does not seem to occur in Sulp. Sev., and, perhaps, the gloss is like nutabundus, agitatus [III. 28], a further explanation of furibundus [III. 27]. For "Bellum inferens" of. Sulp. Sev. Vit. 20. 8; "recens fraternae cladis feruebat inuidia" id. Dial. 1. 7, 6.

cladibus, see gladibus.

cladis, rv. 11, see tragoedia; and on nom. sing. cladis, see Georges, Lat. Wörterb.

clamantem, xxxvII. 12, see ore camerato.

clare, 1. 64, see insigne.

classica, tuba, XLVIII. 57 (De Cass.?) = clasica, tuba, Cp. C493; classica tubae sonus, Cp. C468; Ef. 354, 45; cf. Goetz, vi. 1 p. 220 (classica; classicum).

claua, fuste, xxxv. 79 (Ruf. iv. 16 fol.

64<sup>b</sup> spero baculo aut *claua* feriendum). Cf. *claua*, steng, Cp. C450; *claua*, stegn, Ep. 7E7; *claua*, steng, Ef. 351, 2; prov. E. *stang*.

clauf perditi [sine interpret.], xxxix. 38 (Greg. Dial. III. 36 col. 304° ex navi clavi perditi, arbor abscissa est).

claustro, vi. 28, see clustello.

clausulis, xxvIII. 24, see ypozenxis.

de clausurae, see Armenias.

clausure [-rae, gen., of a castle, fort], xxxvi. 2, see Armenias pilas.

CLEMENTE, XXXVIII tit.

clibanus, desuper apertus, xxiv. 17 (Math. vi. 30 foenum agri...in clibanum mittitur). Perhaps the gloss should read clibanus, furnus des. ap.—Cp. C459 has clibanus, fornax.

clima, cardo uel pars celi [caeli] ut clima orientalis uel meridiana, xiiv. 4 (Alia; de cælo=[?] Isid. de natura rerum xii; but not found in the texts known at present). It would seem that a further explanation the Glossator gives xiiv. 11: clima, aliquando pro cardine accipitur si sepius [saep-] pro qualicumque celi [caeli] parte et maxime pro oriente et meridig [-die]climas aliquidesignant nos secundum grecum [graec-] om [omnes? and suppl. partes?] celi [caeli] ad superna conuexas ita undique uocamus. For clima see also (xiiv. 1) partes.

climacteras, partes celi [caeli], xxxvIII. 25 (Clem. Recognitt. ix. 12 climacteras quosdam introducunt...; Climacteras... dicunt quasi periculi tempus; x. 12 ut

climacteras dicerent).

climas, xliv. 11, see clima.

climax, gradatio quando quibusdam gradibus semper accrescit, xxvIII. 32 (Cass. Psalm. III. 2 figura quae dicitur climax, Latine gradatio, q. positis quibusdam g., ... semper a.) = climax, gradatio, Cp. C470.

cliutex, cortix [-tex] uel lapis, xlvi. 25 (Alia = Ars Phocae, p. 420, 29 [?] hic codex [= caudex] codicis). Cf. caudix, cortix, Cp. C113; see further codicibus.

clivum, see glebum.

cluditur, 111. 19, see pessuli.

clustello, claustro, vi. 28 (Breu. exsol.?). Cf. clustella, clustorloc, Cp. C466; caustella, clustorlocae, Ep. 8C22; clustella, cluster locae, Ef. 352, 32.

clusum, xxII. 12, see urna.

Coa, insula, XLV. 12 (Uerba de multis = Ars Phocae, p. 427, 23 vina Coa dicimus).

coacuerint, uerse sunt in acaetum [acet-], VIII. 2 (Salam.; Praef. S. Hieron. scripta ...quae non in tertium vas transfusa coacuerint). coadunatio, II. 151, see sinaxis.

coagmentare, congregare, IV. 2 (Ruf. Prooem., fol. 1b Quaecunque...coagmentare

tentauimus).

coalescant, pascant, xxxv. 119 (Ruf. II. 17 fol. 27a ad perfectam...vitam studiis ingibus coalescunt) = coalescunt, pascunt, Cp. C737; Ep.—; Ef. 1354, 13.—coalescere, adolescere, XLVIII. 72 (De Cass., Inst. vi. 9 ne intrinsecus quidem coalescere...patiamur).

coalescunt, see coalescant.

coccum, see coccus.

coccus, uuyrmbaso, xxII. 18 (Esther? not in Vulg., and perhaps, only a further explanation of xxn. 17 purpura, q.v.). Coccus = coccum, scarlet; for uuyrm (worm)-baso (blue-red, purple, carmoisin), see Bosw. T. (wurma, wyrma, wyrm, wyrm-basu); cf. coccum, bis tinctum piolocread, Cp. C520; coccum, bis tinctum uuilocread, Ep. 6E34; c.b.t. nuslucreud, Ef. 349, 36; cf. E. cochineal (Oxf. D.).

cochleas, for the corrupt conolas (q.v.).

coclea, see maruca.

cocte [-tae], xxxiv. 6, see omofagis. cocto [for cocta ?], xII. 41, see lino crudo.

cocula [for cuculla], III. 7, see byrrum; III. 8, see lacernam; III. 56, see ependiten. coculam [sine interpr.], II. 38 (Bened. reg. 55, 6 & 7 [10 & 11] sufficere credimus monachis cucullam; 16 [28] cucullas; 21 [37] cucullae, 30 [53] cuculla).

coculus, xlii. 18, see amphibalum.

Cocyti, see Coquiton.

codex, xxxv. 73, see codicibus; see also cliutex.

codices, see codicibus.

codicibus, liminibus, IV. 82 (Eccl. Istor.); codicibus, lignis in quibus incidunt [add: codices? see Cod. Ambros. in Goetz' Corp. Gl. Lat. v. 427, 52; or litteras?] codex stofun, xxxv. 73 (De Eus.) = (Ruf. Ix. 10 fol. 158ª omnes...codicibus superpositos). See also cliutex. For stofun (a stem, stump of a tree), see Bosw. T. (stofn); it = prov. E. stoven, stovin, stoving, stowan. See Engl. Dial. Dict.

coel-, see also cael-, cel-, cel-.

coelestibus, see poli. coelis, see metonymia.

coelo (cælo), xLIV tit.

coelum, see celum; cous; laquearia. coementeria, sepulture [-rae], xxxv. 237 (De Eus.); caementaria, ecclesie, xxxv. 65 (De Eus.); ad coemetoria, ad ecclesia [!], IV. 117 (Eccl. Ist.) = (Ruf. IX. 2 fol.

147b ad coemiteria conuenirent; Cacciari, p. 510 ad coemeteria).—cymiteria, sepulture, I. 24 (De Canon.; Can. Conc. Laod. cxII ad haereticorum coemeteria; cf. Decr. Innoc. v per coemeteria).

coemeteria, see coementeria.

coemetoria [coemeteria], IV. 117, see ad coemetoria in v. coementeria.

coemiteria, see coementeria. coenas, see scenas turpes.

coenobiis; see coenobium.

coenobita, coenobitarum, see cenobita. coenobium, ex greco et latino conpositum esse dicitur : est enim habitaculum plurimorum, 11. 188 (Bened. reg. 5, 21 [31] in coenobiis degentes).

coenouitarum, see cenobita.

coetu, see coetus.

coetus, conuentus uel congrecacio [-gatio] uel socius, I. 28 (De Canon.; Can. Conc. Carth. Praef., p. 142ª de tantae congregationis coetu; id. II in hoc coetu glorioso; id. LIII statutum a coetu sacerdotali est); uel socius seems to belong to I. 30 (collega &c. q.v.). For coetus see also (r. 19) concilium; (r. 114) synodus.

coeunt, xLIV. 17, see cous.

cogenti, II. 3, see angarizanti.

cogitabant, xxxv. 111, see coniciebant. cogitamus, r. 132, see satagimus.

cogitatum, xxxv. 273, see delibratum.

cognitio, r. 118, see simbulum.

cognoscant, 1. 47, see experiuntur.

cognosce, xxvIII. 18, see apo tu-. cognoscit [-citur], xxvIII. 34, figura metopoea.

cogunt, xliv. 27, see dextera.

cohum, see partes.

coibatur, exitur, xxxv. 285 (Ruf. vii. 25 fol. 125b Coibatur a fratribus...non ad capiendos pisces).

166, see scenas coinquinata, xxxv.

turpes.

coitum, xxxv. 26, see oethepia.

colamina est in hiezechielo decim inquid cotile gomor, xxxIII. 20 (Euch. De Pond. p. 159, 15 Cotyla hemina est in Ezechiele: Decem, inquit, cotylae sunt gomor). Eucherius refers to Ezek. xLv. 11 (see the Hebr. and Gr. texts).

colando, see exolantes.

colebat, XLIII. 4, see arcades.

colendo, xxxix. 2, see colonus. colando (?), xxiv. 12, see exolantes.

colera, nausia, xII. 30 (Eccles. xxxI. 23 cholera; xxxvII. 33 ad choleram. Cambr. MS.: Colera, n. idest gutta pessima).

coli, dolores uentris, xxxv. 2 (Ruf. 1. 8 fol. 12b doloribus...coli...cruciabatur; ibid. coli...dolor) = coli deleres uentris, Cp. C634; coli, dolores uentris, Ep. 8C10 and Ef. 352, 20.

colirium, dicitur multa medicamina in unum collecta, xxxix. 49 (Greg. [not Dial.,

but] Reg. Past. I. 11 col. 254 [quoting from Apoc. III. 18] collyrio inunge oculos tuos, [and adding] collyrio...oculos ut videamus inungimus).

collationes, collationum, see conla-

tiones.

collecta, xxxix. 49, see colirium. collectae, IV. 98, see comellas.

collectam, congregationem, xxIII. 15 (2 Esdr. vin. 18 fecerunt...in die octavo collectam juxta ritum).

collecte [-tae], xxxix. 50, see sentina.

collectio, II. 151, see sinaxis.

collectionum, xxix.44, see xenodoxiorum. collega, conmanipularius uel conscius, 1. 30 (De Canon.; Can. Conc. Carth. LIV frater et collega noster; LXVIII id.). The explanation uel socius, which is out of place in r. 28 (see coetus), is probably to be connected with this gloss; cf. commanipularius...uel conscius socius collega, Cp. C695; Ep.—; commanipularius, con-

scium conlega, Ef.<sup>2</sup> 279, 16. collegit, xiv. 29, see ficarius.

colleguntur[collig-], xxx. 35, see uarietas stromactis.

colligit, xxvIII. 75, see prolemsis.

colligitur, xxv. 6, see de siliquis. colliguntur, xxyIII. 63, see sinatrismos.

collo, XIII. 6, see lunulas.

collocare, xxxvIII. 3, see elocare.

collocet, see reculicet.

collybistas, see trapezeta.

collyrio, see colirium.

colobista (for collybista), xxix. 42, see trapezeta.

colobostrum, see colostrum.

colomellas, lomum, v. 2 (De Eccl. Stor.); columellas, diuersis linimentis [lineam-], xxxv. 257 (De Euseb.); comellas h[oc est] uniuscuiusque interpretis translatio in unum collectae et e regione posite, iv. 98 (Eccl. Istor.) = (Ruf. vi. 13 fol. 103b persingulas columnulas [columellas, in edit. 1535, & edit. Cacciari, p. 348], è regione separatim opus interpretis uniuscuiusque descripsit). Lomum (v. 2) is clearly not the instr. pl. of loma, a tool (for which see Bosw. T. loma, and-gelóman, and-lóman, gelóman; Kluge, A.S. Leseb. gelóma, rarely lóm, m. gerät, geschirr); nor of leoma, a ray of light, radiance, for which see Napier, index (leoma). Schlutter (Anglia xxvi. 304) would read lonum, from lone = lane, lanu, a lane, narrow path; he also suggests limum (limbs) for lomum. But the gloss diversis linimentis (for lineamentis, lines or strokes) of xxxv. 257 rather points to lomum for leomum from leoma (also written lema), from A. S. lim, a limb, joint, especially a branch.

colonus, a colendo, xxxxx. 2 (Greg. Dial. I, 1 col. 153° colonus).

color, vIII. 15, see flauescit; xIV. 19, see

arugo; xxii. 7, see carbasini. colore, xv. 10, see ebor; xix. 15, see tigris; xxiv. 5, see mocum; xxxv. 181, see regio morbus.

colorem, xxxv. 63, see fucum; xLI. 7, see iaspis, 10, see smaragdus, 11, see sardonix, 12, see sardius, 13, see crisolitus, 16, see cypressus.

coloribus, xxxv. 42, see stibiis.

colostrum, beust, xLVII. 27 (Alia=?)= colostrum, beost, Cp. C658; Ep.—; colobostrum, beost, Ef. 353, 46. For beust, beost (biest, biestings, beestings) see Bosw. T.; Oxf. D.; Skeat, Dict.; Kluge, A. S. Leseb. (beost).

colubri, xIII. 25 (bis), see de radice. columellas, diversis linimentis [lineam-],

xxxv. 257, see colomellas.

columnarum, 1. 49, see epistilia.

columnas uitreas, idest in simili uitis scalpantur, xxxviii. 7 (Clem. Recognitt. vii. 12 & 26 videndi...gratia...columnas viteas) = columnas viteas, idest uitearum similitudines scluptae [sculptae] erant, Cp. C642; Ep. 8E2; Ef. 352, 48. For "in simili uitis scalpantur" another MS. has "in similitudinem uitis sculpentur."

columnulas, see colomellas.

comam, xxxvIII. 18, see creta comam-. comatum [commatum], xxvIII. 72, see anaphora.

comedendum, see croceis.

comedentem, see edacem.

comedia [comoedias], xLIII. 23, see

comedo, edax, XLIII. 14 (De div. nominibus=Donati Ars grammat., p. 374, 18 Cf. comedo, forax edax, Cp. comedo). C547; Ef.2 279, 24.

comeduntur, xxxiv. 5, see xerofagia. comellas h[oc est] uniuscuiusque interpretis translatio &c., IV. 98, see colomellas. comessationibus, see commessationes.

comicus, cantator uel artifex secularium canticorum, xxix. 12 (Uerb. Interpr. = Hier. Comm. in Matth. vn. 18 col. 48c Comicus dixerit). -- comicus, qui comedia [comoedias] scripsit; traicus [tragicus], qui traica [tragica] scribsit; liricus [lyr-], qui per liram [lyr-] cantat; saturicus [satyr-], qui per saturicam scribsit, xLIII. 23-26 (De diuersis nominibus). The last four glosses, preceded, in the MS., by the heading "IIII genera poetarum" seem to be further explanations of the passage from Donati Ars grammat. quoted sub v. eunuchus, q.v. The first of the four = comicus qui comedia scribit, Cp. C803.

cominus, see in comminus.

comissationes, see commessationes.

comitantur, 1. 89, see prosequantur. comitator (?), xLv. 30, see mango.

comitatus, 1. 114, see synodus.

comma, breuis pars, xix. 6 (Job; Praef. Hieron. p. xivb, and Migne, P.L. xxvIII col. 1082 parvum comma quod remanet). Cf. comma, breuis dictio, Cp. C817.

commandit, manducat, vIII. 21 (Salam. xxx. 14 commandit molaribus suis).

commatum, see anaphora.

commectarum, tractatores, xlviii. 48 (De Cass., Inst. v. 34 labores suos erga commentatorum libros inpendere...nec eos commentatorum [commentorum, in note] institutionibus indigere).

commedentem [comed-], II. 64, see

commendatitiis, II. 102, see literis commendatitiis.

commendatum, II. 39, see commissum. commenta, excogitata, xxxv. 100 (Ruf. 1. 6 fol. 10<sup>a</sup> commenta quaedam). commenta, atinuenta, Cp. C638. -commenta [for caementa], petra, xxxv. 219, cementa.

commentarium, see sub nominem. commentata, see commentatus.

commentatorum, see commectarum.

commentatus, tractatus, IV. 8 (Ruf. I. 6 fol. 11a haec ... non ... commentata sunt).

commentorum, see commectarum.

commessationem, 1x. 5, see capparis. commessationes [comissationes], luxosa [luxuriosa] conuiuia cum meretribus [meretricibus], 1. 25 (De Canon.; Can. Conc. Laod. CLVIII tit. Non congruere ... Christianis comessationibus interesse. Quod non oporteat sacerdotes ... ex collatis, vel comessationibus conuiuia celebrare). Cf. commesatio, conuiuio meretricum, Cp. C687: conmesatio, comuiuia cum meretricibus mixta, Ef.2 280, 55 .- For commessationes see also (xxxv. 25) thiesteas,

and scenas turpes. comminisque, xliv. 29, see axem.

comminus, prope, xxxiv. 34 (De Cass., Inst. x. 3 comminus) = comminus, prope, Cp. C864.—in comminus, propius, xxxv. 162 (Ruf. v. 18 fol. 88a in cominus ueniant; IV. 24 fol. 69b cominus perurgendo).

commissum, commendatum, 11. 39 (Bened. reg. 31, 28 [58] officium sibi com-· missum; 63, 4 [6] gregem sibi commissum; see also 42, 15 [24] adsignato sibi com-

commissuras, ligaturas uel conposituras, VII. 3 (1 Paral. XXII. 3 ad commissuras). Cf. commisura, flycticlas, Cp. C507.

commodare, II. 67, see expedire. commodum, n. 59, see expedit.

commolita, molata, xxvi. 1 (Isid. Offic. I. 18, 6 grana...commolita) = commilita, molata, Cp. C739; Ep.—; Ef. 354, 16. molata v. Du C. (molare = molere; molatio, See also commolitus.

commolitis, see commolitus.

commolitus, exterminatus, xIII. 5 (Isai. 111. 15 Quare atteritis populum meum et facies pauperum commolitis). See also commolita.

commonitorium, see communitorium,

commune, II. 33, see cenobita.

communione [for -ore], xxvIII. 57, see figura.

communis, xvi. 27, see malefici.

communitorium, munitionem, xxvi. 3 (Isid. Offic. 11. 22, 2 Istis...salutare symbolum traditur, quasi commonitorium fidei; cf. Goetz vi. 240 commonitorium and 241 communitorium). Cf. commonicarium, pastiarium, Cp. C833.

comoedia, see eunuchus. comoedias, see comicus.

comor minor, septem sextarios et u [quinta] pars sextarii cotile dimedium, xxxi. 9, see gomor.

compaginatam, see conpaginatum.

compitis, see in pago. componitis, see conpotis.

compos, particeps, xxxv. 48 (De Eus.) = compos, particeps, Cp. C755; uoti compos, xpistiana, iv. 84 (Eccl. Ist.); uoti copos, xpistiana, xxxv. 293 (De Eus.) = (Ruf. x. 8 fol. 163b regina voti compos effecta).

computum, xxxv. 250, see in exam-

comulare [cum-], xxxiv. 28, see exaggerare.

con [the beginning of an unfinished interpretation], n. 25 (Bened. reg.).

conando, IV. 94, see coniculum. conatur, xxvIII. 83, see ennoematice.

conatus, I. 11, see adnisus.

conburuntur, xxxv. 235, see busta. conca [concha], xxiv. 5, see mocum.

concentum, cantum, xix. 55 (Job xxxviii. 37 concentum cæli quis dormire faciet);

concentus, r. 19, see concilium.

conceptio, xxviii. 60, see enthimema. concha, see mocum.

conchilia [for the corrupt contia], see conolas.

conchis, see choncis.

conciderat, acciderat, xLVIII. 32 (De Cass., Inst. 1. 1, 2 de lecto...in quo conciderat).-concidere, incidere, xxxv. 68 (Ruf. ix. 8 fol. 151a in medio conatus inualidi...concideret).

concidisti, occidisti, xvII. 13 (Habac. II. 10 concidisti populos multos).

conciliare, 1. 82, see operam.

conciliatoribus, xxxv. 258, see lenonibus. concilio, xxxx. 73, see qui dixerit...

concilium, grece, latine consilium conuentus uel concentus coetus, I. 19 (De Canon.; cf. Dionys. Praef. p. 101 regulas ...conciliorum...digessimus; ibid. Calchedonensis Concilij decreta &c.; Can. Apostt. xxxvIII Episcoporum Concilia celebrentur; Can. Conc. Nic. II contra magnum Concilium se efferens).

concinnant, consonant, i. 29 (De Canon.; cf. Can. Conc. Carth. Lill presbyteri...; conviviis sibi concinnantes plebem....; ibid. propter...praue concinnata consilia). If this gloss consonant refers to these quotations it seems clear that the Glossator was thinking of concinere (not concinnare) to sing together, or, in an active sense, to cause to sing together, to cause anyone to agree.—concinnant, congregant, xxxv. 265 (Ruf. vi. 7 fol. 100a concinnant... aduersum eum infame... crimen).

concionaretur, loqueretur, xxxv. 113 (Ruf. 11. 10 fol. 22b de sublimi concionaretur).

concionem, see contionem.

concitamus, xxvIII. 42, see idea.

conclauia, porticos [!], III. 40 (S. Mart. Stor. = Sulp. Sev. Dial. I. 21, 4 construit multa conclauia).

concludit, xxvIII. 77, see sinastrismus. concluduntur, xxvIII. 45, see zeuma. conclusione, xII. 38, see sophistice. concrescit, xxvIII. 56, see auxesis. concrescunt, IV. 99, see quadraplas. concubitas, IV. 57, see thesteas.

concupiscibili (-le), xxix. 60, see tu epitimitisun.

condatur, reponatur, m. 30 (Bened. reg. 52, 3 nec ibi quicquam...condatur).—condere, abscondere, xxxiv. 54 (De Cass., Inst. v. 4, 2 monachum spiritalia mella condere cupientem).

conditionalis, see hypotheticus. condito, see uinum candidum. condixerunt, xxII. 12, see urna.

conductores [sine interpretat.], r. 26 (De Canon.; Can. Conc. Calched. III conductores alienarum possessionum; Conc. Carth. xvi Episcopi...non sint conductores).

conectura, auguria, xv. 38 (Ezech. xxi. 19 manu capiet conjecturam).

confectorem, interfectorem, xxxv. 159 (Ruf. iv. 15 fol. 63b inserunt propins accedere confectorem).

confectos, maculatos, xxxiv. 22 (De Cass., Inst. xx. 11 conspicis duos uiros tam iustos...triumphis suis...fuisse confectos).

conferentes [for conferentiae, or conferentias?] II. 29, see conlationes.

conferentiae, conferentias, see conla-

confice, xvII. 14, see subigens. conficitur, I. 111, see sicera.

confidens, III. 45, see fretus. confidentes, XIII. 20, see inniti.

configent, crucifigent, xvII. 21 (Zachar. xIII. 3 configent eum).

confirmata, xxxv. 300, see rata. confirmatio, xxxv. 11, see adstipulatio. confisi, xIII. 20, see inniti. conflatorio, see conflatorium.

conflatorium, ubi ferrum uel argentum conflatur, viii. 10 (Salam. xxvii. 21 probatur in conflatorio argentum).

conflatur, vIII. 10, see conflatorium. conflictus, xxx. 18, see archeretoys, 26,

see diatripas.

conformatio, xxvIII. 57, see figura. confutatus, reprobatus, xxxiv. 13 (De Cass., Inst. xi. 2 confutatus incentor). congeminat, xxvIII. 31, see ausesis.

congeminatio, xxvIII. 68, see anadiplosis.

congrecacio [congregatio], 1. 28, see coetus.

congrecauimus [congreg-], II. 47, see digessimus.

congregamus, xxviii. 40, see silemsis. congregant, xxxv. 265, see concinnant. congregare, iv. 2, see coagmentare. congregatae, see in exaplois.

congregate [-tae], xix. 11, see in exaplois.

congregati, xxxiv. 52, see degesti sunt. congregatio, xiii. 32, see riui aggerum; xix. 53, see gurgitum; xxviii. 63, see sinatrismos; see also coetus.

congregatione, xxxix. 70, see adstipulatione.

congregationem, xvi. 21, see aggerem; xxiii. 15, see collectam.

congregationes, xv. 6, see struices. congregationus, see digessimus. congruet, 11. 16, see aptet.

congruus, aptus, 11. 31 (Bened. reg. 53, 4 [5] omnibus congruus honor exhibeatur; cf. 24, 12 [20] satisfactione congrua; 43, 39 [65] ad emendationem congruam).

conhabitantes, xII. 46, see accommorante. conibentes, consentientes uel conspirantes, I. 27 (De Canon.; Can. Conc. Chalc. xxvII cooperantes aut conniuentes raptoribus); see also conibentia.

conibentia, consensus, xxxv. 52 (Ruf. x. 22 fol. 172\* ordinationis convenientia

maculatur; Cacciari p. 47 conniventia); see also conibentes.

conicere, intellegere, xxxiv. 46 (De Cass., Inst. xii. 27, 4 tacita intra se cordis uolutatione coniectat).—coniciebant, cogitabant, xxxv. 111 (Ruf. ii. 6 fol. 21b coniiciebant...ex hoc) = coniciebant, cogitabant, Cp. C738; Ep. —; Ef. 354, 14.

conices, xxxIII. 16, see gomor.

coniciebant, cogitabant, xxxv. 111; see conicere.

coniectat (!), see conicere.

coniectura, r. 129, see suspicio.

coniecturam, xvi. 25, see arioli; see also conectura.

coniciebant, see coniciebant, in voc. conicere.

coniculum, a conando [cun-?], IV. 94, see cuniculum.

coniuentia, see conibentia.

coniunctio, xxvIII. 45, see zeuma, 52, see epizeusis.

conjunctos, xv. 43, see puluillos.

coniunctum, xxxv. 245, see conpaginatum.

coniuratio, consensio conuentio, 1. 32 (De Canon.; Can. Conc. Calch. xvIII tit. de coniuratione; ib. coniurationis crimen).

conix, xxi. 16, see conopeum.

conlationes, conlocutiones conferentes [conferentiae or conferentias?] 11. 29 (Bened. reg. 42, 7 [9] legat unus collationes; 73, 12 [19] Conlationes Patrum... quid aliud sunt nisi...; 42, 12 [19] ad lectionem collationum).

conlocet, see reculicet.

conlocutiones, II. 29, see conlationes.

conmanipulares, idest sodales, xxxvi. 18 (Oros. 11. 9, 4 cognatiet commanipulares ...occubuerant; in note comm-, cumm-, conm-). Cf. commanipulares, conmilitones, Cp. C856; cf. ibid. C695.

conmanipularius, 1. 30, see collega. conniuentes, see conibentes.

conniuentia, see conibentia.

conolas, que contia uocant, v. 3 (Ruf. Iv. 15, p. 82, ed. 1535, and Cacciari, p. 206: marinas cochleas, quæ conchilia uocant; the ed. of 1548, fol. 61\*: marinas cochleas quos murices vocant. The Glossator, therefore, has added no interpretation of his own). Cf. cocleas, uuiolocas [E. whelks], Cp. C660; Ep. —; cocleas, uuylocas, Ef.¹ 353, 52.

conopeum, in similitudine retis contextum propter muscas et culices nam culix [culex] conix hebraice dicitur, xxx. 16 (Judith xII. 10 abstulit conopoeum eius a columnis; see also xIII. 19 conopoeum illius; xvI. 23 conopoeum; x. 19 in conopoeum. Conix perh. for Gr. κώνωψ, a gnat.

Cf. conopeum, rete muscarum, Cp. C531; Ep. 7C5; Ef. 350, 24; conopeum, retiaculum sub quo solent [ho]mines dormire, Ef. 281, 25. Cf. Skeat (canopy).

conpactis, v. 28, see simbulis.

conpage, porrectione, xl. 19 (Uerba?). (conpaginatum, conjunctum, xxxv. 245 (Ruf. ix. 10 fol. 155<sup>b</sup> compaginatam machinam).

conparatio, xxvIII. 48, see parabole; 59,

see syncrisis.

conparatur, xxvIII. 62, see tapynosin.

conpellare, fraudare, XLVIII. 17 (De Cass., Inst. vii. 23 nisi...solitus fuisset creditos sibi loculos conpilare; vii. 24 loculos clancule conpilare). The interpretation (fraudare) agrees only with conpilare, not with conpellere, which occurs ii. 17 (quamuis eum consuetudo diurna hora solita euigilare conpellat); v. 23, 1 (quae canonicam refectionis horam praeueniri conpellit); vii. 9, 2 (conpellit utilitas); vii. 10 (laborare conpellit); viii. 14, 1 (desiderare conpellit); viiii. 6 (peccare conpellitur). Conpellare is not found in Cass. Cf. conpilat, Spoliat, Cp. C632; conpilat, stilith (steals), Cp. C859.

conpellenti, n. 3, see angarizanti; con-

pellere, see conpellare.

conpendiosis, breuissimis, xxxv. 255 (Ruf. vi. 11 fol. 102b Scripturam...compendiosis dissertionibus explanauit).

conpetentes, appetentes, I. 21 (De Canon.; Conc. Can. Antioch. XIII ap. Migne, Patr. L. LXXXIV col. 126<sup>A</sup> quosiibet actus illi Ecclesiae competentes). Cf. Isid. Etym. VII. 14. 8; id. de Offic. Eccles. XXII. For conpetentes see also (XLVIII. 38) contiguis.

conpetis [=compitis], III. 31, see in page.

ayo.

conpilare, see conpellare.

conpingebantur, pinguiscebant, xix. 27 (Job xxxviii. 38 quando...glebae compingebantur).

conplentur, xxvIII. 12, see stipantur.

conplere, xLIV. 2, see cous.

conplosi, plausum feci, xv. 8 (Ezech. xxII. 13 complosi manus meas). Cf. conplosi, iubilati, Cp. C742; conplori, iub-, Ef. 354, 26.

conpluta, xv. 7, see non conpluta. conposita, xxvIII. 25, see scema.

conpositio, xxv. 14, see lithostrotus; xxix. 69, see sinthema.

conpositione, xxII. 1, see themate. conposito, xxXIV. 33, see conserto. conpositores, XIV. 27, see stratores. conpositum, II. 188, see coenobium.

conposituras, vii. 3, see commissuras.

conpotis, inpletis, xxxix. 67 (not Greg. Dial., but, perhaps, Decr. Bonif. p. 213a qui cuncta aequa moderatione componitis).

conprehensio, see catastrofon. conprobetur, 11. 147, see ratiociniis.

conpulsorem, xxx. 55, see erladiocten. conputantes, xxxy. 179, see horas diurnas.

conscius, 1. 30, see collega. consecutus, 1. 9, see adeptus.

consensio, 1. 32, see coniuratio; 1. 33,

see conspiratio.

consensus, xxxv. 52, see conibentia. consentientes, I. 27, see conibentes. consentientibus, IV. 95, see fautoribus,

conserto, conposito, xxxiv. 33 (De Cass.,

Inst. x. 3 conserto proelio).

considas, vIII. 3, see ne innataris. consiliariis, xxxv. 13, see consultoribus. consiliarius, xxix. 72, see nuymeyses;

xxxv. 272, see patricius. consiliis, v. 28, see simbulis. consilio, II. 172, see temere.

consilium, r. 19, see concilium; xxxx. 21,

consintagmata[for sintagmata], xxx. 31, see sub nominem.

consistunt, x. 11, see tigna. consonant, 1. 29, see concinnant. conspicientes, II. 25, see contuentes. conspiciunt, v. 13, see operiunt. conspirantes, 1. 27, see conibentes.

conspiratio, consensio, 1. 33 (De Canon.; Can. Conc. Calch. xvIII tit. De...conspiratione; ib. conspirationis crimen).

consternantem, xIV. 34, see uitulam consternantem.

constipatio, circumstantia, xxxv. 9 (De Euseb.); constipatio, circumstatio, xxxv. 112 (De Euseb.) = (Ruf. II. 6 fol. 22a plurimi...propria constipatione perculsi). constipatione, see constipatio. constituta, 11. 87, see aabita.

construpauerunt, contaminauerunt, xiv. 1 (Hier. 11. 16 filii...constupraverunt te). constuprauerunt, see construpauerunt. consuetudinem, vIII. 8, see in aceruo m-. consuetudini, xxix. 27, see ideonati.

consuetudo, xvi. 27, see malefici; xxxix. 36, seesex untias.

consul, xLIII. 20, see eunuchus, 33, see silla.

consulari delectus, dignitati adductus, xxxv. 149 (Ruf. III. 32 fol. 50a Christianus consulari delatus, in editt. 1535 & 1548; Cacciari p. 163: Christianus Attico Consulari delatus). The MS. has distinctly delectus, though there seems to be some erasure above the second e; perhaps an attempt was made to erase the top of eand so make a out of e and c.

consulere, prouidere, xxxv. 284 (Ruf. vn. 25 fol. 126b consulere simulacrum Apollinis mos erat).

consulibus, consulis, 1. 100, see pro-

consolaris.

consultoribus, consiliariis, xxxv. 13 (Ruf. III. 6 fol. 38ª pessimis ... consultoribus).

consumeretur, 1. 34, see carperetur. consumptor, xLIII. 9, see nepus. contaminauerunt, xiv. 1, see construpauerunt.

contegnatio, tectio domus, ix. 3 (Eclesiast. x. 18 contignatio).

contemplatiua, xxx. 13, see iereticos. contemplatiuum, xxix. 64, see theoritisen. contempto, pertinax durus superbus,

п. 26 (Bened. reg. 23, 4 [6] si quis...contemptor repertus fuerit; 65, 34[66] contemptor, contemtor sanctae Regulae).

contemptor, contemtor, see contempto. contendimus, xxvIII. 51, see hyperthesis. contenetur [contin-], xLIV. 2, see cous. contentionem, xXIII. 18, see contionem; xxxv. 182, see simultantem.

contentus, patiens sufficiens, 11. 32 (Bened. reg. 7, 112 [179] omni vilitate... contentus sit Monachus; 61, 5, 7 [5, 9] contentus est).

conternante, see uitulam consternantem. contextum, xxi. 16, see conopeum; xxx.

9, see peridion.

contia [for conchilia], v. 3, see conolas. conticiscit, 1. 44, see dissimulat. contigit, vii. 8, see obtigit. contignatio, see contegnatio.

contiguis, iugis uel conpetentes, xLVIII. 38 (De Cass., Inst. II. 5, 5 contiguis uersibus).

continentes, IV. 56, see encratiani. continentia, xxx. 20, see pantocranto. continetur, see cous.

contingunt, xvi. 27, see malefici.

continuanda, iugiter semper perpetuo, п. 28 (Bened. reg. 41, 8 [13] prandii sexta ...continuanda erit).

continuatio, xxvIII. 20, see diapsalma. continuum, xxxvi. 9, see peruicax. contionalis [for condit-], xxxvIII. 84, see

hupotheticus.

contionem, contentionem tumultuosam, xxIII. 18 (2 Esdr. v. 7 congregavi adversum eos concionem magnam). Tuis is the only instance in Esdras of contio, but meaning assembly, which disagrees with contentio. Contio, however, also meaning a discourse, oration, would agree with contentionem which occurs 2 Esdr. ix. 17 (quasi per contentionem); so that possibly contentionem was intended to be the lemma, and contionem tum- the interpretation.

contis, xxI. 9, see in contis.

conto, see canto.

contorqueat, xliv. 29, see axem.

contra, i. 117, see secus; vi. 4, see uersus; xvii. 12, see fulgorantes; xlviii. 49, see uersum.

contracta, XIII. 27, see flaccentia. contradicans, XXXIV. 35, see abdicans.

contradicat, III. 55, see inuitiat. contradicens, see abdicans.

contradico, III. 4, see inficiabor. contradictor, II. 36, see contumax.

contraria, xxxvi. 1, see Iani. contrarius, xxix. 68, see cataantis; xxiv. 16, see antarticus.

contribulatis, xxxv. 193, see contribulibus.

contribulibus, simul contribulatis, xxxv. 193 (Ruf. n. 5 fol. 20<sup>b</sup> pro contribulibus suis Iudaeis).

contritae, see malagma.

contrite [-tae], xi. 12, see malagma. contritos, xiii. 46, see cataplasmarent. contritum, xxxv. 80, see madidum.

contriuit, xxvII. 22, see fatescit. controuersiae, see controuersie.

controuersie, aduersitates, xxxv. 222 (Ruf. xx. 21 fol. 186<sup>b</sup> multae controuersiae ...commotae).

contuentes, conspicientes con [sic], 11. 25 (Bened. reg. 40, 5 [6] infirmorum contuentes inbecillitatem).

contumacia, see contumax.

contuma[x], contradictor, II. 36 (Bened. reg. 23, 2[1] frater contumax; 71, 16[29] si contumax fuerit; cf. 62, 18[31] contumacia).

contusum, xxxv. 80, see madidum.

conveniens, appellans, vi. 21 (Breu. exsol.?).

conuenientia, see conibentia.

conuenit, 11. 123, see non expedit.

conuenticulum, xxxv. 302, see seminon. conuentio, 1. 32, see coniuratio.

conuentus, i. 19, see concilium; 28, see coetus; iv. 7, see curia.

conversationem, xxx. 88, see catastrofon. conversio, xxviii. 58, see apostropei.

conuerso, xxviii. 67, see anastrophe. conuertimus, xxviii. 58, see apostropei.

conuexa, extrema celi, xliv. 6 (Âlia; de cælo=Isid. de nat. rerum xii. 3 col. 983 Convexa, extrema cæli). A further explanation of this gloss is, perhaps, conuexa, ardua, xliv. 21. For conuexa see also (xliv. 1) partes.

conuexas, xliv. 11, see clima.

conuiator, xxxv. 54, see pedissequis. conuincendos, see ypo (sub) tyos (hoc) &c.

conuiuia, 1. 25, see commessationes.

conuoluulus, see inuoluco.

conurbicus, xxui uncias, xxxi. 26 (De ponder.?).

coopertis, xIII. 59, see feretri.

copos [compos], xxxv. 293, see uoti compos, sub voc. compos.

copulatio, xxviii. 19, see sympsalma.

coquiton, fluuius infernorum, xix. 22 (Job xxi. 33 dulcis fuit glareis Cocyti).

coquuntur, xvi. 1, see pistrinum.

cordati, xix. 62, see uiri cordati. corde, xix. 62, see uiri cordati; xxxv. 114, see uecors.

cordis, n. 179, see typo.

coreo, xlii. 21, see basterna.

coria, xxxv. 140, see portarum indumenta.

coribantas, idest qui fecerunt sonitum, xxxvIII. 37 (Clem. Recognitt. x. 18 Corybantas quosdam cymbala fecit ac tympana percutere).

corimbis [corymb-; carved clusters for the ornamenting of ships], nauibus, xxvvi. 5 (Alia=?) = Corimbus, nauibus uel cacumen, Cp. C661; Ep.—; corimbis, n., Ef.¹ 353, 60. Cf. corimbos, leac trogas, Cp. C656; corimbus, leac trocas, Ep. 8E34 & Ef.¹ 353, 27. The A. S. lēac-trog properly means vegetable-basket, see Bosw. T. (leac, a garden herb, and trog, a trough, tub, vessel); Engl. Dial. Dict. (tray, sb¹, sense1).

corio, xv. 18, see involuere. corium, xxi. 10, see sandalia.

cornu 1. an oil cruet, III. 19, see pessuli.

—2. a horn, xix. 31, see rinocerus.—3. a horn, trumpet, xxv. 7, see symphonia.

corona, xxII. 10, see diadema; see also teristra.

coronae, see duas coronas.

coronas, xxxvii. 19, see laurus; xxxix. 43, see duas coronas.

coronatus, xxxv. 106, see stephanus.

corone [-nae], xxxix. 43, see duas coronas.

coronis, xxi. 5, see cum coronis. corpora, xvi. 27, see malefici.

corporalis, xLIV. 29, see axem.

corpore [for corporeo], xxx. 29, see capun periens.

corporis, xxxvIII. 9, see epicurius.

corpulentioribus, crassioribus, x.v.III. 10 (De Cass., Inst. v. 7 qui ab escis corpulentioribus...temperarent). Cf. below excellentiores.

corpus, xII. 43, see lamia; xXIX. 66, see oma; XXXV. 181, see regio morbus; XXXIX. 33, see porta laurenti.

corrigia, xi. 9, see abene (for a bene). corrigie, see abene (for a bene).

corrupte, corrupte[-te], xxxiii. 7, see

cortex, see cinamum; cliutex; suber.

cortina, xIII. 59, see feretri.

cortix [-tex], viii. 11, see cinamum; xivi. 14, see suber, 25, see cliutex.

corus, see chorus.

corybantes, see coribantas.

corymbus, see corimbis.

cos, ueostun, xlvi. 4 (Alia=Ars Phocae, p. 419, 4 haec cos, haec dos). For ueostun = hwet-stān (= O. H. G. wezi-stein, wezzi-stein; Germ. wetz-stein; D. wet-steen), a whetstone, see Bosw. T. (hwet-stān); for the missing h, see Siev. Gr. § 217; for the missing t, cf. E. best=A. S. betst.

costae [dat. of costos?], see cassia. coste [for costo, or costae], x. 20, see

cassia.

costo, see cassia.

cothurno, see turnodo.

cotidianas, xL. 15, see momentaneas.

cotile [for cotula, or cotyla], xxxx. 8, see emina, 9, see comor.

cotile [cotylae], xxxIII. 20, see colamina.

cotula, see comor, emina. cotule habet dragmas lxxII idest scrupulos ccxVI &c., xxXII. 8, see emina.

coturno, see turnodo.

cotyla, see colamina; comor; emina.

cotylae, see colamina.

coum [choum, cohum], xliv. 2, see cous.
cous est quo celum contenetur unde
enias uix solum conplere coum terroribus
caeli, xliv. 2 (Alia, de cælo=Isid, de nat.
rerum, xli. 3 col. 983 Chous quod coelum
continet [quo coelum continetur, in note].
Unde Ennius [Ann. 545 (ed.\* Vahlen);
550 (ed.\* Vahlen); 570 (Postgate, Corp. 1)]:
"Vix solum complere choum terroribus
coeli"). A further explanation seems to
be: cous, dicitur eo quod sibi inuicem
in mundo iiii coeunt elementa, xliv. 17.
For cous (= xoîs, mound, heap?) see also
(xliv. 1) partes. Cf. Forcell. (cohum).
cragacus, see porco piscis.

crapula, ingluuies uel uomitum [sic], II. 27 (Bened. reg. 39, 12 [21] remota... crapula; cf. ib. 14, 16 [24, 26]).

crassioribus, xLVIII. 10, see corpulenti-

cratera, patena siue calix, xxiii. 7 (1 Esdr. viii. 27 crateres aureos; Heyse, in note, crateras).—cratera, patena, xxxviii. 17 (Clem. Recognitt. viii. 27 in cratere aliquo, ...omnibus ex cratere sumtis).

crateras, cratere, crateres, see cratera.

craticula for latriuncula, q.v.

craticulis, see graticulis. cratorias, see pantocranto.

creacras, fuscinulas, vn. 5 (2 Paral. v. 11, 16 fecit...creagras).

creagras, see creacras.

crebra, xxvIII. 75, see prolemsis.

crebro, xxvIII. 58, see apostropei. credenti (?), xxxIV. 48, see scatentibus. cremina, xxVIII. 77, see sinastrismus.

crepando, xxxix. 41, see crepido.

crepido, a crepando dicitur, xxxxx. 41 (Greg. Dial. 111. 17 col. 264<sup>B</sup> ab altaris crepidine pulverem collegit).

crescit, XIII. 1, see cucumerarium, 41, see paliurus, 57, see saliuncula; XXVIII. -69, see emphasis; XXXIX. 51, see byssus; XLVII. 24, see situs.

cresco, xLvi. 38, see glisco.

crescunt, x. 22, see areola; xII. 48, see pululent.

crestrum, see tabanus.

Creta comam diptamini mittit, XXXVIII. 18 (Clem. Recognitt., Rufini Praef. Creta comam dictamni mittit). There is no interpretation. On dipt., see Goetz, vi. 340 (voce dictamnus); Oxf. D.; Skeat, D. (dittany).

crimen, II. 117, see noxa.

crimina, see sinastrismus.

crines, XIII. 7, see discriminalia; XXI. 14, see cincinnos.

crinibus, xLVII. 6, see cirris.

crinicuł, funicul, xl. 7 (*Uerba?*). As the source of this gloss has not yet been traced, the contractions cannot be expanded. Cf. inculta *criniculorum* cæsarie (Aldh. de laud. Virg. p. 17); rasis cincinorum *criniculis* (*id.* p. 58) glossed by *locca* and *loccum* (Napier, 1211, 4173).

crisma, see nomen tuum.

crisolitus, auri colorem et stellas luculentas habet, xli. 13 (De nomin. div. = Apoc. xxi. 20 chrysolitus; see also Exod. xxvIII. 20, xxxix. 13; Ezek. xxvIII. 13 chrysolithus) = crisolitus (crys-) auricolorem et stellas habet, Cp. C886; Ep. 8C12 & Ef. 352, 22. For luculentas in Cp., Ep. and Ef. see below sardonix.

crispantes, vi. 23, see raucos. cristi, see chri fiscus.

cristonografon, see chri fiscus.

croceis, erba [herba] bona ad medicinam, xiv. 32 (Hier. = Thren. iv. 5 nutriebantur in croceis). The Cambr. MS.: crocus herba bona ad comedendum.

crocus herbe [-bae] flos est modice [-cae] mire [for miri?] odoris, x. 16 (Cant. iv. 14 nardus et crocus). See also croceis.

cronicon canuon, temporalium regularum, xxx. 77 (Cat. Hier. Lxxxx col. 689<sup>λ</sup> Chronicorum Canonum...historia; B: In cronicorum canonum...historiam; C:chronicorum canonum...historiam). The lemma is evidently taken from the Gr. text: χρονικῶν κανόνων...ίστορίας. Cf. cronicon, temporale, Cp. C885; Ep. 8C9; Ef. 352, 19.

cronicorum, see cronicon.

cronographias, temporalis scribturae [script-], xxx. 37 (Cat. Hier. xxxvIII col. 653<sup>B</sup> Meminit...et Casiani cujusdam χρονογραφίας; B: M...et Cassiani c. cronographie; C: M...et cassiani c. chrono) = cronografias, breuis scriptura, Cp. C896; cf. cronograffum, temporalis scriptura, Cp. C883; cronografum, temporalis scripturis, Ep. 8C2; cinocrafum, tempora uel scripturis, Ef.1 352, 12.

cronographie, see cronographias. crucem, xiv. 7, see lignum. cruci, xLII. 26, see furcifer. crucifigent, xvII. 21, see configent. cruda, ualens, xLIII. 19, see Carus. crudelem, 11. 173, see tirannidem. crudo, xII. 41, see lino crudo. cruentare, xxxv. 236, see funestare. crura, xvi. 11, see saraballa. cruribus, xLvi. 27, see uarix.

crusticis, bucellis, vi. 10 (Breu. exsol.?). crypta, spelunca peruia, xvi. 3 (Dan., Praef. Hier. p. xvib, and Migne xxviii col. 1292<sup>B</sup> per cryptam ambulans).

ctetica, see cethetica. cubat, xIII. 44, see fouit. cubitales, xv. 13, see pigmei.

cubitali, xxxv. 27, see puncto. cubiti, xv. 11, see preteriola; xv. 13, see pigmei.

cubitorum [for cubitos?], xxxx. 25, see

cubitos, xxx1. 24, see choros.

cubitum, elin, xvi. 28 (Dan. III. 1 fecit statuam...altitudine cubitorum sexaginta; cubitis ib. III. 47). For elin, an ell, see Bosw. T. (eln).

cucu, see cucuzata.

cuculla, 1. 17, see byrrus; see also byrrum; coculam; ependiten; lacernam.

cucullae, cucullam, cucullas, see coculam.

cuculus, see sticulus.

cucumerarium, hortus in quo cucumerus [Cambr. MS. cueumeris] crescit bona erba [herba] ad manducandum siue ad medicinam xIII. 1 (Isai. I. 8 tugurium in cucumerario) = cucumerarium, h. i. q. cucumeris c. b. herba a. m. s. a. m., Cp. C964.

cucumeris, see cucumerarium.

cucumerus, xIII. 1, see cucumerarium.

cucurata, see cucuzata.

cucuzata, laepiuince, xLVII. 60 (Alia=?) =c-, lepeuuince, Cp. C951; Ep. —; c-, laepaeuincae, Ef. 353, 49. cucuzata is also written cucurata (Wright W. 285, 11). For laepi-uince &c. (a lapwing, which also glosses cucu, Wright W. 260, 2; 367, 29, and upipa, Prompt. Parv.), see Bosw. T. (hleape-wince); Oxf. D.; Skeat, D. (lapwing); see also Kluge, Etym. Wrtb. (kibitz).

cudat, fabricat, xxxv. 271 (Ruf. vii. 1 fol. 116<sup>b</sup> Septimum nobis ecclesiasticae historiae librum...cudat...Dionysius) = cudit, fabricat, Cp. C924; cudat, fabricat,

Ep. 6E33; Ef. 349, 35.

cuiatis, huidirrynę, xLIII. 37; nostratis, hidirrine, xLIII. 38 (De div. nominibus = Donati Ars grammat. p. 379, 30 in note, in one MS. cuiatis nostratis; ibid. 380, 32 cuiatis nostratis). For huidirrynę (= hwider = whither, and ryne, a course, run, running) whither-running, whither-derived or originating, and hidir-ryne (= hider= hither, and ryne) hither-running, from our country, see Bosw. T.

cuimarsus, princeps uille [-lae], xxix. 65 (Uerb. Interpr. = Hier. in Matth. xxi. 10 Propheta, quem et Moyses similem sui dixerat esse venturum, et qui proprie apud Graecos cum arthro scribitur). According to the order in which this gloss follows in the Glossary, cuimarsus can only refer to the above quotation, cum arthro being, perhaps, misunderstood by the Glossator, who was, evidently, thinking of κωμάρχης; or it may be that his text had this latter word.

cuius, r. 111; xr. 14; xxviii. 54. culices, xxi. 16, see conopeum.

culicet, see reculicet. culinae, see culine.

culine, fornacula, xv. 42 (Ezech. XLVI. 23 culinae fabricatae erant...).

culix [-lex], xxi. 16, see conopeum. culmen, IV. 52, see monarchia.

culpa, II. 117, see noxa.

culpauerit, II. 57, see excesserit. culpetur, 11. 127, see obiurgetur.

cultura, xII. 8, see rusticatio; xxvII. 28, see in georgicis.

cum, 1. 25, 95; x111. 23, 43; xxv111. 25, 42, 51, 53, 55, 64, 65, 70, 76, 78; xxxv. 70; XXXIX. 20; XLI. 17; XLIV. 27.

cum arthro, see cuimarsus.

cum coronis, circulis aureis in capitibus eorum significantes uictoriam eius uel in choris cantantes, xxi. 5 (Judith III. 10 excipientes eum cum coronis...ducentes choros).

cumulare, see exaggerare.

cunabula, xLvi. 33, see cune. cunabulis, see cunabulum.

cunabulum, uas in quo iacent infantes, xxxv. 57 (Ruf. vi. 2 fol. 94b ex ipsis cunabulis; also in ed. of 1535; Cacciari, p. 319: ex ipsis incunabulis). According to the place where the word occurs in the Glossary, it might refer to x1. 16 fol. 185a ab incunabulis, where also a reading cuna-

bulis may have existed.

cune, ciltrog unde cunabula, x.v.. 33 (Alia=Ars Phocae, p. 428, 8 cunae). Cf. cunae, cildelaŏas, Cp. C966; curae (for cunae) statum infantum, Cp. C954. For ciltrog (=cild-trog, a child's cradle) see Bosw. T. (cilda trog and trog).

cuniculum, foramen uel canalis, xxxv. 211 (De Eus.); coniculum, a conando [cun-?], iv. 94 (Eccl. Istor.) = (Ruf. x. 13 fol. 168a in secessus cuniculum) = cuniculum, f. u. c., Cp. C922; Ep. 6E32; Ef. 1

349, 34.

cuniculus, see maruca; suricus.

c. uolles, c. nummos, xxxvii. 2 (S. Aug. Serm. 45, 2 [Migne, P. L. xxxviii col. 263] qui contemnit centum folles...invenisti eum contemnentem folles centum; Serm. 389, 3 [Migne, P. L. xxxix col. 1704] centum folles...jussit erogari). For other instances from Aug. see Lew. and Sh. (follis, C<sup>2</sup>).

cupiditatis, r. 1, see aleator. cupiens, n. 46, see desidens. cura, xlviii. 41, see synaxeos eura. curae, see synaxeos cura. curam, xxxv. 22, see curione. curatoris, r. 101, see procuratores.

curculio, see gurgullio.
curia, conuentus, iv. 7 (Ruf. 1. 3 fol. 8b
ex consessu curiae; cf. curia ibid. viii. 16
fol. 143b).—curia, ubi ordo consilium iniit,
xxix. 21 (Uerb. Interpr. = Hier. in Matth.
xiv. 11 a censoribus pulsum curia). For
curia see also (xxxvii. 9) tabulas legat.

curione, qui curam gerit, xxxv. 22 (Ruf. Iv. 15 fol. 63ª misso...Curione). Cacciari, p. 210, note x: praecone, decurione.

curiosa, see scuriosa.

currit, viii. 12, see naena, 14, see blena; x. 19, see gutta; xlvii. 15, see tappula. curro, xlii. 21, see basterna. currunt, xxii. 16, see ueredarii. currus, xiii. 59, see feretri. curtina, xiii. 12, see teristra; xxxviii. 6, see stragula.

curuis, xxxv. 41, see in aculeis.
curuum, xxxv. 39, see ungulam.
custodes, 1. 40, see defensores.
custodis, Iv. 31, see prestatio.
custodiis, Iv. 35 and xxxv. 294, see thecis.
custodii, xxxxx. 5, see mansionarius.
custodii, xxxxx. 5, see mansionarius.
custodum, xxxvi. 5, see fares.
custos, xxvii. 33, see artofilax.
cutem, xxxv. 122, see callos.
cutis, xxxv. 3, see prorigo.
cuturno, see turnodo.
cyathi, see cyati.

cyati, mensum minutum, v. 1 (Eccl.

Stor.); cyati, calices, xxxv. 12 (De Euseb.) = (Ruf. III. 6 fol. 36b unius panis, aut cyathi farinae).—ciatos habens pensum solidorum vi, xxxii. 6 (De ponder.?). Cf. Blume, I. 375, 25 (cyatos); 374, 27 (ciatum); 375, 1 (ciati).—Cf. further cyatos (II. 86, sub v. himina); urna; and cyatus, calix, Cp. C972; Ep. 6E28; cietas, calix, Ef. 349, 30.

cyclis (?), see ciclis. cymbalis, see in nablis.

cymentarii, qui minores [lapides] dolant, xxIII. 4 (1 Esdr. III. 7 Dederunt... pecunias latomis et cæmentariis; III. 10 fundato...a cæmentariis templo). See also latomi.

cymiteria, sepulture, 1. 24, see coementeria.

cyneris, nablis, idest citharis longiores quam psalterium nam psalterium triangulum fit theodorus dixit, x11. 40 (Eccles. xxxxx. 20 Vulg. confitemini illi in voce labiorum vestrorum, et in canticis labiorum et citharis). Sab. records in a note that a Sangerm. MS. has cinyris for citharis. The Cambr. MS. has: Cineris, nablis. It is difficult to say who "Theodorus" was. Glogger suggests either Th. of Heraclea, who died about A.D. 355; or Th. of Mopsuestia, d. about A.D. 428, or Th. of Tharsus, Archbp. of Canterbury, who died A.D. 695.

CYNXPONON, unius temporis, XVIII. 1 (Ose; Praef. Hier. in XII Proph., p. XVIII Osee synchronon Isaiae; Migne, P. L.

ΧΧΥΙΙΙ col. 1016 Δσύγχρονον).

cypressus, uiridem habet colorem ut est porrus et stellas aureas habet, xl. 16 (De nomin. div.=Apoc. xxl. 20 chrysoprasus)=cyprassus, uiridem h. c. aureum hoc est et stellas, Cp. C977; Ep. 8C13; Ef. 352, 23. For ut est porrus in Cp., Ep. and Ef. see the present Glossary in voce topation.

cypri, see cyprus.

cyprius, prouintia [-cia], xxxv. 299 (Ruf. x. 5 fol. 160b Spiridion Cyprius

episcopus).

cyprus, arbor est similis salice [salici] habens flores miri odoris et butros sieut erba [herba] pratearum [pratorum? as in the Cambridge MS.], x. 10 (Cant. 1. 13 Vers. ant. Sab.: Nardus cypri; ib. Vulg.: Botrus cypri).

cyrie, xxix. 63, see ileusun cyrie. cyrieleison, see kyrieleison. cythara [cith-], xxxv. 161, see psaltes.

d for g: urido (for urigo).—for t: capud (caput); ridhmus (rhythmus).
daefecatior, see defecatior.

daemones, see manius.

daemoniosum, see arreptitium.

dalatura, see dolabella.

dalmatica, tonica lata habens manicas misalis [=missalis, -les, of or belonging to the missa], xxxix. 32 (Greg. Dial. iv. 40 col. 397 dalmaticam...tetigit) = Dalmatica, tunica latas manicas habens, Cp. D10; Ep. —; Ef. 356, 72.

damma, elha, xLv. 20 (Uerba de multis = Ars Phocae, p. 412, 20 masculini generis, hic...damma) = damma, bestia idest eola, Cp. D12; Ep. —; Ef. 357, 4. For elha,

eola, an elk, see Bosw. T. (eolh).

damnando, xxxv. 207, see proscribendo. damnatur, xxxvII. 17, see addicitur.

Dan, proprium nomen gentis, xv. (Ezech. xxvII. 19 Dan et Graecia; cf. ibid. xLvIII. 1, 2, 32).

DANIELEM, XVI tit.

Danihelis, see ypo (sub) tyos (hoc) &c.

dant, xxxviii. 44, see epibatis.

dantur, 1. 112, see stipendiis; xxxvIII. 43, see nastologis.

dapes, IV. 58, see oedipia, sub v. thesteas.

dapulas [for stipulas?], III. 54, see enrusa.

dare, xLI. 1, see presbiteri, 2, see chorepiscopi; dare, 1. 82, see operam

darent, IV. 41, see pessimos darent.

datione, xII. 33, see de traiectione.

datur, xxvIII. 57, see figura; xxxIII. 6, see stater.

daturque, xxII. 16, see ueredarii.

dauid, x. 24, see Salamitis; xxIII. 17, see ciuitas dauid.

de, I tit.; II tit.; III tit.; IV. 79 (bis); v tit.; 6 (bis), 14; vi. 16, 29; viii. 16, 18, 19; x. 7, 19, 26; xi. 5; xii. 9 (bis), 21, 33 (bis); xiii. 6-9, 25 (bis), 40, 56; xiv. 3, 5, 6, 14; xv. 14, 22, 37, 45; xvi. 14, 21; xvii tit. (bis), 4; xix. 40 (bis), 44 (bis), 48; xxi. 18, 20; xxII. 4, 16; xXIII. 1; XXIV. 10, 13; xxv. 3, 4, 7; xxvi. 13; xxvii. 28; xxix. 11, 62 (bis); xxx. 13, 20, 27, 28 (bis), 29 (bis), 35, 43 (bis), 82 (bis), 91; xxxIII. 7; xxxv. 30, 42, 164 (bis), 223, 238 (bis), 241, 254 (bis), 294; xxxvIII. 19; xxxIX. 15 (bis); XLI tit.; XLII. 21; XLIII tit., 21; XLIV tit.; XLV tit.; XLVIII tit.

de, see delecto eius (for de lecto).

dea, xIII. 43, see lamia.

dearum, xLIII. 27, see frora.

deauratum, xxII. 8, see lecti aurei.

debitis, xxxv. 206, see salariis.

debuerunt, xxII. 11, see mundum m-. decani, a decim [decem] nominantur, II. 53 (Bened. reg. 21, 4 constituantur decani; 6 [8] decani tales elegantur; 8 [13] decani; cf. 21 tit., De decanis; 62, 12 [21] a decanis; 65, 21 [42] per decanos).—decanorum, qui per x nummos auguriantur (!), xxxvIII. 31 (Clem. Recognitt. 1x. 26 secundum numerum decanorum). Goetz (vi. 306) suggests to read numeros for nummos.

decanis, decanos, see decani.

decanorum, qui per x nummos auguriantur, xxxvIII. 31, see decani.

decapolim, x ciuitates in una prouintia [-cia], xxix. 31 (Uerb. Interpr. = Hier. in Matth. IV. 24, 5 de Galilea et Decapoli; Vulg. Decapolim).

DE CASSIANO, XXXIV tit.

de cassidie, pera pastoralis, xx. 9 (Tobias vIII. 2 protulit de cassidili suo partem jecoris; Heyse, in note, de cassidile). Cf. cassidele, pung (a bag, purse), Cp. C136; Ep. —; Ef. 354, 40.

DE CA[TA]LOGO HIERONIMI IN PROLOGO, xxx tit. [in prologo seems to refer to the first two lemmata (peripatthiens and Canitius) of the Chapter, which are extracted from St Jerome's Preface to his Catalogus, or Liber de illustribus viris; see the "Admonitio" in Migne's ed., col. 597, and note a on col. 601 ibid.].

decem, see colamina; decani. december, xxII. 14, see Tebetht.

decem iugera uinearum, x iugeres uel diurnales, xIII. 15 (Isai. v. 10 decem ... jugera vinearum facient lagunculam unam). For iugeres see also below sub v. iugeres; Forcellini; Maii Spicil. Ix ad fin., Gloss. nov. Lat. p. 34 (iuger, ris, gen. masc. Opusc. vet. MS. in Isaiam Decem iugeres vel diurnales).

decemnoualem, xxx. 53, see enneafe

decerida, sub v. ex ca.

decerida, xxx. 52, 53, see ex ca. decim [decem], II. 53, see decani; XXXIII. 20, see colamina.

decima, xxxIII. 16, see gomor.

decimas, xxI. 18, see sancta domini.

decipulam, tenticulam [tend-] qua aues capiuntur, xxix, 23 (Uerb. Interpr. = Hier. in Matth. xix. 1 col. 1344 ut decipulam eorum transeat). Cf. decipula, bisuicfalle, Cp. D33.

decisio [sine interpretat.], 1. 42 (De Canon.; Can. Conc. Carth. LIX decisio

clericorum).

de citiuis, de insanis, xxix. 62 (Uerb. Interpr. = Hier. in Matth. xv. 31 De κυλλοις tacuit; xv. 29, 30 κυλλούς and κυλλός).

declarauerit, xxxv. 194, see expolierit.

DE CLEMENTE, XXXVIII tit.

declinans, xLIV. 25, see dextera.

decora, xxvIII. 46, see aetilogia.

decore, xxviii. 25, see scema.

decorem, xxviii. 68, see anadiplosis; xLviii. 21, see leporem.

decorticantur, viii. 18, see ptisanas.

decrepita, fracta uel uetorosa [ueternosa], xxvi. 9 (Isid. Offic. II. 7, 4 propter decrepitam senectutem).—decrepitam, dobend, xxxix. 30 (Greg. Dial. Iv. 52 col. 413<sup>B</sup> usque ad actatem decrepitam)=decrepita, dobgendi, Cp. D46; Ep.—; decrepita, dobendi, Ef. 356, 6. For dobend &c., doting, see Bosw. T. dofung (dotage), dufian (to sink); Kluge, A. S. Leseb. 170 (dofan, toben); Franck, Woord. Ned. T. (doof).

decurio, princeps super x homines, xxv. 9 (Marc. xv. 43 nobilis decurio; Luc. xxIII.

50 qui erat decurio).

decurione, see curione.

decursa, xxvIII. 75, see prolemsis.

decus, 1. 57, see genuinum decus.

DE DIALOGORUM, XXXIX tit.

dedicationes, xxv. 11, see enchenia. dedictum [for dedicatum?], x. 6, see un-

guentum exinanitum,

dedragma due Dragmae sunt unde miror quomodo in libro hebraicarum questionum semeuncias scribitur, xxxırı. 5 (Euch. De pond., p. 158, 11 didragma dragmae duae, unde m.q. in l. H. quaestionum semuncia s.). The Brit. Mus. MS. adds: didragma habet scripula vi. Cf. Wotke's note (ibid.); cf. dedragmae, duae mensurae, Cp. D149, and see below didragma.

deduco, see deducor.

deducor [for deduco], 1. 102, see prosequor.

DE ECCLESIASTICO, XII tit.

DE ECLESIASTEN, IX tit.

de entoetromito, deflicto [for de ficto? for fictus ef. Cp. F44, 312; S313] diuersarum dispositionum, xxx. 82 (Cat. Hier. Lxxxv col. 691° de Engastrimytho; Migne's Gr. text: περὶ βργαστριμύθου; Richardson: De ἐγγαστριμύθω; B: de entasrimeiteon; C [blank]). Diuersarum dispositionum is here out of place; it clearly refers to Cat. Hier. LxxxvI col. 693<sup>Δ</sup>: multaque diuersarum ὑποθόσεων scripsit volumina, where B has: m. diuersarum expositionum s. vol.; and C: multaque diuersarum [blank]s. vol. Cf. ypoteseon, dispositionum, Cp. Y1; Ef. 401, 5.

DE [E]ODEM libro [heading to a second collection from the Lib. Rotarum=Isid. Lib. de natura rerum], XXVII. 18.

DE ESTER, XXII tit.

DE EUSEBIO, XXXV tit.

defatiget, see deficiet.

defecatior, purior, iv. 109 (Ruf. xi. 26 fol. 189b aqua...defecatior ac purior red-

ditur; Cacciari, 11. p. 108: dæfecatior). Further explanations of this gloss seem to be 1v. 110: defecatum, liquidam, and 1v. 111: purum, extersum. See also defecatum, uinum purificatum, Cp. D79; Ep. —; Ef. 356, 56.

defecatum, liquidam, rv. 110, see de-

fecatior.

defectio, xxvII. 1, see deliquium, 21, see \*\*eclipsis; xxxIX. 47, see sincopin.

defectionis, see obductionis.

defenditur, xxxvII. 15, see uindicatur.

defensor, 1. 87, see presul.

defensores, custodes presides [praes-], I. 40 (De Canon.; Can. Conc. Carth. LXXV ut defensores eis...delegentur; de defensoribus Ecclesiarum, ib. tit.; dent facultatem defensores constituendi, ib. xCVII.). Cf. Can. Conc. Calched. II & XXIII (defensorem).

defetimur, renitimur, vi. 25 (Breu.

exsol. ?).

deficientes, 1. 37, see delirantes.

deficiet, fatiget, xxvIII. 1 (Lib. Anton. xv.; Migne, P.L. LxXIII col. 135<sup>35</sup> non vos aut tædium defatiget) = defitiget, fatiget, Cp. D51; Ep. —; defiget, fatiget, Ef. 1356, 15. Cf. defatiget, suenceth, Cp. D52.

de figmento, de plasmatione hominis, xxxv. 164 (Ruf. Iv. 26 fol. 70° De figmento). Cf. figmenta, plasmatio hominum, Cp.

F174.

definita, see secus.

definitio, see dogma.

definitiones, see sanctiones.

definiuit, see sanxit.

defixiezodo, see psichiexodo.

deflicto (for de ficto?), xxx. 82, see de entoetromito.

deflorare, euellare (!), xxxiv. 53 (De Cass. Inst. v. 4, 2 unamquamque uirtutem ...deflorare; two MSS. have deplorare).

deforma [deformis?], III. 10, see hispida; for deforma = deformia, xv. 44, see prophana.

deformis, see hispida.

degessimus, see digessimus.

degesti sunt, congregati sunt, xxxiv. 52; see digessimus.

degradauerit, deposuerit, II. 42 (Bened. reg. 63, 14 [24] hos quos...abbas...degradaverit).

dei, xxx. 20, see pantocranto, 29, see capun periens; xxxv. 17, see a theologia, 147, see petalum; xxxvI. 1, see Iani; xxxvIII. 20, see fidiae opera; see also epimehne, sub v. epitomen.

deicio, xLIII. 45, see pytisso.

deificum lumen, diuinum lumen, 11. 40 (Bened. reg. Prol. 20 [28] ad deificum lumen); cf. Ef.<sup>2</sup> 286, 12 (deficum, diuinum).

deinde, xxxv. 297, see exin; xLIV. 27, see leua.

DE IOHEL UEL DE PROPHETIS MINORIBUS, XVII tit.

delatus, see consulari delectus.

delectabilia, x. 15, see emissiones tuę.

delectionis, see obductionis.

delecto etus, legationes eius, XLVIII. 29 (De Cass., Inst. 1. 1, 2 prior...missus ad increpandos nuntios Ochoziae...eo quod ...propheta descensum de lecto ei [eius, in three MSS.] in quo conciderat denegasset, decumbenti regi exposita uestitus qualitate conpertus est). It is clear that the Glossator regarded de lecto as one word referring to the messengers of King Ochozias to Elijah; see III Reg. 1. 1 sq.

delectus [for delatus?], xxxv. 149; see

consulari delectus.

Del et hnabot [sine interpret.], XIII. 54 (Isai. XIVI. 1 confractus est Bel, contritus est Nabo; Heyse in note Naboth).

delibamus [deliberamus], 1. 132, see

satagimus.

deliberamus, see satagimus.

deliberatio [sine interpret.], II. 55 (Bened. reg. 58, 24 [41] habita secum deliberatione). Cf. deliberatio, ymb&riodung, Cp. D62; d., ymbdritung, Ef. 356, 36, and Bosw. T. (ymb-preodian, ymb-preoding).

deliberatione, see deliberatio.

deliberatum, see delibratum.

delibratum, cogitatum, xxxv. 273 (Ruf. vii. 12 fol. 120b continuo sibi et delibera-

tum asserit, et...confirmatum).

delibutus, unctus, xxvi. 4 (Isid. Offic. II. 26, 2 mystico vnguento est delibutus). Cf. delibutus, perunctus infusus, Cp. D38; d-, perunctus uel perfusus, Ef. 2 283, 58 and Goetz, vi. 318b (delibutus).

deliquium, defectio, xxvII. 1 (Lib. Rot. = Isid. de nat. rer., xxIV. 1 solis deliquium)

=Cp. D95; Ep. —; Ef. 356, 58.

delirantes, mente deficientes, I. 37 (De Canon.; Vet. Defin. fid. Chalc., Mans. VII. 754b Ipsis...figuram delirantes vel insanientes dicimus; 755b delirantes exterminat).

delubra, templa deorum, xxxv. 224 (Ruf. xr. 28 fol. 190<sup>b</sup> quae...stare delubra potuerunt; xr. 22 fol. 187<sup>a</sup> impuritates delubri; xr. 23 fol. 187<sup>b</sup> Interioris delubri parietes). Cf. delubra, templa idolorum, Cp. D201.

DE MARCO ET LUCA ET IOHANNE, XXV

it.

demergit, xliv. 26, see a tergo.

demergitur, xLIV. 27, see leua.

deminut-, see diminit-.

demon [daemon], xxxvIII. 28, see cacodemonus.

demones [daem-], IV. 104, see manius. demoniosum [daem-], XIV. 17, see arreptium.

de monogamia, de singularibus nuptiis, xxx. 43 (Cat. Hier. LIII col. 6634 texuit volumina de pudicitia...de monogamia). Cf. monogamia, singularis nuptiae, Cp. M250; Ep. 14C13; Ef. 370, 46.

demum, postea, II. 54 (Bened. reg. 2,

22 [31]; 73, 19 [33] tunc demum).

denarii, xxxII. 1, see dragma.
denarius per x nummis deputatur, xxxII.
38 (De ponder.). Cf. Blume, I. 374, 1

densitudo, xxxiv. 25, see pinsit. denso, xxvii. 32, see opago tempore.

dentes, XIII. 18, see sarculum, 36, see in serris, 47, see plaustrum; XIX. 56, see molas.

deo, 1. 109, see religio; xxx. 29, see capun periens.

de octoade, de octaua die, v. 6 (Eccl. Stor.); de octoade, de nouo testamento, xxxv. 254 (De Eus.); see ogdoade.

DEODEM [for de eodem], XXVII. 18.

DE OROSIO, XXXVI tit.

deorsum, x. 21, see elate palmarum; deorsum, x.iv. 27, see dextera.

deorum, xxxv. 94, see theomachie, 224, see delubra.

DE OSE SPETIALITER [Spec-], XVIII tit.

DE PARALIPOMENON, VII tit. [otherwise entit. Chron. 1. & 11.].

dependisset, sustinuisset, iv. 32 (Ruf. III. 6 fol. 37b supplicium ciuitas dependis-

de philoxenia, de amore ospicium [hospitium], xxx. 28 (Cat. Hier. xxxv col. 643<sup>B</sup> de philoxenia [de φιλοξενία, Rich.] librum; B: de philogenia idest hospitalitate librum; C: de hospitalitate librum).

de piasma, fractura [factura?] uel ars,

xxx. 27; see plasma.

depicta, xxxvIII. 6, see stragula. depingit; depinguit, see pinsit.

DE PONDERIBUS, XXXII tit.; DE PONDERIBUS INCIPIT, XXXI tit.; DE PONDERIBUS SECUNDUM EUCHERIUM, XXXIII tit.

depromsimus, protulimus, 1. 38 (De Canon.; Can. Conc. Carthag., Praef. p. 143\*

Praeter ista, quae depromsimus actis).
depteronomium, see deuteronomii.
depulit, xxxv. 105, see arcet.

deputatio, xxxvII. 16, see taxatio. deputato, II. 21, see adsignato.

deputatur, xxxi. 38, see denarius.
de radice colubri nascitur regulus qui
manducat aucellas idest basiliscus secundum historiam dicitur de colubri
nasci, xm. 25 (Isai. xvv. 29 de radice...

colubri egredietur regulus; Cambr. MS.: De colubro nascitur regulus q. m. a. Nascitur represents, perhaps, another reading; or it may be a gloss to egredietur). Cf. E. basilisk, Oxf. D.

derelictum, n. 65, see excussum.

deriguere, see diriguere.

deriuatur, see areola.

DE SALAMONE, VIII tit.

DE SANCTI AGUSTINI [Aug-], XXXVII tit. DE SAPIENTIA, XI tit.

descendentes, xxII. 16, see ueredarii.

describitur, see caracterismos. describunt, see cardines.

desertator, 11. 156, see stirpator.

deserto, xiv. 11, see perdix.

deses, see seres.

desidens, negligens uel otium cupiens, n. 46 (Bened. reg.?). The lemma does not seem to occur in the Reg. Bened.; it is, perhaps, a further explanation of desidia (q.v.); see also desidiosus.

desiderare, xxxv. 259, see gestire.

desidia, ignauia, n. 45 (Bened. reg. Prol. 5 [6] per inoboedientiae desidiam). desidiam, see desidia.

desidiosis, see desidiosus.

desidiosus, ignauus pigrus [sic], n. 41 (Bened. reg. 48, 41 [72] Si quis...desidiosus fuerit; cf. 73, 16 [26] Nobis...desidiosis ...rubor confusionis est).

designant, xLIV. 11, see clima.

designauimus, II. 177, see taxauimus.

de siliquis, fructus arboris colligitur porcis, xxv. 6; see siliqua.

desinat, xxxv. 150, see facessat.

desolati sunt, see asolatis.

desolutio, xxxix. 40, see paralisin.

desonat, xxxv. 76, see fessat.

desperabilis, see obstinatus.

despicatis, see dispicatis.

despiciendo, II. 163, see spernendo.

destinabunt, see presbiteri.

destruitur, see menstruum.

desuper, III. 56, see ependiten; XIII. 59, see feretri; XXI. 10, see sandalia; XXIV. 17, see clibanus.

detegere, II. 118, see non detegere. deterrens, xxvIII. 26, see paradigma. detineri, I. 63, see inhibere.

de traiectione, de datione, idest malum, xII. 33 (Eccles. xxxvII. 12 tracta...cum negotiatore de trajectione).

de triuio, de tribus uiis, IV. 79 and

xxxv. 238, see triuium.

deucalionem, nomen regis sub [quo] diluuium factum est non generare, xxxvIII. 22 (Clem. Recognitt. vIII. 50 Deus diluvium mundo induxit, quod vos sub Deucalione factum dicitis). Cf. Goetz, vI. 335. Glogger suggests that Non generare may

be for non generale, that is not the general deluge.

deuocari [sine interpretat.], 1. 43 (De Canon.; Can. Conc. Carth. Lix non liceat clericum in iudicium... deuocari eum, qui...).

deuoratores, vi. 7, see ambrones.

deuotatum, male dicturio inconparari, xl. 3 (*Uerba*?). Cf. *deuotaturi*, maledicturi, Cp. D180.

deus, 1. 39, see diuus; xxvIII. 52 (bis), see epizeusis, 53 (bis), see paraprosdocia;

XLIII. 3, see Pan, 17, see Nereus.

deuteres, renouationes, xxix. 33 (Uerb. Interpr. = Hier. in Matth. xxii. 23 Pharisæi traditionum et observationum, quas illi δευτερώσεις vocant, justitiam præferebant).

deuteronomii, secunda lex, II. 52 (Bened. reg. 13, 14 canticum Deuteronomii; [22 canticum deutheronomium; in note deuterand depteronomium]) = Deuteronomium, s. l., Cp. Int. 83 (Euch. 105).

deuteronomium, see deuteronomii.

deuterosin, secunda lex, xxx. 22 (Cat. Hier. xvIII col. 637<sup>B</sup> Hic dicitur mille annorum Judaicam edidisse δευτέρωσιν; B: aeoytyerosen, idest nouitatem; C [blank]). deutheronomium, see deuteronomii.

dexter, xxxvi. 6, see eurus.

dextera, mutatur quando sibi uertix [-tex] in circium declinans ad eum subregit austronothum, xLIV. 25;-a tergo, dicitur errare dum austronotho in sublimi erecto uertix se in summum poli demergit, xLIV. 26;-leua, deinde cum se subleuans in boreum uertix austronothum precipitans obiecit et sursum atque deorsum dicimus quod celum sicut in ortu surgens eregitur ita et in occasu demergitur. sunt uii motus celi qui solem et lunam dum polo sunt tardiores in diuersis oriri et occidere cogunt orbibus, xLIV. 27 (Alia; de cælo=Isid. de nat. rerum xII. 5 quod motum inerrabilem habeat, siquidem sex alii motus errabiles sunt, ante, a tergo, dextra, laevaque, sursum, deorsum).

diaconico, ministerio, 1. 41 (De Canon.; Can. Conc. Laod. exxiv tit. a diaconico id est a secretario; ibid. non oporteat subdiaconos habere locum in diaconico).

diaconissa, quam diaconus habuit, xxxix. 23 (Greg. Dial.?). The word diaconissa does not seem to occur in Gregory's Dial., and the present gloss is, perhaps, merely a further explanation of the preceding presbitera (q. v.). Cf. Can. Conc. Calched. 15 De diaconissis mulieribus. Diaconissam non ordinandam.

diaconus, xxxix. 23, see diaconissa.

diadema, corona aurea, xxII. 10 (Esther II. 17 posuit diadema regni in capite ejus;

vi. 8 regium diadema; i. 11 posito...dia-

diafonia, dissonantia, xxx. 57; see diaphonian.

diaforesis, per quam fit differentia personarum, xxviii. 80 (Cass. Psalm. xxxvi.

22 diaphoresis p.q.f.d.p.). dialectica, dualis dictio, xxx. 45 [=Cp. D259; Ef. 356, 11]; arethimetica, numeralis, xxx. 46; musica, modo labiis [for modulabilis?], xxx. 47; geometrica, terre mensura, xxx. 48; grammatica, literali, xxx. 49 [=gr-, litteralis, Cp. G144]; rethorica, eloquentia, xxx. 50 [=rethorica, praeclara eloquentia, Cp. R62]; astronomia, siderum lex, xxx. 51 [cf. a-, lex astrorum, Cp. A827] (Cat. Hier. LIV col. 6650 dialecticam ... et geometriam, et arithmeticam, musicam, grammaticam et rhetoricam, omniumque philosophorum sectas...didicit [διαλεκτικήν, καὶ γεωμετρικήν, άριθμητικήν, μουσικήν, γραμματικήν, και ρητορικήν, και πάντων...]; Β: dyaleticam...et geometriam et astronomiam et arismetricam, musicam, grammaticam et rethoricam, omniumque phil. s.d.; C: dialeticam ... et geometricam, arismeticam, musicam, grammaticam et rhetoricam omniumque ph. s. d.). Cf. Cat. Hier. LXXIII col. 683B: arithmetica, geometria, astronomia, grammatica, rhetorica, dialectica; B: in arismetrica, geometria, astronomia, gramatica, rethorica, dyaletica; C: in arismetricam, geometricam, astronomiam, grammaticam, rhetoricam, dialeticam.

dialecticam, see dialectica.

dialecticis, fecundia, xxxiv. 45 (De Cass., Inst. xII. 19 syllogismis dialecticis et Tulliana facundia). According to Glogger a St Gallen MS. has facundis instead of fecundia.

dialetica, see dialectica.

dialogo, xxxvII. 9, see tabulas legat.

DIALOGORUM, XXXIX tit.

diametro, xxxviii. 35, see ex diametro. Diana, filia iouis, xxvIII. 11 (Lib. Anton. xLVII col. 160A Dianam).

Dianam, see Diana.

diaphonian, dissonantiam, xxx. 11 (Cat. Hier. Ix col. 623<sup>B</sup> res...διαφωνίαν (dissonantiam)...tollit; B: res diaphonian id est dissonantiam ... tulit; C: res et [blank] idem dissonanciam...tollit).—diafonia, dissonantia, xxx. 57 (Cat. Hier. LXIII col. 675<sup>A</sup> super διαφωνία.. disputat; B: super dyaphonia ... disputat; C: super [blank] ... disputat). Cf. also Cat. Hier. LXXXI col. 689<sup>A</sup> de Evangeliorum Diaphonia; B: de E. dyaphonia, idest dissonantia; C: de euangeliis [blank]) = Cp. D248; Ep. -; Ef.1 355, 49.

diaphoresis, see diaforesis.

diapsalma, uero sermenum rupta continuatio, xxvIII. 20 (Cass. Psalm., Praef. xI. d., u. s. r. c.; see also id. in Ps. IV. 4 diapsalmatis silentium; IX. 16 canticum diapsalmatis) = diapsalma, sermonum rupta continuatio, Cp. Int. 87; cf. sympslma, diapsalma, Ep. 23C31, and sympsalma, diapsalma, Ef. 1389, 32. In the latter two Glossaries, therefore, we have merely two lemmata without the interpretations; see sympsalma; uero in the above gloss refers to the preceding clause in the text.

diatiposis, latini expresio dicitur ubi rebus personisue subiectis et forme ipse et habitus exprimuntur, xxvIII. 88 (Cass. Psalm. xxx. 11 figura diatyposis, quae Latine expressio d.u.r.p.s.e. formae ipsae

e. h.e. See also ibid. 14).

diatribas, dissensiones uel disputationes, xxix. 71 (Uerb, Interpr.).—diatripas, conflictus proprium nomen loci ubi discunt dispuli [discipuli], xxx. 26=(Cat. Hier. XXIII col. 641c: cum in urbe Roma haberet διατριβάς; B: cum in u.R.h. aiatkibas idest dissentiones et conflictus; C: cum in v. rona h. [blank]). There is nothing in the above readings militating against the various meanings of διατριβή, and in Cp. D262 and Ef. 356, 14 we find Diatrifas, conflictus. But Glogger suggests that a lemma has fallen out, namely: gymnicus agon (γυμνικός ἀγών) which occurs xxII col. 641A; cf. Cp. G192 (= Ep. 10C26; Ef. 363, 3): Gymnieus agon locus ubi leguntur diuersae artes.

diatrifas, see diatripas, sub v. diatribas. diatripas, conflictus &c., xxx. 26, see

diatribas.

diatyposis, see diatiposis. dic, xLIII. 48, see cedo.

dicantur, xxvIII. 18, see apo tu-.

dicebantur, xxxix. 52, see omnes dies....

dicenda, xxvIII. 64, see epitrocasmos. dicens, xxvIII. 39, see allegoria.

dicentium, xxxv. 199, see garrientium.

dicere, xxxix. 36, see sex untias.

dici, xxvIII. 18, see apo tu-.

dicinus, xl.rv. 27, see leua. dicit, xxxı. 22, 37. dicitur, II. 35, 161, 188; III. 62; VIII. 12, 14; x. 6, 22 (bis); xl. 4; xll. 42; xll. 25, 36, 43; xiv. 10; xv. 22; xvi. 13; xxi. 16; xxII. 4, 11; xXIII. 20; xXIV. 10, 12, 16; xxvIII. 49, 52, 62, 74, 88; xxx. 20; xxxI. 37; xxxIII. 3, 7, 13 (bis); xxxv. 15, 144; xxxvii. 12; xxxix. 24, 28, 41, 42, 48-50; XLII. 9; XLIII. 4, 18; XLIV. 17, 19, 26; xlv. 11, 16; xlvii. 28.

dicitur, xIII. 47, for dicuntur, see plaus-

dico, II. 170, see uerbotenus.

dicta, 11. 87, see aabita, 146, see regula; xxvIII. 44, see hypallage.

dictamni, see creta comam-.

dictare, I. 97, see preces dictare.

dicte, xLvi. 36, see manubie.

dicti, xxvIII. 64, see epitrocasmos, 82, see efexegresis.

dictio, xxvIII. 33, see tropus, 54, see aposiopesis, 61, see amphibolia; xxix. 1, see allegoria; xxx. 45, see dialectica.

dictionis, xxvIII. 25, see scema, 57, see

figura, 68, see anadiplosis.

dictis, xxxv. 191, see affatibus. dietum, xxvi. 13, see uaruassi.

dicturio, xl. 3, see deuotatum.

dictus, xLIV. 7, see poli.

dicunt, xxvIII. 55; xxXIII. 13, 16.

dicuntur, x. 12; x1. 5; x111. 6, 58; xx11. 16; see also plaustrum.

didascalicum, see didascalum, sub v.

didascalium.

didascalium, magisteriale, xx.12(Tobias? not?in the Vulg.). Perhaps = didascalum, doctorale, xxxix. 64 (not in Greg. Dial., but Decr. Innoc. viii p. 196<sup>b</sup> regularum hunc librum, quasi didascalicum atque monitorem...insinuare).

didragma, xxxi. 37, see statera; didrag-

mis, see stater; see also dedragma.

die, v. 6, see de octoade; vn. 2, see pro octaua; xlii. 23, see quartane; xliv. 9, see celum.-die, Iv. 99, see quadraplas

diebus, xxxv. 179, see horas diurnas: diebus, xxxv. 28, see munerum diebus.

diei, xxvIII. 52, see epizeusis; xxxv. 75, see jugeres.

diem, xvII. 7, see Niniue.

dieperdulum, see perdulum.

dierum, xvII. 7, see Niniue; xxxv. 250, see in exameron.

dies, xxvIII. 52, see epizeusis; xxxIX. 52, see omnes dies ...; xLIII. 42, see posttridie. differentia, xxvIII. 80, see diaforesis.

difficile, XLII. 19, see egre.

difiniciones [definit-], 1. 122, see sanctiones

difinita [def-], 1. 117, see secus.

difinitio [def-], 1. 35, see dogma. difiniuit [def-], 1. 125, see sanxit.

digessimus, congrecauimus [congreg-] ordinauimus, 11. 47 (Bened. reg. 17, 3 [2] degessimus ordinem psalmodiae; simus, in note).-digesti, dispositi excocti, n. 51 (Bened. reg. 8, 5 [7] iam degesti surgant; cf. 18, 39 [70] digesto ordine).- degesti sunt, congregati sunt, xxxiv. 52 (De Cass., Inst. v. 1 post... libellos, qui...digesti sunt).

digesti, dispositi excocti, 11. 51, see

digessimus; digesti sunt, see degesti sunt sub v. digessimus.

digiti, xxxv. 39, see ungulam. digitis, 1. 95, see portentuose.

dignitas, xxxvII. 20, see toga. dignitate, vii. 9, see in fastu. dignitates, xxxix. 65, see infulas.

dignitati, xxxv. 149, see consulari delectus.

dignitatibus, xxxv. 103, see fascibus.

dignus, xLII. 26, see furcifer.

dilectiones [for dilectionis, or delectionis?], xII. 3, see obductionis.

dilectionis, see obductionis.

diluuium, xxxvIII. 22, see deucalionem. dimedium, xxxi. 3, see sextarius, 9, see comor, 36, see sata; xxxIII. 8, see obulus.

dimedius, xxxx. 35, see cimina. dimidians? see dnms, sub v. extremi. dimidium, xxxi. 32, see sextarius.

diminitiue [deminut-], xIII. 6, see lu-

diminitiui [deminut-], xvII. 6, see sa-

diminitiuum [deminut-], xvII. 10, see geniculorum; xix. 60, see lagunculas; xxxv. 56, see nouellam.

dimitte eam, absolue eam, xxrv. 4 (Math. xv. 23 dimitte eam).

Dinae, see femur uirginis.

dine [for Dinae], xxi. 7, see femur uir-

diocesem, see diocesim.

dioceseos [dioeceseos], 1. 93, see pri-

diocesi, xxxix. 54, see in diocesi sub voce diocesim.

diocesim, gubernationem, 11. 43 (Bened. reg. 64, 10 ad cuius dioecesim pertinet locus ipse [17 diocesim, diocesem]) .diocesis, parrochiis [paroecia] idest adiaciens domus uel gubernationibus, 1. 36 (De Canon.); diocesis, adiacens domus. XLI. 5 (De nomin. diu.) = (Decr. Hil. p.  $251^{\text{a}}$ semper huius ciuitatis Ecclesiae fuisse dioecesis constet; cf. Can. Conc. Antioch. xxcvII p. 126\* ad suam dioecesim; Can. Conc. Constant. CLXIV p. 133 De ordine singularum dioeceseon...; super dioecesim Episcopi...dioeceseos Episcopi...in Asiana dioecesi &c.; Can. Conc. Carth. Lvi in dioecesibus..., dioecesim, dioeceses, in dioecesi &c.). Cf. diocisa, gubernatio, Cp. D261 & Ef. 356, 17; parochia, loca adiacentia ecclesiae, Cp. P24; Ep. 18E6; Ef. 1 379, 33.-massa diocesium [sine interpret.], 1. 74 (De Canon.; Can. Conc. Carth. LVI ut ex massa dioecesium nulla carperetur.—in diocesi, in parrochia [parœcia], XXXIX. 54 (Greg. Dial. IV. 55 col. 4174 in dioecesi Centumcellensis urbis). It is possible that reference is here made not to Greg. Dial., but to Can. Conc. Constant. CLXIV p. 133 (see above), or Can. Conc. Carth. LXXI ad... Ecclesiam in dioecesi constitutam; or ib. CXVII Ecclesiae in dioecesi constitutae; or Decr. Siricii XV qui in tua sunt dioecesi; or Decr. Hil. p. 251a in dioecesi sua. On gubernationem, gubernationibus, see Can. Concil. Const. CLXIV.

diocesis, parrochiis idest adiaciens domus uel gubernationibus, 1. 36; diocesis, adiacens domus, XLI. 5; see diocesim.

diocesium [diœcesium], 1. 74, see massa diocesium, sub v. diocesim.

diocisa, see diocesim.

**Diodorus**, properter [for proprium] uiri, xxxviii. 13 (Clem. Recognitt. viii. 15); see Calistratus.

dioeceseos, see dioceseos.

dioeceses, see diocesim.

dioecesi, see in diocesi, sub v. dioce-sim.

dioecesibus, dioecesim, dioecesis, see

dioecesium, see massa diocesium, sub voce diocesim.

dionisius [for Dionysus], XLIII. 28, see

Dionysus, see bachus.

diptamini [ = dictamni], xxxvIII. 18, see creta comam-.

diriguere [der-], pro stupore pallescere, xxxv. 14 (Ruf. III. 6 fol. 38<sup>b</sup> immanes quanuis animi diriguere) = diriguere, pallescere, Cp. D260; Ep. —; Ef. 356, 20.

dirimit, diuidit, XLVIII. 9 (De Cass, Conl. XXIV. 26, 3 [?] fratrum dirimit facultatem contentiosa diuisio).

diriuatur [der-], x. 22, see areola. diruit, obruit, xxxiv. 38 (De Cass., Inst.

XII. 3 ciuitatem diruit).

dirum, asperum, durum, II. 48 (Bened. reg. 2, 52 [75] dirum magistri, pium patris ostendat affectum).

discantur, xLv. 1, see gymnasium.

discensum [for discessum?], xxxv. 141, see excidium.

discere, xLv. 2, see eruere.

discernuntur, XIII. 7, see discriminalia.

discessum, see excidium.

discessus, xix. 64, see apostata. dis[ci]puli, xxx. 26, see diatripas.

discoferum, see discoforum.

discofor[u]m, discum portantem, xvi. 6 (Dan., Praef. Hieron. p. xvi. b and Migne xxviii col. 1293 discophorum lectitaret). Migne records a reading discumferentem; the Cambr. MS. has discoferum.

discophorum, see discoforum. discordans, see lingua tertia.

discordians [discordans], xII. 29, see lingua tertia.

discrepantes, xxvIII. 40, see silemsis.

discretio, seperatio [separ-] diuisa [diuisio?; but see G. Körting, no. 3051] II. 44 (Bened. reg. 64, 34 [63] cogitans discretionem sancti Jacob; 37 [68] testimonia discretionis; 70, 11 [17] sine discretione).

discretione, discretionem, discretionis, see discretio.

discribitur [descr-], xxvIII. 43, see caracterismos.

discribunt [descr-], xLIV. 10, see cardines.

discriminalia, unde discernuntur crines de auro uel argento uel aere, XIII. 7 (Isai. III. 20 auferet Dominus...discriminalia).

discriminauit, dinisit, xxI. 8 (Judith x. 3 discriminavit crinem).

discum, xvi. 6, see discoforum; xxv. 1, see catinum.

discumferentem, see discoforum. discunt, xxx. 26, see diatripas.

discussio, examinatio, r. 50 (Bened. reg. 2, 13 [18] facienda erit discussio; 87 [133] timens...futuram discussionem).

discussione, II. 62, see examine.

discussionem, see discussio.

dispensat, xxxix. 28, see qui in numero....

dispensatio, xxxix. 58, see pitoicis. dispensationibus, i. 91, see ptochiis. dispensator, xxxix. 28, see qui in nu-

mero....
disperabilis [desp-], 11. 128, see obsti-

displeatis, diuisis, IV. 30 (Eccl. Istor.); displeatis, disruptis, xxxv. 134 (De Eus.) = (Ruf. III. 6 fol. 36<sup>b</sup> despicatis foribus). Cf. despicatus, disruptus, Cp. D21; Ep.—; Ef. 355, 52.—displeatis, incisis, xxxv. 229 (Ruf. xi. 24 fol. 189<sup>a</sup> vinecatis paruulis, despicatisque...virginibus).

disponunt, xxxvII. 9, see tabulas legat.

dispositi, II. 51, see digesti.

dispositionum, xxx. 3, see ypotheseon, 82, see de entoetromito.

dispuli [for discipuli], xxx. 26, see diatripas.

disputatio, xLv. 28, see actio.

disputationes, xxix. 71, see diatribas. disputationum, see ypotheseon.

disruptis, xxxv. 134, see dispicatis.

dissensatores, 1. 119, see scismatici.

dissensiones, xxix. 71, see diatribas. dissentiones, see diatripas, sub v. diatribas.

dissimilia, xxvII. 14, see anomala.

dissimulans, dissimulet, see dissimulat. dissimulat, conticissit preterita [praet-] neglegiter [neglegenter], 1. 44 (De Canon.; cf. Can. Conc. Sard. v si conuentus literis tacuerit, et dissimulauerit; Can. Conc. Carth. LXV ut de haereticorum...insdiis...nullo modo dissimulemus; XCIII [p. 162b] qui...dissimulant; Can. Conc. Nic. x per ordinantium dissimulationem).—dissimulat, preterita [praet-] neglegit, II. 49 (Bened. reg. 2, 56 [82] Neque dissimulet peccata; 74 [112] ne dissimulans [112 dissimulet, in note] salutem animarum). Cf. dissimulat, midi8, Cp. D272.

dissipator, II. 137, see prodicus. dissonantia, xxx. 57, see diafonia. dissonantiam, xxx. 11, see diaphonian.

distabui, tabefactus, XLVIII. 44 (De Cass., Inst. v. 30, 1 languore distabui). distat, XLIV. 16 (bis), see Antarticus.

distauit, xlviii. 30, see adfecit. distinabunt [dest-], xlii. 1, see presbiteri. distollit, see extollit.

distrahuntur, see distrauntur.

distrauntur, uendentur, xlvIII. 47 (De Cass., Inst. IV. 14 quae tribus uix denariis ...distrahuntur).

distruitur [destr-], xxvII. 20, see men-

struum.

ditauit, IV. 118, see afficit.

ditione, potestate, xvi. 16 (Dan. xi. 5 dominabitur ditione; II. 38 sub ditione).

diuersa, I. 90, see philacteria; xxvIII. 24, see ypozeuxis; xxxIX. 62, see filacteria.

diuersae, see gymnasium.

diuersarum, xxx. 82, see de entoetromito.

diuersas, xxvIII. 58, see apostropei; xxxv. 143, see per metalla.

diuersis, xxxv. 257, see columellas; xli, xlii, xliii titt.; xliv. 27, see dextera.

diuidere, xxvIII. 47, see parenthesin. diuidit, xLv. 19, see lanistra; xLvIII. 9, see dirimit.

diuina, iv. 114, see a theologia; xxxix. 42, see altare; xxiv. 29, see axem.

diuinatio, xxx. 48, see necromantia.

dinini, xL. 18, see thiarati.

diuinitatis, xxxv. 232, see numinis. diuinum, n. 40, see deificum; iv. 16, see asilium, 21, see fas.

diuisa [for diuisio?], n. 44, see dis-

diuisio, see discretio.

diuisis, IV. 30, see dispicatis. diuisit, XXI. 8, see discriminauit.

diuisura, xIII. 4, see fissura. diuite, I. 68, see liberalitas.

diuitiarum, xv. 19, see gazarum. diuitię, xxxvIII. 39, see aides.

diurnales, xm. 15, see decem iugera. diurnas, xxxv. 179, see horas diurnas. diuturna, II. 113, see morosa.

diuus imperator qui post mortem ut deus habetur, r. 39 (De Canon.?) = diuus imperator qui post mortem quasi deus factus est, Čp. D305; cf. diuus deus uel imperator qui post mortem quasi deus est, Ef. 286, 20. Cf. Isid. de diff. Verbb. r. 168 Inter Deum et Diuum quod Deus semper est, Diuus fit.

dixerit, xxix. 73, see qui dixerit.

dixit, x11. 40; xxx1. 10.

dnms [? for dimidians?], xxxv. 29, see axem, sub v. extremi.

-do, see turnodo.

doctorale, xxxix. 64, see didascalum. doctrina, i. 35, see dogma; xxxviii. 26, see mathesis, 32, see thema.

doctrinae, see cataceeos.

doctrinam, xxIII. 12, see memores salis. doctrinarum, IV. 102, see catacesseos; xxx. 34, see catacesseun, sub v. cataceeos.

doctrine [-nae], xxx. 67, see catacesseos, sub v. cataceeos; xxxv. 196, see cataceeos. doctrix, see eletrix.

documenta, xxx. 31, see sub nominem; xxvIII. 42, see scita.

documentorum, xxx. 69, see sintagma-

documentum, leg. for dorium (q.v.)?

documentum, xxx. 32, see sub nominem. dogma, doctrina uel difinitio [def-], 1. 35 (De Canon.; Can. Apostt. xxxvIII ut... dogmata pietatis explorent; Can. Conc. Nic. vIII Ecclesiae dogmata).

dogmata, see cinticta; dogma.

dolabella, bradacus, xivii. 47 (Alia=?) = dolatura, bradacus, xivii. 47 (Alia=?) = dolatura, bradacus, cp. D346; Ep.—; dalaturae, braedlaestu aesc, Ef.¹ 356, 5. For dolabella (a small pick-axe, hatchet, dim. of dolabra) see Lewis & Sh.; for dolatura of Cp. & Ef.¹ see Du C.—Bradacus (from A.S. brād, broad+acus = ax, an ax, for which ecus, for acus in Cp., and aesc in Ef.¹=O.H.G. acus)=broad-ax (an ax with a broad head), Oxf. D. (earliest quot. A.D. 1352), and Bosw. T. (brād-ax). Braadlast in Cp. and braedlaestu in Ef.¹ may, perhaps, have the same meaning as the simple brad (from braad, braed, broad), and last, laestu, a foot, track, a last; see Oxf. D. (broad; last, sb.¹); Kluge, Et. D. (Leisten).

dolant, xxIII. 4, see cymentarii.

dolatura, see dolabella.

dolorem, xxxix. 19, see freniticus.

dolores, xxxv. 2, see coli.

[domate] in domate suo, in solario suo, xxIII. 14 (2 Esdr. vIII. 16 feeerunt...tabernacula unusquisque in domate suo).—domatibus, porticibus uel atriis que non tegent, xiv. 12 (Hier. xix. 13 & xxxII. 29

in ... domatibus). - domatis, domus sine tecto uel spinarum, viii. 7 (Salam. xxi. 9 & xxv. 24 in angulo domatis). Cf. domatibus, solaris, Cp. D350; Ep. —; Ef. 356, 22; domatis, huses, Cp. D352.

domine, II. 98, see Kyrieleison; xxvIII. 33, see tropus; xxix. 63, see ileusun

cyrie.

domini, III. 24, see sacro tegmini; XXI.

18, see sancta domini.

dominio, xxxv. 180, see fisco p-.

dominum, 11. 7, see alleluia. dominus, xxi. 17, see Adonai.

domo, xxxv. 116, see in prostibulo, 169,

see in myrthece; xLv. 31, see popa. domorum, xIII. 41, see paliurus.

domuncula, xm. 2, see tugurium; xv. 11, see preteriola.

domuneulas, xxvi. 2, see casulas.

domus, 1. 36, see diocesis; v. 10, see exedre; vIII. 7, see domatis; IX. 3, see contegnatio; xxiv. 18, see pretorium; xxxv. 62, see pastoforie; xxxix. 8, see in gremio; XLI. 5, see diocesis; XLII. 20, see in uiridario domus; XLIII. 46, see piraondes.

dona, II. 115, see munuscula; xxI. 19,

see in anathema.

donatio, 1. 68, see liberalitas. donum, leg. for dorium (q. v.)? donum, x. 3, see odor ungentorum.

dorium, indiculum, v. 7 (? Ruf. ? for donum? Cf. eucharistiæ suscipiens donum, vII. 8 fol. 118b-or for documentum?: tentationum documentis probatus, x1. 21 fol. 186b). Cf. Gallée 338, 61.

dorix, idest proprium nomen fluminis, xn. 24 (Eccles. xxiv. 41 ego quasi fluvij Dioryx [ = διώρυξ, a trench, conduit,

canal]).

dorso, xLvi. 13, see tuber.

dragma pondus est denarii argentei quod pensat siliquas xvIII a grecis fit sic:, xxxII. 1 (De ponder.).—dragma habet scrupulos III, xxxIII. 4 (De pond. Euch. p. 158, 10 d. h. scriptula tria). The Brit. Mus. MS. has d. h. scripula tria, and adds: sil[iquas] xvIII, LXXII dragmae efficiunt libram, draugma denarium significat, octo denarii, id est dragmae, efficient unciam, vi oboli facient dragma · / · — See also Wotke, in note. - Epiphanius dicit dragma xxviii siliquas, xxxI. 22 (De ponder.?). Cf. Blume, I. 373 sqq.

dragmae, xxxIII. 5, see dedragma.

dragmas, xxxII. 7, see acitabulus, 8, see cotule, 9, see mina, 11, see libra.

dragmis [al. didragmis], xxxIII. 6, see stater.

dromedarie [-riae], castrati cameli; dromedarius unus, xIII. 60 (Isai. Lx. 6 dromedarii; Heyse dromedariae in note). dromedarii, see dromedarie.

dromedarius, xIII. 60, see dromedarię.

dualis, xxx. 45, see dialectica.

duas, xII. 9, see cacabus; xXI. 20, see labastes; xxvIII. 79, see epexergasia; xxxI. 32, see sextarius.

duas coronas, ii panes pertussos similes corone, xxxix. 43 (Greg. Dial. iv. 55 col. 417 duas...oblationum coronas de-

dubiam, see amphibolia.

dubietas, II. 153, see scrupolositas.

dubio, 1. 86, see prorsus.

dubitabo, xxxvn. 10, see mutilabo.

dubitaret, xx. 7, see nutaret.

dubitatione, xxxv. 170, see nutatione. dubitationes, xxxvIII. 23, see scrupeas.

dubium [for dubiam], xxvIII. 61, see amphibolia.

ducenarium, see ducennarium.

ducennarium, presidem, xxxv. 282 (Ruf. vii. 26 fol. 128a se magis Ducenarium quam episcopum videri vellet). Cf. ducenarius, praeses, Cp. D371; Ep. -; Ef.1 355, 53.

ducens, r. 88, see paruipendens.

ducit, II. 146, see regula.

due, xxxIII. 5, see dedragma.

duellionis, belli, xxix. 37 (Uerb. Interpr. = Hier. in Matth. xxvII. 24 perduellionis mihi contra Cæsarem crimen impingitur).

duellis, bellum, IV. 40 (Ruf. IV. 6 fol. 55b fame ac siti perduellibus intrinsecus ad extremum internitionis adductis).

dulce, xxIII. 19, see mulsum. dulces, xIV. 5, see placentas.

dulcis, vIII. 11, see cinamum; xIX. 10, see ridhmus.

dum, xix. 5; xiiv. 26, 27.

Dum, nomine ciuitatis, vi. 14 (Breu, exsol.?).

dumosis, spinosis, xxxvIII. 2 (Clem. Recognitt. III. 14 in dumosis ac repletis sentibus locis).

dumtaxat, maxime, xxxiv. 49 (De Cass., Inst. xII, 28 in hac dumtaxat regione). See also ib. 1. 11, 3; 11. 4; 111. 7, 2; 1v. 15, 1; viii. 19, 3.

duo, xxIII. 2; xxIX. 9; xxXI. 3, 37; XXXII. 3; XLIV. 8, 28; see also auo.

duobus, xxII. 12, see urna; xxXIII. 6, see stater.

duorum, xIII. 33, see bige.

duos, xIII. 18; xv. 43; xxxI. 24 (bls).

dupla, 1. 115, see sescopla.

duplex, xIII. 53, see circino; see also

duratum [?], xxxvIII. 45, see sitatum. durissima, xiv. 9, see in unge. duriter, II. 173, see tirannidem.

durum, II. 48, see dirum. durus, II. 26, see contempto. dyaletica, dyaleticam, see dialectica. dyaphonia, see diafonia.

e for a: colendo (for colando); eloquentie (-tia); ereola (ar-); myrthece (myrotheca); oratorie (-ria); pastoforie (-phoria); seperatio, seperatis, seperatores (separ-) .-- for ae (gen., dat. sing. or nom. pl.): aecclesie (for ecclesiae); enie (for Aeneae); anguile (-llae); anime (-mae); aque (aquae); arce (arcae); arene (-nae); aste (hastae); barbe; batroperite (-tae); bestie (-tiae); brantie (branchiae); calide (-dae); carte (-tae); clausure (-rae); cocte (-tae); collecte; congregate; contrite; culine; diuerse; doctrine; exedre; facule; gemme; gigantemachie; hostie; harene; herbe; indute; inferie; infrenate; infrunite; inopie; ipse; kalende; liquide; locuste; lune; Mambre; marine; materie; Micene; milicie; modice; multe; opere; parue; petre; Pile; porte; postere; prophete; propositure; prouintie; pugne; quartane; regine; scedule; scole; semiuste; sepulture; silue; sirene; spere (sphaerae); subjecte; subnixe; subposite; substantie; tede; terre; theomachie; uaene (uenae); uirge; uille. -So also in various other positions: cementa, cemento (for caem-); ceno (caeno); cesaris (caes-); Caldeos, Chaldei, Chaldeos (Chaldae-); demon, demones, demoniosum (daem-); edem (aed-); egypti, egyptiaca, egypto (aeg-); emulatione (aem-); enchenia (encænia); eramento (aer-); grecorum, grecos (graec-); hebreum (hebraeum); hereticum (haer-); manichei (-chaei); meandrum (Mae-); palestrarum, palestris (palaes-); pigmei (-maei); pre always for the prefix prae-; but see e for ae; primeuo (-maeuo); que (quae); quedam (quaed-); querit (quaer-); questio, questionum, questus (quaest-); sepe (saepe); seuit (saeuit); unaqueque (-quaeque).—for i: accipitres (for -tris); ceteriorem (cit-); colleguntur (collig-); contegnatio (contign-); degesti (dig-); eregitur (erig-); fatescit (fatiscit); glebum (for cliuum); ideonati (idiomati); indegeries (indig-); inhibere (-ri); itenerarium (itin-); mire (miri); Oethepia (Oedipia); quisquilea (-lia); salice (-ci); sterelis (-rilis); subregeris (subrig-); trapezeta (-zita). (through ae) laetania (for letania, for litania).-for o: gigantemachie (giganto-); preteriola (praetor-) .- for oe : cenobita (for coen-); comedia (comoed-); effetas (effoet-); proemio (procem-).—for u: acuent (-unt); pingent (-unt).—for y: cyneris (cinyris); panagericis, panagericon, pannigericis (panegyr-).—e prefixed: exenia (for xenia).
—omitted: kyrieleison (for kyrieel-).

ę for a: ęręmento (for aera-).—for ae: aduliscentulę (·lae); animę; aquę; arenę; artabę; berrus; celi; controuersię; corone; Dinę; ecclesię; elatę; enie; equali; ęre; ęręmento; ęris; erucę; ęstiuo; exedrę; fabę, fauę; ferreę; inequalia; lacerte; lętitia; mirte; modice; multe; parce; paschę; peritie; porte; preoccupatio; prerogatiua; presunt; prouintie; pugnę; pulcrę; que; secuture; siluę; substantię; taermę (for thermae); termę; tue.—for e: ecclesiastes (eccles-); prefacionę (·ne); prex, precis (prex, precis); tęde (tedae).—for i: contenetur (contin-).—for oe: celis, celum (coel-).

e (prep., e regione), iv. 98; xxxviii.

35.

ea, xIII. 43; xxVIII. 64; xxxv. 178. eam, I. 109; xxIV. 4 (bis).

ea tempestate, eo tempore, xxxv. 178 (Ruf. v. 21 fol. 89<sup>b</sup> ea tempestate; v. 23 fol. 90<sup>a</sup> &c.).

eatenus, actenus, vi. 3 (Breu. exsol.?), ebenum, see ebor.

eberenos, xv. 14, see hebenenos.

ebor, arbor inputribilis nigro colore, xv. 10 (Ezech. xxvII. 6 ex ebore Indico). Cf. ebor, elpendbaan, Cp. E3. The gloss does not agree with the lemma ebor (ebur), but with hebenus; the Cambr. MS. has ebenum and uel or above the line; see also (xv. 14) hebenenus.

ebore, see ebor; hebenenos.

ebulliens, xxxvIII. 24, see pyriflegitonta. ebulo, see elleus.

ebur, xxII. 4, see eburneis; see also ebor.

eburneis, de ossibus elefantis ebur os eius dicitur, xxII. 4 (Esther I. 6 qui eburneis circulis inserti erant).

eburneos, see hebenenos.

ecacusen, aut in aut in [second aut in, repetition] adflixit illam, xxix. 52 (Uerb. Interpr. = Hier. in Matth. vi. 34 Sara afflixit Agar ancillam suam, quod... Graece dicitur ἐκάκωσεν αὐτήν).

ecastor, see epul. ecclesia, rv. 117, see ad coemetoria. ecclesiae, see abiurari; diocesis; oscu-

letur me. See further ecclesie. ecclesiastes, viii. 9, see Lamuhel.

ecclesiastica, i. 77, see negotia; ecclesiastica, v tit.; ecclesiastice, iv tit.

ecclesiasticis, see negotia. ECCLESIASTICO, XII tit.

ecclesiasticorum, see negotia.

ecclesię [-siae], IV. 37, see trallis; x. 7, see aduliscentulę; xxxv. 65, see caementaria. See also ecclesiae.

CAMPBELL COLLECTION



ECLESIASTEN, IX tit.

eclipsis, defectio, xxvII. 21 (Lib. Rot. = Isid. Lib. de nat. rer. vi. 3 quod dicitur eclipsis; ib. xvIII. 4 eclipsis fieret; xx tit. De eclipsi solis; ib. xx. 3 eclipsis mysterium; ib. xx1 tit. De lunae eclipsi). =eclipsis, defectio, Ef. 357, 21. Cf. eclipsis, defectio solis aut luminis, Cp. E14;

ecstasi, see extasei. ecthetas, see hecthetas. eculeis, see in aculeis.

edacem, commedentem [comed-], II. 64 (Bened. reg. 4, 22 [31] Non esse superbum...non multum edacem). Cf. edax, commedens, Cp. E34.

edax, xliii. 14, see comedo.

edem [aedem], xxxix. 5, see mansio-

edepol, see epul.

edificant [aed-], XIII. 40, see perpendiculum.

editiones, xIX. 11, see in exaplois.

editiones, thestisuir, v. 21 (De Eccl. Stor.); editionis, puplicationis [publ-] propositure [for praepositurae?], xxxv. 23 (De Eus.) = (Ruf. rv. 15 fol. 63a quia iam aeditionis [editionis, Cacciari, p. 211] suae munus [the performance, or management, of his gladiatorial show or exhibition; the Gr. has ἐπεπληρώκει τὰ κυνηγέσια] explesset). As editio means an exhibition, show, spectacle, publicationis praepositurae may signify "the office of the superintendent of a public show."-As to thestisuir (for which a Berne MS. has hestiuis) it may be for thyestaeas, and if so it would be an unexplained lemma like editiones. Schlutter (in Journ. for Germ. Phil. 1. 321) suggests ambihtes sciir.—Cf. editiones duplicationes [for public-], Cp. E25; Ep. —; Ef. 357, 24.

editionis, puplicationis [publ-] propositure [for praepos- ?], xxxv. 23; see

editiones.

editiore, see editore.

edito, IV. 25, see in edito.

editore, excelsiore, xxxv. 275 (Ruf. vII. 14 fol. 121ª in loco editiore).

editum, templum, rv. 6 (Eccl. Ist.); see editus.

ęditus, see editus.

editus, ostiarius, IV. 6 (Eccl. Ist.). This gloss appears in Ch. iv before gloss 7: curia (conuentus), which Ruf. has in 1. 3 (fol. 8b of Rhenanus' ed. of 1548). If, therefore, it is not out of place, the Glossator seems to have mistaken editus (born, created), which occurs in Ruf. 1. 1, and is printed editus by Rhenanus on fol. 6b, corresponding to aediti regis on

fol. 12a (Ruf. 1. 7). And hence, "editum, templum," which follows in the MS. after ostiarius, was, perhaps, added by the Glossator as a further explanation of "editus, ostiarius." On the other hand, aeditui (q.v.) occurs Ruf. 1. 4 fol. 9a, and again 1. 6 fol. 11a, while "editum, templum" we may, perhaps, refer to ab ipsis quidem adytis, Ruf. 1. 5 fol. 9b. Cf. editui, hostiarii, Cp. E42; Ep. —; Ef. 1342, 41, 359, 3.

efexegresis, idest explanatio dicti superioris, xxviii. 82 (Cass. Psalm. xxxviii. 2 figura est epexegesis, id est e. d. s. The same vii. 3; see also xx. 5 schema ... epexegesis, Latine explanatio; xxxx. 11 schema...e. L. e., ubi priora dicta verbis

subsequentibus exponuntur).

effeborum, studiorum, xLVIII. 26 (De Cass., Inst. v. 12, 2 de epheborum luctamine; in note effeborum, efoeborum). Goetz, vi. 392, suggests studiosorum for studiorum.

efferatus est, a ferocitate dicitur, xvi. 13 (Dan. viii. 7 efferatus est in eum). efferente [for offerentes], xxvIII. 42, see

effetas, euacuatas, xxxv. 290 (Ruf. IX. 8 fol. 150a effoetas... segetes derelinquit).

efficaciter, uelotiter [ueloc-], 11. 63 (Bened. reg., Prol. 4 admonitionem pii patris...efficaciter comple; cf. Woelfflin in Arch. f. Lat. Lexic. x. 550) = efficaciter, uelociter fromlice, Cp. E88.

efficere, xxvIII. 70, see sinchrisis.

effiabant, mortui sunt, xxxv. 136 (Ruf. III. 6 fol. 37ª multi...efflabant) = Cp. E62; Ep. -; Ef. 357, 23.

effoetas, see effetas. effrenate, see infrunite.

effugere, see excedere. effugire [effugere], II. 61, see excedere.

effusio, xII. 47, see offusio.

effusius, xxvIII. 64, see epitrocasmos. effusum, see unguentum.

egre, difficile, xLII. 19 (Ex div. libris= Sulp. Sev. Dial. 1. 14, 4 p. 166, 24 aegre patiebatur; ib. m. 3, 3 p. 183, 9 aegre expediuntur; ib. m. 1, 7 p. 199, 13 aegre...obtinui). Cf. egre, earfedlice, Cp. E94; egre, erabedlicae, Ef. 357, 47, and Bosw. T. (earfoplice).

Egypti [Aeg-], XLII. 3, see memphitica. Egyptiaca [Aeg-], II. 161, see sarabaite. Egyptiorum [Aeg-], xxxIII. 14, see artabe.

Egypto [Aeg-], xxxv. 266, see Antinoitas.

ei, x. 24.

eis, xxII. 12, 16.

eius, viii. 8; xxi. 5; xxii. 4; xxiii. 1;

xxviii. 53; xxxi. 24; xxxix. 33, 48; xliii. 13; xliv. 1; xlvii. 8.

eius, xLvIII. 29 (bis), see delecto eius.

eiusdem, 1. 12, see aemulum.

elatae, see elate.

elate palmarum, folia palmarum que eleuentur sursum quia non pendent deorsum sicut aliarum arborum, x. 21 (Cant. v. 11 Vulg. comae eius sicut elatae palmarum).

Elcesæi, see Naum. electri, see electrum.

electrix, x1. 8, see eletrix.

electrum, de auro et argento et ere [for aere], xv. 37 (Ezech. I. 4 species electri, 27 vidi speciem electri; viii. 2 visio electri). Cf. electrum, elotr, Cp. E116; electirum, elothr, Ef. 359, 20; electrum, aurum et argentum mixtum, Cp. E118 and Ef. 359, 9.

elefantis [eleph-], xxII. 4, see eburneis. elegos, castigatio, xxx. 25 (Cat. Hier. xxIII col. 641B: quartum [volumen] adversus Gentes, cui titulum praenotauit έλεγχος; B: cui t. p. eletchos; C: cui t. p. [blank]).—elegos, castigatio, xxx. 83 (Cat. Hier. ?) = elegoos, castigatio, Cp. E145; elegcos, castigatio, Ef. 1 358, 37. According to the order in which this gloss occurs in the present Glossary it should be looked for in, or after, Ch. LXXXVI. But neither Migne's nor Richardson's text record it The Utrecht ed. (B), however, has in Ch. LXXXVII: eortastikai id est castigationis epistola, which seems to show that either "id est castigationes" of B strayed away from Ch. xxIII (see above), or that έλεγχος was again in Ch. LXXXVII in some text, together with έορταστικαί (see below eortatica), which is in Migne's and Rich. text, but which, meaning festive, could not be glossed by castigatio.

elementa, xLIV. 17, see cous.

elenchos, see elegos.

elephantis, see eburneis.

eletchos, see elegos.

eletrix, electrix, xi. 8 (Sap. viii. 4 [sapientia] doctrix enim est disciplinae Dei, et electrix operum illius). There is here dittography in the MS., or electrix was added as a correction of eletrix; or doctrix, intended to be glossed, was perhaps omitted, and a wrong word written in its place, causing the omission of the glosses.

eleuaris, v. 24, see subrigeris.

eleuentur, x. 21, see elate palmarum.

eliceretur, extorqueretur, xxxv. 167 (Ruf. v. 1 fol. 74<sup>b</sup> quo...tale aliquid eliceretur a nobis esse commissum) = Cp. E117; Ep.—; Ef. 1359, 1.—elicitum, inci-

tatum, xxxix. 66 (not in Greg. Dial., but Decr. Innoc. Lvi p. 210<sup>b</sup> id...elicitum per insidias demonstratis).

elisa, III. 59, see explosa.

elleus, ualuyrt, xlii. 4 (Ex diu. libris =? Sulp. Sev. Vit. S. Mart. 6, 5 p. 117, 2 helleborum [other MSS. eleborum, elebori] uenenatum, ut ferunt, gramen). For ualuyrt (lit. foreign root; wallwort, dwarfelder) see Bosw. T. (wealh-wyrt). Most of the lemmata of Ch. xlii have been excerpted from Sulp. Sev. Dial., and it is possible that the above was taken from his Vit. S. Mart., though it seems identical with ebulo, wælwyrt of Aldhelm's Aenigm. (p. 266, 14), for which see Napier, p. 195. Cf. ebulum, paluyrt, Cp. E11; Ef. 359, 45.

elocare, collocare, xxxvIII. 3 (Clem. Recognitt. III. 73 ne...mortem meam per

insidias elocaret).

elogiis, uerbis, xxxv. 270 (De Eus.); elogis, uerbis, iv. 68 (Eccl. Istor.)=(Ruf. vii. 1 fol. 116<sup>b</sup> cudat elogiis)=elogiis, uerbis, Cp. E138; elogis, uerbis, Ef. 359, 52.

elogis, uerbis, iv. 68; see elogiis. eloquentia, xxx. 50, see rethorica. eloquentie, iv. 51, see oratorie. eloquia, xxvii. 2, see faria. elucubratam, see elucubratum.

elucubratum, euigilantem, xxix. 8 (*Uerb. Interpr.* = *Hier. in Matth.*, Prol. col. 21ª *elucubratum* scribendi diligentiam). **Cf.** *elucubratum*, euigilatum, Cp. E112; Ep.—; Ef. 357, 72.

emancipent, manum mittent, 1.50 (Can. Conc. Carth. xxxv tit. Ut Episcopi...non facile filios suos emancipent). Cf. emanci-

pat, manum mittit, Cp. E177.

emblema, fodor, xliti. 30 (De div. nominibus=Donati Ars grammat. p. 379, 12 quae a Graecis sumpsimus, ut emblema epigramma...) = emblema, fothr, Cp. E160; emlemma, fothr, Ef. 358, 27.—emblema, inlaid work; födor, foddor, fothr (see Bosw. T.) = 0. H. G. fuotar (Graff, Sprachsch. III. 378 sqq.; Schade, Altd. Wrt.); Germ. futter.

emenides, see eumenides. emergentes, see emergit.

emergit, surgit nel exuperat, I. 45 (De Canon.; cf. Can. Apostt. xxxviii emergentes ...contentiones amoueant; Can. Conc. Calched. xix corrigere singula, si qua... emerserit; Can. Conc. Carth. vi si quis... emerserit; Decret. Symm. II, p. 258b de quibus certamen emerserit). Cf. emersit, exsurgit, Cp. E152; emergit, exsurgit, Ef. 357, 42.

emerserint, emerserit, see emergit.

emina et cotile [cotula, or cotyla], medius sextarius, xxxi. 8 (De ponder.?).—himina. medius sextarius cyatos [cyathos] iii, 11. 86 (Bened. reg. 40, 5 [8] credimus eminam vini...sufficere; Edm. Schmidt, Regula, p. 44 heminam).—cotule habet dragmas txxii idest scrupulos ccxvi quod facit viiii, xxxii. 8 (De ponder.?). For emina cf. Blume i. 375. 2, 4, 7; for cotile, Fann. [Prisc.] 12 [67].

eminam, see himina, sub v. emina.

emissarius, x11. 35, see equus emissarius. emissiones tuę, munera delectabilia, x. 15 (Cant. IV. 13 emissiones tuae paradisus

malorum punicorum).

emolumenta, lucra, XLVIII. 74 (De Cass., Inst. vi. 13, 2 emolumenta laborum).—
emulumentum, mercis [merces] laborum, XXIX. 17 (Uerb. Interpr. = Hier. in Matth. XIII. 3 absque emolumento populi; XIII. 44 mundi emolumenta contemnere). Cf. emolomentum, lucrum mercis laboris, Cp. E155; Ep.—; emolumentum, mercis laborum, tef. 1357, 74; emolumentum, mercis laborum uel lucris, Ef. 289, 18.

emorphium, proprium [add nomen], xxxxx. 26 (Greg. Dial. vv. 35 col. 377° xidua ... Eumorphium ... juvenem filium habebat; Eumorphii, ibid. tit. col. 376°;

Eumorphius, ibid. col. 3804).

emphasis, idest exaggeratio quod gradatim crescit, xxvIII. 69 (Cass. Psalm. xxIV. 6; xxIII. 10 and LIX. 1 emphasis, id est exaggeratio; xxxVII. 20 hoc schema dicitur emphasis, quod gradatim crescit ad motum animi concitandum).

emulatione, zeli, 11. 73 (Bened. reg. 65, 13 Hine suscitantur invidiae ... aemula-

tiones; [25 emulationes]).

emulationes, see emulatione.

emulumentum, mercis laborum, xxix.

17, see emolumenta.

emurusem, fluxus sanguinis, xxix. 55 (Uerb. Interpr. = Hier. in Matth. ix. 27 de hemorrhousa...muliere; xx. 20, 21 quomodo et in hemorrhousa). The original may have had emuruse (=αἰμορρόοοῦσα) ē (=est), and hence the stroke (for m) on the e after the s, in the MS. Goetz (v. 417, 6) actually prints emurus est.

encænia, see enchenia.

enchariseon, see panagericon.

enchenia, dedicationes, xxv. 11 (Joh. x. 22 facta sunt... Encania; Wordsw. and White encenia in text, enchenia, &c. in note). Cf. encenia, initia ut dedicationes, Cp. E213.

encratiani, continentes, Iv. 56 (Ruf. Iv. 28 fol. 71 ad haeresim, quae dicitur Encratitarum...hi, qui vocantur Encratitae) = encratitae, continentes, Cp. E199; encratitu, continentes, Ef. 358, 38.

encratitae, encratitarum, see encratiani.

energiam, xxvIII. 81, see per energiam. eneruatus, inualidus, xxxIV. 55 (De Cass., Inst. v. 5, 2 esus...eneruatus).

engastrimytho, see de entoetromito. Enias [for Ennius], xliv. 2, see cous. Enie [Aenae], xliil. 21, see centaurus. enim, il. 188, 189; xii. 42; xxviii. 56; xxxiii. 6.

enixa est, genuit agnum ab agno dicitur feminino, xxxv. 144 (Ruf. III. 8 fol. 40a vitula...enixa est agnam; from this it appears that the word agnam has been omitted after est or after genuit: cf. enixa est genuit agnam, Cp. E216).

enneafe decerida, decemnoualem, xxx.

53 (Cat. Hier. LXI); see ex ca.

ennelaecaterim, see ex ca. Ennius, see cous.

ennoematice, notio hec unamquamque rem per id quod agit non per id quod est conatur ostendere, xxvin. 83 (Cass. Psalm. xxxix. 4 per...speciem definitionis exprimitur, quae Graece ennoematice, Latine notio nuncupatur. Haec unamquamque r. p. i. q. a. n. p. i. q. e. c. o.). See further v. 6; xin. 6; xi. 1 and Praef. in Ps. i species definitionis quae Graece ἐννοηματική dicitur, Latine notio.

enrusa, dapulas, III. 54 (Vit. S. Antonii [auctore S. Athanasio, Evagrio interpr.] 16, Migne, P. L. LXXIII col. 1380 Dominus ad Iob dicens: Arbitratur enim ferrum ut paleas, æramentum ut lignum putridum, maria ut terram, tartarum profundi tanquam captivum aestimavit). "Maria ut terram" in this quotation is an addition to Job XLI. 18 [27] wanting in the Vulg., which reads: Reputabit enim quasi paleas ferrum, et quasi lignum putridum aes; [31] Fervescere faciet quasi ollam profundum mare, et ponet quasi cum unguenta bulliunt. - This addition is also found in the texts of the Vita published at Basle in 1552 (p. 774 Append. to Liber de Passione D. N. Jesu Christi, &c. ed. Wolfg. Lazius), Vitae Patrum) and 1643 (Acta SS. Jan. tom. 11. p. 126b). But in Athanasii Opp. ed. Monach. Ord. S. Ben. e Congreg. S. Mauri (Par. 1698), Vol. 1. p. 2, where by the side of the Gr. ήγηται δὲ θάλασσαν ὥσπερ ἐξάλειπτρον, a Latin translation gives mare reputat quasi vas unguentarium, the versio Evagrii, at the foot of the page, has maria ut erasa, with a note appended: "Sic quidam MSS. Bollandus ut terra, alia MSS. ut aëra, quae postrema non quadrant cum Graecis." This text was reprinted in 1857 in Migne's Patr. Gr.

Vol. xxvi col. 880A. The same reading maria ut erasa is found in a Cambridge Un. Libr. MS. (Mm. IV. 28 fol. 7bb) of the 12th cent. And a third reading: the 12th cent. maria ut sata erasa occurs in D. Athanasii Opp. Colon. 1548 (fol. 1638) and Paris. 1572 (col. 1002).—To account for these differences in the Latin translations of Athanasius' Vita S. Ant., we must, perhaps, ascribe one version to Evagrius, to whom the translation is commonly attributed, and another to S. Jerome, who is likewise said to have translated it (see Acta SS., Jan. 11. 114). Our Glossator seems to have had Evagrius' text maria ut erasa (hence enrusa) before him, and to account for dapulas, for which we must, perhaps, read stipulas, we may further assume that he was aware of some text which had sata erasa.—The Gr. έξάλειπτρον (an unguent-box) agrees with the Hebr. text מֶּרְקְּתָה (a pot of ointment), but the former is liable to misconstruction, as a derivative from ἐξἄλείφω (1) to plaster or wash over;
(2) to wipe out or obliterate; and it would seem that Evagrius has taken it in this sense.

entasrimeiton, see de entoetromito.

enthecam, see enthetam.

enthetam, subpellectilem [supell-], XIVIII. 70; enticam, sublectilem, XXXIV. 4 (De Cassiano, Inst. IV. 14 totam enthecam coenobii).

enthimema, interpretatur mentis conceptio, xxvIII. 60 (Cass. Psalm. xx. 7 enthymema, quod Latine interpretatur m. c.).

enthymema, see enthimema.

enticam, sublectilem, xxxiv. 4, see enthetam.

entoetromito, xxx. 82, see de entoetromito.

enumerationis, xxviii. 30, see epembasis.

eo, i. 76, 111; ii. 146; xxviii. 33, 76; xxx. 20; xxxiii. 16; xxxv. 178; xxxix. 42; xliii. 6; xliv. 16 (ter), 17.

EODEM, XXVII. 18, see deodem.

eologias, see eulogias.

eortastikai, see elegos; eortatica.

eortatica, solemnes, xxx. 62 (Cat. Hier. 1x1x col. 679 BEst ejus ad Dionysium et ad Didymum altera epistola, et ἐορταστικαὶ de Pascha plurimae...conscriptae; B: Est e. a. d. e. ad d. altera epistola eortatikai idest solempnis de pascha plurima... conscripta; C: Est e. et ad d. et a. d. altera epistola [blank] de pasca plurime... conscripte) = eortatice, solemnes, Cp. E223; eortatice, s., Ef.¹ 357, 13; eortasticai, solemnes, id. E227; eortasicai, s., Ef.¹ 358,

46; cf. eortasitasi, epistularum, Cp. E226; Ef. 358, 45. Conf. Cat. Hier. LXXXVII col. 693<sup>B</sup> et ἐορταστικαί epistola; B: eortastikai idest castigationis epistole; C: [blank] epistule. For "id est castigationis," which text B has here in the wrong (?) place, cf. elegos.

eortatikai, see eortatica. eorum, xxi. 5; xxxix. 28.

epembabis, iteratio enumerationis studio uerba repetens, xxvIII. 30 (Cass. Psalm. III. 1 Haec figura locutionis dicitur epembasis, en. st. u. r.; xxI. 5 epembasis, Latine iteratio).

ependiten, tonica [tunica] uel cocula [cuculla], uel omnis uestis desuper aliis uestibus pendens, 111. 56 (not S. Mart. Stor., but Vit. S. Anton. XXIII col. 1470 lavit ependyten suum). Cf. ependiten, cop, Cp. E262, 289; Ef. 359, 33 and Bosw. T. (cop).

ependyten, see ependiten. epexegesis, see efexegresis.

epexergasia, quoties uni cause duas probationes adponimus, xxviii. 79 (Cass. Psalm. xxvii. 21 epexergasia, q. u. causae d. p. a.).

epheborum, see effeborum.

ephi tres sextarios iterum ephi in 11 sextarii et paruum, xxxi. 11 (De ponder.?); ephi siue ofa in modii Ephi idem mensure habet in aridis et in liquidis Batus, xxxii. 12 (Euch. De Pond. p. 159, 3: Oephi siue Oepha modii tres. Oephi i. mensurae h. i. a., quod i. l. Batus). Cf. Blume, 1. 376, 10 (oephi, Hebr. ephah). Cf. oephi et batus aequalia, Cp. Ol32. For ephi see also (xxxiii. 15) sata, (xxxiii. 16) gomor.

ephichirema, exsecutiones uel approbationes uocare maluerunt, xxvIII. 71 (Cass. Psalm. xxvI. 3 epichirema Latini e. u. a. u. m.

See also xxxvi. 2).

ephigrapha, xxx. 33, see pseudo ephigrapha.

ephod, superumerale [superhum-], v. 9 (Ruf. x. 14 fol. 169a ad portandum post se ephod sacerdotale).

epiasis, supersanus, xxix. 53 (Uerb. Interpr.=Hier. in Matth. viii. 14 ut

έπίτασις fortitudinis indicetur).

epibatis, qui peruenient et dant nabulum pro nauigatione, xxxvIII. 44 (Clem. Rom. Epist. ad Jacobum in Migne's Patr. L. cxxx col. 24<sup>D</sup> epibatis...totius fraternitatis multitudo similis sit; col. 25<sup>A</sup> ibid. epibatae id est laici).

epichirema, see ephichirema.

Epicurius, uoluptarius corporis, xxxvIII. 9 (Clem. Recognitt. VIII. 7 Epicuri scholas frequentavi; VIII. 15 Epicurus; VIII. 16 qui erit Epicuro locus).

Epicurus, see Epicurius.

epimehne, memoria uel preuiarium [br-],

xxx. 73, see epitomen.

epimone, repetitio, xxvIII. 73 (Cass. Psalm. xxvIII. 2 figura...epimone, Latine repetitio; cf. id. cxxIII. 1). The additional explanation of this figura, in Migne's text col. 1994 "crebra sermonis quae multa colligit unius uerbi iteratione decursa," is in the Leiden MS. wrongly under prolemsis (q. v.), xxvIII. 75. See also Cass. xII. 1 epimone, quando similia dicta crebra repetitione geminantur.

Epiphanius dicit dragma xxviii siliquas,

xxxi. 22; see dragma.

epiphonema, see epiphonima.

epiphonima, idest adclamatio que post narratas rebus breuiter cum exclamatione prorumpit, xxviii. 65 (Cass. Psalm. xxii. 9 epiphonema, id est a...quae p. n. res b. c. acclamatione p.). Cf. ib. xxx. 32 epiphonema, id est a. quae p. n. res b. c. exclamatione prorumpit.

episcopalem, 1. 6, see absidam. episcopi, xxxxx. 56, see ante absida.

episcopos, xli. 1, see presbiteri.

epistelia, see epistilia.

epistilia, grece quae super capitella columnarum ponuntur, 1. 49 (De Canon.?). The interpretation points to epistylium, a cross-beam that rests on columns, the architrave; but this word does not seem to occur in the Canones. Could the original Glossator have extracted epistolia (Can. Conc. Calch. x1 tit.), and another, mistaking the word, added the interpretation? See also epistolio in Can. Concil. Carth. CXXXIV p. 171a. Cf. Eucherii Instructt. II p. 148, 9; Isid. Etym. xv. 8, 15, xix. 10, 24; and epistelia, capitella, Cp. E235 and Ef. 358, 23; Ep. -

epistolas, xll. 1, see presbiteri.

epistolia, see epistilia.

epistulas, xli. 2, see chorepiscopi, in voc.

presbiteri.

epistylium, see epistilia.

epithalamium, laus thalami interpretatur, xxvIII. 86 (Cass. Psalm. xLIV Praef. Epithalamium interpretatur l. t.).

epithoma [epitoma], see epitorta.

epitimitisun, xxix. 60, see tu epitimitisun.
epitomen, memoria uel breuiarium, xxx.
65 (Cat. Hier. Lxx col. 681<sup>B</sup> ἐπιτομήν
operis Tertulliani faciens; B: epitomen
idest breuiarium vel memoriam operis
terculliani faciens; C: [blank] op. Terculliani f.).—epimehne, memoria uel
preuiarium [for breu-], xxx. 73 (Cat. Hier.
Lxxx col. 687<sup>B</sup> Habemus...et ἐπιτομήν
ejusdem operis in libro uno acephalo
[ἀκεφάλφ, Rich.]; B: Hab....epitomen

idest breviarium eiusdem operis in libro iaketalo idest visionis vel memorie dei; C:
Hab....[blank]eiusdem operis libro [blank]]
=Epitomem, memoria uel breviarum, Cp.
E237, Ef.¹ 358, 31; epome, memoria,
Cp. E232; epitomen, breviarum, Ef.¹ 358,
44; epinome, memoria, Ef.¹ 357, 11. As to
the reading of text B, see Siatta sapodimeos de praedicatione uisionis dei, Cp.
S347.—epitorta, adbreviatio, xlvi. 31
(Alia=Ars Phocae, p. 425, 24 note chalybis
epithoma) = epithoma, adbreviatio, Cp.
E241.

epitorta, adbreuiatio, xLvi. 31, see

epitomen.

epitrocasmos, idest dicti rotatio cum succincte ea que sunt effusius dicenda perstringit, xxvIII. 64 (Cass. Psalm. xxII. 9 figura...epitrochasmos id est d. r. c. s. ea quae s. e. d. p.).

epitrochasmos, see epitrocasmos.

epizeusis, que latine coniunctio dicitur ut est dies diei et deus deus meus, xxvIII. 52 (Cass. Psalm. xvII. 12 epizeuxis, quae Latine c. d. [ut est, the Glossator's addition] d. diei....et d. d. m. See also xxxIV. 24).

epizeuxis, see epizeusis.

epocentaurus, equo; onocentaurus asino mixtum, moster [for monstrum? as in Cambr. MS.], xiii. 42 (Isai. xxxiv. 14 occurrent dæmonia onocentauris; Heyse onocentaurus, in note; epocentaurus [= hippoc-], equo is perhaps added as a further explanation). Cf. onocentaurus, asino permixtum, Cp. 0177.

eptaticum, septem librorum uel septenarium, II. 69 (Bened. reg. 42, 8 legat...non Eptaticum, [11] eptaticum, in note heptati-

cum) = heptateuchos.

epul, castor, per pullux, per castor, xLIII. 44 (De div. nominibus = Donati Ars gramm. p. 386, 15 adverbia...iurandi, ut

edepol, ecastor).

pyuision pérision Exiareton precipuum [praec-], xxix. 51 (Uerb. Interpr. = Hier. in Matth. vi. 11-13 Quod nos superstantialem expressimus, in Graeco habetur ἐπιούσιον, quod verbum Lxx interpretes περιούσιον...transferunt. Consideravimus ergo in Hebreo, et ubicumque illi περιούσιον expresserunt, nos invenimus sgolla (πίνιο), quod Symmachus ἐξαίρετον, id est praecipuum, vel egregium transtulit).

equali [aeq-], xxxiii. 24, see urbicus. eques, equester uel equi, xxxv. 243 (Ruf. ix. 9 fol. 152<sup>b</sup> eques ac praecursor). equester, equi, xxxv. 243, see eques.

equester, equi, xxxv. 243, see eques. equis, xiii. 59, see feretri; xxii. 16 (bis), see ueredarii; xxxv. 15, see quadriga.

equitum, xIII. 33, see bige.

equo, xIII. 42, see epocentaurus.

equorum, xLv. 30, see mango. equos, xxII. 16, see ueredarii.

equaleis, see in aculeis.

equus, xxII. 16, see ueredarii.

equus emissarius, qui mittitur ad iumenta, xii. 35 (Eccles. xxxii. 6).

-er- for rae: perpeti for praepeti.

eramento [aer-], xv. 22, see speties eris; xix. 40, see olla.

erant, see erunt.

erat, xxxv. 96 (ter).

erba [herba], Ix. 5, see capparis; x. 10, see cyprus, 20, see cassia; xIII. 1, see cucumerarium, 41, see paliurus, 57, see saliuncula; xIV. 3, see uorith, 32, see croceis; xxxv. 42, see stibiis.

erbarum [herb-], xxix. 20, see quis-

quilia.

erbaticas, xiv. 3, see uorith.

ęrę [for aere], xv. 37, see electrum.

erea [aer-], xiv. 36, see urceos. erecto, xiiv. 26, see a tergo.

eregantur, loquantur, xiviii. 1 (De Cass., Inst. iv. 41, 2 si tibi uel cuiquam conuicia, si inrogantur iniuriae, esto inmobilis...; id., ibid. viii. 8, 3 lapides et maledicta...inrogaret; not, it seems id. ibid. ii. 7, 3 cum is, qui orationem collecturus est, e terra surrexerit, omnes pariter eriguntur). Cf. Löfstedt, in Archiv f. L. L. xiv. 134, who would read eleganter,

eloquenter.
eregit [erigit], xLIV. 10, see cardines.
eregitur [erig-], xLIV. 27, see leua.

eremita, see anachorita; heremita.

ereola [ar-], x. 22, see areola. erepsissent, see eripisissent.

erga, xliv. 16, see antarticus.

ergastulo, carcere, xxxv. 168 (Ruf. v. 2 fol. 75<sup>b</sup> in ergastulis consumuntur; ibid. fol. 76<sup>b</sup> non in ergastulo...conclusi).

erigitur, see eregitur.

eriguntur, see eregantur.

eripisissent, inruissent, xxxv. 135 (Ruf. III. 6 fol. 36<sup>b</sup> si qui...erepsissent) = erepsissent, inruissent, Cp. E270; Ep. —; Ef. 357, 22.

eris, xv. 22, see speties eris.

erit, xxix. 73, see qui dixerit-.

erladiocten, operis conpulsorem, xxx. 55 (Cat. Hier. 1xx col. 673<sup>Δ</sup> ἐργοδιώκτην eum Origenes vocat; B: ertoauogten idest operis expulsorem eum O. vocat; C: [blank]eum Origenes vocat).

erodis [Her-], IV. 17, see fadus.

erotema, interrogatio, xxvIII. 27 (Cass. Psalm. I. 1 haec figura Graece dicitur erotema, Latine interrogatio; cf. also xIV. 1) = erotema, interrogatio, Cp. E280;

Ep.—; eroteria grece interrogatio, Ef.<sup>1</sup> 359, 27.

erpica, egida, xlvII. 22 (Alia=?)=
erpica, egõe, Cp. E293; Ep.—; erpica,
egdae, Ef.¹ 359, 47. For erpica (a harrow)
see Körting, Wört., No. 4576 (hirpex), and
hirpex, irpex (Lewis & Sh.). The O. H. G.
egida (Schade, p. 125) is, in the present
Glossary, an alteration from an original
egidae (for egidae? see note §§ on p. 48).
Cf. the A. S. egeõe, egþe (Bosw. T.); M. E.
eythe; Germ. and D. Egge.

errare, XLIV. 26, see a tergo. ertoauogten, see erladiocten.

eruce, modici uermes qui mandunt folia multos pedes habent, xxxix. 7 (Greg. Dial. 1, 9 col. 197<sup>A</sup> hortum, magna... erucae multitudine invenit esse coopertum; ...ad easdem erucas).

eruere, discere, xLv. 2 (Uerba de multis = Ars Phocae, p. 411, 10 veterum eruere

commentarios).

erunt [for erant], 1.100, see proconsolaris. erynnis, see striga.

Esaia, see artabe.

esca, xxxv. 291, see stipis. See also isica. escam, xx. 16, see bonam escam.

eschematismenos, idest dum aliud loquitur aliud agit, xx. 5 (Job; Praef. Hieron. p. xxv<sup>b</sup>, and Migne, P. L. xxvIII col. 1081<sup>A</sup> ἐσχηματισμένος dumque aliud loquitur, aliud agit).

esculentiores, see excellentiores,

ESDRA, XXIII tit.

esocem, esohascem, see merocem.

esse, I. 52; II. 188.

essentia, substantia, I. 46 (De Canon.; Can. Conc. Carth. CXXXVII [Def. fidei Conc. Nic.] ex alia substantia, vel essentia; Ep. S. Cyr. Alex., p. 177b de illius essentia; Def. fid. Chalc. ap. Mans. VII. 752a de essentia).

est, I. 111; II. 59, 188, 189 (bis); IV. 99; VIII. 8; x. 6, 10, 11, 13, 16, 17, 20; xI. 3, 14; xII. 9, 17; XIII. 39; XIV. 3, 6, 10, 20; XVI. 4, 13; XVIII. 7; XIX. 51; XXIII. 1; XXVIII. 18, 25, 28, 33 (quater), 52, 53, 57, 70, 76, 83; XXIX. 9; XXXII. 1, 5; XXXIII. 2, 6, 8–11, 13, 16, 19, 20; XXXV. 82, 130, 144, 147; XXXVII. 8, 19; XXXVIII. 16, 22; XXXIX. 13, 15, 33, 36; XII. 10, 11, 16; XIIII. 28, 29, 46; XIIIV. 2, 7, 8, 16; XIVII. 8.

ESTER, XXII tit.

estiuo [aest-], xxvII. 32, see opago tempore.

esto, xxix. 63.

et, i. 80, 111; m. 149, 169, 188; nv. 97, 98; nx. 1; x. 1, 5, 10, 14 (bis), 18, 22; xn. 3, 4, 14 (bis), xnn. 9, 21, 42; xnn. 11, 39, 43 (bis), 47, 54, 55; xnv. 3, 5 (bis), 6, 20; xv. 37 (bis); xvn. 5, 27 (ter), 30; xnx. 15,

39, 40; xx. 8; xxi. 16, 18; xxii. 11; xxiv. 13; xxv titt (bis), 7; xxviii. 36 (bis), 52, 57, 88 (bis); xxix. 42 (ter), 50 (bis), 64 (bis), 67; xxx. 35, 52; xxxi. 3, 8, 9, 11, 13, 24, 27, 32, 36; xxxii. 7, 9; xxxiii. 2, 12, 13, 15, 23, 24; xxxvi. 26, 41, 69, 72; xxxvii. 9 (bis); xxxviii. 44; xxxix. 15; xxi. 7, 8, 13, 16; xxii. 21; xxiii. 16; xxiv. 9, 10, 11 (bis), 27 (quater); xxvii. 8

et, see expolita. ethecas, see hecthetas.

ethimologia, see aethimologia.

etiam, xxxIII. 16.

etodeporicon, etodiforicon, see othepori-

con, sub v. sinphosin.

et procomian, narrationum, xxx. 54 (Cat. Hier. LXI col. 671B Hippolytus... scripsit...et Προσομιλίαν de laude Domini Salvatoris [Richardson, id.]; B: epicoia, id est narratione ia de laude saluatoris; C: [blank] et de laude domini saluatoris). The Gr. text of Migne and Gebh. (= Sophron.) has: προσομιλιών περί τών έπαίνων τοῦ κυρίου ἡμῶν Ἰησοῦ Χριστοῦ. And in a note Migne remarks "that a Verona MS. has prosaomelian, from which we may read with Fabricius προσομιλίαν, and that former edd. had wrongly mpos όμιλιῶν, or περὶ ὁμιλιῶν". = prosomean, narrationem, Cp. P566; prosomian, narrationem, Ep. 17E17; prosonam, narrationem, Ef. 377, 38. Cf. promaean, narrationem, Cp. P569; prosepion, narrationem, Cp. P624. The gloss "narrationum" of the present Glossary would agree with προσομιλιών, but the ending -ean, -ian, -nam of the lemmata, and the accus. form "narrationem" of all the kindred Glossaries, distinctly point to προσομιλίαν as the true reading.

et simcosion, similitudinem, xxx. 80;

see sinphosin.

etymologia, see aethimologia. euacuare, xxxix. 29, see cassari. euacuatas, xxxv. 290, see effetas.

euaggences parasueues, euangelice preparationis, xxx. 76, see eyaggences. euangelicae; euangelicarum; euangelice

[-cae], xxx. 75, 76, see eyaggences apod. euangelio, xxxIII. 6, see stater.

eucharistias, gratiarum actiones, xxx. 60, see panagericon, sub v. panagericis.

EUCHERIUM, XXXIII tit. euellare [for euellere?], XXXIV. 53, see

deflorare.

euentus, vi. 13, see for.

Euergetis, boni operis uel factoris, XII. 1 (Eccles., Prol., p. 586 of Antwerp ed.: in...temporibus Ptolemaei Evergetis regis). For operis the Cambr. MS. Kk. 4. 6 has operantis.

euigilantem [!], xxix. 8, see elucu-bratum.

enigilatum, see elucubratum.

eulogias, salutationes, II. 58 (Bened. reg. 54, 4 Nullatenus liceat...eulogias... accipere, [4] eologias, eul- and eul- in tit. for litteras, in some MSS.; cf. Edm. Schmidt, Regula, p. 54). Cf. Woelftlin in Arch. f. Lat. Lexic. x. 550.

eum, xxvIII. 33; xLIV. 25; see also

stratores.

eumenides, filię noctis idest hegitissę, XLIII. 53 (De div. nominibus=[not? Donati Ars grammat., but] Hagen Ars Anon. Bern., p. 132, 23 note eymenides eymenidos, 24 eminides eminidis)=Eumenides, furie iii, Cp. E353; Ep.—; Ef.—; Eumenides, haehtisse, ib. E354; Ep.—; Ef.—. For hegitissę, haehtisse, see Bosw. T. (hægtesse, a witch, hag, fury); Oxf. D. (hag, sb.¹). See also striga.

Eumorphium, see emorphium. eunuchus, xLvi. 17, see semiuir.

eunuchus, consul romanus, XLIII. 20; centaurus, nauis unus de nauibus enie [Aeneae], XLIII. 21 (De div. nominibus=Donati Ars grammat., p. 375, 24, 25 sunt ...alia sono masculina, intellectu feminina, ut Eunuchus comoedia [Terent. Af.], Orestes tragoedia [Eurip.], Centaurus navis [Virg. A. v. 122]).

euo, see auo.

eurus, dexter, xxxvi. 6 (Oros. 1. 2, 13 ad Eurum; ib. 61 in eurum; ib. 55, 57, 58, 63, 68 ab euro).

Eusebio, xxxv tit.

ex, i. 111; ii. 188; iii. 41; xiii. 51; xiv. 20; xvi. 14, 30; xix. 39, 60; xxi. 11; xxviii. 76; xxx. 35; xxxiv. 1; xxxv. 223; xxxivii. 35; xlii tit.; xliv. 7, 15; xlvi. 14.

exactio, monung gaebles, xxxix. 27 (Greg. Dial. iv. 30 col. 369<sup>h</sup> exactionem canonisegerat) = exactio, geabules monung, Cp. E518; exactio, geblesmonung, Ef. 359, 46. For monung, (a claiming or exaction of debt, tribute), see Bosw. T. (manung); O. H. G. manunga (Schade); for gaebles, geabules, gebles (tribute, tax), Bosw. T. (gwfel, gafol, gafel, &c.).

exaetasmos, idest exquesitio, xxvIII. 66 (Cass. Psalm. xxIII. 3 figura...exetasmos,

idest exquisitio).

exaggerare, comulare [cum-], xxxiv. 28 (De Cass., Inst. viii. 18 uitia non solum seruare, uerum etiam exaggerare consueuit; x. 7, 9; x. 8, 3; x. 11 &c. exaggerat).

exaggeratio, xxvIII. 69, see emphasis. exaggerationis, xxvIII. 38, see per figuram y-. exallage, see exallege.

exallege, permotatio, xxvIII. 29 (Cass. Psalm. II. 6 exallage, Latine permutatio; see also xvIII. 4) = exallage, permotatio, Cp. E466; Ep. —; exallage, grece permotatio, Ef. 359, 28.

examinatio, II. 50, see discussio.

exameron [hex-], xxxv. 250, see in exameron.

examine, iudicio discussione, II. 62 (Bened. reg. 1, 8 [11] fraterna ex acie; but fraterno examine, Hattemer, Denkmahle, I. 34 and Paul Piper, Nachträge, p. 34, 18, 19).

examussim, inquisitiue, xxxvIII. 1 (Clem. Recognitt. x. 47 si quis cupit examussim veritatem...agnoscere). See also III. 58: accipio quod de veritate ad amussim

requiris.

exaplois, xix. 11, see in exaplois.

ex ca (vi) cai (et) decerida, sedecenalem [-cennalem], xxx. 52; enneafe decerida, decemnoualem, xxx. 53 (Cat. Hier. LXI col. 671AB sedecim annorum circulum quem Græci ἐκκαιδεκαετηρίδα vocant...; decem et novem annorum circulum, id est έννεακαιδεκαετηρίδα; B: sed. ann. cir. q. greciezacaterim idest sex et decem annorum vocant...nouemdecim ann. cir. ennelaecaterim idest decem nouenalem : C: xvi annorum eir. q. greci [blank] vocant...x et viiij annorum circulum id est [blank])= exacaide, ceterida, sedecennalem, Cp. E413; exacaidae ceterida, sedecennalem, Ef. 1358, 41; enneacaide ceterida, nouenalem, Cp. E201; ennecaide ceterida decennouenalem, Ef. 1 358, 41.

excarptio, see scarpmat.

excedere, abire effugire [effugere], 11. 61 (Bened. reg. 68, 5 [8] si...uirium suarum mensuram uiderit pondus oneris excedere). excellentia, xxvIII. 18, see apo tu-; xLVIII.

19, see prerogativa.

excellentiores, gipparre, xLVIII. 40 (De Cass., Inst. Praef. 2 excellentior progenies; v. 36 ordinem, qui excellentior habetur). The form excellentiores occurs neither in the Inst., nor in the Conl., which latter only gives excellentior (1. 11, 2), -oris (xv. 8), -orem (xi. 12, 7; xxi. 1, 2, 23, 3), -ore (xI. 13, 1). But Inst. v. 7 we find esculentiores cibi, for which three MSS. have excolentiores, and v. 23, 1 accuratioribus epulis et esculentioribus. Can this be the word that was meant to be glossed? it was more likely to require explanation than the well-known excellentior. Gipparre seems to be another form of the A. S. geappre (comp. of geap) which = the Lat. callidior in Gen. 3. (Bosw. T. geap) and with an Umlaut would

appear as gieppre, gippre; gëap answers to the M. E. jëp (see jeap in Stratmann); see Wright W. Voc. (geap, geaplice, in index). Cf. above corpulentioribus.

excelsi, xxxv. 92, see processores. excelsiore, xxxv. 275, see editore. excelso, iv. 25, see in edito. exceptis, xxii. 12, see urna.

excesserit, oblitus fuerit culpauerit, II.

57 (Bened. reg. 46, 6 [7] Si quis...aliquid excesserit; cf. 67, 7 [12] excessus, excessos; 45, 5 excessisse). Cf. excesserit, culpauerit, Cp. E410; excesserit, calcauerit, Ef. 358, 24, and below, excussum. See Woelfflin in Arch. f. Lat. Lexic. x. 550.

excessos, see excesserit; excessus. excessu, xxx. 40, see extasei.

excessum, cauatum, iv. 108, see exesum. excessus, extulit se, ii. 60 (Bened. reg. 67, 7 [12] propter excessus [excesses]; cf. 45, 4 excessu). With this lemma "extulit se" does not agree. If the latter were correct, the lemma might be "excessit," which, however, does not occur in the Regula [but see above excesserit]. Cf. ectasi, excessum, expello, Cp. E17; excesus, egylt, Cp. E500. For egylt, a fault, trespass, see Bosw. T. (egylt, ægylt).

excetra, see exedra.
excidium, casum uel discensum [for discessum?], xxxv. 141 (Ruf. III. 7 fol. 39 post vrbis excidium...de bello...atque excidio ciuitatis; III. 11 fol. 41 ciuitatis excidium). Cf. excidium, discidium, Cp. E378; excidium, expugnatio, Cp. E379.

excipiuntur, separantur, xlii. 1 (Ex div. libris=Sulp. Sev. Dial. ii. 3, p. 183, 8 misera ipsa animalia conglobantur...

dumque aegre expediuntur).

exciso, xxIII. 5, see lapide inpolito. excisum, see exesum.

exclamatione xxvIII. 65. see

exclamatione, xxvIII. 65, see epi phonima.

excocti, m. 51, see digesti. excogitata, xxxv. 100, see commenta. excolantes, see exclantes.

excoriandi, xx. 6, see extentera. excubiae, see exubie.

excusabile, xxx. 23, see apologieticum. excusabilem, xxxv. 153, see apologiticum.

excusans, iv. 23, see apollogeticus. excusationes, xxx. 79, see apologus. excusationibus, xlviii. 71, see apologis.

excussum, obliuionem uel derelictum, II. 65 (Bened. reg. 4, 34 [51] risum multum aut excussum non amare; q<sup>3</sup> for excessum? see excesserit oblitus fuerit, in II. 57, and cf. Woelfflin in Arch. f. Lat. Lexic., x. 550).

ex diametro, e regione medietas anni, xxxviii. 35 (Clem. Recognitt. x. 11 aliquis annum tuum aspexit ex diametro aut conjunctus aut in centro). Cf. diametro, duplici mensura, Cp. D255; Ef. 355, 62; Goetz, vi. 411 (ex diametro).

execlesie [for ecclesiae], x. 1, see osculetur

exedra, serpens est si occiditur surgent de capite eius plures serpentes nisi cicius [cit-] incenditur, xxIII. 1 (Esdras; Hieron. Praef., p. xIIIb licet hydra sibilet; Heyse, p. xLVIIIª licet et excetra sibilet; Migne, Patr. Lat. xxvIII col. 1406 licet et excetra sibilet, and in note hydra; serpens; extra cittara).

exedrae, see exedre.

exedre, parue domus, v. 10 (Eccl. Stor.); exedre, scabelli [!] ad cibos uel subselli [!] xxxv. 61 (De Eus.) = (Ruf. xr. 23 fol. 187b spatia occupant exhedrae, in ed. 1548; exhedre, in ed. 1535, p. 255; exedrae, Cacciari п. р. 102). Cf. exedre, scabelli ad cibos, Cp. E420; cf. also Cp. E366, 415, 562, and Goetz vu. 411 (exedram).

exemerinus [for Chimerinus =  $\chi \epsilon \iota \mu \epsilon \rho \iota \nu \delta s$ ], ac si ex meridie [-die] remotior, xliv. 5;

see arcticos.

exempla, xxvIII. 26, see paradigma. exempli, 1. 95, see portentuose.

exempta, uiolenter sublata, 1. 51 (De Canon.; Can. Conc. Carth. LVI exempta de fasce multarum). Cf. exemta, suciata (for sublata?), Cp. E536; Goetz, vi. 411 (exemptus).

exenia, madmas, III. 66 (Vit. S. Anton. xxvII col. 15000 xenia; but in note 65, col. 181 exenia). For madmas (precious things, ornaments) see Bosw. T. (ma-

aum).

exentera, see extentera.

exenteseen, questionum, xxx. 66 (Cat. Hier. LXXV col. 685A viginti quinque έξηγήσεων Origenis volumina; B: viginti q. e3eseon idest questionum o. v.; C: xxv [blank] orig. v.) = exentesion, expositio Cp. E412; exentession, quaessionum, quaestion, Ef. 1 358, 32.

exequere [ = exequi], 1. 10, see ad-

mittere.

exequi, see exequere.

exercendi, xIII. 24, see uectandi.

exercitationis, xLv. 1, see gymnasium. exercitu, III. 14, see per aggerem, and note † on p. 7.

exercitum [-tuum], xn. 42, see uasa;

xIII. 33, see bige.

exercitus, xxi. 1, see in expeditione. exercituum, xxi. 17, see Adonai. also bige equitum; uasa castrorum.

exertum, sollicitum, xv. 39 (Ezech. Iv. 7

brachium tuum erit extentum; Heyse, in note exertum) = exertum, sollicitum, Cp. The Hebrew has חשופה (made Cf. Wright W. 1. 230, 37, and naked). Steinm. 1. 642, 50.

exesum, subtilis, xxxv. 230 (De Eus.); excessum, cauatum, rv. 108 (Eccl. Istor.) =(Ruf. xi. 25 fol. 189 simulachrum...a tergo exesum; Rhenanus' ed. of 1535 has excisum; Cacciari, ps. 11. p. 106 exesum, alias excisum) = exesum, suptile, comsumtum, Cp. E520.

exetasmos, see exactasmos.

exhedrae, exhedre, see exedre.

exhibere, accersire [-siri] adesse uel presto [praesto] esse, 1. 52 (De Canon.; Can. Conc. Carth. LXXVII ut ... suam praesentiam non differat exhibere).

exhibita, adtributa prestita [praest-], II. 56 (Bened. reg. 2, 18 [25] cura ex-

hibita).

exhortatio, see caeleuma.

exiarcton [for ¿ξαίρετον], xxix. 51, see epyuision.

exigerit, poposcerit uel petierit, 11. 70 (Bened. reg. 48, 13 [23] Si...necessitas loci...exegerit [and correctly?] exigerit).

exiit, xxII. 12, see urna. exin, deinde, xxxv. 297 (Ruf. 1. 9 fol. 13a; IX. 9 fol. 152a; X. 11 fol. 167b

exinde).

exinanitum, x. 6, see unguentum exina-

exinde, see exin.

existimant, see celum.

exitiali, mortali, IV. 29 (Ruf. III. 5 fol. 35b exitiali quadam manu; III. 8 fol. 39b exitialibus flammis).

exitu, xvi. 15, see ab exitu sermonis; xxx.

81, see psichiexodo.

exitur, xxxv. 285, see coibatur. exitus, xxviii. 53, see paraprosdocia.

ex latere regni, de adulterio regine, xvi. 14 (Dan. vi. 4 principes...quaerebant occasionem ut invenirent Danieli ex lateri regis; Heyse, and Migne xxvIII col. 1308, in notes, ex latere regni) = ex latere regni, de adulterio regine, Cp. E409 & Ef.1 358, 22; Ep. -

exolantes, mundantes a colendo [colando?] dicitur, xxiv. 12 (Math. xxiii. 24 duces cæci, excolantes culicem) = exolantes, mandantes, Cp. E362; Ep. -; exoluntes,

mundantes, Ef.1 357, 16.

exordio, xvi. 15, see ab exitu sermonis. exortari, xxxv. 44, see adortus.

exortatio, xIV. 15, see caeleuma.

expectans [for spectans], XLIV. 7, see poli. expectaremur, xxxv. 281, see operiremur.

expectat [for exspectat], 1. 8, see allectat.

expediat, see expedit.

**expedire**, prodesse uel commodare, II. 67 (*Bened. reg.* 64, 28 [51] ut viderit cuique *expedire*; cf. 65, 19 [38], 26 [50]; 68, 9 [17]).

expedit, prodest commodum est, 11. 59 (Bened. reg. 6, 17 [23 marg. & not.] ne videatur plus loqui quam expedit; 36, 13 [20] quotiens expedit; cf. xxxix. 12 [19] expediat).—non expedit, non conuenit, 11. 123 (Bened. reg. 66, 14 [26] quia...non expedit animabus eorum).

expeditione, expeditionem, xxi. 1, see in

expeditione.

expediuntur, see excipiuntur.

expenso, expleto, II. 68 (Bened. reg. 18,

17 [28] expenso ergo psalmo).

experimento, probamento, 11. 72 (Bened. reg. 59, 17 [27] quod experimento didicimus).

experiri, see expertim.

experiuntur, explicantur uel cognoscant, I. 47 (De Canon.; Can. Conc. Antioch. xcvIII omnes Synodi experiantur examen).

expers, ignarus, xxxiv. 50 (De Cass., Inst. xII. 29, 3 expers patientiae est; II. 3, 5 expertes).

experta, III. 59, see explosa. expertem, expertes, see expertim.

expertim, ignorari, xlviii. 35 (De Cass., Inst. Il. 3, 5 seniorum institutionis expertes). If expertes is the Glossator's lemma, ignorari is perhaps corrupted from ignari. There is expertem caelestis panis, ibid. v. 21, 3; qui innumeros diuersorum casus ac ruinas experti sunt, ibid. vii. 13; nec spiritales pugnas merebimur experiri, ibid. v. 19, 2. The latter two quotations would suggest experiri, non ignorare.

expiscabar, capiebam, xxxv. 151 (Ruf. 111. 39 fol. 52<sup>b</sup> ab ipso sedulo expiscabar). explanatio, xxvIII. 82, see efexegresis.

expleto, II. 68, see expenso.

explicantur [sine interpret.], II. 66 (Bened. reg. 5, 16 [23] ambae res...citius explicantur). For explicantur see also (I. 47) experiuntur.

explicatur, xxvIII. 53, see paraprosdocia,

78, see hyperbaton.

explosa, elisa uel experta, III. 59; explosa, mortua, III. 61 (not De S. Mart. Stor., but Vit. S. Anton. xIIII col. 158-cum...puella jaceret explosa) = explosa, elisa, Cp. E447. See also explosi.

explosi, extincti, xxvII. 6 (not in Isid. Lib. Rot.); explosi, extincti, xxvIII. 14 = (Lib. Anton. xxvI col. 150<sup>A</sup> Ista...explosi mors atque enecati prodigii) = explosi, extincti, Cp. E363; Ep.—; Ef. 357, 18.

expolierit, onauerit [ornauerit] uel declarauerit, xxxv. 194 (Ruf. vi. 18 fol. 108a Graeco eam (epistolam)... sermone, non

tamen sensibus expoliuerit).

expolita, famata, xlviii. 23 (De Cass., Inst. Praef. 5 quae...discussa non fuerint et polita; one MS. has et expolita). For famata Goetz, vi. 420, suggests formata; gf. politum, limatum, Cp. P521.

expolitum, ornatum, xxxv. 185 (Ruf. vi. 15 fol. 105° ingenium ... expolitum

uiciauit).

expoliuerit, see expolierit. exponi, xix. 28, see iubilo.

expositionis, see eyaggences apod-.

expositionum, see de entoetromito; ypophesion.

expresio [expressio], xxvIII. 88, see

diatiposis.

ex pretore, de pretorio, xxxv. 223 (Ruf. xi. 21 fol. 186<sup>b</sup> ex praetore Vrbano catechumenus).

exprimebant, 1. 127, see striones.

exprimuntur, xxvIII. 88, see diatiposis. expulsorem, see erladiocten.

expulsus, i. 48, see exterris.

exquesitio [exquisitio], xxvIII. 66, see exaetasmos.

exquisitio, see exactasmos.

exsecutiones, xxvIII. 71, see ephichirema.

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exspectat, see expectat.

exsuperare, xxvIII. 51, see hyperthesis.

exsurge, xxvIII. 33, see tropus.

exta, intestina, xxxv. 202 (Ruf. vIII. 16 fol. 143b exta...perscrutabantur). Cf. exta, iesen, Cp. E439. For exta, see also (xvi. 30) aruspices, and extale.

extale, snedil-daerm, xxxv. 203 (Ruf.?). Qy for extalis? (see Lewis & Sh.; Forcell.), and, perhaps, together with the Germanic words, a further explanation of exta (q.v.), intestina. For snedildaerm (the great gut) see Bosw. T. (snædel, snædel pearm) = extale, snædilþearm, Cp. E419; extale, snædil uel thearm, Ef. 359, 5.

extalis, see extale.

extasei, excessu idest mentis, xxx. 40 (Cat. Hier. xl. col. 655<sup>B</sup> quae scripsit  $\pi\epsilon\rho l$  έκστάσεως [De έκστάσει, Rich.]; and LIII col. 663<sup>A</sup> de ecstasi; B (xl.): quae scripsit de excessu mentis; (LIII: de extasi); C (xl.): quae scripsit [blank]; (LIII: de extasi). Cf. extaseos, celsa, Cp. E402).

extasi, see extasei.

extemplo, see extimplo.

extendi, xxvIII. 38, see per figuram yperbolen.

extensa, xix. 20, see tympanum. extensos, vi. 24, see intentos.

extentera, inicium [init-] excoriandi, xx. 6 (Tobias vi. 5 exentera hunc piscem; Heyse, in note, extentera). See Lewis & Short, in voce exintero; cf. exintera, ansceat (the bowels, Bosw. T.); extentera, anseot, Ef.1 358, 26.

extentum, see exertum.

exterminat, xx. 5, see extricat.

exterminatus, xIII. 5, see commolitus.

extersum, iv. 111, see purum. extimplo, statim, xxvIII. 4 (Lib. Anton. IX col. 132D corporis dolor extemplo deletus

est) = Cp. E429.extincti, xxvII. 6 and xxvIII. 14, see ex-

plosi.

extollatur, see extollit.

extollit, abstrahit, II. 71 (Bened, reg. 48, 35 alios extollit [61 distollit; cf. ibid. note]; cf. 34, 7 [9] extollatur; 57, 4 [5] extollitur).

extollitur, see extollit.

extores, extraneos, xLvIII. 56, see extorris.

extorqueretur, xxxv. 167, see eliceretur. extorrem, see extorris.

extorres, exules de patria, xxxv. 241, see extorris.

extorris, ui expulsus quasi exterris, 1.48 (De Canon.; Conc. Gangr., Praef., ap. Migne, Patr. Lat. LXXXIV col. 112<sup>n</sup> ab ecclesia habeatur extorris). - extores, extraneos, xLvIII. 56 (De Cass., Inst. v. 38, 1 qui uniuersis facultatibus paternis esset extorris; id. Conl. xxi. 9, 1 extorrem facere). - extorres, exules de patria, xxxv. 241 (Ruf. Ix. 8 fol. 151b extorres patria). Cf. Isid. Etym. x. 86, 87; and extorres, praeccan, Cp. E515.

extra, I, 111, see sicera.

extraneos, xLVIII. 56, see extores.

extrema, xliv. 6, see conuexa.

extremas, xiv. 33, see lacinias.

extreme [-mae], xliv. 5; extreme, xliv. 10, see cardines.

extremi quoque duo septentrionales, xLIV.28; axem celi ipsius dnms [dimidians?] bina hiemisperia per medium orbem terre sed nullus corporalis intellegitur axis quod uirtus diuina celi globum rotans per axem incorporeum in orbem speri contorqueat comminisque moliri, xLiv. 29 (Alia; de cælo?). These two articles are, perhaps, in further explanation of the twenty-seven preceding glosses of Ch. xLIV.

extremum, x1. 6, see supremum.

extricat, exterminat foras mittit, xx. 5 (Tobias vi. 8 extricat omne genus daemo-

extulit, II. 60, see excessus. exuberat, m. 49, see lugoria.

exubie, exuendo, xLVI. 35, see exuuia.

exuendo, xLvi. 35, see exubie. exules, xxxv. 241, see extorres. exuperat, 1. 45, see emergit. exurit, xxvII. 12, see uaporat.

exuuia, spolia, xxix. 25 (Uerb. Interpr. = Hier. in Matth. xxII. 11, 12 vestem pollutam, id est veteris hominis exuvias) = exugiae, spolia, Cp. E525; excubiae, spolia, Ef. 359, 57; exuuiae, spoliae, Ef. 2292, 7. Cf. exubiae, uestes mortuorum, Cp. E524. — exubie, exuendo, xlvi. 35 (Alia=Ars Phocae, p. 428, 8 exuviae; in note excubiae, exubiae).

exuuiae, see exuuia. exuuias, see exuuia.

eyaggences apodoxios, euangelice [-cae] predicaciones [-nis], xxx. 75; euaggences parasueues, euangelice [-cae] preparationis [praep-], xxx. 76 (Cat. Hier. LXXXI col. 689 Α Εὐαγγελικής Αποδείξεως libri viginti, Εὐαγγελικής Προπαρασκευής [Εὐαγ- προδείξεως παρασκευής, in Migne's Gr. text] libri quindecim; B: euangelice apolizeon, idest euangelice expositionis libri viginti euangelica eproparaskenes idest euangelicarum preparationum libri quindecim; C: [blank] libri viginti [blank] libri viginti quinque) = Euaggelices apodixeos, euangelicae ostensiones, Cp. E358; Euanggelices parasceues, euangelicae praeparationes, Cp. E342; Euangellices apodixeos; Euangelicae praeparationes, Ef.1 358, 34, 35. eymenides, see eumenides.

eynum, beneuolus, xxix. 49 (Uerb. Interpr. = Hier. in Matth. v. 25 Pro... consentiens, in Graecis scriptum est Εὐνοῶν, quod interpretatur benevolus).

eza, v. 8 [for έξαπλά?], see auo. ejacaterim, see ex ca. Ezechiele, see colamina; obulus.

f for p: efexegresis (for ep-).—for ph: agiografa (hagiographa); anacefaleos, -faleosin (anaceph); artofilax; caefalus; Catafrigarum; diaforesis; elefantis; falleras; fares; faros; fidiae; filacteria; fledomum; foetontis; freniticus; frix; frigia; gazofilatia; hermofroditus; hierufontis; metafora; metafrasin; pastoforia; pyriflegitonta; scafa; sirofenissa; sofismatum; strofa; tifon.—for u = v: fates: infestes.—ff for ph: effeborum (epheb-).

fabae, see frixi ciceris; mocum. fabarum, see leguminum.

fabe, xxiv. 5, see mocum.

fabricam [for fabricatis?], xxxv. 294, see thecis.

fabricat, xxxv. 271, see cudat.

fabricatis, see thecis.

fabula poetarum est gigantes terram

sustentare sub aquis, xix. 51 (Job xxvi. 5 Ecce gigantes gemunt sub aquis).

fabulatio, xxxv. 1, see tragoedia. fac, xvII. 18, see tene laterem.

facere, 1. 82, see operam; xv. 48, see ad leuicandum; XLIII. 52, see facesso.

facessat, lacessat [for lassescat?], IV. 38 (Eccl. Istor.); facessat, desino, xxxv. 150, and fessat, desonat [for desinat?], xxxv. 76 (De Eus.) = (Ruf. III, 36 fol. 51b facessat inuidia); cf. facessit, desinat, Cp. F112; fessat, desonat, Cp. F116; see also fessat.

facesso, facere cesso uel sepe [saepe] facio, XLIII. 52 (De div. nominibus = Donati Ars gramm. p. 385, 5, 7 facesso). facessit, duo sunt, idest facere cessat et

frequenter facit, Cp. F98.

faciat, viii. 19, see si usque ad. faciens, xxvIII. 61, see amphibolia. faciente, XLVIII. 65, see infestante.

facile, citius uelociter, II. 77 (Bened. reg. 65, 9 [17] facile advertitur).

facio, xLIII. 52, see facesso. facit, xxxII. 8-11; xxxIII. 8. facitur, x. 26, see mustum.

faciunt, x. 9; xIII. 31, 53; xIV. 3, 5; xv. 12; xvi. 22, 25, 26; xvii. 19; xix. 44; xxi. 20; xxiv. 6; xxix. 39; xxxi. 28; xxxIII. 1, 14, 30; xxxv. 42; xxxvII. 19.

facta, xxix. 11, see mauria.

factionibus, subdolibus, xxxv. 267 (Ruf. VI. 7 fol. 100° factionibus circumuenire parant eum). Qy subdolibus for sodalibus or sodaliciis?

factis, xvII. 9, see asolatis; see also

factis [for flectis?], xxxv. 175, see grati-

factoris, xII. 1, see euergetis.

factum, xxiv. 13, see alabastrum; XXXVIII. 22, see deucalionem.

factura, see de piasma.

faculae, see tede.

facule [-lae], xIX. 44, see tede.

facultates, xxxv. 276, see reditus; xLvI. 36, see manubie.

facundia, facundis, see dialecticis. fadus, aliud nomen erodis [Her-], IV. 17 (Ruf. 11. 11 fol. 24" Fado, abl., and Fadus).

faen-, see fen-; foen-. faex, see auriculum.

fala, xLVII. 41, see tubolo.

falcis, xLv. 5, see fax.

fallacia, fallatia, IV. 63, see pompa.

falleras, falsitates, XLII. 16 (Ex div. libris = Sulp. Sev. Dial. 1. 27, 3, p. 179, 21 inanes sermonum faleras...contemnere; in note phaleras). Cf. farelas (for faleras) hryste, Cp. F111. For hryste see Bosw. T. (hyrst, an ornament, trapping).

false, see pseudo ephigrapha.

falsitates, XLII. 16, see falleras.

falso, xxx. 33, see pseudo ephigrapha.

falx, see fax.

famata [for formata?], xLVIII. 23, see expolita.

famfaluca, see famfelucas.

famfelvcas, laesungae, xLVII. 19 (Alia =?) = famfaluca, faam, leasung, Cp. F25; f-, leasung uel faam, Ep. 9C12; f-, laesung uel faam, Ef. 1360, 46. For leasung (leasing, lying, vain or frivolous speech, deception, artifice), see Bosw. T. For famfelucas (trifles, fineries), see Körting, Wört. 3620. The derivation of this word from Gr. Touφόλυξ is strengthened by the additional gloss faam, foam, a water-bubble, in Cp., Ep. and Ef.1

famosissimo, xxix. 5, see augustissimo.

fanonem, see labrum.

fans [for fraus], xxx. 42, see chri fiscus. far, xxxvII. 4, see fidelia farris.—far, frumentum, xIV. 9 (Verba de multis=Ars Phocae, p. 412, 5 neutri generis...fas far Cf. far, genus frumenti, Cp. F87; Ep. 10A18; Ef. 362, 14.

faram, see fares.

fares, turres custodum, xxxvi. 5 (Oros. 1. 2, 71 altissimam pharum; in note farum, faram).

faria, eloquia, xxvII. 2 (Lib. Rot. = Isid. de nat. rer., 111. 1 Feria quoque a fando dicta est, quasi fari) = Cp. F24; Ep. 9C21; Ef. 1 360, 54; cf. Goetz vi. 435, 6; Isid. Lib. Gloss. faria, verba multa. tarina, xxi. 15, see polenta.

faros, xxIII. 2, see filii faros. farris, xxxvII. 3, see fidelia farris.

farum, see fares.

fas, diuinum, rv. 21 (Ruf. 11. 20 fol. 29b ius fasque). - fas erat, ius erat uel iustum erat, xxxv. 96 (Ruf. 1. 1 fol. 2b quantum fas erat; ibid. fol. 5ª quantum...fas erat).

fascia pectoralis, uestis [Cambr. MS. adds que] circa pectus uoluitur, xm. 13 (Isai. III. 24 erit...pro fascia pectorali

cilicium).

fascibus, onoribus [hon-], rv. 13 (Eccl. Istor.); fascibus, dignitatibus, xxxv. 103 (De Eus.) = (Ruf. 11. 5 fol. 21a omnibus qui Romanis fascibus subiacent). fastibus.

fascinatio, laudatio stulta, xr. 1 (Sap. iv. 12 fascinatio...nugacitatis obscurat

fastibus, libris, IV. 9 (Eccl. Istor.); and id. xxxv. 102 (De Eus.) = (Ruf. 1. 6 fol. 11b nullis conscriptionum fastibus). Cacciari, p. 34, prints fascibus, and says that 3 Vatican MSS. have factis.

fastis, fastos, see in fastu. fastu, vii. 9, see in fastu.

fastus, inflatio uel timor [tumor ?], xLVIII. 14; faustus, superbia, xLVIII. 36 (De Cass., Inst. v. 10 superbiae calcandus est fastus; II. 3, 3 fastus uitae; IV. 5 omni fastu deposito mundiali) = fastus, superbia, Cp. F16; fastus, superbia uel liber, Ep. 10A20; Ef. 362, 16. See also in fastu.

fastus, acc. plur. 4th decl. of fasti, see

in fastu.

fatere, laudare, xL. 2 (Uerba?). fates, propheta, IV. 5; see uatis. fatescente, fatiscente, see fatescit.

fatescit, briudid, III. 34 (S. Mart. Stor. = Sulp. Sev. Dial. 1. 11, 2 corpus media fatiscebat; ibid. 1. 16, 3 stomacho iam fatiscente [fatescente, in note]). Steinmeyer (Alth. Glossen, II. 746) refers the gloss to facessat a quoquam qui sub Deo uiuit, ista suspicio (Dial. III. 5, 5), remarking that briudid is connected with O.H.G. brôdi, crippled, weak (see Schade, in voce). For briudid, gone to ruin, come to grief, from A.S. brēoþan (Bosw. T.) prop. intransitive, but sometimes also trans. to ruin, destroy, cf. Oxf. D. (sub v. brothel) .fatescit, soluit contriuit, xxvii. 22 (Lib. Rot. = Isid. Lib. de nat. rer. VII. 3 terra fatiscit in puluerem). Cf. fatescit, resoluitur, Cp. F46 and Ef.2 293, 14.

fatiget, xxvIII. 1, see deficiet. fatiscebat, fatiscit, see fatescit.

fato, see fatum.

fatores, xiv. 22, see in fatores.

fatum, uyrd, xxxv. 165 (Ruf. iv. 30 fol. 72ª de fato...dialogus). For fatum see also (xxxv. 157) furtunam. For uyrd see Bosw. T. (wyrd, fate, fortune), and below, fors.

faue [fabae], xxix. 13, see frixi ciceris. fauor, plausus, 1. 55 (De Canon.; Can. Conc. Carth. LIII illicito fauore; Decret. Innoc. VIII p. 196b fin. populi fauorem sequentes). Cf. plausus, fauor, Cp. P444.

fauorum [fabarum?], n. 106; see legu-

minum.

faustus, superbia, xLVIII. 36, see fastus. fautorem, laudatorem, xLVIII. 46 (De Cass., Inst. v. 31 fabularum diabolum esse fautorem ... declarauit). - fautoribus, consentientibus, iv. 95 (Eccl. Istor.); fautoribus, adiutoribus, xxxv. 212 (De Eus.) = (Ruf. x. 15 fol. 169<sup>a</sup> fautoribus...indulget).

fax, falcis, xLv. 5 (Uerba de multis = Ars Phocae, p. 412, 1 feminini generis...gens falx fax faex).

fecerunt, xxxvIII. 37, see coribantas.

feci, xv. 8, see conplosi.

fecit, xxxix. 4, see balneum ciceronis. fecundia [for facundia? or facundis?], xxxiv. 45, see dialecticis.

fefellerant, see fefellit.

fefellit, fraudulenter mentitur, xxxv. 132 (Ruf. III. 10 fol. 41b Nec me de eorum testimonio fefellit opinio; III. 6 fol. 36ª de his qui fefellerant).

feliciter, viii. 13, see in sublime. fellis, xxvII. 30, see moloncolia. feminarum, 1. 127, see striones.

feminino, xxxv. 144, see enixa est. femur uirginis, idest dine [Dinae; see Genes. xxxiv., and Steinm. 1. 481 note 1], xxi. 7 (Judith ix. 2 denudaverunt femur

virginis).

fenerantur, xxix. 42, see trapezeta.

fenus, see foenus.

ferculum lectum est quod portari potest, x. 13 (Cant. III. 9 Vulg. ferculum fecit sibi

rex Salomon).

feretri, in quibus portantur filie nobilium super mu equis coopertis desuper cortina sicut currus, xim. 59 (Isai. ? not in the Vulg.; perhaps a further explanation of xIII. 58 in lecticis. Conf. feretrum 2 Reg. 3, 31).

feretrum, see feretri.

feria [sine interpret.], 11. 74 (Bened. reg. 13, 8 [11] secunda feria; cf. 18, 9 [13] primam ... secundae feriae [ferie] &c.; 41, 5 [7] sexta feria). See also faria.

feriatus, sanctus uel requies, xxvII. 19 (Lib. Rot. = Isid. Lib. de nat. rerum,  $\pi\pi$ . 1 dies sabbati ab initio feriatus habetur; cf. ib. 1. 4 feriati dies) = feriatus sanctus Cp. F126; Ep. 9C20; Ef.<sup>1</sup> requies, 360, 53.

ferię, see feria.

feris, xxxix. 15, see ferula.

feroces, 1. 16, see barbari. ferocitate, xvi. 13, see efferatus est.

ferree, xxxv. 81, see uaeri.

ferreis, xxxv. 175, see graticulis; xLI. 17, see mastigia.

ferri, xxxv. 143, see per metalla.

ferris, xxxv. 41, see in aculeis. ferro, xI. 13, see in carcere ...

ferrugineas, pallidus uel rubicundus, XXIX. 40 (Uerb. Interpr.=Hier. in Matth. xxvII. 45 ferrugineas fecisse tenebras). Cf. feruginius, greig (gray), Cp. F115.

ferrum, vIII. 10, see conflatorium; xIII. 18, see sarculum, 52, see lima, 53, see circino; xiv. 20, see scalpellum; xvii. 2, see ligones, 5, see trulla; xxxv. 39, see

ungulam, 201, see cautere. feruens, III. 27, see furibundus.

feruentes, 1. 69, see lasciuientes. ardentissimo, 11. feruentissimo, ardentissimo, 11. 79 (Bened. reg. 72, 6 [6] hunc...zelum feruentissimo amore exerceant).

ferula, baculus arundineus de maiore

genere si feris de ipso ardet et non est libidum [liuidum], xxxix. 15 (Greg. Dial. III. 26 col. 281^ quos...ferula...caedebat; ictus ferulae pertimescebant).

ferunculus, see furunculas.

fessat, desonat [desinat?], xxxv. 76; see facessat.

festinanter, festinatio, xxII. 16, see ueredarii.

festiuitates, XLIII. 29, see bachus.

fetida, IV. 88, see purulenta.

fibrarum, darmana, v. 22 (Ruf. xi. 24 fol. 189<sup>a</sup> ob fibrarum inspectionem; xi. 33 fol. 191<sup>b</sup> ex fibrarum praescientia).—fibras, intestinas, vv. 70 (Eccl. Istor.); fibras, uenas, xxxv. 190 (De Eus.)=(Ruf. vii. 9 fol. 119<sup>a</sup> humanas rimari...fibras)=fibras, uenas, Cp. F175. For darmana (Gen. pl.) see Bosw. T. (bearm, a gut, an intestine).

ficariis, see ficarius.

ficarius, qui ficos collegit, xiv. 29 (Hier. L. 39 dracones cum faunis ficariis).

ficetula, suca, XLVII. 68 (Alia=?)=f-, sugga, Cp. F176 and Ep. 9C8; f-, sucga, Ef. 360, 42. The lemma (= ficedula or ficecula), a small bird, the fig-pecker (Lewis & Sh.); for suca, sugga, sucga (the name of a bird) see Bosw. T. (sucga).

ficos, xiv. 29, see ficarius; xxi. 20, see labastes. See also cataplasmarent.

ficto, fictus, see de entoetromito. ficus protulit grossos suos, flore [flores] ipsius antequam aperiantur sic dicuntur, x. 12 (Cant. II. 13 ficus protulit grossos suos).

fide, III. 50, see neotricis; xIX. 64, see apostata.

fidei, xxxv. 218, see anulum fidei.

fidella farris, uas tritici, xxxvII. 3; fidella, uas; far, genus tritici, xxxvII. 4; capsaces, lenticula, idest uas uitreum simile flasconi, xxxvII. 5 (S. Aug.). These glosses evidently refer to the reading "fidelia farris non deficiet et capsaces olei non minuet" in 1 (III) Reg. 17. 14 recorded by Cyprianus (de op. et eleem. c. 17, in Corp. Scriptt. Eccl. Latin. III pt. 1, p. 387; see also Sabat.), for which the Vulg. has: "hydria farinae non deficiet, nec lecythus olei minuetur." August. treating of this passage (Serm. 239, 3; Migne xxxvIII col. 1128) says Benedixit sanctus Elias hydriam farinæ, et capsacem olei. For capsaces see also Migne IXVII. 6184 (Facundi Def.).

fidelis, xxix. 35, see pisticum.

fides (a string of a musical instrument), see fidis.

fidiae opera, opera dei, xxxvIII. 20 (Clem. Recognitt. vII. 12 Erant...in aede

quadam positae, in qua Phidiae opera... habebantur).

fidicen, harperi, xLvi. 9 (Alia=Ars Phocae, p. 415, 4 hic fidicen). Cf. Cp. F180; Ep. 9E22; Ef. 361, 34. For harperi=hearpere, a harper, see Bosw. T.

fidis, sner, xLvI. 18 (Alia=Ars Phocae, p. 417, 9 [?] fides fidei, spes spei). It is possible that this reference is wrong, and that the present gloss is a further explanation to fidicen (q.v.). For snēr, the string of a musical instrument (D. snaar), see Bosw. T.; also ib. snearu; Kluge, A. S. Leseb. (p. 204) snearh obl. snēare, f. strick, saite.

figl [for figuraliter? or A.S. figul?],

xix. 63, see ancillis.

figmento, xxxv. 164, see de figmento. figulus, xIII. 49, see plastes.

figunt, xliv. 16, see antarticus. figura, xxviii. 25, see scema; xxx. 92, see cataracteras; xxxviii. 33, see scema.

figura est sicut nomine ipso datur intellegi quedam conformatio dictionis a communione remota quam ostentationem et habitum possumus nuncupare, xxvIII. 57 (Cass. Psalm. II. 1 Figura est s.n.i.d. intelligi, quaedam c. d. a communione [for communiore?] r. quae interioribus oculis velut aliquid vultuosum semper offertur, quam traditione majorum ost. e.h. p.n.). See figura a confirmatione, Cp. F182; Ep. 9E34; Ef. 1 361, 45.—figura metopoea, que personis semper cognoscit certissime applicari, xxvIII. 34 (Cass. Psalm. IV Praef., col. 47º sub figura mythopæia, Ecclesiam dicamus loqui, quae p.s. cognoscitur certissimis applicari). - figura sardismos, que linguarum semper permixtione formatur, xxvIII. 85 (Cass. Psalm. XLI. 11 figuram fecerunt sardismos, quae 1. s. p. f.—Cf. LIX. 6 figuram faciunt sardismos quae fit diversarum commixtione linguarum).

figuralis, xxix. 1, see allegoria.

figuram, xxvIII. 38, see per figuram y-filacteria, scriptura diuersa que propert [for propter] infirmos habentur, xxxIX. 62; see philacteria.

filia, xxvIII. 11, see Diana, 13, see

Ionan.

filiae, see feretri.

filię [filiae], XIII. 59, see feretri; XLIII.

53, see eumenides.

filii, I. 80, see omousion; XI. 5, see uitulamina; XXI. 12 (bis), see filii titan; XXIII. 7, see nepus.—filii faros, duo milia generationis numerat qui in captiuitate nati sunt, XXIII. 2 (1 Esdr. II. 3 Filii Pharos, duo milia centum septuaginta duo).—filii titan, filii solis qui sunt fortiores homini-

bus, xxi. 12 (Judith xvi. 8 filii Titan per-

cusserunt eum).

filius, II. 7, see alleluia; xxvIII. 7, see tifon, 23, see Iouis; xxix. 19, see fratruelis; XLIII. 7, see nepus.

filo, xIII. 40, see perpendiculum.

finibus, xxII. 12, see urna.

finis, xxvIII. 54, see aposiopesis.

finit, xxxIII. 31; xLVII. 103.

finitae, see missas.

[fi]nitas, II. 10, see ad missas sub voce missas.

finite [for finitae, or finitas?], II. 110, see missas.

fiola, fiolae, see fiole.

flole, in similitudinem calicis, xxiv. 1 (Math. ? not in the Vulg., but as the words, collected from the Gospel of Matthew, follow in the Glossary immediately after those extracted from Esdras, this gloss is perhaps misplaced, and fiole =phialae, in 1 Esdr. 1. 9 phialæ aureæ). Cf. fioli, similitudo calicis, Cp. F177; fiola, similitudo calicis, Ep. 9C18; fiolae similitudo calicis, Ef.1 360, 51.

fioli, see fiole.

firmioribus, xxxiv. 9, see causticis.

fisco, publico dominio cesaris, xxxv. 180 (De Eus.); fiscum, tributum, iv. 64 (Eccl. Istor.)=(Ruf. vi. 2 fol. 95<sup>b</sup> census paternus...fisco...sociatus est) = fisco, puplico, Cp. F161; fusco, puplico, Ep. 9A14; fisso, publico, Ef. 360, 9.—fisco puplico, domini caesaris, Cp. F183; fisco puplico, dominio cesaris, Ep. 9E26; fisco publico, domino caesaris, Ef. 361, 37.

fiscum, tributum, IV. 64, see fisco.-

fiscus, xxx. 42, see chri fiscus.

fissura, scissura diuisura, xIII. 4 (Isai. II. 21 ingredietur scissuras petrarum; Heyse records, in note, fissuras).

fissuras, see fissura.

fistola, arbor est boni odoris non boni saporis, x. 17 (Cant. rv. 14 fistula).

fistula, see fistola.

fit, 1. 68; IV. 99; XI. 2; XII. 40; XIX. 40; xxiv. 8; xxviii. 36, 80; xxxii. 1, 2(bis),

fiunt, viii. 18, see ptisana; xiv. 14, see calati; xxxix. 28, see qui in numero..., 50, see sentina.

flabris, see labris.

flaccentia, contracta, xIII. 27 (Isai. XIX. 10 erunt irrigua eius flaccentia) = flacentia, contracta, Cp. F217; flaccentia, contracta, Ep. 9C25; Ef. 360, 59.

flaccidum, see flacidium.

flacidium, seruum, xxix. 18 (Uerb. Interpr. = Hier. in Matth. xIII. 32 col. 90B nihil vitale demonstrat, sed totum flaccidum marcidumque). Seruum seems a

corruption; cf. flaccidum, contractum, Cp. F215; Ep. 9A22; Ef. 360, 18. flagella, 11. 185, see uerbera.

flagellis, III. 42, see flagris, 43, see mautigia; xxxv. 188, see flagris.

flagitiorum, adulteriorum, xLVIII. 6 (De Cass., Inst. v. 6 ad...flagitiorum praecipitium).

flagris, flagellis, III. 42 (De S. Mart. Stor. = Sulp. Sev. Dial. 11. 3, 4, 6 Martinum flagris urguere coeperunt) .- flagris, flagellis, xxxv. 188 (De Eus.=Ruf. vi. 31 fol. 113a: flagris hinc inde uerberantibus; vIII. 7 fol. 137ª flagris...Dei martyres carpebantur; vIII. 10 fol. 139b verberabantur ...flagris). Cf. flagris, suiopum, Cp. F222, and Bosw. T. (sub v. swipu).

flamen, sacerdos iouis, xLvi. 8 (Alia = Ars Phocae, p. 415, 3 hic flamen [sacerdos

Iovis]).

flasconi [= Gr.  $\phi \lambda \dot{\alpha} \sigma \kappa \omega \nu$ ], xxxvII. 5, see capsaces.

flauescit, color olei, glitinot, viii. 15 (Salam. xxIII. 31 vinum quando flavescit). Cf. flauescit, glitinat albescit, Cp. F252; flauescit, albescit, Ef.2 295, 14. glitinot, glitinat (from glitinian, to glitter, glisten) see Bosw. T. (glitinian); Sievers, Gr. § 357 n. 1 and 2, and § 412 n. 5.

flebiles [weak, Fr. faible], m. 92, see

inbicilles.

fledomum, blodsaex, xxxix. 6 (Greg. Dial. r. 4 col. 169<sup>B</sup> in lingua mea medicinale ferramentum, id est phlebotomum posuit)=flebotoma, blodsaex, Cp. F255. For blod-saex (=blod-seax, a blood-knife, lancet), see Bosw. T. (sub v.v. blod-seax; blod; seax).

flegma, see sicunia.

Flora, see frora.

floralia, XLIII. 29; see bachus.

flore, xxxix. 1 (bis), see a primeuo flore. flore [for flores], x. 12, see ficus protulit. flores, x. 10, see cyprus; see also ficus protulit.

flos, x. 16, see crocus.

fluens, xxxv. 208, see fluitans.

fluentis, xxxv. 45, see suppuratis.

fluitans, fluens, xxxv. 208 (Ruf. viii. 17 fol, 144° omni dissolutionum genere fluitans).

fluminis, xII. 24, see Dorix; xXIII. 6, see Stabur; xxxix. 10, see ausaret.

fluuius, xix. 22, see coquiton.

fluxus, xxix. 55, see emurusem.

fodi, see foedi.

fodientur, xIII. 19, see sarientur. foede, xL. 13, see bachal.

foederamni [for foederaui?], xv. 34, see

foederaui, xviii. 4, see foedi.

foedi, foederamni [for foederaui], xv. 34 (not in Hiezech.); foedi, foederaui, xvIII. 4 (De Ose) = (Osee III. 2 fodi eam mihi

quindecim argenteis).

foenus [= fenus = faenus], usura uel lucrum, 1. 54 (De Canon.; Can. Conc. Carth. v nec...liceat...foenus accipere; Decret. Leon. iv foenus, ter). Cf. foenus, borg, Cp. F129; fenus, usura debitum, Cp. F133.

foetontis, idest sol, xxxvi. 12 (Oros. 1. 10, 19 Phaethontis fabulam texuerunt; MSS. foetontis). Cf. Foeton, Solis et Climenæ filius, Cp. F130; Ef. 360, 10; feton, solis et climinae filius, Ep. 9C36.

folia, x. 21, see elate palmarum; xIII. 41, see paliurus; xvi. 4, see ilicus, 5, see lentiscus; xxIII. 20, see frondes; xxxIX. 7,

see eruce.

folles, see C. uolles.

follicantes, see folligantes.

folligantes, uestis grossior, xxvi. 5; follicantes, uestis grossior, xxvi. 12 (Isid. Offic. II. 16, 10 affectata sunt...omnia, fluxae manicae, caligae follicantes, vestis grossior, crebra suspiria; see Hier. Ep. 22, 34) = folligantes, uestis grossior, Cp. F287.

fomenta, nutrimenta, n. 75 (Bened. reg. 28, 8 [13] si exhibuit fomenta, si unguenta adhortationum).

fomite, materia, xxxv. 244 (Ruf. 1x. 9 fol. 154b ex eo fomite).

fomitis, xvi. 10, see nappa.

for [for fors?], euentus, vi. 13 (Breu.

exsol.?). See below fors.

foramen, xxII. 12, see urna; xxxv. 211, see cuniculum.-foramina, ubi mittunt gemmas, xv. 21 (Ezech. xxvIII. 13 foramina tua...praeparata sunt. The Cambr. MS.: f. u. mittuntur gemmę).

foramine, xxxv. 27, see puncto.

foraminibus, xxII. 12, see urna.

foras, xx. 5, see extricat; xxix. 57, see

forficula, see auricula.

fori, III. 21, see ad seduforum; see also forinnadas.

foribus, xI. 15, see in foribus iusti.

forinnadas, interior pars nauis, xLIII. 22 (De div. nominibus = Donati Ars grammat., p. 375, 29-31 sunt...nomina in singulari numero alterius generis et alterius in plurali, ut balneum Tartarus...locus iocus forum; in note, in MS. L: ioca fori nauium [forum, or fori, the gangways of a ship, see Lewis & Sh.]; the MS., followed by the Glossator, had, perhaps, forum

forma, I. 92, see pragmatica; xxxv. 269, see plasma.

formam, xxvIII. 43, see caracterismos; xxxix. 63, see per pragmaticam formam; see also pragmatica.

formata, see expolita.

formatur, xxviii. 85, see figura sardismos.

forme [-mae], xxvIII. 88, see diatiposis. fornacula [sine interpret.], xv. 28 (Ezech.?). As fornacula (small oven, hearth) does not occur in Ezech. it is perhaps a gloss to xv. 27 arihel (Ezech. XLIII. 15, 16; see arihellio); cf. fornacula, cyline, heorge, Cp. F289. The Cambr. MS. has: fornacula in quibus faciunt focum ad coquendum.—fornaculum, herth, XLII. 12 (Ex div. libris); bornacula, genus ignis, III. 22 (De S. Mart. Stor. = Sulp. Sev. Dial. III. 14, p. 213, 3 ad fornaculam; id. Epist. 1. 11 super fornaculam). Cf. fornaculum, here, Cp. F306. For herth (=heorp), a hearth, fire-place, see Bosw. T. (heorp). For fornacula, see also (xv. 42) culine. For the above quoted cyline (an oven, kiln), a loan-word from the Lat. culina, see Bosw. T. (cylen); Skeat (kiln). fornaculam, see fornacula.

fornicaria, xxxv. 116, see in prostibulo. fornicationis, IV. 72, see prostipulum.

fornice, scelb uel drep, xxxv. 59 (Ruf. xi. 23 fol. 187b cuncta...quo ad summum pauimentorum euadatur, opere forniceo constructa). Is fornice perhaps another The meaning of the word, reading? recorded only from this source by Forcellini, is evidently arched, vaulted.—Scelb occurs as scelf, scelp, scelb in Steinm. Ahd. Gl. 1, 449. 1 (ad camaram pastorum i.e. scelf), n. 597. 8 (fornice scelb uel drep; scelp, f. uel derbs); ib. 598. 18 (fornice scelb uel dreb). It seems the same as A.S. scylf (Bosw. T.) a peak, crag, turret, pinnacle, or scilfe, a shelf, ledge, floor; see Grimm, in Germ. 111. 4; Kluge, E. Et. (shelf); Skeat (shelf); drep may=Lat. trabs, O. Fr. tref (a beam, a timber, roof); E. thrave (Skeat), a number of sheaves of wheat; see Grimm, l. c. p. 5.

fornicem, signum uictorie, vIII. (Salam. xx. 26 incurvat super eos fornicem).

forniceo, see fornice.

foro, otio, 1. 56 (De Canon.; Can. Conc. Sardic. XIII si...aut diues, aut scholasticus de foro, aut ex administratione Episcopus fuerit postulatus). The interpretation of foro by otio becomes clear by Can. Conc. Carth. xcvII ut dent facultatem defensores constituendi scholasticos qui in actu sunt, vel in munere defensionis causarum.

fors, uyrd, xLv. 4 (Uerba de multis=Ars

Phocae, p. 412, 3 feminini generis...res spes sors) = fors, pyrd, Cp. F285; cf. sortem, pyrd, condicionem, Cp. S433, and Goetz vii. 281 (sors). Cf. for, and for uyrd see also above fatum.

forte, 11. 182, see uerbi gratia.

forti, II. 125, see magnopere.

fortia [Fr. force; see Körting, Lat.rom. Wört. in voce], 11. 181, see uiolentia.

fortiores, xxi. 12, see filii titan. fortissimi, xLIII. 5, see polideuces.

fortiter, xn. 28, see solide.

fortuito, see fortuitu.

fortuitu, subito, 11. 76 (Bened. reg. 38, 3 [2] fortuito casu; fortuitu casu, in notes).

fortunam, see furtunam; furtunatam.

forum, see forinnadas.

fossa, xxiv. 2, see perna.

fossorium, xIII. 18, see sarculum; see

fouit, cubat calefaciendo, xIII. 44 (Isai. xxxiv. 15 fovit in umbra). For fouit see also (xIV. 11) perdix.

fracta, xxvi. 9, see decrepita.

fractura [for factura?], xxx. 27, see de

fragile, fragilis, see friuolis.

fragor, nox uel sonitus, xxxv. 215 (Ruf. x. 17 fol. 170b fragor omnium... attollitur).

francis, xxxv. 70, see calonum.

frangent [for frangunt], xiii. 47, see plaustrum.

frangit, xLIV. 24, see alcianus.

frangunt, see plaustrum.

frasi, see effrasi, sub v. phraysi.

fraterna, fraterno, see examine.

fratri, xxix. 73, see qui dixerit fratri, &c

fratris, xxix. 19, see fratruelis.

fratruelis, filius fratris, xxix. 19 (Uerb. Interpr. = Hier. in Matth. xIII. 52, quoting from Cant. vii. 13 nova et vetera, fratruelis meus, servavi tibi; cf. noted, Migne, P. L. xxvi. 95, and Sabatier). Cf. fratuelis, geaduling, suhterga, brodorsunu, Cp. F318-320, for which see Bosw. T. (gædeling; suhteriga; broator + sunu).

fraudare, xLvIII. 17, see conpellare.

fraudulenter, xxxv. 132, see fefellit. fraus, xxix. 28, see strofa; see also

Chri fiscus.

freniticus, insanus ob dolorem capitis ad tempus [temple of the head] qui multum uigilat, xxxix. 19 (Greg. Dial. III. 35 col. 301° mente captus...quem medici... phreneticum appellant) = freniticus, in-sanus ex dolore capitis, Cp. F330; Ep. 9C7; Ef.1 360, 41.

freno, xII. 34, see infrunita.

frenorum, xI. 9, see abene.

frequenter, xxxv. 260, see lacessit.

fretus, confidens, III. 45 (De S. Mart. Stor. = Sulp. Sev. Dial. II. 5, 8 fretus auxilio).

frigia [Phrygia], xxxv. 30, see genefrix.

frigilla, see fringella.

frigor, xLvII. 3, see rigor.

fringella, uinc, xLvII. 69 (Alia = ?) = fringella, finc, Cp. F331; Ep. 9C9; Ef. 360, 43. For fringella (fringilla, Ef.1 360, 43. frigilla, fringuilla, perh. the robin-redbreast, or the chaffinch) see Lewis & Sh. For uinc, finc see Bosw. T. (finc).

fringilla, fringuilla, see fringella.

friuolis, frugalis, xxix. 16 (*Verb. Interpr.* = *Hier. in Matth.* xii. 36, 37 de rebus frivolis loquamur). Cf. fribolum, fragile, Cp. F321 and Ep. 9A21; fribolum, fragillae, Ef. 360, 17; Goetz IV. 519, 22 (Glossae affatim) friuulus, uilis fragilis; id. v. 296, 32 (Ef.2) fribula frigulis &c.

friuolus, see truffulus.

frixi ciceris, faue [fabae] siccate [-tae] in sole, xxix. 13 (Uerb. Interpr. = Hier. in Matth. xxi. 12, 13 munuscula...frixi ciceris) = frixi ciceris, fauae siccate in sole, Cp. F343.

frondes dicitur quando folia habet, XXIII. 20 (2 Esdr. VIII. 15 afferte frondes olivae, et frondes ligni pulcherrimi &c.).

frora, mater dearum, xLIII. 27 (De div. nominibus; perhaps for Flora, and, as such, a further explanation of xLIII. 29); see floralia.

fruatur, 11. 186, see utatur.

fructuosae, xvII. 20, see myrteta.

fructus, xvi. 5, see lentiscus; xxv. 6, see de siliquis.

fructusque, xvi. 4, see ilicus.

fruga, modestia, xxxv. 301 (Ruf. II. 16 fol. 26ª frugi eorum sobriaque conuiuia) =frugi, modestia, Cp. F354; frui, modestia, Ef. 2 296, 27. -frugis, parcus, XII. 32 (Eccles, xxxi. 19 homo frugi).

frugali, larga uel lata, xxvII. 3 (Lib. Rot. = Isid. de nat. rer., but not found there); frugali, larga uel lata, xxvIII. 6 (Lib. Anton.?). Cf. frugalis, largus, Cp. F333; Ep. 9C19; Ef. 360, 52.

frugalis, xxix. 16, see friuolis.

frugalitas, penuria, xLVIII. 12 (De Cass., Inst. v. 9 tantum...frugalitatis indicere).

frugalitatis, see frugalitas. frugi, see fruga; frugis.

frugis, parcus, xII. 32, see fruga. frumenti, xLv. 15, see ador.

frumentorum, 1. 111, see sicera.

frumentum, xLv. 9, see far.

fuco, pigmento, xxxv. 306 (Ruf. iv. 8 fol. 57ª adulterino maledicorum fuco).-

fucum, colorem, xxxv. 63 (Ruf. xi. 25 fol. 189ª adulterii fucum).

fuerit, 11. 57; v111. 19; x. 6.

fugantem, xLVIII. 4, see uacillantem. fugerit, see si usque ad lacum f -.

fuit, xxxvi. 1; xxxix. 28.

fulgorantes aste, quando fulgurant contra solem, xvII. 12 (Nahum III. 2, 3 vox...fulgurantis hastae; Habac. III. 11 in splendore fulgurantis hastae; cf. Migne, P.L. XXIX col. 1028B&C fulgurantes hastae).

fulgura, xi. 11, see in aqua. fulgurant, xvII. 12, see fulgorantes.

fulgurantis, see fulgorantes.

fuligo, see uligo.

fullonum, xvII. 19, see herba fullonum. fulmentatur, initiatur, xL. 12 (Uerba =?).

fundamentum, xxxv. 192, see basis.

funestare, cruentare, xxxv. 236 (Ruf. xi. 28 fol. 190° mori gratius habentes quam...piaculo funestari).

funestari, see funestare.

funestis, mortiferis uel scelestis, 1. 53 (De Canon.; Can. Conc. Ancyr. funestis sacrificiis admoverent).

fungantur, 1. 101, see procuratores. fungi, administrare, II. 78 (Bened. reg.

62, 3 [4] qui dignus sit sacerdotio fungi). funicut, xl. 7, see crinicut. funis, xII. 37, see lor; xXI. 11, see restis.

furci (!), xLII. 26, see furcifer.

furcifer, furci (!) idest cruci dignus, xLII. 26 (Ex div. libris = Vita S. Eug. 14, Migne LXXIII col. 613D Dic nunc, furcifer, quae te temeritas coegit) = furcifer, cruci dignus, Cp. F373; Ep. 9C13; Ef. 360, 47.

furia, see striga.

furibunda, see furibundus.

furibundus, feruens, III. 27 (De S. Mart. Stor. = Sulp. Sev. Dial. III. 15, 2 Brictio furibundus inrupit; Dial. II. 9, 2 uacca... furibunda).

furnus, see clibanus.

furtunam, fatum geuiif, xxxv. 157 (De Eus.); furtunatam, prosperitatem, iv. 49 (Eccl. Istor.) = (Ruf. iv. 15 fol. 62b iura fortunam Caesaris ...; ibid. vt fortunam Caesaris iuraret &c.). For geuiif (for geuuif) a web; fate, fortune, see Bosw. T. (ge-wef, gewife).

furtunatam, prosperitatem, IV. 49, see

furtunam.

furunculas, maerth, xLVII. 76 (Alia=?) =furuncus, mear's, Cp. F383; f-, mearth, Ep. 9C11; f-, meard, Ef. 360, 45; (furunculas, for) furunculus is known already in Class. Lat. as meaning a petty thief; see Lewis & Sh. In this case it is apparently a dim. of furuncus in the Cp., Ep. and Ef. 1 Glossaries, and means a little ferret (Germ. Frettchen, see Kluge, D.). For maerth, meard &c. (a marten, kind of weasel, Germ. Marder, see Kluge, D.), see Bosw. T., where some forms fer- are recorded.

furuncus, see furunculas. fuscinulas, vn. 5, see creacras.

fusor, xxxix. 11, see uini fusor. fusoris, see uini fusor.

fusorium [for fossorium?], xvII. 2, see

fuste, xxxv. 79, see claua. fusticellus, xv. 5, see paxillus. fustis, xLv. 18, see pedum.

fusum, x. 6, see unguentum exinanitum. futura, xII. 42, see uasa; xvi. 30, see

aruspices. future [-rae], xxvIII. 42, see idea.

g for c: bragas (for bracas); folligantes (follic-); gattas; gladibus; glebum (for cliuum); graticulis; opago; rangor; trungatis.—for ch: trogleis (trochleis).—for z: scandaligeris (-lizeris).—g omitted: traica, traicus (tragica &c.); zeuma (zeugma); see also sugillat- or sugg-.

Gabaa, ciuitas Saulis, xim. 26 (Isai. x. 29 Gaba sedes nostra... Gabaath Saulis fugit).

Gabaath, see Gabaa.

galbanum, galbanus, see calbanus.

Galerius, propter [proprium] nomen, xxxv. 209 (Ruf. vIII. 19 fol. 146a Galerius Maximianus).

galeros, galerum, see calomaucus.

galli, see antelucanum. gallina, see scarpmat.

ganniret, quasi cum ira inrideret, xIII. 23 (Isai. x. 14 aperiret os et ganniret) = ganniret, cum ira quasi ridet, Cp. G2.

garallus, hroc, xLVII. 51 (Alia = ?) = grallus, hroce, Cp. G154; Ep. 10E4; Ef. 363, 18. For (garallus, grallus = ) For (garallus, grallus=) graculus, a jackdaw, see Körting, 4310; Goetz, vi. 499 (graculus). For hroc, hrooc see Bosw. T. (hrōc, a rook, raven), Kluge & Lutz, Engl. Et. (rook); Skeat.

garrientium, per ludum dicentium, xxxv. 199 (Ruf. viii. 10 fol. 139a garrienper ludum dicentium,

tium dicta).

gastrimargia, appetitus uentris, xxxiv. 36 (De Cass., Inst. xII. 3, 2 gastrimargia, id est adpetitus uentris; see ibid. v. 1 sqq.).

gattas, muriceps, xxxvIII. 4 (Clem. Recognitt. v. 20 alii bovem...colendum tradidere, alii hircum, alii cattas). gaudens, xxxv. 173, see ouans.

gazarum, diuitiarum, xv. 19 (Ezech. xxvn. 24 gazarumque pretiosarum). Cf. gaza, diuitiae, Cp. G16; gaza, census uel diuitiae, Ep. 10E3; Ef. 363, 17; gesiae (for gazae), dinitiae, Cp. G70; gesieae [second e marked for erasure], diuitiae, Ep. 11A2; gessiae, diuitiae, Ef. 363, 55.

gazofilatia [gazophylacia], iv. 92, see pastoforia.

gazophylacia, see pastoforia.

geminat, xxvIII. 68, see anadiplosis.

gemmae, see carbasini.

gemmas, xiv. 16, see inclusor; xv. 21, see foramina.

gemme [-mae], xxII. 7, see carbasini.

genealogia, generatione, xxx. 58 (Cat. Hier. IXIII col. 675<sup>h</sup> in genealogia Salvatoris; B: in geneologia s.; C: inni [blank]) = genealogia, generatio, Cp. G35; gen., generatione, Ep. 10C10; geneelogia, generatio, Ef. 362, 44. For genealogia see also a theologia.

genefrix, de frigia [Phrygia] ciuitate, xxxv. 30 (Ruf. v. 3 fol. 77<sup>b</sup> Alexander quidam genere Phryx).

genera, xLIII. 23, see IIII.

generale, see deucalionem.

generales, XLI. 2, see chorepiscopi, in voc.

generare [for generale?], xxxvIII. 22, see deucalionem.

generatione, iv. 114, see a theologia; xxx. 58, see genealogia.

generationis, xxIII. 2, see filii.

generatus, xix. 39, see leopardus.

genere, xxxix. 15, see ferula; see also genefrix.

generis, xLIII. 6, see notha.

genesim, natura, xxxvIII. 8 (Clem. Recognitt. vIII. 4 genesim dico esse; vIII. 7 introduxi genesim; vIII. 57 extra genesim; genesim, IX. 26).

genethliaci, see genthliatici.

geniculorum, genuum diminitiuum, xvii. 10 (Nahum ii. 10 dissolutio geniculorum).

geniculum, see ginisculas.

genilogia [geneal-], xxxv. 17, see a

genis, xiii. 56, see uellentibus.

geniscula, genisculae, genisculas, see ginisculas.

genitor, II. 4, see abba.

genium, natura, XLV. 14 (Uerba de multis=Ars Phocae, p. 427, 26 pulvis sanguis genius....).

genius, see genium.

gens, xiv. 26, see Lidii; xxi. 3, see subal; xiii. 4, see arcades.

gentem, xxxvi. 1, see Iani.

genthliatici, gentiles, xxvII. 17; genthliatici, gentiles uel naturalium scriptores, xxvII. 27 (Lib. Rot. = Isid. Lib. de nat. rer. xxvI. 13 Genethliaci...dicunt) = genthliatici, gentiles, Cp. G56; Ep. 10E7; genthiliatici, g-, Ef. 363, 21. gentiles, xxvII. 17, 27, see genthliatici.

gentis, xv. 12, see bibli, 15, see Dan; xxxv. 70, see calonum; xxxvi. 1, see Iani, 2, see Armenias pilas.

gentium, x. 7, see aduliscentulę.

genuinum decus, naturale uel intimum, 1. 57 (De Canon.; Can. Conc. Gangr., praef., ap. Maassen Canon. Recht, 1. 936 genuini decoris; Migne, Patrol. Lat. LXXXIV col. 111° id.). Cf. genuinum, intimum, Cp. G76; genuino, tusc naturale, Cp. G62; Ep.—; genuinum, intimum uel dens id est tusc, Ef. 363, 56; genuinum, intimum uel dens qui interius in ore hominis, Ef. 297, 54. For tusc (tusk) see Bosw. T. & Skeat, in voce.

genuit, xxxv. 144, see enixa est.

genus, II. 106; III. 6, 22, 39, 43; XII. 36; XVI. 10; XIX. 15; XXIX. 9; XXXV. 90; XXXVII. 4; XXXIX. 60; XLIII. 15; XLV. 10, 15; XLVI. 14, 15, 16.

genuum, xvII. 10, see geniculorum.

geometriam, see geometrica sub v. dialectica.

geometrica, terrae mensura, xxx. 48;= gaeometrica, terrae mensuratio, Cp. 61; geometrica, terrae mensuratio, Ep. 10C8; geometrica, terrae mensuratio, Ef. 362, 42; see sub v. dialectica. For geometrica, see also (xl. 10) cicima.

georgicis, xxvII. 28, see in georgicis.

gerit, xxxv. 22, see curione.

gesta, scripta, xxxv. 51 (Ruf. x. 17 fol. 170b gesta in hunc modum ficta).—gesta municipalia, uel publica, 1. 58 (De Canon.; Can. Conc. Carth. Lxix per gesta...municipalia).

gestantes, portantes, n. 82 (Bened.

reg.?).

gestire, desiderare, xxxv. 259 (Ruf. vi. 16 fol. 106b gestire coepit; x. 9 fol. 164b gestire ut...).—gestiunt, uolunt, xLviii. 11 (De Cass., Inst. vii. 16 ad suum desiderium gestiunt deprauare).

gestus, 1. 127, see striones.

Giblij, see bibli.

gigantemachie, gigantum pugne, xxxv. 95 (Ruf. 1. 1 fol. 3<sup>b</sup> Gigantomachiae exortae sunt) = gigantomacie, gigantum pugna, Cp. G98; gigantomacie, gigantum pugnae, Ep. 10C8; gigantomaciae, gigantium pugnae, Ef. 363, 22.

gigantes, xIX. 51, see fabula.

gigantomachiae, see gigantemachie.

gigantum, xxxv. 95, see gigantemachie. ginisculas, idem, xxvu. 75 (Alia=?)= genisculus [for -las], muscellas, Cp. G55; genisculas, muscellas, Ep. 10E5; genisculae, muscellae, Ef. 1363, 19. As this gloss follows after sardinus [for -nas],

heringas, the word idem (if it be not a corruption, or does not refer to some omitted lemma) may indicate that genisculae (gin-) were also regarded as herrings. Goetz (vi. 488) inserts the present gloss under geniculum, and regards muscellae (-las) as A.S., which would agree with Wright W. 261, 34 geniscula, muxle; 293, 21 & 413, 37 geniscula, muckle. See also Bosw. T. (muscelle).

girouagum, circumuacantium [circumuag-], II. 80 (Bened. reg., 1, 21 Quartum... genus ... monachorum ... nominatur gyrouagum; [29] id., in note girouagum).

git, see gyt.

gladiatores, IV. 19, see sicarii.

gladibus, uindictis, xxxv. 104 (Ruf. II. 5 fol. 20b ubi de Iudaeorum cladibus refert; II. 7 fol. 22a cladibus cruciatus est). There is: ne gladiis... vterentur, 11. 6 fol. 22a, and: ceruices suas persecuutorum gladiis obiicere, I. 1 fol. 6b, but cladibus is no doubt the right word; cf. cladibus, uindictio, Cp. C453.

gladiis, see gladibus.

gladius, rv. 20, see pungios.

glandes, see ilicus.

glandi (!), xvi. 4, see ilicus.

glarea, lapides modici, xix. 21 (Job xxi. 33 dulcis fuit glareis Cocyti; xxx. 6 super glaream). Cf. glarea, cisilstan, Cp. G111; glarea, cisil, Ep. 10C21; glare, cisal, Ef.1 362, 54. For the A.S. words in Cp., Ep., Ef. see Bosw. T. (ceosel, cisil-stan, gravel, sand); Verdam, Woordenb. (Kesel; Keselsteen = D. Kiezelsteen); Franck, Etym. Woordenb. (Kiezel).

glaream, glareis, see glarea.

glebam, cispitem [cesp-], xxxv. 118 (Ruf. 11. 17 fol. 27 ad...patriae glebam). Cf. gleba, cespes dura, Cp. G103.

glebum, ascensum singularis uia, xxxix. 44 (Greg. Dial, III. 6 col. 229B ad Fundanum clivum perveniens) = clibum, ascensus uiae singularis, Cp. C465; clibum, ascensus singularis uiae, Ep. 8A18; cliuium, ascensus singularis uiae, Ef.1 351, 50.

glis, egle, xLv. 6 (Uerba de multis = Ars Phocae, p. 412, note 1 fax fraus fex lens glis [text glos] lux lex; note 2 [glos] glix, glis) = Cp. G104 (glis, egle); Ep. 10E6 (glis, eglae); Ef. 363, 20 (glis, egilae). As the well-known Lat. glis (gliris) means a dormouse, egle &c. have been taken in the same sense; see ex. gr. Kluge (A.S. Leseb. p. 172) ëgle, spitzmaus. But Schlutter (Anglia, xix. 474) is of opinion that egle &c. = E. ail(s), the awn of barley or other corn (Germ. Achel), for which see Oxf. D.; Cent. Dict. This is confirmed by other glosses as glumula, scale uel hule, uel

egle (Zeitschr. f. d. Alt. IX. 439); arista, egla (Alfr. Vocab., in Wright W. 148, 28); fistucam, strewu, eglan (ib. 405, 33 & 479, 25); aresta, egle (ib. 273, 22); glis, fonfyr [for furfur?] odde egle (ib. 413, 12); aristis, eglum ove earum (ib. 347, 29); gliribus, eglum (ib. 414, 28; 533, 33). It is to be observed that the texts of Phocas vary between glos, glis and glix, and that of glis at least three meanings are recorded: (1) glis, gliris, a dormouse; (2) glis, glitis, humus tenax; (3) glis, glissis, incrementum. As regards glix (for which some would read glis), a Gloss. Lat. Gr. has εππουρος εχθύς a sea-fish, for which Du C. proposes to read εππουρις, a waterplant, mare's-tail = equisetum. It is, therefore, not impossible that egle &c. may have had more meanings than one; see egel, in Verdam, Mid. Ned. Woordenb. (1) hedgehog; (2) = hirudo, a leech. further Forcellini; De Vit, Gloss. p. 615; Diefenbach; Du Cange.

glisco, cresco, xLvi. 38 (Alia = Ars Phocae,

p. 436, 24 glisco).

glix, see glis.

globum, xliv. 29, see axem.

globus, rotunditas, xxxv. 220 (Ruf. x. 39 fol. 177 globus quidam ignis; xi. 15 fol. 184b armatorum globum...mittit) = globus, pila rotunditas, Cp. G110.

gloria, xxxiv. 12, see cenodoxia. gloriantium, xli. 4, see orthodoxam. gloriosi, xxx. 94, see ortodoxon. gloriosis, 11. 129, see ortodoxis. glos, see glis.

GLOSAE UERBORUM DE CANONIBUS, I tit. gnauiter, see nauiter.

gnostici, scientes, iv. 43 (Ruf. iv. 8 fol. 56<sup>b</sup> qui Gnostici appellantur).

gomor, mensura est attica habens ut quidam oppinantur conices III idest sextarios x11 Alii gomor dicunt sextarios v quod etiam ipse sequor eo quod decima pars sit ephi, xxxIII. 16 (Euch. De Pond., p. 159, 10 gomor m.e.A.h.u.q. opinantur c. tres i. s. xII a. g. d. paulo minus a sextariis quinque, q. &c.).—gomor maior in ose [III. 2, Hebr. & Gr. texts] xu modios, xxxi. 1; modicus autem gomor, xxii sextarios, xxxi. 2 (De ponder.?). Blume, 1. 376, 12.—comor [gomor] minor septem sextarios et u [quinta] pars sextarii cotile dimedium, xxxx. 9 (De ponder.). -For gomor, see also (xxxIII. 20) colamina.

gorgonicum, gorthonicum, gortonicum, see toronicum.

graciarum, see panagericon. graculus, see garallus.

gradatim, xxviii. 69, see emphasis.

gradatio, gradibus, xxvIII. 32, see climax.

gradu, 1. 65 and xxxix. 53, see in

pulpito.

gradu suo, honore priuato, II. 81 (Bened. reg.? Cf. in ultimo gradu recipiatur, 29, 5 [6]; gradum bonum sibi adquirit, 31, 12 [21]). De gradu suo deiecerint eum occurs Can. Conc. Carth., Prol. p. 142b, and it is possible that this gloss may have strayed from its proper place in Ch. I. of the Glossary into Ch. II.

graece, see grece.

graecorum, see Saturnus. graecos, see hiemisperium.

graecum, see clima.

grallus, see garallus.

grammateos, grammatius [-ticus?], xxix. 54 (Uerb. Interpr. = Hier. in Matth. viii. 19, 20 litterator erat, quod significantius Graece dicitur γραμματεύs).

grammatica, literali [for literalis?], xxx. 49 (=grammatica litteralis, Cp. G144; Ep. 10C9; Ef. 362, 43), see dialectica.

grammaticam, see grammatica.

grammaticus, see grammateos. grammatius [-ticus?], xxix. 54, see grammateos.

grana, viii. 18, see ptisanas; xvi. 5, see lentiscus; xxxi. 17, see Grece; xxxiii. 25, see siligua una.

granatis, x. 26, see mustum.

granis, see lentiscus.

graphium, xiv. 20, see scalpellum.

gratia, x. 1, see osculetur me; xii. 13, see alacriter; xiii. 24, see uectandi.—gratia, ii. 182, see uerbi gratia.

gratiarum, xxx. 60, see eucharistias. graticulis, ferreis factis [flectis, abl. plur. of flecta, a hurdle?] herst, xxxv. 175 (Ruf. v. 3 fol. 78b ut...craticulis exusta gauderet). For herst (=hearst, hierst, a small hurdle?), gridiron, see Bosw. T. (hearste); Wright W. 214, 40.

grauem, 1. 106, see querimoniam. grauis, xxxv. 186, see infestus.

grauitas, modestia, n. 83 (Bened. reg. 7, 136 [219]; 22, 12 [21]; 42, 21 [37]; 43, 5 [5]; 47, 8 [14] cum grauitate).

grauitate, see grauitas.

grece [graece], I. 6, see absidam, 19, see concilium, 22, see caticumini, 31, see catholicus, 49, see epistilia, 80, see omousiom, 114, see synodus, 118, see simbulum; II. 2, see anachorita, 33, see cenobita, 107, see monachus; XXXI. 17, 32, see sextarius, 33, see mina, 34, see statera; XXXIII. 3, see talentum, 11, see chatus, 13, see metreta; XLVII. 95, see philocain.

Grece [Graece] idest cercetea, cercetea ini grana ordei, xxxi. 17 (De ponder.?).

greci [graeci], xxxi. 7, see libra. gręcia [graecia], xxx. 2, see Canisius. grecis [graecis], xxxii. 1, see dragma. greco [graeco], ii. 188, see coenobium. grecorum [graec-], xxviii. 9, see Sairnus.

grecos[graecos], 11. 189, see monasterium;

XLIV. 19, see hiemisperium.

grecum [graec-], xLIV. 11, see clima. gregorii, xXXVII. 9, see tabulas legat. gremio, xXXII. 8, see in gremio. gressus, XXXI. 24, see choros. grossa, XIII. 41, see paliurus.

grossior, xix. 8, see murenula; xxvi. 5,

see folligantes, 12, see follicantes.

grossos, x. 12, see ficus protulit grossos... gubernatio, see diocesis. gubernationem, 11. 43, see diocesim. gubernationibus, 1. 36, see diocesis. gurdonicum, see toronicum.

gurgitum, modica congregatio aque a pluuie, xix. 53 (Job xxxvi. 27 effundit

imbres ad instar gurgitum).

gurgulio, see gurgullio.
gurgullio, drohbolla, xxv. 27 (Uerba de
multis=Ars Phocae, p. 413 curculio; in
note gurgulio)=gurgulio, 5rotbolla, Cp.
G180; Ef. 362, 45; gurgulio, throtbolla,
Ep. 10C11. Drohbolla &c. = prot-bolla
(Bosw. T.), the gullet, windpipe (5rotu,
the throat, + bolla, a round vessel, cup,
bowl), of. E. thropple.

gurgustium, chelor, xix. 38 (Job xl. 26 Numquid implebis sagenas pelle eius, et gurgustium piscium capite illius?). Gurgustium, a small dwelling, hovel, hut; chelor, O.H.G. (see Schade, in vv. cëlur, këla)=A.S. ceolor (=Germ. Kehle, throat, Keller, cellar, see Schlutter, in Anglia xix. 493) from the Lat. cellarium (see Kluge, Angels. Lesebuch 166). Cf. Steinm. III. 7, 41 gurgustium, celur; id. I. 497, 6 gurgustium, chelor (celor, caelor, cilor). The Cambr. MS. has: gurgustium, ubi pisces mittunt capti. Cf. Cp. G176, 177, 181, 183, 187.

gurtonicum, see toronicum.

gutta, de arbore currit idest balsamum, x. 19 (Cant. v. 2 caput meum plenum est rore, et cincinni mei guttis noctium). For gutta see also (xII. 21) ungula et gutta; cassia.

guttis, see gutta.

gymnasium, locus exercitationis ubi diuerse [-sae] arte [artes] discantur, xLv. 1 (Uerba de multis=Ars Phocae, p. 411, 6 gymnasium sapientiae).

gymnicus agon, see diatripas. gyrouagum, see girouagum.

gyt, genus seminis herbis minuta bona in panes mittere, xLv. 10 (Uerba de multis = Ars Phocae, p. 412, 5 neutri generis... fas far git). Cf. git, olus, Cp. G89; Ep. 10C12; Ef. 362, 46. Cf. E. gith (Oxf. D.).

h inserted: abhominatio (for abom-); aethimologia (etymol-); scithis (scitis) .dropped or omitted: abenis (hab-); agiografa (hag-); arcimandritis (arch-); autenticum (auth-); aste (hastae); biblioteca (-theca); ciatos, cyati, cyatos (-thos, -thi, -thos); distrauntur (-huntur); eptaticum (hept-); erba, frequently (he-); erodis (Her-); exortatio (exhort-); iacincto, iacinctino, iacyntini (hyacinthini &c.); omonima (hom-); onorauit (hon-); onoribus (hon-); ortans (ho-); ortodoxis (orth-); ortum (ho-); ospicium (hos-); ridhmus (rhythm-); rinocerus (rhin-); scismatici (schism-); superumerale (superh-); teristra (ther-); torax (thor-); ueendo (uehendo); yperbolen (hyp-); ypozeuxis (hyp-).—prefixed: harene (ar-); heremita (er-); hibicum (ib-); hironiam (ir-).—transposed: chantari (canthari).

h[oc est, or autem], IV. 98, see co-

mellas.

habebant, viii. 8, see ho platon. habebant, viii. 8, see in aceruo mhabebantur, xi. 14, see poderis. habene, see abene (for a bene). habenis, see abenis.

habens, i. 88; iv. 120; x. 10; xi. 4; xii. 9; xiii. 18, 36, 41, 43, 47, 57; xvi. 4, 5; xxii. 12; xxix. 9; xxxi. 36; xxxii. 6, 7; xxxiii. 6, 11, 16; xxxix. 32; xii. 8.

habent, xiii. 6, 9, 47; xiv. 20; xv. 43; xxi. 10; xxii. 16; xxxiii. 13; xxxix. 7;

xLv. 18; xLvII. 28.

habentes, xi. 10, see signum habentes; xxii. 12, see urna.

habentur 1 00. ver 27: very

habentur, 1. 90; xvi. 27; xxxix. 62. habere, 11. 161; xxviii. 74.

habet, xix. 31; xxiii. 20; xxxii. 37, 39; xxxii. 8-11; xxxiii. 1, 3, 4, 7, 8, 12; xlii. 7, 10, 11, 13, 16 (bis); xlii. 21; xliii. 51. habetur, i. 39; viii. 17.

habilis, r. 62, see idonea.

habita, see aabita.

habitaculum, II. 188, see coenobium. habitat, xxvIII. 28, see metonymia; xxxvI. 11, see musca canina; xLvII. 89,

see bulinus.
habitatio, II. 189, see monasterium.
habitum, xxvIII. 57, see figura.
habitus, xxvIII. 88, see diatiposis.
habuerunt, see presbiteras.

habuit, xxxix. 22, 23.

habundantius, xxxv. 108, see profusius. hac, xxx. 13, see iereticos; xliii 35, see hac.—hac, in hac parte, xliii. 35; illac, in illa parte, XLIII. 36 (De div. nominibus = Donati Ars gramm. p. 386, 22 adiciunt quidam etiam per locum, ut hac illac).

Hades, see aides.

haecthetas, see hecthetas. haemorrhousa, see emurusem.

haeresis, see secta.

haereticam, see hereticum.
hagiographa, see agiografa.

harena, xun. 17, see sirte.
harene, theatri, xxxv. 29 (De Eus.);
harene, locus uel pauimentum theatri,
xxxv. 171 (De Eus.) = (Ruf. v. 2 fol. 76<sup>b</sup>
in medio arenae; id. ibid. v. 3 fol. 78<sup>s</sup>) =
harenae, pauimentum theatri, Cp. H22;
harenae, locus uel pauimentum theatri,
Ep. 11C10; harenae, lacus uel pauimentum theatri, Ef. 364, 44, 45.

harpa, see arpa.

hastae, see fulgorantes aste.

hebenenos uel eberenos, de arbore hebore, xv. 14 (Ezech. xxvii. 15 dentes eburneos et hebeninos commutauerunt). For hebore, ebore, see also ebor.

hebeninos, see hebenenos.

hebenus, see ebor.

hebore, xv. 14, see hebenenos.

hebraeum, see sicera.

hebraicarum, xxxIII. 5, see dedragma. hebraice, xxi. 16, see conopeum.

hebraicum, xxxIII. 13, see metreta.

hebreum [hebraeum], I. 111, see sicera. hec [=haec], xxvIII. 83, see ennoematice; xxx. 17, see ho platon.

hecthetas [sine interpret.], xv. 25 (Ezech. xii. 15, 16 mensus est...ethecas ex vtraque parte centum cubitorum...fenestras obliquas et ethecas in circuit. Heyse, in note, ecthetas in 15 & 16; Migne, Patr. Lat. xxviii col. 1001, note b hecthetas, haecthetas &c.).

hederam, ibaei, xvII. 11 (Jonas IV. 6 praeparauit...Deus hederam; hederam also IV. 7, 10; IV. 6, 9 super hederal. Cf. eder, ifegn, Cp. E33; Ep. —; edera, ifeg, Ef. 359, 40; Steinm. I. 676. 1, 677. 41; for ibaei (= O.H.G. ëba-hewi, M.H.G. ëphōu, G. epheu; A.S. ifi3, short for if-hi3) see Kluge, E. Etym. (ivy); Bosw. T. (ifi9); Kluge, Et. Wrt. (enheu)

Kluge, Et. Wrt. (epheu). helcesei, xvII. 8, see naum.

hemina, see colamina.

heminam, see himina, sub v. emina. hemisphaeria, see hiemisperia; partes. hemisphaerium, see hiemisperium.

heortasticae see emurusem.

heortasticae, see eortatica. heptateuchos, see eptaticum.

heptaticum, see eptaticum.

herba, xxix. 10, see uiola, 35, see pisticum; xxxviii. 16, see ochimo. See also

capparis; cassia; cucumerarium; cyprus; erba; paliurus; saliuncula; uorith.

herba fullonum, borit [=borith, Hebr. קבית] quia inde faciunt saporem [for saponem], xvII. 19 (Malach. III. 2 quasi herba fullonum).

herbae, see crocus; malagma; murra. herbarum, xlii. 20, see in uiridario

domus. See also quisquilia.

herbe [-bae], x. 16, see crocus, 18, see murra; xi. 12, see malagma; xxxiv. 5, see xerofagia.

herbe [-bae], xLVI. 15, see laser.

herbis, xxi. 11, see restis; xLv. 10, see gyt.

hercule, see miherculi.

heremita, remota, 11. 84 (Bened. reg. 1, 5 [6] genus...anachoritarum, id est heremitarum). For heremita [=eremita] see also (II. 2) anachorita.

heresis [haer-], 1. 121, see secta.

hereticum [sine interpret.], III. 19 (De S. Mart. Stor. = Sulp. Sev. Dial. II. 12, 9 uirginem...haereticam iudicasset).

hermaphroditus, see hermofroditus. hermofroditus [hermaphr-], androginus [-gynus] homo utriusque sexus, xLII. 13  $(Ex\ div.\ libris?) = herma.\ froditus,\ androgi,$ 

Cp. H88.

Hermon, x. 14, see amana.

herodii, see herodion.

herodion, ualchefuc, xix. 35 (Job xxxix. 13 Penna struthionis similis est pennis herodij) = herodius, palch habue, Cp. H83; horodius uualh hebuc, Ep. 11C35; horodius uualh haebuc, Ef. 1365, 11. Cf. Wright W. The Cambr. MS. has herodion. genus accipitris .- For ualc-hefuc, foreign hawk, see Bosw. T. (wealh-hafoc, hafoc); Kluge, Etym. Wrtb. d. Spr. (Habicht).

Herodis, see fadus.

hexameron, see in exameron.

hibernis, see hiebernis.

hibicum, firgingata, xix. 29 (Job xxxix. 1 tempus partus ibicum; Heyse, in note, The Cambr. MS. has: Ibix, hibicum. capra montuosa) = ibices, firgengaet, Cp. 112; Ep. 12E33; Ef. 367, 50. For firgingata (=of mountain-goats), see Bosw. T. (firgen-gāt, firgin-gāt). hic, xxx. 14, see ho platon.

hiebernis, hiemalibus, xxvII. 24 (Lib. Rot. = Isid. Lib. de nat. rer. VII. 2 hibernis flatibus; cf. Virg. Geo. 11. 339).

hiemalibus, xxvII. 24, see hiebernis.

hiemisperia duo sunt quorum alterum est super terram alterum sub terra, xLIV. 8 (Alia; de cælo=Isid. de nat. rerum, XII. 3 note hemisphaeria duo s.q.a.e. s.t.a. subter terram). For subter terram see (text) note \*\* on p. 45. See also xLIV. 1 (partes), and (xLIV. 29) axem. Perhaps a further explanation of the above is: hiemisperium [hemisphaerium] aput grecos dicitur quod nos uerticem uocamus, xliv. 19.

HIEREMIA, XIV tit.

Hieronimi, xxx tit., see De Catalogo. Hieronimus dicit statera dicitur &c., xxxi. 37: see statera.

hierophantis, see hierufontis.

hierufontis, uel prophetis qui auditis presunt, xxxviii. 42 (Clem. Rom. Recognitt. 1. 5 hierophantis vel prophetis qui adytis praesunt, amicus efficiar).

hierusalem, xxm. 17, see ciuitas dauid.

HIEZECHIEL, XV tit.

hiezechielo [Ezech-], xxxIII. 8, see obulus, 20, see colamina.

hii, xliv. 27, see leua.

himina, medius sextarius cyatos iii, II. 86; see emina.

hin, sextarios II, XXXIII. 17 (Euch. De Pond.?). Hin does not appear in the printed texts of Eucherius, but the Brit. Mus. MS. has: Nebel quidam putant modii пт. *Hin* sextarius est liquidae speciei. See below nebel, where in sextariis is, perhaps, to be read as hin, sextarius.—hin maior xuiii sextarios Minor UIII, XXXI. 14 (De ponder.?).

hinuitabar [for inuitabar], see appulli. hippocentaurus, see epocentaurus.

hircania, xxxv. 1, see tragoedia.

hircus, xxxv. 1, see tragoedia.

hironiam, xxxv. 120, see per hir-. hirpex, see erpica.

his, xvi. 30.

hispida, deforma [? deformis?] nodis, III. 10 (De S. Mart. Stor. = Sulp. Sev. Dial. 2, 3, 2 ueste hispida; cf. Dial. 1, 3, 5 herbam hispidam, and 2, 1, 8 uestem hispidam).

hispidam, see hispida.

historiam, xIII. 25, see de radice.

histrio, scurres. lees, xLv. 26 (Uerba de multis=Ars Phocae, p. 413, 8 histrio centurio). Scurres lees perhaps = scurrilis (es). But lees being marked as A.S. in the MS., scurres may be for scurra, or scurrus, or scurrax (see Goetz, vol. vii. p. 246), and lees = A.S. leas, loose, false, deceitful, as subst. a deceiver (Bosw. T.). - histrionibus, oroccerum, xxxix. 57 (not in Greg. Dial., but Can. Concil. Afric. XLV p. 150 Vt scenicis atque histrionibus...gratia vel reconciliatio non negetur). Oroccerum (misread droccerum), a derivation, perhaps, from orc (Lat. orcus), the infernal regions; cf. Bosw. T. in vocc. orc, orcen (a sea-monster); Kluge, Altg. Dial. p. 341; id. (in Paul & Braune's D. Sprache, ix. 188).—striones, qui muebri [muliebri] indumento gestus inpudicarum feminarum exprimebant, 1. 127 (De Canon.; Can. Conc. Carth. CXXIX Omnes...histriones; cf. ibid. xLv, and LXIII histrionibus).

hnabot, xIII. 54, see del.

hoc, iv. 99; xxx. 95; xxxii. 5; xxxix. 20; xli. 10; xliii. 34; xlvi. 14.

hodiporitum, see sinphosin. hodoeporicon, see sinphosin.

holera (qy? plur. of Lat. holus, cabbage, colewort; or corruption of A.S. holen, holegn, holly?), xLVII. 96, see acrifolium.

holografia, see olografia.

homelias, homilias, see ominas.

hominem, x. 6, see unguentum exinanitum; xxix. 56, see metempschosis.

homines, xv. 13, see pigmei, 24, see pollinctores; xxv. 9, see decurio; xxxv. 24, see auspiciis, 184, see liberales l., 235, see busta; XLIII. 5, see polideuces.

hominibus, xxI. 12, see filii titan; xLII.

21, see basterna.

hominis, xxxv. 164, see de figmento, 298, see spiridon; xLIII. 18, see carus, 28, see bachus; xLVII. 89, see bulinus.

hominum, xvi. 11, see saraballa; xlvi.

27, see uarix.

homo, iv. 4, see mambre; xlii. 13, see hermofroditus.

homofagiis, homofagis, see omofagis.

homonyma, see omonima. honestorum, xxxv. 302, see seminon.

honorauit, see afficit.

honore, II. 81, see gradu; VIII. 8, see in acerno m -.

honores, see solaria.

honoribus, see fascibus.

ho platon, hie plato, xxx. 14; ton philona, hunc philonem, xxx. 15; acoloythei, sequitur h ton platona aut hunc platonem, xxx. 16; o philon, hec philo, xxx. 17 (Cat. Hier. xI col. 629A De hoc [Philo Judæus] vulgo apud Graecos dicitur ἢ Πλάτων φιλωνίζει ἢ Φίλων πλατωνίζει, idest Aut Plato Philonem sequitur aut Platonem Philon.—B: De hoc vulgo apud Grecos dicitur platon philonizein philon platonizein id est aut plato philonem sequitur aut philo platonem sequitur .- C: De h.v. a.g.d. [blank line] idest aut p.p. seq. a. platonem philo). It is clear that the Glossator had a text before him which read, or which he interpreted to read, n ό Πλάτων του Φίλωνα ἀκολουθεῖ, η του Πλάτωνα ὁ Φίλων. - Ε bas: HO · ΠΛΑΤΟΝ · TWHTW · ΦΙΛώΝΑ; ΕΚωωίς · THIWIC · THCHTWN· ΠΙΛθΟΝΑ· ΦΙΛΟΝ· id est aut plato phylonem sequitur . aut filo platonem.

horas, II. 37, see canonicas.

horas diurnas nocturnaque conputantes, idest pro xL diebus xx statuunt, xxxv. 179 (Ruf. v. 24 fol. 91b quidam... putant uno tantum die obseruari debere ieiunium...nonnulli etiam quadraginta, ita ut horas diurnas nocturnasque computantes, diem statuant).

hore, iv. 99, see quadraplas. horno, hoc anno, xiii. 34 (De div. nominibus = not Donati Ars grammat., but serv. Comm. in Donat., p. 438, 14, 15 horno...nihil est aliud nisi hoc anno). Cf. horno, bys gere, Cp. H137, 142; horno, thys geri, Ep. 11C18; Ef. 364, 51.

hortans, see paradigma. hortari, II. 164, see suadere.

hortum, see areola.

hortus, xm. 1, see cucumerarium. horum, xliv. 16, see antarticus.

hospicia, xli. 3, see sidonicis. hospitalitate, hospitium, see de philo-

hostiarius [ost-], xxxix. 5, see mansionarius; xlii. 9, see ceruerus.

hostie [-tiae], xLvi. 34, see inferie.

huc, II. 134, see passim. humanum, IV. 22, see ius.

humiliatio, xxvIII. 62, see tapynosin. humilissimus [for humillimis], xxvIII.

62, see tapynosin.

humillimis, see tapynosin. humor, xxvII. 30, see moloncolia. hunc, xxx. 15, 16, see ho platon.

huni (may be for Lat. Hunni, or for A.S. Hūne, or O.H.G. Huni), xxxix. 25,

see uulgari.

Hunni (Lat.), see uulgari.

huuitabar [for hinuitabar, inuitabar], III. 15; see appulli.

hyacinthina, see uiola. hyacinthini, see iacyntini.

hyacinthino, hyacintho, see iacincto.

hyadas, a tauri similitudine, xxvII. 16 (Lib. Rot. = Isid. Lib. de nat. rer. xxvi. 1 [quoting Job ix. 9] Qui facit arcturum, et Orionem, et hyadas) = hiadas, a tauri similitudine, Cp. H104; hiadas, a tauris similitudine, Ep. 11C30 & Ef. 1365, 6. Cf. hyadas, raedgasram, Cp. H162; Ep. 11C1; Ef. 364, 34; also the note to Isid. xxvi. 5 (p. 39 in Areval's ed.): Alii addunt... Hyades sunt quinque...in fronte Tauri positae.

hyaenae, see hyge; hyine.

hydra, see exedra. hydria, see fidelia farris.

hydropicus, aquaticus, xxxv. 5 (Ruf. 1.

8 fol. 12b hydropis...tumor). hydropis, see hydropicus.

hygę, quas beluas uocant idest bestie, xxxvIII. 15; see hyinę.

hyine, nocturnum monstrum similis

cani, xxix. 38 (Uerb. Interpr.=Hier. in Matth. xxiii. 38 col. 1754 [quoting Jer. xii. 8] facta est mihi hæreditas mea quasi spelunca hyænæ)=hyne, n. m. s. c., Cp. H166, and cf. hyna, naectgenge (nightgoer, Bosw. T. niht-genge), Cp. H180. The Vulg. has quasi leo in sylva. See Migne's note, ibid., and Sabatier.—hyge, quas beluas uocant idest bestie [bestiae], xxxviii. 15 (Clem. Recognitt. viii. 25 hyaenae, quas beluas [belluas, Migne] vocant).

hymnum, laudem, 11. 85 (Bened. reg. 11, 18 incipiat abbas ymnum [29 hymnum; and ymnum, in note], 21 [35] subsequatur

...abbas hymnum).

hypallage, idest permutatio quoties in alium intellectum uerba que dicta sunt transferuntur, xxviii. 44 (Cass. Psalm. xiii. 5 schema dicitur hypalage id est p. q. i.a.i.u. quae d.s.t. See xxix. 1 hypallage). Cf. ypallage, uerbum pro uerbo, Cp. Y5; Ef. 1401, 11.

hyperbaton, cum suspensus ordo uerborum inferius explicatur, xxvII. 78 (Cass. Psalm. xxxvII. 10 hyperbaton, c. s. o. u. i. e.).—yperbaton, idest transcensio, xxvIII. 87 (Cass. Psalm. xxIIV. 14 hyperbaton, i. t.).

Hyperberetæi, Hyperberetaeon, see men-

sis yperberetheus.

hyperbolen, see per figuram y-.

hyperthesis, idest superlatio cum aliquam rem opinione omnium nota sententia nostra exsuperare contendimus, xxvIII. 51 (Cass. Psalm. xvII. 12 hyperthesis idest s.c. a.r.o.o. notam s.n.e.c. And again L. 8). hypotheseon, see ypophesion.

hypotheticus, idest contionalis sillogismus, xxvIII. 84 (Cass. Psalm. xl. 1 hypotheticus...id est conditionalis syllogismus;

idem vII. 5).

hypozeuxis, see ypozeuxis.

hysopo, in similitudinem absinthi [-thii], xxv. 15 (Joh. xix. 29 spongiam plenam aceto, hyssopo; Wordsw. & White hysopo). hyssopo, see hysopo.

i for a: liciniosa (for lac-)—for ae: tropia (for trophaea)—for e: aduliscentule (for adulescentulae); agillo (agello); alligare (alleg-); amatoris (-res); anachorita (-reta); apologiticum (apologet-); ariopagitis (areopagitam); caticumini (catechumeni); cispitem (cesp-); cissura (cess-); cortix (cortex); cymiteria (coemeteria); decim (decem); difiniciones, difinita, &c. (def-); diriguere, dirinatur (der-); discribitur, -bunt (descr-); disperabilis, dispicalis (desp-); distinabunt, distruitur (dest-); enticam (enthecam); erip- (erep-); extimplo (extem-); himina (hem-); inbicilles (inbec-); interfici (-feci); lagina (lagena); lentiscere

(-tescere); mausilio (-leo); molliscere (-lescere); mi herculi (me hercule); pannigericis (panegyricis); peripsima (-sema); pyriflegitonta (-gethonta); redigerit (redeg-); scinici (scen-); subitania (-nea); suprima (-rema); uatis (uates); uertix (-tex); uixilla (uex-).-for o: mausilio (mausoleo).—for y: aethimologia (etym-); androginus (-gynus); archisinagogus (archisyn-); artofilax (arctophylax); asillum (asyl-), asitum (asylum); auditis (adytis); azimorum (azym-); Calipso (Caly-); ciatos (cyathos); cimbalis (cymb-); colirium (collyr-); Coribantas (Coryb-); corimbis (corymb-); diatiposis (diatyp-); ependiten (-dyten); epistilia (-tylia); filacteria (phyl-); frix, frigia (Phry-); gazofilatia (gazophyl-); girouagum (gyr-); iacincto, iacinetino (hyac-); lira, liricus (lyr-); Lidii (Lyd-); Micene, mirte (my-); omonima (-nyma); onichinos (onych-); papiri (-pyri); paralisin (-lysin); philacteria (phyl-); phitagoras (Pythag-); pictarum (pyct-); Polideuces (Polyd-); polionima (polyonyma); presbitera, presbiteri &c. (presbyt-); satirum (saty-); Silla (Sy-); sillogismus (syll-); simbulis, simbulum (symbo-); simcosion (symp-); sinagogae, sincopin, sinaxis, sinchronon, sineedochen (syn-); sinphosin (symposium); sintagmata (synt-); Siriis (Syriis); Sirofenissa (Syr-); Sirte (Syrten); Tethis (-hys); thiesteos (Thy-); thimiamateria (thym-); tifon (Typhon); tirannidem, -des (tyr-). i omitted: conectura (coni-); editore (editiore); elogis (-giis); Spiridon (-dion); uestmenta (uestim-).—i inserted: apparitorium (-torum); auditorium (-torum); eripisissent (erepsissent); stranguillato (-gulato).

i', v. 8 [=idest?]; see auo.

iacent, xv. 9, see transtra; xxxv. 57, see cunabulum.
iacinctina [hyacinthina], xxxx. 10, see

uiola.
iacinctino [hyacinthino], xv. 45, see

iacinct

iacincto, idest de pelle iacinctino [hyacinthino], xv. 45 (Ezech. xxIII. 6 vestitos hyacintho).

iactare, vIII. 8, see in aceruo m-.

iacynthini, see iacyntini.

iacyntini, syitor heuuin, xxII. 6 (Esther I. 6 tentoria aerij coloris, et carbasini ac hyacinthini; Heyse, in note, iacynthini; YIII. 15 vestibus regiis, hyacinthinis). Syitor for swifor (?) comp. of swife, very much (see Bosw. T.); heuuin = hæwen (Bosw. T.), blue, azure. See Steinm. I. 488, 12; IV. 273, 4; and the present Glossary XXII. 3 (aeri, haue); see also Aeri iacintini, Cp. A356.

iaketalo, see epimehne.

iane (!), xxxvi. 1, see Iani porte.

Iani porte, idest porte templi iane [!] dei paganorum que ante patebant unaqueque ad gentem suam quando contraria fuit romanis nomine gentis ipsius scribta [scripta] super porta, xxxvi. 1 (Oros. i. 1, 6 Iani portae clausae sunt).

taspis, nigrum et uiridem colorem habet, XLI. 7 (De nomin. div. = Apoc. XXI. 19 fundamentum primum jaspis; see also Exod. xxvIII. 18, xxxix. 11; Ezek. xxvIII. 13) =iaspis, n. e. u. c. h., Ep. 11E9; Ef. 365,

21; Cp.

ibi, xr. 14; xxxx. 39; see also ubi et ubi.

ibicum, see hibicum.

icon, xxvIII. 49, see periscema icon.

id, xxvIII. 83 (bis).

Idasteles [for Aristoteles?], proprium [add: nomen] uiri, xxxvIII. 12 (Clem. Recognitt. VIII. 15); see Calistratus.

idea, cum speciem rei future uelut oculis efferente motum animi concitamus, xxvIII. 42 (Cass. Psalm. xvII. 9 Hoc schema dicitur idea, cum s. r. futurae u. o. offerentes m. a. c. Cf. ib. xxxII. 13 idea, Latine species dicitur, quando velut effigiem rei futurae oculis offerentes, animi votum ad audiendi studium concitamus; ib. xlvII. 15 idea, Latine species, quando aliquid futurum velut oculis offerentes, notum animi concita-

ideas, XLII. 25, see Platonis ideas. ideonati, consuetudini, xxix. 27; see

idioma.

idioma, proprietas, xix. 7 (Job; Praef. Hieron. p. xivb, and Migne, P.L. xxvIII col. 1081<sup>B</sup> propter linguæ idioma) = idioma, proprietas linguae, Cp. I19; iodioma, pr-, Ep. 11E10; iodiama, proprietas, Ef. 365. The Cambr. MS.: idioma proprietas uniuscuiusque linguae.-ideonati, consuetudini, xxix. 27 (Uerb. Interpr. = Hier. in Matth. xxII. 30 Latina consuetudo Graeco idiomati non respondet).

idiomati, see idioma.

idiotae, stulti, xxxv. 160 (Ruf. iv. 16 fol. 65ª imperiti uel idiotae obseruant).

idole, xl. 13, see bachal.

idolorum, xxxv. 26, see oethepia.

idolum, xv. 35, see teraphin.

idem, xi. 3; xiii. 39, 55; xxix. 42; xxxi. 27; xxxiii. 12, 15, 23; xxxv. 69.

idem, xLvII. 75, see genisculas.

idest, 1. 36; v. 11; viii, 13, 16, 19; x. 19, 26; xi. 5, 15; xii. 3, 24, 33, 40-42; xIII. 24, 25, 35, 53; xv. 13, 45; xvi. 5, 18; xvii. 2, 20; xix. 5, 12; xxi. 7, 19; xxii. 7, 9, 12-15; xxviii. 21, 37, 39, 4447, 51, 54, 58, 61, 64-67, 69, 74, 76, 82, 84, 87; xxix. 11, 35, 47, 73; xxx. 9, 13, 40; xxxi. 17, 23, 24 (bis), 25; xxxii. 7-9; xxxIII. 6, 10, 15, 16; xxxv. 3, 6, 20, 26, 69, 122, 140, 179; xxxvi. 1, 12, 18; xxxvii. 5, 9 (bis); xxxvIII. 7, 15, 37; xxxix. 24, 35, 42; xl. 1; xli. 2; xlii. 25, 26; xliii. 53; xLIV. 13, 14, 16.

i[dest?], v. 8; see auo.

idonea, apta utilis habilis, r. 62 (De Canon.; Can. Conc. Sard. xv idonea praedia habere cognoscuntur).

ie for e: apologieticum (apologet-).

iereticos, sacerdotale, xxx. 12 Catal.); peri tes zoes theoricas, id est de hac uit[a] contemplatiua, xxx. 13 (De Catal.). In these cases the original Glossator had, perhaps, two, somewhat different, versions of the Cat. Hieron. before him. As regards "iereticos, sacerdotale" it may refer to Cat. Hier. II col. 612<sup>Δ</sup> de genere sacerdotali (Gr. transl. γένους lερατικοῦ) or to xi col. 625 de genere sacerdotum (Gr. γένους ἰερέων). But as the Glossator apparently made his extracts from a Latin text (or texts), in which the Greek words were written in Latin characters, and the order in which the present glosses appear in the Glossary suggests an extract from ch. xI, or thereabout, of the Catal., the two glosses 12 & 13 seem to refer to Cat. Hier. xI col. 629 A liber...de apostolicis viris quem et inscripsit περί βίου θεωρητικοῦ ἰκετῶν. this be the case *iereticos* (of 12) refers, perhaps, to *lκετῶν*, and the *ti* may be misplaced, and belong to theoricas (of 13), to make theoriticas. For \$100 of the present texts some MS. must have had ζοης or ζωης, which appears in the Glossary. The Utrecht ed. (B) has traces of these two words in "librum...de apostolicis viris quem et inscripsit periso oythe yroti koy id est de vita contemplativa," where so (of periso) points to ζο- or ζω-, and oy (of oythe) to ov (of Biov). The Augsburg ed. (C) sheds further light on the gloss (13), it having: "librum...de apostolicis viris quem et inscripsit [blank] de hac vita contemplatiua." E has: πηρι της ζωης θεοσηκας.

ignari, see expertim.

ignarus, xxxiv. 50, see expers.

ignauia, 11. 45, see desidia.

ignauus, 11. 41, see desidiosus.

igne, xr. 16, see bonam escam; xvrr. 4, see torris.

ignem, xvi. 9, see malleolis.

ignis, III. 22, see bornacula; xxxvIII. 24, see pyriflegitonta; xLI. 9, see calcidon; XLIII. 46 (bis), see piraondes; XLV. 3, see las; ignis, xI. 11, see in aqua ualebat

ignis.

ignis acer, oma, xxxv. 66 (Ruf. Ix. 8 fol. 150<sup>b</sup> vlceribus...quae ignis sacer appellantur) = igni sacrum, oman, Cp. 127. For oma, oman, erysipelas, see Bosw. T. (oman).

ignorari [!], XLVIII. 35, see expertim. ignoratur, XLIV. 10, see cardines. ignota, XIX. 37, see ueemoth.

ileusun cyrie, propitius esto domine, xxxx. 63 (*Uerb. Interpr.=Hier. in Matth.* xvi. 22, 23 γλεώς σοι, Κύρε...hoc est propitius sis tibi, Domine [propitius esto Domine, Migne in note \*]).

ilex, see ilix.

ilice, see ilicus.

ilicem, see ilix; ilicem, xxxv. 90, see ad ilicem, sub v. ilix.

ilico, see ilicus.

ilicus, arbor est folia modica habens fructusque sieut glandi modici, xvi. 4 (Dan., Praef. Hieron. p. xvib and Migne xvvii col. 1293<sup>A</sup> ut, verbi gratia, dicamus ab arbore ilice dixisse eum, ilico [Migne Illico] pereas). The Glossator mistook the adverbilico, used by St Jerome to illustrate the false etymology in his preceding sentence, for the name of the tree ilice (ilex). The Cambr. MS. has: Ylex, a. e. f. m. h. f. s. glandes modicę.

ilix, nomen ligni, Iv. 3 (Eccles. İst.); ad tlicem, genus rubri [rubi], xxxv. 90 (De Eus.) = (Ruf. I. 1 fol. 2<sup>h</sup> sedenti ad ilicem Mambrae). In xxxv. 90 the MS. has adilicem, which = adilicem genus rubi, Cp. A184; Ep. 1A31 and Ef. 338, 14.

See also ilicus.

ill-, see inl-.

illa, xxi. 3; xxix. 39; xxxv. 82; xliii. 36.

illac, in illa parte, xLIII. 36; see hac.

illam, xxix. 52, see ecacusen.

illico, see ilicus.

illo, xxiv. 13.—illo usque, illuc, xxxv. 262 (Ruf. vi. 15 fol. 105<sup>b</sup> Origenem illo usque orante emitti).

illos, xIV. 3.

illuc, II. 134, see passim; xxxv. 262, see illo usque.

illud, xxir. 11; xxxix. 4.

imaginatio, xxvIII. 49, see periscema. imaginatione, xxvIII. 81, see per ener-

giam. imagines, v. 32, see thoraces.

imb-, see inb-.

imitatio, xxvii. 5, see scina.

imitatorem, 1. 12, see aemulum. immolat, 1v. 73, see litat.

immolatio, mactatio, I. 60 (De Canon.; Decret. Leon. XII p. 227 multorum ag-

norum occisio illius immolatione finita est; cf. Can. Conc. Ancyr. xxi, xxii immolauerunt; immolantes &c.; Isid. Etym. vi. 19. 31).

imp-, see inp-.

impendiis, see inpendiis.

imperator, r. 39, see diuus.

imperatore, xxxix. 20, see in mare adriatico.

imperia, 1. 92, see pragmatica; xxxix. 63, see per pragmaticam formam.

63, see per pragmaticam formam impingaris, see inpingaris.

impios, xi. 11, see in aqua....

implanauit, see inpl-. impleat, see aptet.

implet, II. 16, see aptet.

improbos, improbus, see inprobus.

impunitas, see in pennias.

in, r. 65 (bis), 91, 100; m. 6, 33, 95 (bis), 161; m. 31 (bis), 33; tv tit., 1, 25 (bis), 98, 99; vrr. 1 (bis), 2, 6 (bis), 9 (bis); vrr. 2, 8 (ter), 13, 16 (bis), 17 (bis), 18; rx. 5; x tit., 3, 22 (bis), 24; xr. 3, 11 (bis), 12, 12 (bis), 14 (bis), 15 13 (bis), 14, 15; xm. 25 (bis), 42, 48; xm tit., 1, 6, 30 (bis), 36, 37, 40, 41, 47 (bis), 57-59; xiv tit., 2, 7 (bis), 9, 11, 14 (bis), 15, 22, 30, 36; xv tit., 5, 9 (bis), 11 (bis), 18 (bis), 33, 43; xvi tit., 25; xvii. 1, 7; xviii. 3; xix tit., 11, 20, 23, 31, 50 (bis); xx tit., xx1 tit., 1 (bis), 5 (bis), 9 (bis), 16, 19 (quater), 20; xxII. 12 (ter), 16 (bis); xxIII tit., 2, 14 (bis), 17; xxIV tit., 1, 5; xxv. 3, 5, 8, 13, 15; xxvI tit.; xxvII tit., 28; xxvIII tit., 2 (bis), 25, 28, 33 (ter), 38, 40, 44, 47, 63, 76; xxix. 11, 13, 15, 31, 56; xxx tit., 2; xxx1. 1, 11, 12 (bis); xxx111. 54 (bis); XLI. 1; XLII. 20 (bis), 27; XLIII. 13, 18, 35, 36, 46; xLIV. 9, 10 (bis), 17, 22, 25, 26 (bis), 27 (ter), 29; xLv. 10, 18, 19, 31; xLvi. 13, 14, 24, 27; xLvii. 28, 89.

in [for hin?], xxxIII. 19, see nebel. in, xxIX. 52 (bis; the first to be joined to  $aut = av \tau h\nu$ , the second, dittography).

in aceruo mercurii, consuetudinem habebant ambulantes in uia ubi sepultus est mercurius lapidem iactare in aceruum ipsius unusquisque pro honore eius, viii. 8 (Salam. xxvi. 8 Sicut qui mittit lapidem in aceruum Mercurij).

in aculeis, in ferris ligno in terra posito infixis et curuis, xxxv. 41 (Ruf. viii. 10 fol. 140<sup>a</sup> in eculeis exigebant; in equuleis, Cacciari p. 483) = in eculeis, in ferreis ligno infixis et curbis in terra positis, Cp. 185, 86; Ep. 11E22; Ef. 365, 34.

Equuleus, or eculeus, a wooden rack (Lewis & Sh.).

inaequalia, see anomala.

in agillo, in agro, xxvIII. 2 (Lib. Anton.), see agellis.

in anathema, in obliuione, &c., xxi. 19 (Judith xvi. 23), see anathema.

inanis, xxxiv. 12, see cenodoxia. inaptius, in. 47, see indecentius.

in aqua ualebat ignis, fulgura in pluuia ad impios missa, xi. 11 (Sap. xvi. 17 in aqua, quae omnia extinguit, plus ignis valebat. See Sap. xix. 19 ignis in aqua valebat, and for the gloss cf. Exod. ix. 23, 24, and Wace's Apocr. p. 516).

inbecilles, inbecillibus, see inbicilles. inbicilles [inbec-], II. 192, see pusillanimes.—inbicilles, infirmi, flebiles, II. 92 (Bened. reg. 35, 5 [6] Inbecillibus... procurentur solacia).

inbuitur, 1. 20, see catezizatur.

incantatores sunt qui rem uerbis peragunt, xvi. 31 (Dan. v. 11 principem magorum, incantatorum...constituit eum).

incantatorum, see incantatores. IN CANTICO CANTICORUM, X tit.

in careere sine ferro, in mare rubro, xi. 13 (Sap. xvii. 15 custodiebatur in carcere sine ferro).

incasale [for incasuale], xLIII. 56, see

aptotum.

incasuale, see aptotum. incedere, xxxv. 154, see incessere. incedit, viii. 13, see in sublime.

incenditur, xxIII. 1, see exedra. incensum, xII. 22, see storax.

incentor, suscitator, xxxiv. 14 (De Cass., Inst. xi. 2 confutatus incentor).

incerti, xLIII. 6, see notha. incesserat, see incessit.

incessere, accusare, iv. 39 (Eccles. Istor.); incessere, incedere, xxxv. 154 (De Eus.); incessere, inpugnare, xxxv. 264 (De Eus.) = (Ruf. iv. 3 fol. 54<sup>b</sup> quidam homines... nostros nitebantur incessere).—incessit, incurrit, xxxv. 261 (Ruf. vr. 6 fol. 99<sup>a</sup> animos incesserat) = incessit, incurrit, Cp. 1448.

incesta, xxxv. 166, see scenas turpes. in chaos, in profundum uel in aera, xxxv. 226 (Ruf. xi. 23 fol. 188\* terra... solueretur in chaos).

inchoans, xxxv. 44, see adortus.

incidere, xiv. 30, see pedalis; xxxv. 68, see concidere.

incidunt, xiv. 20, see scalpellum; xxiii. 3, see latomi; xxxv. 72, see lanionibus, 73, see codicibus.

incipit, xxxi tit.; Incipit breuis exsolutio, vi tit.—ex diuersis libris, xlii tit.—in Danielem, xvi tit.—in HierEMIA, XIV tit.—IN ESDRA, XXIII tit.—IN HIEZECHIEL, XV tit.—IN JOB, XIX tit.—IN JUDITH, XXI tit.—IN LIBRUM ECCLESIASTICE ISTORIAE, IV tit.—IN MATHEUM [Mathaeum], XXIV tit.—IN TOBIA, XX tit.—UERBORUM INTERPRETATIO [=Hieron. Comm. in Mathaeum], XXIX tit.

incipitur, II. 149, see responsoria.

INCIPIUNT, XL tit.

incisa, xxxv. 86, see busta.
incisis, xxxv. 229, see dispicatis.
incisus, xiv. 21, see torta panis.
incitati, xxxx. 24, see inlecti.
incitatum, xxxxx. 66, see elicitum.
inclinato, xxxv. 234, see suggillato.
includit, see inclusor.
inclusit xxx 16, see inclusor.

inclusit, xiv. 16, see inclusor.

inclusor, qui gemmas inclusit [Cambr. MS. includit] auro, xiv. 16 (Hier. xxix. 2 faber et inclusor; xxiv. 1 fabrum et inclusorem).

in comminus, propius, xxxv. 162, see

comminus.

incompetentibus, see inconpententibus. inconditos, indisciplinatos, xxxvv. 30 (De Cass., Inst. viii. 16 inconditos mores nostros...emendare).

incongruis, II. 91, see inconpententibus. inconparari, xL. 3, see deuotatum.

inconpenentibus, non aptis incongruis, II. 91 (Bened. reg. 48, 38 [68] horis inconpetentibus).

inconpetentibus, see inconpententibus. inconsulto, non interrogato, xxxv. 124 (Ruf. II. 23 fol. 32<sup>b</sup> se inconsulto).

in contis, in lancis, xxi. 9 (Judith ix. 9 confidunt...in curribus suis et in contis, et in scutis...et in lanceis gloriantur). It may be that in lancis (for in lanceis) is meant as a gloss to in contis, as contus (a pole, pike) also means a weapon (see Lewis & Sh. in voce); otherwise the above quotation suggests two lemmata without interpretations.

inconveniens, H. 11, see absurdum, incorpore [for incorporeae], xxvIII. 81, see per energiam.

incorporeae, see per energiam. incorporeum, xliv. 29, see axem. increpetur, 11. 127, see obiurgetur. increuit, 1. 59, see inoleuit.

incuba, maerae uel saturus, xlvii. 81 (Alia =?) = incuba, maere, Cp. 1225; i., mera uel satyrus, Ep. 12E14; incuba, merae uel saturnus, Ef.¹ 367, 30. Incuba = incubus, a nightmare, incubus. For maerae, maere, mera, merae, an incubus, (night) mare, see Bosw. T. (mæra, mære). For saturus, saturnus leg. satyrus, as in Ep.

incubi, xiii. 24, see pilosi.

incubum, xxxvIII. 38, see satirum.

incubus, see incuba.

incumberis, vIII. 3, see ne innataris.

incunabulis, see cunabulum.

incurrit, xxxv. 261, see incessit.

incus, osifelti, xix. 41 (Job xli. 15 malleatoris incus) = incuda, onfilti, Cp. I137; see Steinm. 1. 497. 18, besides the above also ysifolto, ueliti, anaboz = O.H.G. anafalz, Mod. G. Amboss; id. 1. 507, 62; 509, 33; Wright W. 141, 23 incus, anfilte; id. 426, 31 incus, onfilte; id. 627, 35 incus, anfeld, D. aanbeeld. Cf. Bosw. T. in voce anfilt (an anvil).

incusans, accusans, xxxv. 123 (Ruf. II. 23 fol. 32b quos...contra legem gerere

incusans).

inde, xvII. 7, 19; xxII. 16; xxVIII. 18. indecentius, inaptius, III. 47 (De S. Mart. Stor. = Sulp. Sev. Dial. II. 8, 3 uirginem adulescenti cuidam ... indecentius adhaerentem).

indegeries [indig-], xII. 39, see plestia. indeptum, adquisitum, xxxiv. 42 (De Cass., Inst. xII. 11, 1 intellegemus eum... tantam beatitudinem...dono dei miserentis indeptum).

indeptus, 1. 9, see adeptus.

indicationem, n. 167, see suggessionem. indicatur, xxvIII. 43, see caracterismos.

indicitur, xxiv. 9, see censum.

indiculum, v. 7, see dorium.

indigeries, ingluuies, n. 90 (Bened. reg. 39, 13 [22] ut numquam subripiat monacho indigeries). For indigeries see also plestia. indignum, II. 11, see absurdum.

in diocesi, in parrochia [parochia],

xxxix. 54; see diocesim.

indisciplinatos, xxxIv. 30, see inconditos.

indiscretas, Iv. 57, see thesteas.

indolem, ingenium iuuentutis, xLVIII. 24 (De Cass., Inst. v. 12, 1 indolem suae iuuentatis ostentet; in note iuuentutis). Cf. indolem, iuuentutem, Cp. 1208; Ep. 12C19; Ef.1 366, 52.

induco [for induto], xxx. 29, see capun

periens.

indui, xxII. 11, see mundum m-.

indumenta, xxxv. 140, see portarum indumenta.

indumento, r. 127, see striones.

indutae, see portarum.

indute [-tae], xxxv. 140, see portarum. induto, see induco.

inebriare, 1. 111, see sicera.

in edito, in excelso, IV. 25 (Ruf. II. 23 fol. 31b vt in edito positus appareas omnibus).

ineluctabile, xL. 1, see uiscide.

inequalia [inaeq-], xLIV. 20, see anomala.

inequiperabilis [sine interpret.], vr. 31 (Breu. exsol.?).

ineuitabilis, xxxiv. 44, see sillogismus.

in exameron, sex dierum computum, xxxv. 250 (Ruf. v. 13 fol. 84b in Hexameron commentarius). Cf. exameron, vii dierum conputatio, Cp. E522; exameron, vi dierum conputatio, Ef.1 359, 51; Goetz vi. 568 (in exaimeron).

in exaplois, ni editiones congregate [-tae], xix. 11 (Job; Praef. Hieron. p. xivb, and Migne, P.L. xxvIII col. 10828 in Ega-

 $\pi\lambda ois).$ 

in expeditione, in preparatione [praep-] exercitus, xxi. 1 (Judith II. 7 dinumeravit viros in expeditionem; Heyse, in note, in expeditione). Cf. expeditio, praeparatio, Cp. E558.

inexterminabiles, xxxv. 43, see inextricabiles.

inextricabiles, inexterminabiles, xxxv. 43 (Ruf. vIII. 15 fol. 142b inextricabiles languores). - inextricabiles, anatreten. XLVIII. 3 (De Cass., Inst. III. 3, 6 penetrans inextricabiles Tartari tenebras; ib. VII. 6 inextricabilis nequitiae fomes). Anatreten for un-a-treden unpassed, untrodden, inaccessible, see Bosw. T. (tredan; a-tredan; be-tredan, &c.); cf. Schlutter, in Journ. Germ. Phil. 1. 62.

infantes, xxxv. 57, see cunabulum. infantibus, xix. 48, see necromantia.

infantis, xLvIII. 53, see aborsum.

infantium, Iv. 58, see oedipia, sub v.

in fastu, in dignitate, vn. 9 (1 Paral. xxvII. 24 non est relatus in fastos regis David; id. Heyse, but in fastus in note). Hieron. quotes this passage (Migne, xxm col. 1388) as: in fastis regis David. Glossator seems to have used a text which had the accus. pl. fastus (=fastos), and mistook this for fastus, pride, haughtiness. The Cod. Colb. 4951 (Migne, Patr. Lat. xxIII col. 1554) and a Bern MS, have "in fastos, dignitates."

in fatores, nomen loci, xiv. 22 (Hier. XLIV. 15 omnis populus habitantium in terra Aegypti in Phatures; XLIV. 1 in

terra Phatures).

infausti, see inuastum.

infaustiorem, infeliciorem, xxxv. 139, see inuastum.

infecti, uiciati [uit-], xxxv. 280 (Ruf. vII. 26 fol. 128ª qui...tali doctrina infecti sunt).

infeliciorem, xxxv. 139, see infaustiorem. infenso, irato, xxxv. 213 (De Eus.); infensus, inoffensus [for offensus?], iv. 87 (Eccl. Istor.) = (Ruf. x. 17 fol. 169b omnes ...infenso animo...conueniunt).

infensus, inoffensus [for offensus?], IV. 87, see infenso.

inferens, III. 29, see cladem.

inferie, hostie [-tiae] mortuorum, xLVI. 34 (Alia = Ars Phocae, p. 428, 8 inferiae). Cf. inferiae, sacra mortuorum, Cp. 1265; inferiale, sacra mortuorum, Ep. 12E30; inferiale, sacramentu, Ef. 1 367, 47.

inferius, xxvIII. 78, see hyperbaton. inferni, xlii. 9, see ceruerus. infernorum, xix. 22, see coquiton.

infernum, xLIII. 18, see carus.

infestante, iniuriam faciente, xLVIII. 65 (De Cass., Inst. vi. 2 puritatem nostri corporis infestante).

infestationibus, see infestionibus.

infestes, sine barba, xxxv. 189 (Ruf. vii. 9 fol. 119ª pueros inuestes iugulari iubebat) = inuestis, sine barba, Cp. I343. Cf. Cacciari, vn. 9, p. 410, note e, who says that some Vatic. MSS. have imberbas, and three other MSS. pueros infantes, which latter he prefers, as agreeing better with "atque in teneris visceribus" &c.

infestionibus, iniuriis, xxvIII. 3 (Lib. Anton. xxIV col. 148<sup>a</sup> filia immundi spiritus infestationibus quatiebatur). Cf. infestationes, tionan (see Bosw. T. teona

harm, annoyance), Cp. 1369.

infestus, inimicus uel grauis, xxxv. 186 (De Eus.); infestus, inruens molestus, xxxv. 263 (De Eus.) = (Ruf. vi. 29 fol. 111b infestus esset Philippo). Cf. infestus,

molestus, Cp. I400.

inficiabor, contradico, III. 4 (De S. Mart. Stor. = Sulp. Sev. Dial. 1. 12, 3 nec...infitiabor iustas illi causas irarum fuisse). infitiandi, negandi, xxvIII. 5 (Lib. Anton.), and inuitiat, contradicat, III. 55 (not S. Mart. Stor., but) = (Vit. S. Anton. xxvIII col. 151c vetus delictum novo inficiandi augere delicto) = infitiandi, negandi, Cp. I189; inuitiandi, negandi, Ep. 12A38; Ef. 1 366, 34,

inficiandi, see infitiandi sub v. in-

ficiabor.

infirmationem, xL. 8, see ad infirmationem (for adfirmationem?).

infirmi, 11. 92, see inbicilles.

infirmitas, xxxix. 48, see calculum.

infirmos, 1. 90, see philacteria; xxxix. 62, see filacteria.

infitiabor, see inficiabor.

infitiandi, negandi, xxvIII. 5; see inficiabor.

infixis, xxxv. 41, see in aculeis.

inflatio, II. 179, see typo; xLvIII. 14, see

inflationem, xxxxx. 71, see typum. inflexibile, xLIII. 56, see aptotum. inflexibilis, xLVII. 3, see rigor.

in foribus iusti; idest loth, xr. 15 (Sap. xix. 16 percussi sunt...cæcitate sicut illi in foribus iusti; cf. Sap. x. 6 and Gen. xix. 11).

informacionum (-tionum), see ypothe-

seon.

informatur, 1. 59, see inoleuit.

infrenatae, see infrunite.

infrenate [-tae], xII. 16, see infrunite.

infrunita sine freno uel moderatione, xII. 34 (Eccles. xxxI. 23 tortura viro infrunito). - infrunite, infrenate [-tae], XII. 16 (Eccles. xxIII. 6 animae irreverenti et infrunitae ne tradas me). The Cambridge MS. has infrunite effrenate.

infrunitae, see infrunite. infrunito, see infrunita.

infula, ornamenta, xx. 10 (Tobias? not ? in the Vulg., and perhaps the same as infulas, dignitates, xxxix. 65; not in Greg. Dial., but Decr. Innoc. II p. 208 ad infulas summi sacerdotii). Cf. Cp. 198, 117 (=Ep. 11E32; Ef. 365, 45), 420, 425.

infundunt, xvII. 16, see infusuria.

infusoria, see infusuria.

infusuria, olearia uasa unde infundunt lucernas, xvII. 16 (Zachar. IV. 2 septem infusoria lucernis).

ingenium, xxxv. 296, see perspicem;

XLVIII. 24, see indolem.

in georgicis, ubi de cultura agri cecinit, uia secta, iringesuuec, xxvII. 28 (Lib. Rot. = Isid. Lib. de nat. rer. x. 1 Has [zonas] Virgilius in Georgicis [1. 233] ostendit, dicens: Quinque tenent caelum zonae...). Uia secta, which is a separate line in the Glossary, occurs five lines further down in Virg. Geo. (r. 238), but is not quoted by Isidore. uia secta, iringesuuec = Cp. U174; Ep. 28A6; Ef. 398, 40. Iringesuuec, milky way; cf. Bosw. T. in voce; Grimm, D. Myth. (297) 332; id. D. Heldens. 394.

ingluuies, 11. 27, see crapula, 90, see indigeries.

ingratus, II. 89, see inprobus.

in gremio, in medio domus, xxxix. 8 (Greg. Dial. III. 7 col. 229c in gremio loci).

inhibere, detineri morare [ = morari, see Dictt.], 1. 63 (De Canon.; Can. Conc. Carth. LVI hoc...inhiberi...debet).—inhibere, prohibere, xLvIII. 18 (De Cass., Inst. v. 20

adpetitus inhibere non potuit). inhiberi, see inhibere.

inhumatus, xLv. 11, see ops.

iniciatus, sanctificatus, IV. 86 (Ruf. x. 10 fol. 166a nondum initiatus in sacris).initiatum, ordinatum, xII. 18 (De nomin. div .?).

inicium [init-], xx. 6, see extentera. iniit, xxix. 21, see curia.

inimicus, xxxv. 186, see infestus. iniquas, 11. 178, see tirannides.

initiatum, ordinatum, xLI. 18, see iniciatus.

initiatur, xL. 12, see fulmentatur.

initiatus, see iniciatus.

initio [initium], II. 116, see materia.

initium, see extentera; materia.

iniuriam, xxxiv. 47, see sugillationem; xxviii. 65, see infestante.

iniuriis, xxvIII. 3, see infestionibus.

in lati, in italia, xxxvi. 17 (Oros. 11. 4,

12 oppida...in Latio).

inlecebris, inlicitis sollitationibus [sollicitat-], 11. 93 (Bened. reg. 1, 24 [34] gulae inlecebris servientes). Cf. inlecebris, tychtingum, Cp. I135; i-, tyctinnum (instr. pl. of tyhten[n], allurement, bait), Ep. 12A15; Ef. 366, 12. See Bosw. T.

inlecta, suscitata, xxxiv. 26 (De Cass., Inst. xi. 15 anima...cogitationum inlecta didecdine). —inlecti, incitati, xxix. 24 (Uerb. Interpr.= Hier. in Matth. xvi. 18 per quas illecti homines ducuntur).

in lecticis, a similitudine lecti dicuntur, xIII. 58 (Isai. LXVI. 20 adducent...fratres

vestros...in lecticis).

IN LIBBO ANTONII, XXVIII tit.—LIBBO ISAIE PROPHETE, XIII tit.—LIBBO OFFICIORUM [= Isidor. de eccles. officiis], XXVI tit.—LIBBO ROTARUM [= Isidor. Lib. de natura rerum], XXVII tit. [On the title Liber Rotarum, cf. Areval's ed. of Isidore's Opera, tom. I. p. 659.]

dore's Opera, tom. 1. p. 659.] inlicitis, 11. 93, see inlecebris. inluminans, 1x. 1, see lustrans. inluminatio, xxvii. 13, see lustrum.

in mare adriatico, ab adriano imperatore qui pensabat hoc mare cum catenis in profundum, xxxix. 20 (Greg. Dial. III. 36 col. 304<sup>B</sup> in mari Adriatico).

in mausilio, in monumento, vii. 6 (2 Paral. xxxv. 24 sepultus in mausoleo).

in metallo, in carcere, xxxv. 205, see metalla.

inmisit, xn. 4, see inplanauit.

inmites, I. 16, see barbari.

inmunda, IV. 80, and XXXV. 246, see spurca.

inmundicia, xxix. 20, see quisquilia.

inmundis, xL. 14, see reis. inmunditia, see quisquilia.

inmunes, mundi, xlvIII. 52 (De Cass., Inst. v. 34 si...fuerint a caligine cae-

citatis inmunes).
inmunitatis, eastitatis, xlviii. 22 (De Cass., Inst. v. 12, 1 inmunitatis priuilegio decoratam).

in myrthece, in domo unguentorum, xxxv. 169 (Ruf. v. 2 fol. 76<sup>b</sup> in myrotheca conclusi) = in merothece, in domo unguen-

torum, Cp. I142; in merothece, in d. u., Ep. 12A21; Ef. 366, 18. Cf. also Cp. M132, 138; Ep. 14C36 & 14E33; Ef. 371, 14, 51.

in nablis, in cimbalis [cymb-] que per pedes ponuntur, vn. 1 (1 Paral. xv. 16, 20 constituerent cantores in organis musicorum, nablis videlicet, et lyris et cymbalis). See nablium, nablum in Lew. &

Sh.; Gesenius גֶבֶל & נֵבֶל.

innataris, vIII. 3, see ne innataris.

inniti, confisi confidentes, xIII. 20 (Isai. x. 20 inniti super eo).

inoffensus [for offensus?], 1v. 87, see infensus.

jensus

inoleuerant, see moluerunt sub v. inoleuit.

inoleuit, increuit informatur, I. 59 (De Canon.; not found). Cf. inolescere, crescere, Cp. I321; inolescit, iungit, Cp. I315.—
moluerunt, manserunt uel senuerunt, xxxv. 93 (Ruf. I. 1 fol. 3<sup>5</sup> si qua...in ipsis boni semina... inoleuerant) = ioluerunt, manserunt, Cp. 1470 & Ef. 1 365, 25; ioluerunt [corr. from ioloerunt], manserunt, Ep. 11E13,

inopiae, see inopie.

inopie [-ae], xxx. 68, see ptocheus; see also peri pthocheas.

inopinatus, xxvIII. 53, see paraprosdocia.

inops, xLv. 11, see ops.

in ormentum, in ornamentum, xII. 25 (Eccles. xxvI. 21 in ornamentum domus). If there is no dittography here, the gloss is, perhaps, a correction, not an interpretation, of the lemma. See Eccles. xxxII. 7 in ornamento auri. The Cambridge MS. agrees with the present Glossary.

in pago, in uico conpetis [=compitis], III. 31; see pagi.

inpegit, trudit, xLVIII. 8 (De Cass., Inst. v. 6 illos...nimietas panis...inpegit).

inpelebatur [inpell-], xxxv. 155, see arcebatur.

inpellebatur, see inpelebatur.

inpelleris, x11. 44, see inpingaris.

in peluem, uas rotundum ligneum, xxv. 13 (Joh. xiii. 5 mittit aquam in pelvim; Wordsw. & White in peluem, &c.).

inpendiis, rebus, XII. 11 (Eccles. XXI. 9 qui aedificavit domum suam impendiis alienis).

in pennias, ober scoeiddo, XLII. 27 (Ex div. libris=? Vita S. Eugen. 14, Migne, LXXIII col. 614<sup>B</sup> jpsa impunitas ad hoc eum perduxit, ut etiam dominae meac... cubiculum impudenter ingressus). Glogger, who suggests impunitas (safety from punishment, or hurt, dissoluteness) for

in pennias or in pennicis, further proposes ofersc(a)eppu (over, exceeding scathe, insolence, mischief), f. for oberscoeiddo; ef. scepp[u], hurt, injury (Bosw. T.), from sceapa (scathe, harm, injury), sceapan (to scathe, hurt, injure). For the ending o see Siev. Gr. § 253, note 2.

inpensa, xv. 4, see litura.

inperagrata, intransita, xl. 9 (Uerba?).
inpingaris, inpelleris, xll. 44 (Eccles,
xlll. 13 ne improbus sis, ne impingaris).
For inpingere see also inpolastis.

inpinguastis, xxvIII. 17, see inpolastis. inplanauit, seduxit inmisit, xII. 4 (Eccles.

xv. 12 ille me implanavit).

inpleta, xxxiv. 27, see oppleta. inpletis, xxxix. 67, see conpotis.

inpolastis, inpugnastis uel inpinguastis [inpingere?], xxvIII. 17 (Lib. Anton. xLVI col. 159<sup>D</sup> Haee omnia Scripturis divinis, quas interpolatis, inserta sunt). Acta SS., xVII Jan., p. 136 has interpellatis, and in note g, p. 137, interpellastis.

inpolito, xxIII. 5, see lapide inpolito. inpolluta, xxVIII. 53, see paraprosdocia. inponerent, xIII. 46, see cataplasmarent. inportunitas, II. 96, see inprobitas.

inportunus, I. 67, see insolens; II. 89,

see inprobus.

inpotens, 1. 67, see insolens.

inprobitas, procacitas, r. 61 (De Canon.; Can. Conc. Sard. rx Episcoporum improbitas; Can. Conc. Carth. xcm p. 163a improbitas eius).—inprobitas, procacitas, inportunitas, r. 96 (Bened. reg. 52, 6 [9] non inpediatur alterius inprobitate).

inprobitate, see inprobitas.

inprobus, ingratus procax inportunus, II. 89 (Bened. reg. 23, 9 sin inprobus est [15 impr-]; 2, 60 [90 inprobos] improbos coerceat).

in prostibulo, in domo fornicaria, xxxv.

116; see prostipulum.

inpudicarum, 1. 127, see striones. inpugnare, xxxv. 264, see incessere. inpugnastis, xxvIII. 17, see inpolastis.

in pulpito, in gradu ubi lectores legunt, r. 65 (De Canon.); in pulpito, in gradu ubi lectores legunt, xxxxx. 53 (not in Greg. Dial., but) = (Can. Conc. Laod. cxvIII tit. p. 130 in ambone, id est in pulpito psallere).

inputribili, x. 11, see tigna.

inputribilis, xv. 10, see ebor.
 inquid [-quit], xxxIII. 20, see colamina.
 inquietudine, xxxv. 148, see insolentia.

inquilini, ministri, xix. 18 (Job xix. 15 inquilini domus meae...habuerunt me).

inquisitiue, xxxvIII. 1, see examussim. inreprehensibiles, xLL 2, see chorepiscopi sub v. presbiteri. inreuocabilis, II. 128, see obstinatus. inridebit, xxvIII. 28, see metonymia. inrideret, xIII. 23, see ganniret. inrigationem, x. 22, see areola. inrisio, xxvIII. 74, see irronia. inrogantur, see eregantur. inrogatis [sine interpret.], II. 94 (Bened.

reg. 7, 80 [127] in...inrogatis iniuriis).
inruens, xxxv. 263, see infestus.

inruens, xxxv. 255, see injestus. inruissent, xxxv. 135, see eripisissent. insani, xxxv. 177, see uesani. insania, xxxv. 45, see suppuratis. insanis, xxxv. 62, see de citiuis. insanus, xxxxx. 19, see freniticus. insaturabilia, see offer.

in scamnis, in subselliis, II. 95 (Bened. reg. 9, 10 [13] in scamnis; 11, 6 [7] in subselliis; cf. above, p. 5, note §). Cf. subselliia, scamma, Cp. S643; s-, scamnia, Ep. 24A25; s-, scamna, Ef. 390, 48.

insecutio, r. 121, see secta.

in serris, serra dicitur lignum habens multas dentes quod boues trahent [-hunt], xIII. 36 (Isai. xxvIII. 27 non...in serris triturabitur gith).

insertos, xliv. 10, see cardines.

insigne, nobile clare, I. 64 (De Canon.; Can. Conc. Carth. LIII insigne mentis tuae tenemus votum).

insigniri, xL. 17, see inuri.

insimularet, accusaret uel insultaret, xxxv. 110 (Ruf. 11. 5 fol. 21<sup>2</sup> cum in caeteris...insimularet Iudaeos). Cf. insimulat, accusat, Cp. 182; Ep. 11E18; i-, accusat, Ef. 365, 30.

insinuare, insinuat, I. 7, see alligare. in sirtim, mare arenosa [!], III. 33; see

sirte.

insolens, inportunus inpotens intollerandus, I. 67 (De Canon.; Can. Conc. Carth. LXXIX propter...insolentem insultationem haereticorum).—insolentia, inquietudine uel lasciuia, XXXV. 148 (Ruf. III. 32 fol. 49b ex insolentia populi). Cf. insolentia, inquietudo, Cp. 184; Ef. 365, 33; insilentia, i., Ep. 11E21.

insolescit, unstillit, XLVIII. 28 (De Cass., Inst. v. 14 lasciniam carnis, quae fotu escarum uehementius insolescit). unstillit, from unstillan, to be restless, not still, see Bosw. T. (un-stillan, unstillian); cf. agitatio, unstillis, Cp. A399.

insolubile, xiv. 9, see in unge. inspectio, i. 126, see spectacula.

inspiciunt, xvi. 7, 30, see aruspices, 32, see auspices; xxxv. 24, see auspiciis.

instabilis, II. 9, see acidiosus. instar, VIII. 17, see nitrum.

institis, suithelon, xxv. 12 (Joh. xr. 44 prodiit qui fuerat mortuus, ligatus pedes et manus institis). Cf. instites, suevelas,

Cp. I119; instites, suedilas, Ep. 12A4; Ef. 366, 2. suithelon (Instr. plur.), from suithel = A.S. swepel, sweopol (Bosw. T.), a swaddling-band; O.H.G. swidel, swithel; D. swachtel.

instructi, 1. 22, see caticumini.

instructio, xxx. 29, see capun periens. instructionum, xxx. 93, see ypophesion. instruitur, xxvII. 20, see menstruum,

instrumenta, peritie utensilia uel materie [materiae], n. 88 (Bened. reg., 4 tit. instrumenta bonorum operum, 50 [76] instrumenta artis spiritalis; 73, 15 [25] instrumenta virtutum).

in sublime, idest anticristus [antichr-] qui quasi feliciter incedit, vin. 13 (Salam. xxx. 32 Est qui stultus apparuit postquam elevatus est in sublime; cf. ib. xxx. 29 Tria sunt quae bene gradiuntur et quartum quod incedit feliciter).

insula, xxiv. 14, see Tyrus; xxix. 39, see prorusu; xLIII. 1, see Themisto, 2, see

Calipso; xLv. 12, see Coa. insultaret, xxxv. 110, see insimularet.

integra, II. 166, see sincera.

integritas, 1. 131, see sinceritas; xxxiv.

7, see ason. intellectui, xxx. 41, see ascesi.

intellectum, xxvIII. 44, see hypallage, 74, see ironia; xxx. 90, see ascetron.

intellectus, xxxiv. 29, see theorice.

intellegatur, xxII. 16, see ueredarii. intellegere, xxxiv. 46, see conicere.

intellegi [intelligi], xxvIII. 57, see figura. intellegitur, xliv. 29, see axem.

intelligentie, see ascesi.

intentis, n. 1, see adtonitis.

intentos, extensos, vi. 24 (Breu. exsol.?).

inter, xxxi. 24; xxxv. 27.

interdicens, see abdicans. interdum, 1. 4, see alias.

interfeci, see succidi.

interfectorem, xxxv. 159, see confectorem.

interfici [for interfeci], xvII. 17, see succidi.

interiecto, xxxv. 27, see puncto. interior, XLIII. 22, see forinnadas.

interitum, xxxv. 305, see pessum.

Interocrina, see interorina.

interorina, propter [for proprium] nomen loci, xxxix. 9 (Greg. Dial. 1. 12 col. 212B In eo etiam loco Interorina vallis dicitur, quae a multis verbo rustico Interocrina nominatur).

interpellastis, interpellatis, interpolatis,

see inpolastis.

interponentes, xxI. 20, see labastes.

interpositionem, xxvIII. 47, see paren-

interpretatio, xxxv. 36, see metafrasin;

INTERPRETATIO, XXIX tit.; INTERPRETATIO SERMONUM DE REGULIS, II tit.

interpretationem, xxx. 61, see metafrasin. interpretatur, xxvIII. 60, see enthimema, 86, see epithalamium.

interpretis, rv. 98, see comellas.

interrogatio, xxvIII. 27, see erotema, 36, see peusis.

interrogato, xxxv. 124, see inconsulto.

intestina, xxxv. 202, see exta.

intestinas, IV. 70, see fibras.

intimare, suggerere, 1. 66 (De Canon.; Can. Conc. Carth., praef. p. 142a ad sedem venerandam...intimare possitis; id. LVI, p. 154ª ut...valeat intimare).

intimi, xix. 56, see molas. intimum, 1. 57, see genuinum.

intollerandus, 1. 67, see insolens. intransita, xl. 9, see inperagrata.

intrat, xxxvi. 3, see promontorium, 4, see sinum.

in triuiis, in tribus uiis, xm. 30, see triuium.

introitum, n. 18, see aditum.

intus, xIII. 47 and xXII. 12, see urna. inualidus, xxxiv. 55, see eneruatus.

inuastum, inuisum, rv. 33 (Eccl. Istor.) = (Ruf. III. 8 fol. 40° viri...infausti presagii indignatione commoti), -infaustiorem, infeliciorem, xxxv. 139 (De Eus.) = (Ruf. III. 6 fol. 37b infaustiorem ... protulisset aetatem). Cf. infastior, infelicior, Cp. I83; infaustior, infelicior, Ep. 11E20; Ef.1 365, 32.

inueni, xlviii. 74.

inueniens, see nanctus.

inueniri, xxxv. 288, see nancisci.

inuenitur, viii. 17; xiv. 2, see nitrum;

xv. 31, see salinas.

inueniunt, xxxv. 18, see opperiunt.

inueniuntur, xxIV. 5, see mocum.

inuentus, see nanctus.

inuersio, xxvIII. 39, see allegoria.

inuestes, see infestes.

inuestigatio, II. 160, see sagatitas.

inuicem, xL. 5, see alternandis; XLIV. 17, see cous.

inuidet, xLVIII. 39, see libet.

in uiridario domus, in atrio pro uiriditate herbarum, XLII. 20; see uiridarium.

inuisis, xliv. 10, see cardines.

inuisum, luad, xxxv. 289 (Ruf. ix. 7 fol. 150° inuisum...hominum genus; IX. 10 fol. 155b Maximinus...Deo atque hominibus inuisus) = inuisus, lath, Cp. 1229; Ef. 367, 20; inuisus, lath, Ep. 12E5. For inuisum see also (iv. 33) inuastum. For (luad for laad =) lad, hateful, hated, loathed, see Bosw. T. (lat, adj.).

inuitabant [for inuitabar?], III. 30, see

appulli.

inuitabar, see appulli. inuitat, x. 1, see osculetur me.

inuitatus, xLvIII. 2, see adscitus.

inuitiat, contradicat, III. 55; see inficiabor.

in unge adamantino quamuis modicum sit sicut ungula tamen insolubile sicut adamans petra durissima, xiv. 9 (Hier. xvII. 1 Peccatum Juda scriptum est...in ungue adamantino).

inuoluatur, xliv. 10, see cardines.

inuoluco, uudubindlae, xLvII. 98 (Alia =?)=i-, uudubinde, Cp. I236; i-, uuidubindlae, Ep. 12E15; inuolucu, uuydublindae, Ef. 367, 31. The lemma and its meaning suggest a formation like that of convolvulus (a plant, bind-weed), perh. involvola. For uudubinde, &c. woodbine, see Bosw. T. (wudubind, wuduwinde).

inuolucris, see inuolucrus; inuoluere. inuolucrus, uulue, xlvii. 20 (Alia=?) = inuolucus, uullue, Cp. 1. 235; inuolucus [c altered from r or s], uuluc, Ép. 12E13; i-, uulluc, Ef. 367, 29; i-, weoluc, Wright W. 422, 19.—Schlutter (Journ. Germ. Phil. 1. 329 and Anglia xxvi. 303) refers this lemma to Ezek. xxvII. 24 Ipsi negotiatores tui multifariam involucris hyacinthi ..., which is glossed, in a St Gallen MS., inuoluclis dicitur quando inuoluitur vestimentum idest vulluch (Steinm, 1, 640, 15 & 16; cf. id. 111. 301, 62 involuculum, conuolutio uestium, id est uuolloch), and hence uuluc &c. a wrapper (Germ. Wickeltuch); cf. Kluge, A. S. Les. p. 220; Schade, p. 1209 (wulluh, wulluch). It seems that the above A.S. uuluc, uulluc (O.H.G. vulluch, uuolloch) are the same word as weoluc = weoloc, a whelk (in Prov. E. more correctly wilk), though it may also mean "inuolucrum" from a root wil-, Indogerm. wel, with a gradation wol, as in Lat. uol-u-ere; hence weoloc and inuolucrum are from the same root. The original form was perhaps \*wiluc, which becomes weoluc, as i becomes eo by u-umlaut (cf. A.S. meoloc, meoluc, milk = Goth. miluks, from \*miluc), and might also become wuluc, by the action of w. just as the old A.S. widu (wood) usually appears as wudu. So that \*wiluc, weoluc, wuluc are equivalents, meaning (1) a thing twisted; (2) Lat. involucrum, a wrapper, covering, cloth, G. Wickel-(-tuch); (3) a twisted shell, hence a whelk-shell, and finally the whelk itself.

inuolucus, see inuolucrus.

inuoluere, quando inuoluitur uesti-mentum in corio uel in sago, xv. 18 (Ezech. xxvII. 24 negotiatores tui multifariam inuolucris hyacinthi...gazarumque pretiosarum). See also inuolucrus.

inuoluitur, xv. 18, see inuoluere. inuri, insigniri, xL. 17 (Uerba?).

IOB, XIX tit.

iocus, rv. 47, see stadium.

IOHANNE, XXV tit.

IOHEL, XVII tit.

ioluerunt, see moluerunt.

onan, filia uulcani, xxviii. 13 (Lib. Anton. XLVII col. 160A semiclaudem Vulcanum...ignem, Junonem aerem...interpretantes).

Iouis, filius saturni nouissimus, xxvIII. 23 (Lib. Anton. xLvi col. 159c parricidium Iouis; xLvII libidinum principem Iouem). For Iouis see also (xxvIII. 11) Diana; (XLVI. 8) flamen.

ipsa, xiv. 3; xxvii. 9; see also areola.

ipsae, see calculus; plaustrum.

ipsam, xxxix. 33. ipse, xxxiii. 7 (bis), 16.—[for ipsa?], x. 22; [for ipsae], xiii. 47.

ipsę [ipsae], xxvIII. 88.

ipsis, xliv. 10.

ipsius, vmr. 8; x. 12; xvm. 8; xxxvr. 1;

xLiv. 10, 29.

20).

ipso, xxviii. 57; xxxix. 15. ira, xIII. 23, see ganniret. irae, see tu thimisiun.

irato, xxxv. 213, see infenso.

ire, II. 8, see apostatare.

ire [irae], xxix. 59, see tu thimisiun. ironia, idest inrisio quoties aliquid quod sub laude dicitur intellectum uituperationis habere monstratur, xxvIII. 74 (Cass. Psalm. xxvII. 4 ironia, id est irrisio q. a. q. s. l. d. i. u. h. m. See also xxi. 8; xxxix.

ironiam, see per hironiam.

irpex, see erpica. irr-, see inr-.

irrisio, see ironia.

ISAIE, XIII tit. isca, see isica.

Isemerinus [=  $l\sigma\eta\mu\epsilon\rho\nu\delta$ s], idest meri-

dianus, xLIV. 14; see arcticos.

isica, tyndri, xLVII. 29 (Alia =?) = isca, tyndrin, Cp. 1491; i-, tyndirm, Ep. 13A7; i-, tyndrin, Ef. 367, 27. Isica (isca) = Lat. esca. For tyndri &c. (= Germ. Zunder, D. tonder, &c.) see Bosw. T. (tynder, tinder, fuel).

isocem, see merocem.

ista, x. 1.

isti, xxvIII. 18.

ISTORIAE, IV tit.

ita, xLIV. 10, 11, 27. italia, xxxvi. 17, see in lati.

item, xliv. 16 (bis).

ITEM ALIA, XLVI tit.; XLVII tit.; ITEM

ALIA, xv. 36, is perhaps title to ch. xv. 32 -36.

ITEM ALIA; DE CÆLO, XLIV tit. [=S. Isidori Hisp. de natura rerum, cap. XII tit. (col. 981) De cælo].

ITEM DE CASSIANO, XLVIII tit.—DE DI-UERSIS NOMINIBUS, XLIII tit.—DE ECCLE-SIASTICA STORIA, V tit.—DE NOMINIBUS DI-UERSIS, XLI tit.—INCIPIUNT UERBA, XL tit.

itenerarium [for itin-], xxx. 72, see otheporicon.

iter, xvII. 7, see Niniue.

iterarium [for itiner-], xxx. 71, see sinphosin, 87, see otheporicon.

iteratio, xxvIII. 30, see epembabis, 37,

see metabole.

iteratione, xxvIII. 75, see prolemsis. iterum, xxxI. 11, see ephi; xxxv. 200, see reusti.

itilaris, for tilaris (q.v.).

itinerarium, see otheporicon; sinphosin. itineris, xxII. 16, see ueredarii.

iubar, lumen uel splendor, XLVIII. 15 (De Cass., Inst. VIII. 12 spiritus sancti splendidissimum iubar).

tubilo, letitia que non potest uerbis exponi, xix. 28 (Job xxxiii. 26 videbit faciem eius in jubilo; ef. viii. 21 jubilo).

iudex, 1. 87, see presul.

iudicationes, r. 122, see sanctiones. iudicaturia, xxiv. 18, see pretorium.

iudicauit, 1. 125, see sanxit. iudices, xxIII. 16, see senatores.

iudicio, 11. 62, see examine.

indicium, see censura.

IUDITH, XXI tit.

iuditium [-cium], xxxix. 3, see censura. iugera, xiii. 15, see decem iugera....

ingeres, gycer unius diei opus aratoris, xxxv. 75 (Ruf. III. 20 fol. 43a in quadraginta iugeribus). For iugeres see also (xIII. 15) decem iugera; and cf. Papias (ap. Du C.) who has this gloss except gycer, which latter, from its y, seems to be an A.S. form; it may be of Germanic origin and cognate with iuger, or else borrowed so early that y became c (cf. Lat. ager, A.S. æcer). Cf. G. Juchert, Jauchert (Kluge, Wrtb.); D. juk (Franck, Woordenb.); E. yoke (Skeat, Dict.).

iuge sacrificium, legale officium, xvi. 24 (Dan. viii. 11 ab eo tulit juge sacrificium; ef. also viii. 12, 13; xi. 31; xii.

11).

iugis, xlviii. 38, see contiguis.

iugiter, II. 28, see continuanda.

iugum montium, uerticem montium, xxxv. 277 (Ruf. vn. 25 fol. 126a ad summum alpium iugum).

iumenta, xII. 35, see equus emissarius. iungebtur, xL. 4, see pangebantur.

iunioris, see iuuenior.

iuniper, arbor, xix. 58 (Job xxx. 4 radix juniperorum erat cibus eorum).

iuniperorum, see iuniper.

Iunonem, see ionan. iure, xxxv. 198, see abiurari.

ius, xxxv. 96, see fas erat.—ius, humanum, rv. 22 (Eccl. Istor.=Ruf. π. 20 fol. 29<sup>b</sup> ius fasque), see fas.

iussit, 1. 125, see sanxit.

iusta, xxxv. 101, see rata.

iuste, n. 108, see merito, 141, see prouide.

iusti, xr. 15, see in foribus iusti.

iustum, xxxv. 96, see fas erat. iuuenes, xxxvi. 22, see uiteleos.

iuuenior, idest senior in iuuentute, xxxIX. 35 (Greg. Dial.? Glogger suggests III. 38 col. 316<sup>A</sup> Joannis junioris praedecessoris mei tempore).

iuuentatis, see indolem.

inuentute, xxxix. 35, see inuenior.

iuuentutis, xlviii. 24, see indolem. iuxta, xv. 30, see cata mane; xxxv. 242, see ponte moluio.

kaitonperien goo atoythyo, see capun periens.

kalendae, XLIII. 16, see Micene; see also kalende.

kalendas, see kalende.

kalende[-dae], uocationes, n. 97 (Bened. reg. 8, 2 a kalendis novembris, [2 a kalendas nobembres; a kalendis nouembribus]; 8 [12] ad kalendas novembris; 10, 3 [1] ad kalendas novembris).

kalendis, see kalende.

katascrophen, see catastrofen.

kathareo, see catheron.

kyrie eleison, see kyrieleison. kyrieleison, domine miserere nobis, II. 98 (Bened. reg. 9, 22 supplicatio letaniae, id est Kyrie eleison [36 kyrieleison, in marg., & quirie eleison, in text]; 17, 9, 12, 20 Kyrie eleison [18, 18, 35 quirie eleison, in text, and cyrieleison, in marg.]) = Cp. Int. 186:

l for ll: anguile (for anguillae); cocula (cuculla); colirium (collyrium); colobista (collyb-); inpelebatur (inpell-); pululent (pull-).—l for t: argula (arguta).—l doubled: apollogeticus (apollog-); asillum (asylum); cartillago (cartilago); falleras (phaleras); stranguillato (-gulato).—l omitted: cassidie (-dile).

labarum, see labrum; uixilla.

labastes, in similitudine sculdre de ligno duas tales faciunt interponentes ficos ne citius putrescant, xxi. 20 (Judith x. 5 imposuit...abrae suae ascoperam vini et vas

olei, et polentam et palathas et panes; Heyse, in note, and Migne, Patr. Lat. xxix col. 52 note b lapates; Sabat., in note, lapsaces; the Sept. παλάθης). Some MSS. have lapates, idest in similitudine palae (shoulder-blade) idest sculdre; cf. Steinm. I. 481, 5, 18 (lapastes, carice); 484, 3; 487, 47. Palatha of the Vulgmeans a cake of preserved fruit, usually figs; but "de ligno" in the above gloss would suggest that the Glossator understood the word to be lebetas, basins, pots or jars; see lapates, ollę minores, brocco, Steinm. I. 486, 27. For sculdre, sculdre, see Bosw. T. (sculdor, shoulder).

labefacare, agleddego, m. 63 (Vit. S. Anton. xvi col. 140<sup>B</sup> non potes labefactare constantiam). The MS. has this gloss in a Chapter entitled Uerba de S. Martyni Storia, and hence Steinmeyer refers (II. 746, 30) to Sulp. Sev. Dial. III. 11, 3 totis animis labefactati mussitare et trepidare coeperunt. But as the gloss occurs among a number of glosses all derived from Vit. S. Anton., it is here referred to the above quotation. agleddian is not recorded, but gleddian, to spatter, is quoted by Bosw. T. from Lehdm. III. 292, 14. Glogger (p. 14) suggests that agleddaego may be a causat. of glidan, to cause to glide or slip, or totter; cf. a-glidan (to glide or slip), labascere, Bosw. T.

labefactare, see labefacare.

labiis, xxx. 47, see musica; see also labris.

laborum, xxix. 17, see emulumentum.

labris [for labiis?], xxxv. 228, see labris. labris, labris [for labiis?], xxxv. 228 (Ruf. xı. 24 fol. 188 ibi infantum capita desecta inauratis labris inuenta).

labris, uentis nomen, v. 12 (Ruf.?). According to the gloss, the lemma could not be labris [lips] which occurs in Ruf. IX. 10 fol. 155\*, and XI. 24 fol. 188\*. Perhaps for flabris [not found in Ruf., but] of flabria, flatus uentorum, Cp. F231, and flabris, uentus [for uentis] tempestas, id. F253; flabris, uentis tempestatibus, Ef. 295, 17.

labrum [labarum], xxxv. 69; see uixilla et labrum.

labrum, ambonem, id est haet, v. 11 (Ruf. xx. 9 fol. 152° signum quod in coelo sibi fuerat demonstratum, in militaria vexilla transformat, ac labarum quem dicunt in speciem dominicæ crucis exaptat). Ambonem (a pulpit or reading desk) cannot explain labarum, a military standard, and may be a lemma without an interpretation, or, perhaps, a corrup-

tion for fanonem [for which see Du C.], or for umbonem, the full part or swelling of a garment, and a toga; haet, a hood, hat, would, in case it is meant to gloss labarum, probably signify a head-band, coif. Of. labrum, segn [a sign, token, see Bosw. T.], Cp. L4; labarum, seng, Ep. 13A30; labarum, segn, Ef. 368, 25; see Schlutter, in Journ. Germ. Phil. 1. 323.

labruscas, see lambruscas.
 lacerat, xxxv. 260, see lacessit.

lacernam, prolixor [-xior] cocula [cu-culla], III. 8 (De S. Mart. Stor.=Sulp. Sev. Dial. I. 21, 4 haec ut fluentem texat lacernam).

lacerta, adexa, xxxv. 55 (Ruf. xi. 7 fol. 181° oculi...quos...lacertae habent)=lacerta, aŏexe, Cp. L45. For adexa (for aŏexa), a lizard, newt, see Bosw. T. (aŏexe), and for its final -a, see Sievers, O. E. Gr. § 276 note 5.

lacertae, see bulinus; lacerta.

lacerte, XLVII. 89, see bulinus.

lacertos, pars brachii, xix. 49 (Job xxii. 9 lacertos pupillorum comminuisti).

lacessat [for lassescat ?], IV. 38, see facessat.

lacessit, prouocat uel frequenter lacerat, xxxv. 260 (Ruf. v. 3 fol. 78<sup>b</sup> Beata... Blandina...innumeris ictibus lacessita).

lacessita, see lacessit.

lacetur, vr. 17, see lanio. lacinias, extremas partes uestium, xrv. 33 (*Hier.=Thren.* rv. 14 tenuerunt laci-

nias suas).

laciniosa, slitende, xxxv. 183 (De Eus.); liciniosa, questiosa [for quaestuosa, lucrative, abundant?], rv. 65 (Eccl. Istor.) = (Ruf. vr. 11 fol. 102a libros suos στρωματέας appellauit, idest laciniosa quadam et uaria diuersitate contextos). For slitende (patched; ptc. of slitan, to slit, tear, rend), see Bosw. T. (slītan).

lacum, VIII. 19, see si usque ad lacum...
lacuna, floda, III. 53 (Vita S. Anton.
27, col. 150<sup>n</sup> quaerunt saltem collectam
pluviis lacunam) = lanucar, flode, Cp. L37;
lacunar, flodae, Ep. 13E13; Ef. 369, 31.
For floda (which is, perhaps, the original
form) &c., a channel, sink, gutter, see
Bosw. T. (flode); for the final e, instead of
a, see Sievers § 276, note 5; cf. cloacarum,
flodena (Wright W. 372, 1, and also their
index, flode &c.).

lacunar, see lucunar.

laena, see lena.

laetania, rogatio, postulatio, 11. 99 (Bened. reg. 9, 22 [35] supplicatio letaniae, [35 litanie]; 12, 9 [12] letania, litania; 13, 19 letania, [32 litania, letania, laetania]; 17, 17 [28] letania, litania).

laetitia, see iubilo laeua, see leua.

lagena, see lagunculas. lagenam, see lagonam.

lagina [lagena], xix. 60, see lagunculas. lagonam, uas lapideum ollo [olla] idest crog, xxix. 47 (Uerb. Interpr.=Hier. in Matth. xxvi. 18 [quoting] Et invenietis ibi quemdam, portantem lagenam aquæ. Cf. Marc. xiv. 13)=laogoena, crog, Cp. L21; lagoena, croog, Ep. 13C25; Ef. 1

369, 4. For crog, a small vessel, or bottle, a crock, see Bosw. T. (crog, croc).

lagunculas, ex lagina [lagena] diminitiuum croog, xix. 60 (Job xxxii. 19 lagunculas novas disrumpit). For croog, a small vessel, flask or bottle, a crock (Germ. Krug; D. kruik) see Bosw. T.

(crog, croc); see above lagonam.

lambent, see lumbire.

lambruscas, malas uuas, xiii. 14 (Isai. v. 2, 4 feeit labruscas). Cf. labrusca, arida uba, Cp. L51; Goetz, vi. (sub v. labrusca).

lamia, dea silue dicitur habens pedes similes caballi caput et manus totum corpus pulcre mulieris et uiderunt multi aliqui manserunt cum ea, xin. 43 (Isai. xxxiv.14 ibi cubavit lamia) = lamia, d. s. d. h. p. s. c. c. manus et t. c. pulchrum simili mulieris, Cp. L29. The Cambr. MS.: Lamia d. s. d. h. p. s. c. caput uero et m. et totum c. pulchrum simile mulieris; it omits the rest. The Author. Vers. has screech-owl.

lamina, see petulum [for petalum]. lampadis, xxix. 14, see lanternis.

Lamuhel, agnomen salamonis sicut ecclesiastes ab actione, viii. 9 (Salam. xxxi. 1 uerba Lamuelis regis; ibid. 4 5 Lamuel; Heyse in both places Lamuhel). The Author. Vers. has Lemuel.

lana, xxxix. 51, see byssus; xLvi. 24,

see situs.

lance, mensura, XLI. 20 (De nomin. div.?). Cf. lancis, mensuratio, Cp. L42; Ep. 13E24; Ef. 369, 42. See also lanx.

lanceis, see in contis.

lancis [for lanceis], xxx. 9, see in contis. lancis, xxv. 7, see lanx.

languida, 11. 111, see morbida.

lanio, lacetur, vi. 17 (*Breu. exsol.*?). Cf. *lanio*, qui lacerat, Cp. L17; Ep. 13C31; Ef. 369, 10.

lanionibus, qui berbices uel porcos incidunt membratim et uendunt, xxxv. 72 (Ruf. Ix. 10 fol. 157<sup>b</sup> iubebat...lanionibus dari). Cf. lanioses, qui berbices incidunt, Cp. L2; laniones, qui berbices incidunt uel porcos, Ep. 13A15; Ef. 368, 10.

lanista, see lanistra.

lanistra, macellarius in macello carnes

diuidit, xLv. 19 (Uerba de multis = Ars Phocae, p. 412, 20 hic lanista).

lanternis, uasa lampadis perlucentia, xxix. 14 (Uerb. Interpret. = Hier. in Matth., but not found). Glogger suggests that the Glossator may have found lanternis in xxvi. 55 (col. 2014) after "cum gladiis et fustibus," just as in Joann. xviii. 3 (venit illuc cum lanternis et facibus et armis), and that Jerome's "in nocte quasi latitantem" may refer to this.

lanuginatio, see lanugo.

lanugo et aluginatio pene idem est, squalor lanugo in carne, xi. 3 (Sap. v. 15 spes impii tamquam lanugo est). The Cambr. MS. Kk. 4. 6 has: "lanugo uel lanuginatio pene idem sunt idest squalor lanugo in carne, lanuginatio in vellere." Perhaps leg. lanugo squalor...

lanx, unde lancis, xLv. 7 (*Uerba de multis=Ars Phocae*, p. 412, 2 feminini generis...*lanx* mors merx...). See also

lance

Laodes, nomen regine [-nae], xxvIII. 15 (Lib. Anton. xLVI col. 159° ille modulatus ales Ledæos petivit amplexus).

lapates, see labastes.

lapide, xxiv. 13, see alabastrum.

lapidea, xx. 8, see taermę.

lapide inpolito, ungebatne stane non exciso, xxIII. 5 (1 Esdr. v. 8 ad domum Dei...quæ ædificatur lapide impolito; vI. 4 de lapidibus impolitis). Ungebatne stane = ungebēatne stāne, unbeaten stone, instrum., see Bosw. T. (ge-beātan; stān).

lapidem, vIII. 8, see in aceruo m-lapideo, vIII. 18, see ptisanas.

lapides, iv. 90, see calles; xix. 21, see glarea; xxiii. 3, see latomi and cymentarii; xxxiv. 17, see cautes.

lapides onichinos, dunne, vii. 4 (1 Paral. xxix. 2 lapides onychinos); dunnae [sc. stānas], from dun, black-brown, swarthy, dusky; Engl. dun.

lapideum, xxv. 1, see catinum; xxix.

47, see lagonam.

lapidibus, xvi. 21, see aggerem.

lapidis, xxiv. 13, see alabastrum. lapidum, xxv. 14, see lithostrotus.

lapis, xxxix. 48, see calculum; xLvi. 25, see cliutex.

lappa, clite, xv. 36; lappa, clate, xviii. 2 (Osee, ix. 6 lappa in tabernaculis corum; x. 8 lappa et tribulus ascendet) = lappa, clibe, Cp. L54; lappa, clipae, Ep. 14A12; lappa, clipae, Ef.¹ 370, 7. For clite, clate (clibe, clipae, clifae), the herb clot- (or more correctly clote-) bur, see Bosw. T. (clāte, clite); Oxf. Dict. (clote).

lapsaces, see labastes.

laquearia, celum [caelum, coelum] ex

lignis, III. 41 (De S. Mart. Stor. = Sulp. Sev. Dial. I. 21, 4 erigit celsa laquearia). laquei, xlvIII. 7, see biothanti.

larga, xxvII. 3 & xxvIII. 6, see frugali. largitas, xxxv. 221, see munificentia.

Lars, see las.

las, ignis, xlv. 3 (*Uerba de multis = Ars Phocae*, p. 411, 33 masculini generis as dens...fons *Lars* mons...; in note *las*).

lasciuia, xxxv. 146, see luxus, 148, see

insolentia.

lasciuiantem, xIV. 34, see uitulam...

lasciuientes, feruentes, 1.69 (De Canon.; Can. Conc. Carth. Lx feminarum pudor... iniuriis lasciuientibus appetatur).

lasciuientibus, see lasciuientes.

laser, pigmentum, xxxvi.21 (Oros. i. 2, 43 ubi...laser nascitur).—laser, genus herbę, xivi. 15 (Alia=Ars Phocae, p. 415, 16 hoc laser).

lassescat, see facessat.

lata, xxvii. 3; xxviii. 6, see frugali; xxxix. 32, see dalmatica.

latam, xxxv. 83, see amplam.

latere, xvi. 14, see ex latere regni.

laterem, xvii. 18 (bis), see tene laterem. lateria, vi. 19, see modoli.

lateribus, xxII. 12, see urna.

lati, xiv. 14, see calati.

lati [for Latio], xxxvi. 17, see in lati.

latina, see sicel.

latine, i. 19, see concilium, 22, see caticumini, 31, see catholicus, 80, see omousion, 114, see synodus, 118, see simbulum; ii. 107, see monachus; xiv. 10, see mirice; xxviii. 52, see epizeusis, 53, see paraprosdocia, 62, see tapynosin; xxxiii. 3, see talentum; xxxviii. 16, see ochimo; see also catepenon; diatiposis.

latine [for latina], xxxIII. 7, see sicel. latini, xxvIII. 55, see metaforan; latini for Latine, xxvIII. 49, see periscema, 50,

see catepenon, 88, see diatiposis. latino, II. 161, see sarabaite, 188, see

coenobium.

latinos, see C apud lat-. latinum, 1. 111, see sicera.

latinus [-nos], xxxn. 2, see C apud lat-.

Latio, see in lati.

latomi, qui maiores lapides incidunt, xxIII. 3 (1 Esdr. III. 7 Dederunt...pecunias latomis et cæmentariis). See also cymentarii.

latomis, see latomi.

latriuncula, herst, iv. 75 (Ruf. viii. 12 fol. 140<sup>b</sup> craticulas prunis impositas; cf. craticulis exusta, id. v. 3 fol. 78<sup>b</sup>). For herst=hearst (a small hurdle?), a small gridiron, see Bosw. T. (hearste-, hierstepanne, a frying-pan).

latum, xiv. 20, see scalpellum; xvii. 5,

see trulla.

lauatio, xix. 34, see adlunio. laudabilem, xxx. 59, see panagericon. laudabilibus, xxxv. 88, see panagericis. laudare, xi. 2, see fatere.

laudate, II. 7, see alleluia. laudatio, XI. 1, see fascinatio.

laudatorem, xLvIII. 46, see fautorem. laude, xxvIII. 74, see ironia.

laudem, II. 85, see hymnum; xxvIII. 50,

see catepenon. laudes, xix. 50, see carmina in nocte.

laudibus, iv. 1, see pannigericis.

laurenti [-tii], xxxix. 33, see porta laurenti.

Laurentii, see porta laurenti.

laurus, arbor est unde milites coronas sibi faciunt in uictoria, xxxvII. 19 (S. Aug. ?).

laus, xxvIII. 86, see epithalamium.

lautiores, pulcriores, xxxiv. 23 (De Cass., Inst. xi. 13 corpore lautiores).

lebes, caldarius, xv. 41 (Ezech. xi. 3, 7 haec est lebes). For lebes (lebetas) see also labastes.

lecti, II. 100, see lectisternia; XIII. 58, see in lecticis.

lecti aurei, berian beed deauratum, xxII. 8 (Esther I. 6 lectuli quoque aurei et argentei... dispositierant; Sabat.lecti). Q'berian from beran, to bear, carry, like the O.H.G. traga bethi, tragabetti; cf. Lectuli aurei, berian bed gildi bilegid, i.e. traga bethit &c. (Steinm. I. 488, 16). See Schlutter in Anglia xxVI. 303.

lecticis, XIII. 58, see in lecticis. lectis, VIII. 16, see mala aurea...

lectisternia, uestmenta [uestim-] lecti uel ordo lectorum, 11. 100 (Bened. reg. 22, 2 [2] lectisternia...accipiant; and 53 ubi sint lecti strati [67 note lectisternia]).

lecto, see delecto eius.

lectores, 1. 65; xxxix. 53, see in pulpito.

lectorium, II. 6, see analogium.

lectorum, II. 100, see lectisternia; VIII. 16, see mala aurea...; xxxv. 16, see stromatum.

lectuli, see lecti aurei.

lectulo, xxx. 35, see uarietas stromactis.

lectum, x. 13, see ferculum. lecythus, see fidelia farris.

Ledæos, see *Laodes*.

legale, xvi. 24, see iuge sacrificium. legat, xxxvii. 9, see tabulas legat.

legationes, XLVIII. 29, see delecto eius. legentium, XXXV. 53, see ludus literarum, 247, see auditorio.

legerunt, xxIII. 8, see recenserunt.

legio, sex milia, xxxv. 31 (Ruf. v. 5 fol. 80b in legione quadam) = legio, ui milia, Cp. L131; Ep. 13E23; Ef. 369, 41.

legione, see legio.

leguminum, omne genus fauorum [fabarum], II. 106 (Bened. reg. 39, 7 [10] unde poma aut nascentia leguminum).

legunt, 1. 65; xxxix. 53, see in pulpito; xxxv. 184, see liberales litera.

leguntur, 11. 6, see analogium.

lembo, xxix. 39, see prorusu lembo. lena [laena], toscia [=toga], II. 101 (Bened. reg. 55, 25 sagum et lena et capitale; lina in note [43 lena, laena]). As regards toscia = toxa, ef. Du C.; Kluge, Angels. Lesebuch, 3° Aufl., p. 10, who regards toscia as A.S. = tysce, mantel. It is doubtful, however, whether toscia could be A.S., as there are no A.S. glosses in Ch. II. See Schlutter, in Anglia, xxvi. p. 301, who gives further references to Steinmeyer &c.

lendina, hnitu, xLvII. 84 (Alia = ?) =lendina, hnitu, Cp. L127; Ep. 13E5; Ef. 369, 22. Lendina (deriv. from lens, lendis) a louse's egg, a nit; for hnitu see

Bosw. T. in voce.

lenonibus, conciliatoribus mulierum, xxxv. 258 (Ruf. vi. 5 fol. 98\* eam...lenoni-bus traderet). Cf. lenones, conciliatores meretricum, Cp. L103; Ep. 13A17; Ef. 1 368, 12.

lens, see lendina.

lentescere, see lentiscere.

lenticula, xxxvII. 5, see capsaces.

lentiscere, molliscere [mollesc-], xxxiv. 18 (De Cass., Inst. xi. 8 lentescere solent).

lentisco, see lentiscus.

lentiscus, arbor folia modica habens et fructus sine grana idest muras rubras ursi, xvi. 5 (Dan., Praef. Hieron. p. xvib, and Migne xxviii col. 1293 a lentisco). For muras perhaps leg. moras, another form for morum, a mulberry, a blackberry. The Cambr. MS. has: lentiscus, a. est f. m. h. e. f. sine granis i. moras rubras .-Ursi is not clear; it may be a misreading (see Steinm. 1. 656, 3 rub\*r), or a corrupt A.S. word. Glogger, on account of the reading uisi in Bern MS. fo. 15 b/1, suggests uiri = wir, myrtle.

leo, see arihellio.

leone, vi. 16, see leonine; xix. 39, see leopardus.

leonine, de leone, vr. 16 (Breu. exsol. ?). leonis, xix. 15, see tigris.

leopardus, ex leone et pardo generatus, xxx. 39 (Job? Not in the Vulg.). Job IV. 11, we read tigris periit, for which, according to Hieron. (Comm. in libr. Job, IV, Migne, Patr. Lat. col. 628A) another text (which see in Sabatier) has "myrmicoleon, id est, formica et leo." Cf. myrmicaleon, formicaleo uel formicarum leo, Cp. M379.

leporem, decorem, xLVIII. 21 (De Cass., Inst. Praef. 3 non leporem sermonis inquirens).

lepra, rv. 12, see uncus; xxxv. 107, see

leprositas, IV. 89, see morbo regio.

lesera, see pessul.

letania, letaniae, see laetania.

lethaeo, see letheo.

letheo, mortali, xxxiv. 2 (De Cassiano Inst. v. 31, note 8 Letheo quodam sopore). letitia, xrx. 28, see iubilo.

leua [laeua], xLIV. 27, see dextera. leuem, xv. 48, see ad leuicandum.

leuicandum [for leuigandum], xv. 48; see ad leuicandum.

leuigandum, see ad leuicandum.

leuiter, II. 134, see passim.

lex, II. 52, see deuteronomii; xxx. 22, see deuterosin, 51, see astronomia.

lexas, xLvIII. 51, see sanguessuges.

li for u: ocilis for ocius.

Libanus, x. 14; see Amana et libanus.

Liber, XLIII. 28, see Bachus.

liberales litera, quas seculares homines legunt, xxxv. 184 (Ruf. vi. 15 fol. 104<sup>b</sup> si ...in liberalibus literis...exercerentur). Cf. in liberalibus literis, II. 5 fol. 20b; eruditione...liberalium litterarum, vIII. 10 fol. 139ª &c.

liberalia, XLIII. 29, see Bachus. liberalibus, see liberales litera.

liberalitas, donatio que a diuite fit, I. 68 (De Canon.; Can. Conc. Carth. xxxII Si...ipsis...aliquid liberalitate alicuius... obuenerit; Decret. Symm. IV p 263a cum liberalitati illi alia itinera reseruentur).

liberant, xxn. 16, see ueredarii.

libertabus, friulactum, xLvi. 32 (Alia =Ars Phocae, p. 427, 8 libertabus) = libertabus, frioletan, Cp. L177. For friulactum (for friulætum f., from friulæte? a freedwoman) see Bosw. T. (freolæta, frioleta, m., a freedman); Kluge, A.S. Leseb. p. 177 (freolæt, m.).

libertatem, xxxv. 218, see anulum.

libet, inuidet, xLVIII. 39 (De Cass., Inst. v. 22 hic, dum liuet [libet, in note], paruulum...se probat).

libet, quibuscumque, n. 104 (Bened. reg. 7, 80 [127]; 32, 4 [3] quibus libet inrogatis iniuriis).

libidum [for liuidum], xxxxx. 15, see

ferula.

libra, xxxi. 3, see sextarius; xxxIII. 2, see mina.—libra, LXXII solidos pensat, xxxIII. 28 (Euch. De Pond.?).-libra et pondera idem sunt, xxxi. 27 (De ponder.?). -libra et pondus idem sunt, xxxIII. 23 (Euch. De Pond. ?) .- libra habet scupulos [scrup-] cclxxvIII quod facit dragmas xcvi, xxxii. 11 (De ponder. ?).—libra Lxxii solidos greci LXXXIIII solidos pendica, XXXI. 7 (De ponder.?).—libra xII uncias, xxxI. 4 (De ponder. ?). Cf. Blume, 1. 374 sqq. As the MS. has a v above uncias, Glogger thinks that it may refer to an original A.S. ynce (an inch), or the O.H.G. unza.

libram, xxxII. 9, see mina.

libras, xxxi. 20, see taletum, 31, see sextarius, 32, see sextarius; xxxII. 10, see talentum; xxxIII. 26, see sextarius.

libre, xxxIII. 1, see talentum.

libri, 11. 6, see analogium; xxx. 7, see bibliotheca.

libris, IV. 9, see fastibus; XXXV. 102, see

fastibus; LIBRIS, XLII tit.

libro, xxvII. 18, see De eodem libro; XXXIII. 5, see dedragma; LIBRO, XIII tit.; xxvi tit.; xxvii tit.; xxviii tit.

librorum, II. 13, see biblioteca, 69, see

eptaticum.

libros, xxx. 86, see temoys.

LIBRUM, IV tit.

licant [for ligant], XIII. 40, see perpen-

licet, quamuis, n. 103 (Bened. reg. 37, 2 [1] Licet ipsa natura humana trahatur ad misericordiam; cf. 40, 11 [17]; 49, 2 [1]). For licet see also (I. 111) sicera.

liciniosa, questiosa [for quaestuosa, lucrative, abundant?], IV. 65; see laciniosa.

Lidii, gens, xiv. 26 (Hier. xlvi. 9 Lydij

arripientes...sagittas).

lien, milte, xLvI. 6 (Alia = Ars Phocae, p. 415, 1 hic lien lienis) = lien, milte, Cp. L172; lien, multi, Ep. 13E10; lien, milti, Ef. 369, 27. For milte, the milt, spleen (=A.S. milte, O.H.G. milzi, Germ. Milz) see Bosw. T. in voce.

ligamen, xix. 19, see pedica.

ligamentum, xII. 14, see loramentum.

ligant, see perpendiculum.

ligaturas, vII. 3, see commissuras; (for ligatus?) xxxvIII. 36, see sindetus.

ligneo, xxxv. 49, see loculo.

ligneum, II. 6, see analogium; xxv. 1, see catinum, 13, see in peluem.

ligni, III. 6, see toronicum, 39, see carricibus; IV. 3, see ilix; xLVI. 14, see suber, 16, see liser.

lignis, III. 41, see laquearia; xvi. 21, see aggerem; xix. 20, see tympanum; xxxv.

73, see codicibus.

ligno, xix. 44, see tede; xxi. 20, see labastes; xxxv. 27, see puncto, 41, see in aculeis; xxxvIII. 19, see tholus.

lignum, xIII. 36, see in serris.

lignum in pane, crucem in carne, xiv. 7 (Hierem. x1. 19 mittamus lignum in panem eius). Cf. Hieron. in Jer., Migne, P.L. XXIV col. 756B.

ligones, ferrum fusorium [for fossorium] idest tyrfahga, xvII. 2 (Joel, III. 10 Concidite...ligones vestros in lanceas; Mich. IV. 3 concident...hastas suas in ligones). Cf. ligones, meottucas, Cp. L161; ligones, mettocas, Ep. 13E1; lagones, metocas, Ef. 1369, See Steinm. 1. 678 note 3.—Bosw. T. record turf-haga an enclosed place covered with turf, a grassy enclosure; but the above tyrf-ahga evidently means a mattock, hoe, from tyrf, a turf, sod, piece of earth with grass on it, and ahga, a mattock, hoe=D. & G. egge; see Verdam (egge, egede, which latter, = A.S. egebe, has an additional suffix).

lima, qua limatur ferrum fiil, xm. 52 (Isai. xLIV. 12 lima operatus est) = lima, fiil, Cp. L251. For fiil, fil (=feol, f. Germ. Feile, D. vijl), a file, see Bosw. T.

(feol).

limati, mundati, xv. 47 (Ezech. xxr. 15 gladii...limati ad fulgendum).

limatur, xIII. 52, see lima.

limax, see maruca.

limbo, see prorusu.

liment, xvII. 5, see trulla. liminibus, IV. 82, see codicibus.

linea, xLIV. 3, see axis; see also camisa.

lineamentis, see columellas.

lineolis, dredum, xxxv. 233 (Ruf. xi. 25 fol. 189ª linteolis obductis; Cacciari, II. p. 106 lineolis obductis). The reading lineol- (dimin, of linea, a line, thread) is also in other edd. of Ruf. For dredum (instr. plur. of ored, ored, a thread) see Bosw. T. (þræd).

lineum, xxxvii. 8, see odon; xxxix. 46,

see camisa.

lingua, n. 161, see sarabaite.-lingua tertia, discordians [discordans, as in the Cambr. MS.] lingua uel rixosa, xII. 29 (Eccles. xxvIII. 16, 19 lingua tertia); for lingua see also sicel.

linguarum, xxvIII. 85, see figura sar-

dismos.

lingue [-gua], xxxIII. 7, see sicel.

liniamentis, signis, xu. 21 (Uerba?). linimentis [lineam-], xxxv. 257, see

columellas.

lino crudo, idest uiride non cocto [!] ueste, xII. 41 (Eccles. XL. 4 usque ad eum qui operitur lino crudo. Cambr. MS.: Lino crudo. Viride necdum cocta ueste).

linteamen, 1. 81, see orarium.

linteamina, xxxv. 37, see oraria.

linteolis, see lineolis.

linteum, xxxix. 14, see sabanum. lio, xv. 27 [for leo, lion, or the A.S.  $hl\bar{e}o(w)$ , protection, shelter?]; see arihellio. liquidam, IV. 110, see defecatum.

liquide [-dae], xxxIII. 19, see nebel.

liquidis, xxxI. 12, see sata; xxxIII. 12, see ephi.

lira, XLVI. 10, see liricen, for liticen? liram [lyr-], xLIII. 25, see liricus.

liricen [?], qui lira cantat, xivi. 10 (Alia=Ars Phocae, p. 415, 4 hie liticen). Cf. liticen, qui cum lituo canit, Cp. L179; liciter qui cum lituo canit, Ep. 14A5.

liricus [lyr-], qui per liram [lyr-] cantat,

XLIII. 25; see comicus.

liser, genus ligni minuti, xLvI. 16 (Alia = Ars Phocae, p. 415, 16 hoc siler, hoc iter, hoc cicer, hoc siser). Cf. siler (a kind of brook-willow), genus ligni, Cp. S360; Ep. 25A35; Ef. 393, 6.

litania, litanie, see laetania.

litat, immolat, IV. 73 (Eccl. Istor.); litat, sacrificat, xxxv. 278 (De Eus.) = (Ruf. vn. 25 fol. 126<sup>b</sup> iterum litat).

litera [literis], xxxv. 184, see liberales l. literali [for literalis?], xxx. 49, see grammatica.

literalis, see grammatica.

literarum, xxxv. 53, see ludus liter-

literas (litteras) commendaticias (-titias), see literis commendatitiis.

literis, see liberales litera.

literis commendatitiis [sine interpret.], II. 102 (Bened. reg. 61, 28 Caveat ... abbas, ne...monachum...suscipiat sine consensu abbatis eius aut littera commendaticias [49 literas conmendaticias, in note litteris commendaticiis]); cf. Edm. S Regula: literas commendatitias, Schmidt commendatitiis.

lithostrotos, see lithostrotus.

lithostrotus, conpositio lapidum, xxv. 14 (Joh. xix. 13 in loco qui dicitur Lithostrotos; Wordsw. & White lithostrotus).

liticen, see liricen.

litteras, xli. 1, see presbiteri; see also codicibus.

litura, inpensa lim uel clam, xv. 4 (Ezech. XIII. 12 ubi est litura). For lim (lime; Germ. Leim, D. lijm), see Bosw. T. (lim); Kluge, Etym. W. d. Sprache (leim); for clam (cloam, clay; Germ. & D. Klei) see Bosw. T. (clam); Oxf. Dict. (cloam); Kluge (Klei).

liuet, see libet.

liuidum, see ferula. loca, xv. 31, see salinas; xxxv. 26, see · oethepia, 34, see solaria, 117, see terri-

toria; see also diocesis.

loci, xIII. 21, see carcamis, 29, see mede; xiv. 22, see in fatores; xv. 23, see Syeres; xvi. 19, see apethno; xxx. 7, see bibliotheca, 26, see diatripas; xxxv. 7, see toparcha, 91, see Mambre; xxxix. 9, see interorina.

loco, xxvIII. 33, see tropus, 76, metafora; xLVI. 24, see situs.

loculo, uase ligneo, xxxv. 49 (Ruf. x. 15 fol. 169b brachium loculo delatum). -loculum, portatorium de tabulis, xxv. 4 (Luc. VII. 14 tetigit loculum).

locum, xxvIII. 33, see tropus; xxxv. 156, see ad stadium, 252, see meandrum.

locus, IV. 72, see prostipulum; XV. 29, see thalamus; xxxv. 7, see toparcha, 50, see asillum, 171, see harene, 240, see angiportus; xxv. 1, see gymnasium.

locustae, see chantari.

locuste [-tae], xxxvIII. 5, see chantari. locutionem, xv. 40, see oraculum. locutiones, xxx. 89, see ominas.

logismoi, see pantocranto.

longa, II. 113, see morosa; xxv. 5, see scorpiones.

longiores, xII. 40, see cyneris. longis, xix. 9, see untialibus. longum, xxII, 12, see urna.

loquacitate, uerbositate, 11. 105 (Bened. reg. 49, 14 [24] de loquacitate).

loquantur, xLVIII. 1, see eregantur.

loquendi, see pantocranto.

loqueretur, xxxv. 113, see concionaretur.

loquitur, xix. 5, see eschematismenos, 23, see susurrat.

lor, funis, xII. 37 (Eccles. XXXII. 27 jugum et lorum curvant collum).

lora, XLI. 17, see mastigia. loramentum, ligamentum, xII. 14 (Eccles.

xxII. 19 loramentum ligneum).

lordicare, see lurdus.

lorica, see toraca; torax.

lorum, see lor.

Loth, xI. 15, see in foribus iusti.

LUCA, XXV tit.

lucar, uectical [-gal], xLvi. 11 (Alia =Ars Phocae, p. 415, 8 hoc lucar). lucar, nectigal puplicum, Cp. L306.

luceat, XLIII. 50, see lucus. lucens, XLI. 9, see calcidon.

lucernas, xvII. 16, see infusuria.

lucra, xLVIII. 74, see emolumenta.

lucrum, 1. 54, see foenus.

luctantium, xxxix. 45, see palestrarum. luctatio, xxxvIII. 30, see palestris.

luctu, xL. 1, see uiscide.

luctus, IV. 11, see tragoedia.

lucubraciuncula, unius noctis uigilantia, xxi. 2 (Judith; Praef. Hieron., p. xiva, and Migne, Patr. L. xxix col. 39<sup>A</sup> huic unam lucubratiunculam dedi).

lucubratiunculam, lucubraciunsee

luculentas, XII. 13, see crisolitus.

luculentissime, splendissime [splendidiss-], xxxv. 163 (Ruf. iv. 25 fol. 69b libros ...luculentissime conscriptos).

lucunar, camera, xLvi. 12 (Alia=Ars

Phocae, p. 415, 9 hoc lacunar).

lucus, quod minime luceat, xLIII. 50 (De div. nominibus = Donati Ars gramm, p. 402, 4 lucus eo quod non luceat).

ludentes, xxxv. 33, see bachantes.

ludi, xxxix. 60, see alae.

ludor, 1. 1, see aleator.

ludum, 1. 2, see alea; xxxv. 199, see

garrientium.

ludus literarum, scola [schola] paruulorum legentium, xxxv. 53 (Ruf. x. 32 fol. 175ª ludos literarum...patere decernit) = ludus litterarum, scola legentium, Cp. L271; Ep. 13A11; l-, l-, scola litterarum legentium, Ef. 368, 6.

lugoria, exuberat, пп. 49 (De S. Mart. Stor. = Sulp. Sev. Dial. п. 10, 4 herbis fecunda luxuriat, foeni in ea fructus exuberat). Qy. are there here two lemmata without explanations, or is exuberat, which also appears in the text, meant to be a gloss to (luxoriat = ) luxuriat? cf. exuberat, habundat, Cp. E454; exuberat, exundat, superfluit, Cp. E498. One MS. has luxuriatur.

lumbare, bragas [bracas] modicas, xiv. 8 (Hier. XIII. 1 posside tibi lumbare lineum; also XIII. 2, 4, 6, 7 &c. lumbare,

the accus.).

lumbi, see lumbire.

**lumbire** [sine interpret.], xix. 13 (Job?). Perhaps: Job xxxix. 30 pulli lambent sanguinem. Or perhaps corrupted for lumbi, see lumbos Job xvi. 14, xxxviii. 3,

lumbis [for lumbus?], xLVI. 5, see

rien.

lumbus, see rien.

lumen, II. 40, see deificum lumen; XLVIII. 15, see iubar.

lumina [for lamina], IV. 34, see petulum. luna, xII. 42, see uasa; xxvII. 20, seè menstruum.

lunae, see quartane.

lunam, xliv. 27, see dextera. lune, III. 3, see quartane.

lune, xIII. 6, see lunulas.

lunulas, quas mulieres in collo habent de auro uel argento a similitudine lune diminitiue dicuntur, xIII. 6 (Isai. III. 18 auferet Dominus...lunulas). The Cambr. MS.: lun. q. m. i. c. h. d. a. u. a. ad similitudinem lunę.

lupam, vi. 11, see catastam.

lupercal, templum panos, xxvII. 11; see

lupercales, xxvII. 7, see Luperci.

lupercalia, ipsa sacra, xxvII. 9; see Luperci.

Luperci, sacerdotes lupercales, xxvII. 7 (Lib. Rot. = Isid. Lib. de nat. rer. IV. 4 Februarium...a februis sacris lupercorum appellauerunt) = luperci, sacerdotes lupercales, Cp. L317. See also xxvII. 9 Lupercalia, ipsa sacra (=lupercalia, ipsa sacra, L336) and xxvn. 11 Lupercal, templum panos (cf. lupercal, haerg, Cp. L325), which are further explanations of Luperci. For haerg=A.S. hearh, a temple, an idol, see Bosw. T.

lupus, breuis, xLvII. 72 (Alia=?) = lupus, brers, Cp. L297; l-, baers, Ep. 13E7 and Ef. 369, 24. For lupus (the wolf-fish or pike) see Lewis & Sh.; for (breuis, error for brems?) baers see Bosw. T. (bærs, bears, a perch); Oxf. Dict. (bass, sb.1); (bass2); Kluge, Et. Wrtb. (Barsch).

lurdus, lemphald, xLvII. 45 (Alia=?) =l-, lemphalt, Cp. L296; l-, laempihalt, Ep. 13E4; lurdur, lemphihalt, Ef. 1369, 21. For lurdus (from luridus? pale yellow, ghastly; putrefied; slow; limping) see Körting, Wörterb. 5750; Du C. lurdus, and lordicare (which he derives from the Gr. λορδός, bent supinely). For lemp-hald, lemp-halt, laempi-halt (limping-lame) see the Oxf. D. limphalt and halt; Bosw. T. (lemp-healt).

lurica [lor-], xr. 4, see torax; xLv. 17,

see toraca.

lurida, pox, III. 57 (not De S. Mart. Stor. but, like luridam, luto sordidam, xxvIII. 10 = Lib. Anton. xx col. 144D Illico luridam faciem serpentis agnovi). Cf. luridam, luto pollutam, Cp. L301; Ep. 13E21; Ef. 369, 39. pox for \*pox?=A.S. dox (translating Lat. flauus, Wright W. 239, 26), E. dušk (Skeat, Conc. Etym. D., ed. 1991, and Oxf. D., sub v. dusk). Cf. Napier, p. 15, note to 532; Schlutter, in Anglia XXVI p. 301, who refers to gebuxsa's, Be Dóm. D105, for which see Bosw. T. (buhsian). For b and d, cf. E. dim, O. Sax. thimm. luridus, pallidus, xxxv. 4 (Ruf. 1. 8 fol. 12b humor liquidus et luridus) = luridus, pallidus, Cp. L273; Ep. 13A22; Ef. 368, 17. For luridus see also lurdus.

luscinia, see ruscinia.

luscus, xxx. 70, see monaptolmon. lusor, lussor for lusor, see aleator. lustrans, circumiens et inluminans, IX.

1 (Eclesiast. 1. 6 lustrans universa).

lustrum, inluminatio, xxvII. 13 (Lib. Rot. = Isid. Lib. de nat. rer. vi. 6 lustrum quinquennii tempus est) = Cp. L302; Ep. 13E22; Ef.1 369, 40.

luto, xxvIII. 10, see luridam; xLVIII. 69,

see ceno.

lutugisprum, rationabile, xxix. 58 (Uerb. Interpr. = Hier. in Matth. xiii. 33 τδ λογικόν [other MSS. τδ λογιστικόν] quod nos possumus interpretari rationabile).

luxoria [luxuria], xxxv. 146; see luxus.

luxoriat, see lugoria.

luxosa [luxuriosa], 1. 25, see commessationes.

luxuria, see luxus.

luxuriat, luxuriatur, see lugoria.

luxuriosa, see commessationes.

luxus, luxoria [luxuria] uel lasciuia, xxxv. 146 (Ruf. 111. 23 fol. 44<sup>b</sup> quibus luxus...cordi est).

Lydii, see Lidii. lyra [?], see liricen. lyram, see liricus. lyricen [?], see liricen. lyricus, see liricus.

m for in: moluerunt (for inoleuerant).—
for n: bulinus (bulinus).—for re: amopaga (areopagita).—minserted: lambruscas
(labruscas).—mitted: copos (compos).—
doubled: commedentem (comed-).

macellarius, xlv. 19, see lanistra. macello, xlv. 19, see lanistra. macera, xvii. 14, see subigens.

machomenus [sine interpretat.], r. 72 (De Canon.). This word, which has not been found in the Canons, seems to answer to the Gr. part. μαχόμενος. The Glossary has it between two lemmata taken from the Can. Apostt., but it is probably not a corruption for eunuchus, Can. Apostt. xx.

mactatio, 1. 60, see immolatio.

mactus, magis auctus, XLIII. 32 (De div. nominibus = Donati Ars grammat. p. 378, 2 ut dignus munere, mactus virtute).

2 ut dignus munere, mactus virtute).
maculatos, xxxiv. 22, see confectos.

madefacti, see madidum.

madidum, contusum uel contritum, xxxv. 80 (Ruf. vn. 14 fol. 121 haustu... madefacti salutaris graminis).

Maeandrum, see Meandrum.

magalia, byrae, XLVI. 37 (Alia=Ars Phocae, p. 428, 12 magalia)=mapalia, byre, Cp. M46; mapalia, cesae postorum, Ep. 15C3; m., case pastorum, Ef. 1372, 27; magalia, byre, Cp. M81. For byrae (cottages, dwellings) see Kluge, A. S. Leseb. p. 165 (byre n. stall, O. H. G. bûri); Oxf. D. (byre).

magi, qui magicam artem faciunt siue philosophiam, xvi. 26 (Dan. II. 2 ut convocarentur...magi. See also II. 27, IV. 4, v. 14 magi &c.). For magi see also (xvi.

27) malefici.

magicam, xvi. 26, see magi. magis, xlill. 32, see mactus.

magisteriale, xx. 12, see didascalium. magna, xxxix. 36, see sex untias; xxi. 19, see pagus.

magnas, xxxvII. 9, see tabulas legat.

magnato, magno, xII. 5 (Eccles. IV. 7 magnato humilia caput tuum).

magni sabbati, idest pasche, xxxv. 20 (Ruf. iv. 15 fol. 62<sup>a</sup> cum esset dies magni sabbati).

magnitudinem, xxvIII. 38, see per figuram yperbolen.

magnitudo, xxvIII. 62, see tapynosin.

magno, xII. 5, see magnato.

magnopere, forti animo uel maiore opere, n. 125 (Bened. reg. 27, 11 [17] Magnopere...debet sollicitudinem gerere abbas).

mago, 1. 2, see alea.

magos, xvi. 27, see malefici.

maialis, berg, xlvii. 91 (Alia =?) = maiales, bearug, Cp. M38; maialis, bearug, Ep. 15A29; Ef. 1—. M-, a gelded boar, a barrow-hog; for berg, bearug, a castrated boar, a barrow-pig, see Bosw. T. (bearg); Kluge, Wrtb. (Barch); Oxf. D. (barrow, sb²).

maior, xxxi. 1, see gomor maior, 14, see hin maior.

maiore, II. 125, see magnopere; XXXIX. 15, see ferula.

maiores, xxIII. 3, see latomi. maius, xL. 1, see uiscide.

mala, xi. 14, see poderis.

mala aurea in lectis argenteis, mila idest poma de auro in circuitu lectorum pro ornamento, viii. 16 (Salam. xxv. 11 mala aurea in lectis argenteis). The Bern MS. has (fo. 13 b/11) mala; but mila (if it be not a repetition of part of the lemma which alone is to be glossed) may=the Gr. μῆλα or mela; cf. Körting, Wörterb. No. 5851.

malagma, multe [-tae] herbe [-bae] contrite [-tae] in una massam uulnerum, xr. 12 (Sap. xvi. 12 neque malagma sanavit eos).

malas, xIII. 14, see lambruscas.

male, xL. 3, see deuotatum; see also sitatum.

malefici, qui sanguine et uictimis et sepe contingunt corpora mortuorum consuetudo autem et sermo communis magos pro meficiis [maleficis?] accipiunt Magi uero apud chaldeos [chaldaeos] philosophi habentur, xvi. 27 (Dan. 11. 2 ut convocarentur...malefici).

maleficis, see malefici.

mali, xxxv. 128, see molitio.

malis, x. 26 (bis), see mustum.

malis, ex maxillis, xxxiv. 1 (De Cass., Inst. 11. 10, 1 dissutis malis).

malleolis, quodeumque tunguitur ad excitandum ignem, xvi. 9 (Dan. III. 46 succendere fornacem naphtha, et stuppa et...malleolis). The Gr. has καίοντες τὴν κάμινον νάφθαν καί...κληματίδα bundles of wood, faggot-wood. The Glossator seems to have regarded malleolis as anything that could be tinged, besmeared (tunguitur for tinguitur?) for stimulating the fire. Cf. malleolus, genus fomenti aput persas. Cp. M2; Ep. 14C19; Ef. 370, 52. Coverdale translated faggottes.

malleum [?], xxxvIII. 45, see sitatum.

malo, xxxv. 114, see uecors.

malua, olus, XL. 11 (Uerba?). Cf. malua [E. mallow], hocc, cottuc uel gearpan leaf, Cp. M42; malua, cotuc uel georemant lab, Ep. 15A32. For hocc, cottuc, cotuc (mallow), see Bosw. T. in vv.; for gearpan leaf &c. (yarrow), see Bosw. T. (gæruwe, gearwe); Skeat, D. (yarrow).

maluerunt, xxvIII. 71, see ephichirema. malum, xII. 33, see de traiectione.

malus, xxxvIII. 28, see cacodemonus. malus nauis, caput in arbore nauis a similitudine milui, xIII. 37 (Isai. xxx. 17 relinquamini quasi malus navis).

Mambrae, see Mambre.

Mambre, homo uel ciuitas, iv. 4 (Eccl. Istor.); Mambre, nomen loci, xxxv. 91 (De Eus.)=(Ruf. I. 1 fol. 2<sup>b</sup> ad ilicem Mambrae). For Mambre, homo, see Gen. xiv. 13, 24.

mancipantur, manu capiantur, 1. 70 (De Canon.; Can. Apostt. xvIII quae publicis spectaculis mancipantur; cf. Can. Conc. Nic. xv manciparit, xvI mancipatur &c.).

manciparunt, tradiderunt, xx. 1 (Tobias: Praef. Hieron. p. xIII<sup>b</sup> [Migne, Patr. L. xxix col. 24<sup>A</sup>] librum...quem Hebraei...his quae hagiographa memorant, manciparunt).

mancipatur, see mancipantur. mancipium, xLv. 23, see uerna.

manducandum, xIII. 1, see cucumerarium.

manducant, xxII. 16, see ueredarii. manducat, vIII. 21, see commandit; xIII. 25, see de radice.

mandunt, xxxix. 7, see erucę. mane, xv. 30 (bis), see cata mane.

manes, anime mortuorum, XLIII. 31 (De div. nominibus = Donati Ars grammat. p. 376, 26 semper pluralia, ut manes Quirites...). Cf. Hildebrand, Glossar. Lat. p. 205 (manes, dii mortuorum inferi).—
manius, demones [daem-], rv. 104 (Ruf. vii. 27 fol. 130° Manes quidem). Cf. manes, deae, Cp. M10.

mango, comitator equorum, xLv. 30

(Uerba de multis=Ars Phocae, p. 413, 23 hic mango). Of. mango, negotiator, Cp. M48; Ef. 372, 30; mango, negotiatur, Ep. 15C7. Qr comitator for commutator, a barterer? from commutate, to barter.

manicas, xi. 4, see torax; xxxix. 32,

see dalmatica.

manichaei, see Oethepia.
manichei [manichaei], xxxv. 26, see Oethepia.

manicis, xr. 4, see torax.

manifestare, II. 118, see non detegere. manifestauerit, II. 191, see prodiderit. manifeste, I. 84, see peruadere.

manipulus, see manticum.

manius, demones [daem-], IV. 104; see manes.

manna, xi. 16, see bonam escam.

manserunt, xIII. 43, see lamia; xxxv. 93, see moluerunt.

mansionarius, hostiarius qui eustodit edem [aedem], xxxx. 5 (Greg. Dial. 1, 5 col. 177<sup>B</sup> De...mansionario...; mansionarii functus officio; III. 25 col. 280 mansionario; mansionarium).

manthan, xxx. 44, see cata manthan.

mantica, see manticum.

manticum, hondful baeues, xlvII. 34 (Alia=?)=m-, hondful beopes, Cp. M32; m-, handful beouaes, Ep. 15A21; m-, handful beouaes, Ef. 372, 19. As the A. S. interpretation means a handful of corn or barley (A.S. handfull, and baeues, beopes, &c. grain, gen. of baev, beov, cf. Sievers, A.S. Gramm. § 250 (1)), the lemma manticum seems to point to mantica (a bag for the hand, wallet) or manipulus (the Roman pole with a handful of hay or straw twisted about it), or manua (a handful; see Lewis & Sh.).

manu, 1. 70, see mancipantur, 76, see manumissio; XLVI. 36, see manubie.

manua, see manticum.

manubie, a manu dicte facultates, xlvi. 36 (Alia = Ars Phocae, p. 428, 8 manubiae).

manubrias [! for manubria?], XII. 9, see cacabus.

manubrium, xxxvi. 19, see stiuam; see also manubrias,

manum, I. 50, see emancipent.—manum, turbam, xxxv. 121 (Ruf. II. 20 fol. 29b conquirentes...perditorum iuuenum...manum).—manus, turba, xxvIII. 16 (De Cass., Inst. xI. 18 nec episcopi euadere manus potui; cf. I. 1, 5 tradent in manus gentium [from Act. xxI. 11]).

manumissio, eo quod manu mitterentur, r. 76 (De Canon.; Can. Conc. Carth. LXIV De manumissionibus; XXCII ib., id.).

manumissionibus, see manumissio,

manus, xiii. 43, see lamia.—manus, turba, xiviii. 16; see manum.

mapalia, see magalia.

mappam, 1. 81, see orarium.

mappanus, apollo, xxvII. 15 (Isid. Lib. Rot.?). See Goetz, vI. 680, who refers, at the suggestion of Schlutter, to J. Rhys, Celtic Britain, p. 228; Holder 414.

mappula, 11. 112, see matta.

mapula, see matta.

maralium [mor-], xxx. 78, see tropicon.

MARCO, XXV tit.

mare, III. 33, see in sirtim; XI. 13, see in carcere; XXXVI. 3, see promontorium, 4, see sinum; XXXIX. 20 (bis), see in mare adriatico.

mare [for mari], xxxix. 20, see in mare

mari, xll. 8, see saphirus; see also in mare adriatico.

marinam, vi. 9, see thiticum.

marine, xIII. 28, see sirene.

marinus, xIX. 8, see murenula.

maris, XLIII. 17, see nereus.

maritum, xxxvii. 9, see tabulas legat.

marpicus, see marsopicus.

marruca, see maruca.

marsius, see cacomicanus.

marsopicus, uinu, xlvii. 67 (Alia=?) = m-, fina, Cp. M35; Ep. 15A25; marpicus, pina, Ef. 372, 22. Goetz (vi. 181, marpicus) thinks the lemma to be Martius picus (=Germ. Marsspecht), a woodpecker. For uinu (leg. uina=) fina, which latter glosses also picus [q.v.] in Cp., Ep. & Ef.¹, and sturfus (Wright W. 49, 2), see Bosw. T. (fina).

martini, III. 24, see sacro tegmini.

Martius, xxII. 13, see Nisan; see also marsopicus.

MARTYNI, III tit.

martyrium, modicum oratorium, xxxv. 64 (Ruf. xi. 27 fol. 190 ex uno latere martyrium, ex altero consurgit ecclesia).

maruca, snægl, xivii. 90 (Alia=?)=
marruca, snegl, Cp. M37; maruca, snegl,
Ep. 15A28; Ef.¹—. The lemma is,
perhaps, a deriv. of murex, the purple
fish, or for murena, the murena. For
snægl, snegl, which also glosses coclea,
cuniculus, and limax, see Bosw. T. (snægel,
snegel, a snail).

massa diocesium [sine interpretat.], 1. 74, see diocesim.

massam, xi. 12, see malagma.

Massica, mons, XLV. 13 (Uerba de multis=Ars Phocae, p. 427, 24 vina Coadicimus et Massica).

mastigia, lora cum uncis ferreis, xll. 17 (De nomin. div.); mautigia, genus

flagellis [!], ш. 43 (De S. Mart. Stor.) = (Sulp. Sev. Dial. п. 3 р. 183, 24 consumit Gallicas mularum poena mastigias).

mastigias, see mastigia.

mater, xxxv. 47, see metropolis; xLIII. 27, see frora.

materia, xxxv. 244, see fomite.—materia, origo uel initio [initium?],  $\pi$ . 116 (Bened. reg. 65, 10 [18] ab ipso initio ordinationis materia ei datur superbiendi).

materiae, see instrumenta.

materie [materiae], II. 88, see instrumenta.

matertera, xxxv. 46, see thia.

mathematicos, xvi. 29, see chaldei.

mathesis, doctrina astrologiae, xxxvIII. 26 (Clem. Recognitt. 1x. 12 qui...calculis mathesis decipiunt; 1x. 18 unumquodque schema mathesis; 1x. 26 disciplina mathesis).

matheum, xxx. 44, see cata manthan;

MATHEUM [Matthæum], xxIV tit.

matricis [sine interpretat.], I. 75 (De Canon.; Can. Conc. Carth. xxxiii tit. Vt...nulli Episcopo liceat rem tituli matricis Ecclesiae vsurpare...; nec Episcopo liceat matricis Ecclesiae...rem tituli sui vsurpare).

matrimoniales, see tabulas legat.

matris, xxxv. 26, see Oethepia.

matrix, radix uel uterus, xlvi. 28 (Alia = Ars Phocae, p. 421, 8 haec matrix). matronales [for matrimoniales?], xxxvii.

9, see tabulas legat.

matta, mappula [two lemmata, without interpret.? see note ‡ on p. 5], n. 112 (Bened. reg. 55, 24 [43] stramenta...lectorum sufficiat matta...; 31 [55; also mapula] mappula).

mattae, xxxiv. 3, see spiathio.

Matthæum, see Matheum. maturi, xlvin. 73, see adulti.

maturitas [sine interpret.], n. 114 (Bened. reg. 66, 3 [4] senex...cuius maturitas eum non sinat vagare).

matuytu, xxx. 29, see capun periens.

maulistis  $[=\mu a v \lambda_i \sigma r \eta s]$ , a pandar], scyhend, xlvii. 35  $(Alia=?)=m_{\uparrow}$ , scyend, Cp. M40;  $m_{\uparrow}$ , scyhend, Ep. 15A30; Ef. 1—. For scyhend, scyend, a seducer, corrupter, part. sb. of scyhan, scyan, to persuade, see Bosw. T.  $(sc\bar{y}an)$ .

mauria, de auro facta in tonica [tunica] idest gespan, XXIX. 11 (*Uerb. Interpr.* = *Hier. in Matth.* VII. 28—30 col. 46<sup>A</sup> violae uero purpuram, nullo superari murice, gespan aureum in tunica, Ep. 14C30; murica, gespan aureum in tunica, Ep. 14C30; murica, gespon aureum in tonica, Ef. 371, 8. From these readings it would seem that the above mauria stands for maurica or

murica, a development of murex, the secondary meanings of which are (1) a pointed rock or stone; (2) a sharp murexshell used for a bridle-bit; (3) a caltrop with sharp points; (4) a spike of iron (see Lewis & Short, Lat. Dict.), and hence, possibly, murica = the A.S. gespan (see Bosw. T.), a clasp.

mauritani, xv. 16, see mozel.

mausilio [-soleo], vii. 6, see in mausilio. mausoleo, see in mausilio.

mautigia, genus flagellis [!], III. 43; see mastigia.

maxillis, xxxiv. 1, see malis.

maxime, xxxiv. 49, see dumtaxat; xxiv. 7, see poli, 11, see clima.

maximis, II. 193, see precipuis.

me, x. 1, see osculetur me.

Meandrum, nomen montis, IV. 36 (Eccl. Istor.) = (Ruf. III. 36 fol. 51a ciuitati, quae supra Maeandrum iacet). - Meandrum, locum uel stagnum, xxxv. 252 (De Eus.) = (Ruf. v. 16 fol. 86b apud Apamiam, que est supra Meandrum posita).

meatus, uaene [uenae] modice [-cae], xxix. 22 (Uerb. Interpr. = Hier. in Matth. xv. 17, 18 per occultos meatus corporis)=

m., uenae modicae, Cp. M143.

Mede, nomen loci, xm. 29 (Isai. xxi. 2 obside Mede).

mediam, xxxix. 36, see sex untias; xLiv. 3, see axis.

medicamina, xxxix. 49, see colirium. medicinalis, xIII. 57, see saliuncula; medicinalis, xxxI. 19, see obolus medicinalis.

medicinam, xm. 1, see cucumerarium; . xIV. 32, see croceis.

medietas, xxxvIII. 35, see ex diametro. medio, xxvIII. 47, see parenthesin; xxxix. 8, see in gremio.

meditatio, xxxv. 128, see molitio. medium, xxxvII. 9, see tabulas legat; xliv. 29, see axem.

medius, II. 86, see himina; xxxI. 8, see emina.

meficiis [for maleficis?], xvi. 27, see malefici.

megale [=mygale], see netila. me hercule, see miherculi. melancholia, see moloncolia.

meliora, xIII. 11, see mutatoria.

meliorata, ornata, vi. 6 (Breu. exsol.?). meliorem, xxvIII. 70, see sinchrisis. melius, xxxv. 201, see cautere.

mellatum, x. 25, see uinum candidum. melle, xIV. 5, see placentas.

melodia, modulatio, xxvi. 10 (Isid. Offic. II. 12, 2 Vox...habens...melodiam sanctae religioni congruentem).

melodiam, see melodia.

membra, xxvIII. 31, see ausesis. membrano, vi. 15, see perigamini. membranula, xxix. 30, see pitatiola. membratim, xxxv. 72, see lanionibus. membrorum, xxxxx. 40, see paralisin.

memores salis, pro cibo posuit sal uel doetrinam, xxIII. 12 (1 Esdr. IV. 14 nos... memores salis quod in palatio comedimus).

memoria, sepulcrum, m. 58 (Vit. S. Anton. vii col. 131B/c cum in una memoria supra dictus frater eum clausisset). For memoria see also (1.15) aboleri; (xxx. 65) epitomen; (xxx. 73) epimehne.

memorie, see epimehne.

memphitica regina egypti [Aeg-] uel ciuitas, xlii. 3 (Ex div. libris=Sulp. Sev. Dial. 1. 23 p. 176, 11 hic Aegyptum... ac tota Memphitica regna transiuit).

mendacium, see nenias; per hironiam. mendatium [-cium], xxvIII. 35 & xxIX. 7, see nenias; xxxv. 120, see per hironiam.

mensa, xxxvIII. 29, see trapezita. menses, xxII. 12, see urna.

mensis, xxII. 13, see nisan.

mensis yperberetheus [sine interpretat.], I. 73 (De Canon.; Can. Apostt. xxxvm secundò verò xn. die mensis Hyperberetæi; cf. Can. Conc. Antioch. xcvm mensis Octobris, quem Hyperberetaeon Graeci cognominant).

menstruum, quando luna distruitur [destr-] uel instruitur, xxvII. 20 (Lib. Rot. = Isid. Lib. de nat. rer. xvIII. 5 luna...menstruis completionibus deficit).

mensum, v. 1, see cyati.

mensura, II. 142, see quantitas; xIV. 30, see pedalis; xxx. 48, see geometrica; xxxIII. 13 (ter), see metreta, 16, see gomor, 24, see urbicus; XII. 20, see lance.

mensurae, see artabe.

mensure [-rae], xxxIII. 12, see ephi, 14, see artabe.

mente, I. 37, see delirantes.

mentis, xxvIII. 60, see enthimema; xxx. 40, see extasei; xxxviii. 10, see phitagoras.

mentitur, xxxv. 132, see fefellit. mercatis, xv. 17, see nundinis. mercedes, xxxvIII. 43, see nastologis.

merces, see emulumentum. mercis [merces], xxix. 17, see emulu-

mercurii, viii. 8, see in aceruo mercurii. mercurius, vIII. 8, see in aceruo m-.

meretribus [for meretricibus], 1. 25, see commessationes.

meretricibus, see commessationes. meridiana, XLIV. 4, see clima,

meridianus, xliv. 14, see Isemerinus. meridie [-die], xLIV. 11, see clima, 15, see exemerinus.

merito, iuste, n. 108 (Bened. reg. 7, 47 [76] Docemur...merito nostram non facere ucluntatem).

merocem, nomen piscis, III. 20 (De S. Mart. Stor.=Sulp. Sev. Dial. III. 10, 4 immanem esocem; esohascem, isocem, in note. The initial m of the lemma arose, perhaps, from the final m of immanem).

metabole, idest iteratio unius rei sub uarietate uerborum, xxvIII. 37 (Cass. Psalm. v. 2 schema...metabole, idest i. u.

r. s. u. u.).

metafora, idest translatio cum mutatur nomen aut uerbum ex eo loco in quo proprium est, xxvII. 76 (Cass. Psalm. xxxII. 9 metaphora id est tr.c.m.n.a.u.e.e.l. ubi proprium est, in eum in quo aut proprium deest, aut translatum proprio melius est).—metaforan, latini per translationem dicunt cum rem aliquam sub breui preconio que sit ostendimus, xxvIII. 55 (Cass. Psalm. xvIII. 7 species definitionis quam Graeci κατὰ μεταφοράν, Latini per t.d.c.r. a.s.b. præconio que s.o.). Cf. metafora, translatio rerum, Cp. M139; m. (matafora), t.r. uel uerborum, Ep. 14E39 & Ef.¹ 371, 57.

metafrasin, interpretationem, xxx. 61 (Cat. Hier. Lxv col. 675° scripsit et μετάφρασιν in Ecclesiasten brevem; B: scripsit metaphrasin idest interpretationem in eccl. b.; C: scripsit et ecclesiastes breuem).—metafrasin, interpretatio, xxxv. 36 (Ruf. vn. 25 fol. 127° Metaphrasin. scripsit) =metafrasin, interpretatio, Cp. M124; Ep. 14C11; Ef.¹ 370, 44.

metalla, uincula, rv. 54 (Eccl. Istor.)=

metalla, uincula, IV. 54 (Eccl. Istor.) = (Ruf. IV. 23 fol. 69° per metalla fratribus relegatis).—per metalla, per diuersas artes ferri uel alias, xxxv. 143 (De Eus.) = (Ruf. III. 7 fol. 39° iuuenum...reliquos...vinctos ad opera Ægypti per metalla destinatos; x. 4 fol. 160° per metalla damnauerat).—in metallo, in carcere, xxxv. 205 (Ruf. VIII. 14 fol. 142° in metallo Fanensi; VIII. 14 fol. 142° in...metalla) = in metallo, in carcere, Cp. 187; Ep. 11E23; Ef.¹ 365, 35.

metallo, xxxv. 205, see in metallo sub

v. metalla.

metaphora, see metafora.

metaphrasin, see metafrasin.

metempschosis [-psychosis], motatio (!) anime [-mae] alie [-ae] in alterum hominem, xxix. 56 (Uerb. Interpr. = Hier. in Matth. xi. 14, 15 quosdam hæreticos qui μετεμψόχωσιν introducunt; xiv. 1, 2 μετεμψοχώσιs (!), and μετεμψοχώσεως).

metempsychosis, see metempschosis. meticulosi, pauidi, rv. 67 (Ruf. vi. 31 fol. 112<sup>b</sup> ad moriendum...meticulosi viderentur). metonymia, transnominatio ut est qui habitat in celis inridebit, xxvIII. 28 (Cass. Psalm. II. 4 hace figura Graece dicitur metonymia, Latine transnominatio; [ut est, added by the Glossator, referring to] qui h. in coelis inr. eos [quoted by Cass.]. See also 1x. 40) = metonomia, transnominatio, Cp. M169; m-, grece transnominatio, Ep. 15C15; m-, grece transnomina, Ef. 372, 38.

metopoea, xxvIII. 34, see figura metopoea. metreta, mensura una ut quidam dieunt habent sextarios c mensura autem grece metrum dicitur unde et metreta dicitur Notandum uero quod mensura hebraicum nomen est, xxxIII. 13 (Euch. De pond. p. 159, 5 metreta una, ut quidam d. habet sextarios centum, m. a. Graece METRON d. u. e. m. appellatur, n. u. q. m. Hebraeum n. e.).

metron, see metreta.

metropolis, mater ciuitatum, xxxv. 47 (Ruf. x. 6 fol. 161<sup>b</sup> Metropolitani episcopi).

metropolitani, see metropolis.

metrum, modium, xxxv. 133 (Ruf. III. 6 fol. 36° mercati sunt vnum metrum...frumenti) = metrum, modium, Cp. M128; Ep. 14E11; Ef. 371, 29. For metrum see also (xxxIII. 13) metreta.

meus, xxvIII. 52, 53.

micat, XLI. 15, see topation.

Micene, nomen ciuitatis et plurale sicut Kalendae, XLIII. 16 (De div. nominibus = Donati Ars grammat., p. 374, 2 Agamemnoniaeque Mycenae [Virg. A. 6, 838]; id., p. 377, 2 quaedam...pluralia...ut Athenae Cumae...Mycenae; id., p. 376, 27 pluralia, ut Kalendae nundinae...).

micidus, see preteriola.

micina, xv. 11, see preteriola. micinos, xv. 43, see puluillos. mifortis, xxxv. 19, see miherculi.

migdalum, see amictalum.

migma et mixtum, idem est, xm. 39 (Isai. xxx. 24 commistum migma comedent). Cf. migma, commixtum, Cp. M229. miherculi, mifortis, xxxv. 19 (Ruf. Iv. 9

fol. 58ª me hercule).

mila, viii. 16, see mala aurea....

miles, see pugil.

milia, xxIII. 2, see filii faros; xxxv. 31, see legio.

milicie [militiae], xII. 42, see uasa. milis [-les], XIVI. 2, see pugil.

milites, xiv. 31, see tyrones; xxxvii. 19, see laurus; xxxxix. 28, see qui in numero...

militiae, see uasa castrorum.

militibus, r. 112, see stipendiis.

militum, xxxv. 28, see munerum diebus, 71, see calonum; xxxix. 28, see qui in numero...

see

milui, xm. 37, see malus nauis.

Milvio, see ponte moluio.

mina Grece mina sex uncias, xxxx. 33 (De ponder.?).-mina habet stateras xxII idest dragmas c scrupulos ccc quod facit libram unam et semiunciam, xxxII. 9 (De ponder.?).-mina est libra una et semiuncia, xxxIII. 2 (De pond. Euch., p. 158, 9 mina e.l.u.e. semuncia). For mina see also (xxxIII. 3) talentum. Cf. Blume, 1. 374, 16.

minas, mine, xxxIII. 3, see talentum. mingere, xxxix. 48, see calculum. minime, xLIII. 49, see parce, 50, see

minister, xLv. 21, see adsecla.

ministeriis [ministris?], IV. 45, parethris.

ministerio, 1. 41, see diaconico.

ministra, xLv. 22, see pedissequa.

ministrabat, x. 24, see Salamitis. ministrante, xIX. 52, see obsetricante.

ministratio, III. 46, see apparabilis. ministretur, n. 159, see subrogetur.

ministri, vi. 18, see nemphe; xix. 18, see inquilini.

ministris, xxxv. 78, see parethis; see also parethris.

ministros, xxxix. 18, see paritores.

minor, xxxi. 14, see hin; xxxix. 31, see carabum; minor, xxxx. 9, see comor minor.

minores, xxIII. 4, see cymentarii. MINORIBUS, XVII tit.

minus, see pusilluminus; minus, n. 158, see si quo minus.

minuta, xxix. 9, see quadrans; xxv. 10, see gyt.

minutae, see calculus.

minuti, xLvi. 16, see liser.

minutissima, xII. 12, see calculus.

minutum, v. 1, see cyati.

mirabilis, xxvm. 62, see tapynosin.

miraculis, xII. 48, see pululent. mire [for miri?], x. 16, see crocus.

miri, x. 10, see cyprus; xIII. 57, see

saliuncula; see also crocus. mirice, arbor est latine tramaritius [for tamaricius, the tamarisk] dicitur, xiv. 10

(Hier. xvII. 6 erit...quasi myricae in

deserto; xLVIII. 6 id.). miror, xxxIII. 5, see dedragma.

mirte [myrtae], xvn. 20, see myrteta. misalis [= missalis, of or belonging to the missa], xxxix. 32, see dalmatica.

miserere, 11. 98, see Kyrieleison.

missa, xr. 11, see in aqua...

missae, see missas.

missalis, see dalmatica.

missas, amissas uel finite [finitae, or finitas?], n. 110 (Bened. reg. 17, 9 [13; see note] recitetur lectio una ... et missas, 12 [19; see note] missas, 17 [36] missae; 35, 20 [35] usque ad missas; 38, 5 [6] post missas; 60, 9 [12] missas tenere.—ad missas, ad [fi]nitas, n. 10 (Bened. reg. 35, 20 [35] usque ad missas).

mitras, haetas, xxvi. 8 (Isid. Offic. II. 5, 2 impones eis mitras). Cf. mitra, haet, Cp. M227. For haetas (accus. plur., headbands, turbans) see Bosw. T. (hæt, hætt);

cf. Napier, 5242.

mittent, 1. 50, see emancipent.

mittere, 1. 7, see alligare; xLv. 10, see gyt.

mitterentur, 1. 76, see manumissio.

mittit, xx. 5, see extricat; mittit, xxxvIII. 18, see creta comam-; see also alligare.

mittitur, viii. 17, see nitrum; xii. 35, see equus emissarius; xv. 5, see paxillus.

mittunt, xv. 21, see foramina.

mittuntur, XLVII. 28, see saburica. mixtum, xIII. 39, see migma, 42, see epocentaurus.

mna, see talentum.

mobilis, xxxiv. 41, see nutabundus.

mocum, quasi fabe [fabae] albo colore inueniuntur in conca [concha], xxiv. 5 (Math.? not in the Vulgate?). Cf. Papias (Du C.): mocum, simile est fabae, legumen est. Ital. moco (Tommaseo, Diz.); Diez, Etym. Wörterb. 385 (moco).

moderamine, XLIV. 10, see cardines.

moderate, temperate, II. 124 (Bened. reg. 22, 15 [26] invicem se moderate cohortentur).—moderate [for moderatae?] 1. 71, see modeste.

moderatione, II. 174, see temperiem;

xII. 34, see infrunita.

modernos, nouos, xxxxx. 16 (Greg. Dial. III. 25 col. 280c ad modernos Patres) = modernos, nouos, Cp. M263; Ep. 15A23; Ef. 1 372, 20.

modeste, moderate uel recte, r. 71 (De Canon. ? Decret. Gelas. 11 modestae conuersationis; cf. Isid. Etym. x. 169).

modestia, II. 83, see grauitas; xxxv. 301, see fruga.

modi, see batus; chorus.

modica, xIII. 9, see olfactoriola, 40, see perpendiculum; xvi. 4, see ilicus, 5, see lentiscus, 17, see castrum; xix. 53, see gurgitum; xxIII. 17, see ciuitas dauid; xxxv. 117, see territoria, 291, see stipis; xxxix. 31, see carabum, 36, see sex untias. modicae, see crocus; meatus; pasto-

forie. modicas, xiv. 8, see lumbare; xxxvii. 9,

see tabulas legat.

modice [-cae], x. 16, see crocus; xxxv. 62, see pastoforie.

modice [-cae], xxix. 22, see meatus; see also ilicus.

modici, xvi. 4, see ilicus; xix. 21, see glarea; xxxix. 7, see erucę.

modicis, xxII. 12, see urna; xxxv. 40, see troclei.

modico, x. 22, see areola.

modicos, xxII. 12, see urna.

modicum, xIV. 9, see in unge; xxv. 1, see catinum; xxxv. 64, see martyrium; see also quippiam.

modicus autem gomor xxII sextarios, xxxi. 2; see gomor. For modicus see also

(XIII. 48) myrtus; (XXIII. 10) ualuas. modii, XXXIII. 9, see chorus, 10, see batus, 12, see ephi, 15, see sata.

modios, xvi. 22, see trinte; xxxi. 1, see gomor maior, 10, see sextarium, 24, see choros, 39, see chatos, 40, see amphora, 41, see bathos; xxxIII. 14, see artabe, 19, see nebel.

modis [for modicum?], II. 143, see quippiam.

modium, xxxi. 36, see sata; xxxv. 133, see metrum.

modo, xxx. 47, see musica.

modolabilis, see musica.

modolatis, see modulatis. modoli, lateria, vr. 19 (Breu. exsol.?).

modulabilis, see musica.

modulatio, xxvi. 10, see melodia.

modulatis, suauiter cantatis, n. 109 (Bened. reg. 11, 4 [5] modolatis [modulatis]...sex psalmis; cf. 18, 27 modula-

modum, xLv. 18, see pedum.

moera, xliv. 16, see antarticus; see also moeris; moerorum; moerum; murorum;

moeris, see moerorum, muris.

moerorum [neut. gen. plur. of moerum (=moera, see Lewis & Sh.), a degree], see

moerum, see moerorum, muris.

Moëzel, see Mozel.

molas, intimi dentes, xix. 56 (Job xxix. 17 conterebam molas iniqui).

molata (!), xxvi. 1, see commolita. molestia, 1. 133, see scrupulum; 11. 153,

see scrupolositas.

molestus, xxxv. 263, see infestus.

moliri, xliv. 29, see axem.

molitio, meditatio mali, xxxv. 128 (Ruf. n. 26 fol. 33b nouarum rerum molitionibus). Cf. molitionibus, dispositionibus, Cp. M282, which Schlutter thinks is taken from Orosius, IV. 14, 5, see Arch. f. Lat. Lexic. x. 363.

molitionibus, see molitio.

mollescere, see lentiscere.

molliores, xII. 15, see cementa.

molliscere [mollesc-], xxxiv. 18, see

moloncolia [melancholia], humor fellis, XXVII. 30 (Lib. Rot. = Isid. Lib. de nat. rer.?) = meloncolia, umor fellis, Cp. M133; Ep. 14C37; Ef. 371, 15: cf. Isid. Etym. IV. 5, 5 melancholia dicta, eo quod ex nigri sanguinis faece admixta sit abundantia fellis.

molosi, canes, vi. 20 (Breu. exsol.?). Cf. Dracont. 1. 279 Et raucos timuit discurrens dama molossos; and Napier, 3641, 4745.

moluerunt, manserunt uel senuerunt, xxxv. 93, see inoleuit.

moluio, xxxv. 242, see ponte moluio. momentaneas, cotidianas, (Uerba?).

monachi, II. 189, see monasterium.

monachus, graece singularis latine, II. 107 (Bened. reg. 1, 1 [1] De generibus monachorum. Monachorum...genera; 7, 112 [180] si...contentus sit monachus).

monaptolmon, luscus, xxx. 70 (Cat. Hier. xcviii col. 6994 Acacius, quem, quia luscus erat, μονόφθαλμον nuncupabant; B: Ac. quem q.l.e. monothalmon monoculum nunc.; C: Ac. quem q.l.e. [blank] noncupababant). Cf. monotalmis, luscis, Cp. M287 (which seems = Napier, 2, 142 and 7, 225). See also monon.

monarchia, regiminis culmen uel pugne, IV. 52 (Ruf. IV. 18 fol. 66b; v. 20 fol. 88b). As regards pugne, see monarcha (for monomachia) pugna singularis, Cp. M273. -monarchia, ubi unius, xxx. 5; see anarchius.

monasterio, see monasterium.

monasterium, unius monachi est habitatio mono enim apud grecos solum est, n. 189 (Bened. reg., Prol. 103 [135] in monasterio perseverantes).

monilia, see redimicula. monita, xxII. 15, see scita.

mono, II. 189, see monasterium.

monocerus, unicornis, xix. 32 (Job?. Cf. Hieron. Comm. in libr. Job xxxix. 9, ap. Migne, Patr. Lat. xxvi col. 770p 'Numquid volet rhinoceros servire tibi, aut morabitur ad praesepe tuum?' Sive, ut alii dixerunt: 'Numquid volet mono-ceros servire tibi?' Ex diversa editione transferentium advertimus, quod ipsum sit rhinoceros quod et monoceros, et Latine intelligatur unicornis, sive super nares cornu habens). See further Sabatier, in loc., versio ant., and also below rinocerus.

monoculum, see monaptolmon; monon. monogamia, xxx. 43, see de monogamia.

monon, unius, xxx. 84 (Cat. Hier. xcvIII col. 699A quem, quia luscus erat, μονόφθαλμον nuncupabant; B: q.q.l.e. monothalmon monoculum nunc.; C: q.q.l.e. [blank] nō cupababant). Cf. also monaptolmon. For monon see also cinticta.

monothalmon, see monaptolmon; monon. mons, xx. 2, see Nason; xLv. 13, see Massica.

monsica, see musica.

monstra, see pilosi.

monstratur, xxvIII. 74, see ironia.

monstri [for monstra?], xIII. 24, see pilosi.

monstrum, xxix. 38, see hyine; see also epocentaurus.

monstruose, 1. 95, see portentuose.

montes, x. 14, see Amana.

montibus, ix. 5, see capparis; xiii. 57, see saliuncula.

montis, IV. 36, see meandrum.

montium, xxi. 4, see arge; xxxv. 277, see iugum montium; xxxvi. 2, see Armenias pilas.

monumento, vII. 6, see in mausilio.

moralium, see tropicon.

morare [= morari], 1. 63, see inhibere.

moras, see lentiscus.

morbida, languida, 11. 111 (Bened. reg. 28, 17 [31] ovis morbida; cf. 2, 17 [24]

morbidis...actibus).

morbo re[gi]o, leprositas, IV. 89 (Eccl.

Istor.= Ruf. x. 25 fol. 172b interius exteriusque morbo regio corruptus).—regio
morbus, corpus afficit colore sieut pedes
accipitris, xxxv. 181 (De Eus.= Ruf. vr. 7
fol. 100b ne regio morbo corrumperetur...
morbo regio...repletur atque consumitur)
=regius morbus, corporis color efficitur
sicut pedes accipitur, Cp. R32; r.m.,
c.c.e.s. pede accipitris, Ep. 22A16; r.m.,
c.c.e.s. pedes accipitris, Ef. 386, 35.

morbus, xxxiv. 31, see tabo; morbus, xxxv. 181, see morbo regio.

mordacius, see mordatius.

mordatius, clox, XLVII. 21 (Alia=?)=
mordacius, clouae, Cp. M264; m., clofae,
Ep. 15A29° and Ef.¹ 372, 24.—mordacius,
mordatius = O. Fr. mordant (Godefroy,
Dict.)=mourdaunt in Chaucer, Rom. Rose
(Chaucer's Works, ed. Skeat, r. 139)
li. 1094, where the Fr. text (li. 1083) has
mordens (from the Lat. mordēre, to bite,
grip); it differed from the boucle (Fr. text,
li. 1075). Halliwell and others explain it
"the tongue of a buckle," but see Skeat's
note, ib. p. 425, who says it was "probably
the metal chape or tag fixed to the end of
a girdle or strap, viz. to the end remote
from the buckle," and refers to Fairholt,
Costume in England, Gloss., Vol. II. p. 288
in ed. 1885. Cf. also Cent. Dict. in v.
Clox is a miswriting for clouae, clofae, in

Cp., Ep. and Ef.¹, from A.S. cleōfan, to split, and = the mod. E. clove (Oxf. Dict. clove, sb.¹, one of the small bulbs which make up the compound bulb of garlic, shallot, etc.). The application to the mordant may have been that the slice of metal or gem which composed the mordant somewhat resembled a bit of a clove.

mori, xvII. 3, see occumbere.

morosa, diuturna uel longa, n. 113 (Bened. reg. 58, 29 sub tam morosa deliberatione [50 morosam]; cf. 43, 9 [11] morose volumus dici). On this morosus (lingering, slow, from mora), see Lewis & Sh. (2 morosus).

morosam, morose, see morosa.

morsus, xvi. 2, see offa.

mortali, IV. 29, see exitiali; XXXIV. 2, see letheo.

mortalium, see tropicon.

mortem, 1. 39, see diuus.

mortiferis, 1. 53, see funestis.

mortis, xII. 3, see obductionis; xIX. 48, see necromantia.

mortua, m. 61, see explosa; mortui, xxxv. 136, see efflabant.

mortuorum, xvi. 27, see malefici; xLIII. 31, see manes; xLvi. 34, see inferie.

Mosel, see Mozel.

moster [for monstrum?], xIII. 42, see

epocentaurus.

motatio, xxix. 56, see metempschosis. motatores, iv. 101, see morsutas.

motum, xxvIII. 42, see idea. motus, xLIV. 27, see dextera.

mouere, iv. 42, see quatere.

moysica, see musica.

Mozel, mauritani, xv. 16 (Ezech. xxvII. 19 Vulg.: Dan...et Mosel; Heyse, in note Mozel; Sabat. in note Moëzel).

mucronibus, xxxv. 304, see pugionibus. muebri [muliebri], 1. 127, see striones.

mulcata, uincta, xxxv. 303 (De Eus.); mulcatus, percussus, Iv. 28 (Eccl. Istor.); multata, percussa, xxxv. 131 (De Eus.) = (Ruf. III. 5 fol. 35<sup>5</sup> gens...vniuersa mulctata sit). Cf. multata, percussa, Cp. M330; Ep. 14E34; Ef.<sup>1</sup> 371, 52.

mulcatus, percussus, IV. 28, see mul-

cata.

mulctata, see mulcata.

mulctra, see multhra.

muliebrem, XXII. 11, see mundum muliebrem.

muliebri, see striones.

mulierem, xxxvII. 9, see tabulas legat. mulieres, xIII. 6, see lunulas, 9, see olfactoriola, 28, see sirene.

mulieris, xIII. 43, see lamia.

mulierum, xxxv. 258, see lenonibus.

mulsum, dulce, xxIII. 19 (2 Esdr. VIII. 10 comedite pinguia, bibite mulsum).

multa, xxvIII. 45, 63, 75, 77; xxxIX. 49. multae, see multe; malagma.

multas, xIII. 36, see in serris.

multata, percussa, xxxv. 131, see mulcata.

multe [-tae], xi. 12, see malagma; xxxix. 50, see sentina.

multe [multae], xvII. 20, see myrteta. multhra, celdre, xLvIII. 61 (De Cass.?). The lemma is not found in Cassianus' works, but seems = muluctra, ceoldre, Cp. As hardly any Cassianus glosses appear in Cp., the above is, perhaps, one wrongly arranged among those excerpted from him. Multhra, muluctra = class. Lat. mulctra, a milk-pail, and celdre, perhaps a kettle, derived from caldarium, a caldr(on); see Kluge, Ang. Leseb. p. 166\*; Schlutter, in Anglia, xix. 488; Holthausen, ib. xxi. 237; Kluge, Altg. Dial., p. 335; Goetz, vr. 714. If mulctra were the milk in a milk-pail, celdre might = A.S. cealre (pressed curds). Cf. Bosw. T.; Grimm, D. Wört. (v. Keller).

multi, xIII. 43, see lamia; xL. 13, see

bachal.

multis, xxix. 67, see sumenumerus;

MULTIS, XLV tit.

multiuoca, XLIII. 11, see polionima. multo, XXII. 11, see mundum muliebrem. multorum, XXX. 6, see monarchia. multos, XXXIX. 7, see erucę.

multum, XXXVII. 12, see ore camerato; XXXIX. 19, see freniticus; XLVII. 2, see

usquequaque.

Muluio, see ponte moluio.

mundantes, xxiv. 12, see exolantes.

mundatam, x. 1, see osculetur me.

mundate, xiv. 25, see polite.

mundati, xv. 47, see limati.

mundi, xiviii. 52, see inmunes.

mundiora, xiii. 11, see mutatoria.

mundo, xiiv. 17, see cous.

mundorum, xxx. 64, see catheron.

mundos, xxxv. 295, see cathanos.

mundum muliebrem, multo tempore debuerunt unguere uariis pigmentis et indui uestibus regalibus illud dicitur mundum muliebrem, xxII. 11 (Esther II. 3 accipiant mundum muliebrem; II. 9 ut acceleraret mundum muliebrem). For mundum see also (xIIV. 10) cardines.

munera, rv. 48, see munerarius; x. 15, see emissiones tue; xxxv. 253, see

solaria.

munerario, see munerarius.

munerarius, munera accipiens, iv. 48 (Ruf. iv. 15 fol. 63<sup>a</sup> acclamabant Philippo munerario).

munerum [sine interpret.], rv. 61 (Eccl. Istor.); munerum diebus, remunerationis militum, xxxv. 28 (De Eus.)=(Ruf. v. 2 fol. 76b Maturus & Sanctus...munerum diebus...statuuntur in medio arenae)= munerum dies, remunerationes militum, Cp. M331; Ep. 14E35; Ef. 371, 53.

municipalia, r. 58, see gesta municipalia. municipii, tributarii, xxxxx. 61 (not in Greg. Dial., but Decr. Hilar. praef. p. 251<sup>a</sup> Ecclesia illius municipii; Decr. Leon. xLIX p. 238<sup>b</sup> solitariis municipiis).

munieres, xxxvII. 11, see ambieres. munificentia, largitas, xxxv. 221 (Ruf. xI. 19 fol. 185<sup>b</sup> religione et munificentia)=

Cp. M333; Ep. 14E36; Ef. 371, 54. munitionem, xxvi. 3, see communitorium.

munuscula, parua dona, 11. 115 (Bened. reg. 54, 5 [5] quaelibet munuscula accipere). For munuscula see also (111. 18) senium.

muraenulam, see murenula.

muras [for moras?], xvi. 5, see lentiscus. murem, soricem, xiii. 61 (Isai. lxvi. 17 comedebant...abominationem et murem).

murena, see maruca.

murenula, piscis similis anguile [anguil-lae] marinus sed grossior, xix. 8 (Job; Praef. Hieron. p. xivb anguillam vel murenulam strictis tenere manibus). Migne, P. L. xxviii col. 1081<sup>A</sup> anguillam aut murænulam..., but murenulam in note c; Heyse, p. 1. muraenulam, but murenulam in note i. The Cambr. MS. has murenulam. Piscis marinus similis anguille.—murenulas, catenulas, xiii. 10 (Isai. III. 20 auferet Dominus...murenulas). The Cambr. MS. Murenulas, catenas de auro mirifice factas.

murex, see maruca. murica, see mauria.

muriceps, xxxvIII. 4, see gattas.

muris, xvi. 17, see castrum.

muris [= moeris, see murorum], xLIV. 16, see antarticus.

murmur, uastrung, 111. 48 (De S. Mart. Stor. = Sulp. Sev. Dial. II. 13, 2 conloquentium murmur audimus; & Vit. S. Mart. 23, 6 murmur...multarum uocum audiebatur). For uastrung = hwāstrung, hwæstrung, a whispering, murmuring, see Bosw. T.

murmurans, xix. 23, see susurrat.

murmuretur, II. 24, see causetur. murorum [? for moerorum, neut. gen. plur. of moerum=moera, a degree], XLIV. 16, see antarticus.

murra, see cassia.

murra et aloe, herbe [-bae] sunt, x, 18 (Cant. 1v. 14 Vers. ant. Sab. & Vulg.:

myrrha et aloe; Heyse, in not. murra) = murra et aloe herbae sunt, Cp. M313.

murratum, amarum, xxv. 2 (Marc. xv. 23 dabant ei bibere myrrhatum vinum; Wordsw. & White murratum) = murratum, amarum, Cp. M374.

murtacia, see mustacra.

murus, xxIII. 10, see ualuas. mus araneus, see musiranus.

musca canina, que in cane habitat, xxxvi. 11 (Oros. 1. 10, 11 post muscas caninas; id. vii. 27. 7 muscae caninae).—
For muscas (xxi. 16) see conopeum.

muscus, bestia et sanguis eius boni odoris est, xlvii. 8 (Alia=?). Germ. Moschus, see Grimm, D. Wörterb.; Goetz, vi. p. 721. Cf. muscus, genus herbae,

Ср. М312.

musica, modo labiis [for modulabilis?], xxx. 47; see dialectica; = moysica, modulabilis, Cp. M233; moysica, modolabilis, Ep. 14C12; monsica, modo labilis, Ef. 370. 45.

musicam, see musica sub v. dialectica.

musiranus, scraeua, xlvii. 78 (Alia=?) = m-, screauua, Cp. M336; m-, screauua, Ep. 15A26; Ef.¹ —. For (musiranus leg.) mus araneus, a small mouse, the shrewmouse, see Lewis & Sh. (2 araneus); Goetz vi. 721 (musiranus) and vi. 720 (mus haraneus). For scraeua &c., a shrew(-mouse), see Bosw. T. (screāwa).

mustacia, see mustacra.

mustacra, gronae, XLVII. 32 (Alia=?) = mustacia, granae, Cp. M335; Ep. 15A20; murtacia, granae, Ef. 372, 18. For mustacia, a moustache, see Körting, Wörterb. no. 6412; for gronae, granae, see Schade, Altdeutsches Wrtb. (grana); Kluge, Etym. Wrtb. (Granne).

mustum, facitur de malis granatis idest malis punicis, x. 26 (Cant. viii. 2 dabo tibi...mustum malorum granatorum meo-

um).

mutat, xix. 57, see plumescit.

mutationes, xxxvIII. 29, see trapezita. mutatoria, uestimenta alia meliora et mundiora, xIII. 11 (Isai. III. 22 [auferet Dominus]...mutatoria).

mutatur, xxvIII. 76, see metafora; xLIV.

25, see dextera.

mutilabo, dubitabo, xxxvii. 10 (S. Aug.?). Qr for mussitabo? This form of the verb does not seem to occur in Aug., but we find Quid mussitant homines inter se, Serm. 72, 4 (Migne xxxviii col. 468); adhue mussitat serpens, et non tacet, Serm. 341, 5 (ibid. xxxix col. 1496).

Mycenae, see *Micene*. mygale, see *netila*. myricae, see *mirice*.

myrmicoleon, see leopardus. myrotheca, see in myrthece. myrrha, see cassia 'murra. myrrhatum, see murratum. myrtae, see myrteta.

myrteta, ubi multe sunt mirte [myrtae] idest arbores fructuosae, xvII. 20 (Zachar. I. 8, 10, 11 stabat inter myrteta).

myrthece, xxxv. 169, see in myrthece.

myrtum, see myrtus.

myrtus, modicus arbor boni odoris semper uiride, xIII. 48 (Isai. XII. 19 dabo...myrtum; Lv. 13 pro urtica crescet myrtus).

mythopæia, see figura metopoea.

n for l: uneus (for ulcus).—for m: ideonati (idiomati); teraphin (-phim).— for r: cathanos (-ros); communione (-ore).—for s: discensum (discessum).—n inserted: coementaria, coementeria (coemeteria); inconpententibus (-petentibus); simultantem (-tatem).—n omitted: axietas (anx-); elegos (elengos); uetorosa (ueternosa).—nn for n: ducennarium (ducenarium); pannigericis (panegyricis).

Naasson, see Nason.

nablis, xII. 40, see cyneris; nablis, vII. 1, see in nablis.

Nabo, Naboth, see Del.

Nabuchodonosor, xvi. 12, see regina. nabulum, xxxviii. 44, see epibatis.

nactus, see nanctus.

naenias, see nenias. Nahum, see Naum.

nam, xII. 40; XXI. 16; XXXIII. 7;

namque, xix. 31.

nancisci, inueniri, xxxv. 288 (Ruf. ix. 2 fol. 147<sup>b</sup> quicquid...nancisci potuit).

nanctus, nuens, xlvIII. 62 (De Cass., Inst. v. 39, 2 tum ille nanctus [nactus, in three MSS.] occasionem). Nuens for inveniens or inventus; see nanctus, inventus, Cp. N4; Goetz, vI. 724, 5 (in vv. nancisco: nanctus sum, inveni; nanctus occasionem).

naphtha, see nappa.

nappa, genus fomitis, xvi. 10 (Dan. III. 46 succendere fornacem naphtha; Heyse, in note, napta). Cf. napta, blace teoru, Cp. N17; Ep. 16A23; Ef. 374, 14; napta, tynder, Cp. N33; napta, genus fomenti id est tyndir (Ef. ryndir), Ep. 16A38; Ef. 374, 31; neptam, tyndre, Cp. N55. For blace teoru (black-tar, tar, naphtha), see Bosw. T. (blæc-teru); for tynder, tyndir, tyndre (tinder, fuel), see Bosw. T. (tynder). napta, see nappa.

nardum, arbor, xxix. 34.—pisticum, herba rubicunda uel nardum pisticum

idest spicatum uel fidelis, xxix. 35 (Uerb. Interpr. = Hier. in Matth. xxvi. 7 nardum pisticam posuit...hoc est, veram et absque dolo). Cf. nardus, arbor, Cp. N19; Ep. 16A37; Ef.¹ 374, 30; nardum pisticum, ex xviii herbis conficitur, Cp. N49; pisticum nardum, Cp. P405.—nardum, spica unde faciunt unguenta, x. 9 (Cant. i. 11 Vers. ant. & Vulg.: nardus mea dedit odorem suum; iv. 13 Vulg.: Cypri cum nardo; iv. 14 ib. nardus et crocus).

nardus, see nardum.

nari, xix. 31, see rinocerus.

naricornu, xix. 31, see rinocerus.

narratas, xxvIII. 65, see epiphonima. narratio, xxvIII. 26, see paradigma.

narratione, see phraysi.

narrationum, xxx. 54, see et procomian. nasci, xiii. 25, see de radice.

nascitur, IX. 5, see capparis; XXV. 8, see byssus; XLIII. 13, see agrippa; nascitur, XIII. 25, see de radice.

Nason, mons, xx. 2 (Tobias I. 1 supra

Naasson).

nastologis, mercedes que dantur nautis propter regimen nauis, xxxvIII. 43 (Clem. Rom. Epist. ad Jacobum, in Migne's Patr. L. cxxx col. 24º hi qui catechizant nautologis conferantur; ibid. col. 25º Nautologi de mercedibus commoneant). See Goetz, vi. 728 (s.v. nautologus), Forcell. (s.v. nautologus).

nati, i. 95, see portentuose; xi. 5, see uitulamina; xxiii. 2, see filii faros.

natura, I. 130, see sexus; x. 11, see tigna; xxxviii. 8, see genesim; xliii. 13, see agrippa; xlv. 14, see genium.

naturale, 1. 57, see genuinum. naturalis, xxv. 29, see uligo.

naturalium, xxvII. 27, see genthliatici. naue, xiv. 15, see caeleuma; xv. 11, see preteriola.

nauem, xLvII. 28, see saburica.

naues, xvi. 18, see trieres.

naui, xxxix. 50, see sentina.

nauibus, xLIII. 21, see centaurus; xLVII. 5, see corimbis.

nauigatione, xxxvIII. 44, see epibatis.
nauis, xv. 9, see transtra; xxxvIII. 43,
see nastologis; xxXIX. 31, see carabum;
xLIII. 21, see centaurus, 22, see forinnadas;
xLVI. 30, see celox; nauis, XIII. 37 (bis),
see malus nauis.

nauiter, ualde, r. 78 (De Canon.; Can. Conc. Carth. Lvi p. 154\* necessitates...
gnauiter peragendas implere).

nauium, see forinnadas.

Naum helcesei, pater ipsius, xvii. 8 (Nahum, i. 1 liber visionis Nahum Elcesæi; Heyse, in note, Helcesei).

nausia, xn. 30, see colera.

nautis, xxxviii. 43, see nastologis. nautologi, nautologis, see nastologis. nazannai, xxiii. 6, see Stabur nazannai. ne, viii. 3 (ter); xxii. 20; xlviii. 74. ne, uel, vii. 1 (Breu. exsol.?).

nebel, quidam putant modios III in [for hin? see hin] sextariis [for sextarius? see hin] est liquide speciei, xxxIII. 19 (Euch. De pond., p. 159, 13 nebel q. p. m. tres. sextarius est liquidae speciei).

necessarium, xlvIII. 58, see opere pre-

cium.

necromantia, diuinatio de mortis infantibus, xix. 48 (Job? not in the Vulg.?). S. Jerome uses the word twice: Comm. in Esaiam xxix [ed. of 1533, vol. v. 54°] significet magorum νεκρομαντείαν, and Comm. in Ezech. XIII [ib. v. 184\*] per necromantias. Cf. necromantia, mortuorum diuinatio, Cp. N83; Ep. 16C22; Ef.¹ 374, 52.

Neemias, see Nemias. negandi, xxvIII. 5, see infitiandi. neglegenter, see dissimulat. neglegit, I. 44, II. 49, see dissimulat.

negligens, 11. 46, see desidens.

negotia, i. 91, see ptochiis; xxxix. 63, see per pragmaticam formam.—negotia ecclesiastica, actum rei alicuius, i. 77 (De Canon.; Can. Apostt. xxxix negotiorum Ecclesiasticorum curam Episcopus habeat; Can. Conc., Calch. iv Ecclesiastica negotia; Can. Con. Antioch. xci super... Ecclesiasticis negotiis).

negotialis, xxix. 45, see pragmaticam. negotiationes, xxxv. 172, see nundinas. negotiationum, xxxvii. 1, see obsoriorum. negotiis, xxix. 42, see trapezeta; see also negotia.

negotiorum, see negotia.

ne innataris, ne incumberis ne considas, viii. 3 (Salam. III. 5 ne innitaris prudentiae tuae).

Nemias, alio nomine atersatha, xxIII. 13 (2 Esdr. vIII. 9 Dixit...Nehemias (ipse est Athersatha) et Esdras; Heyse, in note, Neemias).

nemphe, ministri nequam, vi. 18 (Breu. exsol.?).

nenias, mendatium [-cium], xxvIII. 35 (Cass. Psalm. IV. 2 qui adhuc idolorum nænias inquirebat...mendacium idola significat); nenias, mendatium [-cium], xxIX. 7 (Uerb. Interpr. = Hier. in Matth. Prol. col. 20<sup>A</sup> omnes apocryphorum nænias).

neotericis, see neotricis.

neotricis, noua fide, III. 50 (De Martin. Stor.); neutricis, nouis, XLII. 5 (Ex diu. libris) = (Sulp. Sev. Dial. I. 6, 2 in libris neotericis [neutericis, in one MS.]).

nepos, see nepus.

nepus, filius filii, xLIII. 7; nepus, adulter, XLIII. 8; nepus, consumptor substantie, XLIII. 9 (De diu. nominibus= Donati Ars grammat., p. 373, 22 nepos).

nequam, vr. 18, see nemphe. nequitia, xxxiv. 43, see rangor.

Nereus, deus maris, xLIII. 17 (De diu. nominibus = Donati Ars grammat. p. 373, 27 masculina aut in des exeunt...aut in ion, ut Nerion a Nereo).

neruo, see neruum.

neruum, uinculum, IV. 60 (Ruf. V. 2 fol. 75b septimo ... puncto in neruo pedes...

distenti). See below, puncto.

netila, herma, xLvII. 77 (Alia=?) = netila, hearma, Cp. N60; Ep. 16A20; Ef. 374, 11.—For netila (=nitela, nitella, a small mouse, a dormouse), see Lewis & Sh.; Körting, 6547. For herma, hearma, see Bosw. T. (hearma, a shrew-mouse?); Kluge, A. S. Leseb. p. 183 (hearma, Wiesel); id. Wrtb. (Hermelin); Oxf., and Skeat Dict. (ermine); Körting, 4496. This herma, hearma also glosses megale (=mygale, mus araneus, in pure Lat.) Cp. M166, Ep. 15C14, Ef. 372, 37; and the latter is, in its turn, translated by squiriolus, a squirrel (Goetz, vi. 693 meogallus); see also nitela, δενδροβάτης (id. vi. 740).

neutericis, see neotricis.

neutricis, nouis, XLII. 5 (Ex diu. libris), see neotricis.

nigerrimum, II. 175, see teterrimum.

nigris, xxvII. 26, see atris.

nigro, xv. 10, see ebor. nigrum, xli. 7, see iaspis.

nihilo, 1. 88, see paruipendens. nihilum, viii. 17, see nitrum.

nimius, superfluus, II. 122 (Bened. reg. 41, 8 [12] si aestatis fervor nimius fuerit; 64, 30 [50] non sit nimius et obstinatus; 30, 6 [7] tales, dum...ieiuniis nimiis adfligantur. As to "superfluus" cf. 61, 13 [22] si superfluus aut vitiosus inventus fuerit; 36, 6 [8] non superfluitate sua contristent fratres; 61, 6 [7] non...superfluitate sua perturbat monasterium).

Niniue trium dierum iter inde ubi in terram projectus est unam diem per ambitum, xvII. 7 (Jon. III. 3 Ninive erat civitas magna itinere trium dierum [of The gloss "inde... three days' journey]). per ambitum" is, perhaps, with reference to vers. 4, to be read "inde...perambulabat" (MS. has per amb'), from thence where he was cast on the earth he traversed one

nisan, primus mensis idest martius, xxII. 13 (Esther III. 7, 12; XI. 2 Nisan; see the quotation under urna).

nisi, xxII. 16; xXIII. 1; xxXIV. 6.

nisus, see adnisus.

nitas [for finitas?], II. 10, see ad missas s. v. missas.

nitela, nitella, see netila.

nitidulam [sine interpret.], III. 17 (De S. Mart. Stor. = Sulp. Sev. Dial. II. 8, 3 quia ... uiduam uagam, nitidulam ... obiurgauerim).

nititur, xxviii. 70, see sinchrisis; xLIV.

7, see poli.

nitore, x. 1, see osculetur me.

nitro, see nitrum.

nitrum, in terra inuenitur instar atramenti pro sapone habetur si in acetum [acet-] mittitur ad nihilum soluitur qui [quod?] atrumque [utrumque?] amarescit, viii. 17 (Salam. xxv. 20 acetum in nitro). nitrum in terra inuenitur, xIV. 2 (Hier. II. 22 si laveris te nitro).

nix, xxxix, 51, see byssus. nobile, I. 64, see insigne. nobilium, xIII. 59, see feretri. nobis, II. 98, see kyrieleison.

nocte, xxxviii. 5, see chantari; xLiv. 9, see celum; nocte, xix. 50, see carmina in See also ciconia.

noctis, xxI. 2, see lucubraciuncula;

XLIII. 53, see eumênides.

noctua, necthtrefn, xLvII. 54 (Alia=?) = n-, nacht hraefn, Cp. N145; n-, nachthraebn ali dicunt nectigalae, Ep. 16A15; n-, necthraebn alii dicitur nacthegelae, Ef. 374, 6. Noctua, a night-owl; for nectht-refn &c. (properly a night-raven), see Bosw. T. (neaht, niht-hræfn).

nocturnaque [for -nasque], xxxv. 179,

see horas diurnas....

nocturnasque, see horas diurnas.... nocturnum, xxix. 38, see hying. nodis, III. 10, see hispida.

nodo, see turnodo.

Nolk or Note?, I. 17a, see note § on

nomen, I. 111, see sicera; III. 16, see reda, 20, see merocem; IV. 3, see ilix, 17, see fadus, 36, see meandrum, 37, see trallis, 93, see angiportos; v. 12, see labris; x. 23, see Aminab; xII. 24, see Dorix; XIII. 16, see tabehel, 21, see carcamis, 29, see mede; xiv. 22, see in fatores; xv. 12, see bibli, 15, see Dan, 23, see syeres; xvi. 19, see apethno; xvII. 15, see pile; xxI. 3, see Subal, 4, see arge; xxIII. 6, see stabur; XXIV. 13, see alabastrum; XXVIII, 15, see Laodes, 76, see metafora; xxx. 7, see bibliotheca, 26, see diatripas; xxxIII. 13, see metreta; xxxv. 70, see calonum, 91, see Mambre, 147, see petalum, 209, see Galerius, 256, see actio, 298, see spiridon; XXXVI. 2, see Armenias; XXXVIII. 22, see

deucalionem; xxxxx. 9, see interorina, 10, see ausaret; xLIII. 16, see micene, 18, see carus, 28, see bachus.—nomen [omitted?] see ponte moluio; see also angulinis.

nomen tuum, xpistianiam a xpisto et chrismam, x. 5 (Cant. 1. 2 oleum effusum nomen tuum; the Cambr. MS. Kk. 4. 6 has Christianiam for Xpianiam, and crisma for chrismam).

nomina, xxviii. 31, see ausesis; xLiii. 10, see omonima.

nominantur, II. 53, see decani; xx. 8, see taerme.

nominatur, xv. 35, see teraphin; xxiv. 13, see alabastrum.

nomine, vi. 14, see Dum; xxiii. 13, see nemias; xxvIII. 57, see figura; xxxvI. 1, see Iani.

nominem, xxx. 31, see sub nominem. NOMINIBUS, XLI tit.; XLIII tit. nominum, xxxiv. 20, see catalogum.

nomisma, solidus, xxIV. 11 (Math. XXII. 19 ostendite...numisma census; Words. & White nomisma). See below nummismum, and cf. nummismum solidum, Cp. N175; nomisma mynit, ib. N144 and Ep. 16A9; nomysma, munit, Ef. 373, 49; num-misma, mynet, Napier 61, 32. For mynit, munit (a coin; O.H.G. muniz, muniza, muneza; Germ. Münze; D. munt, from the Lat. moneta), see Bosw. T. (mynet).

non, n. 91, 118 (ter), 121 (bis), 123 (bis); m. 23 (bis); vm. 19, 20; x. 6, 17, 21; xi. 4, 16; xii. 23 (bis), 41; xiv. 12; xix. 28; xxi. 10; xxii. 16 (bis); xxiii. 5; xxiv. 6; xxviii. 33, 83; xxxiv. 6, 19 (bis); xxxv. 124; xxxvIII. 22; xxxIX. 15, 48; xLi. 1; xLiii. 43, 51; xLvii. 28.

non conpluta, sine pluuia, xv. 7 (Ezech. xxII. 4 tu es terra immunda, et non compluta in die furoris). Cf. conpluta, plumis [for pluuiis] repleta, Cp. C743 and Ef.1 354, 27.

non detegere, non publicare non manifestare, II. 118 (Bened. reg. 46, 12 [18] sciant...aliena vulnera non detegere et publicare).

non expedit, non conuenit, n. 123; see expedit.

nonnos, patres, II. 119 (Bened. reg. 63, 22 [40] iuniores...priores suos nonnos vocent).

nonnumquam, I. 4, see alias.

non obsecundare, non obedire, III. 23 (De S. Mart. Stor. = Sulp. Sev. Dial. II. 8, 5 uoluntati uestrae non obsecundare mihi non licet).

non officit, non resistit, xxxiv. 19 (De Cass., Inst. xi. 8 non solum non officit...). non prodicus, non superfluus, II. 121;

see prodicus.

non trices, non tardes, xII. 23 (Eccles. XXXII. 15 non te trices).

norma, regula, II. 120 (Bened. reg. 73, 10 [15] rectissima norma vitae humanae) =Cp. N142; Ef. 373, 44; cf. norma mensura aequat forma exemplum, Ef.2 314, 21.

nos, xLiv. 11, 19.

nostra, xxvIII. 51, see hyperthesis.

nostratis, hidirrine, XLIII. cuiatis.

nota [for notam], xxvIII. 51, see hyperthesis.

notam, see hyperthesis.

notandum, xxxIII. 13, see metreta.

Note or Nolk?, i. 17\*, see note § on p. 1. notha, adultera eo quod incerti generis, XLIII. 6 (De diu. nominibus = Donati Ars gramm. p. 373, 20 sunt [nomina] inter Graecam Latinamque formam, quae notha appellantur).

notio, xxvIII. 83, see ennoematice. noua, m. 50, see neotricis. nouam, xxxv. 56, see nouellam.

nouellam, nouam diminitiuum, xxxv. 56 (Ruf. xi. 9 fol. 182a oliuarum...domini germinauit nouellam).

noui, xiv. 31, see tyrones. nouis, xLII. 5, see neutricis. nouissimo, vII. 2, see pro octava. nouissimus, xxvIII. 23, see Iouis. nouitatem, see deuterosin. nouo, xxxv. 254, see de octoade. nouos, xxxix. 16, see modernos. nouum, IV. 10, see ogdoade.

noxa, culpa crimen, II. 117 (Bened. reg. 25, 2 [1] frater qui gravioris culpae noxa tenetur). Cf. noxa, culpa, Cp. N136 and Ef.2 314, 11; Ep. -

nucum, IX. 4, see amictalum. nuens [for inveniens, or inventus], xLVIII.

62, see nanctus.

nuis, xLIII. 55, see sis; cestus. nullam, xlii. 21, see basterna. nullius, xxx. 4, see anarchius. nullus, xliv. 29, see axem.

numeralis, xxx. 46, see arethimetica. numerat, xxIII. 2, see filii faros.

numero, x. 7, see aduliscentulę.—numero, xxxxx. 28, see qui in numero....

numeros, see decanorum.

numerum, xxxix. 68, see catalocum. numerus, xxxix. 28, see qui in numero....

numinis, uirtutis, xxxv. 145 (Ruf. III. 8 fol. 40b numinis...motus).—numinis, diuinitatis, xxxv. 232 (Ruf. xi. 25 fol. 189a tanti numinis ... alloquio).

numisma, see nomisma; nummismum. nummi, xxix. 9, see quadrans.

nummis, xxix. 42, see trapezeta; xxxi. 38, see denarius.

nummismum, solidum, xxix. 32 (Uerb. Interpr. = Hier. in Matth. xxii. 19 ostendite mihi numisma census) = Cp. N175. See above nomisma.

nummorum, xxxvIII. 29, see trapezita. nummos, xxxvII. 2, see C uolles; nummos for numeros? xxxvIII. 31, see decanorum.

nummularius, xxix. 42, see trapezeta. nummus, xxix. 3, see asse; xxxiii. 6, see stater.

nuncupare, xxvIII. 57, see figura.

nundinas [sine interpret.], rv. 62 (Eccl. Istor.); nundinas, negotiationes, xxxv. 172 (De Eus.)=(Ruf. v. 3 fol. 77<sup>b</sup> nundinas...agere solent)=nundinae, negotiationes, Cp. N183; Ep. 16A6; Ef. 373, 46.—nundinis, mercatis, xv. 17 (Ezech. xxvii. 17, 19, and xivi. 11 in nundinis)=nundinis, mercatis, Cp. N174.

nuptiis, xxx. 43, see de monogamia.

nutabundus, agitatus, III. 28 (S. Mart. Storia; but not found in Sulp. Sev., and it is, perhaps, a further explanation of III. 27 furibundus q.v.).—nutabundus, mobilis, xxxiv. 41 (De Cass., Inst. xII. 4, 3 instabilis...ac nutabundus effectus).

nutaret, dubitaret, xx. 7 (Tobias vn. 11

cum nutaret).

nutatione, dubitatione, xxxv. 170 (Ruf. v. 2 fol. 76b absque...animi nutatione). nutrimenta, n. 75, see fomenta.

nuymeyses, consiliarius, xxix. 72 (Uerb. Interpr. = Hier. in Matth. xxvii. 57, 58 Joseph iste βουλευτης appellatus, id est, consiliarius).

o for a: fauorum (for fabarum); hermofroditus (hermaphr-); hierufontis (hierophantis); moloncolia (melancholia); offer (affer); ollo (olla); solaria (sal-).—for ae: propositura (praep-) .- for e: coemetoria (-teria); moloncolia (melancholia); uetorosa (ueternosa) .- for oe: diocesim, diocesium (dioec-); odippo (oedipo).-for u: adolatur (adulator); cocula (cuculla); colomellas (colum-); comulare (cum-); fistola (-tula); fulgorantes (fulgur-); luxoria (luxur-); permotatio (permut-); proconsolaris (-sularis); prorigo (prur-); scrupolositas (scrupul-); tonica (tun-).—for y: colobista (collyb-) .- o omitted: myrthece (myrotheca).

ob, xxxix. 19.

obductionis, dilectiones idest mortis, xII. 3 (Eccles. II. 2 ne festines in tempore obductionis). For dilectiones the Cambridge MS. has dilectionis, perhaps for delectionis, a choosing, choice, separation, or for defectionis, failing, deficiency, exhaustion, which would agree more with

the lemma. See further Eccles. v. 1; in tempore vindictae et obductionis; v. 10: in die obductionis.

obdurat, xxxix. 48, see calculum. obedire, iii. 23, see non obsecundare.

obelis, uirgis, xix. 1 (Job; Praef. Hier. p. xiv\*, and Migne, P. L. xxviii col. 10794 volumina Origenes obelis... distinxerit) = obelis, uirgis, Cp. O33; Ep. 16E32; Ef. 375, 45.

obfirmantes, obicientes omne presagio uel signo, x.i. 21 (De diu. nomin.?).

obices, resistentes, xxxv. 216 (Ruf. x. 19 fol. 171<sup>b</sup> uelut obicis ualidissimi obiectione sublata).

obicientes, XLI. 21, see obfirmantes.

obicis, see obices.

obiecit, xliv. 27, see leua.

obiicieris, see subregeris; subrigeris. obiurgans, xxxv. 214, see obuncans.

obiurgetur, increpetur culpetur, m. 127 (Bened. reg. 23, 7 [10] Si non emendaverit, obiurgetur publice).

obligus, obscurus, XIX. 3 (Job; Praef. Hieron. p. XIV<sup>b</sup>, and Migne, P. L. XXVIII col. 1081<sup>a</sup> obliquus...totus liber fertur).

obliquus, see obligus. oblitus, 11. 57, see excesserit. obliuione, xxi. 19, see in anathema.

obliuionem, II. 65, see excussum.

obolos, see sicel.

obolus, xuiiii siliquas, xxxi. 18 (De ponder.?). - obolus pensat siliquas III siliquas tres fit f, xxxII. 4 (De ponder.?) .obolus in siliquas solidos xxiiii, xxxiii. 29 (Euch. De pond.?).—obulus est scrupule dimedium quod facit siliquas III In hiezechielo siclus autem xx obolus habet, xxxIII. 8 (Euch. De pond. p. 158, 19 obolus e. scriptulum [Mus. MS. scripulum] dimidium q. f. s. tres i. Ezechiele s. a. xx obolos habet). After habet the Brit. Mus. MS. adds: Quod si ad eam rationem ueniamus quam ipsi aestimant ponderationem sicli Uncia esse pondus quod in libris canonicis non repperis. Ergo obolus habet silicas vii, et partem quintam siliquae. See also Wotke's note, and Blume, 1. 373 sqq.obolus medicinalis III siliquas, xxxI. 19 (De ponder.?). For obolus see also (xxxIII. 8) obulus sub v. obolus.

obpositus, xliv. 7, see poli. obprobria, xxxv. 125, see probra.

obrizum, ymaeti gold, xxx. 54 (Job xxvIII. 15 non dabitur aurum obrizum pro ea; ib. xxxI. 24 obrizo dixi)=obrizum, smaete gold, Cp. O24; (ymaeti for) smæti, smæte, beaten, refined, from smitan, to beat, strike, see Bosw. T. (smæte); Kluge, Etym. Wrt. (schmeiszen); Napier's Index (obryzum, obryzus).

obruit, xxxiv. 38, see diruit.

obscene, IV. 58, see oedipia, sub v.

obscurus, xix. 3, see obligus.

obsecundare, III. 23, see non obsecundare.

obsequentes, xxII. 9, see pedisequas.

obsetricante, ministrante, xix. 52 (Job xxvi. 13 obstetricante manu ejus).

obsoriorum, negotiationum, xxxvII. 1 (S. Aug.?).

obstetricante, see obsetricante.

obstinatus, disperabilis [desp-] uel inreuccabilis, 11. 128 (Bened. reg. 64, 30 [55] non sit nimius et obstinatus). Cf. obstinatus, desperatus, Cp. O85; obstinatus, desperatus, inreuccabilis, Ep. 17A38; Ef. 376, 39.

obtentu [sine interpret.], 1. 79 (De Canon.; Can. Apostt. vi sub obtentu religionis; xL sub obtentu religionis; Can. Conc. Gangr. Lxi tit. Christianitatis obtentu, Cf. obtentu, intuitu, Cp. 018; id., Napier, 3915.

obtigit, contigit, vii. 8 (1 Paral. xxvi. 14 obtigit plaga Septentrionalis).

obturat, see calculum.

obuiantes, xxxv. 24, see auspiciis.

obuius, x. 11, see tigna.

obulus est scrupule dimedium &c., xxxIII. 8; see obolus.

obuneans, obiurgans, xxxv. 214 (Ruf. x. 17 fol. 170<sup>10</sup> illa...obiurgans Timotheum) = obuneans, obiurgans, Cp. 025; Ep. 16E8; Ef. 375, 21. If obuneans be the right lemma, it was, perhaps, another reading not now found in the current texts, or, perhaps, the mark for transposing the two words was forgotten by the scribe.

occasu, xliv. 27, see leua.

occasum, xxvII. 4, see suprima.

occidentem, xliv. 9, see celum.

occidere, xliv. 27, see dextera.

occidisti, xvII. 13, see concidisti.

occiditur, xxIII. 1, see exedra.

occulta, xxxv. 26, see oethepia, 227, see aduta.

occultiorem, 1. 128, see secretalem.

occultis, xxxv. 26, see oethepia.

occumbere, cadere uel mori, xvII. 3 (Joel III. 11 occumbere).

occupare, xII. 31, see auocare.

ochimo, herba est que latine catagoga, xxxvIII. 16 (Clem. Recognitt. vIII. 25 de ocimo). For ochimum, ocimum, also written ocymum, ozymum (=Gr. ὅκιμον, an aromatic plant, basil) and ocinum (=Gr. ὅκινον, an herb for fodder, perhaps a kind of clover) see Lewis & Sh.

ocii, see otii.

ocilis, uelotius [-cius], XLVIII. 67 (De Cass., Inst. vi. 3 ocius perueniunt ad salutem).

ocimo, see ochimo.

ociosus [otiosus], II. 9, see acidiosus.

ocius, see ocilis.

octaua, v. 6, see de octoade.

octaua, vii. 2, see pro octaua.

octoade, v. 6 and xxxv. 254, see de octoade sub v. ogdoade.

oculis, xxvIII. 42, see idea.

odaporikon, see otheporicon, sub v. sinphosin.

odeporicon, see sinphosin.

odippo [for Oedipo], v. 14, see Oedippa. odon, lineum est in pede, xxxvII. 8; see odonis uitam.

odonis uitam, mihes nostlun, xxxvII. 7; odon, lineum est in pede, xxxvII. 8 (S. Aug.?). Odonis does not seem to occur in Augustine's works; it may = udo, a sort of felt or fur, and uitam may be for uittam, a band, fillet, which two other MSS. have (see Steinm. A. H. G. II. 41. 4). If mihes = odonis, it would be the gen. of meo, a shoe (see Bosw. T.); nostlun, dat. pl. of A.S. nostle, a fillet, band, see Bosw. Cf. O.H.G. nusta, Verknüpfung; nestila, Bandschleife (Schade). gards odon, lineum, cp. linisnes (O.H.G. linen; A.S. linen) nestilun, and linifnes nestilum in the two MSS. quoted by Steinm. l.c. The two glosses are, perhaps, a further explanation of caligam,

odoporicam, see otheporicon, sub v. sin-phosin.

odor, xLvII. 24, see osma; see also odor ungentorum.

odoratu, odoratum, see sitatum.

odore, XIII. 9, see olfactoriola.

odoris, x. 1, see osculetur me, 10, see cyprus, 16, see crocus, 17, see fistola; xII. 17, see platanus; xIII. 48, see myrtus, 57, see saliuncula; XIVII. 8, see muscus.

odor ungentorum, donum quod in baptismate accipimus, x. 3 (Cant. 1. 2 Vers. ant. Sab.: odor unquentorum tuorum; 1.3 Vulg. & Vers. ant.: curremus in odorem unquentorum; iv. 10 odor unquentorum [Vers. ant. vestimentorum tuorum] tuorum).

Odysseus, see Polideuces.

oe for ae: foetontis for Phaethontis.—for o: foedi for fodi.

oedipia, obscene dapes carnium infantium, iv. 58; see thesteas.

Oedipo, see Oedippa.

Oedippa, de odippo [Oedipo], v. 14; see thesteas.

Oepha, see ephi.

oephi, see ephi; sata.

oethepia, coitum matris et sororis sicut manichei [Manichaei] in occultis idest in occulta loca idolorum, xxxv. 26; see thesteas.

ofa, xxxIII. 12, see ephi.

offa, morsus, xvi. 2 (Dan., Praef. Hieron. p. xvib, and Migne xxviii, col. 1293B offa picis) = offa, mursus [for morsus], Cp. O137; cf. offa, pars fructus uel frusti, Ep. 17C14; Ef. 376, 55.

offendunt, see operiunt; opperiunt.

offensus, see infensus.

offer, adduc qui [for quia?] non satiantur, vIII. 20 (Salam xxx. 15 sanguisugae ...dicentes Affer, affer. Tria sunt insaturabilia). If qui is not for quia, "qui non satiantur" may be a gloss to insatura-

offerentes, see idea.

officina [sine interpret.], II. 126 (Bened. reg. 4, 55 [84] officina).

OFFICIORUM, XXVI tit.

officit, xxxiv. 19, see non officit.

officium, xvi. 24, see iuge sacrificium.

offusio, effusio, xII. 47 (Eccles. XXVII. 16 effusio sanguinis). There is no record of a reading offusio, which effusio seems intended to explain.

ogdoade, nouum testamentum, IV. 10 (Eccl. Istor.); de octoade, de octaua die, v. 6 (Eccl. Stor.); de octoade, de nouo testamento, xxxv. 254 (De Eus.) = (Ruf. v. 20 fol. 88b Scribit ... Irenaeus De Ogdoade librum).

olearia, xvII. 16, see infusuria.

olei, viii. 15, see flauescit.

oleo, xiv. 5, see placentas; xxi. 18, see sancta domini.

oleum, see unguentum.

olfactoriola, turibula modica de auro uel argento [Cambr. MS. adds que] mulieres habent pro odore, xIII. 9 (Isai. III. 20 auferet Dominus...olfactoriola).

oligo, see uligo.

olla, de terra et de eramento [aer-] fit, XIX. 40 (Job XLI. 11 ollae succensae, ib. 22 For olla see also (xII. 9) cacabus; ollam).(xxix. 47) lagonam,

ollae, ollam, see olla.

ollita, de ollitim, vi. 29 (Breu. exsol.?). Cf. ollita, ueterana, Cp. O143.

ollitani, senes, xL. 16 (Uerba?).

ollitim, vr. 29, see ollita.

ollo [for olla], xxix. 47, see lagonam.

olografia [hol-], totum scriptio, xxxix. 72 (neither in Greg. Dial.? nor in any of the Can. Concc.?). Cf. holioglapha, tota scriptura, Cp. H139; holographia, propria manu totum conscriptum testamentum, Ef.2 301, 4.

olus, xL. 11, see malua.

om [? for omnes?], xLIV. 11, see clima. oma, corpus, xxix. 66 (Uerb. Interpr. = Hier. in Matth. xxiv. 28 corpus, idest πτῶμα).

omelias, see ominas.

ominas, locutiones, xxx. 89 (Cat. Hier. cxvi col. 707c elaboravit...in Hexaemeron homilias novem; B: el...in exameron omelias IX; C: el....in extameron homelias viiii) = omelias, locutiones, Cp. O159; Ef.1 375, 42; omelias [with i above the e], locutiones, Ep. 16E29.

omne, II. 106, see leguminum; xxxv. 192, see basis; xll. 21, see obfirmantes. omnes, xxix. 67, see sumenumerus.

omnes dies septimane sabbata dice-bantur, xxxix. 52 (Greg. [not Dial., but] Reg. Past. III, 28 col. 1064 [quoting Isa. LVI. 4, 5] qui custodierint sabbata mea). See Dial. IV. 32 col. 372° sacratissimo paschali Sabbato.

omnia, 1. 94, see passim, 126, see spectacula; xxxvII. 9, see tabulas, 13, see passim.

omnipotens, xxi, 17, see Adonai; see also pantocranto.

omnis, I. 111, see sicera; III. 56, see ependiten.

omnium, xxviii. 51, see hyperthesis; xxx. 19, see pantocranto; xxxix. 40, see paralisin.

omofagiis, see omofagis.

omofagis, que non nisi cocte [-tae], xxxiv. 6 (De Cassiano, Inst. iv. 22 qui... xerofagiis uel omofagiis utuntur; in note homofagiis, homofagis). Cf. xerofagia.

omonima, uaria nomina, xLIII. polionima, multiuoca, xLIII. 11; cethetica, possessiua, xlii. 12 (De div. nominibus =Donati Ars grammat. p. 373, 21, 22, 28 sunt [nomina] alia homonyma ..., alia synonyma vel polyonoma, ... sunt etiam ctetica [thetica, theiga, in note], id est possessiva). For omonima, see Cp. 0158; Ep. 16E13; Ef. 1 375, 26; for polionima, Cp. P510; Ep. 19E23.

omousion, graece latine una substantia patris et filii, 1. 80 (De Canon.; Can. Conc. Carth., praef. p. 144ª Prof. fidei Nic. Conc. unius substantiae cum patre, quod Graeci dicunt omousion).

onager, asinus siluaticus, xix. 24 (Job

vi. 5 rugiet onager; cf. xi. 12, xxiv. 5 onagri, xxxix. 5 onagrum).

onauerit [ornauerit], xxxv. 194, see expolierit.

onichinos [onych-], vii. 4, see lapides onichinos.

onichinus [onych-], xLI. 11, see sardonix. onitaltaon [or -talticon, or -taltecon], xxx. 85, see cinticta onitaltaon.

onocentaurus, xIII. 42, see epocentaurus.

onorauit [honor-], xxxv. 87, see afficit. onores [honores], v. 25, see solaria. onoribus [hon-], IV. 13, see fascibus. onychinos, see lapides onichinos.

onychinus, see sardonix.

opaco, see opago.

opago tempore denso uel estiuo, xxvII. 32 (Lib. Rot. = Isid. Lib. de nat. rer. xv. 3 sol...opaco tempore confouet sanos). opacum, aestiuum, Cp. O209; Ep. 16E34; Ef. 1 375, 47.

opera, xxxvIII. 20 (bis), see fidiae. For

opera, see also catastrofon.

operae pretium, see opere precium.

operam dare, benigne facere uel conciliare, 1.82 (De Canon.; Can. Conc. Carth. LXXIV dare operam).

opere, 11. 125, see magnopere.

opere precium, necessarium, xLVIII. 58 (De Cass., Inst. v. 38, 1 Operae pretium mihi uidetur) = operepretium, necessarium, Cp. 0182.

operiremur, expectaremur, xxxv. 281 (Ruf. vrr. 26 fol. 128ª aduentum illius operiremur; opper-, Cacciari, p. 441).

operis, xII. 1, see euergetis; xxx. 55, see

erladiocten.

operiunt, conspiciunt, v. 13 (Eccl. Stor.), -opperiunt, inueniunt repperiunt, xxxv. 18 (De Eus.) = (? Ruf. IV. 15 fol. 61b: Et ingressi ipsum quidem offendunt in superioribus quiescentem). Cf. operiunt, inueniunt, Cp. 0187; Ep. 16E10; operientes, inueniunt, Ef. 375, 23; operiunt, expectantes, Ef. 1 375, 24.

o philon, xxx. 17; see ho platon.

opifex, xLIV. 10, see cardines.

opilauit [obp-, opp-], gigisdae, xLvII. 26 (Alia=?) = oppilauit, clausit, gegiscte, Cp. O206; oppillauit, gigisedae, Ep. 16E21; o-, g sedae, Ef. 375, 34. For ge-gisean (with long i?), to stop, shut up, see Kluge, A. S. Les. p. 180.

opinantur, see gomor.

opinione, xxvIII. 51, see hyperthesis.

opperiremur, see operiremur.

opperiunt, inueniunt repperiunt, xxxv. 18: see operiunt.

oppilauit, oppillauit, see opilauit.

oppinantur [opin-], xxxIII. 16,

oppleta, inpleta, xxxiv. 27 (De Cass., Inst. xI. 15 anima...his oppleta simulacris).

oppositiones, see ypo (sub) tyos (hoc)

ops, aput antiquos terra dicitur unde inops inhumatus, xLv. 11 (Uerba de multis = Ars Phocae, p. 412, 3 feminini generis pix ops prex...). Cf. ops, terra, Cp. O204; Ef. 375, 40; ops, terrae, Ep. 16E27. optio, xxxix. 28; see qui in numero

optio ...

opus, IV. 96, see stomatum; xxxv. 75,

see iugeres.

oraculum, orationem uel locutionem. xv. 40 (Ezech. xxi. 23 erit quasi consulens ...oraculum).

oraria, mappas uel linteamina, xxxv. 37 (Ruf. vii. 26 fol. 128b oraria moueri... expectabat) = oraria, linteamina, 0226 .- orarium, mappam uel linteamen, I. 81 (De Canon.; Can. Conc. Laod. CXXV cum orariis; uti orario; CXXVI orariis, orario).

orariis, orario, see orarium, sub v.

oraria.

orarium, mappam uel linteamen, 1. 81; see oraria.

oratio, xxx. 74, see accuan.

orationem, xv. 40, see oraculum.

oratoriam, sapientiam seculariam [-rem], xxxv. 279 (De Eus.) = (Ruf. vii. 25 fol. 127b oratoriam ... docuerat); oratorie, eloquentie, IV. 51 (Eccl. Istor.) = (Ruf. IV. 16 fol. 65ª oratoriam docens).

oratorie, eloquentie, IV. 51; see ora-

oratorium, xxxv. 64, see martyrium. orbem, xLIV. 10, see cardines, 29 (bis), see axem.

orbi, xliv. 10, see cardines. orbibus, xliv. 27, see dextera.

ordei, xxxi. 17, see cercetea; xxxiii. 25, see siliqua una.

ordeo, vIII. 18, see ptisanas.

ordinationem, xxxix. 22, see presbitera. ordinatum, xll. 18, see initiatum. ordinauimus, 11. 47, see digessimus.

ordine, xxII. 1, see themate; xxVIII. 25,

see scema, 67, see anastrophe. ordinem, xxvIII. 47, see parenthesin.

orditus, xIII. 34, see telam orditus. ordo, II. 100, see lectisternia; xxvIII. 78, see hyperbaton, xxix. 21, see curia; xLv. 16, see antes.

ore, xIV. 14, see calati.

ore camerato, multum clamantem a camera tamen dicitur, xxxvII. 12 (S. Aug.?). This expression does not seem to occur in Forcellini records non Aug. Sermons. camerato eloquio caperis (Cassiod. 1 Hist. Eccl. 1), and explains "hoc est multum elaborato." Cf. Du C. Non aliquem quaeris verbis uti cameratis (tectus, involutus), Acta SS. Febr. 1. 898 in Mirac. S. Amandi.

Orestes, see eunuchus. oriatur, xxi. 3, see Subal. orichalcum, see auriculum. orientalis, xLIV. 4, see clima.

oriente, xliv. 9, see celum, 11, see clima.

origo, 11. 116, see materia.

Orion, eburdnung, xxvII. 25 (Lib. Rot. = Isid. Lib. de nat. rer. xxvI. 8 Orion, stella est).—Oriona, ebirdhring, xIX. 17 (Job IX. 9 qui facit Arcturum et Oriona) = Orion, eburdring, Cp. O255. Orion, the constellation, according to the myth, a hunter transported to heaven (Lewis & Sh.);—ebir, ebur=eofor (Bosw. T.), a boar; (dnung for) drung, dhring, dring, a throng, crowd (Bosw. T. pring). Cf. Grimm, D. Mythol., 4th ed. pp. 298, 606. For ebir ef. aper, ebir, in Steinm. A.H.G. III. 447. 26. The Cambr. MS. has Oriona, multę stellę cuiusdam signi in celo.

Oriona, ebirdhring, xix. 17; see Orion.

oriri, xliv. 27, see dextera.

ormentum, xII. 25, see in ormentum. ornamenta, x. 8, see redimicula; xx. 10,

see infula.

ornamento, viii. 16, see mala aurea.... ornamentum, xii. 25, see in ormentum. ornata, vi. 6, see meliorata. ornatam, x. 1, see osculetur me.

ornatis, xxxv. 89, see preditis. ornatum, xxxv. 185, see expolitum.

ornauerit, see expolierit. Orosio, xxxvi tit.

ortans [hort-], xxvIII. 26, see paradigma.

orthodoxam, recte gloriantium, x.i. 4 (De nomin. div. = Can. Conc. Calch. xiv p. 136° ad orthodoxam fidem; cf. Defin. fid. Conc. Chalc., ap. Mansi vii. 753° ad orthodoxorum dogmatum confirmationem). See below ortodoxis.

orthodoxi, see ortodoxon sub v. orto-doxis.

orthodoxis, see ortodoxis.

orthodoxorum, see orthodoxam.

ortodoxi, see ortodoxon sub v. ortodoxis.

ortodoxis [orthodoxis], recte gloriosis, II. 129 (Bened. reg. 9, 18 [28] quae a nominatis doctorum orthodoxis eatholicis patribus factae sunt).—ortodoxon, gloriosi uel perfecti, xxx. 94 (Cat. Hier. cxxxv col. 7174 Altercationem Luciferiani et Orthodoxi; B: alterc. luciferani et ortodoxi; C: alterc. luciferiani et ortodoxi; C: alterc. luciferiani et ortodoxi, gloriosi, Cp. O227; orthodoxi, gloriosi sine perfecti, Ep. 16E30; Ef. 375, 43; ortodoxis, gloriosis sine perfectis, Ef. 316, 63. See above orthodoxam; and cf. Napier, 1357, 2634.

ortu, xliv. 27, see leua. ortum, x. 22, see areola. os, xxii. 4, see eburneis. oscula, x. 1, see osculetur me. osculetur me, ista oscula que execlesie [ecclesiae] porrexit xpistus quam baptismi nitore mundatam et ornatam per spiritum sanctum odoris sui gratia inuitat ut sponsam, x. 1 (Cant. 1. 1 Osculetur me osculo oris sui).

Ose, xxxi. 1, see gomor maior; Ose,

XVIII tit.

osma, odor, xlvii. 24 (Alia=?). Cf. osma, suice (Bosw. T. swice), Cp. O276; osma, suicae, Ep. 16E20 and Ef. 375, 33. For osma (=Gr.  $\delta\sigma\mu\dot{\eta}$ ), a smell, odour, see Goetz, vii. 34 (osmum, saporem = Ep. 17D15; and Ef. 376, 57 osmion, saporem). osmion, osmum, see osma.

ospicium [for hospitium], xxx. 28; see

de philoxenia.

ossibus, xxII. 4, see eburneis.
ostendere, xxVIII. 83, see ennoematice.
ostendimus, xxVIII. 55, see metaforan.
ostendit, xxx. 36, see prosefanesen.
ostentationem, xxVIII. 57, see figura.
ostiarii, xxxv. 99, see aeditui.
ostiarius, IV. 6, see editus.

otheporicon, itenerarium [itin-], xxx. 72 (Cat. Hier. xxx).—otheporicon, iterarium uel uiarum, xxx. 87 (Cat. Hier. cxx); see the quotations sub v. sinphosin.

otii, quieti, xxxv. 251 (Ruf. v. 14 fol. 85a

nihil usquam ocij).

oues, see soeue.

otio, 1. 56, see foro. otiosus, xLvi. 20, see sere

otiosus, xLvi. 20, see seres; see also acidiosus.

otium, II. 46, see desidens. oua, XIV. 11, see perdix.

ouans, gaudens, xxxv. 173 (Ruf. v. 3 fol. 78<sup>b</sup> exultans et ouans). Cf. ouantes, gaudentes, Cp. 0292.

p for b: diatripas (for -bas); plandus; poreo; preuiarium; prostipulum; puplicationis; puplico; scropis.—for ph: spere (sphaerae); sperico (sphaerico); tropia (trophaea); typo (typho); typum (typhum).—for pp: apulisse (app-); operiremur (opp-).—for pre: pusti (preusti).—p doubled: oedippa (Oedipia); odippo (Oedipo).

pacificas, xli. 2, see chorepiscopi in voc. presbiteri.

pactum, v. 29, see simbulion.

Paenilopis, uxor achilis [for Ulixis], xxxvIII. 34 (Clem. Recognitt. x. 10 vide-bimur telam texere Penelopes).

paganorum, xxx. 35, see uarietas stromactis; xxxvi. 1, see Iani; xLIII. 29, see

Bachus.

pagere, see telopagere.

pagi, prouintie [-ciae], XXIII. 11 (2 Esdr. III. 15 princeps pagi).—in pago, in uico conpetis [=compitis], III. 31 (De S. Mart.

Stor.); pagus, possessio magna, xli. 19 (De nomin. div.) = (Sulp. Sev. Vit. S. Mart. 15, p. 125, 1 in pago Aeduorum). For "in uico" see Id. ibid. 13, 1; 14, 1; Id. Dial. III. 8, 4. Cf. pagus est possessio ampla, Cp. P119; pagus, possessio est ampla, sed sine aliquo iure unde et paganos dicimus alienos a iure uel sacris constitutis, Ef.2 318, 31.

palaestrarum, palaestris, see palestra-

rum.

palam, 1. 85, see proscribantur.

palantibus, pendentibus, xL. 6 (Uerba?). pallantibus, apparentibus, (Uerba?).

palathas, see labastes.

palestrarum, luctantium, xxxix. 45 (Greg. [not Dial., but] Reg. Past. iii. 37 col. 122B palaestrarum more).—palestris, luctatio, xxxvIII. 30 (Clem. Recognitt. IX. 25 Graecos non exerceri palaestris).

paliurus, erba [herba] que crescit in tectis domorum grossa folia habens fullae, xIII. 41 (Isai, xxxiv. 13 Orientur spinae... et paliurus). For paliurus = παλίουρος, a plant, Christ's-thorn, see Lewis & Sh.; fullae is, perhaps, the same as sin-fulle (cf. paliurus, sinfulle, Cp. P130; palurus, sinfullae, Ep. 20A29; palliurus, sinfullae, Ef. 382, 39 and Bosw. T.), which is explained as house-leek, sempervivum tectorum, which would agree with the Glossator's description. Cf. Steinm. A.H.G. 1. 590, 25; Schlutter, in Anglia xxvi. 303; Kluge, A. S. Leseb. 177.

pallantibus, apparentibus, xL. 20; see

palantibus,

pallebat, timebat, xxxvII. 18 (S. Aug.?). pallescere, xxxv. 14, see diriguere.

pallidus, xxix. 40, see ferrugineas; xxxv. 4, see luridus.

palmarum, x. 21 (bis), see elate pal-

palpo, see panpo.

Pan, deus arcadie [-diae] uel pastorum, XLIII. 3; see Themisto.

Pana, xLIII. 4, see arcades. panaeretos, see panarethos.

panagericis, laudabilibus, xxxv. 88 (De Eus.); pannigericis, in laudibus, IV. 1 (Eccl. Istor.) = (Ruf., Ep. ad Chrom. fol. 1b Panegyricis tractatibus). - panagericon, laudabilem, xxx. 59; eucharistias, gratiarum actiones, xxx. 60 (Cat. Hier. LXV col. 675<sup>B</sup>: Theodorus proficiscens πανη-γυρικόν [Panegyricum, Rich.] εὐχαριστίας scripsit Origeni; B: Theo. prof. panegiricum · Enchariseon idest graciarum scripsit Origeni; C: Theo. prof. pane gericum [blank] scripsit Origeni) = panagericum ceuairistias, laudabilem eruditionem, Cp.

P23; Ep. 18C27; Ef. 379, 16; eucharistias, gratiarum actiones, Cp. E341; Ef.1 358, 30.

panarethos, sapientia, viii. 1 (Salam.; Praef. S. Hier. Fertur et Panaeretos [πανάρετος, Migne xxvIII col. 1242; Panerethos. Heyse, note 10] Jesu filii Sirach liber).

pane, xIV. 7, see lignum in pane. panegericum, panegiricum, panegyricis,

see panagericis.

panem, see lignum in pane. panerethos, see panarethos.

panes, xiv. 3, see uorith; xvi. 1, see pistrinum; xxxix. 43, see duas coronas;

xLv. 10, see gyt. pangebantur, iungebtur, xL. 4 (Uerba?). panguitur, pinguitur, vi. 27 (Breu.

exsol.?).

panis, xiv. 21 (bis); see torta panis. pannigericis, in laudibus, rv. 1; see panagericis,

panos, xxvII. 11, see lupercal.

panpo, genus piscis, xLIII. 15 (De div. nominibus = Donati Ars grammat., p. 374, 13 palpo). Palpo, a flatterer (Lewis &

Sh.); cf. Steinm. II. 160, 8 sqq.

pantocranto, omnium, xxx. 19; paturia theo, de potentia dei continentia eo dicitur, XXX. 20 (Cat. Hier. XIII col. 631A liber ejus qui inscribitur περί αὐτοκράτορος λογισμού; B: lib. eius q. i. pericratopos logismoi idest de potentia loquendi; C: lib. eius qui inscribitur [blank]). Cp. P120 & 121 has: pantocranto, omnium— paturia theo, de potentia dei; P50: pantocraton, omnipotens, and P198 [=Ef. 377, 43]: pertes cratorias toyty, de potentia dei. Taking all these readings together it would seem (1) that St Jerome wrote περί παντοκράτορος λογισμού; (2) that παντ- was glossed by "omnium potens," or by "omnipotens" (omnium being a misread omps); (3) that paturia theo arose from some imagined or really existing παντοκρατορία θεοῦ, or rather περί κρατορίας $\theta \epsilon \circ \hat{v}$ ; (4) that continentia eo dicitur is a gloss to some such word as encratia  $[=\dot{\epsilon}\gamma\kappa\rho\dot{\alpha}\tau\epsilon\iota\alpha].$ 

pantocraton, see pantocranto.

papa [sine interpret.], 1. 99 (De Canon.; Can. Conc. Carth. praef. p. 141ª Aurelius Papa, 142b sancte Papa Aureli; cf. also pp. 328a, 331b).

papilio, see animalus.

papiri, unde faciunt cartas, xIII. 31 (Isai. xviii. 2 in vasis papyri).

papyri, see papiri.

parabole, conparatio, xxvIII. 48 (Cass. Psalm. xvi. 9 schema quod Graece parabole, Latine comparatio dicitur). paradigma, narratio per exempla ortans

aliquem aut deterrens, xxvIII. 26 (Cass. Psalm. 1. 6 paradigma, n. p. e. hortans a. a. d. See also xiv. 8; xxxiii. 15; xxxvi. 18).

PARALIPOMENON, VII tit.

paralisin, desolutio [dissol-] omnium membrorum, xxxix. 40 (Greg. Dial. iv. 15 col. 3454 ea quam ... paralysin vocant molestia...percussa est) = paralisin, dissolutio omnium membrorum, Cp. P127; Ep. 20A12; paralisin, desolutio omnium membrorum, Ef. 1 382, 22.

paralysin, see paralisin.

paranimphi, dryctguma, xlii. 8 (Ex div. libris?) = paranymphus, dryhtguma, Cp. P11 & 150. Paranimphus, a brides-For dryctguma = dryct, dryht, a man. company, train + guma, a man (= 0.H.G. truhtigomo, Schade), see Bosw. T. (dryhtguma); Kluge, A. S. Les. p. 170; Kern, Notes on Salic Law § 83.

paraprosdocia [-doxia], latine inopinatus exitus cum aliud proponitur aliud explicatur ut est deus deus mevs inpolluta uia eius, xxvIII. 53 (Cass. Psalm. xvII. 32, col. 132c figura ... paraprosdoxia, Latine inopinatus e. c. a. p. a. e. [ut est, the Glossator's addition, and col. 132B] Deus

meus, impolluta uia eius).

parascheue, preparatione, xxx. 63 (Cat. Hier. LXIX col. 679 Β έορταστικαί de Pascha plurimae). Cf. parasceuen, praeparatio cibi, Cp. Int. 247; parasceue, praeparatio, Cp. P109. The gloss "preparatione" in the ablat. case seems to show that "par-, prep." are not intended to explain xxx. 75 (eyaggences) or xxx. 76 (euaggences) of the present Glossary, but points to "parascheue" (παρασκευή) being another reading for "Pascha," though none of the existing texts have any traces of it.

parasueues, xxx. 76, see euaggences

parasueues.

paratus, xxII. 16, see ueredarii. parcae, see parce; striga.

parcant, xLIII. 49, see parcę.

parce, quae minime parcant, xLIII. 49 (De div. nominibus = Donati Ars Grammat. p. 402, 5 Parcae eo quod nulli parcant). Cf. parce, pyrde, Cp. P16; parcae, uuyrdae, Ep. 18C17; parce, unyrdae, Ef. 379, 6; Napier, 5480; 8, 413; 8<sup>B</sup>, 5. For pyrde, uuyrdae, plur. of wyrd, E. weird, see Bosw. T., the Fates, weird sisters.

parchredis, prestrigiis [praestigiis], v. 18 (Eccl. Stor.); parethis, ministris, xxxv. 78 (De Eus.); parethris, ministeriis [ministris?], rv. 45 (Eccl. Istor.) = (Ruf. rv. 8 fol. 56b de...demoniis Parhedris = parchedris, ministris, Cp. P78; Ep. 19E7 .paredum, prestigium [praest-], v. 17 (Eccl. Stor.) =  $(Ruf. \text{ II. } 13 \text{ fol. } 25^{\text{b}} \text{ adminiculo...}$ daemoniace virtutis quam πάρεδρον vo-

parcitate, abstinentie [-tia?], n. 90 (Bened. reg. 39, 18 [30] servata in omnibus parcitate).

parcus, xII. 32, see frugis (for frugi). pardo, xix. 39, see leopardus,

paredum, prestigium [praest-], v. 17; see parchredis.

parenthesin, idest interpositionem quoniam in sensu medio recipit uerba quedam quedam ordinem sententie uideantur posse diuidere, xxvIII. 47 (Cass. Psalm. xvi. 5 Qui versus figuram continet parenthesin id est i. q. i. s. m. r. u. quædam quæ ordinem sententiæ u. p. d.).

parethis, ministris, xxxv. 78; see par-

parethris, ministeriis [ministris?], IV. 45; see parethis.

parhedris, see parchredis.

parietem, see paxillus.

parietes, xIII. 40, see perpendiculum; xvII. 5, see trulla.

paritores, ministros, xxxxx. 18 (Greg. Dial. III. 31 col. 2924 suos apparitores

parochia, see diocesis; in diocesi (sub v. diocesim); parrochia.

paroecia, see diocesim; parrochia.

parra, see parula.

parrochia (for paroecia) [sine interpret.], 1. 83 (De Canon.; Can. Apostt. XIV parochia peruadatur...; alienam parochiam peruadere; xv relinquens propriam parochiam; ...in aliena parochia). Cf. parochia, loca adiacentia ecclesia, Cp. P24; parrochia, loca adiacentia aeclesiae, Ep. 18E6; porochia &c., Ef. 379, 33; parrochia, statuta loca, Ef. 318, 57. For parrochia see also (xxxix, 54) in diocesi, sub v. diocesim; and cf. Napier, 886; 2033; 3, 38.

parrochiis, 1. 36, see diocesis. parrula, parrus, see parula.

pars, xix. 6, see comma, 49, see lacertos; xxxi. 9, see comor, 21, see cathos; xxxiii. 16, see gomor; xLIII. 22, see forinnadas; XLIV. 4, see clima.

parte, xi. 14, see poderis; xiv. 20, see scalpellum; xxxv. 82, see sub axe p-; XLJH. 35, see hac, 36, see illac; XLIV. 11, see clima.

partem, xxvIII. 41, see sinecdochen; xxxi. 13, see sarre; xxxix. 36, see sex

partes, xIV. 33, see lacinias; xxxv. 268, see agellis; xxxvIII. 25, see climacteras; XLIV. 5, 10, see cardines.

partes autem eius cous axis clima cardines conuexa poli hiemisperia, xLIV. 1 (Alia; de cælo=Isid. de nat. rerum, XII. 3 col. 983 Partes autem ejus: chous, axis [clima not in text], cardines, convexa, poli, sidera [hemisphæria in note]). Cf. the words, printed in italics, with their explanations, in their respective alphabetical places in the present Index. Cf. the notes in Migne's Vol. LXXXIII, col. 983 sqq.

particeps, xxxv. 48, see compos. parua, 11. 115, see munuscula. parue [paruae], v. 10, see exedre.

paruipendens, pro nihilo habens uel ducens, I. 88 (De Canon.; Can. Conc. Gangr. LXIX paruipendens quod geritur; cf. Can. Conc. Antioch. xc hace paruipendentes; Can. Conc. Calch. III Dei... ministerium paruipendentes).

paruipendentes, see paruipendens.

parula, masae, xlvii. 52 (Alia=?)=p-, mase, Cp. P128; parrula, masae, Ep. 20A13 & Ef.¹ 382, 23. Parula, parrula, dimin. of parra (the common or barn owl; or, according to others, the green woodpecker, or the lapwing; see Lewis & Sh.); masae, mase (=A.S. māse, O.H.G. meisa, Germ. Meise; D. mees; E. -mouse, in tit-mouse); see Bosw. T. (māse); Goetz vii. 50 (parra, parrus, alγίθαλλοs); Kluge, Et. Wört. (Meise).

parum, paruum, XIII. 17 (Isai. VII. 13 numquid parum vobis est; xxx. 14 hauriatur parum aquae; xLIX. 6 parum est).—parum, paruum, xxv. 84 (Ruf. x. 30 fol. 174b parum firmauerim; x. 36 fol. 176a dicebat se...dolores parum sensisse; xx. 28 fol. 190b Parum dixerim).

paruulorum, xxxv. 53, see ludus literarum.

paruulus, see pungios.

paruum, xiii. 17, see parum; xv. 3, see uas transmigrationis; xxxi. 11, see ephi; xxxv. 84, see parum.

pascant, xxxv. 119, see coalescant.

pascha, see parascheue.

pasche, xxxv. 20, see magni sabbati.

passim, promiscue publice uulgo uel per omnia, r. 94 (De Canon.; Can. Conc. Calch. xxi Clericos...accusantes Episcopos, aut Clericos passim; Can. Conc. Carth. xliv passim vagando).—passim, huc atque illuc uel leuiter, ri. 134 (Bened. reg. 70 tit. Ut non praesumat passim aliquis caedere).—passim, per omnia, xxxvii. 13 (S. Aug.?).

passio, passionem, xxix. 50, see prathus.

passus, xxxi. 25, see pes.

pastoforia, gazofilatia [gazophylacia], iv. 92 (Eccl. Ist.); pastoforie, modice [-cae] domus, xxxv. 62 (De Eus.)=(Ruf. xi. 23 fol. 187b pastophoria)=pastoforia,

modica domus, Cp. P79; Ep. 19E8; Ef.<sup>1</sup> 381, 38.

pastoforie, modice [modicae] domus, xxxv. 62, see pastoforia.

pastophoria, see pastoforia.

pastoralis, xx. 9, see de cassidie. pastores, xxv. 18, see pedum.

pastorum, xLIII. 3, see Pan; see also mayalia.

patebant, xxxvi. 1, see Iani porte.

patena, xxIII. 7; xxxvIII. 17, see cratera. pater, II. 4, see abba, 7, see alleluia; xxII. 8, see Naum; xxXIV. 21, see atauus; xxXVIII. 40, see Peleum; xIIII. 28, see Bachus.

patera, uas regia, III. 32 (De S. Mart. Stor. = Sulp. Sev. Vit. S. Mart. 20, 5 pateram regi minister obtulit; 6 pateram presbytero...tradidit).

patiens, II. 32, see contentus.

patres, II. 119, see nonnos. patria, xxxv. 241, see extorres.

patricius senator, consiliarius, xxxv. 272 (Ruf. vn. 13 fol. 120<sup>b</sup> uir Romanae urbis senator, patricius).

patris, 1. 80, see omousion.

patulis, apertis, xxxv. 231 (Ruf. xi. 25 fol. 189<sup>a</sup> patulis erepebat cauernis).

paturia theo, xxx. 20, see paniocranto.
paturum, fotor, xLvi. 42 (Alia=Ars
Phocae?). The Cp. Gloss. (P253) has pedo
uel paturum feotur=Ep. 19C11 & Ef.
381, 5 pedo uel paturum fetor. This
suggests that fctor stands for fetor, and
=A.S. feoter, feotur, a fetter (see Bosw.
T. in v. feoter), not the Lat. fetor (faetfoet-), a stench; cf. also pedica.—As
regards pedo, Glogger suggests that it
may be connected with \*pediola (Körting,
Wrterb. 6979); paturum seems = pastorium, quod Italis pastoja dicitur (Du C.);
cf. Körting, 6914; Skeat, Conc. Et. D.
(pastern).

pauidi, IV. 67, see meticulosi.

pauimentum, xxxv. 171, see harene.

paulatim, xxviII. 56, see auxesis.

paulominus, xv. 46, see pusilluminus. paupertate, xxx. 91, see peri pthocheas,

sub v. ptocheus.

paupertatis, see ptocheus.

pauperum, 1. 91, see ptochiis; xxxix. 58, see pitoicis; xLI. 3, see sidonicis.

pauxillum minus, see pusilluminus.

paxillus, fusticellus qui in stantem [Cambr. MS. adds parietem] mittitur negil, xv. 5 (Ezech. xv. 3 fabricabitur de ea paxillus). Cf. paxillus, fusticellus qui in stamen mittitur in pariete, id est nagal, Steinm. Althochd. Gl. 1. 640, 5; paxillum, palum naegl, Cp. P107. For negil=nægel, nægl (=E. nail), see Bosw.

T. (nægel). Stans=domus, habitatio (Du C.); cf. also Du C. (stantia); Körting, Lat. R. W. 9023 \*stantia, dwelling-place; Ital. stanza, dwelling, room; Fr. étance, prop, support=E. stance, see Cent. Dict., and Skeat, Conc. Et. Dict. (stanza).

peccando, xxiv. 6, see publicani. pectorali, see fascia pectoralis.

pectoralis, xiii. 13, see fascia pecto-

pectore, 11. 152, see senpectas.

pectus, iv. 97, see thoraces; xiii. 13, see fascia pectoralis; xix. 42, see torax.

pecunia, xv. 24, see pollinctores. pecuniam, xxxix. 24, see aduocatus. pecuniis, xxxv. 206, see salariis.

pedalis, mensura in tela quando [for quam?] uolunt incidere, xxv. 30 (Hier. Li. 13 venit finis tuus pedalis praecisionis tuae).

pede, iv. 59, see puncto; xxxvii. 8, see odon.

pedes, vii. 1, see in nablis; xiii. 43, see lamia; xiv. 19, see arugo; xxii. 9, see pedisequas; xxxv. 27, see puncto, 181, see regio morbus; xxxix. 7, see eruce; xiiii. 13, see agrippa.

pedessequa, see pedissequa.

pedibus, xi. 14; see poderis; xix. 10, see ridhmus.

pedica, tenticula, xiv. 4 (Hier. v. 26 ponentes...pedicas).—pedica, fezra ligamen, xix. 19 (Job xviii. 10 pedica); fezra (O.H.G. fe33era), a fetter, see Bosw. T. (feoter, feotur, feter); a Bern MS. has fictor; see fotor sub v. paturum.

pedicas, see pedica.

pediola, see paturum.

pedisequa, see pedissequa, sub v. pedi-

sequas,

pedisequas, pedes sequentes idest obsequentes, xxII. 9 (Esther II. 9 pedissequas) eius ornaret; Heyse, in note, pedisequas).—pedissequa, ministra, xIV. 22 (Uerba de multis=Ars Phocae, p. 412, 27 hic et haec pedisequa; in note pedessequa).—pedissequis, conviator gegenta, xxxv. 54 (De Eus.)=(Ruf. xI. 4 fol. 179ª cum duobus pedissequis). gegenta for gegenca=gegenga, going with, from ge-, collective, and genge, adj. going; see Bosw. T. (genge).

pedissequas, see pedisequas.

pedissequis, conviator gegenta, xxxv. 54, see pedisequas.

pedo, see paturum.

pedules [sine interpret.], II. 140 (Bened. reg. 55, 9 [14] sufficere credimus monachis ...indumenta pedum pedules et caligas, 18 [31] pedules...reddant, 30 [53] pedules, caligas).

pedum, v. 16, see podagra.

pedum, fustis quem pastores habent in modum A, xLv. 18 (*Uerba de multis=Ars Phocae*, p. 412, 14, 15 pedum).

Peleum, pater achelis [Achillis], xxxvIII. 40 (Clem. Rom. Recognitt, x, 41 Peleum... et Thetidem nympham...ponunt; x. 20 Peleo cuidam dat eam).

pelle, xv. 45, see iacincto.

pellexerat, uocauerat, xxxvi. 16 (Oros. II. 4, 5 Sabinorum, quos foedere ludisque pellexerat; vII. 6, 6 legiones...ad sacramenti mutationem nellexerat).

menti mutationem pellexerat).
pellis, xxx. 20, see tympanum.
peluem (pelvim), xxv. 13, see in peluem.
pena, see catastrofon.

pendens, III. 56, see ependiten. pendent, x. 21, see elate palmarum.

pendentia, xxvIII. 45, see zeuma. pendentibus, xl. 6, see palantibus. pendere, xxVIII. 61, see amphibolia.

pendica (?), xxxi. 7, see libra. pendicum, xxxi. 23, see siliquas.

pene, xi. 3, see lanugo. Penelopes, see Paenilopis.

penetrabiliorem, I. 128, see secretalem. pennas, xiv. 20, see scalpellum; xxii. 16, see ueredarii.

pennias, XLII. 27, see in pennias. pensabat, XXXIX. 20, see in mare adriatico.

pensant, xxxIII. 31, see siliquas sex. pensat, xxxII. 31, 32, see sexturius; xxxII. 1, see dragma, 3, see scripulus, 4, see obolus, 5, see uncia; xxxIII. 22, see semiuncia, 25, see siliqua una, 28, see libra.

pensatur, xxxi. 30, see scripulus. penso, censo, ii. 138 (Bened. reg. 49, 10 augeamus nobis aliquid solito penso [16 pensu; pensum] servitutis nostrae; 50, 8 [11] servitutis pensum...reddere).

pensu, see penso. pensum, xxxII. 6, see ciatos; see also

penso.

pentapolim, u ciuitates que arserunt, xi. 7 (Sap. x. 6 descendente igne in pentapolim).

pentecoste, see pentecosten.

pentecosten [sine interpret.], m. 131 (Bened. reg. 15, 2 usque pentecosten; pentecoste, in note, [1] pentecostes, 41, 2 [1] usque ad pentecosten).

pentecostes, see pentecosten. penuria, XLVIII. 12, see frugalitas.

per, I. 94, 109; VII. 1; VIII. 12, 14; x. 1; xxII. 12; xxVIII. 26, 31, 38 (bis), 43 (bis), 50, 55, 72, 80, 83 (bis); xxXII. 38; xxXV. 120 (bis), 143 (bis), 199; xxXVII. 13; xxXVIII. 29, 31; xXXII. 24, 33, 63 (bis); xLIII. 25, 26, 44 (bis); xLIV. 3, 29 (bis).—See also periscema.—per [prep., corrupted to pref. pre-], IV. 31, see prestatio.

pera, xx. 9, see de cassidie.

peragere, see telopagere.

per aggerem [sine interpret.], m. 14; see aggerem.

peragunt, xvi. 31, see incantatores.

per ambitum, xvII. 7, perhaps for per ambulabat, see Nineue.

percunctatio, xxvIII. 36, see peusis.

percussa, xxxv. 131, see multata. percussus, IV. 28, see mulcatus. percutiaris, see ypo (sub) tyos (hoc).

perdendum, xII. 45, see caupo.

perdit, xiv. 11, see perdix.

perditi, xxxix. 38, see claut perditi.
perdix, auis in deserto alter perdit aliter
[for alter?] fouit oua, xiv. 11 (Hier. xvii.
11 perdix fovit quae non peperit). On
Jeremiah's story of the partridge, adopted
by the old Lat. Bestiaries, see Skeat's
note to Richard the Redeles, passus III.
11. 38, in Vol. II. p. 297, of his ed. of Piers
Plowman (Oxf. 1886).

perdono, xLIII. 48, see cedo.

perduellibus, see duellis. perduellionis, see duellionis.

perdulum, hragra, xLvII. 64 (Alia=?) = ardia, hraga et die perdulum, Cp. A729; ardea et dieperdulum, hragra, Ep. 2A23 & Ef. 340, 10 (id.). For dieperdulum see Steinm. Iv. 185, 42 sq. Ardea (in Virg. G. I. 304) a heron; for hragra, hraga (a heron) see Bosw. T. (hrāgra); Kluge, Etym. Wrtb. (Reiher); Oxf. D. (heron).

peregrinorum, xxxix. 59, see xenodo-

chiorum

perende [for perendie], ofer tua nest, XLIII. 41 (De div. nominibus = not? Donati Ars gramm.?); ofer, over, beyond; tua = twā, two; nest for nect, night = over two nights, the day after to-morrow; see Bosw. T. (ofer; twā; twā-nihte; nihte).

perendie, see perende.

per energiam, que actum rei incorpore imaginatione representat, xxvIII. 81 (Cass. Psalm. xxxvII. 37 per energiam quae a. r. incorporeae i. repraesentat. See also id. v. 2; and id. xxxIII. 3 energia, id est imaginatio, quae actum rei incorporeis oculis subministrat).

perfecti, xxx. 94, see ortodoxon.

perficiantur, xxII. 16, see ueredarii.

per figuram yperbolen, per quam solent aliqua in magnitudinem exaggerationis extendi, xxvIII. 88 (Cass. Psalm. vI. 7 Sive hoc per figuram hyperbolen potest accipi, per quam s. a. i. m. e. e.).

perforantes, xxxv. 187, see terebrantes. per hironiam, per mendatium, xxxv. 120 (Ruf. II. 18 fol. 29<sup>a</sup> per ironiam). Cf. per hironiam, ŏorh hosp, Cp. P239; per hironiam, per mendacem iocum, Ep. 18E7; pro hironiam, pro mendacem iocum, Ef. 379, 34. For forh (through), see Bosw. T. (burh); for hosp (reproach, contempt) id. (hosp). Cf. Napier, 5201 (per hironiam, per allegoriam, hux, hosp).

periaois, see peridion.

peribolus [sine interpret.], xv. 26 (Ezech. xlil. 7 peribolus exterior). Cf. peribulus, in circuitu domus, Cp. P249; peribulus, id est in c. d., Ep. 19A38 and Ef. 380, 49.

pericratopos, see pantocranto.

periddon, see peridion.

peridion, contextum idest unius sensus, xxx. 9 (Cat. Hier. vII col. 619<sup>th</sup> περιόδους Pauli...inter apocryphas scripturas computamus; B: periaois idest responsionem pauli...i. a. s. c.; C: periodous pauli...int. scr. ap. conp.). Cf. periodous, contextus, circutus, Cp. P197; periodoys, circuitus contextus, Ep. 17E20; Ef.<sup>1</sup> 377, 41; periddon, contextum, Cp. P236; Ep. 18C32; peridon, contextum, Ef.<sup>1</sup> 379, 20; peridoyn, actus pauli uel pitonicum, Ep. 17E25; peridoyy, actus pauli uel pytonicum, Ef.<sup>1</sup> 376, 46.

periens, xxx. 29, see capun periens.

perigamini, membrano, vi. 15 (Breu. exsol.?).

periodoias, periodous, periodoyn, periodoys, see peridion.

perioi, see peri pthocheas.

periotession, periotesyon, see peri tes

peripateticus, see peripatthiens.

peripatthiens, ambulator, xxx. 1 (Cat. Hier., Prol. 603<sup>A</sup> Hermippus peripateticus).

peripsema, see peripsima.

peripsima, gaesuopę, iv. 71 (Eccl. Istor.); peripsima, purgamentum uel quisquilea, xxxv. 195 (De Eus.)=(Ruf. vii. 20 fol. 122b effecti sunt eorum...περί-ψημα). Cf. tamquam purgamenta huius mundi facti sumus, omnium peripsima usque adhuc, 1 Cor. iv. 13. For gae-suopę (= O.H.G. gasopha, peripsima, quisquiliae, Schade) see Bosw. T. (ge-swæpa, -swæpo, sweepings, dust), and for other forms, Steinm. A.H.G. ii. 596, 4; Wright W. (Index); Napier, 4155.

peri pthocheas, de paupertate, xxx. 91;

see ptocheus.

periscelidas, armillas de tibiis, xIII. 8 (Isai. III. 20 auferet Dominus...periscelidas. Cambr. MS. periscelides, armillas de argento). Cf. perscelides, armillas in pedibus, Cp. P303; Ep. 19E11; Ef. 381, 41

periscelides, see periscelidas.

periscema icon, que latini dicitur imagi-

natio, xxvIII. 49 (Cass. Psalm. xvI. 9 Per schema icon, quae Latine d. i.).

perision [for περιούσιον], xxix. 51, see

epyuision.

peri tes zoes theoricas, idest de hac uit[a] contemplatina, xxxx 13 (Cat. Hier. xx col. 629<sup>A</sup>; see iereticos) = peritesyon, de hac uita, Cp. P237; periotesyon, d. h. u., Ep. 18C33; periotession, d. h. u., Ef. 379, 21.

peritia, xxx. 29, see capun periens. peritiae, see instrumenta.

peritie [-tiae], n. 88, see instrumenta. perlucentia, xxix. 14, see lanternis.

per metalla, per diuersas artes ferri uel alias, xxxv. 143; see metalla.

permiscet, xn. 45, see caupo.

permixtione, xxvIII. 85, see figura sardismos.

permutatio, xxvIII. 29, see exallege. permutatio, xxvIII. 44, see hypallage; see also exallege.

permutatione, see trapezita.

perna, flicci, xlvII. 13 (Alia=?)=perna, flicci, Cp. P250; Ep. 1964 & 20A10 (p-, flicii); Ef. 380, 54. For flicci, flicce, a flitch of bacon, see Bosw. T.

perna, fossa, xxiv. 2 (Math.? not in the Vulg.?). If the lemma is the well-known word perna, a flitch of bacon (see Wright W.; Cp. P250; Ep. 19C4, 20A10; Ef.¹380, 54), it cannot be explained by the equally well-known word fossa, a ditch, trench (see Goetz, vi. 465, fossa). Nor is it explained by Papias' pernae dicuntur vulgo procellae de montibus. Besides that of Leiden only one other MS. has the gloss: perna fossa flycci (Steinm. 1. 708, 1). Perhaps the two words are two lemmata, without interpretations; fossa would not disagree with umecta (q.v.).

pernicies, pernicitas, see pernities. pernities, uelocitas, xxviii. 31 (De Cass.,

Inst. VIII. 18 equi infrenes...acrius ad permiciem aurigae...prorumpunt). Pernicies does not agree with uelocitas, and hence Goetz (vII. 74) inserts this gloss under pernicitas. Cf. Ef.<sup>2</sup> (Goetz, v. 319, 33) pernicies, malitia uel uelocitas.

pernix, uelox, xLvi. 29 (Alia = Ars Phocae, p. 421, 10 hic et haec et hoc pernix) = pernix, uelox, Cp. P216.

perorans, adloquens, xxxv. 109 (Ruf. II. 5 fol. 20<sup>b</sup> perorans apud Caium)=perorans, adloquens, Cp. P302; Ep. 19E3; Ef. 381, 34.

perossus, abhominatus, vi. 26 (Breu. exsol.? Cf. Ut melius fuerit thalamis caruisse perosis, Juvencus III. 481).

perpendiculum, modica petra de plumbo qua licant [quam ligant, Cambr. MS.] in filo quando edificant [aed-] parietes pundar, XIII. 40 (Isai. XXXIV. 11) = perpendiculum, pundur, Cp. P264. For pundar (which is non-Germanic, and merely late Lat. pondarium in A.S. spelling), see Bosw. T. (pundar, pundur, a plumb-line); cf. Steinm. I. 590, 19—24.

perpera, sine causa, xxxv. 217 (Ruf. x. 27 fol. 173\* perperam gesta).—perpera, causa uel prauitas, xxxx. 43 (?Uerb.Interpr.

= Hier. in Matth.?).

perperam, see perpera.

perpeti, ueloces, XLVIII. 33 (De Cass., Inst. v. 17, 2 praepeti conscientiae deuotione; perpeti in MS.).

perpetuo, II. 28, see continuanda.

per pragmati[c]am formam, per principalia imperia uel negotia, xxxix. 63; see pragmatica.

persarum, xvi. 8, see satrapa.
personarum, xxviii. 80, see diaforesis.
personas, xxviii. 58, see apostropei.
personis, xxviii. 34, see figura m-.
personisue, xxviii. 88, see diatiposis.
perspicacem, see perspicem.

perspicem, ingenium, xxxv. 296 (Ruf. x. 9 fol. 164b Frumentio...quem quasi

perspicacem deprehenderat).

perstringit, xxviii. 64, see epitrocasmos. per tes, see pantocranto. pertinax, ii. 26, see contempto. pertinent, xxxvii. 9, see tabulas legat. pertingens, xi. 14, see poderis.

pertussos, xxxix. 43, see duas coronas. peruadere alienam rem manifeste praesumere, i. 84 (De Canon.; Can. Apostt. xiv alienam parochiam...peruadere; ef. ibid. xxxi tit. ecclesia...peruadatur; Can. Conc.

Antioch. xciv sedem peruadat).
peruenient, xxxviii. 44, see epibatis.
peruersio, xxviii. 67, see anastrophe.
peruersus, viii. 5, see uersipellis.
peruia, xvi. 3, see erypta.

peruicax, continuum, xxxvi. 9 (Oros. 1. 7, 1 peruicax proelium...gesserunt).

pes, xxxi. 24, see choros.—pes uocatur quando una uice calcat passus idest fetim IIII cubitorum, xxxi. 25 (De ponder.?). For fetim Glogger suggests to read "fet (acc. plur. of fot) IIII," and "IIII cubitos" for IIII cubitorum.

pessimos darent, circumdarent, iv. 41 (Eccl. Ist.); pessum, interitum, xxxv. 305 (De Eus.) = (Ruf. iv. 7 fol. 56ª fidelium...si quos...deciperent, pessundarent).

pessul, leer, xLVII. 25 (dlia=?). Cf. pessul, haeca, Cp. P311; p-, haca, Ep. 20A9 and Ef. 382, 20. Leer could hardly be a corruption of, or another word for haeca haca, of Cp., Ep. & Ef. The Glossae Nominum (Goetz, II. 589, 23) have

pessulum, lesera, clauus ligneus paruus. The original gloss may have been pessulum [pessu]le, sera &c.; or an O.H.G. rigil, or A.S. reogol may have become corrupted to leer. Cf. Körting, Wörterb. No. 7089. leer cannot correspond to O.D. leer (leder leeddre, laddere, ladere), a ladder, and also an instrument for torturing (see Verdam, ladere), as Engl. does not drop d in this way. It is, perhaps, related to prov. E. lar, or larra, a bar (see Engl. Dial. Dict.), and may be a synon. of haeca, haca (D. hek), which seem to have meant a hatch, grating, a gate of latticework; a hook, bolt or bar. Cf. also the Gr. πάσσαλος, a peg, and a gag.—pessuli, quo cluditur cornu [an oil-cruet], m. 19 (De S. Mart. Stor. = Sulp. Sev. Dial. III. 3, 4 obdendi pessuli, quo claudi diligentius seruanda consuerunt, in uitro illo spatium non fuisse; cf. Id. Epist. 1. 12 cum pessulo).

pessulo, see pessul.

pessum, interitum, xxxv. 305; see pessimos darent.

pessundarent, see pessimos darent.

petalum, in quo scriptum est nomen dei uel tetragrammaton, xxxv. 147 (De Eus.); petulum, lumina [for lamina] aurea, rv. 34 (Eccl. Ist.) = (Ruf. III. 31 fol. 49b pontificale πέταλον gestans; cf. id. v. 24 fol. 90b pontificale πέταλον gessit) = petalum, lamina aurea in fronte in qua scriptum nomen dei (domini, Ep.) tetragrammaton, Cp. P240; Ep. 18E9; Ef. 379, 36.

petierit, 11. 70, see exigerit.

petigo, tetrafa, xxxv. 74 (Ruf.?). According to the order in which this gloss appears in the Glossary, petigo might be looked for in Ch. 1x., or in the first two Chapters of Rufinus' work. But it does not seem to occur there, nor im-(in-)petigo; and as it is written in the MS. with a small p, it is perhaps a further explana-tion of ignis sacer (Ruf. 1x. 8 fol. 150b), or of tentigo or prurigo (Ruf. 1. 8 fol. 12b). The Corp. Gl. (I 79) has inpetigo, teter; Ep. 11E25 inpetigo, tetr; Ef. 365, 37 inpegit, teg. Fa of tetrafa is distinctly so in the MS., but the open a may be read as ic, therefore fic, which a St Gallen MS. (Steinm. n. 597, 17 petigo, tetrafic) has, while a Cod. Selest. has fig (id. 11. 598, 36 petigo, tetrafig), which, like the Lat. ficus, means a disease of the skin, the piles. Tetra would be good Latin and make, with petigo, a suitable gloss to tentigo; but the various readings above, and petigo ... idest derda in another MS. (Steinm. II. 607, 9), point to the A.S. tet(e)r, tetter, a cutaneous disease.

petra, xn. 12, see calculus; xnn. 40, see perpendiculum; xvv. 9, see in unge, 13, see sinopide; xxxiv. 15, see scopulosus; xxxv. 219, see commenta.

petrae, see calculus; cementa.

petries, xxxvIII. 15, see cementa. petries, xxxvIII. 19, see tholus.

petulum, lumina [for lam-] aurea, iv. 34

(Eccl. Ist.), see petalum.

peusis, percunctatio ubi et interrogatio fit et responsio, xxvIII. 36 (Cass. Psalm. IV. 6 figura...peusis, Latine...percunctatio u. e. i. f. e. r.; again vIII. 6; cf. also xLVIII. 5).

ph for f: prophana (profana).—for p: ephichirema (epich-); ephigrapha (epigr-);

phitagoras (Pyth-).

Phaethontis, see foetontis. phaleras, see falleras.

Pharos, see filii faros.

pharum, see fares. Phatures, see in fatores.

phialae, see fiole.

Phidiae, see fidiae opera.

philacteria, scriptura diuersa que propter infirmos habentur uel carmina, 1. 90 (De Canon.); filacteria, scriptura diuersa que propert [for propter] infirmos habentur, xxxxx 62 (not Greg. Dial., but) = (Can. Conc. Laod. cxxxxx facere phylacteria; qui phylacteriis vtuntur, ibid. tit.). Cf. philactaria, carmina uel x praecepta legis, Cp. P385; philacteria, carmina, Ep. 19C37 & Ef. 1381, 29 & Ef. 2321, 11.

philo, xxx. 17, see ho platon.

philocain, grees scopon, xlvn. 95 (Alia=?). Neither the lemma nor the gloss scopon are clear. The nearest approach to philocain is the Gr. φιλοκαινον, a love of novelty or innovation. Kluge (A. S. Leseb.) takes scopon as A.S. sceop (scop), a poet; see Bosw. T. (scūp).

philogenia, see de philoxenia. philologos, see philuluguis. philon, xxx. 17, see ho platon.

philona, philonem, xxx. 15, see ho

philophie [for philophiliae?], IV. 44, see amatorie.

philophiliae (?), see amatorie.

philosophi, xvi. 27, see malefici; \*Liv. 10, see cardines.

philosophiam, xvi. 26, see magi.

philosophos, see philuluguis. philosten, see pylominos.

philosten, see pylominos.
philosenia, xxx. 28, see de philosenia.

philuluguis, uerbi amatoris [-res], xxx. 24 (Cat. Hier. xx col. 6394 apud philologos; B: apud philosophos; C: apud philogos). Cf. filologos, rationes uel uerbi amatores, Cp. F160; filologoys, rationis

uel uerbi amatores, Ep. 9A6 & Ef. 1360, 1; philologus, rationis amatores, Cp. P381.

phitagoras, uoluptarius mentis, xxxvIII. 10 (Clem. Recognitt. VIII. 15 Pythagoras).

phlebotomum, see fledomum.

Phoebe, sol, xxvII. 23 (Lib. Rot. = Isid. Lib. de rer. nat. xxx. 2 Vnde Lucanus [Phars. 1. 538]: Iam Phoebe totum fratri quum redderet orbem...) = Phebe, sol, Cp. P388.

phrasi, see phraysi.

phraysi, sensus, xxx. 30 (Cat. Hier. xxv col. 645A cum...elegantia et phrasi non...congruere; B: cum...elogantia et phrasi id est narratione non...cong.; C.: cum...elegancia effrasi non...cong.; Rich.: cum...el. et  $\phi \rho \alpha \sigma \epsilon \iota$  non...cong.) = frasi, sensu, Cp. F311; frassi, sensu, Ep. 9A5; Ef.1 359, 65.

phreneticum, see freniticus. Phrygia, Phryx, see genefrix.

phylacteria, phylacteriis, see philacteria. piaculum, pollutio, rv. 69 (Ruf. vn. 9 fol. 119ª per piaculum).

piasma [for plasmate], xxx. 27, see de

piasma.

picem, xix. 44, see tede.

pictarum [pyct-], xLIII. 54, see cestus. pictatiola, see pitatiola.

pictores, xIII. 53, see circino.

picus, see marsopicus.

picus, higrę, xLVII. 66 (Alia=?) = p-, higre, fina, Cp. P424; p-, fina uel higrae, Ep. 20A15 and Ef. 382, 25. In class. Diett. picus is (1) a woodpecker; (2) a griffin; (3) the hoopoe (Goetz VII. 87 ἔποψ). For higre, higre, higrae (a jay, jackdaw, magpie, or woodpecker), see Bosw. T. (higera, higora); Kluge, Et. Wrtb. (Häher); higrae also glosses berna (Cp. B77; Ef.1 348, 6), cicuanus (Cp. C438) and traigis (Cp. T315). For fina, a woodpecker, in Cp., Ep. and Ef. see Bosw. T. and above, marsopicus.

pidugio, xIII. 50, see runtina.

Pigmaei, see Pigmei.

Pigmei, homines cubitales idest unius cubiti, xv. 13 (Ezech. xxvII. 11 Pigmaei, qui erant in turribus).

pigmenta, xix. 46, see cassia. pigmentis, xxII. 11, see mundum m-.

pigmento, xxxv. 306, see fuco.

pigmentum, xII. 19, see calbanus, 21, see ungula; XIII. 51, see calamum; XXXVI. 21, see laser.

pigrus, 11. 41, see desidiosus.

Pilae, see Pile.

pilam, xLIV. 3, see axis.

pilas, xxxvi. 2, see Armenias pilas. Pile, proprium nomen ciuitatis, xvII.

15 (Sophon. 1. 11 habitatores Pilae).

pilo [for pila?], viii. 18, see ptisanas. pilos, xIII. 56, see uellentibus.

pilosi, incubi monstri idest menae, xm. 24 (Isai. xm. 21 pilosi saltabunt ibi; Cambr. MS. p. i. monstra, but omits id. men.); menae for merae (=mære, mare, mere), a night-mare, a monster; see Bosw. T. (mære).

pina [for fina], see marsopicus.

pincerna, xxxix. 11, see uini fusor. pingent [-gunt], xIV. 13, see sinopide. pingit, pinguedo, see pinsit.

pinguiscebant, xix. 27, see conpingebantur.

pinguitudo, xix. 47, see aruina; see also pinsit.

pinguitur, vi. 27, see panguitur.

pingunt, see sinopide.

pini, xix. 44, see tede.

pinsit, densitudo, xxxiv. 25 (De Cass. ?). There seems to be no trace of the lemma in Cassianus's works. If densitudo be right, it is, perhaps, formed like pinguedo, or pinguitudo, of which pinsit may be a corruption. Cf. Cass. Inst. II. 13 pinguedinem (pinguidinem, pinguitudinem) cordis exhauriat; v. 34 pro pinguedine (pinguidine, pinguitudine) uel inmunditia sui cordis; xi. 14 tanta expleturum sanctitate ac rigore depingit; in note depinguit, pingit. Cf. pinso, tundo, Cp. P395; 19A27; pinso, tunso, Ef.1 380, 38.

piperatum, x. 25, see uinum candidum. piramides [pyramides], see piraondes.

domus in similitudinem piraondes, ignis nam ignis pirus est, xLIII. 46 (De div. nominibus=[?] Donati Ars gramm.?). Piraondes evidently for piramides (pyramides).

pirgos, turris, xxxv. 248 (Ruf. II. 10 fol. 23a Cæsaream, quae prius Πύργος Στράτωνος vocabatur) = pyrgras, turris, Cp. P888; Ep. 19E10; Ef. 1 381, 40.

pirus, xLIII. 46, see piraondes. pisas, xIII. 35, see uiciam.

pisces, xxxvi. 8, see scabros; xLIII. 51,

see piscina.

piscina, que pisces non habet, xLIII. 51 (De div. nominibus = Donati Ars grammat. p. 400, 2 piscinam quae pisces non habet). For piscina see also (XLVII. 11) uiuarium.

piscis, III. 20, see merocem; xIX. 8, see murenula; XLIII. 15, see panpo; piscis, XLVII. 73, see porco piscis.

pisticum, adj., xxix. 35, see pisticum,

pisticum, herba rubicunda uel nardum pisticum idest spicatum uel fidelis, xxix. 35; see nardum.

pistrinum, ubi panes coquuntur, xvi. 1 (Dan., Praef. Hieron., p. xvib, and Migne xxviii col. 1292<sup>B</sup> cum me in linguae hujus

pistrinum reclusissem).

pitatiola, membranula, xxix. 30 (Uerb. Interpr. = Hier. in Matth. xxiii. 6 col. 168° pictatiola illa Decalogi, phylacteria vocabant).

pitoicis, dispensatio pauperum, xxxix.

58; see ptochiis, sub v. ptocheus.

pituita, see sicunia. pix, xiv. 6, see resina.

placationem, xII. 7, see placorem.

placentas, dulces faciunt de simila et oleo uel adipe et melle, xiv. 5 (*Hier.* vii. 18 ut faciant placentas reginae; xiiv. 19 fecimus ei placentas).

placita, xiv. 23, see rata.

placorem, placationem, xII. 7 (Eccles. IV. 13 qui vigilaverint ad illam, complectentur placorem eius; xxxix. 23 placor).—placoris, uoluntatis, VI. 22 (Breu. exsol.?).

plamatio [for plasmatio], xxix. 26, see

protoplastrum.

plandus [for blandus?], n. 23, see

adolatur.

plane, sane, certe, II. 132 (Bened. reg. 13, 20 [32] plane agenda matutina; 44, 12 ita plane; in note sane; [17, plane in note; in text sane]). For plane see also (I. 86) prorsus; (xvII. 9) asolatis.

plasma, forma, xxxv. 269 (Ruf. vi. 33 fol. 115<sup>a</sup> uelut nouum plasma; 1. 11 fol. 13<sup>b</sup> confecta plasmate)—de piasma, fractura [factura?] uel ars, xxx. 27 (Cat. Hier. xxiv col. 643 de plasmate librum; texts

B and C idem).

plasmate, see de piasma sub v. plasma.

plasmatio, see protoplastrum.

plasmatione, xxxv. 164, see de figmento. plastes, figulus, xIII. 49 (Isai. XII. 25 plastes conculcans humum; XIV. 11, 18 plastes; XIIV. 9 plastae idoli...nihil sunt).

platanus, arbor est boni odoris, xII. 17

(Eccles. xxiv. 19).

platessa, platisa, see platissu.

platissu, folc, xlvII. 9 (Alia=?) = platisa, flooc, Cp. P464 and Ep. 20A8; platissa, floc, Ef. 382, 19. Lewis & Sh. platessa, a plaice. For folc (for flōc) see Bosw. T. (flōc, a sole, kind of flat fish); Oxf. D. (fluke, sb.); Kluge, Dict. (Flach).

plato, platon, xxx. 14; platona, xxx. 16; platonem, xxx. 16; see ho platon.—Platonis ideas, idest species, xLII. 25 (Ex div. libris=Vita S. Eugen. 3, Migne LXXIII col. 607° Platonis ideas) = Platonis ideas, species, Cp. P466; Platonis ideas, idest species, Ep. 20A20; Ef. 382, 30.

plaustrum, in similitudinem arce rotas habens intus et ipse dentes habent quasi rostra dicitur in quibus frangent spicas, XII. 47 (Isai. XLI. 15 plaustrum triturans) = Pl. in similitudine arcae r.h.i. et ipsae [idest rotae] d.h. qui rostra dicuntur in q. frangent [for frangunt] s., Cp. P481. The Cambr. MS. agrees with Cp. but omits all after habent. See further Isai. v. 18 (plaustri); xxv. 10 (plaustro); xxvIII. 27, 28 (plaustri).

plausum, xv. 8, see conplosi.

plausus, 1. 55, see fauor.

Pleiades, see pliade. plenum, xxix. 59.

plestia, abundantia uel indegeries [indig-], xII. 39 (Eccles. xxxvII. 33 aviditas appropinquabit usque ad choleram). Sab. and Heyse record, in notes, the reading

aplestia [=  $d\pi \lambda \eta \sigma \tau la$ ] for aviditas. Cambr.

MS.: Plestia, habundantia siue indigeries. plexi, see plexus.

plexus, truncatus, IV. 15 (Ruf. II. 9 fol. 22b capite plexi sunt; cf. ib. VI. 2

fol. 94b capite plexus).

pliade, uii sunt stelle [-llae] in cauda tauri, xliv. 22 (Alia; de calo=Isid. de nat. rerum xxvi. 1 col. 998^ [quoting from Job xxxviii. 31] Pleiades; ibid. 6 col. 998° Pleiades; ibid. xxxvi. 2 col. 1006° Pleiades).

plumacios, see puluillos.

plumatios [for plumacios], xv. 43, see puluillos.

plumbeos, xxII. 12, see urna.

plumbo, xIII. 40, see perpendiculum.

plumescit, mutat, xrx. 57 (Job xxxix. 26 plumescit accipiter). For mutare, to moult, see Körting, Wrtb. No. 6422.

plurale, XLIII. 16, see micene. plures, XXIII. 1, see exedra.

plurimorum, II. 188, see coenobium.

pluto, xxxvIII. 39, see Aides.

pluuia, xi. 11, see in aqua...; xv. 7, see non conpluta.

pluuie, xix. 53, see gurgitum.

podagra, tumor pedum, v. 16 (Ruf. 1. 15 fol. 17<sup>a</sup> illum...podagra laborantem).

poderis, uestis est sacerdotum a pedibus usque ad umbilicum pertingens et ibi stringebatur cingulo in cuius subteriore parte habebantur tintinnabula et mala punica, xı. 14 (Sap. xviii. 24 in veste poderis).

poetarum, xix. 51, see fabula; xlii. 23,

see IIII.

polarchia, xxx. 6, see monarchia.
polenta, farina subtilissima, xxi. 15
[Judith x. 5 imposuit...abrae suae...
polentam].

polentam, see polenta.

poli, xiiv. 1, see partes, 26, see a tergo.

—poli, ex celestibus [coel-] ciclis cacumina
quo maxime spera nititur alter ad aquilo-

nem expectans boreus alter terre obpositus austronothus dictus est, KIIV. 7 (Alia; de cælo=Isid. de nat. rerum, KII. 3 col. 983 Poli, e. coelestibus circulis c. quibus m. sphaera n. quorum alter a. A. spectans B. a. terrae oppositus Austronotus d. e.). See above partes. — poli summa, celorum [caelorum] cacumina, KIIV. 18 (Alia; de cælo?) is, perhaps, a further explanation of KIIV. 7. Or the reference may be to poli Isid. de nat. rer. KII. 6 col. 985; polis ib. XXV. 2 col. 997.

Polideuces pollux, ulixes, homines fortissimi, xliii. 5 (De div. nominibus = Donati Ars gramm. p. 373, 18, 19 sunt [nomina] tota conversa in Latinam regulam, ut Polydeuces [pollideuces, in note] Pollux,

Odysseus Vlixes).

polinctores, see pollinctores.

polionima [polyonoma], multiuoca, XLIII. 11; see omonima.

polita, see expolita.

polite, mundate, xiv. 25 (Hier. xivi. 4 polite lanceas).

pollinctores, qui sepeliunt homines pro pecunia, xv. 24 (Ezech. xxxix. 15 os... sepeliant...polinctores; Heyse poll-).

pollis, grot, xlvi. 21 (Alia = Ars Phocae, p. 418, 10 hic pollis, pollinis) = pollis, grytt, Cp. P541. For grot (E. groats; O. H. G. gruzzi; Germ. Grütze; O. & Mid. D. gort, gorte; D. gort) cf. Bosw. T. grot, a particle, an atom; grytta, grits, groats, coarse meal; Verdam, Middeln. Woord.

pollutio, IV. 69, see piaculum. Pollux, XLIII. 5, see Polideuces.

polo, xliv. 16, see antarticus, 27, see dextera,

polum, xliv. 10, see cardines, 16, see antarticus.

polus, xxxv. 274, see axe.

polydeuces, see polideuces.

polyonoma, see polionima.

poma, viii. 16, see mala aurea.

pomorum, 1. 111, see sicera.

pompa, fallatia [-cia], IV. 63 (Eccl. Ist.); pompam, risionem, xxxv. 249 (De Eus.)=(Ruf. v. 3 fol. 77<sup>b</sup> ad suppliciorum pompam).

pondera, xxxII. 10 and xxXIII. 1, see talentum; pondera, xxXI. 27, see libra

et p-.

PONDERIBUS, XXXI tit.; XXXII tit.; XXXII tit.;

ponderis, xxxIII. 7, see sicel.

pondo, see talentum.

pondus, xxxII. 1, see dragma; xxxIII. 7, see sicel; pondus, xxxIII. 23, see libra.

pone, post, XLII. 11 (Ex div. libris?) = pone, post, Cp. P557.

poni sub [for subponi?], xxxv. 192, see

ponitur, xLvi. 14, see suber.

ponte moluio, propter [for proprium?; nomen omitted] pontis iuxta roma, xxxv. 242 (Ruf. 1x. 9 fol. 152b a ponte Muluio; al. a ponte Moluio; Caeciari, p. 525 à ponte Milvio).

pontico, xxxv. 82, see sub axe p-, pontis, xxxv. 242, see ponte moluio.

pontus, xxxv. 82, see sub axe pontico. ponuntur, 1. 49, see epistilia; vn. 1, see in nablis; xxx. 7, see bibliotheca.

popa, tabernarii qui'in domo tabernarii sunt, x1v. 31 (*Uerba de multis = Ars Phocae*, p. 412, 20 hic popa). Cf. popa, tabernarius, Cp. P508; Ep. 19C8; Ef. 381, 1. For popa, in Class. Lat., see Lewis and Sh. Cf. Lat. popina, a cookshop.

poplite, see publite; puplites. poposcerit, II. 70, see exigerit. poptochi, see peri pthocheas. populorum, xxx. 85, see cinticta. porcaster, see porcastrum.

porcastrum, foor, xLvII. 92 (Alia=?)=
porcaster, foor, Cp. P520; Ep. 20A17;
porcaster, for, Ef. 382, 27. Porcastrum
for porcaster (see Du C., porcus junior;
from porcus, and the termin. -aster, like,
or no longer, a pig; cf. pueraster, drriwas,
Gloss. Gr. Lat. ap. Lewis & Sh.). The
A.S. foor, for (prob. for \*forh) may be
allied to A.S. fearh (which is cognate
with the Lat. porcus), a little pig (Bosw.
T.; cf. fear-as for fearhas, Wright W.
119, 27), as a (or ea) and ō interchange in
gradation (cf. for, pt. t. of A.S. faran, to
travel). Cf. for, porcaster (Napier, O.E.G.
20, 4; 21, 3; 22, 3).

porcis, xxv. 6, see de siliquis.

porco piscis, styra, xLVII. 73 (Alia=?) = porcopiscis, styrga, Cp. P519; p-, styria, Ep. 20A16; porco piscis, styria, Ef. 382, The lemma, which the Cp. and Ep. Glossaries write as one word, means literally a swine- or hog-fish, still known by the same word in the form porpoise, for which see the various Eng. Dictt. The fish is closely allied to the dolphin, but it would seem that the sturgeon was also called by this name, as in the Glossaries the porcopiscis is always glossed by styria or styrga; see (besides the Cp., Ep. and Ef. 1) Wright W. 261, 31; 293, 16; 469, 23. On the other hand styria is also applied to other fishes: cragacus (Cp. C921; Wright W. 366, 20), rombus (Wright W. 180, 25). See further Bosw. T. (styria).

porcos, xxxv. 72, see lanionibus.

porcus, see porcastrum.

poreo [boreo], xLIV. 16, see antarticus.

porochia, see parrochia. porrectione, xl. 19, see conpage. porrexit, x. 1, see osculetur me. porro, 1. 85, see proscribantur. porrus, xli. 16, see cypressus.

πorsutas, motatores, iv. 101 (Ruf. vii. 28 fol. 131<sup>b</sup>? Haec autem particula, prima ex duodecim, vernale est æqui-noctium, et ipsa est initium mensium et caput circuli et absolutio cursus stellarum πλάναι [stellarum, quae πλάναι planetæ, Cacciari, p. 452], id est vagae dicuntur, ac finis duodecimæ particulæ et totius circuli terminus). The gloss motatores seems to refer to these stars, and it is possible that

some MSS. had πλανας πλανητας.

porta, xxxvi. 1, see Iani. - porta laurenti, quia per ipsam corpus eius portatum est, xxxix. 33 (Greg. Dial. iv. 54 col. 416<sup>B</sup> juxta portam sancti Laurentii). -porta stercoris, ubi stercora pro [for proiciuntur?], xxin. 9 (2 Esdr. ii. 13 ad portam stercoris).-portarum indumenta, idest coria quibus porte indute [-tae] sunt, xxxv. 140 (Ruf. III. 6 fol. 37b scutorum indumenta, in edit. 1548; Portarum indumenta, in edit. 1535 and ap. Cacciari, p. 123, who points out that one Vatic. MS. has scutorum) = portarum indumenta, corie quibus portae sunt indutae, Cp. P495; Ep. 18E8; portatorum in-, coria q.p.s.i., Ef.1 379, 35. The different readings (scutorum; portarum) are apparently due to a confusion between the Gr. θυρων and θυρεων.

portam, xxIII. 10, see ualuas. portant, xiv. 36, see urceos; xxix. 15,

see batroperite.

portantem, xvi. 6, see discoforum. portantes, II. 82, see gestantes. portantur, xIII. 59, see feretri. portari, x. 13, see ferculum. portarum indumenta, idest coria &c.,

xxxv. 140; see above porta. portati, 11. 17, see angariati. portatorium, xxv. 4, see loculum. portatum, xxxix. 33, see porta laurenti. portatur, xLII. 21, see basterna. porte [-tae], xxxvi. 1 (bis), see Iani

porte.

porte, xxxv. 140, see portarum indumenta, sub v. porta; xLvIII. 37, see

portentosa, portentuosa, see portentuose. portentuose, monstruose exempli causa cum sex digitis nati, 1. 95 (De Canon.; Defin. fid. Calch., ap. Man. vii. 751a confusione portentuosa, 752ª portentosa). Cf. Isid. Etym. x1. 3, 6 & 7; Id. Diff. 457-459; Helmreich, in Archiv f. L. L. xn. 311.

porti, 1v. 93, see angiportos.

porticibus, xIV. 12, see domatibus. porticos, III. 40, see conclavia. posite, IV. 98, see comellas. positio, xLvI. 24, see situs. posito, xxxv. 41, see in aculeis. posse, xxvIII. 47, see parenthesin. possent, xII. 42, see uasa. possessio, xl. 19, see pagus. possessiones, r. 98, see predia. possessiua, xliii. 12, see cethetica. possumus, xxvIII. 57, see figura. possunt, xii. 1, see presbiteri, 2, see chorepiscopi. post, 1. 39; 11. 183; xxviii. 65; xlii.

11; XLIII. 42. postea, II. 54, see demum.

posterae, see postere.

postere, porte, XLVIII. 37 (De Cass., Inst. v. 11, 2 urbs...posterae unius...proditione uastabitur).

postorum, see magalia.

posttridie, post III dies, XLIII. 42 (De div. nominibus = not [?] Donati Ars grammat. ?).

postulatio, 11. 99, see laetania. posuit, xxIII. 12, see memores salis. potentia, xxx. 20, see pantocranto. potest, r. 111; x. 13; xix. 28; xxxv. 192; xxxix. 48.

potestas, xxx. 4, see anarchius.

potestate, xvi. 16, see ditione. potestates, II. 178, see tirannides. potio, I. 111, see sicera. potiones, II. 15, see biheres. practicen, xxix. 64, see theoritisen. praebetur, see spectacula. praecedentia, see prolezomena. praecipitans, see leua. praecipua, praecipue, praecipuis, see

precipuis. praecipuum, see epyuision. praecone, see curione.

praeconio, see metaforan. praedator, see tyrsamus. praedia, see predia. praedicant, see aruspices. praedicationis, see eyaggences. praedicentia, see prolezomena.

praeditis, see preditis. praefatio, see proemium. praefatione, see prosa. praefationibus, see proemiis. praefecto, see balneum Ciceronis.

praeficit, see afficit. praefocatus, see prefocatus. praelatus, see prelatus. praemissae, see aetilogia.

praeoccupatio, see prolemsis. praeparatione, see in expeditione. praeparationis, see eyaggences apod-.

praepes, see prepes.

praepeti, see perpeti.

praepositurae, see editionis [but here wrongly suggested for propositure, which latter is apparently correct; cf. propositio, a setting forth for public view, exhibition: panes propositionis (shewbread), Exod. xxv. 30; Marc. 11. 26]; uilicationis.

praeposituram, see propositus. praepositus, see prelatus; qui

praerogatiua, see prerogatiua. praesidem, see ducennarium. praesidens, see presidens. praestanda, see adhibenda. praestantur, see accommodentur. praestigiis, praestigium, see paredum. praestita, see exhibita.

praesto esse, see exhibere. praestrigiis, see prestr-. praesul, see presul.

praesumere, 1. 84, see peruadere.

praesumpte, see temere. praesumptuose [or praesumpte?], II. 172,

see temere. praesunt, see hierufontis. praeterita, see dissimulat. praeteritis, see prolemsis. praetore, praetorio, see ex pretore. praetoriola, see preteriola. praetorium, see pretorium. praeuidere, see uasa castrorum. praeusti, for pusti (q.v.).

pragmatiam for pragmaticam, xxxix. 63; see per pragmaticam formam, sub v.

pragmatica.

pragmatica forma, principalia imperia [suppl. uel negotia, from 1. 91; see ptochiis], 1. 92 (De Canon.); per pragmati[c]am formam, per principalia imperia uel negotia, xxxix. 63 (not in Greg. Dial., but) = Can. Conc. Calch. XII p. 135 per pragmaticam formam in duo unam prouinciam diviserunt. - pragmaticam. negotialis, xxix. 45 (Uerb. Interpr. = Hier. in Matth.?). For pragmaticam, see also pragmatica; ef. pragmatica, principalis, Cp. P655; Ep. 18C37; Ef. 379, 25; pragmatica, negotiatio, Cp. P658; Ep. 18E2; Ef. 379, 29.

pragmaticam, negotialis, xxix. 45; see pragmatica.

prapatheian, xxix. 50, see prathus. prasinum, xli. 10, see smaragdus.

pratearum [for pratorum?], x. 10, see

prathus et prapatheian, passio et probatio, xxix. 50 (Uerb. Interpr. = Hier. in Matth. v. 28 Inter πάθος et προπάθειαν, idest inter passionem et propassionem, hoc interest...).

pratorum, see cyprus.

prauitas, xxix. 43, see perpera.

praxeon, actionum, xxx. 8 (Cat. Hier. VII col. 619B volumen ... quod titulo Apostolicarum [al. Apostolicorum] πράξεων praenotatur; B: vol. quod tit. apostolorum praxeon idest actuum praenotatur; C: vol. quod tit. apostolicorum actuum prenotatur; Ε: πρατνων idest actuum) = praxeon, actionum, Cp. P682; Ep. 19C33; Ef.1 381, 26.

pre- for per; see prestatio for per stationes.

prebetur [praeb-], 1. 126, see spectacula. preces dictare [sine interpret.], 1. 97 (De Canon.; Decret. Innoc. xxv preces dictantibus; ibid. tit. preces dictant).

precipitans [praec-], xLIV. 27, see leua. precipuis [praec-], maximis, n. 193 (Bened. reg.? cf. 3, 2 [1] quotiens aliqua praecipua agenda sunt; adv. 33, 3 [1]; 64, 39 [72] praecipue).

[praec-], precipuum xxix. 51,

epyuision.

precis [precis], xLv. 8, see prex.

precium [-tium], xxxvII. 9, see tabulas

precium [pretium], xLVIII. 58, see opere precium.

preconio [praec-], xxvIII. 55, see metaforan.

predator [praed-], xxxiv. 37, see tyrsamus.

predia, possessiones, 1. 98 (De Canon.; Can. Conc. Calch. III tit. prædia aliena conducere; Can. Conc. Sard. xv idonea prædia habere; Can. Conc. Carth. xxxII prædia comparant, and xxxIII p. 148ª vendere prædia). Cf. fundus, possessiones, praedia, Cp. F411.

predicaciones [praedicationis], xxx. 75,

see eyaggences apod.

predicant [praed-], xvi. 30, see aruspices. predicentia, xxvIII. 21, see prolezomena. preditis, ornatis, xxxv. 89 (Ruf. 1. 1 fol. 2b pietate praeditis viris).

prefacione [praefacione], xix. 14, see

prefacionibus, xxxiv. 11, see proemiis. prefatio [praef-], xxix. 6, see proemium. prefecto [praef-], xxxix. 4, see balneum ciceronis.

prefocatus. strangulatus, xxxv. 239 (Ruf. 1x. 8 fol. 151 si quis...constrictus et

præfocatus).

prelatus, prepositus, 11. 139 (Bened. reg. 65, 31 [60] praepositus...quantum praelatus est ceteris).

premuntur, xv. 33, see uinacia; xvIII. 3, see uinatia.

preoccupatio [praeoc-], xxvIII. 75, see prolemsis.

preparatione, xxi. 1, see in expeditione; xxx. 63, see parascheue.

preparationis, -onum [praep-], xxx. 76, see eyaggences apod-.

prepes, auis, xLvi. 19 (Alia = Ars Phocae, p. 417, 23 hic et haec praepes).

prepositure [praepositurae], n. 168, see uilicationis.

prepositus [praep-], n. 139, see prelatus;

XXXIX. 28, see qui in numero...

prerogatiua, priuilegium, xxxiv. 40; prerogatiua, excellentia, xiviii. 19 (De Cass., Inst. viii. 1, 2 natalium praerogatiua; xii. 4, 1 uirtutem, tantae potentiae praerogatiua decoratam).

presagio, xli. 21, see obfirmantes.

presbiter [sine interpret.], 11. 130 (Bened.) reg. 62, 2 [1] presbyterum ordinare; 63, 12 [20] presbyteros iudicauerunt).-presbiteri qui sunt in agris epistolas dare non possunt Ad solos tantum uicinos episcopos litteras distinabunt, XLI. 1; Chorepiscopi qui sunt inreprehensibiles dare possunt pacificas idest generales epistulas, xll. 2 (De nom. diuersis = Can. Conc. Antioch. xxcvi p. 126ª Presbyteri, qui s. i. a. canonicas epistolas d. n. p. a. s. t. u. e. literas destinabunt. Chorepiscopi autem q. s. i. d. p. p. i. g. epistolas).—presbitera, uxor presbiteri [-byteri] quam habuit ante ordinationem, xxxix. 22 (Greg. Dial. iv. 11 col. 336° presbyteram suam ut sororem diligens). - presbiteras, uxores presbiterorum [presbyt-] quas antea (sic; suppl. habuerunt), 1. 104 (De Canon.; Can. Conc. Laod. CXIV tit. Non congruere presbyteras ... ordinari).

presbitera, uxor presbiteri &c., xxxix. 22; presbiteras, uxores presbiterorum,

&c., I. 104; see presbiter.

presbiteri [-byteri], xxxix. 22, see presbiter,

presbiterorum [presbyt-], 1. 104, see presbiteras in v. presbiter.

presbyteram, presbyteras, presbyteri,

presbyterorum, see presbiter.

presbyteros, presbyterum, see presbiter. presidem [praes-], xxxv. 282, see ducennarium.

presidens [praes-], 1. 87, see presul. presides [praes-], 1. 40, see defensores. prestanda [praest-], 11. 19, see adhibenda. prestantur [praest-], 11. 22, see accommodentur.

prestatio, custodia, iv. 31 (Ruf. iii. 6 fol. 36b per stationes hostium).

prestigium [praest-], v. 17, see paredum.

prestita, n. 56, see exhibita. presto [praesto] esse, 1. 52, see exhibere.

presto [praesto] esse, 1. 52, see exmoere. prestrigiis [praestrigiis?], v. 18, see parchredis. presul, iudex uel presidens [praesidens] uel defensor, r. 87 (De Canon.; Dionys. Praef., p. 101 sancti praesules...muniantur; Can. Conc. Ancyr. xxxvii vim praesulibus...inferre).

presunt [praes-], xxxvIII. 42, see hieru-

fontis.

preteriola, domuncula micina in naue unius cubiti in quibus abscondunt cibos suos [refers, perhaps, to remigantes of xv. 9], xv. 11 (Ezech. xxvII. 6 fecerunt... praetoriola). For micina the Cambr. MS. has uicina; but in xv. 43 occurs micinos; micinus probably = micidus, meaning small. Cf. Du C. micina, uno vase de nave, Glossar. Lat. Ital. MS.; praetoriola, domuncula in naue, Cp. P665; praetoriala, d. i. n., Ep. 19A11; praetoriocla, d. i. n., Ef. 380, 22.

preterita [praet-], 1. 44, see dissimulat;

II. 49, see dissimulat.

preteritis [praet-], xxvIII. 72, see anaphora.

pretium, see tabulas legat.

pretore, pretorio [praet-], xxxv. 223, see

ex pretore.

pretorium, domus iudicaturia, xxiv. 18 (Math. xxvii. 27 milites...suscipientes seum in praetorium; Wordsw. & White, in note, in praetorio & pret.) = praetorium, domus iudicaria, Cp. P622. See Goetz, vi. 126 (praetorium).

preuiarium [for breu-], xxx. 73, see

epimehne.

preuidere [praeu-], xii. 42, see uasa. preusti [=praeusti], for pusti (q. v.).

prex, unde precis, xLv. 8 (*Uerba de multis = Ars Phocae*, p. 412, 3 feminini generis ops *prex* pars...).

prima, xxix. 26, see *protoplastrum*.

prima, xxix. 26, see protoplastrum primaeuo, see a primeuo flore.

primatem dioceseos [sine interpret.], 1. 93 (De Canon.; Can. Conc. Calch. Ix petat Primatem diaceseos; xvII apud Primatem diaceseos).

primeuo [primaeuo], xxxix. 1, see a

primeuo flore.

primicerius, see primicirius.

primicirius [sine interpret.], 1. 103 (De Canon.; Append. Conc. Calch. ap. Mans. VII col. 747° primicerius). Cf. Isid. Epp. 1. 13.

primitias, xxi. 18, see sancta domini. primo, xxii. 12, see urna; xxxix. 1, see a primeuo flore.

primus, xxII. 13, see nisan; xLIV. 16,

see antarticus.

princeps, IV. 27, see ariopagitis; XVI. 8, see satrapa; XXV. 9, see decurio; XXIX. 65, see cuimarsus; XXXV. 7, see toparcha.

principalia, 1. 92, see pragmatica; xxxix. 63, see per pragmaticam formam.

principatum, xxx. 38, see archutomam. principia, xxvIII. 72, see anaphora.

prineose, prino, prinu, prise, xxx. 95; see ypo (sub) tyos (hoc) &c.

prinatis, alienatis seperatis [separatis], II. 136 (Bened. reg. 13, 1, 3 [tit. & 1] prinatis diebus).

priuato, II. 81, see gradu.

priuigna, nift, xlii. 7 (Ex div. libris?); = priuigna, nift, Cp. P604; priuigna, filia sororis, idest nift, Ep. 18A6; Ef. 378, 13; priuigna, a step-daughter; nift, likewise step-d., but also a niece, grand-daughter; see Bosw. T. nift.

priuilegium, xxxiv. 40, see prerogatiua. pro, i. 88, 111, 115; iii. 21; viii. 8, 16, 17; xiii. 9; xiv. 3, 34; xv. 24; xvi. 12, 27; xxiii. 12; xxviii. 18, 72; xxix. 67 (bis); xxxiii. 6; xxxv. 14, 179, 210; xxxviii.

44; xLII. 20; xLIV. 11 (ter).

pro, III. 14 (see note † on p. 7). probamento, II. 72, see experimento. probatio [for propassio], xxix. 50, see

prathus.

probationes, xxvIII. 79, see epexergasia. probra, obprobria, xxxv. 125 (Ruf. II. 24 fol. 33ª Longum est...probra eius...describere).

procacia, adrogantia, IV. 46 (Ruf. IV. 15

fol. 61b procacia...et temeritate).

procacitas, I. 61 and II. 96, see inprobitas. procaciter, superbe, п. 133 (Bened. reg. 3, 9 [12] procaciter defendere).

procax, II. 89, see inprobus.

procella, xxxvIII. 41, see totegis. proceres, see processores.

proceritas, celsitudo, xxxv. 142 (Ruf. III. 7 fol. 39ª proceritas corporis).

processores, excelsi, xxxv. 92 (Ruf. 1. 1 fol. 3ª proceres magnificantur); ef. proceres, geroefan (reeves), Cp. P827.

procomian, xxx. 54, see et procomian. proconsolaris, in uice consulis quia suffecti erunt [erant] consulibus, I. 100 (De Canon.; Can. Conc. Carth., praef. p. 142\* prouinciae Proconsularis; ibid. xxxIII Episcopi proconsulares).

proconsulares, proconsularis, see pro-

consolaris.

procul, 1. 86, see prorsus.

procuratores, quod uice curatoris fungantur, r. 101 (De Canon.; Can. Conc. Carth. xvi ut episcopi...non sint...procuratores).

prodesse, II. 67, see expedire. prodest, II. 59, see expedit.

prodicus, dissipator substantie, 11. 137 (Bened. reg. 31, 17 [34] neque prodigus sit) = prodigus, dissipator substantiae, Cp.

P747.—non prodicus, non superfluus, II. 121 (Bened. reg. 31, 4 [6] Cellerarius... non prodigus).

prodiderit, manifestauerit, n. 191 (Bened. reg. 46, 8 [10] prodiderit delictum

suum).

prodigus, see prodicus.

prodis [for profundis?], xIV. 14, see calati.

proemiis, prefacionibus [praefation-], xxxiv. 11 (De Cass., Inst. x. 7, 3 tantis proferre procemiis differebat; in note: proemiis, praemiis, proemisis).

proemio [for procemio], xix. 14, see

prosa.

proemium, prefatio [praef.], XXIX. 6 (Uerb. Interpr. = Hier. in Matth., Prol. col. 18<sup>B</sup> ut ipse in proemio confitetur; ibid. col. 19<sup>A</sup> in illud proemium) = prohemium, praefatio, Cp. P625 & 745.

profana, see prophana. profano, r. 113, see sacrilego. proficiens, v. 23, see suppeditans. profundum vxxx 226 see in a

profundum, xxxv. 226, see in chaos; xxxix. 20, see in mare adriatico.

profusius, habundantius, xxxv. 108 (Ruf, 11. 3 fol. 20<sup>a</sup> profusius effunderetur diuina dignatio).

progenies, xxxv. 98, see prosapia. prohibere, xxvIII. 18, see inhibere. prolectus, xvIII. 7, see Niniue. pro[iciuntur], xxIII. 9, see porta stercoris.

prolegomena, see prolezomena.

prolemsis, preoccupatio crebra sermonis que multa colligit unius uerbi iteratione decursa, xxvIII. 75 (Cass. Psalm. xxvII. 8 prolepsis, Latine praeoccupatio, quando res secuturae pro praeteritis ponuntur). The above "crebra sermonis...decursa" is wrongly added in the MS. to this lemma; it belongs to xxvIII. 73 (epimone, q. v.), whereas "quando—ponuntur" (wrongly secuntur) is in the MS. wrongly under anaphora (xxvIII. 72).

prolezomena, idest predicentia [prae-], xxvIII. 21 (Cass. Psalm. Praef. xvIII col. 24<sup>B</sup> prolegomena, idest præcedentia).

prolixior, see lacernam.

prolixor [-xior], III. 8, see lacernam. PROLOGO, XXX tit.; see De Catalogo. promaean, see et procomian.

promiseus, xxviii. 67, see anastrophe. promiseus, i. 94, see passim.

promisse [for praemissae], xxvIII. 46, see aetilogia.

promissionis, xiv. 24, see stipulationis. promontorium, hog, iii. 35 (S. Mart. Storia = Sulp. Sev. Dial. i. 3, 5 promuntoria, and in note promunctoria, promuntaria, promontoria). For hog, a heel, hough; promontory, see Bosw. T.  $(h\bar{o}h)$ ; E. hoe (Oxf. D. sb.1). - promontorium, ubi terra intrat in mare, xxxvi. 3 (Oros. 1. 2, 13, 14 promunturium; in note promuntorium; promontorium; see ibid. 1. 2, 46, 47, 81, 94, 99, 103 &c.).

promulgantes, proponentes, 1. 96 (De Canon.; Defin. fid. Calch., ap. Mans. vii col. 754° sententiam promulgantes; cf. Can. Conc. Carth., praef. p. 144a quae...

promulgata sunt).

promulgata, see promulgantes.

promunctoria, promuntaria, promuntoria, promunturium, see promontorium.

pronuba, herdusuepe, xxvi. 6 (Isid. Offic. n. 20, 5 eisdem virginibus legitime nubentibus vniuirae pronubae adhibentur) = pronuba, heor suaepe, Cp. P701. nuba, a bride-woman; herdu=A. S. heoro (Bosw. T. hearth, fire-place; house; O. & Mod. H. G. herd, cf. Kluge; D. haard); suepe = A. S. swæpe, a sweep (A. S. swapan, Bosw. T.). See also Bosw. T. had-swæpa (\*swāpe), pronuba, bridesmaid.

pro octava, in nouissimo die azimorum [azym-], vII. 2 (1 Paral. xv. 21 in citharis pro octava canebant epinicion); the 8th day after Easter; cf. Exod. xII. 18; on other interpretations of the expression "pro octava," see Thalhofer, Erklär. der

Psalmen, 7th ed. p. 71.

procemiis, see proemiis.

procemio, see proemium sub v. proemiis; prosa.

procemium, see proemium.

proparaskenes, see eyaggences apod-.

propassionem, see prathus.

prope, I. 117, see secus; xxxiv. 34, see comminus.

propert [for proprium?], xxxix. 34, see angulinis; [for propter?], xxxix. 62, see filacteria.

properter [for proprium], xxxvIII. 13, see

prophana, deforma, xv. 44 (Ezech, XLVIII. 15 Quinque millia...profana erunt). deforma see Lew. & Sh. deformis. profana, maculata, Cp. P749.

propheta, Iv. 5, see fates; xxxv. 97, see

prophetae, see uina.

prophete, x. 4, see uina; PROPHETE, XIII tit.

prophetis, xxxvIII. 42, see hierufontis; PROPHETIS, XVII tit.

propinquitate, xxxIII. 7, see sicel. propitius, xxix. 63, see ileusun cyrię. propius, xxxv. 162, see in comminus. proponentes, 1. 96, see promulgantes.

proponitur, xxviii, 53, see paraprosdocia.

propositura [praep-], IV. 105, see propositus.

propositure, xxxv. 23, see editionis, where praepos- is wrongly suggested.

propositus, uestis regie propositura, IV. 105 (Ruf. vII. 28 fol. 130b ei contulerat purpurae praeposituram; cf. Gloss. Werth. [Gallée, p. 343]: propositura propositus, idest uestis regiae).

propri [for propria], xxvIII. 33, see

tropus.

propria, xxvIII. 33, see tropus; xLIV. 10, see cardines.

proprietas, xix. 7, see idioma.

proprietate, xxx. 56, see aethimologia. propriores, proprios, xxvIII. 43, see caracterismos.

proprium, x. 23, see Aminab; xII. 24, see Dorix; xIII. 16, see tabehel; xv. 12, see bibli, 15, see Dan, 23, see Syeres; xvi. 19, see Apethno; xvii. 15, see Pile; xxiv. 13, see alabastrum; xxvIII. 76, see metafora; xxix. 39, see prorusu; xxx. 26, see diatripas; xxxvIII. 11, 12, 14, see Calistratus; xxxix. 10, see ausaret, 26, see emorphium. See also actio; angulinis; Galerius; interorina; propter.

propter, 1. 90, see philacteria; x. 22, see areola; xxi. 16, see conopeum; xxxviii. 43, see nastologis. See also filacteria.for proprium: xxxv. 209, see Galerius, 242, see ponte moluio, 256, see Actio;

xxxix. 9, see Interorina.

prorigo, urido [for urigo?] cutis idest gyccae, xxxv. 3, see pruriginem.

prorsus, plane procul dubio uere, 1. 86 (De Canon.; Can. Apostt. xvII prorsus ex numero eorum).

prorumpit, xxvIII. 65, see epiphonima. prorusu lembo, prorusu insula proprium lembo a quo ibi faciunt illa uestimenta, XXIX. 39 (Uerb. Interpr. = Hier. in Matth. xxvn. 27 induant chlamyden coccineam pro rufo [russo, in note] limbo, quo reges veteres utebantur) = Rusulembo, genus uestimenti, Cp. R259; cf. Du C. Russolembus, muliebre vestimentum; Goetz, v. 578, 9, Russo lembo, uestimentum rosei coloris quo reges ueteres utebantur.-Goetz, vi. 148, suggests to read "pro rufo limbo pro rufa infula." But perhaps leg.: (pro) ruso (russo) lembo, (pro) russo insulae [name of insula omitted] proprium; lembo &c.

prosa, proemio [prooemio] uel prefacione [praef-], xix. 14 (Job; Praef. Hieron. p. xivb and Migne P.L. xxviii col. 1081 prosa oratio est; p. xivb and Migne col. 1082 prosa oratione contexitur). prosa, praefatio, Cp. P656; Ep. 18C38; Ef. 1 379, 26.

prosaomelian, see et procomian.

prosapia, progenies, xxxv. 98 (Ruf. 1. 1 fol. 7° de Noë...omnique prosapia scri-

bitur)

proscribantur, porro uel palam scribantur, I. 85 (De Canon.; Can. Apostt. xL nec Episcopi, vel eius propinqui...proscribantur). — proscribendo, damnando, xxxv. 207 (Ruf. viii. 17 fol. 144ª alios... proscribendo).

proscriptionem (?), see scriptionem.

prosefanesen, ostendit, xxx. 36 (Cat. Hier. xxxvIII col. 653<sup>λ</sup> liber unus, quem proprie Alexandro, Hierosolymorum episcopo προσεφώνησε [-ησεν, Rich.]; B: liber unus, que p. a. iherosolimorum e. prosphonesen ostendit; C: l. u. quem p. a. ier. e. [blank]) = prosefanesin, ostendit, Cp. P568; prosefanescen, ostendit uel carcteri, Ep. 17E23; persefanescem, ostendit uel caracteri, Ef. 1377, 44.

prosepion, see et procomian.

prosequantur, comitantur, 1. 89 (De Canon.; Can. Conc. Antioch. xxcix qui... proficiscentem suis prosequantur epistolis).

—prosequor, deducor [for deduco], 1. 102 (De Canon.; Can. Conc. Carth. xxcvi prosequor ea quae...gesta sunt; conf. ibid. x quae...prosecutus est).

prosomean, prosomian, prosonam, see

et procomian.

prospera, xxvii. 18 & xxxiv. 16, see secunda.

prosperitatem, iv. 49, see furtunatam. prosphonesen, see prosefanesen.

prostibulo, see prostipulum.

prostipulum, locus fornicationis, iv. 72 (Eccl. Istor.); in prostibulo, in domo fornicaria, xxxv. 116 (De Euseb.) = (Ruf. II. 13 fol. 24<sup>b</sup> quae...in prostibulo steterat) = in prostibulo, in domo fornicaria, Cp. I143; Ef. 366, 19; in pr-, in domo foricara, Ep. 12A22.

protegere, 11. 180, see tueri.

protoplastrum, prima plamatio [plasmatio], xxix. 26 (Uerb. Interpr.= Hier. in Matth. xx. 13 protoplastum intelligi). Cf. protuplaustum, primus figuratum, Cp. P588.

protoplastum, see protoplastrum. protulimus, 1. 38, see depromsimus.

protulit, x. 12, see ficus protulit.... prouide, caute iuste, n. 141 (Bened. reg.

3, 13 [17] provide et iuste).

prouidere, xxxv. 284, see consulere. prouincia, xxxxx. 13, see Aurelia. See also Canisius; Cyprius; Decapolim; Saba. prouinciae, see Ambiensium; pagi.

prouintia [-cia], XIX. 25, see Saba; XXIX. 31, see decapolim; XXX. 2, see Canisius; XXXV. 299, see Cyprius.

prouintie [-ciae], III. 2, see Ambiensium.

prouintie [-ciae], xix. I2, see Theman; xxiii. 11, see pagi.

prouocat, xxxv. 260, see lacessit.

pruriginem, bleci, v. 15 (Eccl. Hist.); prorigo, urido [for urigo?] outis idest gyccae, xxxv. 3 (De Eus.)=(Ruf. I. 8 fol. 12<sup>b</sup> prurigo...intolerabilis). The latter gloss=prurigo, gycenis, Cp. P692; prorigo, gycinis, Ep. 19E5; prurigo, gycinis, Ef. 381, 36. For bleci, blece, blotch, see Bosw. T. (blæco, blace)a, paleness, leprosy); Kluge A. S. Les. (blece, Aussatz); Oxf. D. & Skeat (blight). For gyccae, itch, see Bosw. T. (giccan); Oxf. D. & Skeat, D. (itch, sb.).

prurigo, see pruriginem.

psalmi, psalmum, xxvIII. 18, see apo

psalmus, cantus, n. 135 (Bened. reg. 9, 6 [6] tertius psalmus; psalmum, in note; 12, 4 [3] sextus psalmus, &c.).

psalterium, xII. 40 (bis), see cyneris. psaltes, castus [for cantus or cantor?], IV. 53 (Eccl. Ist.); psaltes, cythara, [cith-], xxxv. 161 (De Eus.)=(Ruf. IV. 18 fol. 66<sup>b</sup> alius [liber] qui superscribitur

Psaltes).

pseudo ephigrapha, falso superscribta [-pta], xxx. 33 (Cat. Hier. xxxII col. 647<sup>18</sup> quasi ψευδόγραφα repudiantur; B: quasi pseudo epigrapha idest false superscriptionis rep.; C: quasi [blank] repudiantur; Rich.: quasi ψευδεπίγραφα repud.) = pseudoepigrapha [pseudo epigraffa, Ef.¹], falsa superscripta, Cp. P835; Ef.¹ 377, 39; pseudoepigrafa, falso superscriptura, Ep. 17E18.

pseudo epigrapha, see pseudo ephi-

grapha.

pseudoforum, pseudothyrum, see ad seduforum.

psiathio, psiathium, psiatium, sei spiathio.

psichiexodo, anime exitu, xxx. 81 (Cat. Hier. LXXXIII col. 691<sup>A</sup> de Autexusio [Richardson: De αὐτεξονσίω; Migne's Gr. text: περὶ Αὐτεξονσίω]; B: de aote3030y idest anime exitum; C: [blank]). In a note to Migne's text, it is correctly remarked: pro Autexusio perperam...de animae exitu; but there must have been some reading, de ψυχιεξοδο, to account for the lemma in the Leiden Gloss, and for animae exitu; cf. psychi ezodo, anima exitus, Cp. P838, and defixiezodo, de exitu animae, ib. D59.

psychi ezodo, see psichiexodo.

pthocheas, xxx. 91, see peri pthocheas, sub v. ptocheus.

ptisanas, de ordeo fiunt grana que decorticantur in pilo [for pila?] uel uase lapideo, viii. 18 (Salam. xxvii. 22 si contuderis stultum in pila quasi ptisanas

feriente desuper pilo).

ptocheus, inopie [-piae], xxx. 68 (Cat. Hier. Lxxvi col. 685<sup>B</sup> Constat hunc mirae άσκήσεως et appetitorem voluntariae paupertatis fuisse; B: Constat hunc mire askeseon idest inopie et appetitorem voluntarie paupertatis; C: Constat hunc mire [blank] et app. vol. paup.)=prexeos, in-opiae, Cp. P662; Ep. 18E15; praexeos, inopiae, Ef. 379, 41; ptoceos, inopia, Cp. P840; Ep. 17E16; Ef. 377, 37. The Gr. text has: 'Ωμολόγηται δὲ τοῦτον τῆς τε άσκήσεως και έκουσίου πτωχείας γεγενήσθαι έραστήν.--peri pthocheas, de paupertate, XXX. 91 (Cat. Hier. CXVII col. 7094 περί φιλοπτωχίας; B: perioi poptochi idest de amore inopie; C [blank].-For ἀσκήσεως cf. arcesi, intellectui, Cp. A775; archesi, intellectui, Ep. 3C9 and ascesu, intellectui, ib. 1A22; ascetron, intellectum, Cp. A848; Ep. 3C11; Ef. 342, 33; ascesi, ingeni, Cp. A851 & Ep. 3C22; arcessi, ingenii, Ef. 342, 45. Cf. also perifgetosias, actus quidam, Cp. P234; Ep. 18C28; perifgetorias, actus quidam plomonion, Ef. 1 379, 17.—ptochiis, in dispensationibus pauperum uel negotia [uel negotia, belongs to 1. 92 pragmatica forma, q. v.], 1. 91 (De Canon.); pitoicis, dispensatio pauperum, xxxix. 58 (not Greg. Dial., but) = (Can. Conc. Calch. viii De clericis, qui sunt in ptochiis... Clerici, qui praeficiuntur ptochiis).

ptochiis, see ptocheus; sidonicis.

ptsaum, xxviii. 18, see apo tu ptsaum. pubertas [sine interpret.], 1. 105 (De Canon.; Can. Conc. Carth. xvI ad annos pubertatis). Cf. pubertas, iuuentus tenera legitima tamen, Cp. P857.

publica, 1. 58, see gesta.

publicam, xxiv. 6, see publicani.

publicani, qui publicam rem faciunt non a peccando, xxiv. 6 (Math. v. 46 publicani hoc faciunt; Ix. 10 multi publicani, &c.).

publicare, 11. 118, see non detegere.

publicationis, see editionis. publice, 1. 94, see passim.

publicis, r. 126, see spectacula.

publico, xxxv. 180, see fisco p-; see also

sumpto puplico.

publite, hamme, v. 19 (Eccl. Hist.); puplites, homme, xxxv. 204 (De Eus.) = (Ruf. viii. 13 fol. 142<sup>a</sup> poplite...debilitato; cf. id. x. 4 fol.  $160^{6}$ ; x. 17 fol.  $170^{a}$  poplite). For hamme, homme (the ham, the inner or hind part of the knee), see Bosw. T. (ham, hom, hamm).

pudicas, xxxv. 38, see sinefactas.

puella, xxxvii. 9, see tabulas legat.

pugil, milis [-les], xLvr. 2 (Alia=Ars

Phocae, p. 414, 20 hic pugil).

pugionibus, mucronibus, xxxv. 304 (De Eus.); pungios, pullus [for paruulus?] gladius, rv. 20 (Eccl. Ist.) = (Ruf. 11. 20 fol. 29b occultatis pugionibus). Cf. pugionibus, glaunis (for gladiis?), Ćp. P847; pu-gionibus, gladiis, Ep. 18A13; Ef. 378, 20. pugne [pugnae], xxxv. 95, see gigante-

machie.

pugne, IV. 52, see monarchia; xxxv. 94, see theomachie.

pulcra, xxxvIII. 6, see stragula.

pulcre, xIII. 43, see lamia.

pulcriores, xxxiv. 23, see lautiores.

pullulent, see pululent.

pullus [for paruulus?], IV. 20, see pun-

pullux, xLIII. 44, see epul.

pulpito, 1. 65 and xxxix. 53, see in pulpito.

pulsasse, rv. 113, see apulisse.

puluillos, plumatios micinos duos coniunctos habent in sella, xv. 43 (Ezech. xIII. 18 quae consuunt pulvillos; 20 ad pulvillos). For plumatios (= plumacios) see Du C.; Körting, Wörterb. 7263; Wright W. 124, 20 (plumacius, bed-bolster).

pululent, crescunt in miraculis, xII. 48 (Eccles. XLVI. 14 & XLIX. 12 ossa (eorum)

pullulent de loco suo).

puncto, pede, iv. 59 (Eccl. Ist.); puncto, foramine in quo pedes uinctorum in ligno tenentur cubitali spatio interiecto inter uinctos, xxxv. 27 (De Eus.) = (Ruf. v. 2 fol. 75b septimo (ut dicunt) puncto in neruo pedes...distenti) = puncto, foramine in quo pedes uinctorum tenentur in ligno cubitali spatio interiecto idest cosp, Ep. 19A3; Ef. 380, 15; cf. puncto, cosp, Cp. P865. See also above neruum. For cosp, a fetter, see Bosw. T. in voce.

pundar, in A.S. spelling, for late Lat.

pondarium; see perpendiculum.

pungios, pullus [for paruulus?] gladius, IV. 20, see pugionibus.

punica, x1. 14, see poderis.

punicis, x. 26, see mustum.
puplicationis [public-], xxxv. 23, see editionis.

puplico [pub-], xxxv. 137, see sumptu

puplites, homme, xxxv. 204 (De Eus.), see publite.

purgamentum, xxxv. 195, see peripsima.

purior, IV. 109, see defecatior.

purpura, unylocbaso, xxII. 17 (Esther, IV. 9, ap. Sabatier = Vulg. xv. 9 ipse erat vestitus purpurâ). See Steinm. 1. 488, note 18; Bosw. T. in vv. weoloc (a kind of shell-fish, a whelk, cockle), weoloc-basu, wealh-basu; Kluge, Ang. Leseb. p. 161 (basu, beasu), 217 (weoloc); Skeat, Et. D. (whelk); the present index (coccus, rubeum).

purulenta, fetida, IV. 88 (Ruf. VIII. 18 fol. 145b fistulis...purulentis).—purulentis,

xxxv. 45, see suppuratis.

purum, extersum, iv. 111 (Ruf. vi. 14 fol. 104a Christum...hominem purum esse; cf. Ruf. in Lommatzsch Origen x1. 73 Christum non purum hominem dicimus). Perhaps this gloss is merely a further explanation of the glosses IV. 109 (defecatior, purior) and IV. 110 (defecatum, liquidam). For purum see also (XLI. 12) sardius.

puruys, uenę [-nae], xxix. 61 (Uerb. Interpr. = Hier. in Matth. xv. 17, 18 per... meatus corporis, quos Graeci πόρους vo-

See also meatus.

pusillanimes, inbicilles [inbec-], 11. 192 (Bened. reg. 48, 17 [30] propter pusillani-

pusilluminus, paulominus, xv. 46 (Ezech. xvi. 47 neque secundum scelera earum fecisti pauxillum minus; Sabat. egisti paulo minus).

pusti, brandas, IV. 76, see reusti.

puta, see utpute.

putant, xxxin. 6, see stater, 19, see nebel.

putat, snedit, xLvII. 102 (Alia =?). This gloss, which appears among a group of substantive glosses all recorded in the Cp., Ep. and Ef. glossaries, is not found in any of these. It is evidently 3rd p. sing. pres. of putare, to trim, prune or lop, and hence=A. S. snaedit (he snathes), from snædan, to slice, prune trees; see Bosw. T. (snædan).

puto, xxxv. 210, see sexcuplum. putredo, see tabo.

putrescant, xxi. 20, see labastes.

putrido, xxxv. 138, see tabo. pyctarum, see cestus.

pylas, see Armenias pilas.

pylominos, amator, xxx. 10 (Cat. Hier. vii col. 619° Tertullianus...refert...quemdam in Asia σπουδαστήν apostoli Pauli; B: Tert...ref. q. in Asia philosten idest amatorem pauli apostoli conuictum; C: Tert...ref. q. in Asia apostolo paulo coniunctum; E: in Asia πηρισωπη apostoli pauli; In Cat. Hier. ν col. 6175 Philos. pauli). In Cat. Hier. v col. 617B Philemoni, but the gloss does not seem to refer to this word. Cf. philocompos, amator iactantiae, Cp. P389; -pus, a. i., Ep. 21C34; Ef.1 385, 31.

pyramides, see piraondes.

pyriflegitonta, ignis ebulliens, xxxvIII.

24 (Clem. Recognitt. 1x. 11 fluvium quem Pyriphlegethonta nominant...nunc nolo Pyriphlegethonta adducas; I. 4 Pyriphlegethonti fluvio).

pyriphlegethonta, see pyriflegitonta.

Pythagoras, see phitagoras. pythonissa, see striga.

pytisso, sputum deicio, xLIII. 45 (De div. nominibus = Donati Ars grammat. p. 382, 4 pitisso).

q for c: Coquiton for Cocyti. qua, xIII. 52; xxix. 23.—[for quam]

xIII. 40. quadrans, genus nummi est habens duo minuta, xxix. 9 (Uerb. Interpr. = Hier. in Matth. v. 25 col. 38c quadrans genus

est nummi, qui habet duo minuta).

quadraplas die, hoc est III hore que concrescunt in quarto anno quando fit quidem bissextus, IV. 99 (? Ruf.? VII. 28 fol. 131b: undecimo calendas Aprilis in qua die sol inuenitur non solum conscendisse primam partem, verumetiam quartam iam in ea die [not. quartam in ea diem] habere, id est, in prima ex duodecim partibus).

quadriga, a mn equis dicitur, xxxv. 15 (Ruf. III. 7 fol. 40a visi sunt currus et quadrigae; III. 25 fol. 46b quadriga).

quadrigae, see quadriga. quadris, xxx. 39, see tesseroes.

quae (nom., neut. plur.) 1. 49, 112; xxviii. 44.—(nom., fem., sing.), xi. 16. See further que; que.

quaedam, see ausesis; figura; paren-

thesin; quedam.

quaerit, see querit; trapezita. quaestio, see questio; sillogismus. quaestionibus, see quest-; sicel.

quaestionum, see dedragma; quest-;

sofismatum; sophismatum. quaestu, see questus.

quaestuosa, see quest-; liciniosa.

quaestus, see questus. qualicumque, xLIV. 11, see clima.

quam (pron.), viii. 12, 14; x. 1; xxviii. 38, 57, 80; xxxix. 22, 23.—(adv.) x. 6; xII. 40; xxxix. 31; see also pedalis; perpendiculum.

quamuis, II. 103; xIV. 9; XXXVII. 9. quando, iv. 99; xiii. 40; xv. 18, 33; xvii. 12; xviii. 3; xxiii. 20; xxvii. 4, 20; xxviii. 24, 32, 43, 45, 67, 72; xxxi. 25; xxxvi. 1; xxxix. 28; xliv. 25; xlvii. 28 (bis). For quam (?), xIV. 30.

quantitas, mensura, II. 142 (Bened. reg. 10, 4 [3] psalmodiae quantitas teneatur; 39, 17 [28] servetur quantitas; cf. 10, 9 [14] psalmorum quantitate).

quantitate, see quantitas.

quare, xLIII. 43, see quidni,

quarta, quartana, quartanae, see quar-

quartane, xiiii lune [-nae], iii. 3 (De S. Mart. Stor.).-quartane, que quarta die uenit, xLII. 23 (Ex div. libris?)= (Sulp. Sev., Vit. S. Mart. 19, 1 cum... quartanae febribus ureretur; quartanis, in note). Cf. also Vit. S. Eug. xI, Migne LXXIII col. 612B quartana vexa-

quartanis, see quartane.

quarto, IV. 99, see quadraplas.

quarum, x. 11, see cyprus.

quas, 1. 104; xIII. 6; xxxv. 184; xxxvIII. 15.

quasi, r. 12, 48; vm. 13; xm. 23; xxiv. 5; xxx. 35; xxxiii. 7; xxxix. 48; xxi. 8. For qui (?) xiii. 47.

quatere, mouere, IV. 42 (Ruf. IV. 7 fol. 56ª eam quatere nititur). Cf. quatere, commouere, Cp. Q5; quatare, commouere, Ef.<sup>2</sup> 326, 21.

quattuor, xix. 20, see tympanum; xxxviii. 27, see tetragono.

que (=quae, nom. fem. sing.), r. 111; x. 24; xvIII. 3; xxVIII. 34, 62.—(=quae, nom. neut. plur.), vIII. 18.—(=et), see

atque; fructusque; habentque.

que (=quae, nom. fem. sing.), 1. 68; xIII. 41; xVII. 4; XIX. 28; XXVIII. 31, 49, 52, 55, 65, 75, 77, 81, 85; xxxii. 5; xxxvi. 11; xxxviii. 16; xlii. 23; xliii. 4, 51; xLIV. 3; XLVI. 24.—(=quae, nom. fem. plur.), iv. 99; v. 3; xi. 7; xxxiii. 14; xxxiv. 5, 6; xxxvi. 1; xxxviii. 43; XLIII. 49.—(=quae, nom. neut. plur.), I. 90; VII. 1; x. 21; XIV. 12; XV. 9; XXI. 10; XXVIII. 44, 64; XXXIX. 62.—(=quae, accus. neut. plur.), x. 1; see also olfactoriola.—(for qui, m. sing.), xLVI. 24.

quedam [quaedam], xxviii. 31, 47 (bis),

quem, xLv. 18, see pedum.

quemadmodum, 11. 184, see uti. querellam, 1. 106, see querimoniam.

querimoniam, querellam grauem, 106 (De Canon.; Can. Conc. Carth. xi si querimoniam iustam ... non habuerit; cxxxv scripta...habentia querimoniam; cf. Decret. Innoc. xxxv querimoniam; Decret. Leon. xiv p. 228b id.). Cf. quaeremonus, grauis querella, Cp. Q7; quaeremonis, grauis quaerela, id. Q29; Ep. 21E29; Ef. 386, 9; quaerimonia, grauis querella uel accusatio, Ef.2 326, 31.

querit [quaerit], xxxvIII. 29, see trapezita.

questio [quaestio], xxxiv. 44, see sillogismus,

questionibus [quaest-], xxxIII. 7, see sicel.

questionum [quaest-], III. 60, see sofismatum; xxvIII. 22, see sophismatum; xxx. 66, see exenteseon; xxxIII. 5, see dedragma.

questiosa [for quaestuosa?], IV. 65, see

liciniosa.

questus, substantia, xLVIII. 5 (De Cass., Inst. vii. 7, 5 a spe quaestus deciderit; IV. 14 de tanto operis sui quaestu).

qui (nom. sing.), 1. 39; viii. 13; xii. 35, 45; xiii. 25; xiv. 16, 29; xv. 5; xix. 23; xxviii. 28; xxix. 73; xxx. 2; xxxi. 37; xxxiii. 7; xxxv. 22; xxxviii. 29; xxxix. 4, 5, 19, 20, 24, 28 (bis), 48; xli. 11; XLII. 9; XLIII. 13, 18, 23-26; XLIV. 10, 16; xlvi. 7, 10; xlvii. 15.—(nom. plur.), i. 127; ii. 161; viii. 20; xi. 5; xv. 12, 24; xvi. 7, 25–27, 30–32; xxi. 12; XXII. 16; XXIII. 2, 3, 4; XXIV. 6; XXV. 3; XXIX. 15, 42; XXXV. 24, 72; XXXVIII. 5, 31, 37, 42, 44; XXXIX. 7; XLI. 1, 2; XLIV. 27; XLV. 31.—(for quad?) VIII. 17.—(for quia, or quae?) II. 149.

quia, 1. 100; x. 21; xvii. 19; xxxvii. 9;

xxxix. 33.

quibus, xm. 47, 59; xrv. 36; xv. 9, 11; xxxv. 73, 140; xliv. 10.

quibuscumque, 11. 104, see libet. quibusdam, xxvm. 32, see climax.

quibuslibet, see libet.

quicumque, xxII. 12, see urna. quidam, xxvIII. 18; xxxIII. 6, 13, 16,

quidem, iv. 99, see quadraplas.

qui dixerit fratri suo racha reus erit concilio idest reconciliatione, xxix. 73 (Uerb. Interpr. = Hier. in Matth. v. 22 qui autem dixerit fratri suo raca, reus erit concilio).

quidni, quare non, xLIII. 43 (De div. nominibus = Donati Ars grammat. p. 386, 8-10 adverbia ... adfirmandi, ut etiam

quinni; in note quidni). quieti, xxxv. 251, see otii.

qui in numero optio fuit, numerus dicitur quando milites fiunt. Optio, dispensator qui dispensat stipendia militum prepositus [praep-] eorum, xxxix. 28 (Greg. Dial. IV. 35 col. 377c quidam Stephanus, qui in numero Optio fuit). Cf. optio, dispensator in militum stipendis, Cp. O207; Ef. 375, 35; optio, dispensatur in militum stipendiis, Ep. 16E22.

quinni, see quidni.

quinquaginta, xxxI. 12, see sata.

quippiam, modis[for modicum?], 11.143 (Bened. reg. 46, 6 [6] fregerit quippiam; 67, 13 [24] quippiam...facere). Cf. quippiam, modicumque, Cp. Q63; Ef. 1 386, 25;

quippeam, modicum cumque, Ep. 22A6; quippiam modicum, Ef.2 326, 62,

quirie eleison, see kyrieleison.

quis, xxviii. 70.

quisquilea [-lia], xxxv. 195, see peripsima.—quisquilia, inmundicia [-tia] erbarum [herb-], xxix. 20 (Uerb. Interpr.= Hier. in Matth. xin. 45, 46 quasi purgamenta contemnit et quisquilias; xxvi. 19 quisquilias). For quisquilia, see also peripsima.

quisquilias, see quisquilia.

quo, п. 6, 158; пг. 19; хпг. 1; хгх. 44; xxviii. 33 (bis), 76; xxix. 39; xxxv. 27, 42, 57, 147; xliv. 2, 7, 16.

[quo], see deucalionem.

quoadquo, adusque [for quoad, quoadusque?], vi. 30 (Breu. exsol.?).

quocumque, v. 20, see quorsum.

quod (pron., nom.), x. 13; x1.2; xv. 33; xxiv. 8, 9; xxviii. 74, 83; xxxii. 1; xxxIII. 15; xxxv. 192 .- (pron., accus.), x. 3; x111. 36; x1v. 20; xxv111. 83; xxx111. 7, 16; xliv. 19.—(conj.), i. 76, 101, 109, 111; п. 146; х. 6; хн. 42; ххүнг. 18, 69; ххіх. 67; хххіг. 7–11; хххнг. 1, 8, 13, 16; xxxix. 42; xliii. 6, 50; xliv. 17, 27, 29.

quodam, 1. 2, see alea.

quodcumque, xvi. 9, see malleolis.

quomodo, xxxIII. 5, see dedragma. quoniam, xxvIII. 47, see parenthesin.

quoque, xLiv. 10, see cardines; 28, see

extremi.

quorsum, quocumque, v. 20 (? Ruf.?) =quorsum, quocumque, Cp. Q76; Ep. 21E21; Ef. 386, 1.

quorum, xliv. 8.

quos, xiv. 3; xvi. 29; xLiv. 10.

quoties, xxvIII. 40, 44, 46, 58, 62, 63,

72, 74, 79.

quotus, hu ald, xLIII. 39; totus, suæ ald, XLIII. 40 (De div. nominibus = Donati Ars grammat, p. 380, 1 ut quotus totus). For hu (how); suæ (= $sw\bar{x}$ , so); ald (a Mercian form = A.S. eald, old), see Bosw. T. sub vv.

r for l: frora (for flora). - for n: arge (for ange); saporem (for saponem). -- for rr: sarientur (sarr-).—r omitted: onauerit (orn-); paredum (-drum).—r inserted: lanistra (-ta); prathus (pathos); pre-strigiis (praestigiis?); protoplastrum (-tum); rubri (rubi); tramaritus (tam-) .r doubled: parrochia (parochia).

raca; racha, xxix. 73, see qui dixerit. radice, xIII. 25, see de radice.

radix, xLvi. 28, see matrix.

raeda, raedam, see reda.

ramis, xxxv. 86, see busta.

ramunculi, xxix. 48, see cauliculi. rancor, rancorem, see rangor.

rangor, nequitia, xxxiv. 43 (De Cass., Inst. xII. 27, 5 contra fratrem rancorem quendam...conceperit; xII. 27, 6 aduersus fratrem rancor; xII. 29, 2 in responsione rancor, &c.).

rapitur, xvII. 4, see torris.

rata, iusta, xxxv. 101; rata, confirmata, xxxv. 300 (Ruf. I. 6 fol. 11a rata...atque -integra generatio; Cacciari p. 32, note g says that his MS. adds idest firma after rata).—rata, placita, xiv. 23 (Hier. хххи. 11 accepi... stipulationes et rata et signa...).

ratio, II. 147, see ratiociniis; XXVIII. 46, see aetilogia; xxx. 85, see cinticta.

ratiociniis, unde ratio conprobetur, II. 147 (Bened. reg. 2, 88 [135] de alienis ratiociniis).

rationabile, xxix, 58, see lutugisprum. raucos, crispantes, vr. 23 (Breu. exsol.?

=Dracont. 1. 279? see molosi).

rebus, XII. 11, see inpendiis; XXVIII. 62, see tapynosin, 88, see diatiposis; rebus for res, xxvIII. 65, see epiphonima.

recapitulatio, ix. 6, see anacefaleos;

xxxvIII. 21, see anacefaleosin.

recenserunt, legerunt, xxIII. 8 (1 Esdr. IV. 19 recensuerunt inveneruntque; vi. 1 recensuerunt in bibliotheca librorum; cf. IV. 15 recenseas in libris; v. 17 recenseat in bibliotheca regis).

recensuerunt, see recenserunt. recipiant, 1. 110, see resipiscant. recipit, xxvIII. 47, see parenthesin. reciproca, II. 5, see antiphona. recollicet, recollocet, see reculicet. reconciliatione, xxix. 73, see qui dix-

reconditorium, II. 13, see biblioteca. recreare [sine interpret.], II. 148 (Bened. reg. 4, 10 [12] pauperes recreare). Cf.

recreare, nutrire, Cp. R36. recta, xliv. 3, see axis.

recte, II. 129, see ortodoxis, 146, see regula; xli. 4, see orthodoxam. - [for rectae], 1. 71, see modeste. reculcet, 11. 145; see reculicet.

reculicet, reculcet reu[ertatur?], 11. 145 (Bened. reg. 43, 17 qui se ... recollocet; conlocet in note [26 culicet, recollocet, recollicet, collocet]). Cf. Du C. collocare, culcare.

reda, nomen uehiculi [pro exercitu?], III. 16 (De S. Mart. Stor. = Sulp. Sev. Dial. II. 3, 2 fiscalis raeda, and reda, rheda in note; ibid. II. 3, 5 raedam). Cf. Fiscalis reda, gebellicum pægnfearu, Cp. F200. For "pro exercitu" see above p. 7 note †, and the quotation sub v. aggerem.

reddibitiones, retributiones, xLVIII. 60 (De Cass. Inst. v. 39, 1 quodam redhibitionis colore; in note reddibitionis, redibitionis)

redditio, xxvIII. 46, see aetilogia.

redditus, see reditus.

redegerit, see redigerit.

redhibitionis, redibitionis, see reddibiti-

redigerit, reuocauit, 1. 108 (De Canon.; Can. Conc. Calch. II redegerit gratiam). Cf. redigitur, reuocatur, Cp. R160.

redimicula, sunt ornamenta ceruicis, x. 8 (Cant. 1. 9 vers. ant. Sab.: cervix tua sicut redimicula; Vulg.: collum tuum

sicut monilia).

reditus, facultates, xxxv. 276 (Ruf. vii. 25 fol. 125b praedinites reditus...praestabantur; Cacciari, p. 433, redditus).—
reditus, substantia, xLVIII. 45 (De Cass. Inst. IV. 14 tantos... reditus conferat monasterio).

redolens, xII. 20, see aromatizans. refugii, xxxv. 50, see asillum.

refutant, n. 161, see sarabaite.

regali, xxxv. 137, see sumptu puplico. regalibus, xxII. 11, see mundum m-.

regalis, xxxv. 152, see sceptrum; xLVI. 3, see tanaquil.—regalis, xxxvi siliqua, XXXI. 16 (De ponder.?).

regia, in. 32, see patera.

regie, IV. 105, see propositus. regimen, xxxvIII. 43, see nastologis.

regiminis, rv. 52, see monarchia.

regina, uxor nabuchodonosor pro reuerentia, xvi. 12 (Dan. v. 10). For regina see also (XLII. 3) memphitica.

reginae, see regine; Laodes. regine [for reginae], xvi. 14, see ex latere regni; xxvIII. 15, see Laodes.

re[gi]o, IV. 89, see morbo regio.

morbus, corpus afficit colore sicut pedes accipitris, xxxv. 181; see morbo regio.

regione, IV. 98, see comellas; XXXVIII. 35, see ex diametro.

regis, xxxvIII. 22, see deucalionem; see also ex latere regni.

regni, xvi. 14; see ex latere regni.

regula, II. 120, see norma.--regula, dicta eo quod recte ducit, II. 146 (Bened. reg. 1. 4 [4] militans sub regula; 3, 14 [19] sequantur regulam, &c.; Edit. Casin. 1 tit. textus regule. regula appellatur ab hoc quod oboedientum dirigat mores).

regulam, see regula.

regulares, 11. 37, see canonicas. regularum, xxx. 77, see cronicon. REGULIS, II tit., see interpretatio. regulus, XIII. 25; see de radice. rei, 1. 12, see aemulum, 77, see negotia; XXVIII. 37, see metabole, 42, see idea, 46, see aetilogia, 81, see per energiam.

reis, inmundis, xL, 14 (Uerba?).

relatio, see anaphora.

religamur, 1. 109, see religio.

religio, quod per eam uni deo religamur, I. 109 (De Canon.; Can. Apostt. vI sub obtentu religionis, xIV in causa religionis; Can. Conc. Carth. Lx religionis...accessus). religionis, see religio.

rem, xvi. 31, see incantatores; xxiv. 6, see publicani; xxvIII. 51, see hyperthesis, 55, see metaforan, 83, see ennoematice.-

rem, 1. 84, see peruadere.

rema, for reuma (q.v.). remanet, xv. 33, see uinacia. remansit, xvIII. 3, see uinatia.

remigantes, xv. 9, see transtra.

remota, ablata, II. 144 (Bened. reg. 39, 12 [20] remota...crapula). For remota see also (II. 84) heremita; (XXVIII. 57) figura.

remotior, xLIV. 15, see exemerinus. remunerationis, xxxv. 28, see munerum

diebus.

renes, see lumbire.

renitimur, vi. 25, see defetimur.

rennuite, II. 161, see sarabaite. renouationes, xxix. 33, see deuteres.

reo, IV. 89, for re[gi]o (q. v.).

repagulis, stabulis, xxxiv. 32 (De Cass. Inst. viii. 18 equi ... e suis repagulis... prorumpunt).

repente, xxiv. 9, see censum.

repetens, xxvIII. 30, see epembabis. repetitio, xxvIII. 73, see epimone.

repetitur, xxvIII. 72, see anaphora.

reponatur, II. 30, see condatur. repperi, xxxIII. 7, see sicel.

repperiunt, xxxv. 18, see opperiunt.

repraesentat, see per energiam.

reprehensione, xII. 38, see sophistice. representat [repraes-], xxvIII. 81, see

per energiam.

reprobatus, xxxiv. 13, see confutatus. repticius, see arreptitium.

reputes, xLVIII. 74.

requies, xxvII, 19, see feriatus.

rerum, xxvIII. 31, see ausesis.

res, xxviii. 72, see anaphora; xxxix. 42, see altare; see also epiphonima.

reses, see seres.

resina, de arbore est sicut et pix, xiv. 6 (Hier. VIII. 22 resina non est...; XLVI. 11 tolle resinam; LI. 8 tollite resinam).

resipiscant, amissam recipiant sapientiam, 1. 110 (De Canon.; Can. Conc. Carth. LXVI resipiscant de diaboli laqueis). resistentes, xxxv. 216, see obices.

resistit, xxxiv. 19, see non officit. resplendit [-det], xLI. 14, see byrillus. responditur, II. 149, see responsoria.

responsa, xxII. 16, see ueredarii. responsio, xxviii. 36, see peusis.

responsoria, qui ab uno incipitur et ab aliis responditur, II. 149 (Bened, reg. 9, 12 [16] trea responsoria cantentur. responsoria...dicantur; 20 [30] Post has ...tres lectiones cum responsoria sua; responsoriis in note); cf. breuis responsorius, ibid. 10, 7 [10]; in quarto responsorio, ib. 11, 8 [11]; lectiones cum responsoriis suis, ib. 11, 12 [19]; quartum...responsorium, ib. 11, 17 [27];de...responsoriis, ib. 11, 26 [43]. interpretation qui &c. refers to the form responsorius.

responsoriis, responsorio, responsorium,

responsorius, see responsoria.

restibus, see restis.

restis, funis ex herbis, xxI. 11 (Judith VI. 9 vinctum restibus dimiserunt eum).

rethorica, eloquentia, xxx. 50, see dialectica; cf. rethorica, praeclara eloquentia, Cp. R62; rethorica, eloquentia, Ep. 22A34 and Ef. 1386, 52.

reticetur, xxvIII. 54, see aposiopesis, retis, xxi. 16, see conopeum.

retributiones, XLVIII. 60, see reddibitiones.

retrorsum, II. 8, see apostatare.

reu [for reuertatur?], II. 145, see reculicet.

reuelatio [for relatio], xxvIII. 72, see anaphora.

reuerentia, xvi. 12, see regina.

reu[ertatur], see reculicet.

reuma [=rheuma], streum, xLvII. 31 (Alia=?) = rema, stream, Cp. R51; Ep. 22A25; Ef. 1386, 43. For streum = stream, a flow, stream, see Bosw. T. (stream). See also sicunia.

reuma (= rheuma, a catarrh), see sicunia.

reuocauit, 1. 108, see redigerit. reus, xxix. 73, see qui dixerit &c.

reusti, iterum usti, xxxv. 200 (De Euseb.); pusti, brandas, iv. 76 (Eccl. Istor.); uaeri, uirge ferree, xxxv. 81 (De Euseb.) = (Ruf. vm. 13 fol. 141b, edit. 1548, and ed. 1535, p. 193 Foeminis... verua candentia et reusta, ardentia...ingerebantur). Cacciari, p. 489 "Foeminis ... verua candentia et sudes praeustae inardentes ingerebantur," adding, in a note: "In Editis Basiliensibus 1523 legitur: Foeminis quoque veri candentes et reusti, ardentes. Notat tamen Rhenanus quosdam sic locum emendasse: ærei candentes

fustes." Hence, for pusti, leg. preusti

[=praeusti], the stroke above the p, to make pre, having been forgotten. With

aerei of. aerii uirgae, ferreae, Cp. A298;

make pre, having been forgotten.

aerii uirgae, uerreae, Ep. 1A249; a\*eri uirgę, ferreae, Ef.1 338, 12; veru uerba, uirgae ferrae aelaniorum, Ef.2 335, 54; reustus, iterum incensus, Cp. R35; Ep. 22A21; Ef. 386, 39. Cf. Wilh. Heraeus, in Arch. f. L. L., x. 522. For brandas, see Bosw. T. (brand, brond, a brand, firebrand).

rex, xxvIII. 9, see Saturnus.

rheda, see reda.

rhetoricam, see rethorica sub v. dialectica.

rheuma, see reuma.

rhinoceros, see rinocerus.

rhythmus, see ridhmus.

ridhmus, dulcis sermo sine pedibus, xix. 10 (Job; Praef. Hieron. p. xivb, and Migne P.L. XXVIII col. 1081B rythmus [rhythmus] ipse dulcis).

rien, lumbis [for lumbus?], xLVI. 5 (Alia=Ars Phocae, p. 415, 1 hic rien

rienis).

rigentia, uigentia, xL. 22 (Uerba?).

rigor, frigor inflexibilis, xLvII. 3 (Alia = ?). Cf. rigor, a frigore duritia et inflexibilitas, Cp. R197; rigore, heardnisse [hardness; see Bosw. T. heardness], Cp. R185; rigore, heardnissae, Ep. 22C14 & Ef. 1 387, 14.

rimis, bordremum, xxxix. 21; rimis, cinum, xxxix. 39 (Greg. Dial. III. 36 col. 304c rimis...patentibus intravit mare). The first gloss occurs also in another MS. (Steinm. A.H.G. 11. 246, 45). Bordremum, instrum. plur. of bordrema, an early spelling of bordrima (for em changed into im cf. A.S. lemphealt = limp-halt, limping), literally a board-rim, from bord, a board, plank (Bosw. T.) and rema, rima, a rim, border, edge, joint (Bosw. T. rima). From the same root rem- are derived A.S. reoma, and the A.S., Germ. and D. rand (cf. Kluge, Etym. Wrtb. v. Rand). Hence the A.S. bord-rand is a variant of bordrema (-rima). Cf. Steinm. n. 244, 10. For cinu, a chink, fissure, see Bosw. T. (cinu).

rinocerus, naricornu in nari namque cornu habet, xix. 31 (Job xxxix. 9 numquid volet rhinoceros servire tibi).

risionem, xxxv. 249, see pompam.

riui aggerum, congregatio aquarum, xIII. 32; see aggerem.

rixa, 1. 116, see seditio.

rixosa, xII. 29, see lingua tertia.

ro for rae: propositura for praepositura.

rogatio, II. 99, see lactania.

rogus, beel uel aad, xxxv. 158 (Ruf. IV. 15 fol. 63ª extructus est rogus). For  $beel = b\bar{x}l$ , the fire, flame of a funeral pile, a funeral pile, and aad, ad, the same, see Bosw. T. (beel, bæl and aad,

roma, xxxv. 242, see ponte moluio. romana, xxxix. 17, see Sabura; romana, xxxi. 35, see cimina romana.

romanis, xxxvi. 1, see Iani.

romano, xxxix. 4, see balneum Ciceronis. romanorum, xxxix. 36, see sex untias.

romanus, xliii. 20, see eunuchus. rombus, see porco piscis.

roscinia, see ruscinia.

vostra, xIII. 47, see plaustrum. votam, xLII. 21, see basterna.

rotans, xliv. 29, see axem.

rotarum, xxvII tit., see in libro rotarum. rotas, xiii. 47, see plaustrum.

rotatio, xxvIII. 64, see epitrocasmos.

rotis, xxxv. 40, see troclei.

rotunditas, xxxv. 220, see globus.

rotundum, xxII. 12, see urna; xxv. 13, see in peluem.

rubea, xiv. 13, see sinopide.

rubeum, uuretbaso, xxII. 19 (Esther ?not in Vulg., and perhaps merely a further explanation of xxII. 17 and 18 purpura and coccus, q.v.). uuret-baso literally "ornament-brown," or "artifice-brown," from sb. wrætt (Bosw. T.), a thing curiously cut, a work of art, jewel, ornament, a derivative of writan, to cut, ornament, draw, write + baso, brown, purple, scarlet. The colour was artificially produced by the coccus, therefore art-brown, or dye-brown; the same colour being also denoted by weoloc-basu (q.v.) = whelkbrown (or purple), and wyrm-basu (q.v.), worm-brown. Cf. Kluge, Ang. Les. 219 (wrætt, a trinket, jewel, ornament, and uuretbaso, artificial brown); Bosw. T. sub v. wrætt (crosswort) wrongly quotes vermiculum, warance, wrotte (from Wrt. Voc. 1. 140. 2), as vermiculus in the Vulg. (Exod. xxxv. 25) is the scarlet worm (for coccum, scarlet colour, Lew. & Sh.).

rubi, see rubri.

rubicunda, xxxx. 35, see pisticum. rubicundus, xxix. 40, see ferrugineas.

rubor, uerecundia, n. 150 (Bened. reg. 73, 17 rubor [28 rubur] confusionis). rubras, xvi. 5, see lentiscus.

rubri [rubi], xxxv. 90, see ad ilicem.

rubro, xI. 13, see in carcere.

rubur, see rubor.

ruder, mixin, IV. 83 (Eccl. Ist.); ruderibus, mixinnum, xxxv. 292 (De Eus.) = (Ruf. x. 7 fol. 163° purgatis ruderibus). For mixin, mixinnum (instr. plur.), see Bosw. T. (mixen, a mixen, dung-heap, also dung); Kluge, Etym. Wrtb. (Mist).

ruderibus, mixinnum, xxxv. 292, see ruder.

rufo, see prorusu.

ruinae, ruinas, xLvIII. 13, see cassuae.

runcina, see runtina.

runtina, pidugio uitubil, xm. 50 (Isai. xm. 13 formavit illud in runcina); pidugio for bidugio = bidubium, a bushhook, see Du C.; cf. Steinm. A. H. G. I. 590, 40 ff. (uidubio; bidugio). For uitubil = uidu-bil, cf. Bosw. T., wudubil (a woodbill); for bil (bill) = Germ. Beil, D. bijl; cf. Kluge, Et. Wrtb. (Beil).

rupta, xxvIII. 20, see diapsalma.

ruris, uille, 1. 107 (De Canon.; Can. Conc. Neocaes. LVII Presbyteri ruris).

ruscinia, nectigalae, xLVII. 62 (Alia=?) =roscinia, naectegale, Cp. R201; roscinia, nectaegalae, Ep. 22A27; roscinia, necegle, Ef. 386, 45. Cf. achalantis uel luscinia uel roscinia nehtęgale, Cp. A121; a-, uel luscina uel roscina netigalae, Ep. 1E6; a-, uel luscinia uel roscina nectegela Ef. 339, 11. For ruscinia, roscinia (Fr. rossignol), see Körting no. 5751; for nectigalae &c. (the nightingale), see Bosw. T. (nihte-gale); Skeat, Conc. Dict.

rusculum, ruscum, see auriculum.

ruscus, cneholen, xLII. 14 (Ex div. libris?). ruscus, creholegn, xLVII. 103 Alia = ?) = r., cnioholen, Cp. R245; r., cnioholaen, Ep. 22C39; r., cniolen, Ef. 387, 38. Ruscus (or ruscum) butcher's-broom. For (creholegn, for) cneholegn &c. (kneeholm, or holly, from cneow, a knee + holen, holegn, holly, holm), see Bosw. T. (cneōw-holen); Oxf. D. (knee-holly; knee-holm).

russo, see prorusu.

rusticatio, cultura terre [-rae], xII. 8 (Eccles. vn. 16 non oderis...rusticationem creatam ab Altissimo; xxvII. 7 rusticatio de ligno ostendit fructum illius).

rusu, see prorusu. rythmus, see ridhmus.

s for x: asilium (auxil-); ausesis (auxesis); epizeusis (-xis). -s dropped or omitted: expectat (exsp-); flore (for flores); plamatio (plasm-); toracina (storacinam).—ss for st: suggessionem (for suggest-).

Saba, prouintia [-cia], xix. 25 (Job vi.

19 itinera Saba).

sabanum, linteum ad balneum, xxxix. 14 (Greg. Dial. III. 17 col. 264A vestimentis indutum et sabano constrictum; IV. 55 col. 417 sabana praeberet).

sabbata, xxxix. 52; see omnes dies... sabbati, xxxv. 20, see magni sabbati. sabuli, arene [-nae], xv. 20 (Ezech. XLVII. 8 ad tumulos sabuli Orientalis).

Sabura, in romana urbe, xxxix. 17 (Greg. Dial. 111. 30 col. 2884 in regione

urbis huius quae Subura dicitur).

saburica, dicitur quando mittuntur in nauem quando alia non habent, XLVII. 28 (Alia=?) = saburra, d. q. lapides et ligna mittunt in n. quae non habent alia honera, Cp. S66; Ep. 24A2; Ef. 390, 24.

saburra, see saburica.

saccelli, correctly for sacelli (q.v.).

sacelli, sedes diminitiui, xvii. 6 (Michaeas, vi. 11 justificabo...sacelli pondera dolosa; Heyse, in note, also wrongly sacelli = [the deceitful weights] of the bag). Sedes for the A.S. gen. sing. seddes, seddes from seād, seōd, m., a money-bag, purse, pouch; cf. Steinm., i. 678. 15 and note 5; id. iv. 284. 10 and note 5; Wright W. seod, seodas, &c. (in Ind.); Bosw. T. (seād, seōd).

sacerdos, xlvi. 8, see flamen. sacerdotale, xxx. 12, see iereticos. sacerdotes, xxvii. 7, see luperci. sacerdotum, xi. 14, see poderis.

sacra, xxvII. 9, see lupercalia; xLIII.

29, see bachus.

sacrificat, xxxv. 278, see litat. sacrificium, xvi. 24, see iuge sacrificium.

sacrilega, sacrilegae, see sacrilego.

sacrilego, profano, I. 113 (De Canon.; cf. Can. Conc. Carth. XCII sacrilega dissensione; Decret. Leon. VI p. 224b sacrilegae persuasionis).

sacro tegmini, domini martini, III. 24 (De S. Mart. Stor. = Sulp. Sev. Dial. III. 14, 8 factam sacro tegmini sensit in-

iuriam).

saepe, see facesso. saepius, see sepius. saeuit, see seuit.

sagacitas, sagacitate, see sagatitas.

sagatitas, inuestigatio uelocitas, II. 160 (Bened. reg. 27, 12 [19] debet...omni sagacitate...currere).

saginata, xxrv. 10, see altilia.

sago, xv. 18, see involuere.

sal, xv. 31, see salinas; xxIII. 12, see memores salis.

Salamitis, concubina dauid que [quae] ministrabat ei in senectute, x. 24 (Cant. vi. 12 Vulg. Sulamitis; Vers. ant. Sab.: Sunamitis; vii. 1 Vulg.: Quid videbis in Sulamite; Vers. ant. Sab. Solamitide). The Glossator was evidently thinking of Abisag Sunamitis, the concubine of David.

SALAMONE, VIII tit.

Salamonis, vIII. 9, see Lamuhel.

salaria, see solaria.

salariis, pecuniis debitis, xxxv. 206 (Ruf. vm. 17 fol. 144° salariis additis).—

solaria, onores [hon-], v. 25 (Eccl. Stor.); solaria, munera, xxxv. 253 (De Eus.); solaria, sedes uel loca alta, xxxv. 34 (De Eus.), probably all=(Ruf. v. 18 fol. 87ª qui salaria praestat praedicantibus verbum suum), though the latter gloss is apparently explanatory of solaria (flat housetops, terraces, balconies), which does not seem to occur in Ruf., though we have rex...in excelso solario recubans, II. 10 fol. 23b. =salaris pecunis debitis, Cp. 875; Ep. 24C32; Ef. 391, 34 (s. pecuniis d.). Cf. simmallis, salaris pecunis debitis, Cp. 8353; Ep. 24E36; symmallis, fallaris pecunis debitis, Ef. 392, 21.

salice [-ci], x. 10, see cyprus.

salices, salhas, xix. 61 (Job xl. 17 circumdabunt eum salices torrentis). For salh=sealh, a willow-tree, E. sallow, sally, see Bosw. T. (sealh); Kluge, A. S. Leseb. 202; Steinm. I. 497, 3; Skeat, Dict.; cf. salix, salh, Cp. S40; Ef. 389, 34; salix, salch, Ep. 23C33.

salici, see cyprus.

Salim, ciuitas, xxv. 10 (Joh. 111. 23 juxta Salim).

salinas, loca ubi sal inuenitur, xv. 31 (Ezech. xlvii. 11 in salinas dabuntur).

salis, xxIII. 12, see memores salis.

saliunca, see saliuncula.

saliuncula, erba [herba] medicinalis habens spinas [Cambr. MS. spicas] miri odoris crescit in montibus, xiii. 57 (Isai. Lv. 13 Vulg. & Cambr. MS. saliunca; Migne, Patr. Lat. xxix col. 1003c).

salsuginis, xix. 30, see terra salsuginis. saltantium, iv. 81, see calones.

salutationes, 11. 58, see eulogias.

sancta, xvi. 23, see agiografa.—sancta domini, primitias uel decimas de oleo et uino, xxi. 18 (Judith xi. 12 sancta Domini ...quae praecepit Deus non contingi, in frumento, vino et oleo).

SANCTI, III tit.; XXXVII tit.

sanctificatus, IV. 86, see iniciatus.

sanctiones, iudicationes uel difiniciones [-tiones], I. 122 (De Canon.; Can. Conc. Carth. xcm p. 162<sup>b</sup> quae...frequentibus sanctionibus condemnata est).

sanctionibus, see sanctiones.

sanctum, IV. 14, see asitum; x. 1, see osculetur me.

sanctus, II. 7, see alleluia; xxvII. 19, see feriatus; xxxv. 50, see asillum.

sandalia, calciamenta que non habent desuper corium, xxi. 10 (Judith x. 3 induitque sandalia pedibus suis; xvi. 11 sandalia eius) = sandalia, calciamenta, Cp. S76; sandalia (scandalia, Ef., and faintly in Ep.), calciamenta quae non habent desuper corium, Ep. 24C35; Ef. 391, 37.

sane, certe, II. 165 (Bened. reg. 18, 12 [19] ita sane, ut...; cf. 44, 12 note [17]; 48, 30 [53]; 61, 8 [11]). For sane, see

also (II. 132) plane.

sanguessuges, lexas, xLVIII. 51 (De Cass.?). Sanguessuges [for sanguisugas?] is not found in Cassianus' works, whence it is said to have been extracted. is not marked as A.S. in the Leiden MS., either by the usual v or by a stroke, and Steinm. (Zeitschr. für d. Alt. xxxIII p. 248) thinks that it is Med. Lat., not the A.S. læce, as a Schlettstadt Cassian-Glossary, which, apparently, records the identical gloss, but shows no traces of A.S., has sanguisuges, lexas egila (Steinm. A.H.G. II. 153, 55). This would, however, be the only instance of lexas occurring as Lat. On the other hand, we find sanguissuga, læce (Wright W. 121, 37; 321, 28; 477, 6); sanguissuge, lyces (ibid. 85, 11); phisillos, leceas (Cp. P383).

sanguine, viii. 19, see si usque ad...;

xvi. 27, see malefici.

sanguinis, XXIX. 55, see emurusem; XLI. 11, see sardonix, 12, see sardius.

sanguis, xLvII. 8, see muscus.

Sanir, x. 14, see Amana.

sannas, see synicias.

sanxit, iussit tribuit iudicauit difiniuit [def-], r. 125 (De Canon.; Can. Conc. Carth. v diuina scriptura sanxit; Decret. Caelest. III sanxit) = Ef.<sup>2</sup> 329, 57; cf. sanxit, iussit, Cp. S28; sazit, tribuit, Cp. S90; Ep. 25E30; Ef.<sup>1</sup> 394, 20.

saphirus, mari similem et quasi aureas stellas habens, xii. 8 (De nomin. div. = Apoc. xxi. 19 saphirus; see also Exod. xxviii. 18 & xxxix. 11 sapphirus; Ezek.

xxvIII. 13 id.).

sapiens, IV. 18, see urbanus.

sapientes, II. 152, see senpectas; XLIV. 9, see celum.

sapientia, viii. 1, see panarethos; Sapientia, xi tit.

sapientiam, 1. 110, see resipiscant; xxxv. 279, see oratoriam.

sapone, vIII. 17, see nitrum; see also uorith.

saponem, see herba fullonum.

sapore [for sapone?], xiv. 3, see uorith. saporem [for saponem], xvii. 19, see herba fullonum.

saporis, x. 17, see fistola. sarabaitarum, see sarabaite.

sarabaite, lingua egyptiaca [aeg-] in latinum dicitur rennuite [renuitae; see Du C.] qui refutant abbatem habere, 11. 161 (Bened. reg. 1, 12 [17] genus...sarabaitarum, 25 [35] vagi et...deteriores sarabaitis).

sarabaitis, see sarabaite.

sarabala, see saraballa.

saraballa, crura hominum uocant apud caldeos [Chaldaeos], xvi. 11 (Dan. iii. 94 [27] sarabala eorum non fuissent immutata; Sabat., in note, saraballa; Heyse, in note, sarabarae...inmutatae) = saraballa, apud caldeos cura (crura) hominum dicuntur, Cp. S74; Ep. 24C34; Ef. 391, The Cambr. MS.: Sar-, c. h. chaldaice uocantur. Cf. also sarabare, braecce dicitur, Cp. S96; sarabarę, braccae lingui persarum, Ep. 25E38; sarabara, braccae lingua persarum, Ef. 394, 28. For saraballa, sarabara, sarabarae (wide trowsers), cf. Isid. Etym. xix. 23, 2; Lewis & Sh. (sarabāra); Gesenius' Hebr. Lex. (סֵרְבָּלִין); Liddell & Sc. (σαράβαρα); Ad. Brüll, Trachten der Juden, p. 87 sq., etc. For the Lat. braecce, braccae, trowsers, see Lewis & Sh. (bracae); cf. also Skeat's Conc. Dict. (breeches).

sarabarae, sarabare, see saraballa.

sarculo, see sarculum.

sarculum, ferrum fossorium duos dentes habens, xiii. 18 (Isai. vii. 25 montes qui in sarculo sarrientur).—sarculum [sine interpr.], xiviii. 64 (De Cass. Inst. iv. 30, 5 nam sarculo deorsum incuruus laxabat holeribus terram).

sardina, see sardinus; sardinas, see

ginisculas.

sardinus, see sardius.

sardinus, heringas, XLVII. 74 (Alia=?) = sardinas, heringas, Cp. S64 & Ep. 23E32; sandinas, heringas, Ef. 390, 15. For (sardinus, error for) sardinas (acc. pl. of sardina) the fish sardine, see Lewis & Sh. For hering see Bosw. T. (hæring).

sardismos, xxvIII. 85, see figura sar-

dismos.

sardius, colorem purum sanguinis, xli. 12 (De nomin. div. = Apoc. xxi. 20 sardinus; for sardius see Exod. xxviii. 17, xxxix. 10, Ezek. xxviii. 13) = Sardius colorem purum sanguinis, Cp. S83; Ep. 24E25; Ef. 392, 43.

sardonix, habet colorem sanguinis qui est onichinus [onych-], xll. 11 (De nomin. div. = Apoc. xxl. 20 sardonix) = sardonix habet colorem sanguinis, Cp. S82; Ep. 24E23; Ef. 392, 10. For onychinus cf. Exod. xxviii. 20; xxxix. 13; cf. also Sper [Ef. ser] qui est onichinus luculentas habet, Cp. S466; Ep. 24E24; Ef. 392, 42.

sarica, see suricus.

sarientur, fodientur, xIII. 19 (Isai. VII. 25 montes qui in sarculo sarrientur; Cambr. MS. sarcuntur, fodiuntur). sarra, see scina.

sarre, un sextarios et u partem, xxxi. 13 (De ponder.).

sarrientur, see sarientur.

sata idem sunt quod et ephi idest modii in, xxxIII. 15 (Euch. De pond., p. 159, 9 s. i. s. quod oephi &c.).—sata quinquaginta sextarios in liquidis in aridis uero xxIII sata, xxxI. 12 (De ponder.?).—sata unum et dimedium modium habens, xxxI. 36 (De ponder.?). Cf. sata, modius et dimedius, Cp. S49; Ep. 23C20; Ef. 389, 21. Cf. Lewis & Sh., in voce satum.

satagimus, delibamus [deliberamus] uel cogitamus, I. 132 (De Canon.; Can. Conc. Carth. LVII p. 155<sup>a</sup> de his, qui infantes baptizati sunt, satagimus). Cf. satagit, deliberat cogitat uel omnia peragit, Cp.

S61.

satiabitur, viii. 19, see si usque ad...

satiantur, viii. 20, see offer.

sationis, seminis, xxxvII. 14 (S. Aug.?) = sationis, seminis, Cp. S62. Cf. Aug. Oper. de Gen. ad litt. (Summ. in Zycha's ed. p. 448, 3) ex causali satione; Aug. Quaestt. in Hept. II. 160 (Exod. 34, 21) Satione et messe requiesces? Videtur enim dicere, Tempore sationis et messis.

satirum, incubum, xxxviii. 38 (Clem. Recognitt. x. 22 Antiopem Nyctei versus

in satyrum corrupit).

satrapa, princeps persarum, xvi.8 (Dan. III. 2 ad congregandos satrapas; III. 3 congregati sunt satrapae, &c.). Cf. satrapae, praefecti persarum, Cp. S34.

satrapae, satrapas, see satrapa.

satum, see chatus.

saturicam [satyr-], xLIII. 26, see satu-

saturicus [satyr-], qui per saturicam [!] scribsit [scrip-], xliii. 26 (De div. nominibus).

saturnalia, XLIII. 29; see bachus.

saturni, xxvIII. 7, see Tifon, 23, see Iouis.

saturnus, rex grecorum [graec-], xxviii. 9 (Lib. Anton. xlvi col. 159° pudeat Saturni fugæ). For saturnus see also incuba.

saturus [for satyrus], XLVII. 81, see incuba.

satyricam [!], satyricus, see saturicus.

satyrum, see satirum.

satyrus, see incuba.

Saulis, xIII. 26, see Gabaa.

sax [A.S. for six, or Lat. for Saxonice?], xxxi. 6; see solidos.

Saxonice?, see solidos.

sc for c; scenas, for cenas (coenas).

scabelli, xxxv. 61, see exedrę.

scabros, pisces sunt, xxxvi. 8 (Oros. 1. 3, 4 lapidum, quos...conchis et ostreis scabros).

scafa [scapha], xxxix. 31, see carabum. scalpantur, xxxviii. 7, see columnas uitreas.

scalpello, see scalpellum; scalpeum.

scalpellum, see scalpeum.

scalpellum, ferrum est quod habent scriptores unde incidunt cartas et pennas acuent [Cambr. MS. acuunt] ex altera parte latum sicut graphium, xiv. 20 (Hier. xxxvi. 23 scidit illud scalpello scribae) .scalpeum, boor, XLVIII. 66 (De Cass. Inst. vIII. 19, 2 contra calamum...contraue scalpellum; id. Conl. 1. 6, 1 pro scalpello) .scalpellum, biriis, xLVII. 48 (Alia = ?) = scalpellum, bor, Cp. S143; scalpro, bore, ibid. S136; scalpellum, byris, Ep. 23E29; Ef.<sup>1</sup> 390, 12. Cf. scalprum, byrs uel buarm, Cp. S125; scalprum, byris uel ut ali thuearm, Ep. 23C21; scalbrum, byris uel ut alii duaeram, Ef.1 389, 22. also scalpellum, bredisern, Cp. S115; scalbellum, br-, Ep. 23A20; scabellum, bredisaern, Ef. 388, 33. For scalpellum (a . nall knife, lancet, dim. of scalprum), see Kerting, 8408; for biriis (for biiris, byris?), byris, byrs (O.H.G. bursa), a borer, see Bosw. T. (byris); for boor, bor, bore (instr.), a borer, gimlet, id. (bor; so, for short o?); Franck, Woordenb. (boren), for bred-isern &c. id. (brædisen). Cf. dasile, boor, Cp. Int. 89.

scalpeum, boor, xLVIII. 66; see scal-

pellum.

scalpro, scalprum, see scalpellum.

scamnis, II. 95, see in scamnis.
scandaligeris, scandalizaueris, XII. 2
(Eccles. I. 37 non scandalizeris in labiis
tuis; ibid. IX. 5 ne forte scandalizeris in
decore illius).

scandalizaueris (scandalizeris), xII. 2, see scandalizeris.

scandere, ascendere, xLVIII. 43 (De Cass. Inst. IV. 8 scandere...culmina perfectionis...praeualeat). One MS. has ascendere instead of scandere; see note 19. Cf. ibid. IV. 43 scandere ad perfectionem... praeualeas.

scansio, see scarpmat. scapha, see carabum.

scapulare[sine interpret.], II. 154 (Bened. reg. 55, 8 [12] sufficere credimus...cucullam...et scapulare).

scarpinare, scarpinat, see scarpmat.

scarpmat, scribid, xLvII. 39 (Alia=?) = scarpinat, scripid, Cp. S142; scr. scripithaen, Ep. 23E28 and Ef. 390, 11. Scribid (b perhaps for p), scripid, scripit, from A.S. screpan (Bosw. T.), to scrape, scratch; haen in Ep. & Ef., a hen, points to an omitted gallina after the lemma scarpinat, which is perhaps corrupt for

scalpurit, or may be an unrecorded scarpinare (to scrape), traces of which Schlutter (Anglia, xrx. 474, 5) sees in scansio (Cp. S130) for scarsio = a roman, excarptio; see Körting, Wörterb. 3343-3347.

scarsio, see scarpmat.

scatentibus, credenti, xxxiv. 48 (De Cass. Inst. xII. 27, 3 totum se uel scatentibus uermibus uel acutissimis sudibus credat insidere). As none of the words excerpted from Cassianus are glossed by A.S. words in the present Glossary, it would almost seem as if credenti were Lat., suggested by credat insidere. But we find scaturirent, cridu (Steinm. AHG. 1. 298, 30); scaturit, criid (Cp. S150); scaturiat, crib (Napier, OEG. p. 166, 104); scaturiat (ebulliat), crið (Napier, 158, 101). Cf. Goetz, vii. 239 (scatens, &c., where Kluge suggests criendi, Sievers stredenti); Napier, OEG. p. 158 note to 101; Schlutter, in Anglia (xxvi. 302), and Journ. Germ. Phil. 1. 62. The infin. of the A.S. words is crūdan (pr. s. crydeb, pt. t. crēad), to crowd; see Oxf. Dict. (crowd, vb.1); Skeat, Conc. D. (crowd).

scedule, carte, xxxix. 69 (not in Greg. Dial., but, perhaps, Can. Conc. Afric. c p. 164 cum lecta fuisset scheda).

scelestis, 1. 53, see funestis.

scema, est figura dictionis in ordine uerborum cum decore conposita, xxvIII. 25 (Cass. Psalm. 1. 6 schema autem est f. d.i.o.u.c.d.c.). See scema, figura, Cp. S120; scema figura uel parabula, Ep. 23C4 and Ef. 1 389, 5; thema, figura, Cp. T146; Ep. 26E1 and Ef. 1 395, 49; cf. Schlutter, in Arch. f. L. x. 198. scema, figura, xxxvIII. 33; see thema.

scenas turpes [add commessationes], incesta coinquinata, xxxv. 166 (Ruf. v. 1 fol. 74° Thyesteas coenas et incesta Oedipia

perpetrantes).

scenicis, see scinici. scenis, see scina. sceptra, see sceptrum.

sceptrum, uirga regalis, xxxv. 152 (Ruf. IV. 3 fol. 54b in sceptra succedit) = sceptrum, uirga regalis, Cp. S152.

scheda, see scedule.

schema, see periscema; scema.

schismatici, schismaticis, schismatico-

rum, see scismatici.

schola, see ludus literarum. scholasticus, see scolasticus. scientes, IV. 43, see gnostici.

sciiria, see scina.

scina, imitatio uel grina [for grima? a mask], xxvII. 5 (Lib. Rot.?). Scina is an uncertain reading, and may also be read as sciiria, or scuria. According to the Glossary, the word is excerpted from Isidore's Liber Rotarum (=Lib. de natura rerum). Steinm. (II. 341, 4) read Sarra, and identifies it with Sirius, the dog-star (Lib. de nat. rer. xxvi. 14 S. stella est, quam vulgo canem appellant. quippe appellata propter flammae candorem). But another Glossary (Steinm. IV. 335, 2) has scyna, imitatio uel grima, and an Ambrosian MS., quoted by Goetz v. 426, 20, has scina, imitatio. The gloss appears in Cp. (S137) as scina, nititio; Ep. 24E30 & Ef. 392, 15 scina, nitatio uel grima; and Ep. 23E26 and Ef. 1 390, 9 have again scina, grima. Glogger adopts the reading scina, which he connects with diem...scenis et luxuriae sacrauerunt, in Isid. De Offic. 1. 41, 1. See further Goetz, VII. 241 (scina); Heraeus, in Arch. f. Lat. Lex. x. 514. For scina = scena, outward show, see Lew. & Sh. (scaena); for grima, a mask, spectre, see Bosw. T.

scindaris, scindat, scineoose, xxx. 96,

see ypo (sub) tyos (hoc).

scinici, scinnenas, xxxix. 55 (not in Greg. Dial., but Can. Concil. Afr. XLV p. 150 Vt scenicis atque histrionibus... gratia uel reconciliatio non negetur)= scienices, scinneras, Cp. S185; scienicis, seinneras, Ep. 24E26; scienicis, scineras, Ef. 1 392, 11. Scinneras (for scinnenas), evil spirits, spectres, magicians, see Bosw. T. (scin, scinere, scinnere); Kluge, Altg. Dial. p. 344; id. A. S. Leseb. p. 201 (scinn, scinna, scinnere). Cf. histriones, saltatores uel scenici, Cp. H95; emaones. scinneras, Cp. E170. Lewis & Sh. (scaena, scaenicus).

scino, scinu, xxx. 96, see ypo (sub) tyos

(hoc) &c.

scira, acurna, xLvII. 88 (Alia = ?) =scirra, aqueorna, Cp. S170; scira, aqueorna, Ep. 23E33; scira, aquorna, Ef. 390, 16. Scira = sciurus, a squirrel; for ac-urna &c. see Bosw. T. (āc-wern); Kluge, Wrtb. (Eichhorn).

scirra, see scira.

scismatici, dissensatores seperatores [separ-], I. 119 (De Canon.; Can. Conc. Laod. cxxxvi de schismaticis; cum...schismaticis; Can. Conc. Carth. LXV de...schismaticorum...insidiis, LXIX de...schismaticis; Decret. Caelest. XI ut schismatici... accipiant).

scissura, scissuras, xIII. 4, see fissura. scita, idest monita, xxII. 15 (Esther III. 8 regis scita contemnens). - scita, documenta, XLVIII. 42 (De Cass. Inst. v. 24 seniorum scita discere cupientes).-scithis, speciosas, xln. 15 (Ex div. libris = Sulp.

Sev. Dial. m. 15, 2 p. 213, 23 puellas scitis uultibus coemisse).

scitatum, see sitatum.

scithis, speciosas, XLII. 15; see scita. scitis, see scithis.

sciurus, see scira.

scola [schola], xxxv. 53, see ludus literarum.

scolae, see auditorio.

scolasticus [sine interpr.], 1. 123 (De Canon.; Can. Conc. Sard. XIII scholasticus de foro, aut ex administratione; Can. Conc. Carth. XVII scholasticos qui in actu sunt). See foro.

scole [-lae], xxxv. 247, see auditorio.

scolis, see sinphosin.

scopulosus, petra, xxxiv. 15 (De Cass. Inst. xi. 3 quidam perniciosissimus scopulus).

scopulus, see scopulosus.

scorellus, see scorelus.

scorelus, emaer, XLVII. 58 (Alia =?) = s-, omer, Cp. S166; s-, emer, Ep. 23E31 and Ef.¹ 390, 14. Scorelus, also written scorellus, is glossed amore, Wright W. 260, 27, and clodhamer, ib. 287, 17. For emaer, omer, emer, &c. (the yellow bunting or yellow-hammer), see Oxf. D. (hammer, sb.²); Bosw. T. (omer); Kluge, Et. D. (Ammer); Skeat, Conc. Et. D. (yellow-hammer).

scorpiones, in similitudine cancri cauda longa, xxv. 5 (Luc. x. 19 supra serpentes

et scorpiones).

scribantur, 1. 85, see proscribantur. scribitur, xxxIII. 5, see dedragma.

scribsit [scripsit], XLIII. 24, see traicus, 26, see saturicus.

scribta [-pta], xxxvi. 1, see Iani. scribtos [-ptos], xxii. 12, see urna.

scribturae [script-], xxx. 37, see cronographias.

scribuntur, xxxvII. 9, see tabulas legat.

scripsi, XLVIII. 74.

scripsit, xLIII. 23, see comicus; see also scribsit.

scripta, xxxv. 51, see gesta; see also scribta; Iani porte.

scriptio, xxxix. 72, see olografia.

scriptionem, calcum [=calculum?], IV. 107 (? Ruf. vi. 2 fol. 95<sup>b</sup> per proscriptionem? Cf. v. 19 fol. 88<sup>b</sup> subscriptiones, and vii. 26 fol. 130<sup>a</sup> subscriptionem).

scriptis, xxxIII. 7, see sicel.

scriptores, xiv. 20, see scalpellum; xxvii. 27, see genthliatici.

scriptori, xLvIII. 74.

scriptos, see scribtos; urna. scriptula, see dragma; sicel. scriptulum, see obulus.

scriptum, xxxIII. 7, see sicel; xxxv. 147, see petalum.

scriptura, 1. 90, see philacteria; xvi. 23, see agiografa; xxxix. 62, see filacteria.

scripturae, see scribturae.

scripturas, see caracteries.

scripturis [for scripturas?], xxxiv. 51, see caracteries.

scripula, see dragma; sicel.

scripulum, xxxIII. 27, see siliquae sex, 31, see siliquas sex; see also obulus.

scripulus sex siliquas pensatur, xxxı. 30 (De ponder.?).—scripulus pensat siliquas sex ab aliquibus fit duo, xxxıı. 3 (De ponder.?). Cf. Blume, 1. 373, 27, and E. scruple, a small weight.

scrobis, see scropis.

scrofa, see scrufa.

scropis, groop, xlvi. 22 (Alia = Ars Phocae, p. 418, 16 haec scrobis). Cf. Kluge, A. S. Leseb. p. 181, grop=groep, grop; Bosw. T. grep [for grop?], a furrow, burrow; O.H.G. gruoba, gruopa, cruoba, kruopa (Schade, Grube; Grab). Schlutter (Anglia, xxvi. 302) regards groop as a misread or miswritten groof, whence he derives E. groove (see also Kluge, Leseb. p. 181 grof, grube) referring to Steinm. A.H.G. 1. 449, 3 Latrinas cloacas aque: ductus idest groua .- But the Glossaries related to the present one all have p; see scrobibus, groepum, Cp. S181 and Ep. 24C14; scropibus, groepum, Ef. 1 391, 17; latrina, genge, groepe, [atque, for] aquae ductus, cloacas, Cp. L30. Groop, dialectically still exists, see Eng. Dial. Dict. (groop); Oxf. D. (groop); Verdam, Mid. Woord. (groepa), and differs from E. groove, for which see Oxf. D.; Skeat, Conc. Et. Dict.; Verdam, l.c. (groeve).

scrufa, sugu, xivii. 93 (Alia =?) = scrofa, sugu, Cp. S172 & Ep. 23E34; scrofa, ruga, Ef. 390, 17. Scrufa=scrofa, a breeding-sow; for A.S. sugu, a sow, see Bosw. T. (in v.), and Kluge, Etym. Wrtb.

(Sau).
scrupeas, dubitationes, xxxvIII. 23
(Clem. Recognitt. vIII. 61 isti per devia
incedentes et scrupeas verborum difficul-

tates).

scrupolositas, dubietas uel anxietas uel animi molestia, 11. 153 (Bened. reg. 40, 3 [4] cum aliqua scrupulositate). See also scrupulum.

scrupula, xxxIII. 7, see sicel.

scrupule [scrupulum], xxxIII. 8, see obulus.

scrupulos, xxxII. 7, see acitabulus, 8, see cotule, 9, see mina; xxxIII. 4, see dragma; see also libra.

scrupulositas, scrupulositate, see scrupolositas.

scrupulum, axietas [anxietas] angor molestia, 1. 133 (De Canon.; Can. Conc. Carth. LXXII absque ullo scrupulo; CXXVI si...aliquo mortis periculoso scrupulo compuncta fuerit; CXXXII scrupulo...conscientiæ). See also scrupolositas. For scrupulum, see also obulus.

scrupulus, xxxII. 7, see acitabulus. See

also scripulus (for scrup-).

sculpentur, see columnas uitreas. scupulos [scrupulos], xxxII. 11, see libra.

scuria, see scina.

scuriosa, sordida, xxxv. 225 (Ruf. xi. 23 fol. 187a vetustas curiosa; so also Cacciari II. p. 100. scuriosa (for scoriosa?) may have been another reading) = scuriora, sordida, Cp. S118; Ep. 23A34; Ef. 388, 47; see Goetz, vii. 243 (scoriosa).

scurra, scurrax, scurrus? see histrio.

scutorum, see portarum.

scylla, see uertigo.

scyna, see scina.

se, II. 60; XXI. 19; XLIV. 26, 27.

secel, see sicel.

secet, xxx. 95, see ypo (sub) tyos (hoc) &c. secretalem, penetrabiliorem occultiorem, 1. 128 (Def. fid. Calch., ap. Mans. vii col. 752<sup>b</sup> secretalem incarnationem, 754<sup>b</sup> substantiam secretalem).

secta, heresis [haeresis] insecutio, I.
121 (De Canon.; Can. Conc. Calch. XIV
uxorem sectae alterius accipere; Can. Conc.
Carth. LVII eiusdem sectae clerici) = secta,

heresis, Cp. S210.

secta, xxvII. 28, see uia secta.

sectura [for secutura?], xxxv. 67, see cissura.

secularem, see oratoriam.

seculares, xxxv. 184, see liberales litera, seculariam [-rem], xxxv. 279, see oratoriam.

secularium, xxix. 12, see comicus,

secunda, II. 52, see deuteronomii; xxx. 22, see deuterosin.—secunda, prospera, xxvII. 18 (Lib. Rot.—Isid. Lib. de nat. rer. xxvI. 13 prout cuique sunt motus, ita secunda vel aduersa portendere).—secunda, prospera, xxxIV. 16 (De Cass. Inst. XI. 3 secundo nauigantibus uento; XI. 11 rerum secundarum...successus).

secundo, see secunda.

secundum, XIII. 25, see de radice; XXX. 44, see cata manthan; XXXIX. 68, see cata-locum; XLIV. 11, see clima; SECUNDUM, XXXIII tit.

secundus, xliv. 16, see antarticus.
secuntur [wrongly for ponuntur], xxviii.
72, see anaphora.

securem, xxxv. 60, see bibennem. securis, iv. 120, see bibennem.

secus contra difinita, aliter prope, I. 117 (De Canon.; Can. Conc. Antioch. xcvII si secus contra definita factum fuerit). Cf. secus, aliter, Cp. S257.

secutura, see cissura.

secuture [-rae], xxvIII. 72, see anaphora. sed, xIX. 8; xXXV. 210; XLIV. 29.

sedecenalem [-cennalem], xxx. 52, see ex ca.

sedecim, i. 115, see sescopla; xxxv. 210, see sexcuplum.

sedem, I. 6, see absidam; xxxix. 56, see ante absida.

sedent, xv. 9, see transtra.

sedes, xxxv. 34, see solaria; for A.S. seddes, xvII. 6; see sacelli.

sedet, xv. 29, see thalamus.

seditio, rixa tumultus, I. 116 (De Canon.; Can. Conc. Ancyr. XXXVII seditiones...excitando; Can. Conc. Nic. xv propter seditiones; Can. Conc. Curth. LXXIV seditionibus). Cf. tumultus, seditio, Cp. T343.

seditiones, seditionibus, see seditio.
seduforum [pseudoforum], III. 21, see

ad seduforum.

seduxit, xII. 4, see inplanauit. sella, xv. 43, see puluillos.

semel, xliv. 9, see celum.

semeuncias, xxxIII. 5, see dedragma. semi, 1. 115 (bis; semi dupla; semi tripla); see sescopla.

seminis, xxxvII. 14, see sationis; xxv.

10, see gyt.

seminon, honestorum conuenticulum, xxxv. 302 (Ruf. π. 17 fol. 27<sup>a</sup> σεμνεῖον...in nostra lingua significare potest honestorum conuenticulum).

semis, xxxII. 7, see acitabulus; see also

talentum.

semiuir, eunuchus, xLvi. 17 (Alia=Ars Phocae, p. 416, 3 hic semivir).

semiuncia, III pensat, xxxIII. 22 (Euch. De pond.?); see also (xxxIII. 2) mina.

semiunciam, xxxII. 9, see mina.

semiustae, see amazones.

semiuste [-tae], xxxvi. 15, see amazones. sempectas, see senpectas.

semper, ii. 28; xiii. 48; xxii. 16; xxiv. 8; xxviii. 32, 34, 85; xlii. 21; xliv. 10. semuncia, see dedragma; mina.

senator, xxxv. 272, see patricius.—senatores, iudices, xxIII. 16 (Esdras? not in the Vulg., but cum senatoribus Prov. xxxI. 23, and senatores et judices Dan. vi. 7. In 1 Esdras III. 12 and vi. 14 occur seniores).

senecias, senecio, see synicias. senectute, x. 24, see Salamitis.

senes, xl. 16, see ollitani; see also ypo (sub) tyos (hoc).

senior, xxxix. 35, see iuuenior.

seniores, II. 152, see senpectas; see also senatores.

seniscatas, v. 27, see sinisactas.

senium, munuscula, III. 18 (Sulp. Sev. Dial. n. 12, 6 xenium transmisit...;

xenium ... accepit).

senpectas, sapientes uel seniores pectore, II. 152 (Bened. reg. 27, 6 inmittere senpectas, id est seniores sapientes fratres; and, in note, four MSS.: senpectas id est sympaectas; [7] senpectas, sinpectas, sempectas; cf. Woelfflin, in Praef. x1 and in Arch. f. Lat. Lexic. x. 550).

sensu, xxvIII. 47, see parenthesin.

sensus, xxix. 2, see anagogen; xxx. 9, see peridion, 30, see phraysi.

sententia, xxvIII. 45, see zeuma, 51, see hyperthesis.

sententiae, see sententie.

sententiam, xxvIII. 61, see amphibolia, 67, see anastrophe.

sententie [-tiae], xxvIII. 47, see parenthesin.

sentina, dicitur ubi multe [-tae] aque [-uae] fiunt collecte [-tae] in naui, xxxix. 50 (Greg. [not Dial., but] Reg. Past. III. 33 col. 1164 hoc agit sentina latenter excrescens).

senuerunt, xxxv. 93, see moluerunt. separantur, xlii. 1, see excipiuntur.

separatio, see discretio.

separatione, xxi. 19, see in anathema.

separatis, see prinatis.

separatores, see scismatici.

separetur, 11. 155, see suspendatur. sepe, xvi. 27, see malefici.

sepe [saepe], xLIII. 52, see facesso.

sepeliunt, xv. 24, see pollinctores.

sepelleum, see aspeleo.

seperatio [separ-], II. 44, see discretio. seperatis [separ-], II. 136, see privatis. seperatores [separ-], 1.119, see scismatici.

sepius [saep-], xliv. 11, see clima.

seplum, see sescuplum.

septem, II. 69, see eptaticum; xxxI. 9, see comor.

septemplici, v. 8, see auo.

septenarium, 11. 69, see eptaticum.

septentrio, xix. 33, see arcturum.

septentrionalis, xLIV. 12, see clima, 28, see extremi.

septimane, xxxix. 52, see omnes dies. sepulcrum, III. 58, see memoria. sepulture [-rae], 1. 24, see cymiteria;

xxxv. 237, see coementeria.

sepultus, vIII. 8, see in aceruo m-. sequentes, xxII. 9, see pedisequas. sequitur, xxx, 16, see ho platon.

sequor, xxxIII. 16, see gomor.

sera, see pessul.

seres, otiosus, xlvi. 20 (Alia = Ars Phocae, p. 417, 27 reses residis, deses Cf. reses, resides, Cp. R81; Ep. desidis). 22C37; Ef.1 387, 36.

sericus, see suricus.

series, xxxiv. 20, see catalogum.

sermo, xvi. 27, see malefici; xix. 10, see ridhmus.

sermocinatione, see uerbi gratione. sermonem, xxvIII. 68, see anadiplosis.

sermonis, xvi. 15 (bis), see ab exitu sermonis; xxviii. 75, see prolemsis. sermonum, xxviii. 20, see diapsalma;

SERMONUM, II tit., see interpretatio. sermotinatione [sermocin-], II. 171, see

uerbigratione.

serpens, xxIII. 1, see exedra. serpentem, x1. 10, see signum. serpentes, xxIII. 1, see exedra. serra, serris, xIII. 36, see in serris. seruorum, xxxv. 71, see calonum.

seruum [?], xxix. 18, see flacidium. sescopla, semi dupla uel semi tripla uel

sedecim (!) pro uno, 1. 115 (De Canon.; Can. Conc. Nic. xvII hemiolia, id est sescupla exigens; Can. Conc. Laod. CVIII quae dicuntur sescupla, id est et summam capitis, et dimidium summae percipere).sescuplum, dridehalpf, v. 30 (Eccl. Stor.); sexcuplum, sedecim pro uno sed semiduplum puto, xxxv. 210 (De Euseb.) = (Ruf. x. 6 fol. 162b sesquiplum, vel...duplum recipi; Cacciari, II. 16: sexcuplum, and in note: sesquiplum and seplum); dride-halpf = %riddehalf (here, perhaps, the third half = one and a half); see Bosw. T. (pridda and healf).

sescupla, see sescopla.

sescuplum, dridehalpf, v. 30; see sescopla.

sesquiplum, see sexcuplum, sub v. ses-

sessionibus, xvi. 18, see trieres.

seuit, glimith, xLm. 10 (Ex div. libris = Sulp. Sev. Dial. 1. 14 p. 167, 5 cui mite est omne quod saeuit; ibid. III. 16, p. 214, 25 saeuit in clericos). Schlutter (Anglia, xix. p. 465) suggests grimith for glimith; cf. Bosw. T. grimman.

sex, 1. 95, see portentuose; xxx1. 30, see scripulus, 33, see mina; xxxII. 3, see scripulus; xxxIII. 27, see siliquae sex, 31, see siliquas sex; xxxv. 31, see legio, 250, see in exameron; xxxix. 36, see sex untias.

sexcuplum, sedecim pro uno sed semiduplum puto, xxxv. 210; see sescopla.

sexta, xxxi. 21, see cathos.

sextarii, xxxi. 9, see comor, 11, see ephi, 21, see cathos.

sextariis [-rius?], xxxIII. 19, see nebel.

sextarios, xxxi. 2, see modicus, 9, see comor, 11, see ephi, 12, see sata, 13, see sarre, 14, see hin; xxxiii. 13, see metreta, 16 (bis), see gomor, 17, see hin; see also abattidis.

sextarium, xxxi. 10, see Aquila dixit, in voce sextarius.

sextarius autem duo libra et dimedium, xxxi. 3 (De ponder.?).—sextarius iiii libras pensat, xxxi. 31 (De ponder.?).—sextarius Grece duas libras et dimidium pensat, xxxi. 32 (De ponder.?).—sextarius, libras iiii, xxxiii. 26 (Euch., De pond.?).—Aquila dixit sextarium iii modios, xxxi. 10 (De ponder.?). On the sextarius cf. Blume, 1. 375, 5 sq. For sextarius see also ii. 86, himina; xxxii. 8, emina, 35, cimina; xxxiii. 24, urbicus.

sexum, see sexus.

sex untias [uncias] mediam partem unius uille &c., xxxix. 36; see uncia.

sexus, natura, i. 30 (De Canon.; Can. Conc. Carth. LXII nec sexum excusandum esse, CXXXVIII p. 174<sup>b</sup> propter sexus). For sexus see also (XLII. 13) hermofroditus.

si, H. 182; VIII. 17, 19 (bis); XXIII. 1; XXXIX. 15; XLIV. 11, 15.

si quo minus, alioquin, II. 158 (Bened. reg.?). This expression (for which see Souter, Study of Ambrosiaster, pp. 75, 76), which does not seem to occur in the Reg. Bened., is here, perhaps, a further explanation of (II. 157) sin alias (q.v.).

si usque ad lacum fuerit, idest si stagnum faciat de sanguine non satiabitur, viri. 19 (Salam. xxviri. 17 Hominem qui calumniatur animae sanguinem, si usque ad lacum fugerit [Heyse fuerit, in note] nemo sustinet).

sibi, xxxvii. 19, see laurus; xliv. 17, see cous, 25, see dextera.

sie, x. 12; xr. 4; xv. 35; xx. 8; xxrv. 13; xxxrr, 1, 2 (bis), 5.

sicarii, gladiatores, Iv. 19 (Ruf. II. 20 fol. 29<sup>b</sup> sicarii plebibus admixti). Cf. sicarius, gladiator, Cp. S335; Ep. 23E17; Ef. 389, 57.

siccans, xvII. 1, see area sitiens. siccant, xIV. 3, see uorith.

siccate [-tae], xxix. 13, see frixi ciceris.

sicel qui latine lingue corrupte siclos
dicitur in questionibus supra scriptis uncia
pondus habet ut alibi scriptum repperi
scrupula x quod ipse arbitror Nam siclus
ipse uel sicel de propinquitate ponderis
quasi siclus sonat, xxxiii. 7 (De pond.,
Euch. p. 158, 15 secel q. in Latina lingua
corrupte siclus [Mus. M. siclos] d. ut in
quaestionibus supradictis indicatur unciae
p.h., u.a.s.r. scriptula [Mus. M. scripula]

decem q. et ipse a. [Mus. MS. adds qf sil Lx] n.s.i.u. secel de p.p.q. sicilicus s.). The Brit. Mus. adds after sonat: Habet autem secel xx obolos; see also siclus.

sicera, est omnis potio que extra uinum inebriare potest cuius licet nomen hebreum [hebraeum] sit tamen latinum sonat pro eo quod ex suco frumentorum et pomorum conficitur, i. 111 (De Canon.; Can. Apostt. III offerat... pro vino siceram) = sicera (dicitur, Ep. & Ef.), omnis potio quo (que, Ef.) inebriari potest excepto uino, Cp. S351; Ep. 24E27; Ef.¹ 392, 12. Cf. sicera, qui (quod, Ep.) fit dactylo (dactyli, Ep., Ef.) sucus, Cp. S350; Ep. 24E21; Ef.¹ 392, 8; Isid. Etym. xx. 3. 16; Eucher. Instr. p. 121, 12; 148, 16.

siceram, see sicera.

sicilicus, see sicel.

siclos, xxxIII. 7, see sicel.

siclus, xxxIII. 7 (bis), see sicel, 8, see obulus.

siclus LXXII siliquas, XXXI. 15 (De ponder.?). Cf. Lewis & Short, in v., and Isid. Orig. XVI. 25, 18; cf. above, sicel.

sicunia, gibreci, xLVII. 30 (Alia = ?). As gebrec interprets pituita in Cp. P398; Ep. 19C5 (p-, gibrec); Ef. 380, 55 (p-, gibreec), also reuma in Cp. R58 (r-, gebrec); Ep. 22A26 (r-, gibrec); Ef. 386, 44 (r-, gebrec), and umecta, Cp. U246 (u-, gibrec; and below xxiv. 3 u-, gebyraec), it seems that sicunia, of which there is no trace elsewhere, is a misread reuma (=rheuma), a flow, catarrh, rheum, si being a misread A.S. r (p) and ni for m. The A.S. gibreci, gebrec, gibrec, gebyraec, &c., quoted above, are all substt., derived from brecan, to break; (1) those which interpret reuma (rheuma), and pituita refer to the noise of coughing, and hence the Glossaries also explain the Lat. fragor (a crash, noise, from frangere, to break) by the same word, see Wright W. 404, 17; 400, 17 (fragore, gebrece, instr.), while (2) those which interpret umecta refer to the broken (unsafe) state of marshy ground, brook-land (= A.S. broc, E. brook, a small stream; Du. broek; G. Bruch, a marsh); cf. Kluge, Wrtb. (Bruch2); Franck (Brock).

sicut, II. 170; vIII. 9; x. 10, 21; xII. 9; xIII. 59; xIV. 6, 9 (bis), 19, 20; xVI. 4; xXII. 12; xXVIII. 57; xXXV. 26, 181; xXXVIII. 5; xXXXIX. 51; XLIII. 16; XLIV. 27; XLVIII. 74.

sicuti, 11. 184, see uti.

sideralem, xxvii. 10, see zoziacum. sideralis, xxiv. 23, see zodiacus. siderum, xxx. 51, see astronomia.

Sidon, ciuitas, xxiv. 15 (Math. xi. 21, 22 & xv. 21); see Tyrus.

sidonicis, hospicia pauperum, XLI. 3 (De div. nomin.?). This gloss seems to be the same as Cp. S728 synodicus (Ep. 24E33 synodiciis; Ef. 392, 18 synnodicis) susceptionibus peregrinorum, and to point, as its source, to Can. Conc. Calch. VIII p. 135\* Clerici qui praeficiuntur ptochiis; with traces, perhaps, in the first part of the lemma, of xenodochiorum, which occurs ibid. Can. x. Cf. xenodociorum, collectionum, Cp. X1 xenodochia, susceptio peregrinorum, & ib. X2, and the present Glossary xxxix. 58, 59.

Sieres, see Syeres.

signa, III. 51, see stigmata; xxxv. 126,

see tropia.

signatore, IV. 119, see antesignato. significans, XXVIII. 39, see allegoria. significantes, XXI. 5, see cum coronis.

significantiam, see silemsis.

significat, x. 11, see tigna.

significationem, xxvIII. 40, see silemsis.

signis, xl. 21, see liniamentis. signo, xli. 21, see obfirmantes; xlii. 22,

see typo.

signum, 1. 118, see simbulum; vIII. 6, see fornicem.—signum habentes, serpentem aeneum, xI. 10 (Sap. xvI. 6 signum habentes salutis. For the gloss cf. Num. xxI. 9).

silemsis, quoties casus discrepantes in unam significationem congregamus, xxvIII. 40 (Cass. Psalm. VIII. 1 figura...syllepsis q. c. d. i. u. significantiam c.).

siler, see liser.

siliqua, xxxi. 16, see regalis.

siliqua una IIII grana ordei pensat, xxxIII. 25 (Euch. De Pond.?).—siliquae sex, scripulum unum, xxxIII. 27 (Euch. De Pond.?).—siliquae tres argenteos solidum faciunt, xxxIII. 30 (Euch. De Pond.?).—siliquae sex, scripulum unum pensant. finit, xxxIII. 31 (Euch. De Pond.?).—siliquae argeos idest pendicum, xxxII. 23 (De Ponder.).—de siliquis, fructus arboris colligitur porcis, xxv. 6 (Luc. xv. 16 implere ventrem suum de siliquis, quas porci manducant).—For siliquaes, see also xxxI. 15 (siclus), 18, 19 (obolus), 22 (Epiphanius), 29 (solidus), 30 (scripulus), 34 (statera); xxxIII. 1 (dragma), 3 (scripulus), 4 (obolus, 5 (uncia); xxXIII. 8 (obulus), 29 (obolus).

siliquae, siliquas, see siliqua.

siliquis, xxv. 6, see de siliquis, sub v.

siliqua.

Silla, consul, XLIII. 33 (De div. nominibus = Donati Ars grammat. p. 378, 1 Sylla).

sillogismus, questio [quaestio] ineuitabilis, xxxıv. 44 (De Cass. Inst. xıı. 19 syllogismis dialecticis; in note sillogismis). Cf. sillogismo, inebitabile, Cp. Int. 309.

For sillogismus [syll-], see also (xxviii. 84)

hypotheticus.

siloam, stagnum, xxix. 36 (Uerb. Interpr. = Hier. in Matth. xxiii. 35, 36 col. 174<sup>A</sup> Siloam dueunt).

siluae, see Armenias.

siluatious, xix. 24, see onager.

silue [-uae], xxxvi. 2, see Armenias.

siluę, xIII. 43, see lamia. simbolum, see simbulis.

simbulion, pactum, v. 29; see simbulis.

simbulis, consiliis conpactis, v. 28 (Ruf. VIII. 17 fol. 144a diuinationibus ac symbolis adquiesceret).—simbulion, pactum, v. 29 This seems a further ex-(? Ruf. ?). planation of v. 28. According to Glogger a Bern MS, has simbulon, compactum.simbulum, graece latine signum uel cognitio, 1. 118 (De Canon.; Can. Conc. Laode cx hi...nostrae doceantur fidei symbolum; Can. Conc. Carth. CXXXVII Huic symbolo fidei). Cf. simbulum, herebenc, Cp. S373; symbulum, herebæcun, id. S721; simbulum, herebacon, Ep. 24A8; symbulum, herebecon, Ef. 390, 30; simbolum, conlatum uel confessio, Ef. 332, 29. For A.S. herebenc (for herebecn) &c., a military ensign, standard, see Bosw. T. (herebeacen; from here, an army + beacen, a beacon, sign).

simcosion [for symposium], xxx. 80; see

et simcosion.

simila, smetuma, xxvi. 7 (Isid. Offic. 1. 18, 5 nec corpus Domini potest esse simila sola). For simila, see also (xiv. 5) placentas. For smetuma = smeoduma, smedema, smeodema &c. (fine flour, meal), see Bosw. T. (smedema).

similaginem, genus tritici, XII. 36 (Eccles. XXXV. 4 qui offert similaginem) = Cp. S363. Cf. Steinm. A. H. G. I. 561

note 2.

simile, XXXVII. 5, see capsaces. similem, XLI. 8, see saphirus.

similes, XIII. 43, see lamia; XXXIX. 43, see duas coronas.

simili, xxxvIII. 7, see columnas uitreas.

similis, x. 10, see cyprus, 20, see cassia; xix. 8, see murenula; xxi. 13, see ascopa; xxix. 38, see hyine; xlil. 21, see basterna; xlvii. 89, see bulinus.

similiter, xiii. 22, see calanan.

similitudine, XIII. 3, see uermiculus, 6, see lunulas, 37, see malus nauis, 58, see in lecticis; XXI. 16, see conopeum, 20, see labastes; XXV. 5, see scorpiones; XXVII. 16, see hyadas.

similitudinem, III. 21, see ad seduforum; XIII. 47, see plaustrum; XXIV. 1, see fiole; XXV. 15, see hysopo; XXX. 80, see et simco-

sion; xLIII. 46, see piraondes; see also sinphosin.

simphosium, see sinphosin.

simplex, aenli, xLvi. 39 (Alia = Ars Phocae, p. 421, 2 simplex). Cf. bilex. For aenli (simple, singular, only) see Bosw. T. (ænlic, ānlic).

simposium, see et simcosion, sub v.

sinphosin.

simul, xxxv. 193, see contribulibus.

simultantem, contentionem, xxxv. 182 (Ruf. vi. 10 fol. 101b inimicitiam simultatemque uidetur inferre).

simultatem, see simultantem.

sin, n. 157 (bis).

sinagogae [syn-], IV. 27, see ariopagitis. sin alias, sin aliter, II. 157 (Bened. reg. 2, 41 [60] sin alias; 60, 9 [13] id.).

sinastrismus, que uno tractu atque circuitu cremina multa concludit, xxviii. 77 (Cass. Psalm. xxxv. 4 synathroismos, quae uno t. a. c. crimina m. c.-Cf. xxx. 27 synatroesmos, Latine congregatio, ubi in unum, aut multa crimina, aut multa beneficia colliguntur).—sinatrismos, congregatio quoties multa in unum colliguntur, xxviii. 63 (Cass. Psalm. xxii. 1 synathroismos...c. q. m. i. u. c. See also x1. 1 per figuram synathroesmos).

sinaxis, solemnitas uespertinorum uel collectio coadunatio, II. 151 (Bened. reg. 17, 14 [22] Vespertina synaxis quattuor psalmis...terminetur). - sinaxeos, celebrationes, xLVIII. 68 (De Cass.). - synaxeos cura [sine interpret.], xLvIII. 41 (De Cass.) = (De Cass. Inst. II. 17 cui...synaxeos cura committitur; II. 11, 2 ad finem synaxeos...; fastidium synaxeos). According to a St Gallen MS. the interpretation, which is wanting here, is: curae uel celebrationes, for which see also the preceding gloss. Cf. Inst. II. 10, 1 sollemnitates quas illi synaxis (al. sinaxes) uocant; III. 5, 1 synaxin; IV. 16, 1 in synaxi; w. 16, 2 dimissa synaxi.

sincera, integra, n. 166 (Bened. reg. 72, 11 [18] abbatem ... sincera ... caritate

diligant).

sinceritas, integritas, r. 131 (De Canon.; Can. Conc. Carth. Lvi p. 1548 cum approbauerit vestra sinceritas; xciii p. 162ª sinceritas Catholica).

sinchrisis, est cum causam suam quis aduersariis nititur efficere meliorem, xxviII.

70; see syncrisis.

sinchronon, unius temporis, xv. 32 (S. Hier, in XII Prophetas Praef. Osee synchronon Isaiae). The Cambr. MS. has: Syncronon unius t. vel contemporaneus.

sincopin, defectio stomachi, xxxxx. 47 (Greg. Dial. III. 33 col. 297B quam ... molestiam ... syncopin vocant).

sindetus, ligaturas, xxxvin. 36 (Clem. Recognitt. x. 11 quia in his omnibus aliquis aut asyndetus fuit cum malo, aut invisibilis; Migne, in note col. 1426, Glogger would read ligatus syndetus). for ligaturas, as two MSS. have liga-

sine, II. 172; VIII. 7; XI. 4, 13; XII. 13, 34; xv. 7; xvi. 5 (with accus.); xix. 10;

xxxv. 189, 217; xxxviii. 19.

sinecdochen, a toto partem, xxvIII. 41 (Cass. Psalm. Ix. 1 Usus Scripturarum est per synecdochen figuram, quae significat a toto partem, dicere omnia; see also xxi praef.).

sinefactas, pudicas uel abstinentes, xxxv.

38; see sinisactas.

singula, xxvIII. 31, see ausesis.

singularibus, xxx. 43, see de mono-

singularis, 11. 107, see monachus; xxxix. 44, see glebum.

singulis, xxvIII. 24, see ypozeuxis.

sinisactas, sociatrices, xxxv. 283 (De Euseb.). - sinefactas, pudicas uel abstinentes, xxxv. 38 (De Euseb.) = synefactas, puplicas, Cp. S710; Ep. 23A32; synefactas, publicas, Ef. 1 388, 45; synesactas, pudicas, Cp. S711; synesactas, pudicas uel abstinentes, Ep. 23A36; synefactas, p. u. a., Ef. 388, 49, 50; sonisactas, sociatrices, Cp. S395, Ep. 23A31; Ef. 388, 44.—sinisascas, sociatrices, rv. 103 (Eccl. Istor.).—siniscas uel seniscatas [sine interpret., but a St Gallen MS. has as gloss sociatrices], v. 27 (Eccl. Storia) all = (Ruf. VII. 26 fol. 128b De mulieribus...quas συνεισάκτους appellant).

sinisascas, sociatrices, iv. 103, see sinis-

actas.

siniscas uel seniscatas, v. 27, see sinis-

sinoktezetnyaton, see cinticta.

sinopide, petra rubea unde pingent [-gunt], xIV. 13 (Hier. XXII. 14 pingitque Cf. sinopede, redestan, Cp. sinopide). S365.

sinpectas, see senpectas.

sinphosin, iterarium [itiner-] uel uiarum [uiaticum?], xxx. 71; otheporicon, itenera-rium, xxx. 72 (Cat. Hier. Lxxx col. 687B Habemus ejus Symposium, quod adolescentulus scripsit; ὁδοιπορικὸν de Africa usque Nicomediam; B: Hab. e. simphosium idest similitudinem quem adol. scripsit in scolis Affrice et odeporiconidest viaticum, vel itinera de affrica vsque in nicomediam; C: Hab. e. symposium quod ad. scripsit africe et hodiporitum de af. usque in From these readings it conmediam). seems clear that the gloss to symposium

is omitted in the present Glossary, but the reading of text B shows that it had been glossed in some text by similitudinem, therefore = synfosion, similitudinem, Cp. S722; synfosio, similitudinem, Ep. 24E11; symfosion, similitudinem, Ef.1 391, 52, and also in the present Glossary et simcosion, similitudinem, xxx. 80 (= Cat. Hier. LXXXIII col. 691 confecit = et symposium [Gr. text καὶ συμπόσιον] decem virginum; B: confecit...et simphosium idest similitudinem decem virginum; C: conf. et simposium x virginum).-There is no record of symposium meaning similitudo, and it would seem that the Glossator was thinking of symphonia.-The gloss that follows the word sinphosin belongs to οδοιπορικών (hodoeporicon) which follows in the same Ch. of St Jerome's Cat., and is here glossed twice, while it occurs once more in the Glossary otheroricon, iterarium uel uiarum, xxx. 87, which refers to Cat. Hier. cxi col. 705B (composuit volumen, quasi ὁδοιπορικὸν; Β: odaporikon idest itinerarium; C: odoporicam) = caeporicon, itararium uel uiarum, Cp. C71; caeporicon, iterarium uel uiarum, Ep. 8C5; Ef. 352, 15; etodeporicon, uiaticum iterarium, Cp. E320; Ep.—; etodiforicon, iterarium uel uiaticum, Ef. 1 358, 33.—On the different readings in Ch. LXXX of the Catal. see Migne's note i.

sintagmata[synt-], xxx.31; see sintagmaton.

sintagmaton, documentorum, xxx. 69 (Cat. Hier. LXXV col. 6864 ωστε αὐτὸν μέγιστον μέρος των 'Ωριγένους συνταγμάτων lδία χειρί καταγράψαι; the Lat. text of Migne, Richardson, and B and C has voluminuminstead of συντ-).—sub nominem consintagmata, documenta, xxx. 31; syntagma, documentum, xxx. 32 = (Cat. Hier, xxxII col. 647B Feruntur sub nomine eius et alia syntagmata [συντάγματα, Rich.]; B: Fer. s. n. e. e. a. sintagmata; C: Fer. s. n. e. e. alia [blank]) = Syntasma, documentum, Cp. S723; Ep. 24E12; Ef. 391, 53; syntasmata, documenta, Cp. S724; Ep. 24E13. For sub nominem consee the present Glossary, p. 27, note \*\*.xxx. 32 (synt. doc.) is evidently a gloss to xxx. 31, though σύνταγμα occurs in Cat. Hier. xxxv in some MSS., for which others have commentarium; Text B: sintagma idest documentum; Text C: commenta-

Sion, see civitas david.

sinthema, spica conpositio, xxix. 69 (Uerb. Interpr. = Hier. in Matth. xxvi. 73 Ephrathæi in Judicum libro (cap. xii) non possunt σύνθημα dicere, to give the watch-

word). Here conpositio also means a watchword. Spica is explained by a reference to Jud. xn. 6, quoted by Jer., Die ergo Scibboleth (חֶבֶּבֶעֶי), quod interpretatur Spica.

sinum, ubi mare intrat in terram, xxxvi. 4 (Oros. i. 2, 18 habent...a meridie...sinum Persicum; i. 2, 21 inter sinum Persicum; see also i. 2, 23, 25, 34 (sinus), 56, 58, 59, 72 (sinu), &c.).

sirenae, see sirene.

sirene, mulieres marine, XIII. 28 (Isai. XIII. 22 respondebunt...sirenes in delubris. Heyse sirenae in note).

sirenes, see sirene. Siriis [Syriis], xxv. 3, see sirofenissa.

Sirius, see scina. sirofenissa, de siriis [Syriis] qui in cananea [-naea] sunt, xxv. 3 (Marc. vii.

26 mulier... Syrophænissa genere; Wordsw. & White, in note, sirofenisse &c.). sirte, harena, xlii. 17 (Ex div. libris).—in sirtim, mare arenosa [l], iii. 33 (De

in sirtim, mare arenosa [!], 111. 33 (De S. Mart. Stor. = Sulp. Sev. Dial. 1. 3, 2, p. 154, 27 in Syrten inlati sumus; in note syrtim, syrtes). Cf. in sirtim, in sondge-pearp [= sandgeweorp, a sandbank, quick-sand, Bosw. T.], Cp. I414.

sirtim, III. 33; see in sirtim sub v. sirte.

siser, see liser.

sis, nuis [together for A. S. sīma?], xLIII. 55; see cestus.

sit, i. 111; xiv. 9; xxviii. 55; xxxiii. 16; xxxix. 36.

sitatum, malleum duratum, xxxviii. 45 (Clem. ?). Sitatum does not seem to occur in Clemens Romanus. Two other MSS. read scitatum, male odoratu (-tum). It follows in the Glossary after two words extracted from Clemens' Epist. ad Jacobum (Migne, Patr. Lat. cxxx col. 2119 sqq.), and Glogger suggests that it may be a corruption for Bithalassum, glossing Bithalassa...loca (ibid. col. 25), mare undatum. Cf. Goetz, vi. 144 (bithalassum), where other suggestive interpretations are given. The Corp. Gloss. (B231) has bythalasma ubi duo maria conueniunt. For by thalasma the Ep. Gl. (6A16) has bythalass.; Ef.1 347, 30 bathalasa.

sitiens, xvII. 1, see area sitiens.

situs, lana que [quae] crescit in loco que [qui] caret sole uel positio, xLvz. 24 (Alia = Ars Phocae, p. 420, 6 situs). Cf. situs, positio, Cp. S366; situs, antiquitas uel positio, Ep. 25E18; Ef. 394, 8; scitus, positio, Cp. S132.

siue, 11. 7, 173; x111. 1; xvi. 26; xxiii.

7; xxxIII. 12; xxxIX, 36 (bis).

smaragdus, uiridem colorem habet hoc est prasinum, xli. 10 (De nomin. div. = Apoc. xxi. 19 smaragdus; see also Exod. xxviii. 17, xxxix. 10; Ezek. xxviii. 13)= smaragdus uiridem habet colorem, Cp. S378; Ep. 24E22; Ef. 392, 9.—For "hoc est prasinum" in Cp., Ep. & Ef. 1 see above calcidon.

smigmata, unguenta, xvi. 20 (Dan. xiii. 17 Afferte mihi...smigmata).

Sobal, see Subal.

sociatrices, IV. 103 and XXXV. 283, see sinisactas.

socibus, xxxv. 286, see sodalibus.

socius, I. 28, see coetus.

sodales, xxxvi. 18, see commanipulares. sodalibus, socibus, xxxv. 286 (Ruf. vII. 29 fol. 132b mel Atticum a sodalibus

uocaretur; viii. 6 fol. 135b ex Dorothei sodalibus). Cf. above factionibus, and

sodales, socii, Cp. S383.

soeue, su, III. 44 (De S. Mart. Stor. = Sulp. Sev. Dial. n. 10, 3 sues pascit; one MS. has oues pascit; cf. ibid. III. 10, 4 captiuumque suem). For A.S. su, a sow, female pig, also written sugu, see Bosw. T. in vv.; Skeat, Conc. Dict.

sofismatum, questionum [quaest-], III.

60; see sophismatum.

sol, xxvII. 4, see suprima, 23, see Phoebe; xxxvi. 12, see foetontis.

Solamitide, see Salamitis.

solaria, xxvII. 29, see titania.—solaria, onores [hon-], v. 25.—solaria, munera, xxxv. 253.—solaria, sedes uel loca alta, xxxv. 34; all for salaria? see salariis.

solario, xxIII. 14, see in domate suo; see

also solaria, sub v. salariis.

sole, xi. 16, see bonam escam; xii. 42, see uasa; xxix. 13, see frixi ciceris; xLVI. 24, see situs.

solem, xvII. 12, see fulgorantes; XLIV.

27, see dextera.

solemnes, xxx. 62, see eortatica. solemnitas, II. 151, see sinaxis.

solempnis, see eortatica.

solent, xxvIII. 38, see per figuram y-. solide, fortiter, XII. 28 (Eccles. XXIX. 7 si...potuerit reddere, adversabitur, solidi vix reddet dimidium, et computabit illud Sab. and Heyse quasi inventionem). record, in notes, the reading solide and Sab. also solidum. On this passage see

Wace, Apocr. п. 148.

solidi, xxxIII. 21, see uncia; see also solide.—solidorum, xxxn. 6, see ciatos.solidos, xxiv. 7, see stater; xxxi. 5, see uncia, 7 (bis), see libra; xxxII. 5, see uncia; xxxIII. 28, see libra, 29, see obolus.

solidos tres trymisas sax, xxx1. 6 (De ponder, ?). It is not clear whether tres belongs to the lemma (solidos) or to trymisas (plur. of trymis, a coin); see Bosworth T. trimes. Above sax the MS. has v, which it usually uses to mark A. S. words. It is doubtful whether it could be a Teutonic form for six? or for Saxonice?-solidum, xxix. 32, see nummismum; xxxi. 28, see tres argenteos; xxxIII. 30, see siliquae tres; see also solide .- solidus, xxIV. 11, see nomisma.—solidus xxIIII siliquas, xxxi. 29 (De ponder.?). Cf. Blume, 1. 374. 1 sqq.

solis, xxI. 12, see filii titan.

sollicitationibus [for sollitat- n. 93], see

inlecebris.

sollicitum, xv. 39, see exertum. sollitationibus, for sollicitat-, q.v. solos, xli. 1, see presbiteri. soluebatur, xi. 16, see bonam escam. soluit, xxvII. 22, see fatescit. soluitur, viii. 17, see nitrum.

solum, II. 189, see monasterium; XLIV.

2, see cous.

sonans, xix. 4, see tinnulus. sonare, v. 26, see subsaltare. sonat, I. 111, see sicera; xxxIII. 7, see sicel.

sonitum, xxxvIII. 37, see coribantas.

sonitus, xxxv. 215, see fragor. sophismatum, questionum [quaest-], 22. - sofismatum, questionum [quaest-], III. 60 = (Lib. Anton. XLVI col. 158<sup>p</sup> arguta sophismatum interrogatione; cf. also xLVIII sophismatum ... conclusio, and xLIX sophismatum... versutiae) = sophismatum, quaestionum, Cp. S420; s. quaestionem, Ep. 24E28; s. questionum, Ef.1 392, 13.

sophistice, conclusione uel reprehensione, xII. 38 (Eccles. XXXVII. 23 qui

sophistice loquitur).

sordida, xxxv. 225, see scuriosa. sordidam, xxvIII. 10, see luridam. soricem, XIII. 61, see murem. sororis, xxxv. 26, see oethepia. sors, see fors. sortiuntur, xxII. 12, see urna. spatiis, xliv. 16 (ter), see antarticus. spatio, xxxv. 27, see puncto. specialiter, see spetialiter speciei, xxxIII. 19, see nebel. speciem, xxviii. 42, see idea. species, XLII. 25, see Platonis ideas; see

also speties eris. speciosas, xLII. 15, see scithis.

spectacula, ubi omnia publicis uisibus prebetur [praeb-] inspectio, 1. 126 [De Canon.; Can. Apostt. xvIII quae publicis spectaculis mancipantur; Can. Conc. Laod. CLVII ludicris spectaculis interesse; Can. Conc. Carth. xv spectacula saecularia; LXI de spectaculis; ad haec spectacula]; cf. Isid. Etym. XVIII. 16. 1.

spectaculis, see spectacula.

spectaculum (circum), xxx. 21, see amphitheatrum.

spectandi, see uectandi. spectans, see expectans. spectat, see allectat.

spelaeo, speleo, speleum, see aspeleo.

spelunca, xvi. 3, see crypta.

spera [sphaera], XLIV. 7, see poli. spere [sphaerae], XLIV. 3, see axis.

speri [for sphaerae?], xLIV. 29, see axem.

sperico [sphaer-], xliv. 10, see cardines. spernendo, despiciendo, II. 163 (Bened. reg. 31, 8 [15] non spernendo eum contristet).

spetialiter [spec-], xvIII tit.

speties eris, de eramento [aer-] dicitur, xv. 22 (Ezech. xl. 3 species aeris).

sphaera, see poli. sphaerae, see axis.

sphaerico, see sperico. spiathiis, spiatium, spiato, see spiathio.

spiathio, mattae, xxxiv. 3 (De Cassiano, Inst. v. 35 incubantem psiathio repperisset; cf. ib. iv. 13 psiathium [in note phiathium, psiatium, spiatium], and Conl. xv. 1 li. 2 psiathiis [in note psiathis, psiatiis, spiathiis]; cf. spiato, matte, Cp. S487. MS. has v above mattae, which would indicate that the word was regarded as A. S. But as there are no A. S. glosses in the Cassianus Chapter, it seems that mattae is the dat. of Lat. matta, corresponding to dat. case of spiathio).

spica, x. 9, see nardum; xxix. 69, see sinthema.

spicas, xiii. 47, see plaustrum; see also saliuncula.

spicatum, xxix. 35, see pisticum.

spinarum, viii. 7, see domatis. spinas, xiii. 57, see saliuncula.

spinosis, xxxviii. 2, see dumosis.

Spiridion, see Spiridon.

**Spiridon**, nomen hominis, xxxv. 298 (Ruf. x. 5 fol. 160<sup>b</sup> Spiridion Cyprius episcopus).

spiritum, x. 1, see osculetur me.

spiritus, II. 7, see alleluia.

[splendidissime], splendissime [for splendidiss-], xxxv. 163, see *luculentissime*.

splendor, xLVIII. 15, see iubar.

spodasten, amatorem, xxix. 70 (Uerb. Interpr. = Hier, de Vir. illustr. vii. refert presbyterum quemdam in Asia σπουδαστήν apostoli Pauli).

spolia, xxix. 25, see exuuia. sponsa, xv. 29, see thalamus. sponsam, x. 1, see osculetur me.

spurca, inmunda, IV. 80.—spurca, inmunda, xxxv. 246 (Ruf. IX. 5 fol. 148b spurca quaedam...committerentur).

sputaculum, see sputacum.

sputacum, sputum, xxvIII. 8 (Lib. Anton. xx col. 144° sputaculum...in os ejus ingeminans; see note on the word ibid. col. 179) = sputaculum, sputum, Cp. S468; sputacum, sputum, Ep. 24E29 and Ef. 392, -14.

sputum, xxvIII. 8, see sputacum; xLIII. 45, see pytisso.

squalor, xi. 3, see lanugo.

squiriolus, see netila.

stabulis, xxxiv. 32, see repagulis.

stabur nazannai, nomen fluminis, xxiii. 6 (1 Esdr. v. 3 venit...Thathanai, qui erat dux trans flumen, et Stharbuzanai, et consiliarii eorum; id. v. 6 & vi. 13 Thathanai dux regionis trans Flumen, et Stharbuzanai, et consiliatores eius; vi. 6 Thathanai dux regionis, que est trans Flumen, Stharbuzanai et consiliarii vestri. Heyse, in notes, Stharbuzannai, Starbuzannai). As Stharbuzanai was one of the counsellors of Darius, it seems that the Codex used by the Glossator had not the word et between flumen and the proper name.

stadio, see stadium.

stadium, ubi iocus agitur, Iv. 47 (Eccl., Ist.).—ad stadium, ad locum certaminis, xxxv. 156 (De Eus.) = (Ruf. Iv. 15 fol. 62<sup>a</sup> pergebat ad stadium...; in stadio).

stagnello, x. 22, see areola.

stagnum, viii. 19, see si usque ad...; xxix. 36, see Siloam; xxxv. 252, see Meandrum.

stantem, xv. 5, see paxillus.

stat, x. 22, see areola.

stater, III solidos, xxiv. 7 (Math. xvii. 26 invenies staterem).—stater nummus est habens ut quidam adfirmant unciam unam idest aureos vi ut alii putant III in euangelio enim pro duobus dragmis stater datur, xxxiii. 6 (De pond. Euch. p. 158, 12 stater n. e. h., u. q. a., u. u., i. a. sex, u. a. p. tres; i. e. e. p. duobus didragmis s. datur; datum, in Brit. Mus. MS., which adds: NOMICMA, denarius est qui pro decim inputatur nummis). See also statera.

statera, Greee LXXII siliquas, XXXI. 34.— Hieronimus dicit statera dicitur qui dud didragma habet, XXXI. 37 (De ponder.?). Cf. Blume, I. 373. 29, and see also

stater.

stateras, xxxII. 9, see mina.

staterem, see stater.

statim, vi. 8, see ast; xxviii. 4, see extimplo; xxxv. 58, see uix.

statione, uigilatione, xxxiv. 39 (De Cass. Inst. xii. 4, 1 ex...angelorum statione). stationes, see prestatio [for per sta-

tiones].

statuunt, xxxv. 179, see horas diurnas. stellas, xxx. 8, see saphirus, 13, see crisolitus, 16, see cypressus.

stelle [-llae], XLIV. 22, see pliadę. stellis, XIX. 2, see asteriscis.

Stephanus, coronatus, xxxv. 106 (Ruf. II. 1 fol. 18° Stephanus...lapidatur ab his, qui et dominum occiderunt, per quod et nominis sui στεφάνω [for στεφάνω] donatur a Christo). Cf. stefanus, coronatus, Cp. Int. 294 (= Euch. 92).

stercora, stercoris, xxIII. 9, see porta stercoris.

sterelis [sterilis], xIX. 30, see terra salsuginis.

sternatione, xxx. 35, see uarietas stromactis.

sternent, see stratores.

sternentem [for sternent eum; see the quot. sub v. stratores], allidentem, xiv. 28.

sternutatio, nor, xix. 65 (Job xii. 9 sternutatio eius splendor ignis) = sternutatio, fnora, Cp. S521; Ep. 23C13; huora sternutatio. [for hnora], 389, 14; for nor (for hnor), see Kluge, Et. Wört. der d. Sprache (Niesen); id. Ang. Leseb. (hnor); Steinm. Alth. Gl. I. 497, 17 & 26 sternutatio, nor, nur, hynona; Wright W. (index, sub vv.) sternutatio, fnora, fneosung; Bosw. T. (fnora, fneō-\*hnor, \*hnora, are from an unrecorded A.S. strong verb \*hnēosan (equivalent to Norse hnjosa), a parallel imitative form of fneosan (whence fnora &c.), Mod. E. snore; see Skeat, Conc. Dict. (neese, neeze).

Stharbuzanai, Stharbuzannai, see Sta-

burnazannai.

stibia, xxxv. 42, see stibiis.

stibiis, coloribus stibia erba de quo faciunt, xxxv. 42 (Ruf. v. 18 fol. 88ª stibiis tingitur).

stibulationem (ad), xL. 8, for adstipulationem (?), see ad infirmationem (for ad-

firmationem?).

sticulus, gaeuo, xLVII. 65 (Alia = ?). There is nothing resembling this gloss in the Cp. Glossary, nor in Ep., Ef.¹ The lemma looks like a dim. of sticus recorded by Du C. But this means a fish, perh. the tinca, whereas sticulus appears in the present Glossary among a group of birds. Perhaps sti- is a corruption for cu-the cuckoo, cf. cuculus, gaec, Cp. C948; Ep.—; cuculus, gec, Ef.¹ 353, 50, but gwc, gewc (cuckoo, gawk, see Bosw. T.) has no final

o like gaeuo, which latter, for the same reason, could not be another form for giw (Wright W. 258, 7), or giu (ib. 413, 21, 22), or giow (ib. 284, 5), all meaning a griffin.

sticus, see sticulus.

stigmata, signa, III. 51 (De S. Mart. Stor. = Sulp. Sev. Vit. S. Mart. 24, 7 crucis stigmata praeferentem). Cf. stigmata, ignea, Cp. S495.

stilo, xxx. 92, see cataracteras.

stipantur, conplentur, xxvIII. 12 (Lib. Anton. xx col. 145<sup>B</sup> solitudines...monachorum stipantur choris).

stipendia, xxxix. 28, see qui in numero... stipendiis, quae militibus dantur, i. 112 (De Canon.; Can. Apostt. xii nee miles stipendiis propriis contra hostes arma sustulit; Decret. Zosimi i, p. 211ª diuinis stipendiis eruditus). Cf. stipendia, munera, Cp. S491.

stipis, esca modica, xxxv. 291 (Ruf. IX. 8 fol. 150<sup>b</sup> stipis petendae gratia).

stipulas (?), see dapulas.

stipulatio, testatio, 1. 124 (De Canon.; cf. Can. Conc. Carth., pracf., pp. 142b, 144° sub adstipulatione literarum; id. CXXXVI p. 1738 sub fidei adstipulatione; cf. Steinm. A. H.G. п. 117, 44).—stipulationis, promissionis, xIV. 24 (Hierem. xxxII. 11 accepi...stipulationes; the gen. sing. represents, perhaps, another reading).—adstipulatio, confirmatio, xxxv. 11 (De Eus.); adstipulatio, adfirmatio, xxxv. 129 (De Eus. = Cp. A174; Ep. 1A19); adstipulatione, adiutorio, iv. 26 (Eccl. Ist.) = (Ruf. III. 3 fol. 34<sup>b</sup> veterum adstipulatione firmabimus; id. III. 24 fol. 45<sup>b</sup> adstipulatione diuinę virtutis indigeat). -adstipulatione, congregatione, xxxix. 70 (not Greg. Dial., but Can. Conc. Carth., praef., pp. 142<sup>h</sup>, 144<sup>a</sup>, see above stipulatio). See further ad infirmationem (for adfirmationem?). Cf. Isid. Etym. v. 24, 30; x. 258; id. Diff. 162.

stipulationes, see stipulatio.

stipulationis, promissionis, xiv. 24 (Hierem. xxxII. 11), see stipulatio.

stirpator, desertator, 11. 156 (Bened. reg. 31, 18 [35] stirpator substantiae monasterii).

stiuam, manubrium, xxxvi. 19 (Oros. II. 12, 8 quasi stiuam tenens).

stomachi, xxxix. 47, see sincopin.

stomacho, see bulinus.

stomatum, opus uariatum, IV. 96; see stromatum.

storacinam, see toracina.

storax, incensum, xII. 22 (Eccles. xxiv. 21 quasi storax).

STORIA, III tit.; V tit.

stragula, curtina pulcra uarietate depicta, xxxvIII. 6 (Clem. Recognitt. VII. 6 stragula pulcra componere).

stranguillato [-gulato], v. 31, see sugil-

lato.

strangulatus, xxxv. 239, see prefocatus. stratores, conpositores, xiv. 27; sternentem, allidentem, xiv. 28 (Hier. xiviii. 12 mittam ei...stratores laguncularum, et

sternent eum).

striga, haegtis, XLVII. 80 (Alia=?)=
st-, haegtis, Cp. S528; strigia, haegtis,
Ep. 23E35; striga, hegtis, Ef.¹ 390, 18.
Striga, a hag, witch; for haegtis, hegtis
(a witch, hag) see Bosw. T. (hægtesse);
Kluge, Wrtb. (hexe). The A.S. word also
glosses (Erenis=) Erynnis, hægtes (Wright
W. 392, 18; Cp. E283 Erenis, haegtis,
furia); Eumenides, hægtesse (ib. 392, 19;
Cp. E354); Furia, hægtesse (ib. 404, 33,
34; 533, 21; Cp. F434); Pythonissa...,
hægtesse (ib. 188, 33); Parcae, hægtesse
(ib. 189, 12).

stringebatur, x1. 14, see poderis.

striones, qui muebri [muliebri] indu-

mento &c., I. 127; see histrio.

strofa, fraus, XXIX. 28 (*Uerb. Interpr.* = *Hier. in Matth.* XXI. 12, 13 col. 150<sup>B</sup> Hane stropham corum crebra venientium inopia dissipabat).

stromactis, stromateicos, xxx. 35, see uarietas stromactis, sub v. stromatum.

stromatum, lectorum, xxxv. 16 (De Euseb.).—stomatum, opus uariatum, 96 (Eccl. Istor.) = (Ruf. III. 29 fol. 48b in tertio libro στροματῶν (!); cf. vi. 3 fol. 97a in opere στρωματέων; vi. 11 fol. 101b στρωματέων libri octo=stromatum, opus uarie contextum, Cp. S516; stromatum, opus uariae textum, Ep. 23A19; Ef. 388, 32).—uarietas [gloss, not lemma] stromactis, de sternatione ubi paganorum et xpistianorum colleguntur (collig-) quasi ex lectulo uarietatis, xxx. 35 (Cat. Hier. XXXVIII col. 653 E quibus illa sunt στρωματειs, libri octo; B: E.q.i.s. stromateicos idest varietatum; C: Ex q.i.s. [blank]). Cf. stramete, istos huius uarietatis, Cp. S544; straomate, istos huius uarietatis, Ep. 24E16; Ef. 392, 2.

stropham, see strofa. strues, see struices.

struices, congregationes, xv. 6 (Ezech. xxiv. 5 Vulg. compone...strues ossium; Heyse, in note: struices ossuum).

studio, xxvIII. 30, see epembabis.

studiorum [for studiosorum?], xLvIII. 26, see effeborum.

studiosorum, see effeborum. studiosum, r. 12, see aemulum. stulta, xr. 1, see fascinatio. stulti, xxxv. 160, see idiotae. stupore, xxxv. 14, see diriguere.

sturfus, see marsopicus.

sturnus, ster, xlvII. 53 (Alia=?)=s-, staer, Cp. S526 and Ep. 23E30; s-, sterm, Ef. 390, 13. For sturnus (a starling or stare) see Lewis & Sh.; for ster, staer (with short a, and hence E. stare, see also Engl. Dial. D.) see Bosw. T. (star); Kluge, Ags. Leseb., prints long a (star), id. Etym. Wrtb. (Star), and refers to O.H.G. stara, which Schade prints with short a.

sua, xxII. 16, see ueredarii.

suaderi, suademus, see suaderi. suaderi, censeri hortari, 11. 164 (Bened. reg.; cf. 49, 4[5] ideo suademus; 61, 18

[32] suadeatur ut stet). As suaderi is an alteration in the MS. from an original suadere (see note || on p. 6), the scribe perhaps meant to equalise suaderi and censeri to hortari.

censeri to hortari.

suam, xxviii. 70; xxxvi. 1. suauiter [see note || on p. 5], rt. 109, see modulatis.

sub, xix. 51; xxviii. 37, 55, 74; xxx. 31, 95, 96; xxxv. 82 (bis); xxxviii. 22; xliv. 8.

sub [for subponi?], xxxv. 192; see basis. sub axe pontico, sub illa parte ubi pontus est, xxxv. 82 (Ruf. x. 10 fol. 165° gens, quae sub axe Pontico iacet).

Subal, nomen uiri unde oriatur illa gens, xxx. 3 (Judith III. 1, 14 Sobal;

Heyse, in notes, Subal).

subditione, n. 162, see subiectione. subdolibus, xxxv. 267, see factionibus.

suber, genus ligni ex hoc cortix [-tex] in calcimenta [calciam-] ponitur, xLvv. 14 (Alia=Ars Phocae, p. 415, 15 hoc suber). Cf. suber, lignum, Cp. 8639; Ep. 24A11; Ef. 390, 33.

subieceris, xxxv. 21, see subregeris. subiecte [-tae], 1. 120, see subnixe.

subigens, confice macera, xvii. 14 (Nahum iii. 14 intra in lutum, et calca, subigens tene laterem). See below tene laterem.

subjectione, subditione, n. 162 (Bened. reg. 3, 9 [11] cum omni humilitatis subjectione; 6, 16 [22] cum...subjectione).

subiectis, xxviii. 88, see diatiposis. subigeris, see subregeris; subrigeris. subitanea, see aporia.

subitania [-nea], xm. 26, see aporia.

subitatione, see subtatio. subito, II. 76, see fortuitu; xI. 2, see

subtatio.
subiunctis, xxxv. 77, see subnixis.
subiungitur. xxvIII. 46, see aetilogia.

sublungitur, xxvIII. 46, see aetilogia. sublata, 1. 51, see exempta.

sublectilem, xxxiv. 4, see enticam. subleuans, xxiv. 27, see leua. sublime, viii. 13, see in sublime. sublimi, xxiv. 26, see a tergo. submittatur, see submittitur. submittitur. [atur] n. 159, see

submittitur [-atur], II, 159, see sub-rogetur.

subnixae, subnixis, see subnixe.
subnixe, subposite [-tae], subiecte [-tae],
1. 120 (De Canon.; Can. Conc. Calch. xII
ciuitates...subnixae sunt; cf. Ep. S. Cyr.
Alex. p. 179b confessionibus veritate subnixis).—subnixis, subiunctis, xxxv. 77
(Ruf. 1v. 8 fol. 56b assertionibus vera ratione subnixis).

subpellectilem, XLVIII. 70, see enthetam. subponi, see basis.

subposite [-tae], 1. 120, see subnixe. subprimitur, xxvii. 4, see suprima.

subregeris, subieceris, xxxv. 21; see subrigeris.

subregit, xliv. 25, see dextera.

subrigeris, eleuaris, v. 24 (Eccl. Stor.); subregeris, subieceris, xxxv. 21 (De Euseb.) = (Ruf. Iv. 15 fol. 62<sup>b</sup> Bestias habeo paratas, quibus obiicieris; Cacciari, p. 210 quibus subrigeris, and in note: subrogaueris & subigeris. Cf. bestiis subriguntur, ibid. IX. 6 fol. 148<sup>b</sup>) = subregeres, subieceris, Cp. 2588; subregeris, subieceris, Ep. 23A37; Ef. 388, 51.

subrogaueris, see subrigeris.

subrogetur, submittitur [submittatur] uel ministretur, 11. 159 (Bened. reg. 21, 12 [20] qui dignus est succedat; in note subrogetur; 65, 38 [74] qui dignus est in loco eius subrogetur).

subsaltare, sonare, v. 26; subsaltare, intrepetan, xxxv. 197 (Ruf. vii. 26 fol. 128b pede...subsaltare). For (in-)trepetan, to tread, dance, see Bosw. T. (treppan, betræppan); Steinm., A.H. G. II. 597, 37 who refers to O.H. G. trepizan (Zeitschr. f. d. A. xv p. 99 No. 68); id. II. 674, 14.

subscriptionem (?), see scriptionem. subselli, xxxv. 61, see exedrę. subselliis, 11. 95, see in scamnis.

substantia, 1. 46, see essentia, 80, see omousion; xiviii. 5, see questus, 45, see reditus.

substantiae, see nepus; prodicus. substantiam, xxxix. 36, see sex untias. substantias, xxxvii. 9, see tabulas legat. substantie [-tiae], xiiii. 9, see nepus. substantie [-tiae], ii. 137, see prodicus. subtalare, xxxvii. 6, see caligam.

subtatio, quod subito fit, x1. 2 (Sap. v. 2 in subitatione insperatae salutis).

subter, see hiemisperia. subteriore, xi. 14, see poderis. subtilis, xxII. 12, see urna; xxxv. 230, see exesum.

subtilissima, xIII. 12, see teristra; xxI. 15, see polenta.

Subura, see Sabura.

succidi, interfici [-feci], xvII. 17 (Zachar. xI. 8 succidi tres pastores).

succincte, xxvIII. 64, see epitrocasmos. suco, 1. 111, see sicera.

sucus, x. 11, see tigna.

suem, sues, see soeue.

sufficiens, n. 32, see contentus.

suffragationem, 11. 167, see suggessionem.

suffusione, circumfusione, XLVIII. 50 (De Cass. Inst. v. 34 si... fuerint a suffusione uel caligine caecitatis inmunes).

suggerere, 1. 66, see intimare.

suggessionem, supplicationem indicationem suffragationem, 11. 167 (Bened. reg. 68, 7 [14] post suggestionem suam).

suggestionem, see suggessionem. suggillationem, see sugillationem.

suggillato, inclinato, xxxv. 234, see sugillato.

sugillationem, iniuriam, xxxiv. 47 (De Cass. Inst. xii. 27, 3 ob suam suggillationem; in note sugillationem).

sugillato, stranguillato [-gulato], v. 31 (Eccl. Stor.); suggillato, inclinato, xxxv. 234 (De Euseb.) = (Ruf. x1. 26 fol. 190° attracto collo et quasi sugillato). Cf. sugillatum, inclinatum, Cp. S586; Ep. 23A33; Ef. 388, 46.

sui, x. 1; xxvIII. 18. Sulamitis, see salamitis.

sumenumerus, quod pro uno omnes et pro multis unus, xxix. 67 (*Uerb. Interpr.* = *Hier. in Matth.* xxvi. 8, 9 nescientes tropum, qui vocatur σύλληψιs, vel synecdoche, quo et *pro uno omnes et pro multis unus* appellari soleat). Cf. also xxvii. 44 per tropum, qui appellatur σύλληψιs, pro uno latrone uterque inducitur blasphemasse. Migne, ibid. note b, records the readings σύμμξιs, σύμΗΚτις, οr συμέωξιs.

summa, xliv. 18, see poli. summum, xliv. 26, see a tergo.

sumptu puplico, adiutorium [-torio?] regali, xxxv. 137 (Ruf. III. 6 fol. 37<sup>b</sup> sumptu publico sepelire mortuos iusserant).

Sunamitis, see Salamitis.

sunt, viii. 2; x. 8, 14, 18; xiii. 55; xvi. 29, 31; xvii. 20; xxi. 12; xxiii. 2; xxv. 3; xxviii. 44, 64; xxix. 42; xxxi. 27; xxxiii. 5, 15, 23; xxxii. 52 (bis); xxv. 69, 136, 140; xxxvi. 8; xii. 1, 2; xxiv. 5, 8, 10 (bis), 16, 22, 27 (bis); xvv. 31.

suo, xxIII. 14 (bis); xLIV. 10.-suo, II. 81, see gradu suo; xxix. 73, see qui dixerit ....

suos, xv. 11, see preteriola; suos, x. 12,

see ficus protulit ....

super, i. 49; x. 6; xiii. 59; xxii. 16; xxv. 9; xxxvi. 1; xLiv. 8; xLvii. 15. superbe, п. 133, see procaciter.

superbia, II. 179, see typo; xLVIII. 36, see faustus.

superbus, II. 26, see contempto; XII. 10, see ceruicatus.

superfluitas, see nimius.

superfluus, II. 121, see non prodicus, 122, see nimius.

superhumerale, see ephod.

superior, xxix. 2, see anagogen.

superiora, xxvIII. 56, see auxesis. superioris, xxvIII. 82, see efexegresis.

superlatio, xxvIII. 51, see hyperthesis.

superna, xliv. 11, see clima. supernus, xxxiv. 29, see theorice.

supersanus, xxix. 53, see epiasis.

superscribta [-pta], xxx. 33, see pseudo ephigrapha.

superscriptionis, see pseudo epigrapha. superumerale, v. 9, see ephod.

suppeditans, proficiens, v. 23 (Ruf. II. 13 fol. 24ª adminicula... suppeditans).

supplicationem, 11. 167, see suggessio-

suppuratis, turgidis, IV. 78 (Eccl. Istor.); suppuratis, insania fluentis uel purulentis, xxxv. 45 (De Euseb.) = (Ruf. viii. 18 fol. 145b ille...inflatis...visceribus, suppuratisque distenditur).

supra, xxxIII. 7.

suprema, see suprima.

supremum, extremum, x1. 6 (Sap. IV. 19 usque ad supremum desolabuntur).

suprima, quando sol ad occasum subprimitur, xxvII. 4 (Lib. Rot.=Isid. de nat. rer. 1. 2 partes...diei tres sunt, mane, meridies et suprema) = Suprema, quando sol supp, Cp. S654; supprema, quando sol suppremit, Ep. 24E31; Ef. 392, 16.

sura, see suricus.

surgens, xLIV. 27, see leua.

surgent, xxIII. 1, see exedra.

surgentes [for urgentes], IV. 112, see adigent.

surgit, 1. 45, see emergit.

suricus, brooc, xLVIII. 55 (De Cass.?). The lemma does not seem to occur in Cassianus' works, and its meaning is not known. Some suggest sericus, and brooc as=the A.S. broc, breech, D. brock (cf. Goetz, vii. 322). Glogger suggests that suricus may be a graphic mistake for alueus (which occurs in Cassian. in the same line as citra, q.v.), which in the

Glossary precedes suricus, because alveus is glossed by torrens (Goetz, vi. 57), and torrens by broc (Bosw. T.). If suricus is torrens by broc (Bosw. T.). right and not a mistake for sarica (a kind of tunic, Du Cange), perhaps the Glossator regarded suricus as a derivative of sura, calf of the leg, and thinking it meant a legging, leg-covering, explained it by brook =A.S.  $br\bar{o}c$ , breeches.

sursum, x. 21, see elate palmarum;

sursum, xliv. 27, see dextera.

susceptio, xxxix. 59, see xenodochiorum. suscitata, xxxiv. 26, see inlecta. suscitationem, xL. 8, see ad infirmatio-

suscitator, xxxiv. 14, see incentor. suspectum, IV. 119, see antesignato.

suspendatur, separetur, 11. 155 (Bened. reg. 25, 3 [2] suspendatur a mensa).

suspensus, xxvIII. 78, see hyperbaton. suspicio, coniectura uel argumentum, I. 129 (De Canon.; Can. Conc. Nic. III ap. Maassen, p. 925 suspicio; cf. Can. Apostt.

IX & Can. Conc. Sard. XV suspicionem). suspicionem, see suspicio. sustentare, xfx. 51, see fabula.

sustinuisset, IV. 32, see dependisset. susurrat, qui in aurem murmurans loquitur, xix. 23 (Job iv. 12 suscepit auris mea venas susurri eius; Heyse, in note, susurrii. Perhaps susurrat represents another reading). Cf. susurrat, murmurat, Cp. S604.

susurrii, see susurrat.

sutrinator, scoehere, xLII. 6 (Ex div. libris?) = sutrinator, scoere, Cp. S696. For scoehere, a shoemaker, see Bosw. T. (scohere, scoere).

suum, xliv. 10, see cardines.

Syenes, see Syeres.

Syeres, proprium nomen loci, xv. 23 (Ezech. xxix. 10 and xxx. 6 a turre Syenes; the Cambr. MS. Sieres, p.n.l.).

Sylla, see Silla. syllepsis, see silemsis.

syllogismis, see sillogismus.

syllogismus, see hypotheticus.

symbolis, symbolo, symbolum, symbulum, see simbulis.

symfosion, see sinphosin.

sympaectas, see senpectas.

symphonia, de tibiis et cornu, xxv. 7 (Luc. xv. 25 audivit symphoniam). For symphonia, see also sinphosin.

symphoniam, see symphonia. symposium, see sinphosin.

sympsalma, uocum adunata copulatio, XXVIII. 19 (Cass. Psalm. Praef. XI sympsalma quippe dicitur Graeco vocabulo vocum adunata copulatio) = Cp. S715. Ep. 23C31 and Ef. 1 389, 31 sympsalma, diapsalma, which are two lemmata without the interpretations; see diapsalma.

synagogae, see ariopagitis.

synathroismos, synatroesmos, see sinastrismus; sinatrismos.

synaxeos cura [sine interpret.], xLVIII. 41; see sinaxis.

synaxis, see sinaxis.

synchronon, see sinchronon and Cyn-XPONON.

syncopin, see sincopin.

syncrisis, conparatio, xxvIII. 59 (Cass. Psalm. xix. 8 syncrisis, Latine comparatio; cf. xxxiv. 8).—sinchrisis, est cum causam suam quis aduersariis nititur meliorem, xxvIII. 70 (Cass. Psalm. xxv. 11 schema syncrisis est c.c.s. quis ab adversariis suis nititur e.m.).

synecdochen, see sinecdochen. synfosio, synfosion, see sinphosin.

synicias, uituperans, xv.2 (Ezech.; Praef. S. Hier., ap. Migne, Patr. L. xxvIII col. 940: Vereor ne illud eis eueniat quod Graece significantius dicitur, ut uocentur φαγολοίδοροι, quod est manducantes sannas; Heyse, p. LXII note i: φαγολυδοροι hoc est manducantes senecias. The Cambr. MS. Kk. 4.6: Fagolydoros hoc est manducans Migne, l.c. records another senecias). reading senedas. The gloss uituperans gives the sense of what is given here as St Jerome's expression; as regards the lemma synicias or senecias cf. Forcellini, in v. senecia, senicia, senitia; Du C. in vv. fagolidori, senecia, where there is a confusion between it and senecio, groundsel, whence Fr. seneçon, groundsel (Cotgrave), prov. E. sencion, simpson (Eng. Dial. D.). The Gr. name of the plant was ἡριγέρων (Lidd. & Sc.), of which Lat. senecio (from senex) was a sort of transla-Cf. Steinm. r. 641, 41.

synnodicis, see sidonicis,

synodi, see synodus.

synodiciis, synodicus, see sidonicis.

synodum, see synodus.

synodus, graece latine comitatus uel coetus, 1. 114 (De Canon.; Can. Conc. Ancyr. xxv ante hanc synodum; xxxvi praecepit sancta synodus; Can. Conc. Nic. III & xvII synodus; Dion. praef. p. 101 synodi, synodum).

syntagma (xxx. 32); syntagmata, see

sintagmaton.

Syriis, see Sirofenissa.

Syrophoenissa, see Sirofenissa. Syrten, Syrtes, Syrtim, see Sirte.

Syrum, II. 4, see abba.

t for c: enthetam (for enthecam); fallatia; gazofilatia; iuditium; mendatium; plumatios; prouintia, prouintie; runtina; sagatitas; sermotinatione; spetialiter; speties; uelotius; uinatia; untialibus; untias; untinos .- for ch: brantie (branchiae) .- for ct: artofilax (arctophylax) .for d: amictalum (amygdalum); octoade (ogd-); parethris (parhedris); tenticulam (tend-).-for l: asitum (asyl-).-for th: apotecas (apoth-); baratrum (-thrum); calati (-thi); cyati (-thi); enticam (-the-cam); foetontis (Phaeth-); iacincto, iacinctino (hyacintho, -thino); phitagoras (Pythag-); pyriflegitonta (thonta); terinos (therinus); tesbites (Thesb-) .- t dropped: labefacare (-factare); mulcatus (mulct-).

tabanus, brimisa, xLVII. 82 (Alia=?)= tabunus, briosa, Cp. T20; Ep. 27A17; tabunus, briosa, Ef. 396, 46. Tabunus, a gad-fly, horse-fly, ox-fly, breese, called also asilus (Lewis & Sh.). Brimisa is a correction of an original priusa, corrected into briusa (see note §§§, p. 49 above). This original form, together with briosa of Cp., Ep. and Ef.1, points to the Engl. breese, breeze (see Oxf. D. breeze, sb.1), while brimisa points to E. brimse (see Oxf. D.; Kluge, Wrtb. breme, bremse). Observe that briosa explains also asilus or asilo (Cp. A832; Ep. 1E7; Ef. 1339, 12 asilo, briosa); see also asilus, a drane (Wright W. 767, 18); tabanus, a humbyl bee (ib. 767, 20); crestrum, a brese (ib. 767, 24).

tabe, see tabo. Tabeel, see Tabehel.

tabefactus, xLVIII. 44, see distabui.

Tabehel, proprium nomen uiri, xIII. 16 (Isai. vii. 6 filium Tabeel; Heyse records Tabehel in note).

tabernarii, xLv. 31 (bis), see popa.

tabo, morbus, xxxiv. 31 (De Cass. Inst. x. 7, 8 ne...sanas membrorum partes tabo serpente corrumpat) = tabo, morbo, Cp. T39.—tabo, putrido [putredo], xxxv. 138 (Ruf. III. 6 fol. 37b cum...peruidisset... humani corporis tabe patriam terram Cacciari p. 122 tabo) = tabo, rigari; putrido, Cp. T7; Ep. 26E20; Ef.1 396, 10.

tabula [for tabulae], xv. 9, see transtra. tabulas, xxxvII. 9 (bis), see tabulas legat.

tabulas legat, idest tabulas matronales [matrimoniales] quia omnia scribuntur in curia et substantias disponunt in XII uncias quamuis magnas uel modicas et ad maritum pertinent viii ad mulierem iiii Unde in dialogo gregorii [see the present Glossary, xxxix. 36] vi untias idest medium precium accipit puella, xxxvII. 9 (S. Aug.). Tabulas legat, which seems to

be the lemma, appears not to be found in S. Aug. Opera. But he speaks of tabulae (matrimoniales) in Serm. 9, 18 (Migne, xxxvIII col. 88) nam id etiam tabulae indicant, ubi scribitur Liberorum procreandorum causa....-Serm. 37, 7 (ibid. col. 225) tabulas matrimoniales instrumenta emptionis suae deputat.-Serm. 51, 22 (ibid. col. 345) contra ipsas tabulas facit, quibus eam duxit uxorem. Recitantur tabulae...et vocantur tabulae matrimoniales &c.-183, 11 (ibid. col. 991) imple tabulas matrimoniales...(col. 992) tabulas legamus...ego tabulas lego.—238, 1 (ibid. col. 1125) matrimoniales...tabulas audiamus.-268, 4 (ibid. col. 1233) matrimoniales tabulas lege.-Append. Serm. 292, 3 (ibid. xxxx col. 2298) tabulae matrimoniales hoc continent.-Aug. Confess. VIIII. 19 tabulas quae matrimoniales uocantur .- id. De genes. ad litt. x1. 41 conscriptio tabularum; id. Enarr. in Psalm. LXXXI. 21 (Migne XXXVII col. 1045) modum non ibi teneat praescriptum tabulis, liberorum procreandorum causa.

tabule, 1. 2, see alea.

tabulis, xxv. 4, see loculum. tabunus, see tabanus.

taerme [thermae], aque calide et balnea lapidea sic nominantur, xx. 8 (Tobias?; not? in the Vulg.).

taeterrimum, see teterrimum.

talentum habet pondera Lx quod facit libras LXXII, XXXII. 10 (De ponder.?) .talentum habet pondera LXII quod faciunt LXXX libre attice, XXXIII. 1 (De pond. Euch., p. 158, 8 talentum est pondo LXII semis q. f. &c.); talentum habet Lx [minas] mina grece latine mine dicitur, xxxiii. 3 (De pond. Euch. p. 158, 9 tal- minas habet Lx mna Graece, Latine mina d.) .taletum [for talentum], centum xxv libras, xxxi. 20 (De ponder.). Cf. Lewis & Sh.; Blume, 1. 374, 18.

tales, xxi. 20, see labastes.

talpa, uoond, xLVII. 79 (Alia=?)=t-, pond, Cp. T16; t-, pand, Ep. 27A15a; t-, uuond, Ef.1 396, 44. Talpa, a mole; for uoond, pond &c. (id.), see Bosw. T. (wand, wande-weorpe); Eng. Dial. D. (prov. E. want); cf. Kluge, Wrtb. (Maulwurf).

taltaon [or talticon, or taltccon], see cinticta.

tamaricius, see mirice.

tamen, r. 111; xrv. 9; xxxvrr. 12;

Tanaquil, uirga [-go] regalis, xLvi. 3 (Alia=Ars Phocae, p. 414, 21 haec Tanaquil).

tangendo, xxvIII. 18, see apotu. tantum, xxiv. 10; xxviii. 18; xli. 1. tapetas, see bibli. tapetia, see abctape.

tapetibus, rihum, xIII. 2 (Ex div. libris?). For rihum (instr. plur., with rugs, blankets), see Bosw. T. (ryhe, rye).

tapinosin, see tapynosin.

tappula, uermis qui currit super aquas, XLVII. 15 (Alia=?)=tippula [the waterspider], uermis aquaticus, Cp. T181; Ep. 27C31; Ef. 1 397, 44.

tapynosin, que latine humiliatio dicitur quoties magnitudo mirabilis rebus humilissimus conparatur, xxvIII. 62 (Cass. Psalm. xxi. 6 per figuram dicitur tapinosin, quae Latine h. nuncupatur q.m.m.r. humillimis c.).

tardes, xII. 23, see non trices.

tardiores, XLIV. 27, see dextera.

tauri, xxvII. 16, see hyadas; xLIV. 22,

see pliadę.

taxatio, deputatio, xxxvII. 16 (S. Aug. Serm. 166 Append. Migne xxxix col. 2069, humanae...et mundi rediviva libertas non modica taxatione requiritur; Julian. ap. Aug. op. imperf. contra Julian. II. 141, Migne xLv col. 1200 etsi æqualis esset gratiæ peccatique taxatio), cf. Forcellini, in v.

taxauimus, designauimus, II. 177 (Bened. reg. 18, 41 [74] sicut supra taxavimus

impleatur).

te, xxx. 95, 96; see ypo (sub) tyos (hoc) &c.

Tebeth, see Tebetht.

tebetht, idest december, xxII. 14 (Esther II. 16 mense decimo qui vocatur Tebeth). technam, see tecnam.

tecnam, artem, xxix. 29 (Uerb. Interpr. = Hier. in Matth. xxi. 12, 13 col. 150° excogitauerunt et aliam technam).

tecta, x. 11, see tigna.

tectio, IX. 3, see contegnatio. tectis, xIII. 41, see paliurus.

tecto, vIII. 7, see domatis.

tectum, IV. 50, see camerum; XXXVIII. 19, see tholus.

tectura, xxII. 2, see tentoria.

tedae, see tede.

tede, facule [-lae] de ligno pini de quo picem faciunt, xix. 44 (Job xli. 10 sicut tedae ignis accensae).

tegent, xiv. 12, see domatibus.

tegmini [roof, house], III. 24, see sacro tegmini.

tela, xrv. 30, see pedalis.

telam orditus, inuuerpan uuep, x111. 34 (Isai. xxv. 7 praecipitabit...telam, quam orditus est super omnes nationes); inuuerpan, to begin a web (cf. wearp, a warp, Bosw. T.); for uuep, a web, see Bosw. T. (web, webb); Napier (Index of Engl. words); for the p of unep, see Sievers, Gr. § 190.

telo, see telopagere.

telopagere, bibere, XLVIII. 59 (De Cass.?). These words are, perhaps, corruptions. For pagere and bibere Glogger suggests to read peragere and vivere, referring to Cass. Conl. XXI. 1, 2 cum...hic unius lustri tempus cum coniuge peregisset. And telo may refer to Cass. Inst. XII. 4, 1 angelum illum...telo superbiae uulneratum; id. Nest. III. 10, 2 persequeris opinionis impiae telo; id. Conl. I. 2, 1 telos hoc est finem.

telos, see telopagere.

temere, sine consilio uel praesumptuose, n. 172 (Bened. reg. 3, 15 [20] neque ab

[regula] temere declinetur).

temoys, libros, xxx. 86'(Cat. Hier. cix col. 705\(^1\) in Isaiam tomos decem et octo; B: in ysayam thomos octodecim; C: in ysaiam thomos x & viii).

temperamento, II. 176, see temperius. temperate, II. 124, see moderate.

temperie, see temperiem.

temperiem, moderatione, II. 174 (Bened. reg. 55, 3 secundum...aerum temperiem, [4 temperiem, corr. from temperie]. Edm. Schmidt, Regula: temperiem; temperie; temperies). Cf. temperiem, uueder [see Bosw. T. weder, weather], Cp. T121. temperies, see temperiem.

temperius, temperamento [?], II. 176 (Bened. reg. 11, 3 Dominicis diebus temporius surgatur, [1 temperius; temporius; temporibus]; 48,11 Agatur nona temperius

[19 temperius, temporius]).

tempestate, xxxv. 178, see ea tempestate. templa, xxxv. 224, see delubra.

templi, xxxvi. 1, see Iani.

templum, IV. 6, see editus; XXI. 19, see in anathema; XXVII. 11, see lupercal.

temporalis, xxx. 37, see cronographias. temporalium, xxx. 77, see cronicon.

tempore, xxII. 11, see mundum m-; xxxv. 178, see ea tempestate; tempore, xxvII. 32, see opago tempore.

temporis, xv. 32, see sinchronon; xviii.

1, see sinchronon.

temporius, see temperius.

tempus [temple of the head], xxxxx. 19, see freniticus.

tenacitas, xxxv. 6, see tentigo.

tenda, trabus [trabis or trabes?] gezelt, xxii. 5 (Esther? not in the Vulg.). These three words would seem to be a further explanation to xxii. 2: tentoria tectura; cf. tentorium, geteld, Cp. T76; tentorium, papilionem, Ep. 26C11; Ef. 395, 22. For tenda (a variant of tenta, a tent) cf. Du C., who also, quoting from Papias'

Glossary, has "Tenda quae rustice trabis dicitur. Cod. alius trabea praefert. Gloss. Sax. Aelfrici: Tenda, tyldsyle, i.e. domus limen." See further Diefenbach (trabea); Goetz, v. 250, 3 (trabea, porticus tecta dicitur) and A.S. traef (from trabs?) in Bosw. T.—gezelt is O.H. G. for tent (cf. Schade, 280; Steinm. I. 488, 5); A.S. (Bosw. T.) geteald, geteld.

tendiculam, see decipulam. tendit, xLIV. 3, see axis.

tene laterem, fac laterem, xvII. 18 (Nahum III. 14 subigens tene laterem). See above subigens.

tenentur, xxxv. 27, see puncto.

tensam, xxxv. 122, see callos.

tenta, see tenda.

tenticula, xIV. 4, see pedica.

tenticulam, xxix. 23, see decipulam.

tentigo, tenacitas uentris idest ebind, xxxv. 6 (Ruf. 1. 8 fol. 12<sup>b</sup> tentigo obscoena ...et execranda). The gloss points to a meaning of tentigo different from the class. tension of the privy member; perhaps hardness, stiffness of the bowels, costiveness is meant; see W. W. 232, 32: extentio, i. tenacitas uentris, tentigo, gebind; id. 615, 47; cf. Steinm. II. 597 n. 2 who refers to O. N. abbindi. See Schlutter, Jour. Germ. Phil., I. 330. For e-bind, ge-bind see Bosw. T. (ge-bind, a binding, fastening).

tentoria, tectura, xxII. 2 (Esther I. 6 et pendebant ex omni parte tentoria aerij coloris). For tentoria see also above tenda.

teraphim, see teraphin.

teraphin, idolum sic nominatur, xv. 35 (Osee, III. 4 sine teraphim). The Cambr. MS. has: therafin, idolum sic nominatum.

terebellus, nebugaar, xlvn. 46 (Alia=?) = t-, nabogaar, Cp. T87; terrebellus, nab-fogar, Ep. 27A12; terebellus, naboger, Ef. 1396, 41. For terebellus, -um (dimin. of terebrum), a small borer, auger, gimlet, see Körting, 9460. For nebugaar, nabogaar &c. (literally, nave-borer, from næbu, nafu, the nave, of a wheel+gār, a spear, shaft, borer), see Bosw. T. (nafu, nafugar, gār); Kluge, Et. Wört. (Nabe); Oxf. D. (auger); Skeat, Conc. Dict. (auger); Kluge & Lutz, E. Etym. (auger).

terebrantes, borgenti, IV. 66 (Eccl. Istor.); terebrantes, perforantes, xxxv. 187 (De Euseb.) = (Ruf. vi. 31 fol. 112\* oculos carticologis for the state of the s

acutis calamis terebrantes).

tergo, xLiv. 26, see a tergo.

Terinos [for therinus = θερινόs], idest

bestialis, xLIV. 13; see arcticos.

teristra, subtilissima curtina, xm. 12 (Isai. m. 23 auferet Dominus...theristra. Cambr. MS. theristra, subtilissima corona).

termae, see angulinis.

terme [-mae], xxxix. 34, see angulinis. terra, viii. 17; xiv. 2, see nitrum; xiv. 18, see arua; xix. 30 (bis), 40, see olla; xxxv. 41, see in aculeis; xxxvi. 3, see promontorium; xxxix. 13, see Aurelia, 51, see byssus; xiiv. 8, see hiemisperia; xiv. 11, see ops.

terra salsuginis, terra sterelis [sterilis, as in the Cambr. MS.], xix. 30 (Job xxxix.

6 in terra salsuginis).

terrae, see agellis: rusticatio.

terram, xvII. 7, see Niniue; xIX. 51, see fabula; xXIX. 46, see arue; xXXVI. 4, see sinum; xLIV. 8, see hiemisperia.

terre [-rae], xII. 8, see rusticatio; xxx. 48, see geometrica; xxxv. 117, see terri-

toria, 268, see agellis.

terre [-rae], XLIV. 7, see poli, 29, see axem; XLV. 29, see uligo.

terris, 1. 48, see extorris.

territoria, loca modica terre, xxxv. 117 (Ruf. п. 17 fol. 27a per singula quaeque territoria)=territoria, loca modica, Ср. T72; Ер. 26A37; Еf. 395, 10.

terroribus, xliv. 2, see cous.

tertia, xII. 29; see lingua tertia.

tes, xxx. 13, see iereticos.

Tesbites, castella, XLVIII. 27 (De Cass. Inst. 1. 1, 3 [from IIII Reg. I. 8] Helias Thesbites est).

tessella, see tesseras.

tesseras, tesulas, xxxv. 35 (Ruf. v. 18 fol. 88° ad tesseras ludit). Cf. tessera, tasul, Cp. T84; tessera, tasol quadrangulum, Ep. 26E33; t., tasul q., Ef.¹ 396, 23. As regards tesulas, Steinm. (II. 597 note 2) thinks it is Lat.; if so, it might be a corruption for tessellas or tesserulas. But the word is marked in the MS. by v, and it may be acc. pl. of A.S. tasul (or tesul, borrowed from Lat. tessella; see Bosw. T. sub voce teosol), m., a die; cf. Bülbring, Altengl. Elementarbuch § 417; Kluge, Angels. Leseb., p. 209 tasol.

tesseris, see tesseroes.

tesseroes, quadris, xxx. 39 (Cat. Hier. xL col. 655<sup>B</sup> ludit et tesseris; B & C: l. e. tesseris) = tesserois, quadris, Cp. T78; tesserois, quadris, Ep. 26C36; theserois, quadris, Ef. 395, 47.

tesserula, see tesseras.

testa, xii. 9, see cacabus. testamento, xxxv. 254, see de octoade. testamentum, iv. 10, see ogdoade.

testatio, 1. 124, see stipulatio.

teterrimum, nigerrimum, n. 175 (Bened. reg. 1, 12 [17] Tertium... monachorum teterrimum genus est).

Tethis, aquis, xxvn. 31 (Lib. Rot. = Isid.

Lib. de nat. rer. xl. 3 [quoting Lucan.] quum litora Tethys) = Thedis, aquis, Cp. T75; thethis, aquis, Ep. 26C18; Thetis, aquis, Ef. 395, 29.

Tethys, see tethis.

tetrafa, xxxv. 74, see petigo.

tetragono, quattuor angulos, xxxvIII. 27 (Clem. Recognitt. Ix. 17 ex tetragono respexerit...; schema tetragonum habens). tetragrammaton, xxxv. 147, see petalum.

tetris, xxvII. 26, see atris.

th for d: oethepia for oedipia.

thalami, xxviii. 86, see epithalamium. thalamus, altior locus ubi sedet sponsa, xv. 29 (Ezech. xl. 7 [mensus est] thalamium

xv. 29 (Ezech. xl. 7 [mensus est] thalamum ...et inter thalamos quinque cubitos; 10 thalami portae; 12 marginem ante thalamos &c.).

theatri, xxxv. 171, see harene.

theatrii [for theatri], xxxv. 29, see

thecis, custodiis, iv. 85 (Eccl. Istor.); thecis, custodiis fabricam [for fabricatis?] de argento, xxxv. 294 (De Euseb.) = (Ruf. x. 8 fol. 163<sup>b</sup> partem...thecis argenteis conditam).

thema, doctrina, xxxvIII. 32; scema, figura, xxxvIII. 33 (Clem. Recognitt. IX. 32 audi conjugis meae thema, et invenies schema cujus exitus accidit). Cf. thema, figura, Cp. T146; Ep. 26E1; Ef. 395, 49.—themate, conpositione uel ordine, xxII. 1 (Esther; Hieron. Praef. p. xIV & Migne, Patr. Lat. xxVIII col. 1433 sumpto themate). For Thema, see also Theman.

Theman, idest prouintie, xix. 12 (Job vi. 19 considerate semitas Thema; Migne, P. L. xxviii col. 1089, and Heyse, in notes,

Theman).

themate, conpositione uel ordine, xxII. 1; see thema.

Themisto, insula; Calipso, insula; Pan deus arcadie [-diae; cf. Verg. ccl. x. 26] uel pastorum; Arcades, gens dicitur que colebat pana, xliii. 1–4 (De div. nominibus = Donati Ars gramm. p. 373, 17, 18 sunt nomina tota Graecae declinationis, ut Themisto Calypso Pan). Arcades seems to be a gloss to arcadie.

theo, xxx. 20, see pantocranto. Theodorus, xII. 40, see cyneris.

theologia, iv. 114 and xxxv. 17, see a theologia.

theomachiae, see theomachie.

theomachie, deorum pugue, xxxv. 94 (Ruf. 1, 1 fol. 3b Theomachiae...exortae sunt).

theoretica, theoreticam, theorica, see heorice.

theoreticen, see theoritisen. theoriae, see theorice.

theoricas, xxx. 13, see iereticos.

theorice, supernus intellectus, xxxiv. 29 (De Cass. Inst. xi. 18 diuinae theoriae... inhaerere; cf. Conl. 1. 8, 2 in theoria sola; 1. 12 huic theoriae...adfixus; &c. &c.). See also Conl. 1. 1 theoretica uirtute; id. xiv. 8, 3 theoreticam disciplinam; id. xiv. 1 θεωρητική; id. xix. 5 theoretica (theorica, in note) sublimitate.

theoritisen et practicen contemplatiuum et actiuum, xxxx. 64 (*Uerb. Interpr.* = *Hier.* in Matth. xxx. 1 misit duos discipulos suos, θεωρητικὸν καὶ έργαστικὸν). Other MSS. θεωρητικὴν καὶ πρακτικὴν, and one MS. in Latin characters theoreticen et practicen,

Migne, in note d.

therinus, see terinos. theristra, see teristra. thermae, see taermę. Thesbites, see tesbites.

thesteas, indiscretas concubitas, iv. 57 & oedipia, obscene Dapes carnium infantium, rv. 58 (Eccl. Istor.) [leg. Thyesteas, obscene Dapes carnium infantium—Oedipia, indiscretas concubitas]; thiesteas, commessationes, xxxv. 25 (De Eus.).—Oedippa, de odippo [Oedipo], v. 14 (Eccl. Stor.);—Oethepia, coitum matris et sororis sieut manichei [Manichaei] in occultis idest in occulta loca idolorum, xxxv. 26 (De Eus.) all=(Ruf. v. 1 fol. 74° Thyesteas cœnas et incesta Oedipia perpetrantes). Cf. Thyesteas, comesationes, Cp. T150; Oethippia, coitum matris, Cp. O130.

thestisuir [Q<sup>y</sup> Latin or A.S.?], v. 21, see

editiones.

thia, matertera, xxxv. 46 (Ruf. x. 6 fol. 161b vel sorore, vel  $\theta \epsilon la$ ).

thiarati, diuini, xL. 18 (Uerba?).

thiesteas, commessationes, xxxv. 25; see thesteas.

thimiamateria, turibula, xiv. 35 (Hier. Lm. 19 tulerunt et hydrias et thymiamateria).

thimisiun, xxix. 59, see tu thimisiun. thiticum, marinam, vi. 9 (Breu. exsol.?).

tholos, see tholus.

tholus, tectum de petris sine ligno, xxxvIII. 19 (Clem. Recognitt. vIII. 18 qui ædificiorum tholos...instruunt).

thomos, see temoys.

thorace, see torax sub v. thoraces.

thoraces, capud [caput] et pectus, iv. 97 (Eccl. Istor.); thoraces, imagines, v. 32 (Eccl. Stor.)=(Ruf. xi. 29 fol. 190b thoraces [busts] Serapis...abscissi sunt).
—toraca, lurica [lor-], xiv. 17 (Uerba de multis=Ars Phocae, p. 425, 22 ut thorax thoracis).—torax, lurica [lor-] manicas non habens et tunica sine manicis sic dicitur, xi. 4 (Sap. v. 19 Induet pro

thorace justitiam). Cf. torax, lurica, Cp. T196.—torax, pectus, xix. 42 (Job xii. 17 subsistere non poterit neque hasta, neque thorax; see Sabat. vers. ant.: hastae elevatio et thoracis; and in note: hastam et thoracem) = thorax, pectus, Cp. T138; Ep. 26A38; torax, pectus, Ef. 395, 11.

thorax, see thoraces.
thyesteas, see editiones; scenas turpes;

thesteas.

tibia, xLvI. 7, see tybicen.

tibicen, see tybicen.

tibiis, XIII. 8, see periscelidas; XXV. 7, see symphonia.

Tifon, filius saturni, xxviii. 7 (Lib. Anton. xxvii col. 159° Pudeat...vos insidiarum

Typhonis).

tigna, teeta cedri natura arborum cedri inputribili uigore consistunt quarum sucus uermibus est obuius significat apostolos, x. 11 (Cant. 1. 16 Vulg.: tigna domorum nostrarum cedrina; Vers. ant. Sab.: trabes domorum nostrarum cedrina; vers. ant. Sab.: trabes domorum nostrarum cedri). It is clear that tecta is a gloss to tigna; cedri natura may be a corruption for cedrina, and arborum perhaps for arbores. But the Cambridge MS. Kk. 4. 6, omitting "significat apostolos," has: "Cedrus arbor natura cuius inputribili uigore consistit. Cuius etiam sucus uermibus obuius est," which seems to give the sense of the gloss (Roofs of cedar, owing to the nature of cedar trees, are of incorruptible force).

tigris, genus leonis uario colore et uelocissimus, xix. 15 (Job iv. 11 tigris periit). For tigris see also leopardus.

tilaris, laurice, XLVII. 61 (Alia=?) = tilares, lauricae, Cp. T179; tilaris, laurercae, Ep. 27A14; itilaris, laurercae, Ef. 396, 42. For laurice &c. (a lark; which also glosses alauda, caradrion, laudae &c.) see Bosw. T. (lāwerce); Oxf. D. & Skeat Dict. (lark); Kluge, Et. Wrtb. (Lerche).

tilia, see tilio.

tilio, lind, XLVII. 100 (Alia=?) = tilia, lind, Cp. T161; tilio, lind uel baest, Ep. 27A18; tilio, lind uel best, Ef.¹ 396, 47. Tilio (= tilia, as in Cp.) the linden or line-tree=A. S. lind, see Bosw. T. (lind). For baest, best, E. bast, the inner bark (of the linden, a second meaning of tilia), of the Ep. and Ef.¹ Gloss. see Bosw. T. (bæst); Oxf. D. (bæst); Skeat, D. (bast).

timebat, xxxvir. 18, see pallebat.

timor [for tumor?], xLVIII. 14, see fastus.

tinca, see tinct.

tinct, slii, XLVII. 71 (Alia=?)=tincti, sli, Cp. T169; Ep. 27A16; Ef. 396, 45. Tinct seems an error for tinca, a small fish, perh. the tench. For slii, sli (Germ. Schleie) see Bosw. T. (sliw).

tincti, see tinct.

tinguitur, see malleolis.

tinnulus, sonans, xix. 4 (Job; Praef. Hieron. p. xivb, and Migne, P. L. col. 1081<sup>B</sup> rhythmus ipse dulcis et tinnulus fertur).

tintinnabula, xr. 14, see poderis.

tipho, tipo, see typo. tippula, see tappula. tipu, see typo.

tirannidem, crudelem sine duriter [the latter two words belong, perhaps, to II. 172; see temere], II. 173 (Bened. reg. 27, 15 Noverit...se...suscepisse...non tyrannidem [24 tyrannidem, corr. tyrannides]; 65, 5 [8] adsumentes sibi tyrannidem).

tirannides [tyr-], iniquas potestates, II. 178 (Bened. reg.; cf. tyrannides in 27, 15 [24] quoted above sub v. tirannidem).

titan, xxI. 12, see filii titan.

titania, solaria, xxvII. 29 (Lib. Rot. = Isid. Lib. de nat. rer. xxvII. 2 titaniaque astra). Cf. titania, sideralia, Cp. T157; Ep. 26C19; Ef. 395, 30.

TOBIA, XX tit.

toga, dignitas, xxxvii. 20 (S. Aug.?). For toga, see also lena.

tollentibus, xin. 56, see uellentibus.

tolli, 1. 15, see aboleri.

tomos, see temoys.

ton, xxx. 16, see ho platon.

tonica [tunica], III. 56, see ependiten; xxix. 11, see mauria; xxxix. 32, see dalmatica; see further tunica.

ton philona, xxx. 15; see ho platon.

topadius, see topation.

toparcha, loci princeps topus locus, xxxv. 7 (Ruf. 1. 15 fol. 16\* Toparcha) = toparca, loci princeps, Cp. T203; Ep. 26C23; Ef. 395, 34.

topation, ut aurum micat, xli. 15 (De nomin. div.?=Apoc. xxI. 20 topadius; Exod. xxvIII. 17, xxxIX. 10; Ezek. xxvIII. 13 topazius; cf. Psa. cxvIII. 127 dilexi mandata tua super aurum et topazion) = topazion ut aqua micat ut est porrus, Cp. T210; Ep. 26E2; Ef. 395, 50. For ut est porrus in the present Glossary see above cypressus.

topazion, topazius, see topation.

topicon, see tropicon.

topus, xxxv. 7, see toparcha.

toraca, lurica [lor-], xLv. 17; thoraces.

toracina, haeslin, III. 38 (De S. Mart. Stor. = Sulp. Sev. Dial. 1. 19, 1 storacinam uirgam). Cf. Werden fragm. toracia, haeslin (Gallée, O. Sax. Texts, 344, 239). For haeslin (of hazel), cf. Bosw. T. (hæslen). -For toracina, see also toronicum.

torax, lurica [lor-] manicas non habens

&c. xi. 4; torax, pectus, xix. 42; see thoraces.

toreuma, tormina, see uertigo. toronicam, see toronicum.

toronicum, genus ligni, m. 6 (De S. Mart. Stor.?). Cf. Sulp. Sev. Dial. 1. 27, 2 audietis me...ut Gurdonicum [in note: gorthonicum, gortonicum, gurtonicum, gorgonicum] hominem, nihil cum fuco aut cothurno loquentem). With this word, however, the interpretation (genus ligni) does not agree, which was, perhaps, intended for toracina q. v. If this be the case, the interpretation to toronicum is wanting. Cf. the Werd. Gloss. toronicam, genis ligni (Gallée, O. Sax. texts 344, 238).

torquemina, xII. 27, see tortura.

torqueri, xLIV. 10, see cardines.

torrens, see suricus.

torris, arrura que de igne rapitur, xvn. 4 (Amos IV. 11 facti estis quasi torris raptus ab incendio). Cf. torris, prant (A.S. and M. E. brand), Steinm. 1. 672, 61; for arrura perhaps leg. arsura (Du C.), or \*assura.

torta panis, incisus panis, xiv. 21 (Hier.

xxxvIII. 20 daretur ei torta panis).

tortura, torquemina, xII. 27 (Eccles. xxxx. 23 Vigilia, cholera et tortura viro infrunito).

tos (hoc), xxx. 96; see ypo (sub) tos (hoc) &c.

toscia  $\lceil = toxa = toga \rceil$ , II. 101, see lena. tota, xlii. 21, see basterna.

totam, xxxix. 36, see sex untias.

totegis, procella, xxxvIII. 41 (Clem. Rom. Recognitt. x. 32 Hanc procellam, quae καταιγίς Graece appellatur).

toto, xxvIII. 41, see sinecdochen. totum, xIII. 43, see lamia; xxxIX. 72,

see olografia.

totus, suæ ald, xLIII. 40; see quotus.

toxa, see lena. toyty, see pantocranto.

trabea, trabes, trabis, see tenda.

trabus, xxII. 5, see tenda.

tractatores, XLVIII. 48, see commectarum.

tractatus, IV. 8, see commentatus.

tractu, xxvIII. 77, see sinastrismus.

tradiderunt, xx. 1, see manciparunt, tradito, 11. 21, see adsignato.

tragica, tragicus, see traicus.

trago, xxxv. 1, see tragoedia.

tragoedia, luctus ac cladis, rv. 11; tragoedia, bellica cantica uel fabulatio uel hircania Trago Hircus, xxxv. 1 (Ruf. I. 8 fol. 12ª Tragædia magis quam historia texi uidebitur; III. 6 fol. 36ª omnis...luctuosa Tragoedia). Cf. tragoedia, bebbi cantio, Cp. T263; tragoedia, belli cantia uel fabulatio, Ep. 26E18; tragoedia, belli c.

u. f., Ef. 396, 8. On the H (of Hircus) see note § on p. 33. For tragoedia see also eunuchus.

trahent, xIII. 36, see in serris.

traica [tragica], XLIII. 24, see traicus.

traicus [tragicus], qui traica [tragica] scribsit [scrip-], xLIII. 24, see comicus.

traiectione, xII. 33, see de traiectione.

traigis, see picus.

trallis, nomen ecclesie, rv. 37 (Ruf. III. 36 fol. 51ª ecclesiæ quæ est Trallis scribit).

tramaritius [for tamaricius], xiv. 10,

see mirice.

transcensio, xxvIII. 87, see yperbaton. transferuntur, xxvIII. 44, see hypallage.

translata, xxvIII. 33, see tropus.

translatio, IV. 98, see comellas; XXVIII.

76, see metafora. translationem, xxvIII. 55, see metaforan.

transmigrationis, xv. 3, see uas transmigrationis.

transnominatio, xxvIII. 28, see metonymia.

transportare, xLIII. 18, see carus.

transtra, tabula [Cambr. MS. tabule] que iacent in transuersu [Cambr. MS. transuersum] nauis in quibus sedent remigantes, xv. 9 (Ezech. xxvII. 6 transtra tua fecerunt). Cf. E. thwart (a seat across the boat on which an oarsman sits, Cent. Dict.) and transom (Skeat, Conc. Dict.).

transuersu, transuersum, xv. 9, see

trapezeta et nummularius et colobista idem sunt qui nummis fenerantur et uilis negotiis, xxix. 42 (Uerb. Interpr. = Hier. in Matth. xxv. 26-28 col. 188B qui dari debuit nummulariis et trapezitis; ibid. xxI. 12, 13 col. 150° pro nummulariis collybistas facerent...usuras accipere non poterant collybistæ). Cf. trapizeta, men-sularius, Cp. T275; Ep. 27C39; Ef. 1997, 52.—trapezita, qui in mensa nummorum per mutationes uictum querit [quaerit], xxxvIII. 29 (Clem. Recognitt. IX. 24 vel sculptores vel trapezitas efficiat...nunquam invenitur trapezita). Goetz (vii. 363) suggests to read permutatione for per mutationes.

trapezitas [for trapetias?], xv. 12, see

trapezitis, see trapezeta.

trea (=tria), see responsoria.

tres, xxxi. 6, see solidos; 11, see ephi, 39, see chatos; xxxII. 4, see obolus; tres, · xxxIII. 30, see siliquae tres.—tres argenteos solidum faciunt, xxxx. 28 (De ponder. ?).

triangulum, xII. 40, see cyneris. tribuit, 1. 125, see sanxit.

tribulatione, xix. 50, see carmina in nocte.

tribus, IV. 79, see de triuio; XIII. 30, see in triuiis; xvi, 18, see trieres; xxxv. 238, see de triuio.

tributarii, xxxix. 61, see municipii.

tributum, quod semper fit, xxiv. 8 (Math. xvii. 24 accipiunt tributum). For tributum see also (IV. 64) fiscum.

trices, xII. 23, see non trices.

trie, see trinte artabe.

trieres, idest naues a tribus sessionibus, xvi. 18 (Dan. xi. 30 venient super eum Cf. trieris, magna nauis tribus, Cp. T253; t., m. n. t. remigis, Ep. 26C26; t., m. n. t. remit, Ef.1 395, 37.

trifulus, see truffulus.

trilex, see bilex.

trinte artabe, xi modios faciunt, xvi. 22 (Dan. xiv. 2 impendebantur...similae artabae duodecim). For xI the Glossary had XIII, but the last two numerals are marked for erasure. The Cambr. MS. has Trie artabe Decem modios faciunt. Cf. tres artabae x modios faciunt, Cp. T248; Ep. 26C2; Ef.1 395, 14.

tripla, I. 115, see sescopla.

triplex, drili, xLvI. 41, see bilex.

tripudiaret, uinceret, xxxv. 174 (Ruf. v. 3 fol. 78b fiebat, ut in uerberibus tripudiaret). Cf. tripudiare, nincere, Cp. T265; Ep. 26E23; Ef. 396, 13.

triste, XII. 6, see acide.

tristis, n. 9, see acidiosus.

tritici, xII. 36, see similaginem; xxxvII. 3, 4, see fidelia farris.

tritura, xvII. 1, see area sitiens.

[triuium] in triuiis, in tribus uiis, xIII. 30 (Isai. xv. 3 in triviis eius) = in triuis, in tribus uis, Cp. I145; in triuiis, in tribus uiis, Ep. 12A25; in triuis, in tribus uiis, Ef. 366, 22.—de triuio, de tribus uiis, Iv. 79 (Eccl. Istor.) and xxxv. 238 (De Eus.) =(Ruf. xx. 5 fol. 148b mulierculas de triuio conquisitas).

trium, xvII. 7, see Niniue. trochleis, see troclei; trogleis.

troclei, rotis modicis, xxxv. 40 (De Euseb.); trogleis, hlędrę, iv. 74 (Eccl. Istor.) = (Ruf. vIII. 10 fol. 139b alii... trochleis distenti). The first gloss seems to mean "pulleys with small wheels." Trochlea, troclea, is explained (by Lewis and Sh.) as "a mechanical contrivance for raising weights, a case or sheaf containing one or more pulleys, a block." The Gr. τροχιλέα, the sheaf of a pulley, roller of a windlass (Liddell & Sc.), and this from τροχός (1) a wheel; (2) a course, place for running. Some Glossators may have understood it to mean "a thing to

run up, with small rounds," i.e. "a ladder," and hence hledre (= hlædræ), which may = A.S. hlæder, hlædder, a ladder, flight of steps. Glogger suggests A.S. hlædel (Bosw. T.), a ladle, an instrument for drawing water. Cf. trocleis, stricilum, Cp. T266; trocleis, rotis modicis uel stricilum, Ep. 26E25; Ef.1 396, 15. For stricilum (instr. pl. of stricel), see Bosw. T. (stricel, a strickle).

trofon, see catastrofon.

trogleis, hlędrę, IV. 74, see troclei.

trophaea, see tropia.

tropia, signa, xxxv. 126 (Ruf. II. 25 fol. 33ª habeo trophaea apostolorum; ibid. fol. 33b inuenies trophaea).

tropicon, maralium [mor-], xxx. (Cat. Hier. LXXXI col. 689B τοπικών liber; B: topicon idest mortalium librum; C: [blank]) = tropicon, moralium, Cp. T255.

tropus est dictio ab eo loco in quo propria est translata in eum locum in quo propri (!) non est ut est exsurge domine, XXVIII. 33 (Cass. Psalm. III. 6 col. 464 Tropus autem est d. a. e. l. i. q. p. e. t. i. e. l. i. q. propria n. e. [ut est added by Glossator] exsurge domine [quoted from col.

trudit, xLvIII. 8, see inpegit.

truffulus, felospric, xLvII. 18 (Alia=?) = trufulus, feluspreci, Cp. T288; trifulus, felospraeci, Ep. 27A10; trufulus, feluspraeici, Ef. 1396, 39. Felospric &c., much talking (Germ. vielgesprächig) from felo, felu, much; and spraeci &c. speech, talk-For trifulus, truffulus, Goetz (VII. 370) unnecessarily suggests to read friuolus. Glogger connects it with Ital. truffa (Körting, Wört. 9794), deceit, boasting, and regards truffulus as a subst., meaning a braggart (Ital. truffaldino).—It really = E. "trifler"; see Skeat, Conc. Etym. Dict. Cf. John Florio Dict. (1598), (trifle). "Truffarello, a craftie, cosening, cheating, conicatching, filching knave." The double spelling trifulus, trufulus still appears in M. E. trifle, trufle.

trufulus, see truffulus.

trulla, ferrum latum unde parietes liment, xvn. 5 (Amos, vn. 7 in manu eius trulla caementarii; vII. 8 trullam). E. trowel.

truncatis, see busta.

truncatus, IV. 15, see plexus.

trungatis [trunc-], xxxv. 86, see busta.

tu, xxvIII. 18, see apo tu-.

tuae, see emissiones.

tuba, xlviii. 57, see classica.

tuber, in dorso cameli, xLVI. 13 (Alia = Ars Phocae, p. 415, 15 hoc tuber). Cf. tuber, tumor, asuollen, Cp. T326; t., t. uel suollaen, Ep. 27A19; t., t. uel assuollam, Ef.1 396, 48.

tubolo, fala, xLvII. 41 (Alia=?)=tubolo, fala, Cp. T321; tabula, fala, Ep. 27A11; tabulo, fala, Ef. 396, 40. For tubolo Glogger suggests tubulus, a small pipe or tube; and Schlutter (Journ. Germ. Phil. I p. 314) would read stabula, fald, But this gloss, which was discussed in my Preface (p. XLIII) to the Corpus Glossary, seems to need no alteration except tabula (a plank) for tubolo. From the A. S. fala (a plank) was derived falod, a fold, (sheep-)pen, lit. "a thing made of wooden bars" (=L. tabulatum, planking). Bobellum (for bovellum = bovillum, a cattle-stall), falod, Wright W. 358, 21; bofellum (for bovillum), falud, Cp. B148; bobellum, falued, Ep. 6A1 and Ef. 347, 12; stabulum, falaed, Cp. S549; Ep. 25A13; Ef. 392, 37. See further Skeat, Conc. Et. Dict. (fold); Oxf. D. (fold); Franck, Woordenb. (vaalt).

tue, x. 15, see emissiones tue.

tu epitimitisun, concupiscibili, xxxx. 60 (Uerb. Interpr. = Hier. in Matth. xin. 33 τὸ ἐπιθυμητικὸν quod appellamus concupiscibile).

tueri, protegere uel custodire, n. 180 (Bened. reg. 69, 4 [4] ne...praesumat alter alium...tueri).

tugurium, domuncula, XIII. 2 (Isai. 1. 8 tugurium in cucumerario).

tumor, v. 16, see podagra; see also

tumultuosam, xxIII. 18, see contionem.

tumultus, 1. 116, see seditio. tumulum, Iv. 100, see bustus.

tunguitur [for tinguitur?], xvi. 9, see malleolis.

tunica, xi. 4, see torax; also written tonica (q. v.).

turba, IV. 81, see calones; XLVIII. 16, see manus.

turbam, xxxv. 121, see manum.

turdela, see turdella.

turdella, drostlae, XLVII. 55 (Alia=?) =t., Srostle, Cp. T323; t-, throstlae, Ep. 27A13 and Ef. 396, 42. For turdella (dim. of turdus, a thrush, fieldfare), see Forcellini-De-Vit (turdela); Isid. Etym. XII. 7, 71 (turdela); Georg. Lat. D. Wrt. (turdela, turdella, eine kleine Drossel). For drostlae, throstlae, Srostle, a throstle, see Bosw. T. (prostle); Kluge, Et. Wrtb. (Drossel); Skeat, Conc. Dict. (throstle).

turdus, serue, xlvii. 63 (Alia=?)=t-, serie, Cp. T324; t-, serie, Ep. 27A15; t-, screc, Ef. 396, 43. turdus, a thrush, fieldfare. For (scruc, in the MS., read) scriic, scric, screc (a shrike; skrike, screech), see Bosw. T. (scric). For turdus, see also turdella.

turgidis, Iv. 78, see suppuratis.

turibula, xm. 9, see olfactoriola; xiv. 35, see thimia materia.

turno-, see turnodo.

turnodo [sine interpret.], III. 9 (De S. Martyni Storia?). Glogger suggests as lemma cothurno [elevated style] in Sulp. Sev. Dial. 1. 27, 2; audietis me...ut Gurdonicum hominem, nihil cum fuco aut cothurno [coturno, in some MSS.] loquentem. He regards -do as a corrupted A. S. word, referring to Corpus C840: Coturno, podhae (instr. of pob, eloquence), which has been misunderstood by Wülcker (Vocab. 15, 33), where coturno is taken as = coturnix, and a wood-hen made of it; see Schlutter in Anglia, xxvi. 308, and cf. Werden Gloss. turno .i. nodo (Gallée, O. Sax. texts 345, 266); and Münst. Gloss cuturno crince (ibid. 336, 7).

turpem, II. 11, see absurdum.

turpes, xxxv. 166, see scenas turpes.

turpiter, xxxv. 33, see bachantes.

turres, xxxvi. 5, see fares.

turris, xxxv. 248, see pirgos.

tu thimisiun, plenum ire, xxix. 59 (Uerb. Interpr. = Hier. in Matth. xiii. 33 τὸ θυμικὸν quod dicamus plenum iræ).

tuum, x. 5, see nomen tuum.

tybicen, qui tibia cantat, xLvi. 7 (Alia = Ars Phocae, p. 415, 3 hic tibicen). Cf. tibicen, qui cum tibia canit, Cp. T176; Ep. 27C24; Ef. 396, 50.

tyfo, see typo.

tympanum, in quattuor lignis extensa pellis, xrx. 20 (Job xxr. 12 tenent tympanum).

tyos (hoc), xxx. 95; see ypo (sub) tyos &c.

typho [the correct form for] typo, q.v.

Typhonis, see tifon. typhum, see typum.

typo [for typho], inflatio cordis uel superbia, n. 179 (Bened. reg. 31, 25 constitutam annonam sine aliquo typho... offerat [typo, tipu, in note]; 50 tyfo, tipho, typo, tipo). Of tipo, draca uel inflatio, Cp. T182; tipo, droco, Ep. 27E23; tipo, draco, Ef. 398, 20.—typum, inflationem, xxxix. 71 (not in Greg. Dial., but Can. Conc. Carth. cxxxiv p. 172<sup>n</sup> non sumus iam istum typhum passuri; id. cxxxvIII p. 174b ne fumosum typhum seculi... videamur inducere).

typo, signo, xLII. 22 (Ex div. libris?). Cf. Isid. contra Judaeos, in Napier's Old Engl. Glosses, p. 206, 17 (tipo, hiwe).

typum [for typhum], inflationem, xxxix. 71, see typo (for typho).

tyrannidem, see tirannidem.

tyrannides, see tirannidem, tirannides.

tyrannus, see tyrsamus.

tyrones, noui milites, xIV. 31 (Hier. LII. 25 probabat tyrones).

tyrsamus, predator [praed-], xxxiv. 37 (De Cass. Inst. xII. 3, 2 tyrannus...ciuitatem diruit).

Tyrus, insula, xxiv. 14 (Math. xi. 21 Si in Tyro et Sidone factae essent virtutes; x1. 22 Tyro et Sidoni remissius erit; xv. 21 Jesus secessit in partes Tyri et Sidonis).

u for a: lucunar (for lac-); lumina (lam-); petulum (petalum); platissu (platissu).— for b: Ceruerus (Cerb-); faue (fabae); fauorum (fabarum); uorith (borith).—for f: inuastum (infausti); uolles (folles).for i: tunguitur (tinguitur) .- for o: adolatur (? for adulator); adsentatur (? for adsentator); aduliscentule (adolescentulae); emulumentum (emol-); furtunam (fort-); furtunatam (fortunam); hierufontis (hierophantis); infusuria (-soria); lurica (lor-); philuluguis (philologos); publite (poplite); puplites (poplite); simbulis (symbolis); simbulum (symbolum).—for y: saturious (satyr-); saturus (satyrus).—u (v) omitted: expolierit (-liuerit); u omitted: inuastum (infausti); sectura (secutura); ungentorum (unguent-).

uacasse, see uaruassi.

uacca, III. 26, see bacula.
uacillantem, fugantem, xlvIII. 4 (De Cass., Inst. v. 6 mentem ... escarum nimietas uacillantem ... reddit).

uacua, ix. 2, see cassa.

uacuasse, see uaruassi.

uaena, dicitur per quam aqua currit, VIII. 12; blena, dicitur per quam aqua currit, viii. 14 (Salam. v. 18 Sit vena tua benedicta; x. 11 vena vitae; xxv. 26 vena

uaene [uenae], xxix. 22, see meatus.

uaeri, uirge ferree, xxxv. 81; see the explanation in v. reusti.

uagus, II. 9, see acidiosus.

ualde, 1. 78, see nauiter.

ualebat, xi. 11, see in aqua ualebat.

ualens, xliii. 19, see cruda.

ualuas, modicus murus ante portam, xxIII. 10 (2 Esdra III. 1 statuerunt valvas ejus; see also ibid. III. 3, 6, 13 &c.).

uana [uano?], xxvi. 13, see uaruassi.

uangas, spaedun, xxxix. 12 (Greg. Dial. III. 14 col. 245<sup>B</sup> ferramenta quae usitato nos nomine vangas vocamus...; Tot vangas in hortum projicite, &c. four times) = uangas, spadan, Cp. U13; Ep. 28C25; Ef. 399, 43. vanga, a kind of mattock, or a spade with a cross-bar (Lew. and Sh.); for spaedun, spadan, see Bosw. T. (spadu, spædu, a spade); Skeat, Conc. D. (spade1). uano, see uaruassi.

uaporat, exurit, xxvII. 12 (Isid. Lib. Rot. = Lib. de nat. rer. vii. 3 aerem ipsum vaporat) = Cp. U10; Ep. 28C5; Ef. 399;

24 uaporat, inurit.

uaria, xliii. 10, see omonima. uariatum, iv. 96, see stomatum.

uaricat [he straddles, strides], strited, xLVII. 43 (Alia=?)=u-, stridit, Cp. U12; Ep. 28C24; Ef. 399, 41. For strited, stridit, he strides, see Bosw. T. (stridan); Skeat, Conc. D. (stride).

uarietas stromactis, de sternatione ubi paganorum et xpistianorum colleguntur quasi ex lectulo uarietatis, xxx. 35; see

stromatum.

uarietate, xxvIII. 37, see metabole;

xxxvIII. 6, see stragula.

uarietatis, xxx. 35, see uarietas stro-

uarietatum, see uarietas stromactis.

uariis, xxII. 11, see mundum m -.

nario, xix. 15, see tigris.

uarix, ompre in cruribus hominum, xLvi. 27 (Alia = Ars Phocae, p. 421, 6 hic varix varicis) = uarix, ampre, Cp. U8; uarix, amprae, Ep. 28A40; uarix, omprae, Ef. 399, 19. For ompre, ampre, cf. the Oxf. Dict. amper (a tumour or swelling), anbury; Schlutter (in Anglia xix. 493 sq.).

uaruassi, de uana [uano?] dictum, xxvi. 13 (Isid. Offic.?). Glogger suggests vac[u]asse; see Isid. Offic. 1. 18, 9 vacasse ab opere, and Steinm. II. 342, 47

uacasse.

uas, vi. 12, see albri; xv. 1, see atramentarium, 3 (bis), see uas transmigrationis; xxII. 12, see urna; xxIV. 13, see alabastrum; xxv. 13, see in peluem; xxix. 47, see lagonam; xxxv. 57, see cunabulum; xxxvII. 3-5, see fidelia farris.—[fem., uas regia], III. 32, see patera.—uas transmigrationis, aut carrum aut uas alterum paruum, xv. 3 (Ezech. xII. 3 fac tibi vasa transmigrationis; xII. 4 vasa transmigrationis).—uasa, xiv. 36, see urceos; xvii. 16, see infusuria; xxix. 14, see lanternis.-uasa castrorum, arma exercitum [-tuum] idest milicie [militiae] celi [caeli] dicitur enim quod bella futura possent preuidere [praeu-] in sole et luna, xII. 42 (Eccles. XLIII. 9 vas castrorum; Camb. MS. Vasa c., a. exercituum Militie celi dicuntur q. b. f. possint prouideri i. s. e. l.) = uasa castrorum, arma exercituum, idest militiae caeli dicuntur, Cp. U51. On this phrase see Wace's Apocr. II. 207.

uasa castrorum, arma exercitum &c., see above, sub v. uas.

uase, viii. 18, see ptisanas; xxii. 12, see urna; xxxv. 49, see loculo.

uates, see uatis.

uatis, propheta, xxxv. 97 (De Euseb.); fates, propheta, IV. 5 (Eccl. Istor.) = (Ruf. 1. 1 fol. 5ª Dauid magnificus vates; 1. 1 fol. 5b vates Esaias).

ubera, apostoli, x. 2 (Cant. 1. 1 meliora sunt ubera tua vino; 1. 3 memores uberum tuorum; 1. 12 inter ubera mea).

ubi, 1. 65, 126; 11. 169 (bis); IV. 47; VIII. 8, 10; x. 22 (bis); xv. 21, 29, 31; xvi. 1; xvii. 7, 20; xxiii. 9; xxvii. 28; xxviii. 36, 88; xxix. 21; xxx. 4-7, 26, 35; xxxv. 82, 235; xxxvi. 3, 4; xxxix. 50, 53; xLv. 1.

ubicumque, rr. 169, see ubi et ubi.

ubi et ubi, ubicumque, n. 169 (Bened. reg. 46, 6 ibi; note ubi et, ubiubi; [7 ubi; note ubi ubi, ubi uel ubi]); Edm. Schmidt Regula, ubiubi, and ubi et ubi; 63, 33 ubique; in MS. T ubiubi; in MS. S ubi et ubi; [60 ubiubi, ubi et ubi note]. Se further Traube, Textgeschichte, p. 695.

ubique, ubiubi, see ubi et ubi.

udo, see odonis uittam.

-ue, xxvIII. 88, see personisue.

uecordiae, see uecors.

uecors, malo corde, xxxv. 114 (Ruf. II. 11 fol. 24ª vecordiae eius indulsit).

uectandi gratia, exercendi, xlii. 24 (Ex div. libris =? Vita S. Eugen. 3, Migne LXXIII col. 607B ut spectandi gratia permitteretur praedia sua...circuire) = uectandi gratia, exercendi, Cp. U91; nectandi gratia, idest exercendi, Ep. 28A36; Ef.1 399, 16. Uectandi seems to be a different reading.

uectical [-gal], xLVI. 11, see lucar.

uectigal, see lucar.

uectis, v. 4, see canto.

ueemoth, bestia ignota, xix. 37 (Job xL. 10 Ecce Behemoth; Heyse, in note, vehemoth).

ueendo [uehendo], xxII. 16, see ueredarii.

vehemoth, see ueemoth.

uehendo, see ueredarii. uehiculi, III. 16, see reda.

uel, I. 4 (bis), 19, 22, 27, 28 (bis), 30, 35, 36, 45, 47, 52–54, 57, 58, 71, 81, 82, 85, 87 (bis), 88, 90, 91, 94, 114, 115 (bis), 118, 122, 129, 132; n. 3, 21, 27, 46, 65, 67, 69, 70, 88, 100, 110, 113, 116, 125, 128, 134, 151, 152, 153 (bis), 159, 172, 179, 180, 182; III. 56 (bis), 59; IV. 4, 52, 100; v. 27; vi. 1; vii. 3; viii. 7, 10, 18; x. 7, 25; xii. 1, 29, 34, 38, 39; xiii. 6, 7 (bis), 9, 15, 21; xiv. 5, 12; xv. 4, 12, 14,

18, 40; xvi. 21; xvii. tit., 3; xix. 14, 59; xxi. 5, 17-19; xxii. 1; xxiii. 12; xxv. 1; xxvi. 9; xxvii. 3, 5, 19, 20, 27, 32; xxviii. 6, 17, 71; xxix. 12, 35 (bis), 40, 43, 71; xxx. 27, 29, 38, 65, 71, 73, 87, 92, 94; xxxii. 7; xxxv. 1 (bis), 24, 34, 37, 38, 45, 59, 61, 71, 72, 80, 87, 93, 96, 107, 110, 141, 143, 146–148, 158, 171, 176, 186, 194, 195, 211, 215, 226, 243, 252, 260; xxxvi. 2 (ter); xxxvii. 9; xxxviii. 42; xxxix. 13, 24, 63; xli. 21; xlii. 3, 21; xliii. 3, 29, 48, 52, 56; xliv. 4 (bis); xlvi. 23-25, 28; xlvii. 81; xlviii. 14, 15, 38.

uellentibus, tollentibus pilos de genis, XIII. 56 (Isai. L. 6 dedi...genas meas vel-

lentibus).

vellere, see lanugo.

ueloces, xLvIII. 33, see perpeti. uelocissimus, xrx. 15, see tigris.

uelocitas, II. 160, see sagatitas; xLVIII. 31, see pernities.

uelociter, xxxv. 8, see age; see also uelotiter; efficaciter.

uelocius, see ocilis.

uelotiter [ueloc-], II. 63, see efficaciter, 77, see facile.

uelotius [-cius], xLVIII. 67, see ocilis.

uelox, xLvi. 29, see pernix. uelut, xxviii. 42, see idea.

uena, see blena; uaena.

uenae, see meatus.

uenas, xxxv. 190, see fibras.

uendentur, xlviii. 47, see distrauntur. uendunt, xxxv. 72, see lanionibus.

uene [-nae], xxix. 61, see puruys.

uenit, xiii. 23, see quartane.

uentis, v. 12, see labris.

uentris, xxxiv. 36, see gastrimargia;

xxxv. 2, see coli, 6, see tentigo.

uerba, xxvIII. 24, see ypozeuxis, 30, see epembabis, 44, see hypallage, 47, see parenthesin, 58, see apostropei; xL tit .-UERBA DE MULTIS, XLV tit .-- UERBA DE SANCTI MARTYNI STORIA, III tit.

uerbera, flagella, 11. 185 (Bened. reg. 2, 61[91] uerberum vel corporis castigatione; 28, 5 [6] uerberum vindictae; 30, 7 [9]

acris uerberibus coerceantur).

uerberibus, uerberum, see uerbera.

uerbi, II. 182 (bis), see uerbi gratia; xxvIII. 75, see prolemsis; xxx. 24, see philuluguis.

uerbi geratione, see uerbigratione.

uerbi gratia, ut si forte uel uerbi causa, п. 182 (Bened. reg. 24, 10 [16] si verbi gratia; 63, 15 [26] ut verbi gratia). Cf. uerbi gratia, uuordes intinga (for the sake of a word; Bosw. T. word; intinga), Cp. U149.

uerbigratione, sermotinatione mocin-], II. 171 (Bened. reg.? Goetz in his

Index prints verbigeratione, and on this word cf. G. Landgraf in Archiv f. Lat. Lex. IX. 440).

uerbis, IV. 68, see elogis; XVI. 31, see incantatores; xix. 28, see iubilo; xxxv. 270, see elogiis.

uerbo, xxviii. 45, see zeuma.

uerborum, I tit., see glosae; xxvIII. 25, see scema, 37, see metabole, 78, see hyperbaton; xxix tit.

uerbositate, n. 105, see loquacitate. uerbotenus, sicut dico, II. 70 (Bened.

reg. ?).

uerbum, xxvIII. 72, see anaphora, 76, see metafora.

uere, I. 86, see prorsus.

uerecundia, n. 150, see rubor.

ueredarii, dicuntur a ueendo [uehendo] qui festinanter in equis currunt non descendentes de equis antequam liberant responsa sua habent pennas in capite ut inde intellegatur festinatio itineris daturque eis semper equus paratus non manducant nisi super equos antequam perficiantur, xxII. 16 (Esther VIII. 10 epistolæ...missæ per veredarios; viii. 14 egressi sunt veredarii). See Steinm. 1. 488, note 17; Skeat, Conc. Et. Dict. (palfrey).

uermes, xxxviii. 5, see chantari; xxxix.

7, see eruce.

uermibus, x. 11, see tigna; xiv. 34, see

uermiculus, a similitudine uermis, xIII. 3 (Isai. 1. 18 si fuerint peccata vestra.. rubra quasi vermiculus). Cambr. MS. vermiculus. Tinetura ad similitudinem vermis. For vermiculus see also rubeum.

uermis, xIII. 3, see uermiculus; XLVII.

15, see tappula, 89, see bulinus.

uerna, mancipium, xLv. 23 (Uerba de multis = Ars Phocae, p. 412, 27 auriga conviva verna). uero, xvi. 27; xxviii. 18, 20; xxxi. 12;

xxxIII. 13.

uerres, uerris, see berrus. uerruca, see berruca.

uerrus, see berrus.

uersę, vIII. 2, see coacuerint.

uersipellis, peruersus, viii. 5 (Salam. xiv. 25 profert mendacia versipellis).

uersum, contra, XLVIII. 49 (De Cass., Inst. Iv. 21 uersus mare...tenditur). uersus, contra, vi. 4 (Breu. exsol. ?).

uertente, xxII. 12, see urna.

uertex, see uertix.

uerti, xliv. 9, see celum.

uerticem, xxxv. 277, see iugum montium; XLIV. 16, see antarticus, 19, see hiemisperium.

uertigo, edualle, xLVII. 16 (Alia = ?) =

uertigo, eduuelle, Cp. U89; u-, edwalla? Ep. 28A33; u-, edualla, Ef. 399, 13. It would seem that the A. S. interpretation may mean giddiness, dizziness, as perhaps here, or a whirlpool, eddy, vortex, as Cp. A490 (alueum, eduaell), F300 (uortex, edpelle), S129 (scylla, eduuelle), T214 (toreuma for tormina? eduuaelle); see ed-wielle, a whirlpool, dizziness (Bosw. T.). Kluge (A. S. Leseb. p. 172) gives only strudel (whirlpool). Cf. Goetz, vii. 407 (uertigo).

uertix [-tex], xliv. 25, see dextera, 26,

see a tergo, 27, see leua.

ueru, snaas, xlvi. 1 (Alia=Ars Phocae, p. 414, 13 veru). For snaas, a spit, skewer, see Bosw. T. (snās, snæs).

verua, see uaeri.

uesani, insani, xxxv. 177 (Ruf. v. 16 fol. 85<sup>b</sup> uesani et...bacchantes).

uespertinorum, n. 151, see sinaxis.

ueste, xm. 41, see lino crudo.

uestibus, III. 56, see ependiten; xxII. 11, see mundum m-.

uestigia, xxxi. 24, see choros.

uestimenta, XIII. 11, see mutatoria; XXIX. 39, see prorusu; see also lectisternia. uestimentum, xv. 18, see involuere; XXV. 8, see byssus.

uestis, 111. 56, see ependiten; 1v. 105, see propositus; x1. 14, see poderis; x111. 13, see fascia pectoralis; xxv1. 5, see folligantes, 12, see follicantes.

uestium, xiv. 33, see lacinias.

uestmenta [uestim-], n. 100; see lectisternia.

uetellus, see uitelios.

ueteranorum, see ueternorum.

ueterem, II. 187, see uetustam.

ueternorum, ueterum, m. 1 (De S. Mart. Stor.=Sulp. Sev. Vit. S. Mart. 1, 2, 5 ueteranorum filii).

ueternosa, see decrepita.

ueterum, III. 1, see ueternorum.

uetorosa [ueternosa], xxvi. 9, see decrepita.

uetustam, ueterem, n. 187 (Bened. reg. 55, 8 [12] sufficere credimus...cucullam... vetustam).

ui for y: Coquiton for Cocyti.

ui, I. 48, see extorris; xLIV. 10, see cardines.

uia, vIII. 8, see in aceruo m-; xxvIII. 53, see paraprosdocia; xxxIX. 44, see glebum.—uia secta, iringesuuec, xxvII. 28; see in georgicis.

uiarum, xxx. 87, see otheporicon; [for uiaticum?] xxx. 71, see sinphosin.

uiaticum, see sinphosin.

uice, 1. 100, see | roconsolaris, 101, see procuratores; xxx1. 25, see pes.

uicia, see uicias.

utciam, pisas agrestes idest fugles beane, xiii. 35 (Isai. xxviii. 25 ponet... viciam in finibus suis); uicias, fuglues beane, xxvii. 33 (Alia=?)=uicium, fugles bean, Cp. U182; u-, fuglaes bean, Ep. 28C23; u-, flugles bean, Ef.¹ 399, 40. uicia, a vetch; pisas agrestes, wild peas; for fugles (gen. of fugel, a bird) bēane &c. (vetch; lit. bird-beans), see Bosw. T. (fugles beān; fugel); on the form flugles see Skeat, Conc. Et. Dict. (foul).

uiciati [uit-], xxxv. 280, see infecti.

uicibus, unum post unum, n. 183 (Bened. reg. 38, 13 sic sibi uicibus ministrent fratres [20 vicissim; Edm. Schmidt, Regula uicissim; uicibus]; 32, 8 vicissim succedunt [11 uicissim, uicibus, note; Edm. Schmidt, Reg. uicissim, uicibus]).

uicina, see preteriola. uicinos, xll. 1, see presbiteri. uicissim, see uicibus. uicium, see uicias.

uico, III. 31, see in pago. uictimis, xvi. 27, see malefici.

uictoria, xxxvII. 19, see laurus. uictoriam, xxI. 5, see cum coronis. uictorię, vIII. 6, see fornicem.

uictum, xxxvIII. 29, see trapezita. uideantur, xxvIII. 47, see parenthesin.

uiderunt, xIII. 43, see lamia. uigentia, xL. 22, see rigentia.

uigilantia, xxi. 2, see lucubraciuncula. uigilat, xxxix. 19, see freniticus.

uigilatione, xxxiv. 39, see statione. uigore, x. 11, see tigna.

uiis, IV. 79, see de triuio; XIII. 30, see in triuiis; XXXV. 238, see de triuio.

uilicationis, prepositure [praepositurae], n. 168 (Bened. reg. 64, 17 [30] redditurus est rationem uilicationis suae; also uillicationis). Cf. Luke xvi. 2 redde rationem uilicationis (uill-) tuae.

uilis, xxix. 42, see trapezeta. uillae, see sex untias.

uille [uillae], 1. 107, see ruris; xxix. 65, see cuimarsus; xxxix. 36, see sex untias.

uillicationis, see uilicationis.

uina, prophete, x. 4; see uinum.

uinacia, quod remanet in uuis quando premuntur, xv. 33; uinatia, que remansit in uuis quando premuntur, xviii. 3 (Osee, iii. 1 diligunt vinacia uvarum).

uinatia, see uinacia.

uinceret, xxxv. 174, see tripudiaret.

uincta, xxxv. 303, see mulcata.

uinctorum, uinctos, xxxv. 27, see puncto. uincula, iv. 54, see metalla.

uinculum, Iv. 60, see neruum.

uindicatur, defenditur, xxxvII. 15 (S. Aug.?). Cf. Serm. 57, 8 (Migne, P. L.

xxxvIII. 8 col. 390) incipiatis vos velle vindicare de inimicis vestris.

uindictis, xxxv. 104, see gladibus.

uinearum, XIII. 15, see decem iugera uinearum; XLV. 16, see antes.

uini fusor, pincerna, xxxix. 11 (Greg. Dial. III. 5 col. 225 vini fusoris...animum corrupisset).

uino, xxi. 18, see sancta domini; see also uinum candidum and uina sub v.

uinum, 1.111, see sicera; x11.45, see caupo. --uinum candidum, piperatum uel mellatum, x. 25 (Cant. viii. 2 Vulg. dabo tibi poculum ex vino condito) = uinum conditum, piperatum et melleatum, Cp. U155.uina, prophete, x. 4 (Cant. 1. 1 meliora sunt ubera tua vino; 1. 3 super vinum).

uiola, herba iacinctina [hyacinthina], xxix. 10 (Uerb. Interpr. = Hier. in Matth. vii. 28-30 col. 464 Violae vero purpuram, nullo superari murice).

uiolenter, 1. 51, see exempta.

uiolentia, fortia, 11. 181 (Bened. reg. 48, 44 [79] nec violentia laboris opprimantur).

uirga, xxxv. 152, see sceptrum; for uirgo (?) XLVI. 3, see Tanaquil.

uirgae, see uaeri; pusti.

uirge [uirgae], xxxv. 81, see uaeri.

uirginis, xxi. 7, see femur uirginis. uirgis, xiv. 14, see calati; xix. 1, see ohelis.

uiri, x. 23, see Aminab; xIII. 16, see Tabehel; xxi. 3, see Subal; xxxviii. 11-14, see Calistratus.—uiri cordati, bono corde, XIX. 62 (Job XXXIV. 10 uiri cordati audite me) = uiri cordati, bono corde, Cp. U194; Ep. 28E15; Ef. 400, 11. uiridario, xlii. 20, see in uiridario

domus, sub v. uiridarium.

uiridarium, a uirido dicitur, m. 62 (Vit. S. Anton.?).—in uiridario domus, in atrio pro uiriditate herbarum, xLII. 20 (Ex div. libris?).

uiride, xII. 41, see lino crudo; xIII. 48,

see myrtus.

uiridem, xLI. 7, see iaspis, 10, see smaragdus, 16, see cypressus.

uiridis, xxII. 7, see carbasini.

uiriditate, xln. 20, see in uiridario domus, sub v. uiridarium.

uirido, 111. 62, see uiridarium. uirilia, xxxix. 48, see calculum.

uirtus, xliv. 29, see axem. uirtutis, xxxv. 145, see numinis.

uiscera, III. 36, see uitaha, for uitalia.

uiscerade, vi. 2, see uiscide.

uiscide, uiscerade, vi. 2 (Breu. exsol.?); uiscide, ineluctabile idest maius luctu, xL. 1 (Uerba?). See Addenda.

uisibus, 1. 126, see spectacula.

visionis, see epimehne. uit[a], xxx. 13, see iereticos.

uitaha, uiscera, m. 36 (De S. Mart. Stor. = Sulp. Sev. Dial. 1. 16, 2 doloribus uitalia uniuersa quaterentur) = uitalia, uiscera, Cp. U209.

uitalia, see uitaha (for uitalia).

uitam [for uittam?], xxxvII. 7, see odo-

uiteas, see columnas uitreas.

uiteleos, iuuenes, xxxvi. 22 (Oros. 11. 5. 1 Brutus...uxoris suae fratres, Vitellios iuuenes...in contionem protraxit; in note uitelios). Cf. uitelli, sueoras, Cp. U177 and Ef. 399, 3; uitelli, suehoras, Ep. 28A24. The quotation from Oros. shows that uiteless iuuenes in the present Glossary is a lemma without an interpretation. The first word (altered to a nom. plur.) has crept into the Cp., Ep. and Ef. Gloss., supplemented by an apparent interpretation (sueoras, suehoras, nom. plur. of sueor, from sweohor, see Bosw. T. sweór, swehor = G. Schwäher, Schwager, Schwieger, Du. zwager, a term which, according to Kluge, originally meant a wife's brother). The first word appears again (as a nom. sing., with the same interpretation, also in the sing.) in Ef. 1 400, 43 (vetellus, sueor). But the A.S. words do not interpret a word (Vitellios), but explain the fact that the Vitellii were "the brothers of the wife of Brutus," that is, "his brothers-in-law (sueoras)." This vetellus, vitellus, should, therefore, not be altered to vitricus, as is suggested by Diefenbach and Goetz; nor find a place in any Lat. Dict.

uitelios, see uiteleos.

uitelli, Vitellios, see uiteleos.

uitiati, see infecti.

uitiginem, bleci, xxxvi. 10 (Oros. 1. 8, 5 Aegyptii cum ... uitiliginem paterentur; 1. 10. 11 scabiem ac uitiliginem) = uitiginem, bleci, Cp. U168; uitiligo, blectha, Ep. 28A34; uitiligo, blectha, Ef. 399, 14. For bleci, blectha, leprosy (also E. blight?), see Bosw. T. (blæcþa).

uitiliginem, see uitiginem.

uitis, xxxvIII. 7, see columnas uitreas. uitreas [for uiteas], xxxvIII. 7, see columnas uitreas.

uitreum, xxxvII. 5, see capsaces.

uitricum, steuffeder, xxxvi. 14 (Oros. 1. 12, 9 omitto Oedipum...uitricum suum). uitricius, steopfaeder, Cp. U181; u., steupfaedaer, Ep. 28A35; u., staupfotar, Ef. 399, 15. Cf. Bosw. T. (steópfæder); Skeat, Conc. Dict. (stepchild); steuf-= O. H. G. stiof-.

uittam, see odonis uitam.

uitula, see uitulam consternantem.

uitulam consternantem, lasciuiantem aut aeste pro uermibus, xxv. 34 (Hierem. xxvvIII. 34 vitula conternante; [vitulam] consternantem, ap. Migne, Patr. L. xxxx col. 1010<sup>p</sup>). Cf. Isai. xv. 5 vitulam conternantem; Cp. C527 (consternantem, indomitam); aut aeste (which begins a new line in the MS., but with no capital A) perh. for aut aestuantem? Glogger, however, makes a separate lemma of it, referring it to Hierem. xxxvi. 30 cadaver eius proicietur ad aestum per diem.

uitulamina, idest filii a uitulis dicuntur qui de adulterio nati, xi. 5 (Sap. iv. 3 spuria vitulamina non dabunt radices

altas).

uitulis, x1. 5, see uitulamina.

uituperans, xv. 2, see synicias.

uituperationis, xxvIII. 74, see ironia. uiuarium, piseina, xLVII. 11 (Alia=?)= bifarius, piseina, Cp. B112; Ep. 6C9; Ef. 347, 52.

uiuens, II. 33, see cenobita.

uiuere, see telopagere.

uix, statim, xxxv. 58 (Ruf. xi. 12 fol. 184\* vixdum coepto bello; Čacciari p. 90 vix dum c. b.; cf. v. 1 fol. 75<sup>b</sup> vix credi... potest; vII. 8 fol. 118<sup>b</sup> vix a nobis cohortatus; vII. 18 fol. 122<sup>a</sup> &c.). For uix (xIIv. 2) see cous.

uixdum, see uix.

uixilla et labrum idem sunt, idest segin, xxxv. 69 (Ruf. ix. 9 fol. 152ª in militaria vexilla transformat, ac labarum...exaptat). Cf. uexilla, seign, Cp. U85. For segin, seign (from Lat. signum), a sign, token, see Bosw. T. (segn, segen).

ulcanalia [uulcan-], xLIII. 29, see

bachus.

ulcus, lepra uel uulnus, xxxv. 107 (De Euseb.); uncus, lepra, iv. 12 (Eccl. Istor.) = (Ruf. ii. 1 fol. 19<sup>a</sup> serpit...sermo...sicut

ulcus in gregibus).

uligo, terre naturalis, xLv. 29 (*Uerba de multis = Ars Phocae*, p. 413, 20 haec caligo fuligo; in note oligo). Cf. uligo, humor terrae, Cp. U236; Ep. 28A19; Ef. 398, 52.

ulixes, XLIII. 5; see polideuces.—Ulixis, see Paenilopis.

ullo, XLIV. 10, see cardines.

ulteriorem, xxxv. 32, see ceteriorem.

ultro, citro, hidirandidir, III. 64 (Vit. S. Anton. xlvi col. 159<sup>B</sup> ultro citroque). Cf. ultroque citroque, hider ond hider, Cp. U229.

-um omitted, by the omission of a stroke over r: lor for lorum.

umbellas, see umbrellas.

umbilicum, x1. 14, see poderis.

umbonem, see labrum.

umbrellas, stalo to fuglam, xlvii. 14 (Alia=?)=unibrellas (for umbr-), stalu to fuglum, Cp. U252; Ep. 28A32<sup>b</sup>; Ef. 399, 12. Umbrellas=umbellas, sun-shades (Lewis & Sh.). Stalo, stalu, pl. of stæl, a place, stead, stall; see Kluge, Etym. Wörterb. (Stall).

umecta, gebyraec, xxiv. 3 (Math.? not in the Vulg.?) = umecta, gibrec, Cp. U246. The y in gebyraec is, perhaps, a misreading of a mark written above the word in the MS. which the scribe followed. For ge-braec, gebrec &c. see Bosw. T. (brace, a breaking, flowing, rheum); Kluge, Wrtb. (brach; Brackwasser, Bruch² &c.).—For umecta, see also sicunia.

una, I. 80; XI. 12; XXVIII. 45; XXIX. 31; XXXI. 25; XXXII. 7; XXXIII. 2, 10, 13, 21, 25 (siliqua una).

unam, xvII. 7; xxvIII. 40; xxXII. 9; xxXIII. 6.

unamquamque, xxvIII. 83, see ennoe-matice.

unaquaeque, see Iani porte.

unaqueque [unaquaeque] xxxvi. 1, see Iani porte.

uncia, xxxII. 5, see uncia, 7, see acitabulus; xxxIII. 7, see sicel.—uncia ui solidos, xxxI. 5 (De ponder.?). uncla fit sie: \ que uncia pensat siliquas cxIIII hoc est solidos UI, xxXII. 5 (De ponder.?). uncia una, solidi ui, xxXIII. 21 (Euch. De pond.?). Cf. Blume, I. 373. 30, 374. 2 &c.—sex untias [uncias] mediam partem unius uille [-lae] consuetudo est romanorum totam substantiam XII untias [uncias] dicere siue magna sit siue modica; xxXIX. 36 (Greg. Dial. III. 21 col. 272° nihil...ei aliud nisi sex uncias unius possessiunculae largiretur...ex eodem fundo, quem in sex uncias a patre perceperat). For sex unciae cf. the present Glossary (xxxVII. 9) tabulas legat.

uncialibus, see untialibus. unciam, xxxIII. 6, see stater.

uncias, xxxi. 4, see libra, 26, see conurbicus, 33, see mina; xxxvii. 9 (bis), see tabulas legat; see also sex untias, sub v. uncia.

uncinos, see ancones.

uncis, XLI. 17, see mastigia. unctus, XXVI. 4, see delibutus.

uncus, lepra, iv. 12; see ulcus.

unde, II. 147; x. 9; xiii. 7, 31, 53; xiv. 13, 20; xvii. 5, 16; xxi. 3; xxii. 12; xxxiii. 5, 13; xxxvii. 9, 19; xiiv. 2; xiv. 7, 8, 11; xivi. 33.

undique, xxII. 12, see urna; xLIV. 11, see clima.

unge [ungue], xiv. 9, see in unge. ungentorum [unguentorum], x. 3, see odor ungentorum.

ungue, see in unge adamantino.

unguenta, x. 9, see nardum; xvi. 20, see smigmata.—unguentorum, xxxv. 169, see in myrthece. unguentum exinanitum, Chrisme uocabulum dedictum [for dedicatum? as in a Bern MS.] est quod non ante dicitur chrisma quam super hominem fuerit fusum, x. 6 (Cant. I. 2 vers. ant. Sab. unquentum exinanitum [oleum effusum, Vulg. ] est nomen tuum); see also odor ungentorum,

unguere, xxII. 11, see mundum m-.

ungula, xiv. 9, see in unge.-ungula et gutta, pigmentum de arboribus, xII. 21 (Eccles. xxiv. 21 quasi storax et galbanus et ungula et gutta).—ungulam, ferrum curuum ut digiti, xxxv. 39 (Ruf. viii. 3 fol. 135a vngulis fodiebantur; viii. 10 fol. 139b vngulis exarari; fol. 140a ad vngues vngula perueniebat) = ungula, ferrum curbunt (sic) digiti, Cp. U255; Ep. 28C7; Ef.1 399, 26.

ungulis, see ungulam. uni, r. 109; xxviii. 79.

unibrellas, for umbrellas (q.v.).

unicornis, xix. 32, see monocerus.

uniuersalis, 1. 31; 11. 34, see catholicus. unius, II. 189; xv. 11, 13, 32; xvIII. 1; xxi. 2; xxviii. 37, 75; xxx. 5, 9, 84; xxxv. 75; xxxix. 36; xLiii. 28.

uniuscuiusque, IV. 98, see comellus.

uno, i. 115; ii. 149; xxviii. 45, 77; xxix. 67; xxxv. 210.

untialibus, longis, xix. 9 (Job; Praef. Hieron. p. xivb, and Migne, P. L. xxviii col. 1083<sup>A</sup> uncialibus, ut vulgo aiunt, litteris) = uncialibus, longos, Cp. U254; uncialibus, longis, Ep. 28C4; Ef.1 399,

untias [unc-], xxxvII. 9, see tabulas legat; untias [unc-], xxxix. 36, see sex untias, sub v. uncia.

untinos [for uncinos], xLVII. 4, see an-

conos. unum, 11. 183 (bis); IV. 98; XXVIII. 63,

72; xxxi. 36; xxxiii. 27, 31; xxxix. 49. unus, xiii. 60; xxix. 67; xLiii. 21.

unusquisque, vIII. 8, see in aceruo m-. uocabulum, x. 6, see unguentum exinanitum.

uocamus, xliv. 11, see clima, 19, see hiemisperium.

uocant, v. 3, see conolas; xvi. 11, see saraballa; uocant, xxxvIII. 15, see hygę.

uocare, xxvIII. 71, see ephichirema.

uocat, xvi. 29, see chaldei.

uocationes, 11. 97, see kalende. uocato, xx. 4, see accito.

uocatur, xxx. 2, see Canisius; xxxi. 25, see pes; xxxix, 24, see advocatus,

uocauerat, xxxvi. 16, see pellexerat.

uocum, xxvIII. 19, see sympsalma. uolles [for folles], xxxvii. 2, see c.

uolles.

uoluitur, xIII. 13, see fascia pectoralis. voluminum, see sintagmaton.

uolunt, xiv. 30, see pedalis; xxviii. 18, see apo tu-; xLvIII. 11, see gestiunt.

uoluntatis, vi. 22, see placoris.

uoluptarius, xxxvIII. 9, see epicurius, 10, see phitagoras.

uomitum, II. 27, see crapula.

uorith, erba [herba] est de ipsa panes faciunt quos erbaticas (Cambr. MS. berbaticas) appellant et siccant illos habentque pro sapore [sapone?], xiv. 3 (Hier. II. 22 multiplicaveris tibi herbam borith).

uortex, see uertigo.

uoti compos, xpistiana, iv. 84; uoti copos [!], xpistiana [christiana], xxxv. 293; see compos.

uox, II. 5, see antiphona; xxxv. 215, see fragor.

upipa, see cucuzata. urbana, see urbanus.

urbanus, sapiens, IV. 18 (Ruf. II. 18 fol. 29ª uita urbana).

urbe, xxxix, 17, see Sabura.

urbicus et sextarius equali mensura, XXXIII. 24 (Euch. de pond.?). Cf. conurbicus, xxxi. 26.

urceos, uasa erea [aer-] in quibus aquam portant, xiv. 36 (Hier. Lii. 19 tulerunt et urceos).

urgentes [to be read for surgentes], see adigent.

urido [for urigo?], xxxv. 3, see prorigo. urigo, see prorigo.

urna, idest uas aureum rotundum longum aliquid subtilis in duobus finibus clusum undique exceptis foraminibus modicis in lateribus habens intus xII ciatos [cyathos] modicos plumbeos habentes xII menses scribtos [scriptos] in eis unde sortiuntur quicumque primo exiit per foramen uerteute uase sicut ante condixerunt, xxII. 12 (Esther III. 7 Mense primo, cujus vocabulum est Nisan,... missa est sors in urnam...quo die et quo mense gens Judæorum deberet interfici: et exivit mensis duodecimus). Cf. Steinm. 1. 489, 28.

urnam, see urna.

urnas, xxxIII. 11, see chatus.

ursi [?] xvi. 5, see lentiscus.

usque, vin. 19, see si usque ad ...; xi. 14, see poderis; xxxv. 262, see illo usque.

usque quaque, multum, xLVII. 2 (Alia = ?).

usti, xxxv. 200, see reusti.

ustum, iv. 100 (ab ustum, for ambustum?)

usura, 1. 54, see foenus.

ut, 1. 39; 11. 182; x. 1; xxii. 16; xxviii. 28, 33, 52, 53; xxxiii. 6, 7, 13, 16; xxxv. 39; xlii. 9, 14–16; xliv. 4, 10, 16.

utatur, fruatur, II. 186 (Bened. reg. 3, 24 [32] seniorum...utatur consilio; 28, 15 [26] utatur abbas ferro abscisionis).

utensilia, 11. 88, see instrumenta.

uterem, see catastrofon.

uterus, xlvi. 28, see matrix.

utest, xxxiv. 8, see utpute.

utj, v. 8, see auo.

uti, quemadmodum sicuti, 11. 184 (cf. Bened. reg. 27, 5 ideo uti debet omni modo ut sapiens medicus).

utilis, 1. 62, see idonea.

utpote, see utpute.

utpute, utest, xxxiv. 8 (De Cassiano, Inst. vi. 3 ut puta irae, tristitiae; vii. 3 ut puta carnis simplices motus nonne uidemus...; viii. 4, 2 ut puta.—Praef. p. 6 li. 6 utpote [utpute, in note] qui; v. 30, 2 utpote [utpute, in note] iudicans; x. 2, 1 utpote [utpute, in note]).

utri, xxi. 13, see ascopa.

utris, xxix. 15, see batroperite.

utriusque, xlii. 13, see hermofroditus.

utrumque, see nitrum.

uuas, xIII. 14, see lambruscas.

uuis, xv. 33, see uinacia; xvIII. 3, see uinatia.

uulcanalia, see bachus.

uulcani, xxvIII. 13, see Ionan.

uulgari, huni, xxxix. 25 (Greg. Dial. iv. 26 col. 361<sup>D</sup> spatharius Bulgar...Bulgarica lingua locutus est). Huni may be for the Lat. Hunni, or be correct as it stands, an earlier form (see Sievers, A.S. Grumm. § 133<sup>a</sup>) of A.S. Hüne, a Hun (Bosw. T.); cf. O. H. G. Huni (Graff, iv. 960; Schade, 429). Cf. Steinm. π. 244, 19, where one MS. has hun.

uulgo, 1. 94, see passim.

uulgus, xvi. 29, see Chaldei.

uulnerum, x1. 12, see malagma.

uulnus, xxxv. 107, see ulcus.

uulnusculum [sine interpret.], III. 13 (De S. Mart. Stor. = Sulp. Sev. Dial. 2, 2, 5 prope ipsum uulnusculum).

vultur, see arpa.

uxor, xvi. 12, see regina; xxxviii. 34, see paenilopis; xxxix. 22, see presbitera. uxores, i. 104, see presbiteras.

x for ch: xenodoxiorum (for xenodochiorum).

xenia, see exenia. xenium, see senium. xenodochiorum, susceptio peregrinorum, xxxix. 59 (not in Greg. Dial., but Can. Conc. Calched. x. p. 135 aut ptochiorum, aut xenodochiorum rebus) = xenodochia, susceptio peregrinorum, Cp. X2; Ep.—; Ef. 401, 4.

xenodoxiorum [-dochiorum], collectionum, xxix. 44 (*Uerb. Interpr.=Hier. in Matth.?*) = xenodociorum, collectionum,

Cp. X1. See also sidonicis.

xerofagia, herbe [-bae] que comeduntur incocte [-tae], xxxiv. 5 (De Cassiano, Inst. iv. 21 ut xerofagia contenti essent; in note exerofagia, xerofagiis; ibid. iv. 22 qui maxime xerofagiis...utuntur).

xerophagia, see xerofagia.

xp for chr: xpistiana, xpistianiam, xpistianorum; xpisto; xpistus (for Christ-). xpistiana [christ-], IV. 84, see uoti com-

pos; xxxv. 293, see uoti copos.

xpistianiam [for Christiani?], x. 5, see nomen tuum.

xpistianorum, xxx. 35, see uarietas stromactis.

xpisto [Christo], x. 5, see nomen tuum. xpistus [Christus], x. 1, see osculetur me,

y for ae: cymentarii (for cæm-).—for i: byrrum (birrum); cyneris (cinyris); cythara (cith-); dyaleticam (dialect-); gyt (git); iacyntini (hyacinthini); tapynosin (tapin-); tybicen (tib-).—for oe: cymiteria (coemeteria).

ylex [for ilex], see ilicus.

ymnum, see hymnum.

yperbaton, idest transcensio, xxvIII. 87; see hyperbaton.

yperberetheus, 1. 73, see mensis yperberetheus.

yperbolen, xxvIII. 38, see per figuram yypo (sub) tos (hoc) scino (scinu), scineoose scindat te, xxx. 96 (Cat. Hier. LXIII), for which see ypo (sub) tyos (hoc) (prino).

ypo (sub) tyos (hoc) prino prineose, sectet te, xxx. 95; ypo (sub) tos (hoc) scino (scinu) scineoose, scindat te, xxx. 96 (Cat. Hier. LxIII col. 675<sup>A</sup> Hujus [Julii Africani] est epistola ad Origenem super quaestione Susannae; eo quod dicat in Hebraeo hanc fabulam non haberi nec convenire cum Hebraica etymologia 4πδ τοῦ σχίνου σχίσαι, καὶ ἀπδ τοῦ πρίνου πρίσαι; Rich.: Hujus e. e. a. O. s. q. S. eo q. d. in H. h. f. n. h. nec conv. c. H. et. ἀπδ τοῦ πρίνου πρίσαι καὶ ἀπδ τοῦ σχίνου σχίσαι; Β: ...nec conv. c. h. eth. apotu prinu prise kai apotu chinou chisau idest origine prino percutiaris: et a scino scindaris; C:...nec conv. c. um hebraica [here follows

a whole blank line, after which this Augsb. ed. has the following five words] oppositiones Danihelis ad conuincendos senes, which are not in any of the edd. that I have seen).—The meaning of the above is "this story of Susannah cannot have been in the Hebrew, because only in Greek you can derive πρίζειν (πρίσαι), to saw, from the name of the tree called πρίνος (prinus, Lew. & Sh.), and the verb σχίζειν (σχίσαι), to cleave, from the name of the tree called oxivos (schinus, Lew. & Sh.)."-These etymologies are wrong, but not the argument, especially if the author had said "it can't be Hebrew because both the tree-names are Greek."-The five words in the Augsb. ed. are correct, and in the blank line it may have been said "for we find these tree-names when we read " oppositiones Danihelis (i.e. Daniel's questions) tending to convict the elders.

ypoteseon, see de entoetromito. ypotheseon, see ypophesion. ypocheseon, see ypophesion.

ypophesion [for hypotheseon], instructionum, xxx. 93 (Cat. Hier. cxvIII col. 7019 variarum hypotheseon libelli; Richardson: Variarum ὑποθέσεων libelli; Richardson: Variarum jebelli; C: variarum libelli [blank]; conf. cxxv col. 713<sup>Δ</sup> diuersarum hypotheseon tractatus; B: diuersarum hypotheseon idest expositionum tractatus; C: diu. [blank] tractatus). Cf. ytiafesion, structionum, Cp. Y4; Ef.¹ 401, 12 and Cp. Y1. ypotheseon [for hypotyposeon], disposi-

tionum, xxx. 3 (Cat. Hier. II. 611<sup>A</sup>: Clemens in septimo ὑποτυπώσεων; B: clemens in septimo ypotyposeon id est disputationum vel informationum; C: clemens in vII [blank] Hoc est informacionum; E: ἐπωθησηον idest disputationum)=ypoteseon, dispositionum, Cp. Y1; ypotesseon, dispositionum, Ef.¹ 401, 5.

ypotyposeon, see ypotheseon. ypozeuxis, quando diuersa uerba singulis apta elausulis apponuntur, xxviii. 24 (Cass. Psalm. 1. 1 col. 29<sup>A</sup> Quae figura dicitur hypozeuxis, q. d. u. s. a. c. a.).

z for ch: catezizatur (catechiz-).—for d: zoziacum (zod-).—for g: prolezomena (proleg-).

zeli, II. 73, see emulatione.

zeugma, see zeuma.

zeuma, idest coniunctio quando multa pendentia aut uno uerbo aut una sententia concluduntur, xxvIII. 45 (Cass. Psalm. xiv. 12 zeugma, id est c. q. m. p. a. u. u. a. u. s. c.).

zodiacum, see zoziacum, sub v. zodiacus. zodiacus, sideralis, xliv. 23 (Alia; de calo); zoziacum, sideralem, xxvii. 10 (Lib. Rot.)=(Isid. de nat. rerum iv. 1 col. 969 luna Zodiacum circulum perducitur) = zotiacum, sideralem, Cp. Z6; zociacum, sideralem, Ef.¹ 401, 18.

zoes, xxx. 13, see iereticos.

zona, 11. 14, see bracile.

zoziacum, sideralem, xxvII. 10, see zodiacus.

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xx (viginti), xxxIII. 8, see obulus; xxxv. 179, see horas diurnas.

xxII (duo et viginti), xxxI. 2, see modicus; xxxII. 9, see mina.

xxiiii (viginti quattuor), xxxi. 29, see solidus; xxxIII. 29, see obolus.

xxv (viginti quinque), xxxı. 20, see taletum.

xxvi (viginti sex), xxxi. 26, see conurbi-

xxvII (viginti septem), xxxI. 12, see

xxviii (duodetriginta), xxxi. 22, see Epiphanius.

xxx (triginta), xxxi. 24, see choros; XXXIII. 9, see chorus.

xxxvi (triginta sex), xxxi. 16, see regalis.

xL (quadraginta), xxxv. 179, see horas

XLII (quadraginta duo), XXXII. 7, see acitabulus.

Lx (sexaginta), xxxII. 10; xxxIII. 3, see talentum.

LXII (sexaginta duo), XXXIII. 1, see talentum.

LXXII (septuaginta duo), XXXI. 7, see libra, 15, see siclus, 34, see statera; xxxII. 8, see cotule, 10, see talentum; xxxIII. 28, see libra.

LXXX (octoginta), XXXIII. 1, see talentum. LXXXIIII (octoginta quattuor), XXXI. 7, see libra.

xcvi (nonaginta sex), xxxii. 11, see libra.

c (centum), xxxII. 9, see mina; xxxIII. 13, see metreta.

CXLIIII (centum quadraginta quattuor), xxxII. 5, see uncia.

ccxvi (ducenti sedecim), xxxii. 8, see cotule.

cclxxviii (ducenti septuaginta octo), xxxII. 11, see libra.

ccc (trecenti), xxxII. 9, see mina.

### INDEX (Greek).

N.B. The Greek words occurring in the Glossary are all (except CYNYPONON, and the initial of morsutas) written in Latin characters, and appear, therefore, in their alphabetical order in the (I.) Latin Index (pp. 51-217). But the Greek words quoted in that Index are all alphabetized (unaltered) here, with references to the Latin Index.

άβρός; "Αβρων; "Αβρωνος βίος; see am-

Αγιόγραφα, see agiografa.

àyròr, see ason.

άγορᾶ, see agora.

άγών, see diatribas.

ἄδυτα, see aduta.

alγίθαλλος, see parula.

αίμοβροούσα, see emurusem. ἀκέφαλον, see aceuan.

ἀκεφάλω, see aceuan; epitomen. άκοήν, see aceuan.

ἀκολουθεῖ, see ho platon. αναρκιας, άναρχίας, see anarchius. άντίφρασιν, see cataantis.

άπληστία, see plestia.

ἀπὸ, see apo tu-; ypo (sub) tyos. ἀποδείξεως, see eyaggences apod-. ἀπολογίας, see apologus, sub v. apologis.

ἀριθμητικήν, see dialectica.

äρπη, see arpa.

άρχαιογονίαν, see archutomam.

'Αρχαιότητος, αρχηωρηθος, see archere-

ἀρωμάτων, see aspaltum. ἀσκήσει, see ascesi.

ἀσκήσεως, see ptocheus.

ἀσκητικόν, see ascetron, sub v. ascesi. ἀσπάλαθος, see aspaltum.

αὐτεξουσίου, αὐτεξουσίφ, see psichiexodo. αὐτήν, see ecacusen (where wrongly aut

in aut in).

αὐτοκράτορος, see pantocranto. αὐτὸν, see ancillis; sintagmaton. βίου, see iereticos.

βουλευτής, see nuymeyses. βυρσεύς, see byrseus. γεγενήσθαι, see ptocheus.

γένους, see iereticos. γεωμετρικήν, see dialectica.

γραμματεύς, see grammateos. γραμματικήν, see dialectica.

γυμνικός, see diatribas. γῦπα, see arpa.

γύψ, see arpa. δè, see enrusa; ptocheus. δενδροβάτης, see netila. δεντερώσεις, see deuteres. δεντερώσεις see deuteres.

δευτέρωσιν, see deuterosin. δήσεις, see ancillis.

διαλεκτικήν, see dialectica. διατριβάς, διατριβή, see diatribas. διαφωνία, διαφωνίαν, see diaphonian. διώρυξ, see dorix.

έγγαστριμύθου [and -θω], see de entoe-

tromito.

έγκράτεια, see pantocranto. ἐκάκωσεν αὐτήν, see ecacusen. ἐκκαιδεκαετηρίδα, see ex ca. ἐκουσίου, see ptocheus.

ἐκστάσει, ἐκστάσεως, see extasei. Εκωωις, see ho platon.

έλεγχος, see elegos. έν ἀγορᾶ, see agora.

έννεακαιδεκαετηρίδα, see ex ca. έννοηματική, see ennoematice.

ἐνσωμάτου, see capun periens. ἐξαίρετον, see epyuision; exiareton.

εξαιρετον, 800 ερμιισιοπ; επιιτειοπ. Εξάλειπτρον, έξαλείφω, 800 enrusa. Εξαπλά, 800 auo.

Έξαπλοῖς, see in exaplois. ἐξηγήσεων, see exentescon.

έορταστικαὶ, see elegos; eortatica; parascheue.

ἔπαινον, see catepenon. ἐπαίνων, see et procomian.

έπεπληρώκει, see editiones. έπιθυμητικόν, see tu epitimitisun.

έπιούσιον, see epyuision. έπίτασις, xxix. 53, see epiasis.

έπιτομήν, see epitomen.

έποψ, see picus. ἐραστήν, see ptocheus.

έργαστικόν, see theoritisen. έργοδιώκτην, see erladiocten.

έσχηματισμένος, see eschematismenos. εὐαγγελικῆς, see eyaggences apod-.

εὐνοῶν, see eynum.

εὐχαριστίας, see panagericon. εὐχήν, see aceuan.

ζητημάτων, see cinticta. ζοης, see iereticos.

ζωης, see iereticos.

 $\hat{\eta}$ , see ancillis; h; ho platon (HO, for HO).

ήγηταί, see enrusa. ἡμῶν, see et procomian. ἡριγέρων, see synicias. θάλασσαν, see enrusa. θεία, see thia.

θεοσηκας, see iereticos.

 $\theta \in \hat{ov}$ , see capun periens; pantocranto.  $\theta \in \hat{ov}$ , see Terinos.

θεωρητικήν, θεωρητικόν, see theoritisen. θεωρητικοῦ, see iereticos.

θυμικόν, see tu thinisiun. θυρεων, θυρων, see portarum. lοία, see sintaymaton. lερατικοῦ, see iereticos. lερέων, see iereticos.

'Ιησοῦ, see et procomian. ἰκετῶν, see iereticos.

ίλεώς σοι, Κύριε, see ileusun cyrię.

ΐππουρος ἰχθύς, see glis. ιπωθησηον, see ypotheseon. ἰσημερινός, see Isemerinus. ἱστορίας, see cronicon.

lχθύς, see glis. καθαρούς, see cathanos.

καθαρών, see catheron.
καί, see capun periens; dialectica;

malleolis; ptocheus; sinphosin; theoritisen; ypo (sub) tyos.

καίοντες, see malleolis.

KAITOÍTEPIENCΩMATOY, see capun periens.

κακομήχανος, see cacomicanus.

καλυμαύκιον (late Gr.), see calomaucus. καλυμμάτιον, see calomaucus.

καμηλαύκι, καμηλαύκιον, see calomaucus. κάμινον, see malleolis.

κανθαρίς, see chantari.

κανόνων, see cronicon canuon.

κατὰ, see cataantis; catha manthan; metafora.

καταγράψαι, see sintagmaton. καταιγίς, see totegis.

καταστροφήν, see catastrofon. κατ' ἔπαινον, see catepenon. κατηχήσεις, κατηχήσεων, κατηχήσεως, see cataceeos.

καψάκης, see capsaces. κενοδοξίας, see cenodoxia. κέφαλος, see carfalus. κληματίδα, see malleolis. κρατορίας, see pantocranto. κυλλοις, κυλλός, κυλλούς, see de citiuis. κυνηγέσια, see editiones. Κύριε, see above ιλεώς σοι, Κύριε. κυρίου, see et procomian. κωμάρχης, see cuimarsus. κώνωψ, see conopeum. ΛΑΩRHTON, see cinticta. λογικόν, see lutugisprum. λογισμοῦ, see pantocranto. λογιστικόν, see lutugisprum.

λορδόs, see lurdus. Maτθαΐον, see catha manthan.

μαυλιστής, see maulistis. μαχόμενος, see machomenus. μέγιστον, see sintagmaton.

μέρος, see sintagmaton. μεταφοράν, see metaforan.

μετάφρασιν, see metafrasin.

μετεμψυχώσεως, μετεμψύχωσιν, -σις, see metempschosis. μηλα, see mala aurea.

μονόφθαλμον; seecinticta; monaptolmon; monon.

μουσικήν, see dialectica. νάφθαν, see malleolis. νεκρομαντείαν, see necromantia.

NOMICMA, see stater.

ò; O, see ho platon. όδοιπορικόν, see otheporicon, sub v. sinphosin.

ὁμιλιῶν, see et procomian.

ὀσμή, see osma.

 $\pi$  changed into c; see simcosion.

πάθος, see prathus. παιδίω, see ancillis.

παλάθης, see labastes.

παλίουρος, see paliurus. πανάρετος, see panarethos.

πανηγυρικόν, see panagericon.

παντοκρατορία, παντοκράτορος, see panto-

πάντων, see dialectica.

παρασκευή, see parascheue. παρασκευής, see eyaggences apod-.

πάρεδρον, see paredum.

πάσσαλος, see pessul. πείραν, see catastrofon.

 $\pi \epsilon \rho l$ , see capun periens; de entoetromito; et procomian; iereticos; pantocranto; peri pthocheas; ptocheus.

περιόδους, see peridion. περιούσιον, see epyuision. περίψημα, see peripsima.

πέταλον, see petulum, sub v. petalum.

πηρι, see iereticos. πηρισωπη, see pylominos.

ΠΙΛθΟΝΑ, see ho platon.

πλάναι (planetae); πλανας; πλανητας, see morsutas.

ΠΛΑΤΟΝ; Πλάτων; Πλάτωνα; πλατωνίζει, see ho platon.

πομφόλυξ, see famfelucas.

πόρους, see puruys. ποrsutas (? Gr.?), see ποrsutas.

πρακτικήν, see theoritisen. πράξεων, see praxeon.

πρατνων, see praxeon.

πρίζειν; πρίνος; πρίνου; πρίσαι, see ypo (sub) tyos.

προδείξεως, see eyaggences apod-.

προπάθειαν, see prathus,

προπαρασκευής, see eyaggences.

πρός, see et procomian.

προσεφώνησε[ν], see prosefanesen. προσομιλίαν, προσομιλιών, see et pro-

comian.

πτῶμα, see oma. πτωχείας, see ptocheus. Πύργος, see pirgos.

ρητορικήν, see dialectica. σαράβαρα, see saraballa.

σεμνείον, see seminon.

σοι, see above ίλεώς σοι. σπουδαστήν, see pylominos; spodasten.

στεφάνω, for στεφάνω, see Stephanus. Στράτωνος, see pirgos.

στροματών (!), see stromatum. στρουθίον, see ancillis.

στρωματέας, see laciniosa.

στρωματείς, στρωματέων, see stromatum.

σύγχρονον, see CYNXPONON. σύλληψις, see sumenumerus.

συμέωξις, see sumenumerus. σύμΗΚτις, see sumenumerus.

συμμίκτων, see cinticta.

σύμμιξις, see sumenumerus. συμπόσιον, see sinphosin.

συνεισάκτους, see sinisactas. σύνθημα, see sinthema.

σύνταγμα; συντάγματα; συνταγμάτων,

see sintagmaton. σχίζειν; σχίνος; σχίνου; σχίσαι, see ypo

(sub) tyos (hoc), &c. τà, see editiones.

τε, see ptocheus.

THIWIC, see ho platon. την, see malleolis.

τηs, see ptocheus.

THCHTWN, see ho platon.

τò, see lutugisprum.

τὸ ἐπιθυμητικὸν, see tu epitimitisun. τὸ θυμικὸν, see tu thimisiun.

τον, see capun periens; ho platon.

τοπικών, see tropicon.

τοῦ, see apo tu-; et procomian; ypo (sub) tyos.

τοῦτον, see ptocheus.

τροχιλέα, τροχός, see troclei.

τωнτω, see ho platon.

τῶν, see et procomian; sintagmaton. ὑποθέσεων, see de entoetromito ; ypophesion.

ὑποτυπώσεων, see ypotheseon.

φαγολοίδοροι, φαγολυδοροι, see synicias.

φιλόκαινον, see philocain. **ΦIAON**, see ho platon.

φιλοξενία, see de philoxenia.

φιλοπτωχίας, see ptocheus.

Φίλων; Φίλωνα; ΦιλωΝΑ; φιλωνίζει,

see ho platon. φλάσκων, see flasconi.

φράσει, see phraysi.

χαρακτήρα, see cataracteras.

χειμερινός, see exemerinus. χειρί, see sintagmaton.

χοῦς, see cous.

χριστοῦ, see et procomian.

χρονικών, see cronicon.

χρονογραφείον, see chri fiscus. χρονογραφίας, see cronographias.

ψαύειν, see apo tu ptsaum.

ψευδεπίγραφα; ψευδόγραφα, see pseudo

ephigrapha.

ψυχάριον, see animalus.

ψυχή, see animalus. ψυχιεξοδο, see psichiexodo.

йкішог, see ochimo.

ἄκινον, see ochimo.

ώμολόγηται, see ptocheus.

'Ωριγένους, see sintagmaton. ωσπερ, see ancillis; enrusa.

ωστε, see sintagmaton.

### IV. INDEX (Hebrew)

records the Hebrew words quoted in the I. Index (Latin).

see Arihellio.

see Arihellio.

see borit; herba fullonum.

(חשופה) see exertum.

see enrusa.

see in nablis.

(לְנַעַרוֹתִיךְ) see ancillis.

see epyuision.

see saraballa.

\* (וְתְקִשׁרְנוּ) see ancillis.

see sinthema.

<sup>\*</sup> Read so instead of the word printed in the I. Index (Latin).

## V. INDEX (Germanic, but chiefly A.Sax.).

N.B. All the Germanic words that appear in the Glossary itself are treated in this Index as *chief entries*, therefore printed in *black* or *Clarendon* type (ex. gr. aad), with references to the *teat* (pp. 1 to 50). But all entries printed in ordinary type (ex. gr. aam) are *quotations* either from the Corpus, Epinal and Erfurt Glossaries, or from other sources.

The references in black type are to the I. or Latin Index (pp. 51 to 217); those in italics to this present V. Index (ex. gr. under adexa, reference is made to lacerta in

the I. Latin Index, and to a dexa and haegtis in this V. Index).

ñ- (pref., intens.), see a-fyrhte; a-gleddego; an-a-treten; a-suollen; a-swellan; a-tredan.

aad  $(\bar{a}d)$ , xxxv. 158, the fire, flame of a funeral pile; a funeral pile; see rogus.

aam, Cp.; haam, Ep.; fam, Ef. The first word is supposed to be for  $\bar{a}m$ , which Bosw. T. explain the reed or slay of a weaver's loom. If so, then haam and fam are corruptions. They are a gloss to cautere (q.v.), ablat. of cauter, a brandingiron, and both Ep. and Ef. give also "ferrum" as gloss. But in the present Glossary cautere is glossed in one place by tunderi, in another by "ferrum melius tindre."

acus, ecus for æcus, aesc, an ax; see brad-acus.

ād, see aad.

adexa (for ačexa; ačexe, Cp.), xxxv. 55, a lizard, newt; see lacerta, and below ačexa; haegtis.

aei (ib-), ivy: see ib-aei.

aen-li (= en-lic, an-lic), xlvi. 39, simple, singular; see simplex.

æren, an eagle, see arngeus.

æren-geat, or two words æren (an eagle) and geat (a vulture); see arngeus.

ærn, house; see ern.

aern, an eagle; see arngeus.

aern-geup, or two words aern (an eagle) and geup (a vulture); see arngeus.

aer-uuica, an earwig, see er-uigga.

aesc, an ax; see brad-acus.

aesil, see hel.

a-fyrhte, Cp. (pp. of ā-fyrhtan, from ā-, intensive, and fyrhtan, to terrify) affright-

ed; see adtonitis.

a-gleddego (infin. for agleddegon, for which see Sievers, Gramm. § 363] =  $^*\bar{a}$ -gleddian, to overthrow, from  $\bar{a}$ -, intens. + gleddian, to throw; or from a causat. of  $\bar{a}$ -gliddan, to cause to glide, or totter?), III. 63; see labefacare.

ā-gleddian, see a-gleddego. ā-glīdan, see a-gleddego. ahga (tyrf-), see tyrf-ahga.

ail(s), E., the awn of barley or other

corn, see glis.

alaer (id. Ep.; aler, Cp. & Ef.), XLVII. 99, an alder; see alnus, and below alerholt.

| ald (a Mercian form=A.S. eald), old;

see hu ald.

aler, see alaer.

aler-holt (id. Cp. & Ef.; alter-holt, Ep.) XLVII. 101, an alder wood; see almenta (for alneta).

alter-holt, see aler-holt.

ambihtes sciir, see thestisuir.

ambras, Cp., Ep. & Ef. (plur. of amber, a measure); see cathos.

amore, see emaer.

amprae, ampre, a tumor; see ompre.
an (=A.S. and), and; see hidir-an

an (=A.S. and), and; see hidir-andidir.

ana, for hana (holt-); see holt-hona. ana-boz (O.H.G.); see osifelti.

an-a-treten for un-a-treden, pp. of un-a-tredan (from un-, verb. pref. for which see Skeat, Conc. Et. Dict. un-2+a-, pref. intens., and tredan, to tread), unpassed, untrodden, xLVIII. 3; see inextricabiles.

and-, see an-sceat.

an-feld, an-filte, see osi-felti.

anga, see onga.

an-sceat, Cp. for an-scēat; an-seot, Ef. for an-s[c]ēōt, the bowels, from an- (perh. for and- or on-), and the verb scēotan (pt. t. scēat) to shoot; perh., therefore, a 'channel' or 'conduit' through which food is conducted or 'shot'; see extenters

an-wald, sole power (Bosw. T.); see monarchia, sub v. anarchius.

aq-ueorna; aq-uorna, a squirrel; see ac-urna.

arn, an eagle, see arngeus.

arngeus (earngeot, Cp.; earngeat, Ep.; aerngeup, Ef.; ærengeat, eargeat, earn-geap, Wright W.), xLVII. 57, Qy compounds? or two different, alternative words, the first (arn, earn, aern, æren, ear) meaning an eagle (E. erne); the second (geus, geup, geap, geot, geat) a vulture, which latter seems to be the Gr. Y'y, Latinized as geus, or γυπα, Latinized as geup, this being Anglicized as geop, and this corrupted to geot, and finally to geat; see arpa.

as-suollam, see a-suollen.

a-suollen, Cp.; pt. of ā-swellan, to swell; suollaen, Ep.; pt. of swellan, to swell; as-suollam, Ef. for a-suollan; pt. of a-swellan, to swell; as a subst., a tumor, swelling; see tuber.

a-swellan, to swell; see a-suollen.

adexa, adexe; see adexa. ádexe, see hegi-tisse.

a-tredan, see an-a-treten.

a-treten, for a-treden (an-, for un-), see an-a-treten.

b for p? see scribid.

baan (elpend-), see elpend-baan.

baar (id. Cp., Ep. & Ef.), xLVII. 94, a male swine, a boar; see berrus.

baecon, bæcun (here-), see here-benc.

baeg (nord-, for rond, = rand-); see nord-baeg.

bæl, see beel.

baers, a perch; see breuis.

baest, Ep.; best, Ef., the inner bark of the linden, bast; see tilio.

baeues, beopes, beounas (gen. of baew, beow, grain), see hond-ful.

baew, beow, grain; see hond-ful.

baso, brown, or purple, crimson, scarlet; (wrætt-, uuret-), ornament-brown; see uuret-baso .- (uuyloc-), whelk-brown, or purple; see uuyloc-baso. - (uuyrm-), wormbrown, or purple; see uuyrm-baso.

basu (wealh-, weoloc-), see uuyloc-baso. batne (= bēatne) stāne (un-ge-); see

un-ge-batne stane.

beag, beah (rand-), see nord-baeg (for rond-baeg).

bean, beane, see fugles beane.

bearug, see berg.

bēatne stāne (un-ge-), see batne stāne. beber, bebir, a beaver; see bebor.

bebor (beber, Cp.; bebir, Ef.), xLvII. 87, a beaver; see castorius.

been, becon (here-), see here-benc.

bee (humbyl-), see humbyl-bee. beed (berian); see berian beed.

beel  $(=b\overline{e}l)$ , xxxv. 158, the fire, flame of a funeral pile; a funeral pile; see rogus.

beer, Cp., Ep. & Ef., a bier, bed (Bosw. T.); see basterna.

be-heonan, see bihina.

benae, see fugles beane.

benc for been (here-), see here-benc.

beost, biest; see beust.

beow, beouuas, beopes, see baeues; baew.

M berg (bearug, Cp. & Ep.), xLVII. 91, a castrated boar, barrow-pig; see maialis.

berian beed, xxII. 8, a bearable bed; see lecti aurei.

best, see baest.

be-swic, see bi-suic-falle.

betst=E. best, see cos. beust (beost, Cp. & Ef.), xLVII. 27, biest, biestings, beestings; see colostrum.

bi-heonan, see bi-hina.

bi-hina (= A.S. bi-heonan, be-heonan), XLVIII. 54, on this side; see citra.

biiris; see biriis.

bil, a bill (uidu-, uitu-, wudu-), see uitu-bil.

bind (e-, ge-), see e-bind.

biriis for biiris (byrs, Cp., byris, Ep.), xLvII. 48, a borer; see scalpellum.

bi-suic-falle, Cp.  $(=be\text{-}swic, \mathbf{a} \text{ falling})$ thing, trap + falle = fealle, a fall, snare, see Zeitschr. f. d. Alt. IX. 502, 520; Bosw. T. feall), a falling thing that beguiles, see decipulam.

blæco, see bleci.

blacc teoru (in Cp., Ep. & Ef.), blacktar, naphtha; see nappa.

blæcþa, see bleci.

bleci (so also in Cp.; blectha, Ep. & Ef. = blæco, blecha), v. 15; xxxvi. 10, paleness, leprosy, blotch, blight; see pruriginem; uitiginem.

blectha, see bleci.

≁blod-saex (so also in Cp.), xxxix. 6, a blood-knife, lancet, fleam; see fledomum. boeg (erm-), see erm-boeg.

bolla, a cup, bowl; droh-, throt-, Frot-

bolla, the gullet; see droh-bolla.

bonan (seolf-), a suicide; see biothanti. boor (bor, Cp.; bore, instrum., Cp.), XLVIII. 66, a borer, gimlet; see scalpellum. bor, see boor.

bord-rand, a board-rim, see rimis.

bore (instr. of bor), see boor.

bord-remum (instr. plur. of bord-rema = bord-rima, from bord, a board, plank+rema, rima, a rim), xxxix. 21, lit. with board-rims; see rimis.
borg, in Cp., a pledge, loan; see foenus.

borgende, see borgenti.

borgenti, old form for A.S. borgende = \*borjenti, pr. pt. plur. of borjan, older form of borian, to bore, perforate, IV. 66; see terebrantes.

borian, borjan, borjenti, see borgenti. braad-last ecus, see brad-acus.

brad-acus (braad-last-geus, Cp.; braedlaestu aese, Ef.; from brād, broad + acus, geus for æcus, aese = æx, an ax; last, laestu, a foot-track, last), xlvII. 47, a broad-ax (ax with a broad head); see dolabella.

bræd-, see bred-isern.

braed-laestu aesc, see brad-acus.

brand, see brandas.

brandas (plur. of brand, a brand, fire-brand), iv. 76; see reusti.

brand-rad, brand-rod, see brond-ra. bree, breei, breec (ge-, gi-); see gi-

breci.

brecan, see gi-breci.

bred-isern, Čp. & Ep.; bred-isaern, Ef. (=bræd, part. of brēdan (=bregdan), to draw, pluck+isen, isern, iron, an implement made of iron), a scraping or graving tool, file; see scalpellum.

breopan, see briudid. brers, see breuis. brese, see brimisa.

breuis, xlvii. 72 (error for A.S. brers or brems; brers, Cp.; baers, Ep. & Ef.)=

baers, a perch; see lupus.

brimisa = Engl. brimse (so altered from an orig. priusa, corrected into briusa = briosa, Cp., Ep., & Ef.; brese, WW. = Engl. breese, breeze, a gadfly, breese), XLVII. 82, a breese, gadfly; see tabanus.

briosa, see brimisa. briudid (3rd sing., from A.S. brēoþan, to ruin, destroy), III. 34, goes to ruin, comes to grief; see fatescit.

briusa, see brimisa.

broc, breeches; see brooc.

broc, a small stream, brook; see gibreci.

brocco (O.H.G.), see labastes.

brôdi (O.H.G.), crippled, weak; see

brond-ra (brand-rod, brand-rad, Ep.; brond-rad, Ef.), xlvii. 42, a branding-rod, gridiron; see andeda; cf. Bosw. T. (brand-räd).

brond-rad, see brond-ra.

brooc (?=A.S. broc?), breeches, xLVIII. 55; see suricus.

brodor-sunu, Cp., a brother's son, a

nephew; see fratruelis.

byrae (byre, Cp.), xLvi. 37, cottages, dwellings; see magalia.

byraec, for braec? (ge-); see ge-byraec. byris, byrs, see biriis.

c for r: uuac for uuar. cade (E.), see cathos. caelor (O.H.G.), see chelor. cealre, see celdre. celdre (ceoldre, Cp.), xLVIII. 61, a kettle; or perhaps (=A.S. cealre) pressed curds; see multhra.

celor, celur (O.H.G.); see chelor.

ceol, a keel; see celox. ceoldre, see celdre.

ceoler, see chelor. ceosel, see cisil-stan.

cetel, cetil, a kettle; see cacabus.

chelor (O.H.G., also celur, celor, caelor, oilor=A.S. ceolor), xix. 38, a hovel, hut; see gurgustium.

cheuon, cheuun, see chyun.

chrustula, O.H.G., see cartillago.

chyun, xx. 3 (cian, Cp., Ep., & Ef.; cyan, kio, cheuon, cheuun, in Steinm.), the gills of fish; see brantle.

cian, see chyun.

cil, for cild, a child; see cil-trog.

cild-trog, see cil-trog.

cilor (O.H.G.), see chelor.

cil-trog (= cild-trog; from cild, a child + trog, a trough, basin), xLVI. 33, a child's cradle; see cune.

cinum (instr. plur. of cinu, a chink, fissure), xxxxx.39, lit. with chinks, fissures; see rimis.

cisal, cisil, see cisil-stan.

cisil-stan, Cp. (cisil, Ep.; cisal, Ef.= ceosel, cisil + stan), gravel, sand; see glarea.

clam, xv. 4, cloam, clay; see litura. clate, xviii. 2; clite, xv. 36 (clibe, Cp.; clipae, Ep.; clifae, Ef.), the herb clotebur; see lappa.

-clas, -clas, see flycti-clas.

clibe, see clate.

clifae, see clate.

clite, see clate.

clibae, see clate.

clofae, clouae, see clox.

clox (a miswriting; = clouae, Cp.; clofae, Ep. & Ef.), xLVII. 21, a clove; see mordatius.

clustor-loca, Cp.; clustor-locae, Ep.; cluster-locae, Ef., from clustor, an enclosure, prison + loc, a fastening, lock, hence a prison-lock, lock, bar; see clustello; cf. Bosw. T. in voce and Skeat, Conc. Dict. (cloister and lock).

cluster-locae, see clustor-loc. cneholegn, see cne-holen.

cne-holen, xlii. 14; cre-holegn (for cne-h.), xlvii. 103 (cnio-holen, Cp.; cnio-holaen, Ep.; cni-olen, Ef.), knee-holm, or holly; see ruscus.

cnio-holaen, holen, see cne-holen.

cni-olen, see cne-holen.

cop, Cp. & Ef., a cope; see ependiten. cosp, Cp., Ep., Ef., a fetter; see puncto. cottuc, cotuc, mallow; see malua.

credenti, instr. plur. (also cridu, Steinm.; criid, Cp.; crib, Napier; crib, id., from crūdan, to crowd, pr. s. crydeb, pt. t. crēad), xxxiv. 48; see scatentibus.

cre-holegn (for cne-holegn), xLvII. 103;

see cne-holen.

cridu, see credenti. criid, see credenti. crince, see turnodo. crib, crib, see credenti.

crog (so also in Cp.; croog, Ep. & Ef.), xxix. 47, a large earthen vessel, a crock; see lagonam; see also below croog.

croog, xix. 60, a crock; see lagunculas; see also crog.

crüdan, see credenti.

eyan, see chyun.

cyline, in Cp., a lean-word from the Lat. culina, a kiln; see fornacula.

cyll, kylle, Cp. (= Lat. culleus, culeus), a leather bottle, flagon; see ascopa. cymin, the herb cummin; see cinamum.

-da, -dae, -de, a suffix found in egi-da (q.v.), eg-dae, ege-8e, eg-8e.

dæl, a dale, vale, valley; see dal. daerm (snedil-), see snedil-daerm.

dal (O.H.G.), xxxv. 176=A.S. del, in Cp. a dale, vale, valley, pit, gulf; see baratrum.

A darmana (gen. pl. of A.S. bearm, O.H.G. darm, a gut, intestine), v. 22, of the intestines; see fibrarum.

degn, see begn.

derda, O.H.G., see tetrafa.

dhring (ebir-), see ebur-dnung. didir = Sider, thither; see hidir-andidir.

dingere (= pingere), xxxix. 24, an advocate, intercessor; see aduocatus.

distyl-tige (bistel-tuige, Cp.; thistil, Ef.), XLVII. 70, the thistle-finch, goldfinch; see cardella.

dnung, for drung (ebur-), see ebur-

dnung. dobend (dobgendi, Cp.; dobendi, Ef.), xxxix. 30, doting; see decrepita.

dobgendi, doting; see dobend.

dorsos, see dros.

dox, see pox.

draca, Cp.; draco, Ef.; droco, Ep. (Angl. Sax. forms of Lat. draco), a serpent, devil; see typo.

drane, a drone; see tabanus.

dredum (instr. plur. of Fred, Fred, a thread), xxxv. 233, with threads; see lineolis.

drep (perhaps = Lat. trabs, a beam, a timber, roof; A. S. træf, borrowed from Lat. trabem. E. thrave suits neither in sense nor in form, as it should be thrape or threp. Perhaps drep is meant to be brep), xxxv. 59; see fornice and cf. Körting, Lat. Wrtb. (treffa).

dride-halpf (for Sriddehalf), v. 30, two

and a half (?); see sescopla.
drili (drili, Cp. = prili), xLVI. 41, triple; see triplex, sub v. bilex.

dritung (ymb-), see ymb-Sriodung. droccerum, a misreading for oroccerum

(q. v.).

droco, see draca.

droh-bolla (Srot-bolla, Cp. & Ef.; throtbolla, Ep., from Frotu, the throat + bolla, a cup, bowl), xLv. 27, the gullet, windpipe; see gurgullio.

dros (id. Ep. & Ef.; dorsos, Cp.; drosna, drosne, dross), XLVII. 50, grounds, dregs,

dross, scum; see auriculum.

drosna, drosne, dross, see dros. drostlae (Srostle, Cp.; throstlae, Ep. & Ef.), xLVII. 55, a thrush, throstle; see turdella.

drung (ebur-), see ebur-dnung.

dryct-guma (dryht-guma, Cp.), xLII. 8, lit. a company-, or train-man; see paranimphi.

dryht-guma, see dryct-guma.

duaeram, see buarm.

dunne (= dunnae, scil. stānas), vii. 4, dun, swarthy, dusky; see lapides onichinos.

-dur, -durt, unstressed forms of treow, a tree, see mapal-durt.

ear, for earn, an eagle, see arngeus.

ear, an ear; see er-uigga.

earfed-lice, Cp.; erabed-licae, Ef., with difficulty; see egre.

ear-geat, or two words ear, for earn (an eagle), and geat (a vulture); arngeus.

earn, an eagle, see arn-geus.

earn-geap, earn-geat, earn-geot, or two words earn (an eagle) and geap, geat, geot (a vulture), see arngeus.

ear-uuigga, ear-picga, an earwig; see er-uigga.

e-bind (ge-bind, Wright W.), xxxv. 6, a binding, fastening; see tentigo.

ebir-dhring; see ebur-dnung.

ebur-dnung, ebir-dhring (eburðring, Cp.), xxvii. 25 and xix. 17, literally boarthringer, or thronger, i.e. boar-hunter, from ebir, ebur = A. S. eofor, a boar + dnung for drung, dhring = pring, a thringer, thronger. The old form would be \*ebur-dring-a (-a = E. -er); see Orion.

ebur-dring, see ebur-dnung.

ecus, for æcus, an ax; see bradacus.

eddy, E., see ed-ualle. ed-uaell, see ed-ualle.

ed-ualla, see ed-uallę.

ed-ualle (ed - uuelle, Cp.; ed-walla, Ep.; ed-ualla, Ef.; ed-uaell; ed-pelle; ed-unelle; ed-unaelle, Cp.; probably all from the A. S. prefix ed-backwards, again = Lat. re-, found in E. ed-dy + ualle, uuelle, uualla &c. = A. S. wæl, a pool, gulf, from weallan, G. wallen, to boil; hence ed-walla 'that which boils over again' or 'to & fro,' or 'round and round' = whirlpool), xLVII. 16; where it means giddiness, dizziness; see uertigo, where other applications of the word are given. Another form has the mutation of ea to ie: ed-walla, ed-wealle, and by mutation ed-wielle (see Bosw. T. in v.). Mod. E. dialects have weel; cf. mod. É. well. Cf. Skeat, Conc. Dict. (eddy).

ed-uuaelle, ed-walla, ed-wealle, see ed-

ed-unelle, ed-pelle, ed-wielle, see edualle.

eg (if-), ivy; see ib-aei.

eg-dae, see egida.

ege-ve, ege-be, a mattock, hoe, see egida.

egge (G. & Du.), a hoe; see tyrf-ahga. egi-da (O. H. G. altered from an original egldae, for egidae? eg-\(\delta\)e, Cp.; eg-dae, Ef. = A. S. ege-\(\delta\)e, xi.vii. 22, a harrow, hoe, rake, mattock = Du. & G. egge, with an additional suffix; see erpica; ligones, and below tyrf-ahga.

egilae, egla, eglae, see egle.

egle (id. Cp.; eglae, Ep.; egilae, Ef.; egla, Wright W.), xLv. 6, a dormouse?; or the awn of barley?; see glis.

egn (if-), ivy; see ib-aei.

eg-8e, see egida.

ē-gylt, Cp. (= æ-gylt), a fault, trespass (against the law); see excessus.

elha (eola, Cp. & Ef.), xLv. 20, a fallow deer, buck, doe, elk; see damma.

elin, xvi. 28, an ell; see cubitum.

elothr, see elotr.

elotr, Cp.; elothr, Ef. (A. S. spelling of electrum q.v.), a mixed metal resembling amber in colour. (In elotr the c is dropped; in elopr not only is the c dropped, but the t has become by 'Lautverschiebung' which proves a very early borrowing.)

elpend-baan, Cp., an elephant's bone,

ivory; see ebor.

emaer (omer, Cp.; emer, Ep. & Ef.; amore, Wright W.; clodhamer, ib.), xLVII. 58, a song-bird, the yellow-hammer, yellowammer; see scorelus.

emer, see emaer.

eola, see elha.

çr-, ear-, an ear; see er-nigga. erabed-licae, see earfed-lice.

erm-boeg, xix. 43, an armring, bracelet; see armilla.

ernum (abl. plur. of ern = arn, house); see heb-ernum.

er-uigga (ear-picga, Cp.; ear-uuigga, Ep.; aer-unica, Ef.), xLVII. 86, an earwig; see auricula, auriculum.

f for p, see fi-faldae.

-fa?; see tetrafa.

faam, Cp., Ep., Ef., foam, a water-bubble, see famfelucas.

facen, see facni.

facni, Cp., Ep. & Ef. (instrum. of facn, also written facne, facen, deceit, guile), with deceit, guile; see astu.

faedaer (steup-), see steuf-feder. faeder (steop-), see steuf-feder.

fala (id. Cp., Ep., Ef.; whence falod, WW.; falud, Cp.; falaed, Cp., Ep., Ef. a fold, pen), xLVII. 41, a plank; see tubolo. Cf. Wright W. 279. 10, and Schlutter, Journ. Germ. Phil. v. 141.

falaed, falod, falud, a fold, pen; see

fala.

faldae (fi-, fif-), see fi-faldae.

falle (bi-suic-), see bi-suic-falle.

fam, see aam.

fctor, for fetor? (feotur, Cp.; fetor, Ep. & Ef.; perh. = A. S. feoter, feotur, a fetter), xLvi. 42; see paturum; see also below fezza.

f[e]alde (fif-), see fi-faldae. feall, fealle, see bi-suic-falle.

fearh, see foor.

fearu (pægn-), waggon-journey; see gebellicum.

feder (steuf-), see steuf-feder. feld (an-), see osi-felti.

felo-spraeci, see felo-spric. felo-spric (felu-spreci, Cp.; felo-spraeci, Ep.; felu-spraeici, Ef.; from felo, felu, much + spric, spraeci, speech, talking), XLVII. 18, much talking; see truffulus.

felti (osi-), an anvil; see osi-felti. felu-spraeici, felu-spreci, see felo-spric. feol, see fiil.

feoter, feotur; see fctor.

fet, acc. pl. of fot, a foot, see fetim.
fetim, xxxi. 25, for fethim = fethm
(Bosw. T.), a fathom? Cf. Schlutter,
Journ. E. Phil. v. 468; see pes. fetor, see fctor.

fezra (= 0. H. G. fe33era; cf. above fctor), xix. 19, a fetter; see pedica.

feggera, O. H. G., a fetter; see fezra. fi-faldae (in later A. S. fif-f[e]alde, as in Bosw. T., lit. 'five-fold,' a popular etymology, which makes nonsense, but gives the word a sort of sense; and it may be a Teut. form corresponding to Lat.

papilio; p being older than f), xLIII. 47, a butterfly; see animalus.

fif-f[e]alde, see fi-faldae.

figel (?), see figl.

figl, with stroke over the g, xix. 63; Qy for A. S. figel, or fugel, fugul, a bird? or is it a Latin word (figuraliter?)? see ancillis.

fill (id. Cp.), fil=feol, xIII. 52, a file; see lima.

fil, see fiil.

filte (an-, on-), see osi-felti.

filti (on-), see osi-felti.

fina, Cp., Ep. & Ef., a woodpecker; see uinu.

fine, a finch; see uinc.

firgen, see firgin-gata.

firgin-gata (gen. plur. of firgin-gat = of mountain-goats; sing. firgen-gaet, Cp., Ep. & Ef.; from firgin, firgen, a mountain + gat, gaet, a goat), xix. 29; see hibicum.

flicci (id. Cp., Ep., Ef.; flicii, Ep.; flycci, Steinm.), xLvII. 13, a flitch of bacon; see perna.

flicii, see flicci.

flac, see folc. floda (flode, Cp.; flodae, Ep. and Ef.), III. 53, a channel, sink, gutter; see lacuna.

flodae, flode, see floda. flooc, see folc.

flugles, see fugles beane.

flycci, see flicci.

flycti-clas, Cp. (=flyht-clas, Bosw. T., from flycti, old form of A. S. flyht=E. 'flight' + clas, cloth; therefore 'flightcloth,' as it were fugitive, i.e. foreign, bit of cloth, a patch from another bit of stuff); see Kluge, Et. Wrtb. (Fleck, flicken); Du. vlikken.

flyht-clab, see flycti-clab.

fnēosan, see nor.

fnora, see nor.

fodor (fothr, Cp. & Ef. = Germ. futter, a case), xLIII. 30, a case, cover, sheath; see emblema  $(= \xi \mu \beta \lambda \eta \mu a)$ , that which is put in or on, a thing that is fitted on; and hence = fodor, a case, cover &c.).

foedils, Cp., fowls, see altilia.

fole, for floc (floor, Cp. & Ep.; floc, Ef.), XLVII. 9, a sole, kind of flat fish, plaice, fluke; see platissu.

foor (id. Cp. & Ep.; for, Ef., perh. for \*forh, which may be allied to A. S. fearh), XLVII. 92, a little pig; see porcastrum.

for, \*forh, see foor. fot, a foot; see fetim.

fotar (staup-), see steuf-feder.

fothr, see fodor.

fraefeli, Cp. (instrum. of fraefel, D. wrevel), with sauciness; see astu.

frio-letan, see friu-lactum.

friu-lactum, xLvi. 32 (for friu-lætum, instr. plur. fem., from friu-læte? a freedwoman, from freo, frio, free + læte, a woman of a class above that of the slave; frio-letan, Cp.); see libertabus.

friu-læte, see friu-lactum. frīu-lætum, see friu-lactum.

from-lice, Cp., strongly, speedily; see

efficaciter. fugel (?), see figl.

fugel, see fugles beane. fuglaes, see fugles beane.

fuglam for fuglum: see stalo.

fugles beane, XIII. 35; fuglues benae, XLVII. 33 (fugles bean, Cp.; fugles bean, Ep.; fugles, gen. of fugel, a bird+bēan, sing. and bēane, plur. of bēan, vetch), xiii. 35, lit. birdbeans; see uiciam.

fuglues, see fugles beane.

fuglum, see stalo.

fugul (?), see figl.

ful (hand-, hond-), see hond-ful bacues. fullae (?= sin-fulle, Cp.; sin-fullae, Ep. & Ef., ever entire, from sin-, ever + full, entire, complete = sempervivum), xIII. 41; see paliurus.

fyrhte (ā-), see a-fyrhte.

gaar (nabo-, nebu-), see nebu-gaar.

gabar, perh. not A. S., but corrupted Lat., on which see G. F. Hildebrand, Gloss. Lat. p. 42, who suggests to read galearii, a kind of soldiers' servants; Arch. f. Lat. Lex. IX. 368; X. 205. See calones.

gabel-rend, see gabo-rind.

gabol; gabol-rind, see gabo-rind.

gabo-rind (gabul-rond, Cp.; gabel-rend, Ef.; gabul-roid, for -rond; gafol-rand, Bosw. T.; Irish ogabul-rind), borrowed from A. S. (from A. S. gabol, later gafol, still later geafel, for which see Bosw. T., a fork, G. gabel+rind, rond, rand, a rim, outer circle; hence gabol-rind, &c. 'rim made by a two-legged instrument,' a pair of compasses), xIII. 53; see circino.

gabul-roid, for gabul-rond; see gabo-rind.

gabul-rond, see gabul-roid.

gaebles, gen. of gaebel, a tribute, tax; see monung gaebles.

gaec, gæc, see gaeuo. gæde-ling, see geadu-ling.

gae-suope (=ge-swepa, -swepo), iv. 71, sweepings, dust; see peripsima.

gaet (firgen-), see firgin-gata.

gaeuo, perhaps a cuckoo, xivii. 65; see sticulus (cf. gaec, Cp.; gec, Ef.,=gæc, geāc, a cuckoo, gawk, which cannot= gaeuo; nor can giw, giu, giow, a griffin).

gafol, a fork, see gabo-rind.

gafol-lic, fiscal, see gebel-licum.

gafol-rand, A. S., see gabo-rind.

galae, gale (necti-, naecte-), see nectigalae.

gar (nabfo-), see nebu-gaar.

gasram, gasran, see raed-gusram.

gata (firgin-), gen. plur.; see firgin-

geabules, gen. of geabul, a tribute, tax; see monung gaebles.

geāc, see gaeuo.

geadu-ling, a relation, kinsman (in Cp. =fratruelis) = A. S. gæde-ling; Goth. gadiliggs; O. H. G. gatuling; see Diefenb. Wrtb. goth. Spr. II. 373; Grimm, Wrtb. (Gätling); Schade (gatuling); see fratruelis.

geafel, a fork, see gabo-rind.

geap, a vulture, see arngeus.

geap, spacious, lofty; see gipparre.

geappre (? comp. of geap, spacious, lofty); see gipparre.

gearpan leaf, yarrow; see malua.

geat, a vulture, see arngeus.

ge-batne (=ge-bēatne) stāne (un-), see un-ge-batne stane.

gebel-licum (= A. S. gafol-lic, fiscal, lit. suitable for tax or tribute) pægn-fearu (= pægn, a waggon+fearu, journey), lit. tiscal waggon-journey; see reda.

ge-bind, see e-bind.

gebles, gen. of gebel, a tribute, tax; see monung gaebles.

ge-brec, see gi-breci.

ge-byraec (for ge-braec?), xxiv. 3; see umecta, and sicunia.

gęc, see gaeuo.

ge-genca, ge-genga, see ye-genta.

ge-genta (for ge-genca = ge-genga), xxxv. 54, (one) going with; see pedissequis sub v. pedisequas.

ge-giscan, see gi-gisdae.

ge-giscte, see gi-gisdae. gela (necte-), see necti-galae.

gelae (nacthe-), see necti-galae.

geleod, see geloed.

ge-loed, Cp.; gloed, Ep.; ge-leod, Ef. (as A. S. oe becomes  $\bar{e}$ , umlaut of  $\bar{o}$ , the stem is  $l\bar{o}d$ -, and every  $\bar{o}$  being due to a, the root is lad-, which may = Goth. \*lap-, for which see Kluge, sub v. Laden, a stall, shop; hence  $gel\bar{e}d$ , G. Laden, perh. = Lat. catasta, a stage, scaffold, stall); see catastam, and, for another interpretation of ge-loed, see Schlutter, in Journ. of Engl. and 
genca, genga, genta (ge-), see ge-genta. genge (naect-), a night-goer, see naect-

genge.

geonath, yawneth; see ginat.

geot, a vulture, see arngeus. ger (nabo-), see nębu-gaar.

ger, a year; see gere.

gere, geri, instr. of ger, a year; see bys gere.

ge-rēfa; see ge-roefan.

ge-roefan, Cp. (plur. of ge-rēfa, an officer); see processores, and cf. Skeat, Conc. Dict. (reeve<sup>2</sup>).

ge-span (=Ep.; gespon, Cp. & Ef.), xxix. 11, a clasp; see mauria.

ge-spon, see ge-span.

ge-swæpa, -swæpo; see gae-suopę.

ge-tæld (-teald, -teld), a tent; see ge-zelt.

ge-buxsað, see lurida.

ge-uiif, for ge-uuif, xxxv. 157, a web; fate, fortune; see furtunam.

geup, a vulture, see arngeus.

geus (arn-), see arngeus.

ge-wald-leðrum, Cp. (instr. plur., from ge-weald, power, and leðer, leather), with power-leathers, reins; see abenis.

ge-weald, see ge-wald-le&rum.

ge-pearp (sond-), see in sond-ge-pearp. ge-weorp (sand-), see in sond-ge-pearp.

ge-zelt, O.H.G. (= ge-teld, Cp. = ge-teld, ge-teld, Bosw. T.), xxII. 5, a tent; see tenda.

gi-brec, see gi-breci.

gi-breci (ge-brec, Cp.; gi-brec, Ep.; gibreec, Ef., from brecan, to break), xlvii. 30, a catarrh, rheum; see sicunia.

gi-breec, see gi-breci. gi-giscdae, see gi-gisdae.

gi-gisdae (gegiscle, Cp.; gigiscdae, Ep. & Ef., 3rd pret, sing. of ge-giscan, to stop, shut up), xlvii. 26, he has stopped, or shut up; see opilauit.

ginat (geonath, Cp.; ginath, Ep. & Ef.),

xLvII. 44, yawneth; see battat.

giow, see gaeug.

gipparre (? for A.S. \*gieppre=Lat. callidior, comp. of geap, spacious, lofty?), xLVIII. 40, more skilful, adroit; see excellentiores.

giscdae, gisdae (gi-), see gi-gisdae.

giu, giw, see gaeuo.

gle (nece-), see necti-galae.

gleddęgo, gleddian (ā-), see a-gleddęgo.

glīdan (ā-), see a-gleddego.

glimith (for grimith, he rages, roars, pr. s., of grimman?, to rage, roar), xLII. 10; see seuit (for saeuit).

glitinat, see glitinot.

glitinot (glitinat, Cp.; from glitinian, to glitter), viii. 15, glitters; see flauescit. gloed, see geloed.

gluttina, iv. 91=cementa, q.v. This is, perhaps, an A.S. spelling of a Lat. word. The Lat. glū-ten is allied to A.S.

clā-m, loam, clay; the g being older than c.

gold, see ymaeti gold.

grædig, see gredge.

græg, see greig.

granae, a moustache, see gronae.

gredge, Cp. (plur. of grēdig = grædig, greedy; see Skeat, Conc. Dict. sub v. greedy), greedy persons; see ambrones. grēdig, see gredge. greig, Cp. (= græg), gray, grey; see

ferrugineas.

grep, grep, see scropis.

grima, see grina.

grimith (pr. s. of grimman?), see glimith.

grina (for grima?), xxvII. 5, å mask, spectre; see scina.

grist, see grost.

gristlae, gristle (naes-), see naes-gristle. gristle, see grost.

groepe, see groop.

groepum, instr. plur., see groop.

gronae (granae, Cp., Ep., & Ef.), xLVII. 32, a moustaché; see mustacra.

groop (groepe, Cp.; groepum, Cp., Ep., & Ef., instr. plur.), xLvi. 22, a furrow, burrow; see scropis.

groove (E.), see scropis.

grop, see scropis.

grost (also written grist = A.S. grystle, gristle; O.H.G. grostila, chrustula), xix. 59, gristle; see cartillago, and below naes-gristle.

grostila, O.H.G., see grost.

grot (grytt, Cp.), xLVI. 21, coarse meal, groats, grits; see pollis.

grystle, see grost.

grytt, see grot.

guma (dryct-, dryht-), see dryct-guma.

gyccae (gycenis, Cp.; gycinis, Ep. & Ef.), xxxv. 3, itch; see prorigo, sub v. pruriginem.

gycenis, itch, see gyccae.

gycer (A.S.?), a juger or acre of land, xxxv. 75; see iugeres.

gycinis, see gyccae. gylt (ē-), see ē-gylt.

h missing, see ueo-stun.

haam, weaver's reed (?); see aam.

haam (= ham, hama, hom, homa, Bosw. T.), a covering, shirt; see camisa. habuc (palch-), see ualc-hefuc.

haca, see haeca.

haebuc (unalh-), see ualc-hefuc.

haeca, Cp.; haca, Ep. & Ef., perhaps a hatch, grating; a hook, or bar; see pessul. hæf, sea, see heb.

haefuc, xix. 36, a hawk; see accipitres. hæg-tes, hæg-tesse, see haegtis.

haeg-tis (id. Cp. & Ep.; heg-tis, Ef.; hæg-tes, WW.; hæg-tesse, ib.), xLvII. 80.hegi-tisse (haeh-tisse, Cp.), xLIII. 53, a witch, fury, hag; see eumenides; striga. Cf. also Erenis, haegtis, furia, Cp. E283; Striga, haegtis, Cp. S528; Strigia, haegtis, Ep. 23E35; Striga, hegtis, Ef. 390. 18; furia, haehtis, Cp. F434. Haeg-tis &c. from haeg, hedge, field + tis &c. = O.H.G. hagazussa, for which see Schade, who suggests that the deriv. of -tis &c. is from A.S. teosu, tesu, see Bosw. T. = harm, injury, whence the verb teswian, to harm. Thus \*hagi-teswe, and hegi-tesse, i.e. hedge-harmer, destroyer of hedges. See Kluge, Wrtb. (Eidechse); Franck, Woordenb. (Hagedis); Bosw. T. (ádexe, a lizard).

haeh-tis, haeh-tisse, a hag; see haeg-tis.

haen, a hen, see scribid.

haerd-haeu (heard-heau, Cp.; heardheui, Ef.), xLVII. 49, a hardy hewer, or hoe; see ciscillus.

↑ haerd-hera (heard-hara, Cp. & Ef.), XLVII. 12, the name of a fish (hard hare);

see caefalus.

haerg = hearh, a temple, an idol; see Luperci.

hæring, see heringas. haesel, haesl (hazel), see hel.

haesel-hnutu, a hazel-nut, see hel.

haesl-in (adj. of haesl), III. 38, hazel-, of hazel; see toracina.

haet (hæt), a hood, hat, or a head-band, coif, v. 11; see labrum.-haetas (accus. pl. of hæt), xxvi. 8, head-bands, turbans. coifs; see mitras.—het (haet, Cp.; haeth, Ef.), XLVII. 7, a hat; see calomaucus.

haetas, accus. pl. of hæt (q.v.).

haeth, a hat; see haet.

haeu (haerd-), a hardy hewer, hoe; see haerd-haeu.

hæwen, blue, azure; see heuuin. hald (lemp-), see lemp-hald. half (Sridde-), see dride-halpf.

halpf (dride-), see dride-halpf. hals=A.S. heals, neck; see hals-ledir. hals-ledir (hals = A.S. heals, neck + fedir = leder, leather), III. 37, neck-leather,

a rein; see abenis. halt (lemp-, laempi-, lemphi-), see lemp-hald.

ham, hama, see haam.

hamer (clod-), see emaer.

hamme, v. 19; homme, xxxv. 204, the inner or hind part of the knee, the ham (see Skeat, Conc. Dict.; Oxf. D. ham, sb1 No. 1); see publite.

hana (holt-), see holt-hona.

hand-ful beouuas, beouaes; see hond-ful baeues.

hara, a hare; heard-, a fish; see haerd-

harperi (= hearpere), xLVI. 9, a harper; see fidicen.

haubit-loh (= O.H.G. houbit-loh), XIX. 26, a head-opening; see capitio, and below loh.

haue, xxII. 3, blue, azure; see aeri, and below hæwen, heuuin.

heard-hara, the name of a fish (hard hare); see haerd-hera.

heard-heau, heard-heui, a hardy hewer,

hoe; see haerd-haeu. heard-n-issae, heard-n-issae, hardness; see rigor (on the suffixes see Skeat, Princ. of Engl. Etym., 1st Ser. 2nd ed. p. 253).

heardra, see haerd-hera.

hearh, see haerg.

hearma, a shrew-mouse?, see herma.

hearpere, see harperi.

hearst, hearste; see herst.

heau (heard-), a hardy hewer, hoe; see haerd-haeu.

heaw, heawa, a hewer, hoe; see haerd-haeu.

heb (=hæf, sea), see heb-ernum.

hebernum (abl. plur., from hebehæf, sea, and ern=ærn, house), xxxvi. 7, literally, with sea-houses, here, with crabs, mussels; see choncis.

hebuc (uualh-), see ualc-hefuc.

hefuc (ualc-), see ualc-hefuc.

hegi-tisse, see haeg-tis.

heg-tis, see haeg-tis.
hel (haes!, Cp. & Ef.; aesil, Ep.; haeselhnutu, Cp.; hnutu, Ef.; hrutu, Ep.),
XLVII. 1, hazel(-nut); see abellana.

heonan (be-, bi-), see bi-hina.

heorp, heoroe, Cp., a hearth; see herth and herdu-suepe.

heoro-suaepe, see herdu-suepe.

hera, a hare; (haerd-), a fish, see haerdhera.

f herdu-suepe (heoro-suaepe, Cp.; from herdu=A.S. heoro, a hearth+suepe=A.S. swepe, a sweep), xxvi. 6, lit. a hearthsweep, i.e. a bride-woman; see pronuba.

here, a hearth; see herth.

here-bene, for here-been, Cp. (also herebeen, Cp.; here-baecon, Ep.; here-becon, Ef.), an army-beacon, or sign; see simbulis.

heringas (acc. plur. of hering = hæring), XLVII. 74, herrings, sardines; see sardinus and ginisculas.

† herma (hearma, Cp., Ep. & Ef.), XLVII.
77, a kind of mouse, a shrew-mouse? see netila.

herst (= hearst, hearste, hierst), a gridiron, IV. 75; see latriuncula (for craticula); XXXV. 175; see graticulis (for crat-). herth (heorde, here, in Cp. = heordy), xlii. 12, a hearth, fire-place; see fornacula, and above herdu-suepe.

hestiuis (?), see editiones.

het, xLvII. 7, a hat; see haet.

heui (heard-), a hardy hewer or hoe; see haerd-haeu.

heuuin = hæwen (q.v.), blue, azure; see haue; syitor heuuin.

hider, hither; see hidir-an-didir, and hidir-rine.

hidir-an-didir (hider ond hider, Cp.= A.S. hider, hither + and, ond + Sider, thither), III. 64, hither and thither; see ultro.

hidir-rine (= hider, hither + rine = ryne, a run, running), xxxx. 38, hither-running (from our country); see nostratis, sub v. cuiatis.

hierst, see herst.

hi3 (if-), ivy; see ib-aei.

higera, higora = higre (q.v.).

higrae, higre, see higre.

higre (higre, Cp.; higrae, Ep. & Ef.), xlvii. 66, a jay, jackdaw, magpie or woodpecker; see picus.

hina (bi-), see bihina.

hinana (O.H.G.), see bihina.

hlædder, hlæder, hlædræ, see hledre.

hlædel, a ladle; see troclei.

hlædre = hlædræ, perh. = A.S. hlæder, hlædder, a ladder, flight of steps, iv. 74; see troclei.

hlēo(w)?, protection, shelter; see arihellio; lio. With respect to this word hlēow, Schlutter (Journ. of Engl. and Germ. Philol. v. 468) points out that lio is more likely leo, a lion, as in Steinmeyer rv. 240 (note 2) one MS. has 'Arihel interpretatur leo dei.'

hlosnian, see hlysnende.

hlysnende, Cp. (pres. pt. of \*hlysnian, to listen, which has hlosnian as a by-form. Bosw. T. record hlystan; cf. mod. E. listen, for which see Skeat, Conc. Dict.), listening; see adtonitis.

\*hlysnian, see hlysnende.

\*hnēosan, see nor.

hnitu (id. Cp., Ep. & Ef.), xLVII. 84, a louse's egg, nit; see lendina.

hnor, hnora, see nor.

hnutu (haesel-), see hel and hrutu.

hoce (hoc), Cp., hock, mallow; see malua.

hog, III. 35, a heel, hough, how, promontory; see promontorium.

holaen (cnio-), see cne-holen.

holegn, holen, Cp., holly; see acrifolium.—holegn (cre-, for cne-), see cne-holen.—holen (cne-, cnio-), see cne-holen.
holt (aler-, alter-), see alerholt.

holt-hona (id. Cp.; holt-hana, Ep.; holt-ana, Ef.), XLVII. 59, a woodcock; see acega.

hom, homa, see haam.

homme, the ham; see hamme.

hona, for hana (holt-), see holt-hona. hond-ful baeues (hond-ful beopes, Cp.;

hand-ful beouwas, Ep.; hand-ful beowaes, Ef.), XLVII. 34, a handful of corn or barley ; see manticum.

horn, for hron (q.v.).

hosp, see Norh hosp.

houbit-loh (O.H.G.); see haubit-loh.

hraebn (naecht-, nect-), a night-raven, see nectht-refn.

hraecli, a robe, rail; see hregli.

hraefn (nacht-), see nectht-refn. hraegl, a robe, rail; see hregli.

hraga, see hragra.

hragra (id. Ep. & Ef.; hraga, Cp.= A.S. hrāgra), xLVII. 64, a heron; see perdulum.

hran, a whale; see hron.

hręgli, Cp.; hraecli, Ep.; hraegl, Ef. a garment, rail; see amiculo.

hreod, xix. 16, a reed; see carectum.

hroc (hrooc, Cp., Ep. & Ef.), xLvII. 51, a rook, raven; see garallus.

hron (id. Ef.; horn, Cp.; hran, Ep.), XLVII. 10, a whale; see balera.

hrooc, a rook; see hroc.

hrutu (for hnutu), see hel.

hryste, Cp. = hyrst, an ornament, trapping; see falleras.

hu ald (how old), XLIII. 39; suæ ald (so old), XLIII. 40; see quotus.

huete-stan, hueti-stan, see ueo-stun.

huidir-ryne (=hwider, whither + ryne,a run, running), xLIII. 37, whither-running, whither-derived or originating; see cuiatis.

humbyl-bee; see tabanus.

Hūne, see huni. Huni, O.H.G.; see huni. huni (perh.=A.S. Hune), xxxix. 25, a Hun; see uulgari.

huora for hnora; see nor.

huse, see hux.

huses, gen. of hūs, a house; see domatis,

in v. domate.

hux = husc, scorn, scoffing; see per hironiam.

hwæstrung, hwästrung, see uastrung.

hwet-stan, see ueo-stun.

hwider, whither; see huidir-ryne. hynona, O.H.G.; see nor.

hyrst, see hryste.

ib-aei (if-egn, Cp.; if-eg, Ef. = A.S. if-i3, short for if-hi3), xvII. 11, ivy; see hederam (to the references there given add Oxf. D.; Skeat, Conc. Dict., ivy).

iesen, Cp. (iesend, iesende, iesendne, Wright W. 396, 22; 521, 33; isen, ib. 393, 11), entrails; see exta.

iesend, iesende, iesendne, see iesen.

if-eg, if-egn, ivy; see ib-aei.

i3, for hi3 (if-), ivy; see ib-aei.

ile, see ill.

ill, Cp.=ile, a piece of hard skin; see callos.

in sond-ge-pearp, Cp. (=sand-ge-weorp), on a sand-bank, quicksand; see in sirte.

in-tinga, for the sake, cause of; see

uuordes intinga.

in-trepetan (from in-, pref. in, upon + trepetan, frequent. of treppan, to dance, trip. In this case the pref. may mean 'upon,' to keep on dancing upon, or it may mean little, and have been merely suggested by sub- of sub-saltare), xxxv. 197, to tread, dance; see subsaltare.

in-uuerpan (=in-weorpan, cast, throw, begin a wearp) uuep (a web), xIII. 34; see telam orditus.

Iringis-uuec, xxvII. 28, milky way; see

in georgicis.

isaern (bred-), see bred-isern. isen (for isern), see bred-isern,

isen, see iesen.

isern (bræd-), see bred-isern.

kio, see chyun. kylle, see cyll.

laad, see luad.

laam (id. Cp. & Ep.; sram, Ef.; lam, Aldh.), xLvII. 37, loam; see argella.

laath = lad, see luad.

lactum, lætum (friu-), see friu-lactum.

lad-, see ge-loed.

Laden (G.), see ge-loed.

læce, a leech, see lexas.

laempi-halt, see lemp-hald.

laepae-uincae, see laepi-uince. laepi-uince (lepe-unince, Cp.; laepaeuincae, Ef.), xLVII. 60, a lapwing; see

cucuzata.

laestu (braed-), see brad-acus.

laesung, see laesungae.

laesungae (lēasung, Cp. & Ep.; laesung, Ef.), xLvII. 19, falsehood, leasing; see famfelucas, and cf. Skeat, Conc. Dict. (leasing).

læte, lætum (friu-), see friu-lactum.

lagu (ober-), see ober-lagu.

lam, see laam.

lar or larra, Prov. E.; see leer.

last (braad-), see brad-acus.

\*lap- (Goth.), see ge-loed.

lāđ, see luad.

lath=lad, see luad.

laurice (lauricae, Cp.; lauuercae, Ep.

& Ef.; perhaps compounded of la-, or læ-+ wrecæ, wrice, wricæ, wercæ, treasonwreaker), xLvII, 61, a lark; see tilaris.

lauuercae, see laurice.

leac trogas, Cp.; leac trocas, Ep. & Ef. (lēac, a garden herb + trog, a trough, vessel), vegetable baskets; see corimbis.

leaf (gearpan), see gearpan leaf.

leas, see lees.

leasung, falsehood, leasing; see laesungae.

leceas, see lexas.

lēd (ge-), see ge-loed.

ledir=leder, leather (hals-); see halsledir.

ledir-uuyreta, a leather-wright; see ledir-

uyrcta.

ledir-uyrcta (leder-uyrhta, Cp.; lediruuyrcta, Ep.; ledir-uyrhta, Ef.), xLVII. 40, a leather-wright; see byrseus.

ledir-uyrhta, a leather-wright; see ledir-

uyrcta.

leer, also lesera (perhaps related to prov. E. lar, or larra, a bar), xLVII. 25,

a bar (?); see pessul.

lees (?=A.S. lēas, loose, false, deceitful, as subst.), a deceiver (?), xLv. 26; see histrio; cf. scurra, leunis, Cp. S146; Ep. 25A36; Ef. 393, 7; Schlutter, Journ. E. Phil. v. 143.

lema, see lomum.

lemp-hald (lemp-halt, Cp.; laempi-halt, Ep.; lemphi-halt, Ef.), xLVII. 45, limphalting; see lurdus.

lemphi-halt, see lemp-hald.

leoma, a ray of light, and a branch; see

lepe-unince, see laepi-uince.

lesera, see leer.

letan (frio-), see friu-lactum.

leder-uyrhta, a leather-wright; see lediruyrcta.

ledrum, see ge-wald-ledrum.

leuuis, see lees.

lexas, xLvIII. 51 (if A.S., it would be the plur. of læce, a leech; cf. lyces, Wright W.; leceas, Cp.); see sanguessuges.

li (aen-), see aen-li.

licae, lice (earfed-); see earfed-lice.

lice (from-), see from-lice.

liim, Cp.; lim, Ef., cement, mortar, lime, see cementa; lim, xv. 4, see litura. lim, lime; see liim.

lim (a joint), limum; see lomum.

limp-halt, see lemp-halt.

lind (id. Cp., Ep., & Ef.), xLvII. 100, the linden or lime-tree; see tilio.

-ling, see gæde-ling, geadu-ling. loc, a hole, abyss, lock; see loh.

loc (clustor-), locae (cluster-, clustor-), a prison-lock, lock, bar; see clustor-loc.

loce, locea, loceum, lock, locks of hair; see crinicut.

lod, see ge-loed.

logdor (id. Ef.; logdor, Cp.), xLvII. 83, plotting mischief, crafty; see cacomicanus.

logdor, see logdor.

loh (O.H.G.), xxxv. 176 = A.S. loc, an enclosure, hole, abyss, lock; see baratrum.
—loh (haubit-, houbit-), see haubit-loh.
loma, a tool; see lomum.

lomum (instr. pl., not of loma, a tool; nor of leoma, a ray of light; nor for lonum, from lone; nor for limum, from lim, but) = lomum for leomum, from leoma, also written lema, from A.S. lim, a limb, joint, especially a branch, v. 2; see colomellas.

lone, lonum; see lomum.

luad, for laad (lath, Cp. & Ef.; laath, Ep. = lad), xxxv. 289, hateful, hated; see inuisum.

lyces, see lexas.

madmas (plur.), III. 66, precious things, ornaments; see exenia.

maeful-dur, for macpul-dur; see mapaldurt.

maerae (maere, Cp.; mera, Ep.; merae, Ef.), XLVII. 81, an incubus, (night)-mare; see incuba.

maere, see maerae.

mære, see menae.

maerth (meard, Cp.; mearth, Ep.; meard, Ef.), xLVII. 76, a marten, kind of weasel; see furunculas.

maest, xxxix. 37, a pole, mast; see arbor.

manung, see monung.

mapal-durt (mapuldur, Cp. & Ep.; maeful-dur, Ef.), XLVII. 97, the maple-tree (māpal, māpul, the maple + durt, dur, unstressed forms of A.S. trēow, a tree; see Skeat, Dict. v. maple); see acerafulus.

mapul-dur, see mapal-durt.

mare, see menae.

masae (so also in Ep. & Ef.; mase, Cp. =A.S. māse), XLVII. 52, (a tit-)mouse; see parula.

mase, māse, see masae.

mattae, not A.S., but dat. of Lat. matta, xxxiv. 3, see spiathio.

meard, a marten; see maerth.

mearth, meard, a marten; see maerth. menae, for merae (= mære, mare, mere), xIII. 24, a night-mare, a monster; see pilosi.

meo, a shoe; see mihes.

meottucas (Cp.); mettocas (Ep.); metocas (Ef.), mattocks, hoes; see ligones. mera, merae, see maerae.

merae, mere, see menae.

metocas, mettocas, see meottucas.

mines (? gen. of  $m\bar{e}o$ , a shoe), xxxvII. 7; see odonis uitam.

milte (milte, Cp. & Ef.; multi, Ep.), XLVI. 6, the milt, spleen; see lien.

mit, with; see arguta.

midio, Cp., he dissembles (from midan, to conceal, dissemble), see dissimulat.

mixen, see mixin.

mixin (=mixen, a mixen, dung-heap), v. 83; mixinnum (instr. pl.), xxxv. 292; see ruder.

↑mixinnum, see mixin.

monung gaebles (geabules monung, Cp.; gebles-monung, Ef.), xxxix. 27, a claiming or exaction of debt, or tribute, or tax; see exactio.

mucxle, see muscellas.

multi, see milte.

muscellas, Cp. & Ep.; muscellae, Ef., plur. of muscelle = muxle, mucxle, a muscle or mussel, a shell-fish; see ginisculas.

muxle, see muscellus.

mynit, Cp. & Ep. (munit, Ef.; mynet, Napier, Gl.), a coin; see nomisma.

n for r; seinnenas (q.v.) for seinneras. nabfo-gar, nabo-gaar, nabo-ger, see nebu-gaar.

nacthe-gelae, see necti-galae.

næbu, see nebu-gaar.

naecht-hraebn, see nectht-refn.

naecte-gale, see necti-galae.

naect-genge, Cp., a night-goer; see hyinę.

nægel, nægl; see negil.

nacht-hraefn, see nectht-refn.

naes-gristle, Cp.; naes-gristlae, Ep. & Ef., nose-gristle; see cartillago, and above, grost.

nafu, see nębu-gaar.

ncti-galae, see necti-galae.

nebu-gaar (nabo-gaar, Cp.; nabfo-gar, Ep.; nabo-ger, Ef.; from A.S. næbu, nafu, a nave+gār, a spear, borer), xlvii. 46, a nave-borer, auger, gimlet; see terebellus.

nece-gle, see necti-galae. nect, night; see ofer tua nest.

nectae-galae, see necti-galae.

necte-gela, see necti-galae. nect-hraebn, see nectht-refn.

\* nectht-refn (nacht-hraefn, Cp.; naccht-hraebn, Ep.; nect-hraebn, Ef.), xLVII. 54, a night-raven; see noctua; see also nectigalae.

necti-galae (naecte-gale, nehtę-gale, Cp.; nectae-galae, ncti-galae, necti-galae, Ep.; nece-gle, nacthe-gelae, necte-gela, Ef.; see Skeat, Conc. Dict.). xLVII. 62, a night singer, a nightingale; see ruscinia and noctua.

negil (naegl, Cp.=A.S. nægel, nægl), xv. 5, a nail; see paxillus.

nehte-gale, see necti-galae.

nest for nect, night; see ofer tua nest. nift (id. Cp., Ep. & Ef.), a step-daughter,

or a niece, grand-daughter, xLII. 7; see priuigna.

niht-hræfn, see nectht-refn.

-n-issae, -n-isse (heard-), hardness; see heard-n-isse (and on this suffix, cf. Skeat, Princ. of Engl. Etym., first Ser., 2nd ed., p. 253).

nor, for hnor; huora, for hnora, Ef. from an unrecorded A. S. strong verb \*hnēosan; and fnora (Cp. & Ep.); from A. S. fnēosan; (O. H. G. forms nur; hynona), xix. 65, a snore, neese, neeze; see sternutatio.

nord-baeg, for rond-baeg (rond-baeg, Cp. & Ef., rand-beag, Ep.), xlvii. 17, the boss of a shield, or a shield; see buculus.

nostle, a fillet, band; see nostlun.

nostlun (dat. plur. of A. S. nostle), a fillet, band, xxxvii. 7; see odonis uitam.

nur, O. H. G.; see nor.

ober-lagu, III. 11, an over (upper) cloak (see Bosw. T. ofer-læg); see anfibula, sub v. amphibalum.

ober-scoeiddo, XLII. 27, for ofer-scaebbu? over, exceeding scathe, insolence, mischief; see in pennias (for impunitas?). ofer-scaebbu (?), see ober-scoeiddo.

ofer tua nest (ofer, over, beyond; tua = twā, two; nest for neet, night), xLIII.

41, over two nights, the day after tomorrow; see perende.

ogabul-rind (Ir.), see gabo-rind.

olen (cni-), see cne-holen.

oma (oman, Cp.), xxxv. 66, erysipelas; see ignis sacer.

oman, see oma.

omer, see emaer.

omprae, see omprę.

ompre (ampre, Cp.; amprae, Ep.; omprae), xLVI. 27, a tumor or swelling; see uarix.

on-, see an-sceat.

ond (=A. S. and, and); see hidir-an-

on-felti, on-filte, on-filti, see osi-felti.

onga (id. Cp.; anga, Ep. & Ef.), xLVII. 85, a sting; see aquilius.

orc, see oroccerum.

ordaneas (for orbance?), III. 65, with cunning, skilful; see arguta.

oroccerum (dat. plur.; also misread droccerum, perh. from orc, a stage-player, or monster=Lat. orcus, the infernal regions), xxxix. 57; see histrio.

orbancas, orbance, see ordancas.

osi-felti, perhaps for on-felti (on-filti, Cp.; an-filte, WW.; on-filte, id.; an-feld, id.; O.H.G. ueliti, ana-boz, ana-poz, ana-bolz; but cf. O.H.G. ysi-folto, Steinm. 1497, 18), xxx. 41, an anvil; see incus (on the etymology of the word cf. Skeat, Conc. Dict. sub v. anvil).

pina, for fina; see uinu.

poccas (plur. of pocc), v. 5, pocks, pustules; see carbunculi.

pox, for \*pox? (= A. S. dox), III. 57, dusk; see lurida.

prant, O. H. G. = A. S. & M. E. brand; see torris.

priusa, see brimisa.

pundar (pundur, Cp.; A. S. spelling of late Lat. pondarium), XIII. 40, a plumbline; see perpendiculum.

pundur, see pundar.

pung (Cp. & Ef.), a small bag, purse; see de cassidie.

r for n: creholegn for cneholegn. ra (brond-), see brond-ra.

rad (brand-, brond-), see brond-ra.

raed-gasram, Cp. (perh. for ræd-gasran, of which the real sense is not known); see hyadas.

rand (bord-), see bord-rand. rand (gafol-), see gabo-rind.

rand-beag, the boss of a shield, or a shield; see nord-baeg (for rond-baeg).

read (uuiloc-, pioloc-), see pioloc-read. rede-stan, Cp., red-stone; see sinopide.

rēfa (ge-), see ge-roefan.

refn (nectht-), a night-raven, see hraebn. rema, remum (bord-); see bord-remum. rend (gabel-); rind (gabo-); rond (ga-

bul-); a pair of compasses; see gabo-rind. reogol, see pessul.

reud (uusluc-), see pioloc-read.

rigil, O. H. G., see pessul.

rihe, see rihum.

rihum (instr. plur. of rihe=ryhe, a rug, blanket), XLII. 2, with rugs, blankets; see tapetibus.

rima (bord-), see bord-remum.

rind (gabo-, gabol-), see gabo-rind. rine (hidir-), see hidir-rine and huidirrune.

risel, Cp. (=rysel, D. reuzel, lard, suet), grease, fat; see aruina.

rod (brand-), see brond-ra. roefan (ge-), see ge-roefan. rond (gabul-), see gabo-rin

rond (gabul-), see gabo-rind. rond-baeg = rand-beag (q.v.).

ruga for sugu (q.v.).

rỹhe, a rug; see rihum.

ryndir, wrongly for tyndir; see tynder. ryne (huidir-), see huidir-ryne and hidir-rine.

rysel, see risel.

saex = seax, a knife; see blod-saex. salch, salh, see salhas.

Tsalhas, plur. of salh = sealh, a willowtree, a sallow, sally (salh, Cp. & Ef.; salch, Ep.), xix. 61; see salices.

sand-ge-weorp, see in sond-ge-pearp. sax(?), if A.S., for six? or abbrev. Lat. for Saxonice?; see solidos, sub v. solidi.

scaeppu (ofer-), see ober-scoeiddo. sceat (an-), see an-sceat.

sceaba, sceaban, see in pennias.

scelb (also O.H.G. scelf, scelp, scelb); perhaps the same as A.S. scylf (Bosw.T.), a peak, crag, turret, or scilfe, a shelf, ledge, floor, xxxv. 59; see fornice.

scelf, scelp (O.H.G.), see scelb. sceop, a poet; see scopon. sceot (an-), see an-sceat. sceotan, to shoot, see an-sceat. scelpu, see in pennias. sciir, a charge, see thestisuir. scilfe, see scelb. scineras, see scinnenas.

scinnenas, for scinneras (scinneras, Cp. & Ep.; scineras, Ef., plur. of scin, scinn, scinna, sciner, xxxxx. 55, evil spirits, spectres, magicians; see scinici.

scinneras, see scinnenas.

scoehere (scoere, Cp.), XLII. 6, a shoe-maker; see sutrinator.

scoere, see scoehere.

scoh, a shoe; see caligam.

scop, a poet; see scopon.

scopon? A.S. for sceop, scop? a poet,

xLVII. 95; see philocain.

scraeua (screauua, Cp.; screuua, Ep.), xLVII. 78, a shrew(-mouse); see musiranus.

screauua, see scraeua.

screc, see scruc.

screuua, see scraeua.

scribid (scripid, Cp.; scripit haen, Ep. & Ef. from A.S. screpan), he scrapes, scratches, xLVII. 39; see scarpmat.

seric, see scruc.

scrid, a chariot, litter (Bosw. T.); see basterna.

scriic, see scruc.

scripit, scripid, see scribid.

scruc, for scriic (scric, Cp. & Ep.; screc, Ef.), XLVII. 63, a shrike, skrike, screech; see turdus.

sculdre, sculdre, xxi. 20, shoulder; see

scyan, see scyhend.

sevend, see scuhend.

scyhan, see scyhend.

scyhend (=Ep.; scyend, Cp., part. sb. of scyhan, scyan), xLVII. 35, a seducer, corrupter; see maulistis.

scylf, see scelb.

seād, see sedes.

sealh, see salhas.

seax, see saex.

secg, sech, sedge; see seic.

sedes (for A.S. gen. sing. seades, seades, from seād, seōd), xvII. 6, of a money-bag,

purse or pouch; see sacelli.
segin (seign, Cp., a loan-word, from the Lat. signum), xxxv. 69, a sign, token; see uixilla; see also segn, Cp. & Ef.; seng, Ep., sub v. labrum.

segn, see segin.

seic (secg, Cp.; sech, Ef.), xLvi. 26, sedge; see carex.

seign, see segin.

sele (teld-), a tent; see tyld-syle.

seng, see segin. seod, see sedes.

seolf-bonan, Cp., a suicide; see biothanti.

seot, for sceot (an-), see an-sceat.

sīma (siima), a cord, rope; see cestus. sin-fullae, -fulle; see fullae.

sli, see slii.

slii (sli, Cp.; Ep.; Ef. = A.S. sliw), XLVII. 71, a fish, perh. the tench, or mullet;

slitende (part. of slitan, to slit, tear), xxxv. 183, patched; see laciniosa.

slīw, see slii.

smæti (smaete, Cp.) gold, beaten. refined gold, see ymaeti gold.

smedema, see smetuma.

smeodema, smeoduma, see smetuma.

smetuma (= smeoduma, smedema, smeodema), xxvi. 7, fine flour, meal; see simila.

snaas (= snās, snæs), xLvi. 1, a spit, skewer; see ueru.

snædan, see snędit. snaedil, snaedil-bearm; see snedil-

daerm.

snædit, see snędit. snægl (snegl, Cp. & Ep.), xLVII. 90, a snail; see maruca.

snearh, snearu, see sner.

snedil-daerm (snaedil-pearm, Cp.; snaedil uel thearm, Ef.), xxxv. 203, the great . gut; see extale.

snedit (= snaedit, 3rd pers. sing. of snædan, to slice, prune trees), xLVII. 102, he snathes, prunes trees; see putat.

snegl, see snægl.

sner (=snearu, snearh), xLVI. 18, the string of a musical instrument; see fidis.

snite, Cp. a snite, snipe; and nudu-, a wood-snite, see acega.

sond-ge-yearp, see in sond-ge-yearp. sorgendi, Cp., Ep., Ef., being anxious; see anxius.

spadan, see spaedun.

spaedun (spadan, Cp., Ep. & Ef., accus. plur. of spadu, spædu, a spade, mattock), xxxix. 12; see uangas.

spaldr, see spaldur.

spaldur (id. Cp. & Ef.; spaldr, Ep.; spalor, sypaldor; ?A.S.), xII. 18, asphalt; see aspaltum.

spalor, see spaldur.

span, spon (ge-), a clasp; see ge-span. spraeci (felo-), see felo-spric.

spraeici, spreci (felu-), see felo-spric.

spric (felo-), see felo-spric.

sram, for lam = laam (q.v.).

stæl, see stalo.

staer, see ster.

stalo to fuglam (stalu to fuglum, Cp., Ep., Ef.; stalo, stalu, pl. of stæl, a place, stall; fuglam for fuglum, instr. pl. of fugel, better form fugel, a fowl), xLVII. 14, a place, stall for fowls; see umbrellas.

stalu, see stalo.

stan (cisil-), see cisil-stan; (huete-, hueti-), see ueo-stun; (rede-), see rede-

stanas, see dunnę.

stane (un-ge-batne), see un-ge-batne

staup-fotar, see steuf-feder.

steeli, see stel.

stegn, see steng.

stel (or stele, steli, Cp. & Ef.; steeli, Ep.), xLvII. 38, steel; see accearium.

stele, steli, see stel.

steng, Cp.; stegn, Ep.; steng, Ef., a stang (Prov. E.); see claua.

steop-faeder, see steuf-feder. ster (staer, Cp. & Ep.; sterm, Ef.), XLVII. 53, a starling or stare (with short æ: stær means a history); see sturnus. sterm, see ster.

steuf-feder (steop-faeder, Cp.; steup-faedaer, Ep.; staup-fotar, Ef.), xxxvi. 14, a stepfather; see uitricum.

steup-faedaer, see steuf-feder.

stilith, Cp., steals; see conpellare.

stillit (un-), see un-stillit.

stilnis (un-), see un-stilnis.

stofn, see stofun.

stofun (= stofn; Prov. E. stoven, stovin, stoving, stowan), xxxv. 73, a stem, stump of a tree; see codicibus.

store, a stork; see storhc.

storhe (store, Cp. & Ef.), xLVII. 56, a stork; see ciconia.

stoven, stovin, stoving, stowan (Prov. E., stump of a tree), see stofun.

stream, see streum.

streum (stream, Cp., Ep. & Ef. = strēam, a flow, stream), xLvII. 31; see

stricilum, Cp., Ep. & Ef. (instr. pl. of stricel, a strickle); see troclei.

strīdan, stridid, see strited.

strited (stridit, Cp., Ep. & Ef., 3rd pr. of stridan), XLVII. 43, he straddles, strides; see uaricat.

stun, for stan (ueo-, for hueot-), see ueostun.

styra (styrga, Cp.; styria, Ep. & Ef.), XLVII. 73, a sturgeon; see porco piscis.

styrga, see styra. styria, see styra.

su (for sū), 111. 44, a sow, female pig; see soeue; also written sugu = sŭgŭ (id. Cp. & Ep.; ruga, Ef.), XLVII. 93 (O. H. G. su;

Germ. Sau; Du. zeug); see scrufa. suæ  $(=sw\bar{x})$ , so; see hu ald.

suaepe (heoro-), see herdu-suepe.

suca (sugga, Cp. & Ep.; sucga), XLVII. 68, the name of a bird, the fig-pecker?; see ficetula.

sucga, see suca.

suedilas, see suithelon.

suehoras, see sueoras.

suenceth, Cp., he distresses; see deficiet. sueor, see sueoras.

sueoras, Cp. & Ef.; suehoras, Ep. (nom. plur, of  $su\bar{e}or$ , from sweohor = G. Schwäher, Schwager, Schwieger; Du. zwager, a brother in law); see uiteleos iuuenes [where it is pointed out that the A. S. words explain the fact that the Vitelei were the brothers in law of Brutus and, therefore, do not interpret a word].

suepe (herdu-), see herdu-suepe.

suevelas, see suithelon.

sugga, see suca.

sugu, a sow; see above, su.

suh-ter-ga, Cp., also written suh-ter-iga (from suh- allied to sweh- in A. S. sweh-or, older form of sweor, for which see Bosw. T., + the suff. -ter, the same as in E. daughter, sis-ter, and iga. The A.S. swehbecomes sweg- (by Verner's law) in A. S. sweg-er. As to suh-, cf. Lat. soc- in soc-er), a brother's son, a nephew; see fratruelis, and cf. Schade (suhtrja).

suice, Cp.; suicae, Ep. & Ef., a smell,

odour, see osma.

suic-falle (bi-), see bi-suic-falle.

suiopum, Cp. (instr. plur. of swiopu = swipu, a whip; D. zweep), with scourges, with whips; see flagris.

suithelon (instr. plur., from suithel = A. S. swebel, sweopol, with swaddling-bands: sue Selas, suedilas, nom., or acc. plur.), xxv. 12: see institis.

suole, Cp. (instr. of swol, heat, burning); see caumate.

suollaen; suollen (a-), suollam (as-), see a-suollen.

suope (gae-), sweepings, dust; see gaesuopę.

swæpa, swæpo (ge-), see gae-suopę.

swapan, to sweep; see pronuba.

sweohor, see sucoras.

sweopel, swepel, see suithelon.

swic (be-), see bi-suic-falle.

swiopu, see suiopum. swipu, see suiopum.

swide, see syitor.

swifor, comp. of swife; see syitor.

swol, see suole.

syitor (for swider, comp. of swide, very much) heuuin (=  $h\bar{e}wen$ , blue, azure), xxII. 6, very much blue, azure; see iacyntini.

syl, Cp., a pillar, column; see basis. syle (tyld-), a tent; see tyld-syle. sypaldor, see spaldur.

t missing, see ueo-stun.

tæfl, see alea.

tæflere, see teblheri.

tæld (ge-), a tent; see ge-zelt.

tasol, tasul, a die; see tesulas. teald (ge-), a tent; see ge-zelt.

tebl (id. Cp.; teblae, Ep.; tefil, Ef.; A.S. form for Lat. tabula), xLv. 25, a board for the playing of a game, and a game played on such a board; see alea.

teblae, see tebl. teblere, see teblheri.

teblheri (teblere, Cp., Ep. & Ef. = tæflere), xLv. 24, a gamester, dicer; see aleo.

tefil, see tebl.

teg, see tetrafa.

teld (ge-), a tent; see ge-zelt.

teld-sele, a tent; see tyld-syle.

teoru (blaec), black-tar, see blaec teoru.

tesul, see tesulas.

tesulas (perh. acc. pl. of A.S. tasul, in Cp. & Ef.; or tesul; tasol, in Ep., all borrowed from Lat. tessella, a die), xxxv. 35, dies; see tesseras.

teter, tetr, see tetrafa.

tetrafa (? teter, Cp.; tetr, Ep.; teg, Ef.; derda, Steinm.; fa seems a corruption of some word; tetra, &c. perh. = A.S. teter, tetter, a cutaneous disease + fa), xxxv. 74; see petigo.

-Se (suffix), see -da, -dae and egi-da.

thearm, see snedil-daerm; bearm, see darmana; þearm (snædil-), see snedildaerm.

thegn, see begn.

pegn, Cp.; thegn, Ep.; degn, Ef., a

servant, officer; see adsecla.

thestisuir (? if A.S. perhaps for ambihtes sciir, charge of office; if Lat., perh. for thyestaeas), v. 21; see editiones.

dider, thither; see hidir-an-didir.

bingere, see dingere. pistel, see cardella.

pistel-tuige, see distyl-tige.

thistil, see distyl-tige.

boden, a violent wind; see alcianus.

Sorh (= burh, through) hosp (reproach, contempt), Cp.; see per hironiam.

\*box, see pox.

dræd, dred, see dredum.

Sridde-half, see dride-halpf.

Grili, þrili, triple; see drili. Tring (ebur-), see ebur-dnung.

Friodung (ymb-), see ymb-Friodung. throstlae, Frostle, a throstle; see drost-

throt-bolla, Trot-bolla, see droh-bolla. Srotu, the throat; see droh-bolla.

buarm, Cp. (thuearm, Ep.; duaeram, Ef.; orig. form properly pwar-m, whence A.S. pwearm, Bosw. T., by the breaking of ar to ear. It is very likely allied to Lat. tor-q-uere, and to the E. thwar-t; see Goth. pwairhs in Uhlenbeck's Etym. Goth. Wörterb.), a cutting instrument, a borer (scalprum); see scalpellum.

thuearm, see puarm. burh, through; see Sorh.

þuxsað (ge-), see lurida.

bwairhs (Goth.), see buarm.

bwarm, see buarm. thwart, E., see puarm.

bwearm, see buarm. bys gere, Cp.; thys geri, Ep. & Ef. (bys, thys, this + gere, geri, instr. of ger, a year), in this year; see horno.

tige, tuige [for twige, from twiccian, to pluck, twitch?] (distyl-, bistel-); see

distyl-tige. tili (for twili), xLVI. 40, double, twill;

see bilex.

tindre, tinder; see tunderi.

tinga (in-), see in-tinga.

tionan, Cp., annoyances; see infestionibus.

tis, tisse, tisse (haeg-, heg-; haeh-; hegi-); see haeg-tis.

to, to, for, see stalo.

traef, see tenda, and above drep.

tredan, treden, treten (a-), see an-a-. treten.

trepetan (in-), see in-trepetan.

treppan, see in-trepetan.

treten, for treden (an-a-, for un-a), see an-a-treten.

trimes, see trymisas.

trocas, see leac trogas.

trog, a trough, see leac trogas; (cil-, for cild-), see cil-trog.

trogas, baskets; see leac trogas.

trymis, see trymisas.

trymisas (plur. of trymis = trimes), xxx1. 6, a coin; see solidos, sub v. solidi.

tua = twā, two; see ofer tua nest.

tuige (for twige?), see tige.

tuigin, see tuin.

tuin, Cp.; tuum, Ep.; tuigin, Ef., linen (twyne, twine; D. twijn; see Bosw. T. twin; Skeat, twine); see byssus.

tunder, see tunderi.

tunderi, tindre (instrum.? of tunder, or =tundre), iv. 77, tinder, fuel; see cautere.

tundre, see tunderi.

tuse, Cp., a tusk; see genuinum decus. tuum (for twin?), see tuin.

twige, see tige.

twīli, see tili.

tychtingum, Cp.; tyctinnum, Ep. & Ef. (instr. pl. of tyhtenn, an allurement, bait). see inlecebris.

tyctinnum, see tychtingum. tyhtenn, see tychtingum.

tyld-syle, = teld-sele, a tent-house or dwelling; see tenda.

tynder (Cp., also tyndre; tyndir, Ep.; ryndir, Ef.), tinder, fuel; see nappa.—tyndri (tyndrin, Cp. & Ef.; tyndirm, Ep.), xlvii. 29, see isica.

tyndirm, see tynder.

tyndri, tyndrin, see tynder.

tyrf-ahga, xvii. 2, a turf (sod)-mattock or hoe; see ligones.

tysce, mantel, see lena.

tysse, xLvi. 43, coverlet, blanket, counterpane [? = O. H. G. zussa which glosses Lat. lodix; see abctape.

u for f: see winu for fina; winc, and fine.

uaar, see uuac.

uaell(ed-), see ed-ualle.

uaertae, a wart; see uaertę.

naerte (uearte, Cp.; uueartae, Ep.; uaertae, Ef.), xLvII. 36, a wart; see berruca.

-ualc-hefuc (palch habue, Cp.; unalh hebuc, Ep.; wualh haebuc, Ef.), xix. 35, foreign hawk; see herodion.

ualla, ualle (ed-), see ed-ualle.

tual-uyrt (pal-uyrt, Cp. & Ef.; wæl-wyrt, Aldh.; from wealh, foreign + wyrt, a root), XLII. 4, wallwort; see elleus.

uar, see uuac.

uarras (pl.; also peorras, Cp.; paar, sing., Cp.), rv. 24 and xxxv. 122 = A, S. wearr, a piece of hard skin; see callos.

uastrung (= hwastrung, hwæstrung), 111. 48, a whispering, murmuring; see murmur.

uearte, a wart; see uaerte.

ueliti (O. H. G.), see osi-felti.

ueorna (aq-), a squirrel; see ac-urna.

for hueot-stan = hwet-stanueo-stun, (huete-stan, Cp.; hueti-stan, Ef.), XLVI. 4, a whetstone; see cos.

uidu-bil, see uitu-bil.

-nigga, -nuica, -piega, -nuigga, a wig,

worm; see er-uigga.
uiif, for uuif (ge-), fate, fortune; see ge-uiif.

uina, see uinu.

uinc (finc, Cp.; Ep. & Ef.), xLVII. 69, a finch; see fringella.

uincae (laepae-), see laepi-uincę.

nince (laepi-), see laepi-uince.

uinu (for uina; fina, Cp. & Ep.; pina, Ef.), xLvII. 67, a woodpecker; see marso-

uitu-bil (=uidu-bil, wudu-bil), xm. 50, a wood-bill; see runtina.

un-a-treden, see an-a-treten.

(= un-ge-bēatne un-ge-batne stane stane, instrum.), xxIII. 5, unbeaten stone; see lapide inpolito.

un-stillit (3rd sing. from unstillan, to be restless), XLVIII. 28, (he) is not still, restless; see insolescit.

un-stilnis (Bosw. T. un-stillness), restlessness; see insolescit.

unza, O. H. G., see libra.

uoond (pond, Cp.; pand, Ep.; uuond, Ef. from wandian, from the strong verb windan, to turn), xLvII. 79, a mole; Prov. E. want; see talpa.

uorna (aq-), a squirrel; see ac-urna. uricae, urice (la-), see laurice.

urna (ac-), a squirrel; see ac-urna.

paar, a piece of hard skin; see uarras. paar, sea-weed, waur, wore; see uuac. uuac, wrongly for uuar (paar, Cp.; paar corr. into uaar, Ep.; uar, Ef.), xLVII. 23, sea-weed, waur, wore; see alga.

pægn-fearu, waggon-journey; see gebel-

licum.

wel, a pool, gulf; see ed-ualle. uuaelle (ed-), see ed-ualle.

wæl-wyrt, foreign root, wallwort; see ual-uyrt.

palch habuc, foreign hawk; see ualchefuc.

wald (an-), see an-wald.

unalh haebuc (hebuc), foreign hawk; see uale-hefue.

walla (ed-), see ed-ualle.

waltowahso (O. H. G.), see cartillago. pal-uyrt, foreign root, wallwort; see

ual-uyrt.

pand, see woond.

wandian, see uoond. uuar, see uuac.

pase, Cp., ooze, mud, slime; see ceno.

uudu-binde, see uudu-bindlae.

uudubindlae (uudubinde, Cp.; uuidubindlae, Ep; uuydublindae, Ef.), xLvII. 98, woodbine; see inuoluco. On the etym. cf. Skeat, Dict. (Wood<sup>1</sup>); Cent. Dict. (Woodbine); Oxf. Dict. (bind, sb.<sup>3</sup>; - bine2).

uudu-snite, Cp., a wood-snite (or snipe),

see acega, and above snite.

weald-weax, see uuldpaexhsue. wealh-basu, see unyloc-baso.

weallan, see ed-uallę. wealle (ed-), see ed-ualle.

pearp (sond-ge-), see in sond-ge-pearp.

uueartae, a wart; see uaerte. uuec (Iringis-), see Iringis-uuec.

uueder, Cp., weather; see temperiem.

weel (E. Dial.), see ed-ualle. well (E.), see ed-ualle.

uuelle, pelle (ed-), see ed-ualle.

weoloc, see uniolocas; unluc. weoloc-basu, see unyloc-baso.

weoloc-read, see pioloc-read.

weoluc, see uuluc. weorp (sand-ge-), see in sond-ge-pearp.

peorras, pieces of hard skin; see uarras. uuep, a web; see in-uuerpan uuep.

uuercae (la-), see laurice. uuerpan (in-), see in-uuerpan.

-uuica, -picga, a wig, worm; see er-uigga.

uuidu-bindlae, see uudu-bindlae. wielle (ed-), see ed-ualle.

uuif (ge-), see ge-uiif. -uuigga, see er-uigga.

wilk, Prov. E., a whelk; see involucrus.

wiluc, see inuolucrus.

unince (lepe-), see laepi-uince. windan, see uoond.

uuiolocas, uuylocas (whelks, plur. of weoloc, a kind of shell-fish, a whelk); see conolas.

pioloc-read, uniloc-read, unsluc-reud (= weoloc-read, lit. whelk-red), scarlet, purple; see coccus.

wir, myrtle; see lentiscus.

uuld-paexhsue (in one MS. yulpa exhsaey, for wuld-waexhsae=A.S. weax?), xix. 59, a nerve, sinew, tendon= E. paxwax; see cartillago.

uulluc, see uuluc.

vulluch (O.H.G.), see inuolucrus.

unluc (uulluc, Cp. & Ef.; uuluc, Ep.; weoluc, W.; vulluch and unolloch, O.H.G.; probably all = weoluc = weoloc), xLVII. 20; see inuolucrus.

podhae (instr. of pop, eloquence), see turnodo.

uuoedende (pt. plur. of wedan), the raving ones; see bachantes.

uuolloch (O.H.G.), see uuluc.

pond, uuond, see uoond.

unordes in-tinga, for the sake of a word; see uerbi gratia.

pob, see podhae.

wræcca, wrecca; see praeccan.

praeccan, Cp., plur. of wræcca, wrecca (see Bosw. T.), an exile; see extorris.

wrætt-baso, see uuret-baso.

**uuret-baso** (=  $wr\bar{x}tt$ -baso, lit. ornamentbrown, from wratt, ornament + baso, brown, purple), xxxx. 19; see rubeum.

uusluc-reud, see pioloc-read.

wudu-bil, see uitu-bil.

wuld-waexhsae, see uuld-paexhsue. uuydu-blindae, see uudu-bindlae.

uuylocas, see uuiolocas.

uuyloc-baso (= weoloc-basu, wealh-basu),xxII. 17, lit. whelk-brown, crimson, purple; see purpura.

unyreta (ledir-), see ledir-uyreta. wyrd, pyrd, fate; see uyrd.

uuyrdae, see pyrde.

pyrde, Cp.; uuyrdae, Ep. and Ef. (plur. of wyrd, q.v., fate, destiny, weird), the Fates, weird sisters; see parce.

uuyrm-baso (literally worm-purple),xx11. 18, purple, carmoisin; see coccus.

wyrt (wæl-), see ual-uyrt.

uyrcta (ledir-), see ledir-uyrcta.

uyrd (= wyrd, pyrd, Cp.), xxxv. 165 and xLv. 4, fate, fortune; see fatum, fors, and above (the plur.) pyrde.

uyrhta (ledir-, leder-), see ledir-uyrcta. uyrt (ual-, pal-), foreign root, wallwort; see ual-uyrt.

y inserted (by misreading the mark above A.S. words): ge-byraec for ge-braec. ymaeti (for smæti) gold (smaete gold,

Cp.), xix. 54, beaten, refined gold; see obrizum.

ymb-griodung, Cp.; ymb-dritung, Ef. (=ymb-preodung; from ymb, about, round + preodung, deliberation, from preodian, to deliberate), deliberation: see deliber-

ynce, an inch; see libra.

ysi-folto (O.H.G.), see osi-felti. yulpa exhsaey, for wuld-waexhsae; see uuld-paexhsue.

zelt (ge-), O.H.G., a tent; see ge-zelt. zussa (O.H.G.), see tysse.

## CORRIGENDA, ADDENDA, &c.

p. 4 (gloss 29), the third e in conferentes should be e.

p. 11a (gloss 17), for atrumque, it is possible to read cetrumque.

p. 13b (gloss 43), MS. has really cestare (not certare).

p. 13b (gloss 7 of Ch. xIII.), MS. has really discennuntur. p. 43ª lance; cf. Aldh. 24, 12 justa discretionis lance.

p. 53b line 4, for (theoritisen), read, see theoritisen.
p. 53b, article adjecit, add: cf. Schlutter in Journ. of Engl. and Germ. Phil. v. 469.

p. 67a, after li. 14 add: attoniti, attonitos, attonitus, see adtonitis.

p. 69a, article baratrum, add: see Schlutter in Journ. of Engl. and Germ. Philol. v. 469.

p. 70°, after li. 29 add: bidubium, bidugio, see runtina.

p. 71b l. 27, after cicius add: concionaretur (cont-).

p. 73° li. 8, after peorras add: paar.

р. 74° li. 31, for харак: read харакp. 75b li. 2, for perdi read perdi-

p. 88a li. 8, before For insert "=cox, huetestan, Cp. C746; Ep.—; cox, huetistan, Ef.2 354, 37."

p. 88a, after li. 42 add: cox, see above cos.

p. 91b li. 3, for auguriantur Souter suggests to read angariantur.

p. 923, article de entoetromito, for deflicto Souter suggests to read de afflicto.

p. 97b, article dissimulat, for "neglegiter [neglegenter]" read, as in text, "neglegit." p. 101a, article editiones, li. 2 and 3, read "[publ-], propositure [for propositurae], xxxv." &c.—li. 10 read "publicationis and propositurae"; propositurale of the Glossator is quite right, and an alternative to "puplicationis"; cf. propositio,  $\pi\rho b\theta \epsilon\sigma \iota s$ , used of the shewbread; it = exhibitio.

p. 110a li. 4, "commodare" perhaps for adcommodare.

p. 111a li. 5, after Bosw. T.) add: , Cp. E411.

p. 113a li. 22, read: For briudio, 3 pers. sing. pres., goes to ruin, comes.

p. 113ª li. 31, after fatiscebat, insert fatiscente.

p. 117<sup>b</sup> l. 14, after fine insert, a finch.
 p. 121<sup>b</sup>, article gurgustium, li. 6, for ceolor read ceoler.

p. 124° li. 7 from foot, read : H O, not HO.

p. 124a, after li. 21 add the line: hospitium, see de philoxenia. p. 132 li. 2, 3, for insolence, mischief, read: "or presumption."

p. 139b, after lexas insert (qy A.S.).

p. 145a li. 8, after 414 insert; Corp. Inscr. Lat. vii. 1345.

p. 162ª (art. parchredis) on prestrigiis see Souter, in Sitzungsber. der Wiener Akad.,

Philos. hist. Kl. Bd. 149, p. 6.

p. 167b, article philocain; cf. Schlutter, in Journ. of Engl. and Germ. Philol. v. 470, who points out that philocain = φιλοκαλιν (of Goetz' Corpus G.L. III. 321, 50), late Greek for φιλοκάλιον, and glossed by scopa; and that scopan may, therefore= scopam.

p.  $180^a$ , under r for n add , perhaps, obsoriorum (q.v.) for obson-.

p. 189ª li. 22, after scurrax, add: scurres.

p. 191b li. 3, after Mus. add: MS.

p. 191b li. 36, before and insert "c for e."

p. 194b, article sitatum li. 7, for 2119 read 19, and li. 10, for 25 read 254.

p. 203, article tenda, to the references add: Schlutter, in Journ, of Engl. and Germ. Philol. v. 468.

p. 208, article tubolo, to the references add: Wright-W. 279, 10.

The following remarks and references relate to Chapter vi. (ent. Breuis exsolutio) of the Glossary, the lemmata of which have, with one or two exceptions, all been traced to Gildas (see above, p. xxxviii), after the whole First or Latin Index had been printed. The references are to Gildas' text in Migne's Patr. Lat. Vol. LXIX (P.), and Mommsen's text (M.) in Monum. German. Histor. (Chronica Minora, Vol. III.).

1. ne (P. col. 330<sup>p</sup>, 340<sup>g</sup>, 344<sup>g</sup>; M. i. 1; xvii. 6). -2. uiscide (Schlutter, Journ. of Engl. and Germ. Phil. v. 466 refers this to Aldhelm 109, 31 Germanitatis uscidae; and uiscerade to Aldh. 253 No. 10, 1 viscere terrae). Cf. Corp. Gl. U294 uscide, tohlice (toughly); Epin. 28A25 uscidae, tholicae (?).—3. eatenus (P. 332°, M. 1. p. 27, li. 15).—4. uersus (P. 333°; M. 111. 6).—5. boriali (P. 333°; M. 111. 7).—6. meliorata (P. 333°; M. 111. 13).—7. ambrones (P. 340^; M. xvi. 1, 2).—8. ast (P. 340°; M. xvii. 15).—9. Thiticum (P. 341°; M. xxx. 9 Tithicam vallem).

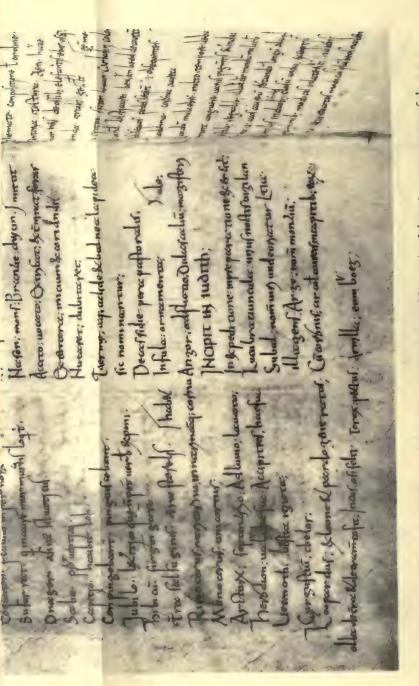
10. crusticis (P. 341<sup>B</sup> de curicis; M. xix. 8 de curucis; in notes carruchis.—This word, which means a kind of skiff, or boat, seems to be the one excerpted by the Glossator. If so, the interpretation bucellis should, perhaps, be read butellis, see DuC. butta3). If crustis (which occurs P. 346B, M. xxiv. 21) were meant, bucellis

would be a dimin. of buca (bucca).

11. catastam (P. 345<sup>E</sup>; M. xxIII. 2 mittit satellitum canumque prolixiorem catastam). Gildas uses the word catastam again (P. 390c; M. p. 84 li. 29); "rectius erat, ut ad carcerem vel catastam poenalem quam ad sacerdotium traheremini," and here it clearly means a scaffold, just as in the authors quoted by Lewis and Short, and else-But this interpretation is unsuitable to the first quotation, in regard to which Hugh Williams points out (p. 54), that Beda uses the words classis prolixior instead, and that DuC. quotes from a MS. treatise on military tactics "accensis catastis lignorum," where catastis must mean "heaps of felled wood," a meaning which would easily afford "the signification of a raft, in which sense Gildas employs the word here as a con-temptuous expression with ratibus." Either of these meanings would suit Gildas' text in the first instance, but here the difficulty is that our Glossator interprets catastam by lupam (which cannot be the well-known classical lupa), in which Schlutter (Journ. of Engl. and Germ. Philol. v. 466) sees an A.S. lūpe, and from which he derives Engl. loop. But as every E. oo comes from A.S. ō, we require an A.S. \*lop. The only known exception to this rule is A.S. rūm = E. room, but here the old sound has been preserved by the r preceding, and A.S.  $l\bar{u}s$  = E. louse. There is also some phonetic difficulty in accepting Schlutter's interpretation (p. 467 ibid.) of geloed, geloed, geloed, which glosses catastam in Cp., Ep. and Ef. (see above v. Index, p. 228a).

12. albri (P. 3474; M. xxv. 10 apes alvearii; in notes alveariis; alveario). -

of neterial purple Court. DE YSOTEN gramme innolle, laudoney bulatione abula, potrack eigranler fraifulton Harprogracifotagong Concente; unde: Moles primitales log Tucores coloste Kustar Plumstor: morace: Jung or bor Where conte, municipante, Oboksum: pomacon gold dromony. adebilaf Our trum modiae Trays ful acquire ignil sectinio n gcoplest : Us edmoner cyregate. Stolet ungeriftentiarifulli de bytene part INCH IN TOBS:



MS. BIBL. LUGD. BAT. (Voss. Q. Lat. N. 69), fol. 26, cum parte fol. 27.

13. for (forte, by chance, P. 347<sup>A</sup>; M. xxv. 12; or more likely) sors, P. 349<sup>A</sup>; M. xxvII. 23.—14. Dum (leaenae Damnoniae...catulus, P. 349<sup>A</sup>; M. xxvIII. 28; other readings Damnone, Dannoniae, Domnanie).—15. Perigamini (?).—16. leonine (P. 350<sup>A</sup>; M. xxx. 3 catule leonine).—17. lanio (P. 351<sup>A</sup>; M. xxxII. 5 lanio fulve; lanio-nibus, P. 342<sup>A</sup>; M. xIX. 21).—18. Nemphe (P. 351<sup>B</sup>; M. xxXII. 5 hebetudine nympharum).—19. Modoli (P. 352<sup>C</sup>; M. xxXIV. 19 pingues tauri moduli tui; P. 378<sup>D</sup>; M. LXXIV. 8 moduli tui).—20. Molosi (P. 353<sup>A</sup>; M. xxXIV. 7 more molossi aegri).—21. conueniens (P. 357<sup>C</sup>; M. XLII. 24 principes...conveniens; P. 369<sup>A</sup>; M. LXVI. 6 convenientes).—22. placoris (P. 358<sup>A</sup>; M. XLII. 1 placoris vicissitudinem).—23. raucos (P. 368<sup>C</sup>; M. LXVI. 23 taurorum more raucos).—24. intentos (P. 368<sup>C</sup>; M. LXVI. 23 terenuos et intentos; P. 372<sup>A</sup>; M. LXXI. 21 intenti).—25. defetimur (P. 370<sup>A</sup>; M. LXIX. 19 nos diffitemur).—26. perossus (P. 370<sup>B</sup>; M. LXIX. 24 quis perosus est; from Psa, xxv. 5).—27. panguitur (P. 371<sup>C</sup>; M. LXXI. 9 pangitur).—28. clustello (P. 372<sup>A</sup>; M. LXXI. 23 penurii clustello).—29. ollita (? cf. P. 332<sup>B</sup> inolitorum scelerum funem).—30. quoad (?).—31. inequiperabilis (P. 369<sup>C</sup>; M. LXVII. 2 inaequiparabilis pulchritudo).

The following remarks and references relate to Chapter xL., the lemmata of which I have likewise traced, with a few exceptions, to Gildas (see above). Here the

references are to Mommsen's pages.

1. Ulseide (?); ineluctabile (P. L. vol. LXIX, col. 332b; M. p. 27, li. 3).—2. fatere (P. 332° dixisse pedi, Speculare; et manui, Fatere; M. p. 25, 6 d. p. sp. et m. fare; in note fatere).—3. deuotatum (P. 332°; M. 27, 16 and in note deuotaturi magi de. uoturi populum).—4. pangebantur (P. 334b; M. 28, 15).—5. alternandis (P. 334b; M. 28, 17 alternandis animalium pastibus).—6. palantibus (P. 334c; M. 28, 20 undis veluti glareas pellentibus, and in note one MS. pallantibus, another palantibus forte perluentibus).—7. crinicul (P. 357s; M. 51, 4 scelerum...criniculis).—8. ad infirmationem (?).—9. inperagrata (P. 353b; M. 46, 17 amoena quaeque inperagrata).—10. cicima (?).—11. malua (P. 365s; M. 59, 3 malva in aestu, from Job 27, 14).—12. fulmentatur (P. 371c; M. 66, 9 pangitur ac fulcimentatur).—13. Bachal (P. 372s; M. 66, 20 Baal).—14. reis (?).—15. momentaneas (P. 372b; M. 67, 8 momentaneas mortes).—16. ollitani (cf. P. 332c; M. 27, 5 inolitorum scelerum? or perhaps veterani, P. 389b; M. 83, 35, and in note verterani.—17. insigniri (?).—18. thiarati (P. 332c; M. 27, 16 tiarati magi).—19. conpage (P. 334c; M. 28, 15 in edito forti compage).—20. pallantibus (see above No. 6).—21. liniamentis (P. 335s; M. 29, 11 liniamentis adhue deformibus).—22. rigentia (P. 335s; M. 29, 12 moenia...rigentia).

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